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1 Introduction

This package provides a way to make beautiful block circuit diagrams using the CeTZ package.

2 Usage

Simply import src/lib.typ and call the circuit function:

```
#import "src/lib.typ"
#lib.circuit({
  import lib: *
  ...
})
```

3 Reference

3.1 circuit

circuit()

3.1.1 circuit

Draws a block circuit diagram

This function is also available at the package root

Parameters

```
circuit(
  body: none array element,
  length: length ratio
) -> none
```

```
body     none or array or element
```

A code block in which draw functions have been called

```
length length or ratio

Optional base unit

Default: 2em
```

circuiteria — v0.1.0

3.2 util

- lpad()
- opposite-anchor()
- rotate-anchor()

Variables:

• colors

3.2.1 lpad

Pads a string on the left with 0s to the given length

```
#util.lpad("0100", 8) 00000100
```

Parameters

```
lpad(
   string: str,
   len: int
) -> str
```

```
string str
```

The string to pad

len int

The target length

3.2.2 opposite-anchor

Returns the anchor on the opposite side of the given one

Parameters

```
opposite-anchor(anchor: str) -> str
```

```
anchor str
```

The input anchor

3.2.3 rotate-anchor

Returns the anchor rotated 90 degrees clockwise relative to the given one

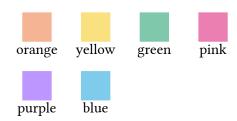
rotate-anchor(anchor: str) -> str

anchor str

The anchor to rotate

3.2.4 colors •

Predefined color palette



3.3 wire

- intersection()
- stub()
- wire()

Variables:

• wire-styles

3.3.1 intersection

Draws a wire intersection at the given anchor

Parameters

```
intersection(
  pt: point,
  radius: number,
  fill: color
)
```

pt point

A CeTZ compatible point / anchor

```
radius number
```

The radius of the intersection

Default: .1

fill color

The fill color

Default: black

3.3.2 stub

Draws a wire stub (useful for unlinked ports)

```
north

west to be south

draw.circle((0, 0), radius: .1, name: "p")

wire.stub("p", "north", name: "north", length: 1)

wire.stub("p", "east", name: "east", vertical: true)

wire.stub("p", "south", name: "south", length: 15pt)

wire.stub("p", "west", name: "west", length: 3em)
```

```
stub(
  port-id: str,
  side: str,
  name: none str,
  vertical: bool,
  length: number,
  name-offset: number
port-id
The port anchor
side
       str
The side on which the port is (one of "north", "east", "south", "west")
name
         none or str
Optional name displayed at the end of the stub
Default: none
vertical
           bool
Whether the name should be displayed vertically
Default: false
length
          number
The length of the stub
Default: 1em
name-offset
                number
```

3.3.3 wire •

Default: 0

Draws a wire between two points

The name offset, perpendicular to the stub

```
wire(
  id: str,
  pts: array,
  bus: bool,
  name: none str array,
  name-pos: str,
  slice: none array,
  color: color,
  dashed: bool,
  style: str,
  reverse: bool,
  directed: bool,
  rotate-name: bool,
  zigzag-ratio: ratio,
  zigzag-dir: str,
  dodge-y: number,
  dodge-sides: array,
  dodge-margins: array
id
     str
The wire's id, for future reference (anchors)
pts
      array
The two points (as CeTZ compatible coordinates, i.e. XY, relative positions, ids, etc.)
bus
       bool
Whether the wire is a bus (multiple bits) or a simple signal (single bit)
Default: false
         none or str or array
name
Optional name of the wire. If it is an array, the first name will be put at the start of the wire, and
the second at the end
Default: none
name-pos
             str
Position of the name. One of: "middle", "start" or "end"
Default: "middle"
```

Optional bits slice (start and end bit indices). If set, it will be displayed at the start of the wire

Default: none

color color

The stroke color

Default: black

dashed bool

Whether the stroke is dashed or not

Default: false

style str

The wire's style (see wire-styles for possible values)

Default: "direct"

reverse bool

If true, the start and end points will be swapped (useful in cases where the start point depends on the end point, for example with perpendiculars)

Default: false

directed bool

If true, the wire will be directed, meaning an arrow will be drawn at the endpoint

Default: false

rotate-name bool

If true, the name will be rotated according to the wire's slope

Default: true

zigzag-ratio ratio

Position of the zigzag vertical relative to the horizontal span (only with style "zigzag")

