

1. The point at which the normal to the curve $y = x + \frac{1}{x}, x > 0$ is perpendicular to the line $3x - 4y - 7 = 0$ is:
 - (a) $(2, \frac{5}{2})$
 - (b) $(\pm 2, \frac{5}{2})$
 - (c) $(\frac{-1}{2}, \frac{5}{2})$
 - (d) $(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{2})$
2. The points on the curve $\frac{x^2}{9} + \frac{y^2}{16} = 1$ at which the tangents are parallel to y-axis are:
 - (a) $(0, \pm 4)$
 - (b) $(\pm 4, 0)$
 - (c) $(\pm 3, 0)$
 - (d) $(0, \pm 3)$
3. For which value of m is the line $y = mx + 1$ a tangent to the curve $y^2 = 4x$?
 - (a) $\frac{1}{2}$
 - (b) 1
 - (c) 2
 - (d) 3