#### @Transactional注解

Springboot默认集成事物,只要在方法上加@Transactional即可。

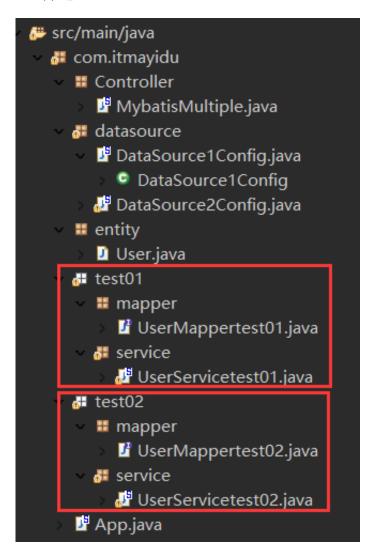
这个注解是事务的注解应用于Springboot的service层的方法上@Transactional

多数据源时要指定事物管理器: @Transactional(transactionManager = "xxxxxxxxxx")

# SpringBoot-整合多数据源

以包为不同的数据源,使用分包方式拆分数据源

#### 1、分包



2、在application.properties手动指定多个数据源

```
spring.datasource.test1.driver-class-name=com.microsoft.sqlserver.jdbc.SQLServerDriver
spring.datasource.test1.url=jdbc:sqlserver://localhost:1433;DatabaseName=test01
spring.datasource.test1.username=sherry
spring.datasource.test1.password=xiaoai
server.port=2222
spring.datasource.test2.driver-class-name=com.microsoft.sqlserver.jdbc.SQLServerDriver
spring.datasource.test2.url=jdbc:sqlserver://localhost:1433;DatabaseName=test02
spring.datasource.test2.username=sherry
spring.datasource.test2.password=xiaoai
```

3、配置不同的数据源DataSource1Config、DataSource2Config.............(重点)见附件: <u>DataSource1Config.java</u>

# 使用jta+atomikos解决分布式事务

即是java中对事务处理的api,为Java平台提供增值服务的并且开源类事务管理器

- 1、引入依赖
- <dependency>
- <groupId>org.springframework.boot</groupId>
- <artifactId>spring-boot-starter-jta-atomikos</artifactId>
- </dependency>
- 2、在application.properties手动指定多个数据源,有要求

```
#automatic+jta
mysql.datasource.test1.url=jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/test1
mysql.datasource.test1.username=root
mysql.datasource.test1.password=....
mysql.datasource.test1.minPoolSize=3
mysql.datasource.test1.maxPoolSize=25
mysql.datasource.test1.maxLifetime=20000
mysql.datasource.test1.borrowConnectionTimeout=30
mysq1.datasource.test1.loginTimeout=30
mysql.datasource.test1.maintenanceInterval=60
                                                     固定格式
mysql.datasource.test1.maxldleTime=60
mysql.datasource.test2.url=jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/test2
mysql.datasource.test2.username=root
mysql.datasource.test2.password=....
mysq1.datasource.test2.minPoolSize=3
mysq1.datasource.test2.maxPoolSize=25
mysql.datasource.test2.maxLifetime=20000
mysql.datasource.test2.borrowConnectionTimeout=30
mysq1.datasource.test2.loginTimeout=30
mysql.datasource.test2.maintenanceInterval=60
mysq1.datasource.test2.maxldleTime=60
```

### 3、配置bean类

```
@ConfigurationProperties(prefix="mysql.datasource.test1")
public class DBConfig1 {
    private String url;
    private String username;
    private String password;
    private int minPoolSize;
    private int maxPoolSize;
    private int maxLifetime;
    private int borrowConnectionTimeout;
    private int loginTimeout;
    private int maintenanceInterval;
    private int maxIdleTime;
    public String getUrl() {
        return url;
    public void setUrl(String url) {
        this.url = url;
    public String getUsername() {
        return username;
    public void setUsername(String username) {
        this.username = username;
    public String getPassword() {
        return password;
```

4、配置数据源管理Bean 见附件: test1MybatisConfig.java

### 热部署Devtools

```
1、引入依赖
```

```
<dependency>
  <groupId>org.springframework.boot</groupId>
  <artifactId>spring-boot-devtools</artifactId>
  <optional>true</optional>
</dependency>
```

```
<plugin>
     <groupId>org.springframework.boot</groupId>
     <artifactId>spring-boot-maven-plugin</artifactId>
     <configuration>
          <fork>true</fork> <!-- 如果没有该配置,devtools不会生效 -->
          </configuration>
</plugin>
2、yml配置
devtools:
livereload:
                enabled: true #是否支持livereload
               port: 35729
restart:
                enabled: true #是否支持热部署
```