REPORT: SUPERSTORE SALES ANALYSIS USING PYTHON & POWER BI

1. Objective

The objective of this task was to clean and prepare the Superstore dataset using Python, and then build an interactive Power BI dashboard to analyze sales performance across time, region, and product categories.

2. Data Cleaning (Python – Pandas)

The raw dataset (Sample - Superstore.csv) contained 9,994 rows and 21 columns. Data cleaning steps included:

1. Handling Missing Values

- Replaced missing postal codes with 0.
- Dropped rows with missing critical IDs (e.g., Order ID, Customer ID).

2. Removing Duplicates

Used drop duplicates() to ensure each transaction is unique.

3. Data Type Conversions

Converted Order Date and Ship Date to datetime format.

4. Standardizing Text Fields

o Removed leading/trailing spaces from categorical columns.

5. Dropping Irrelevant Columns

o Dropped Row ID, which acted as just an index.

6. Exporting Clean Dataset

Saved the cleaned dataset as Superstore_Cleaned.csv for Power BI import.

3. Data Import (Power BI)

- Imported Superstore_Cleaned.csv into Power BI Desktop.
- Created a new calculated column for **Month-Year**:
- MonthYear = FORMAT([Order Date], "MMM-YYYY")

4. Dashboard Development

Three visuals and one slicer were created:

1. Line Chart – Sales over Time

Axis: Month-Year

Values: Sales

o Shows sales trend over months with seasonal peaks.

2. Bar Chart – Sales by Region

o Axis: Region

Values: Sales

o Conditional formatting applied:

• Green = Highest region

• Orange = Medium

• Red = Lowest region

3. Donut Chart – Sales by Category

Legend: Category

Values: Sales

o Shows contribution of Technology, Furniture, and Office Supplies.

4. Slicer

o Filter by Region (or Category) for interactive analysis.

5. Conditional Formatting

- In the Bar Chart (Sales by Region), applied a color scale:
 - o Top-performing region highlighted in **green**.
 - Lowest performing region highlighted in red.
- This makes it easier to visually identify strong and weak areas.

6. Key Insights

From the analysis, the following insights were identified:

1. Regional Performance

- The West region consistently outperformed other regions throughout the year, especially in Q3.
- The East region also showed strong performance in Q4, achieving sales of approximately \$0.30M.

2. Category Contribution

- The Technology category contributed the highest share of total sales (36.4%), making it the key revenue driver.
- The Furniture category was most popular in the West region, suggesting regional product preferences.

3. Monthly Trends

- March (Q1), May (Q2), September (Q3), and November (Q4)
 emerged as the top-performing months in their respective quarters.
- September recorded the highest peak sales of about \$0.31M,
 making it the strongest month across the year.
- November–December showed a seasonal sales spike, indicating strong holiday demand.

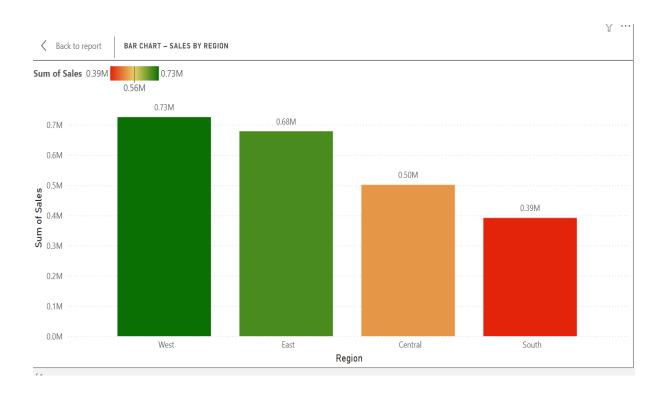
7. Conclusion

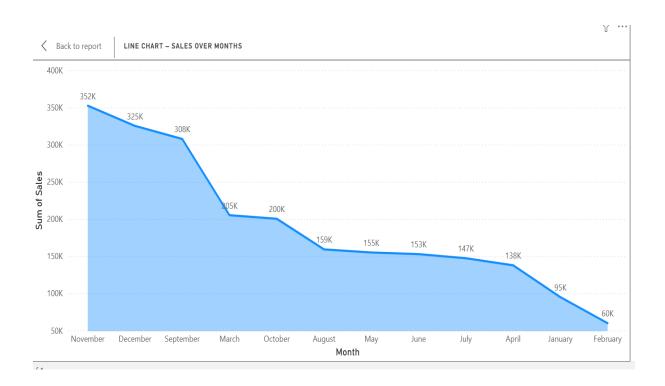
By combining Python and Power BI:

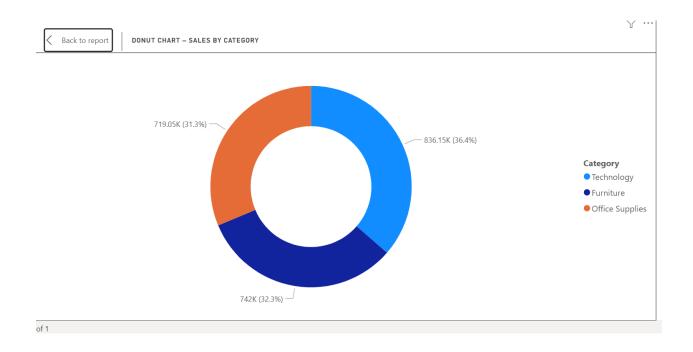
- **Python** handled the heavy lifting of data cleaning and preparation.
- **Power BI** provided interactive dashboards, filters, and conditional formatting for business insights.

This workflow ensures accurate, clean data and interactive visualization, enabling better decision-making for sales strategy.

Charts:







Slicer:



Dashboard

