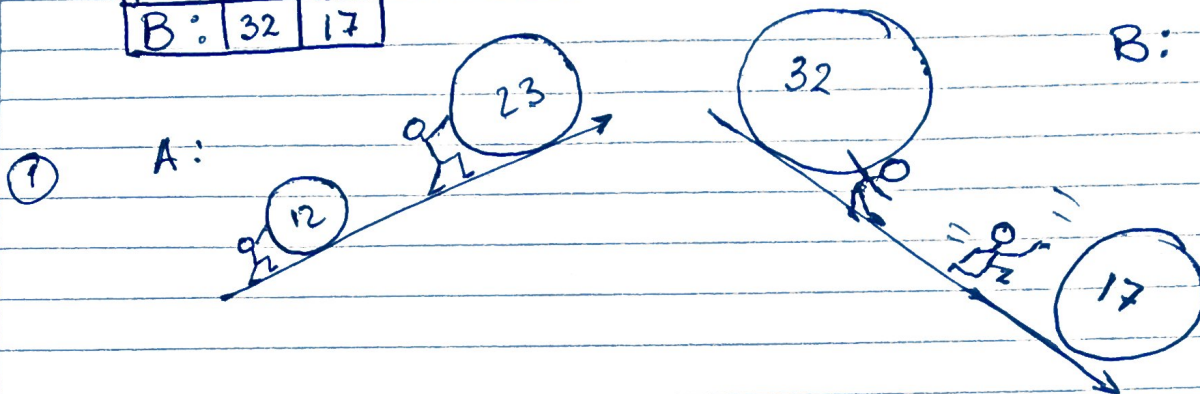


A:	12	23
B:	32	17

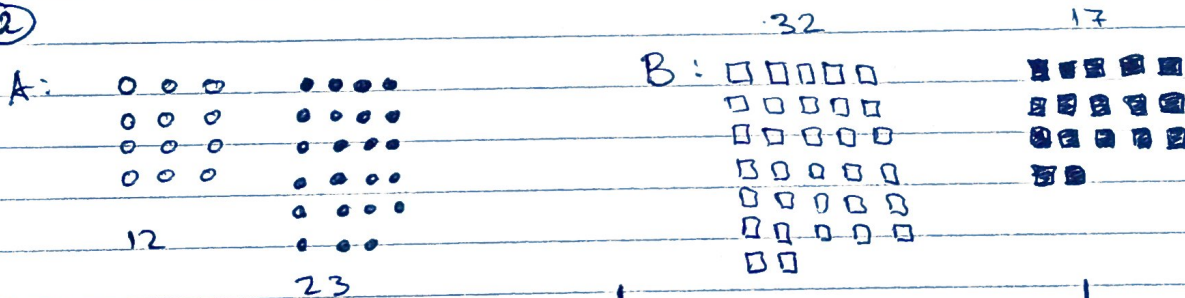


For A, numbers are increasing, so stickfigures push.

For B, numbers decrease, so stickfigures run after them and attempt to stop the progression.

Numbers are represented as boulders. The bigger the number, the bigger the ball. A is represented in upsloping line, B is down-sloping line.

