CS 5787 Assignment 1

Ran Ji rj369@

Problem 1

Part 1

$$softmax(a+c) = \frac{exp(a+c)}{\sum_{j=1}^{K} exp(aj+c)}$$
 (1)

$$= \frac{exp(a)*exp(c)}{\sum_{j=1}^{K} exp(aj)*exp(c)}$$
(2)

$$= \frac{exp(a)*exp(c)}{exp(c)*\sum_{j=1}^{K} exp(aj)}$$
(3)

$$= \frac{exp(a)}{\sum_{j=1}^{K} exp(aj)}$$
 (4)

$$= softmax(a)$$
 (5)

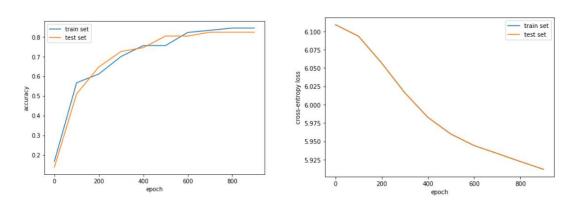
Part 2

In practice, why is the observation that the softmax function is invariant to constant offsets to its input important when implementing it in a neural network?

As the softmax function is invariant to constant offset, so the neural network doesn't need to worry about different offsets and the same information will be passed to next layer.

Problem 2

The one on the left should show the cross-entropy loss during training for both the train and test sets as a function of the number of training epochs. The plot on the right should show the mean per-class accuracy as a function of the number of training epochs on both the train set and the test set.



What is the best test accuracy your model achieved?

A: I achieved the 0.8235 in test accuracy.

```
In [138]: predict_all_score(X_train, y_train)
Out[138]: 0.81111111111111
In [139]: predict_all_score(X_test, y_test)
Out[139]: 0.8235294117647058
```

What hyperparameters did you use?

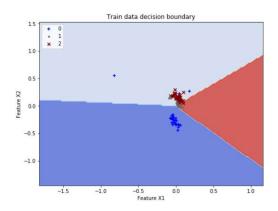
A: I used learning rate = 0.05, weight decay parameter = 0.00005, and moment parameter = 0

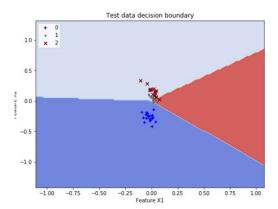
Would early stopping have helped improve accuracy on the test data?

A: In my case, the early stopping does not help improving accuracy on the test data as shown by the figure. The accuracy increases and coverages as number of epochs goes up.

Part 2 - Displaying Decision Boundaries (10 points)

Plot the decision boundaries learned by softmax classier on the Iris dataset, just like we saw in class. On top of the decision boundaries, generate a scatter plot of the training data. Make sure to label the categories.





Problem 3

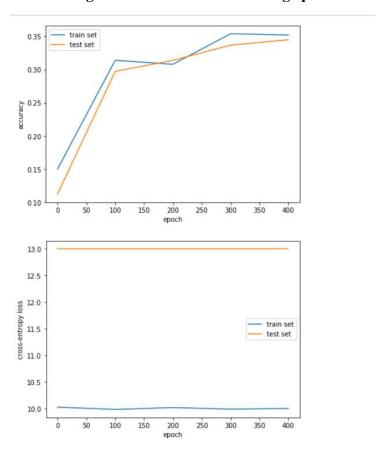
Visualizing and Loading CIFAR-10

```
n [10]: rows = 3
         fig, axes = plt.subplots(rows, cols, figsize=(12,6))
         image_to_show = []
         for label in range(10):
            images = find_3_image(label)
            image_to_show += images
         index = -1
         def getImage():
             global index
            index = index + 1
            return image_to_show[index]
         for i in range(rows*cols):
            row_index = i//cols
            col_index = i%cols
            ax = axes[row_index, col_index]
            img = getImage()
            img = Image.fromarray(img, 'RGB')
            ax.imshow(img)
```

Problem 4 - Classifying Images

```
In [74]: predict_all_score(trainFeat, trainLabels)
Out[74]: 0.3699
In [75]: predict_all_score(testFeat, testLabels)
Out[75]: 0.3642
```

Plot the training loss as a function of training epochs.



What were the best hyperparameters?

Learning rate = 0.001weight decay parameter = 0.000001moment parameter = 0.0001 Output the final test accuracy and a normalized 10 x 10 confusion matrix computed on the test partition. Make sure to label the columns and rows of the confusion matrix.

Problem 5

What is the range of the variables?

