## QUANTUMPHASE ESTIMATOR (QPE)

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# Tester L'algorithme Quantum Phase Estimator sur T-Gate

$$T|1
angle = egin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \ 0 & e^{rac{i\pi}{4}} \end{bmatrix} egin{bmatrix} 0 \ 1 \end{bmatrix} = e^{rac{i\pi}{4}}|1
angle$$

$$\theta = \frac{1}{8}$$

### Etapes

- / 1- Initialiser les registres
  - 2- Appliquer les portes de Hadamard au registre de valeur propre
  - 3- Appliquer les portes contrôlées-U
- 4- Appliquer la Transformée de Fourier Quantique Inverse (QFT Inverse)
  - 5- Mesurer le registre de valeur propre

#### 1- Initialiser les registres

```
circuit = QuantumCircuit(4, 3)
circuit.x(3)
```

2- Appliquer les portes de Hadamard au registre de valeur propre

circuit.h(range(3))

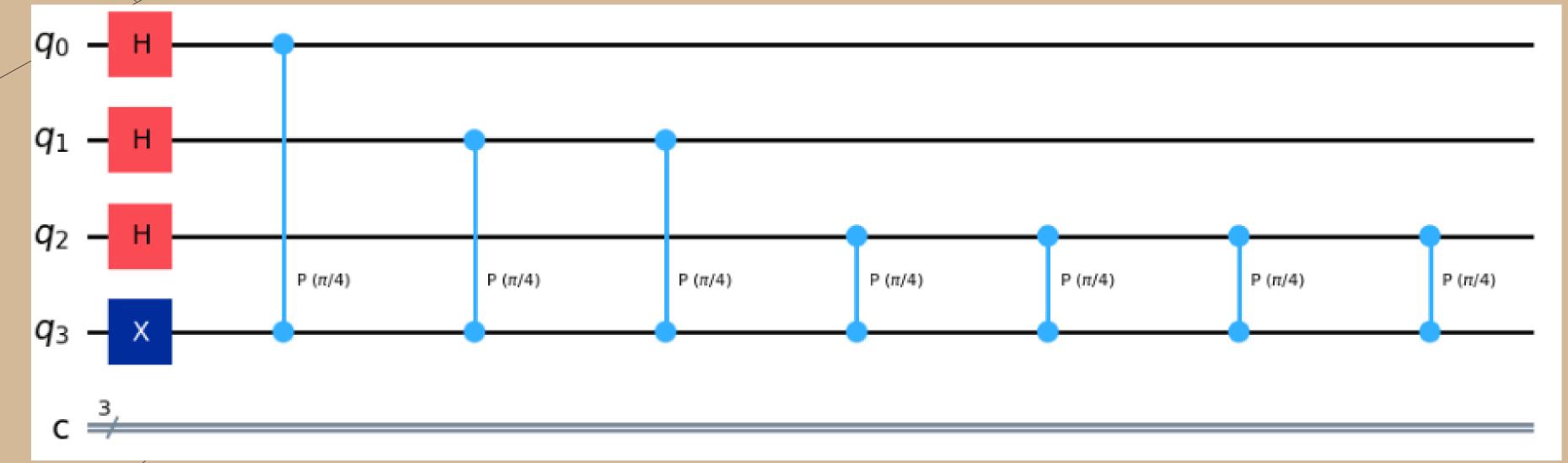
$$q_0 - H - q_1 - H - q_2 - H - x$$

$$q_3 - x - x$$

$$c \xrightarrow{3}$$

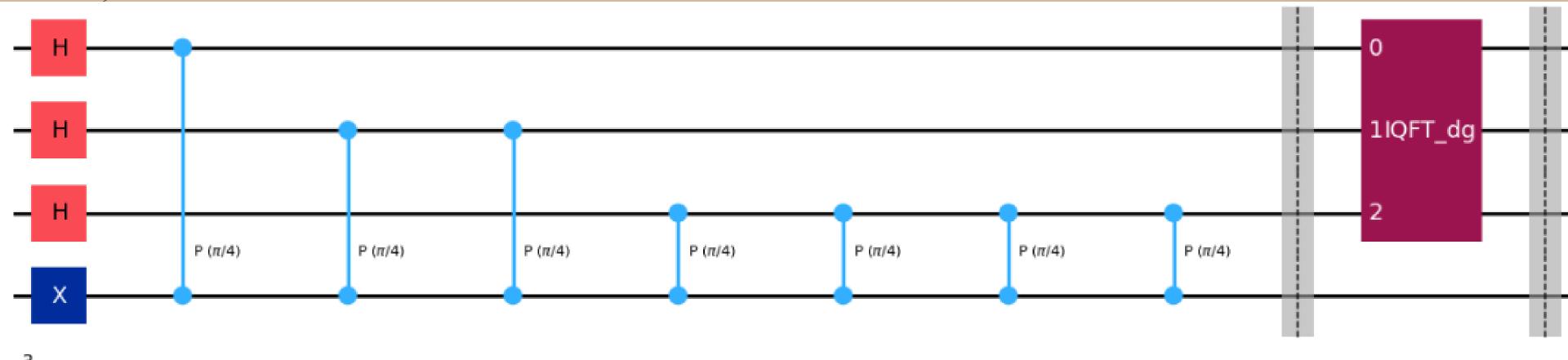
#### 3- Appliquer les portes contrôlées-U

```
repetitions = 1
for counting_qubit in range(3):
    for i in range(repetitions):
        circuit.cp(math.pi/4, counting_qubit, 3); # controlled-T
    repetitions *= 2
```



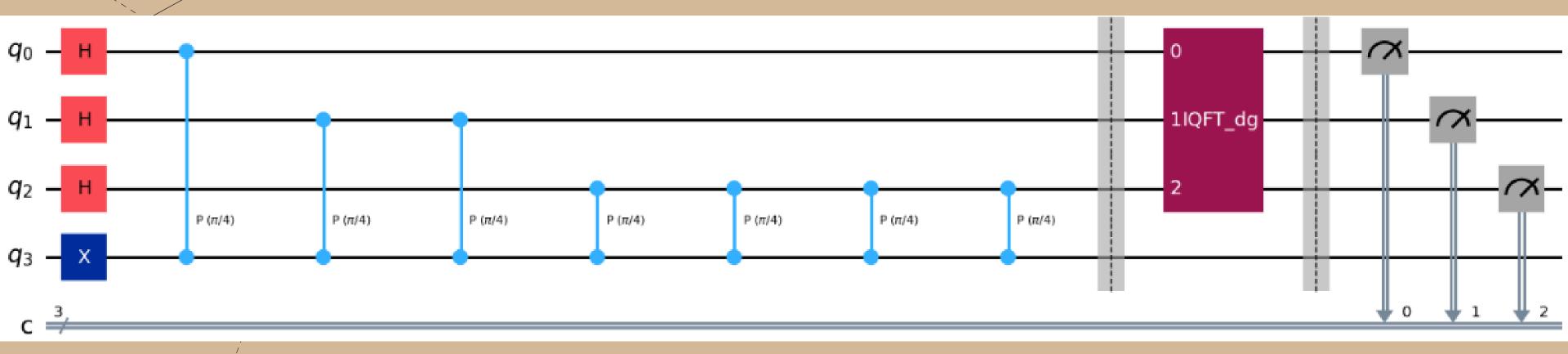
#### 4- Appliquer la Transformée de Fourier Quantique Inverse (QFT Inverse)

```
circuit.barrier()
circuit = circuit.compose(QFT(3, inverse=True), [0,1,2])
circuit.barrier()
```