Default: 50%

zigzag-dir str

The zigzag's direction. As either "vertical" or "horizontal" (only with dstyle "zigzag")

Default: "vertical"

dodge-y number

Y position to dodge the wire to (only with style "dodge")

Default: 0

dodge-sides array

The start and end sides (going out of the connected element) of the wire (only with style "dodge")

Default: ("east", "west")

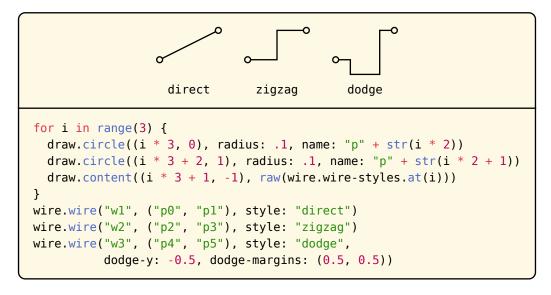
dodge-margins array

The start and end margins (i.e. space before dodging) of the wire (only with style "dodge")

Default: (5%, 5%)

3.3.4 wire-styles

List of valid wire styles



3.4 element

- elmt()
- alu()
- block()
- extender()
- multiplexer()
- group()

3.4.1 elmt •

Draws an element

Parameters

```
elmt(
  draw-shape: function,
  X: number dictionary,
  y: number dictionary,
  W: number,
  h: number,
  name: none str,
  name-anchor: str,
  ports: dictionary,
  ports-margins: dictionary,
  fill: none color,
  stroke: stroke,
  id: str,
  auto-ports: bool,
  ports-y: dictionary,
  debug: dictionary
)
```

draw-shape function

Draw function

Default: default-draw-shape

```
{f x} number or dictionary
```

The x position (bottom-left corner).

If it is a dictionary, it should be in the format (rel: number, to: str), where rel is the offset and to the base anchor

Default: none

```
y number or dictionary
```

The y position (bottom-left corner).

If it is a dictionary, it should be in the format (from: str, to: str), where from is the base anchor and to is the id of the port to align with the anchor

Default: none

w number

Width of the element

Default: none

h number

Height of the element

Default: none

name none or str

Optional name of the block

Default: none

name-anchor str

Anchor for the optional name

Default: "center"

ports dictionary

Dictionary of ports. The keys are cardinal directions ("north", "east", "south" and/or "west"). The values are arrays of ports (dictionaries) with the following fields:

- id (str): (Required) Port id
- name (str): Optional name displayed in the block
- clock (bool): Whether it is a clock port (triangle symbol)
- vertical (bool): Whether the name should be drawn vertically

Default: (:)

ports-margins dictionary

Dictionary of ports margins (used with automatic port placement). They keys are cardinal directions ("north", "east", "south", "west"). The values are tuples of (<start>, <end>) margins (numbers)

Default: (:)

fill none or color

Fill color

Default: none

```
stroke
          stroke
Border stroke
Default: black + 1pt
id
     str
The block id (for future reference)
Default: ""
auto-ports
               bool
Whether to use auto port placements or not. If false, draw-shape is responsible for adding the
appropiate ports
Default: true
ports-y
           dictionary
Dictionary of the ports y offsets (used with auto-ports: false)
Default: (:)
debug
          dictionary
Dictionary of debug options.
Supported fields include:
• ports: if true, shows dots on all ports of the element
Default: (
    ports: false
```

3.4.2 alu

Draws an ALU with two inputs

```
element.alu(x: 0, y: 0, w: 1, h: 2, id: "alu")
wire.stub("alu-port-in1", "west")
wire.stub("alu-port-in2", "west")
wire.stub("alu-port-out", "east")
```

For parameters description, see elmt()

```
alu(
    x,
    y,
    w,
    h,
    name,
    name-anchor,
    fill,
    stroke,
    id,
    debug
)
```

3.4.3 block •

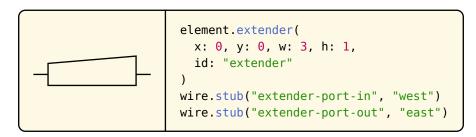
Draws a block element

For parameters description, see elmt()

```
block(
    x,
    y,
    w,
    h,
    name,
    name-anchor,
    ports,
    ports-margins,
    fill,
    stroke,
    id,
    debug
)
```

3.4.4 extender

Draws a bit extender



For other parameters description, see elmt()

Parameters

```
extender(
    x,
    y,
    w,
    h,
    name,
    name-anchor,
    fill,
    stroke,
    id,
    h-ratio: ratio,
    align-out: bool,
    debug
)
```

h-ratio ratio

The height ratio of the left side relative to the full height

Default: 75%

align-out bool

If true, the output and input ports are aligned, otherwise, the output port is centered on the right side

Default: true

3.4.5 multiplexer

Draws a multiplexer

```
element.multiplexer(
  x: 0, y: 0, w: 1, h: 3,
  id: "multiplexer",
  entries: 3
wire.stub("multiplexer.north", "north")
wire.stub("multiplexer-port-out", "east")
element.multiplexer(
  x: 0, y: -4, w: 1, h: 3,
  id: "multiplexer2",
  entries: ("A", "B", "C")
wire.stub("multiplexer2.south", "south")
wire.stub("multiplexer2-port-out", "east")
for i in range(3) {
  wire.stub("multiplexer-port-in" + str(i), "west")
  wire.stub("multiplexer2-port-in" + str(i), "west")
}
```

For other parameters description, see elmt()

Parameters

```
multiplexer(
    x,
    y,
    w,
    h,
    name,
    name-anchor,
    entries: int array,
    h-ratio: ratio,
    fill,
    stroke,
    id,
    debug
)
```

```
entries   int or array
```

If it is an integer, it defines the number of input ports (automatically named with their binary index). If it is an array of strings, it defines the name of each input.

Default: 2

h-ratio ratio

The height ratio of the right side relative to the full height

Default: 60%

3.4.6 group •

Draws a group of elements

```
element.group(
                            id: "g1", name: "Group 1", stroke: (dash: "dashed"),
                             element.block(id: "b1", w: 2, h: 2,
                               x: 0, y: 1.5,
                                ports: (east: ((id: "out"),)),
                                fill: util.colors.green
                             element.block(id: "b2", w: 2, h: 1,
                               x: 0, y: 0,
                                ports: (east: ((id: "out"),)),
                                fill: util.colors.orange
                             )
                           }
                         element.block(id: "b3", w: 2, h: 3,
Group 1
                           x: (rel: 1, to: "gl.east"),
                           y: (from: "b1-port-out", to: "in1"),
                           ports: (west: ((id: "in1"), (id: "in2"))),
                           fill: util.colors.blue
                         wire.wire("w1", ("b1-port-out", "b3-port-in1"))
                         wire.wire("w2", ("b2-port-out", "b3-port-in2"),
                                   style: "zigzag")
```

```
group(
  body: elements function,
  id: str,
  name: str,
  name-anchor: str,
  fill: color,
  stroke: stroke,
  padding: float length array dictionary,
  radius: number
)
```

```
body elements or function

Elements to group
```

```
id str
see elmt()
Default: ""
```

name str

The group's name

Default: none

name-anchor str

The anchor for the name.

Note: the name will be placed on the **outside** of the group

Default: "south"

fill color

see elmt()

Default: none

stroke stroke

see elmt()

Default: black + 1pt

padding float or length or array or dictionary

The inside padding:

- float / length: same for all sides
- dictionary: valid keys are "top", "right", "bottom" and "left"

Default: 0.5em

radius number

The corner radius

Default: 0.5em

```
3.5 gates
```

```
• gate()
```

- gate-and()
- gate-nand()
- gate-buf()
- gate-not()
- gate-or()
- gate-nor()
- gate-xor()
- gate-xnor()

3.5.1 gate

Draws a logic gate. This function is also available as element.gate()

```
gate(
  draw-shape: function,
  X: number dictionary,
  y: number dictionary,
  w: number,
  h: number,
  inputs: int,
  fill: none color,
  stroke: stroke,
  id: str,
  inverted: str array,
  inverted-radius: number,
  debug: dictionary
)
```

```
draw-shape function
see elmt()
Default: default-draw-shape
```

```
x number or dictionary
see elmt()
Default: none
```

```
y number or dictionary
see elmt()
Default: none
```

```
w
     number
see elmt()
Default: none
     number
h
see elmt()
Default: none
inputs
          int
The number of inputs
Default: 2
fill
      none or color
see elmt()
Default: none
stroke
          stroke
see elmt()
Default: black + 1pt
id
     str
see elmt()
Default: ""
inverted
           str or array
Either "all" or an array of port ids to display as inverted
Default: ()
inverted-radius
                    number
The radius of inverted ports dot
Default: 0.1
```