②



Change white → black | * of elements = data | ○ ● A

□ ■ B

③

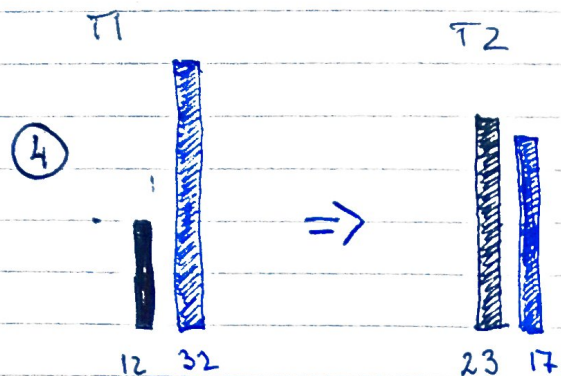


black before

blue after

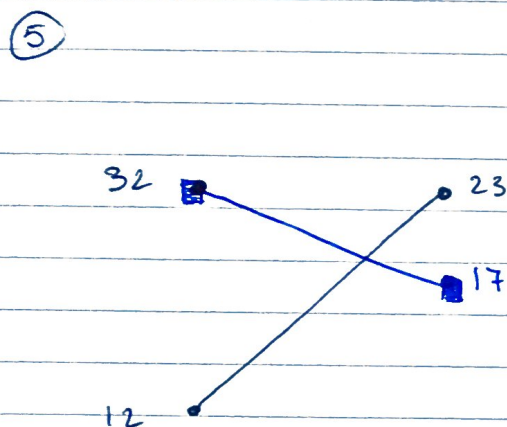
Size ~ number

Rangel Mikeshov



■ A black
■ B blue

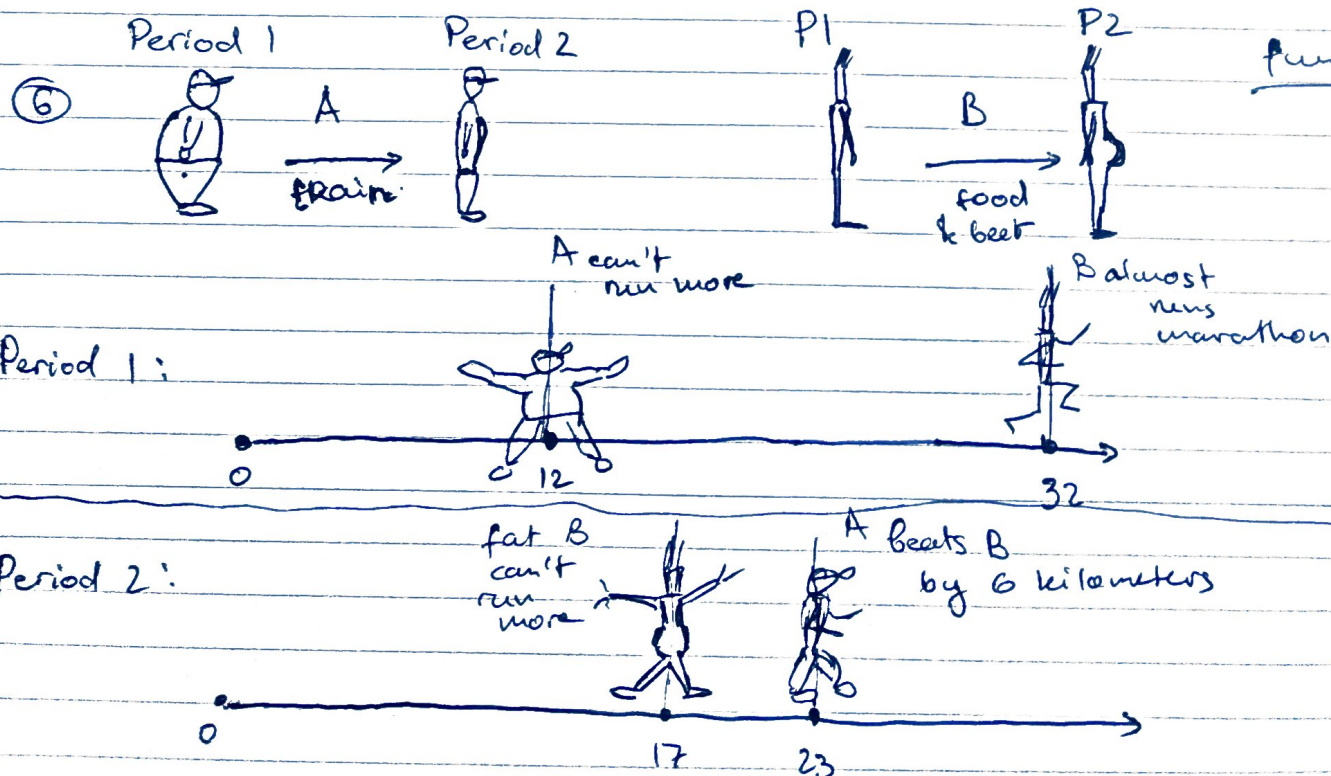
length of bar chart is greater, proportions to number change.
This is more like: A in T1 vs B in T1
A in T2 vs B in T2



● A black
■ B blue

We visually see evolution between A and B.

Squares represent B points, circles A points. We want to show A overtakes B



fun idea: