

Range42 status update – Semi-Technical Overview

Modular Cyber Range Platform for Real-World Readiness

NC3 / Range42 Team

September 30, 2025

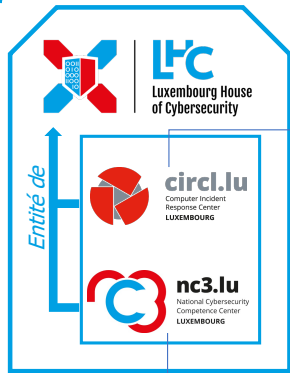
 Proxmox  Ansible  Orchestration  Telemetry



**CYBERSECURITY
LUXEMBOURG**



**Stratégie et
l'écosystème national
de cybersécurité**



LHC

Luxembourg House
of Cybersecurity



**Centre pour l'ensemble des
activités relatives à la
cybersécurité**

membre du réseau CSIRT



circl.lu

Computer Incident
Response Center
LUXEMBOURG



**Réponse aux incidents et
renseignement sur les
menaces cyber**



nc3.lu

National Cybersecurity
Competence Center
LUXEMBOURG



**Développement des compétences
et des capacités
Recherche & innovation
Intelligence de marché**

membre du réseau NCC



ECCC

EUROPEAN CYBERSECURITY
COMPETENCE CENTRE



Développement des compétences



Renforcement des capacités



Recherche & innovation



Écosystème & industrialisation



Coordination NCC

ABOUT US

La mission NC3 est de soutenir l'écosystème luxembourgeois dans le développement des compétences et des capacités en cybersécurité, de manière à contribuer au développement d'une base industrielle en cybersécurité et à renforcer l'autonomie stratégique de l'Union européenne.

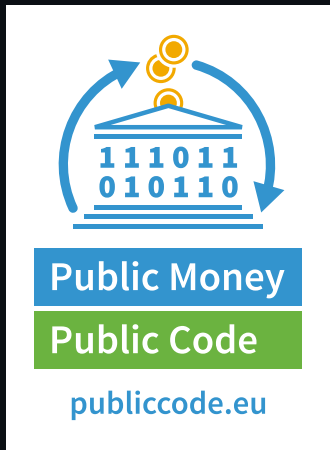
Public money, public code. Let's go all the way, shall we?

Current Team

- Core development team of 3 contributors
- Mix of InfoSec, DevOps engineers, and platform architects
- Collaborative model with NC3 and academic partners

Current Funding

- Public grant for cyber training infrastructure
- Open-source model: no licensing fees, transparent development
- Investment in reusable, community-tooling



Public money, public code. Let's go all the way, shall we?

Current Challenges

- Governance standardization across 13+ repositories from the get go
- Balancing rapid development with documentation maturity
- Recruitment, we need YOU, to apply here →




Agenda

1. What Range42 is & why it matters
2. Competitive landscape
3. Architecture at a glance
4. Repository audit findings (13 repositories analyzed)
5. Risks, governance, and quality gates

What is Range42?

- **Modular cyber range platform** for offensive, defensive, and hybrid training.
- **Reproducible IaC**: build, deploy, document labs via Proxmox, Ansible, Docker.
- **Private APIs** for orchestration & telemetry; developer toolkits for pipelines.

 Built to simulate *real-world incidents* safely, with isolation, snapshots, and telemetry.

Range42 vs. Other Cyber Ranges

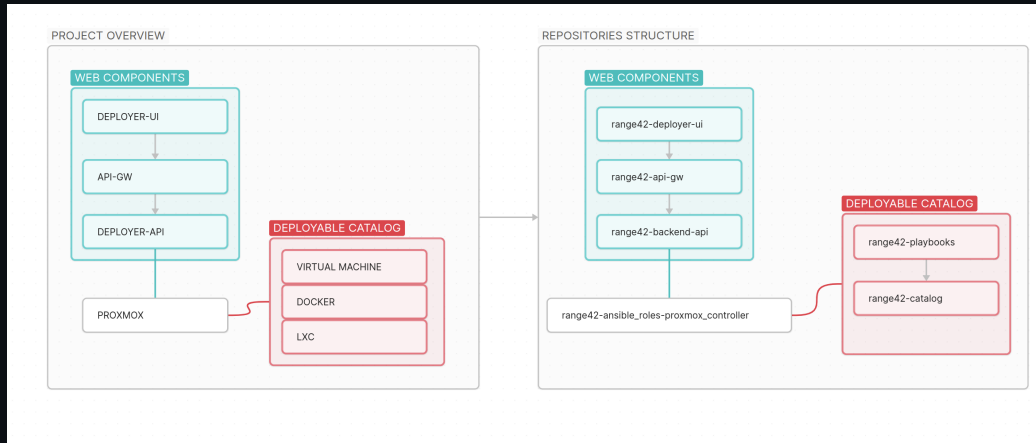
Feature	Range42	Commercial SaaS	Cloud Native	Traditional
Open Architecture	✓	×	×	×
IaC/GitOps	✓	~	✓	×
Private Deployment	✓	×	~	✓
Cost Control	✓	×	~	✓
Full Data Custody	✓	×	×	✓
API Orchestration	✓	✓	✓	×
Rapid Reset/Snapshots	✓	✓	~	~
Custom Scenarios	✓	×	~	✓

