Circuit #1 Blink LED

Ohm's Law:
$$V = I * R$$
 $I = V / R$ $R = V / I$

How is this circuit, or a circuit like it, used in everyday life? Provide at least three examples.

Did you get your LED turned on?

Make sure it's red. Switch the Arduino pin # 9 with 5v on the Arduino.

Give values for Voltage, Current and Resistance for each LED circuit setup. Find Resistance with Ohm's Law. Hint: Break the circuit between the Arduino pin and LED to measure the current.

2.

330 Ω (circuit as is):

 $V = \underline{\hspace{1cm}} v I = \underline{\hspace{1cm}} mA R = \underline{\hspace{1cm}} \Omega$

With two LEDs and 330Ω :

 $V = \underline{\hspace{1cm}} v I = \underline{\hspace{1cm}} mA R = \underline{\hspace{1cm}} \Omega$

One LED and $10K\Omega$ resistor:

 $V = \underline{\hspace{1cm}} v I = \underline{\hspace{1cm}} mA R = \underline{\hspace{1cm}} \Omega$

5.

Two LEDs and $10K\Omega$ resistor:

 $V = \underline{\hspace{1cm}} v I = \underline{\hspace{1cm}} mA R = \underline{\hspace{1cm}} \Omega$

6.

Circle the Ground in the circuit.

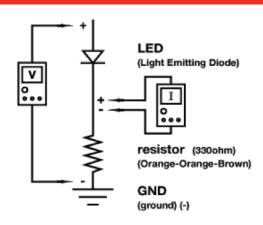
7.

Draw arrows to indicate direction of current on dotted line.

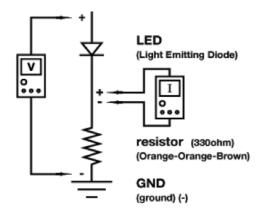
8.

Add an on/off switch to this schematic.

Circuit:



Circuit:



10.

What circuits or projects would you like to add LEDs to? List at least three reasons you might add LEDs to an existing circuit or product that you might use. For example: to indicate when a squirt gun is running low on water or to add a flashlight to your hat.

9.

Draw a logic flow chart of the circuit here:

11.

Draw one example of how this circuit could be used in everyday life. Label all components and give it a title.