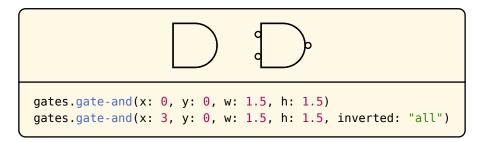
```
debug dictionary
see elmt()

Default: (
    ports: false
)
```

3.5.2 gate-and •

Draws an AND gate. This function is also available as element.gate-and()

For parameters, see gate()



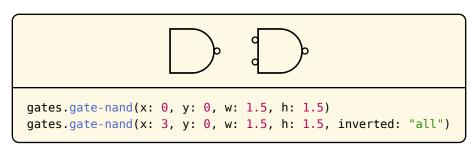
Parameters

```
gate-and(
    X,
    y,
    w,
    h,
    inputs,
    fill,
    stroke,
    id,
    inverted,
    debug
)
```

3.5.3 gate-nand

Draws an NAND gate. This function is also available as element.gate-nand()

For parameters, see gate()

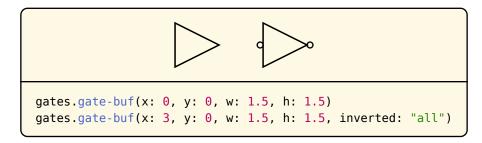


```
gate-nand(
    x,
    y,
    w,
    h,
    inputs,
    fill,
    stroke,
    id,
    inverted,
    debug
```

3.5.4 gate-buf •

Draws a buffer gate. This function is also available as element.gate-buf()

For parameters, see gate()



Parameters

```
gate-buf(
    x,
    y,
    w,
    h,
    inputs,
    fill,
    stroke,
    id,
    inverted,
    debug
)
```

3.5.5 gate-not

Draws a NOT gate. This function is also available as element.gate-not()

For parameters, see gate()

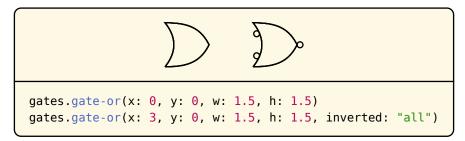
```
gates.gate-not(x: 0, y: 0, w: 1.5, h: 1.5)
gates.gate-not(x: 3, y: 0, w: 1.5, h: 1.5, inverted: "all")
```

```
gate-not(
    X,
    y,
    w,
    h,
    inputs,
    fill,
    stroke,
    id,
    inverted,
    debug
)
```

3.5.6 gate-or •

Draws an OR gate. This function is also available as element.gate-or()

For parameters, see gate()

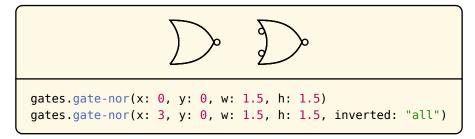


```
gate-or(
    x,
    y,
    w,
    h,
    inputs,
    fill,
    stroke,
    id,
    inverted,
    debug
)
```

3.5.7 gate-nor

Draws a NOR gate. This function is also available as element.gate-nor()

For parameters, see gate()



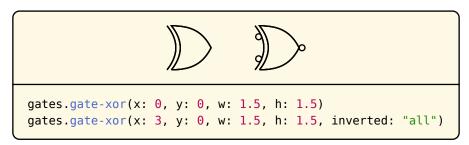
Parameters

```
gate-nor(
    X,
    y,
    w,
    h,
    inputs,
    fill,
    stroke,
    id,
    inverted,
    debug
)
```

3.5.8 gate-xor

Draws a XOR gate. This function is also available as element.gate-xor()

For parameters, see gate()

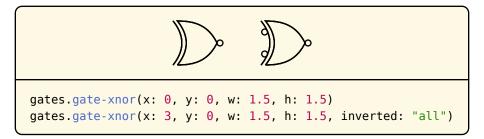


```
gate-xor(
    x,
    y,
    w,
    h,
    inputs,
    fill,
    stroke,
    id,
    inverted,
    debug
)
```

3.5.9 gate-xnor

Draws a XNOR gate. This function is also available as element.gate-xnor()

For parameters, see gate()



```
gate-xnor(
    x,
    y,
    w,
    h,
    inputs,
    fill,
    stroke,
    id,
    inverted,
    debug
)
```