 **Range42's Edge:** Full control, reproducibility, and cost-effectiveness without vendor lock-in.

Architecture at a Glance

- **Hypervisor layer:** Proxmox VMs/LXCs; snapshots; network segments.
- **Automation layer:** Ansible roles orchestrate lifecycle, network, firewall, images.
- **Control plane:** Backend API (routes for VM/Net/Runner); Kong gateway.
- **UX:** Deployer UI (visual design), EMP mockup (exercise mgmt), trainee access.
- **Observability:** Wazuh for logs/alerts; structured telemetry.

Architecture: Logical Components → Repository Mapping



i **Left:** Logical architecture flow. **Right:** Actual GitHub repository structure.

TLP: CLEAR – Information may be shared freely without restriction.


Repository Audit Findings

Organization-Wide Audit Results

13 Repositories Analyzed (2 public, 11 private)

Critical Findings

- 9/13 repositories have LICENSE template placeholders (<year>, <name of author>)
- 13/13 repositories missing SECURITY.md vulnerability disclosure policy
- 12/13 repositories have no CI/CD pipeline
- 0 repositories have all required governance files

 **Good News:** Zero high-severity security findings across all code scans (bandit, pip-audit, npm audit).

gh-repo-organizer: Audit Tool

Status: Active

Commits: 18

Lang: Bash

Purpose: Bash script for mass cloning and auditing GitHub organization repositories with comprehensive standards compliance checking.

Key Features

- Production-ready tool for mass repository cloning and standards auditing
- Detects LICENSE template placeholders, missing documentation, and CI/CD configurations
- Zero security findings; needs CI pipeline and contributor documentation

Repository Standards Compliance Checks

📋 Automated Sanity Checks Performed

- **License Validation:** LICENSE files with template placeholder detection
- **Documentation:** README, CHANGELOG, CONTRIBUTING, SECURITY policies
- **Git Configuration:** .gitignore, .editorconfig standards
- **CI/CD Detection:** GitHub Actions, GitLab CI, Jenkins, Travis, etc.
- **Templates:** Issue/PR templates, CODE OF CONDUCT

📌 Directly addresses governance gaps: *license placeholders, missing SECURITY policies, CI/CD standardization.*

Automation

range42-ansible_roles-private-devkit >_

Status: Active

Commits: 179

Lang: Shell

Purpose: Helper scripts for Proxmox and Ansible operations including VM/LXC management, firewall rules, and JSON transformations.

Key Findings

- DevKit provides 100+ helper scripts following strict naming convention
- Zero Bandit findings; actively used with 179 commits but lacks CI pipeline
- Priority: finalize LICENSE placeholders and add governance documentation

range42-ansible_roles-proxmox_controller

Status: Active

Commits: 108

Lang: Ansible/YAML

Purpose: Ansible role for managing Proxmox nodes via API: VMs, LXC containers, networking, storage, firewall, and snapshots.

Key Findings

- Comprehensive Ansible role managing full Proxmox lifecycle with 108 commits
- Broad functionality coverage but lacks CI pipeline for ansible-lint and idempotence tests
- Immediate actions: finalize LICENSE, add CI, and document variables with examples

Control Plane

Status: Active

Commits: 125

Lang: Python/Shell/YAML

Purpose: FastAPI backend orchestrating Proxmox deployments via Ansible, with routes for VM control, networking, and bundle execution.

Key Findings

- FastAPI backend with 125 commits; clean security scans (bandit, pip-audit, safety)
- Comprehensive route structure for Proxmox control and bundle orchestration
- Production hardening needed: add CI pipeline, unit tests, finalize LICENSE, SECURITY policy

range42-api-definitions

Status: Stale

Commits: 5

Lang: JSON

Purpose: Placeholder repository for OpenAPI/Swagger specifications defining the Range42 backend API contracts.