Below is the range for each feature:

```
1 max value is 3.057125650919129, min value is -6.849083082782316
    max value is 7.416758357286213, min value is -6.555528340337723
   max value is 8.909800665090884, min value is -8.780884858044628
   max value is 17.655495566858843, min value is -9.508265956216096
    max value is 11.751147673557183, min value is -7.675992494779988
   max value is 10.078955827995857, min value is -5.626714114321393
    max value is 11.988035286371067, min value is -12.745385152626366
    max value is 13.439546015479719, min value is -8.88108949454268
    max value is 13.477656715664258, min value is -12.30651844082854
   max value is 8.964286659489355, min value is -6.669483449570478
   max value is 7.090613474622595, min value is -15.9173020921891
11
    max value is 10.256871402741275, min value is -11.603864053505609
    max value is 23.21916834016465, min value is -1.508789561254468
14
   max value is 36.21243544046178, min value is -1.3886761916226775
15
   max value is 27.622341191920558, min value is -1.5406665361821796
16
    max value is 27.75638274198071, min value is -1.367072051717689
17
    max value is 39.85768818633951, min value is -1.8888189736697154
    max value is 27.664856069047893, min value is -1.5121923551980918
19
   max value is 31.772130622781464, min value is -1.8416672507025469
    max value is 29.33541309096434, min value is -1.6522304138211832
20
    max value is 43.08267110077384, min value is -1.8107157957520523
    max value is 20.567371293838274, min value is -1.8753572017985967
    max value is 34.65085989710159, min value is -1.5158824100031694
   max value is 61.936398065034204, min value is -1.8667518502902354
24
25
    max value is 16.497829487098826, min value is -23.55236406964639
    max value is 34.16368043201125, min value is -18.759232761884526
    max value is 26.701295863607218, min value is -21.965449084703526
28
    max value is 15.760863459929636, min value is -19.695013015868103
29
    max value is 19.984411722202072, min value is -20.651214124107554
   max value is 26.01622520953935, min value is -23.43217250821948
    max value is 18.38171921207375, min value is -38.4337429715435
   max value is 26.913289751090524, min value is -21.47552136986284
33
    max value is 38.658430819091876, min value is -22.686796102706356
    max value is 43.66878622365821, min value is -29.676686029337745
   max value is 42.73969111325339, min value is -23.35009041137857
    max value is 22.451164264136764, min value is -16.5294506387842
36
    max value is 34.17133567774759, min value is -20.20458339760652
38
    max value is 17.535609387550473, min value is -22.550542377818264
    max value is 23.981276751287915, min value is -36.8607413837146
40
   max value is 40.57390903479269, min value is -38.477315834136235
    max value is 29.48359273980198, min value is -38.92737597745639
41
    max value is 32.351904390614884, min value is -35.026191295936
   max value is 17.043481982632706, min value is -66.89825253913575
   max value is 47.62984167161246, min value is -28.048853701136
45 max value is 18.001136385216558, min value is -24.534094342025302
46 max value is 21.730001975546877, min value is -24.355785899112746
    max value is 19.113034444078647, min value is -31.7945548721705
48 max value is 21.653162468970763, min value is -15.77575612909508
49 max value is 20.09676129348846, min value is -31.274700917425
```

```
50 max value is 16.361524394112234, min value is -19.422051910864024
51 max value is 15.17976248861029, min value is -24.331477136593932
52 max value is 32.374908178003125, min value is -23.62533019782441
53 max value is 34.03531712974816, min value is -45.735719339860665
    max value is 34.72800284650435, min value is -26.374837355985363
   max value is 10.03385444023951, min value is -29.17142640360085
    max value is 25.203252073269628, min value is -16.825677314137348
   max value is 28.331337340840626, min value is -16.821773787690855
   max value is 48.550516051911494, min value is -17.66427470691089
59 max value is 31.864840200438696, min value is -18.104405235680094
60 max value is 39.698722120388, min value is -17.159926732185106
61 max value is 30.499482118753228, min value is -32.106106262404694
62 max value is 19.807472446621365, min value is -23.008332511230975
63 max value is 21.596164285026628, min value is -15.480212007073094
64 max value is 36.38139052991565, min value is -33.19882527793925
65 max value is 12.953710142993996, min value is -33.19510800657213
66 max value is 26.8789745171673, min value is -30.384861045790455
    max value is 20.563017884999763, min value is -12.046487422828838
    max value is 40.80568144992973, min value is -22.264477671767306
    max value is 49.62664979080883, min value is -18.291660748609335
   max value is 20.31257705619953, min value is -25.298460868485
    max value is 15.779512097107556, min value is -28.03941230474677
72 max value is 20.654769525357306, min value is -30.349222727979715
    max value is 13.12080070493906, min value is -51.06792320698983
74 max value is 26.135332370617878, min value is -28.496081579177115
   max value is 20.092760735263408, min value is -21.112497939863914
76 max value is 28.34786936625298, min value is -27.06916534552786
   max value is 37.4721516352411, min value is -36.59342209613789
78 max value is 23.52087258429061, min value is -14.220933006933384
79 max value is 24.059752970279526, min value is -41.28415783417706
80 max value is 29.90592306709198, min value is -38.567131237118566
Max value is 25.719032946393092, min value is -14.132656043786438
82 max value is 25.90149780010079, min value is -24.685748553422865
83 max value is 26.02149503890222, min value is -15.206857931705324
84 max value is 17.23188754215112, min value is -33.055586355207154
85 max value is 16.10764598262076, min value is -21.179812516019254
   max value is 31.87491321418461, min value is -27.869697708719848
87 max value is 16.41890153624518, min value is -24.649402777067586
88 max value is 34.45497067212309, min value is -18.05302343084412
89 max value is 39.89136634657852, min value is -40.456485512449646
90 max value is 27.19128707079417, min value is -14.494933136155161
```