#### 5- Mesurer le registre de valeur propre

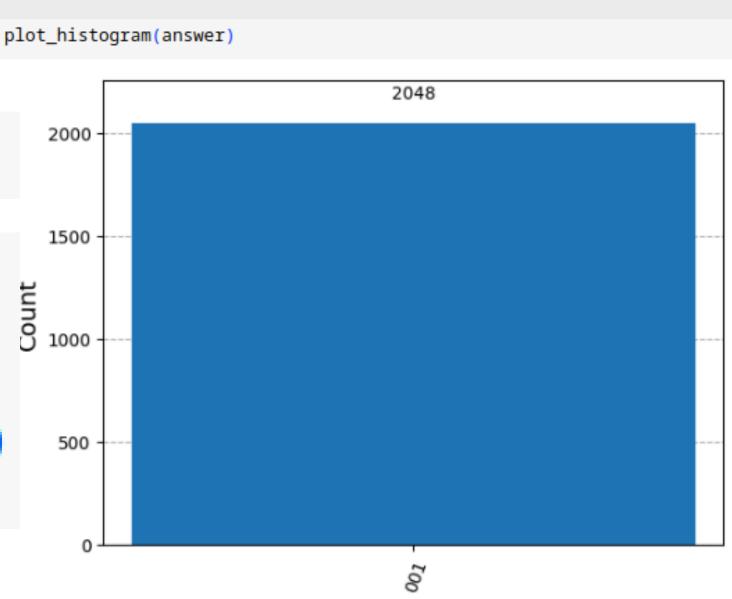
for n in range(3):
 circuit.measure(n,n)



#### Simulation

```
from qiskit import transpile
```

```
aer_sim = Aer.get_backend('aer_simulator')
shots = 2048
t_qpe1 = transpile(circuit, aer_sim)
results = aer_sim.run(t_qpe1, shots=shots).result()
answer = results.get_counts()
```



#### Simulation à un ordinateur quantique réel

```
from qiskit_ibm_runtime import QiskitRuntimeService, Sampler
    service = QiskitRuntimeService(
        channel='ibm_quantum',
        instance='ibm-q/open/main',
        token='7a0672f743b9a4cb16b6f17ag
```

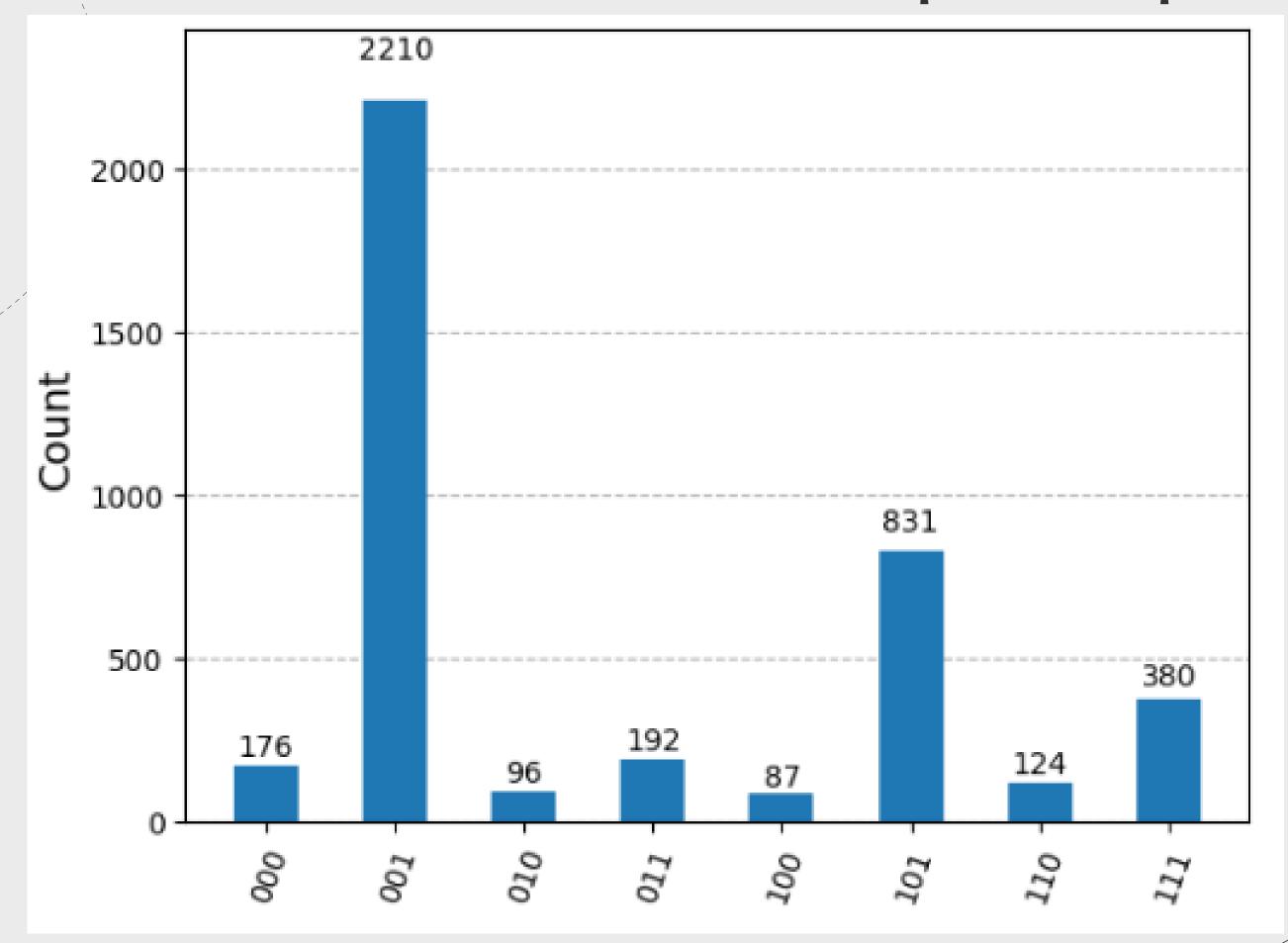
```
print(service)

<QiskitRuntimeService>
```