Key Findings

- Placeholder repository with OpenAPI specs but minimal content and only 5 commits
- Missing LICENSE file entirely; needs decision on archive versus active development
- If kept: seed with comprehensive API definitions and add CI for spec validation

Status: Active

Commits: 5

Lang: N/A

Purpose: Kong API Gateway configuration for authentication, ACL, and access control policies in front of backend API.

Key Findings

- Kong API Gateway repository for authentication and access control with minimal content
- LICENSE has template placeholders; needs Kong declarative configs or deployment manifests
- Add documentation for Kong setup, plugin configuration, and integration with backend API

UX Layers

range42-deployer-ui

Status: Prototype

Commits: 28

Lang: Vue/TS

Purpose: VueFlow-based visual orchestrator for designing, validating, and deploying Range42 infrastructure through node-based interface.

Key Findings

- VueFlow-based UI with node-based infrastructure design; unit/e2e tests exist but no CI
- Good UX foundation with i18n support and localStorage data management
- Wire CI for automated testing, stabilize API contracts with backend, resolve npm advisory

Status: Prototype

Commits: 1

Lang: Vue/TS

Purpose: Exercise Management Platform scaffold with basic Vue 3 routing, TypeScript setup, and unit test foundation.

Key Findings

- Exercise Management Platform seed project with 1 commit; basic Vue 3 scaffold only
- Missing LICENSE entirely; has 2 low npm advisories and no CI pipeline
- Define MVP scope and architecture first, then add CI and resolve dependency vulnerabilities

Infrastructure & Content

range42-playbooks

Status: Active

Commits: 75

Lang: Ansible/YAML

Purpose: Centralized Ansible playbooks organizing scenarios and bundles for CLI or backend API orchestration of infrastructure deployments.

Key Findings

- Central playbook repository with 75 commits organizing scenarios and reusable bundles
- Clear structure with test scripts but no CI for ansible-lint or syntax validation
- Add CI pipeline, introduce scenario taxonomy with tags, and document compatibility matrices

Status: Active

Commits: 91

Lang: Ansible/YAML

Purpose: Collection of reusable Ansible roles and Docker/Compose stacks for deploying vulnerable scenarios and infrastructure bundles.

Key Findings

- Catalog of Ansible roles and Docker stacks for deploying training scenarios with 91 commits
- Volatile tree structure organizing CVEs and misconfigurations by technology type
- Add CI for ansible-lint, introduce scenario taxonomy with tags, and finalize LICENSE

Documentation & Governance

.github – Community Health Files

Status: Active


Commits: 13

Lang: Markdown/YAML

Purpose: Organization-wide default community health files to standardize CODE_OF_CONDUCT, CONTRIBUTING, SECURITY, issue/PR templates across public repositories.

Key Findings

- Centralizes community health files for all public repos
- Add CI to lint templates and validate YAML
- Document private-repo strategy and license requirements

 **Critical Limitation:** Defaults apply *only* to public repos; private repos need local copies. LICENSE files cannot be inherited.

range42-documentation-private-obsidian

Status: Active

Commits: 3

Lang: Markdown/Shell

Purpose: Private Obsidian vault containing architecture canvases, meeting notes, API drafts, and internal documentation.

Key Findings

- Private Obsidian vault with architecture canvases and internal documentation; 3 commits only
- Contains valuable schemas and meeting notes but lacks public documentation export pipeline
- Create automated export to public docs, version control architecture canvases, add pruning cadence

Risks & Governance

Key Risks & Gaps

Governance & Quality

- **LICENSE placeholders in 9/13 repos:** Replace <year> and <name of author> with actual values
- **No SECURITY.md in any repo:** Define vulnerability disclosure and triage process
- **No CI/CD in 12/13 repos:** Enable lint, tests, security scans, release checks
- **Missing contributor docs:** Add CONTRIBUTING.md, .editorconfig standards

Technical Debt

- API contract formalization needed between backend and UI
- Scenario taxonomy and compatibility matrix documentation
- Stale repositories need archive-or-activate decisions

Takeaways ✓

- Range42 = modular, reproducible cyber range for realistic training
- **Strong security baseline:** Zero high-severity findings across all code
- **Governance is the multiplier:** LICENSE, SECURITY, CI/CD, and contributor docs
- Focus areas: complete governance files, enable CI, formalize API contracts

💡 **Current Priority:** Fix LICENSE placeholders, add SECURITY.md, enable CI across all active repos.