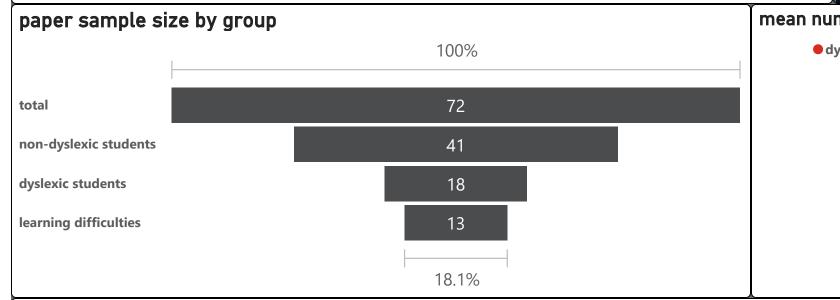
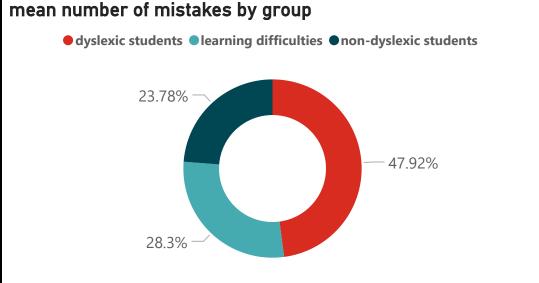


Sample Stats

Test Variants

Students Preferences





sample main stats.

group	mean age	girls %	boys %	plays music	takes music lessons	can read music	difficulties reading music	difficulties reading/writing
dyslexic students	10.40	16.7%	83.3%	55.6%	7%	44.4%	71.4%	83.3%
learning difficulties	9.80	53.8%	46.2%	53.8%	6%	53.8%	50.0%	69.2%
non-dyslexic students	10.00	61.0%	39.0%	41.5%	25%	48.8%	40.0%	0.0%

Summary:

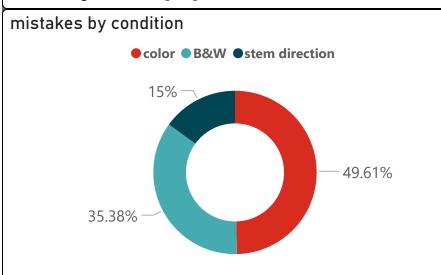
- 1- sample consisted of 3 main categories, dyslexic, non-dyslexic, and learning difficulties students. only 43% are with reading difficulties
- 2- sample was of 2 genders aged around 10 years old.
- 3- different features were collected about each sample group as shown in the table above.
- 4- whole samples was subjected to music notes focused test and high deviation was noticed between sample groups.
- 5- students with reading difficulties got two thirds of the mean number of mistakes made by all students.

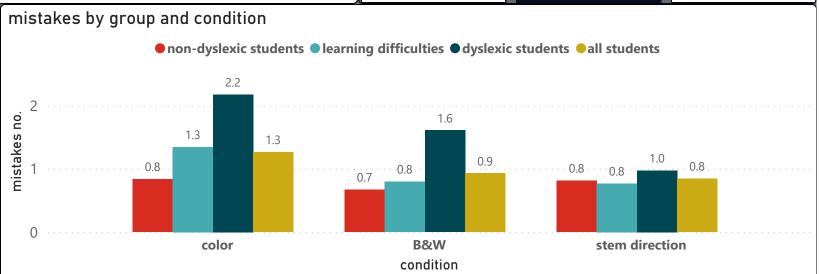


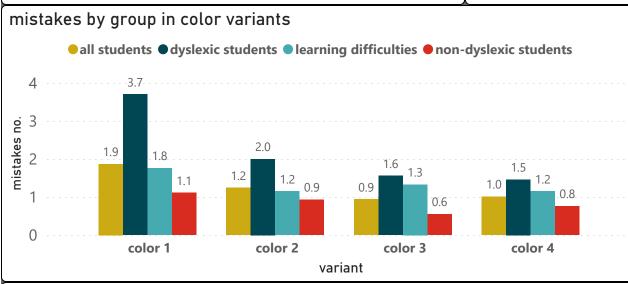
Sample Stats

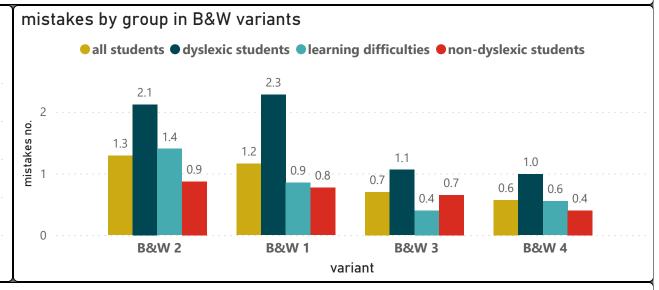
Test Variants

Students Preferences









Summary:

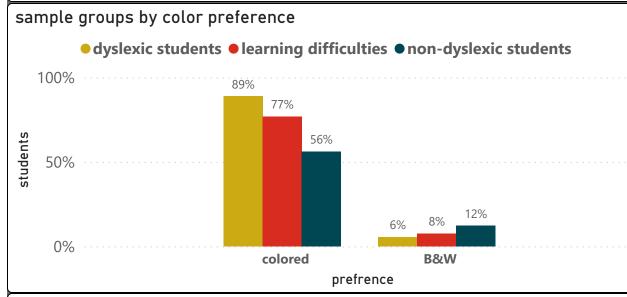
- 1- tests were made using gradient of 3 conditions, each had it's number of variants
- 2- music notes in different colors and shades of B&W is proved to deeply affect students' mistakes, specially dyslexic ones.

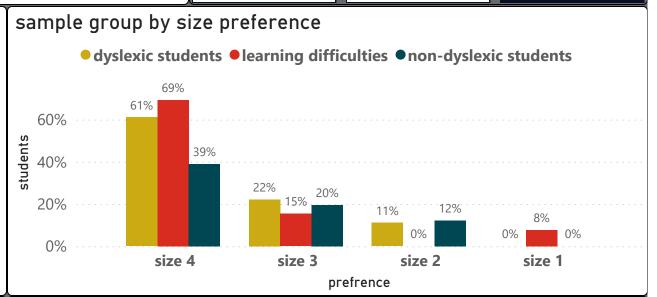


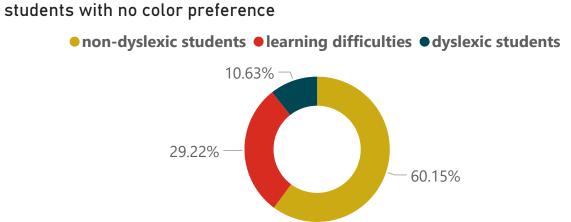
Sample Stats

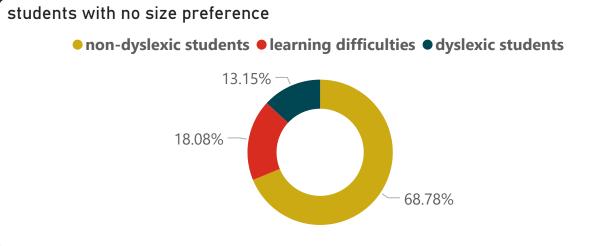
Test Variants

Students Preferences









Summary:

- 1- student preferences were collected based on 2 factors, notes colors and size.
- 2- all sample groups strongly preferred bigger size colored music notes regardless of having reading issues.