### Simulation à un ordinateur quantique réel

```
# Get the least busy backend
backend = service.least_busy(operational=True, simulator=False)
# Transpile the circuit for the backend
circuit_transpiled = transpile(circuit, backend=backend)
# Create a sampler and submit the transpiled circuit
sampler = Sampler(backend)
job = sampler.run([circuit_transpiled])
# Get the results
result = job.result()
dist = result[0].data.c.get_counts()
```

### Simulation à un ordinateur quantique réel



#### Open Plan

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**Recent workloads** 

View all

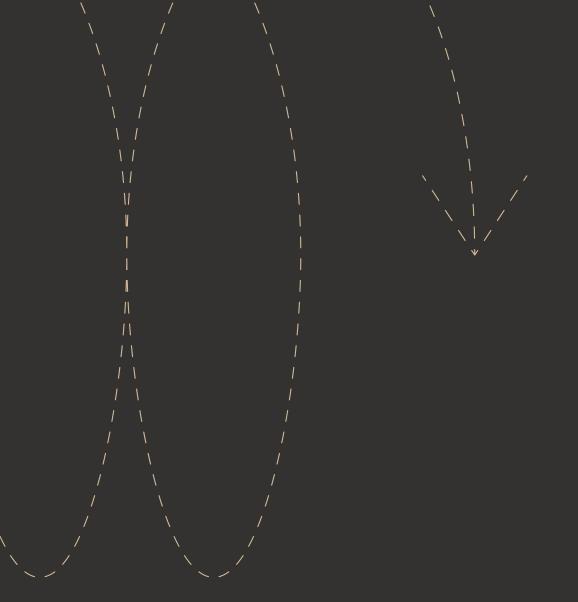
0

Pending

3

Finished workloads

ID	Status	Completed	Mode	Compute resource	Usage
cwv8kqy5v39g008hkjjg	○ Completed	15 Nov 2024	Job	ibm_brisbane	3s
cwv8k85tdtng00879760	○ Completed	15 Nov 2024	Job	ibm_brisbane	4s
cwv8hexehebg008jc1jg	▲ Failed	15 Nov 2024	Job	ibm_brisbane	0s



### Merci!

