

Crudo

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<https://github.com/SillyFreak/typst-crudo>

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ABSTRACT

Crudo lets you take slices from raw blocks and more: slice, filter, transform and join the lines of raw blocks.

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I INTRODUCTION

raw elements feel similar to arrays and strings in a lot of ways: they feel like lists of lines; it's common to want to extract specific lines, join multiple ones together, etc. As values, though, raw elements don't behave this way.

While a package can't add methods such as `raw.slice()` to an element, we can at least provide functions to help with common tasks. The module reference describes these utility functions:

- `r2l()` and `l2r()` are the building blocks the others build on: *raw-to-lines* and *lines-to-raw* conversions.
- `transform()` is one layer above and allows arbitrarily transforming an array of strings.
- `map()`, `filter()` and `slice()` are analogous to their array counterparts.
- `lines()` is similar to `slice()` but allows more advanced line selections in a single step.
- `join()` combines multiple raw elements and is convenient e.g. to add preambles to code snippets.

II MODULE REFERENCE

II.a crudo

- `r2l()`
- `l2r()`
- `transform()`
- `map()`
- `filter()`
- `slice()`
- `lines()`
- `join()`

```
r2l(raw-block: content) -> array
```

raw-to-lines: extract lines and properties from a raw element.

<pre>1 crudo.r2l(``txt 2 first line 3 second line 4 ``)</pre>	<pre>(("first line", "second line"), (block: true, lang: "txt"),)</pre>
---	---

Note that even though you will usually want to use this on raw *blocks*, this is not a necessity:

<pre>1 crudo.r2l(2 raw("first line\nsecond line") 3)</pre>	<pre>(("first line", "second line"), (:))</pre>
--	---

Parameters:

`raw-block (content)` – a single raw element

```
l2r(lines: array, ..properties: arguments) -> content
```

lines-to-raw: convert lines into a raw element. Properties for the created element can be passed as parameters.

<pre>1 crudo.l2r(2 ("first line", "second line") 3)</pre>	<pre>first line second line</pre>
---	---------------------------------------

Note that even though you will usually want to construct raw *blocks*, this is not assumed. To create blocks, pass the appropriate parameter:

<pre>1 crudo.l2r(2 ("first line", "second line"), 3 block: true, 4)</pre>	<pre>1 first line 2 second line</pre>
---	---

Parameters:

lines (array) – an array of strings

..properties (arguments) – properties for constructing the new raw element

```
transform(raw-block: content, mapper: function) -> content
```

Transforms all lines of a raw element and creates a new one with the lines. All properties of the element (e.g. block and lang) are preserved.

<pre>1 crudo.transform(2 ``typc 3 let foo() = { 4 // some comment 5 ... do something ... 6 } 7 ``, 8 lines => lines.filter(l => { 9 // only preserve non-comment lines 10 not l.starts-with(regex("\s*/")) 11 }) 12)</pre>	<pre>1 let foo() = { 2 ... do something ... 3 }</pre>
--	---

Parameters:

raw-block (content) – a single raw element

mapper (function) – a function that takes an array of strings and returns a new one

```
map(raw-block: content, mapper: function) -> content
```

Maps individual lines of a raw element and creates a new one with the lines. All properties of the element (e.g. block and lang) are preserved.

```

1 crudo.map(
2   ``typc
3   let foo() = {
4     // some comment
5     ... do something ...
6   }
7   ``',
8   line => line.trim()
9 )

```

```

1 let foo() = {
2   // some comment
3   ... do something ...
4 }

```

Parameters:

`raw-block (content)` – a single raw element

`mapper (function)` – a function that takes a string and returns a new one

`filter(raw-block: content, test: function) -> content`

Filters lines of a raw element and creates a new one with the lines. All properties of the element (e.g. block and lang) are preserved.

```

1 crudo.filter(
2   ``typc
3   let foo() = {
4     // some comment
5     ... do something ...
6   }
7   ``',
8   l => not l.starts-with(regex("\s*//"))
9 )

```

```

1 let foo() = {
2   ... do something ...
3 }

```

Parameters:

`raw-block (content)` – a single raw element

`test (function)` – a function that takes a string and returns a new one

`slice(raw-block: content, ..args: arguments) -> content`

Slices lines of a raw element and creates a new one with the lines. All properties of the element (e.g. block and lang) are preserved.

<pre> 1 crudo.slice(2 ``typc 3 let foo() = { 4 // some comment 5 ... do something ... 6 } 7 ``', 8 1, 3, 9) </pre>	<pre> 1 // some comment 2 ... do something ... </pre>
--	---

Parameters:

`raw-block (content)` – a single raw element

`..args (arguments)` – the same arguments as accepted by `array.slice()`

```
lines(raw-block: content, ..line-numbers: arguments, zero-based: boolean) -> content
```

Extracts lines of a raw element similar to how e.g. printers select page ranges. All properties of the element (e.g. `block` and `lang`) are preserved.

This function is comparable to `slice()` but doesn't have the option to specify the *number* of selected lines via count. On the other hand, multiple ranges of pages can be selected, and indices are one-based by default, which may be more natural for line numbers.

Lines are selected by any number of parameters. Each parameter can take either of three forms:

- a single number: that line is included in the output
- an array of numbers: these lines are included in the output (a major usecase being `range()` – but beware that `range()` uses an exclusive end index)
- a string containing numbers (e.g. "1") and inclusive ranges (e.g. "2-3") separated by commas. Range limits may be omitted (e.g. "-2", "2-"), meaning the range starts/ends at the first/last line. Whitespace is allowed.

All three kinds of parameters can be mixed, and lines can be selected any number of times and in any order.

<pre> 1 crudo.lines(2 ``typc 3 let foo() = { 4 // some comment 5 ... do something ... 6 // another comment 7 } 8 ``', 9 "-2,4-,1", "2-3", range(3, 5), 5, 10) </pre>	<pre> 1 let foo() = { 2 // some comment 3 // another comment 4 } 5 let foo() = { 6 // some comment 7 ... do something ... 8 ... do something ... 9 // another comment 10 } </pre>
--	---

Parameters:

`raw-block (content)` – a single raw element

`..line-numbers (arguments)` – any number of line number specifiers, as described above

`zero-based (boolean = false)` – whether the supplied numbers are one-based line numbers or zero-based indices

```
join(..raw-blocks: content, main: int) -> content
```

Joins lines of multiple raw elements and creates a new one with the lines. All properties of the main element (e.g. block and lang) are preserved.

<pre>1 crudo.join(typc 2 ```java 3 let foo() = { 4 // some comment 5 ... do something ... 6 } 7 ``` , 8 ```typc 9 let bar() = { 10 // some comment 11 ... do something ... 12 } 13 ``` , 14 main: -1, 15)</pre>	<pre>1 let foo() = { typc 2 // some comment 3 ... do something ... 4 } 5 let bar() = { 6 // some comment 7 ... do something ... 8 }</pre>
--	--

Parameters:

`..raw-blocks (content)` – any number of raw elements

`main (int = 0)` – the index of the raw element of which properties should be preserved. Negative indices count from the back.