

05 HTTP & Middle-ware

(MCA) CSA-507 Web Development
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HTTP

- Hyper Text Transfer Protocol
- Application-layer protocol
- Client-Server Model
- Stateless or Stateful ?
- Connectionless or connection-oriented ?
 - protocol stacking across layers

HTTP

2

Understanding HTTP

- Versions (0.9 - 1.0 - 1.1 - 2 - 3)
- HTTP over TCP / HTTP over QUIC
- Flow
- Messages - Request / Response
- Headers
- CORS

HTTP

3

HTTP Headers

- Request headers
- Response Headers
- Content-→ Headers
- Payload Headers (for transport)
- Custom Headers (X-*)

- [Read through the list of COMMON headers](#)

HTTP

4

HTTP Request Methods

- A method is safe, idempotent and/or cacheable.
- GET, POST, HEAD
- PUT, DELETE, PATCH
- CONNECT, OPTIONS, TRACE

- [Read through the list of request methods](#)

HTTP

5

HTTP Response Status Codes

- Informational (1xx)
- Successful (2xx)
- Redirection (3xx)
- Client Error (4xx)
- Server Error (5xx)

- [Read through the list of COMMON status codes](#)

HTTP

6

URL

- Uniform Resource Locator – address of resource (on the web)
- A browser convention
- Query Parameters – key-value pairs separated by “&”
- URL encoding and decoding

http://www.example.com:80/path/to/myfile.html?key1=value1&key2=value2#SomewhereInTheDocument

→ Scheme → Domain Name → Port → Path to the file → Parameters → Anchor

7

XML

- Data Storage & Transport Tool
- Parent Language to HTML
- Self-descriptive
- Markup ≠ Programming/Scripting
- Platform and Tool independent



8

XML Structure & Characteristics

- Tree-based with root-node
- Tags (Closed, Case-sensitive, correctly nested)
- Quoted attribute values
- “Well-formed” and/or “Valid”
 - (Specification vs DTD)
- XML Namespaces



9

XPath

- Navigating through elements, attributes, values

```
<students>
  <student rolno="101">
    <name>Rick Grimes</name>
    <age>35</age>
    <subject>Maths</subject>
    <gender>Male</gender>
  </student>
  <student rolno="102">
    <name>Daryl Dixon</name>
    <age>33</age>
    <subject>Science</subject>
    <gender>Male</gender>
  </student>
  <student rolno="103">
    <name>Maggie</name>
    <age>36</age>
    <subject>Arts</subject>
    <gender>Female</gender>
  </student>
  <classTeacher>
    <name>Max</name>
  </classTeacher>
</students>
```

<http://xpather.com/>



10

XSLT (eXtensible Stylesheet Language Transformations)

- Rendering engine for XML

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<html:stylesheet xmlns:html="http://www.w3.org/1999/XSL/Transform"
  <body style="font-family:Arial;font-size:12pt;background-color:#EEEEEE">
    <xsl-for-each select="students/student">
      <div>
        style="background-color:teal;color:white;padding:4px">
          <xsl-value-of select="name"/> </span>
          <xsl-value-of select="subject"/>
        </div>
        <div>
          <xsl-value-of select="age"/> years</span>
          <xsl-value-of select="gender"/>
        </div>
      </div>
    </xsl-for-each>
  </body>
</html>
```

<https://colttest.appspot.com/>

Rick Grimes - Maths
Male (35 years)
Daryl Dixon - Science
Male (33 years)
Maggie - Arts
Female (36 years)



11

X-*, DTD/Schema

- XLink – hyperlink(ing) in a XML
- XQuery – query(ing) language for XML
- DTD – template for validating XML
- Schema – enhancement over DTD



12

JSON (JavaScript Object Notation)

- Data Storage and Transfer tool

```
{
  "students": [
    {
      "name": "Rick Grimes",
      "age": "39",
      "subject": "Maths",
      "gender": "Male",
      "rollno": "101"
    },
    {
      "name": "Daryl Dixon",
      "age": "33",
      "subject": "Science",
      "gender": "Male",
      "rollno": "102"
    },
    {
      "name": "Maggie",
      "age": "36",
      "subject": "Arts",
      "gender": "Female",
      "rollno": "103"
    }
  ],
  "classteacher": {
    "name": "Max"
  }
}
```

