用法:类似于ListView

1、布局声明

```
<!--轮播控件-->
<android.support.v4.view.ViewPager
    android:id="@+id/vp_guidedvp"
    android:layout_width="match_parent"
    android:layout_height="match_parent">
</android.support.v4.view.ViewPager>
```

2、代码中获取控件并设置数据

```
mVpGuide = (ViewPager) findViewById(R.id.vp_guidedvp);
```

设置数据

```
private static final int[] IMG_GUIDE = {R. drawable.guide_1, R. drawable.guide_2, R. drawable.guide_3};
private List<ImageView> IMGARR = new ArrayList<>();

for (int i = 0; i <IMG_GUIDE length ; i++) {
    //创建图片对象
    ImageView imageView = new ImageView(getApplicationContext());
    //设置图片对象的数据
    imageView.setImageResource(IMG_GUIDE[i]);
    //将图片对象添加到集合
    IMGARR.add(imageView);
}
//设置数据到ViewPager里
mMyAdapter = new MyAdapter();
mVpGuide.setAdapter(mMyAdapter);
```

创建数据适配器

```
//positionOffset是当前页面滑动比例,如果页面向右翻动,这个值不断变大,最后在趋近1的情况后突变为0。如果页面向左
public void onPageScrolled(int position, float positionOffset, int positionOffsetPixels) {
public void onPageSelected(int position) {
   if (position==(IMG_GUIDE.length-1)) {
       mButGuide.setVisibility(View.VISIBLE);
       mButGuide.setVisibility(View.GONE);
public void onPageScrollStateChanged(int state) {
public void onGlobalLayout() {
```

该滑动事件案例模型图

