

Total No. of Questions : 7]

SEAT No. :

**P7477**

[Total No. of Pages : 3

**[6173]-1001**

**First Year M.Sc. (Computer Science)**

**CS - 501 - MJ : ADVANCED OPERATING SYSTEM**

**(2023 Credit Pattern) (Semester - I)**

*Time : 3 Hours]*

*[Max. Marks : 70*

*Instructions to the candidates:*

- 1) *Question 1 is compulsory.*
- 2) *Solve any five questions from 2 to 7.*
- 3) *Questions 2 to 7 carry equal marks.*

**Q1)** Solve any 5 of the following:

**[5×2=10]**

- a) True or False Justify: "The kernel is a separate set of process that run in parallel to user processes."
- b) What are the 4 different conditions for the pid argument of kill system call?
- c) What is the difference between 'wait' and 'waitpid'?
- d) If we execute `isseek(fd, 0, 2)` then what will be the new file byte offset?
- e) What is broken link?
- f) How to obtain process ID and parent Process ID?
- g) What is the output of following code?

```
#include<stdio.h>
```

```
#include<unistd.h>
```

```
int main( )
```

```
{
```

```
    if (fork( ) & & (!fork())) {
```

```
        if (fork( ) || fork( )) {
```

```
            fork( ); }
```

```
    }
```

```
    printf("2");
```

```
    return 0;
```

```
}
```

**P.T.O.**

**Q2) Attempt the following:** [12]

- a) i) What is a process? Draw and Explain state transition diagram of a process. [4]
- ii) Explain any three data structure for Demand Paging. [3]
- b) Explain syntax of following system call. [5]
  - i) alarm( )
  - ii) kill( )
  - iii) sbrk( )
  - iv) execl( )
  - v) fchmod( )

**Q3) Attempt the following:** [12]

- a) i) Explain fourth scenario for buffer allocation. [4]
- ii) Explain the behaviour of the following C program: [3]

```
#include<fcntl.h>
main(int argc, char *argv[ ])
{
    int fd, skval;
    char c;
    if(argc != 2)
        exit( );
    while(skval = read(fd, & c, 1))
    {
        printf("char%c\n", c);
        skval=lseek(fd, 1023L, 1);
        printf("new seek val%d\n", skval);
    }
}
```

- b) Write a C program to prints the type of file for each command line argument. [5]

**Q4) Attempt the following: [12]**

- a) i) What are pipes? Explain named pipes and unnamed pipes? [4]
- ii) Which operation are performed by the kernel during execution of `fork()`? [3]
- b) Write a C program to demonstrate race condition in catching signals. [5]

**Q5) Attempt the following: [12]**

- a) i) Under which circumstances the process is swapped out? [4]
- ii) Explain the structure of regular file with suitable diagram? [3]
- b) C program that creates a child process to read commands from the standard input and execute them. You can assume that no arguments will be passed to the commands to be executed. [5]

**Q6) Attempt the following: [12]**

- a) i) Under which circumstances the process is swapped out? [4]
- ii) Draw and explain the structure of buffer pool? [3]
- b) Draw and explain Unix System architecture. [5]

**Q7) Attempt the following: [12]**

- a) i) Write a short note on process context. [4]
- ii) Write a C program that illustrate the suspending and resuming process using signal. [3]
- b) What is anonymous memory mapping? What are the advantages of allocating memory via anonymous memory mapping? [5]