How might you normalize them?

I subtract each year by the mean average of the training data.

For each feature, I subtract each feature by its mean and then divide the standard derivation.

```
In [26]: # normalize data
# trainFeat = normalize(trainFeat, axis=1, norm='l1')
# testFeat = normalize(testFeat, axis=1, norm='l1')

trainFeat_temp = trainFeat - trainFeat.mean(axis=0)
trainFeat_temp = trainFeat_temp / np.std(trainFeat, axis=0)

testFeat_temp = testFeat - trainFeat.mean(axis=0)
testFeat_temp = testFeat_temp / np.std(trainFeat, axis=0)

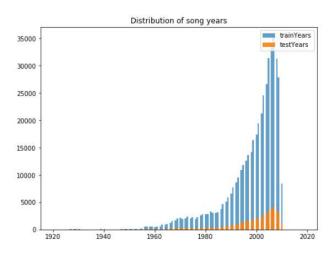
trainFeat = np.append(trainFeat_temp,np.ones([len(trainFeat_temp),1]),1)
testFeat = np.append(testFeat_temp,np.ones([len(testFeat_temp),1]),1)

In [61]: trainYearAverage = trainYears.mean()
In [62]: trainYears = trainYears - trainYearAverage
testYears = testYears - trainYearAverage
```

What years are represented in the dataset?

```
Min year is 1922
Max year is 2011
All years are dict_keys([2001, 2007, 2008, 2002, 2004, 2003, 1999, 1992, 1997, 1987, 2000, 2005, 1996, 1998, 2009, 2006, 1993, 1991, 1933, 1936, 1935, 1995, 1941, 1990, 1943, 1994, 1974, 1976, 1975, 1970, 1971, 1981, 1989, 1969, 1972, 1973, 1983, 2010, 1 985, 1988, 1979, 1980, 1986, 1958, 1978, 1968, 1962, 1967, 1982, 1984, 1961, 1966, 1964, 1960, 1965, 1963, 1977, 1942, 1945, 19 55, 1926, 1927, 1957, 1959, 1956, 1954, 1928, 1948, 1922, 1952, 1953, 1944, 1946, 1949, 1950, 1939, 1932, 1938, 1937, 1936, 194 0, 1951, 1929, 1934, 1947, 1931, 1925, 1924, 2011])
```

Generate a histogram of the labels in the train and test set and discuss any years or year ranges that are under/over-represented.



What will the test mean squared error (MSE) be if your classier always outputs the most common year in the dataset? What will the test MSE be if your classier always outputs 1998, the rounded mean of the years?

```
In [25]: mse_mean = musicMSE(train_years_list, [1998]*len(train_years_list))
    print("MSE that always outputs 1998 (mean) is "+str(mse_mean))

mse_most_common = musicMSE(train_years_list, [most_common_key]*len(train_years_list))
    print("MSE that always outputs the most common key "+str(most_common_key)+ " is "+str(mse_most_common))

MSE that always outputs 1998 (mean) is 119.82739576549339
    MSE that always outputs the most common key 2007 is 193.87802179791854
```

Part 2 - Ridge Regression

Test music MSE is 90.59

```
def sgd(x, y_pred, y):
        global w, alpha
        n = x.shape[0]
        y = y.reshape((y.shape[0], 1))
        value = alpha * w
        value -= 2 * (x * (y - y_pred)).sum(0).reshape((91, 1))
        w -= lr * value/n
In [81]: def train(X_train2, y_train2):
            global loss_value_previous, loss_value_current, w, lr
            epoch = 10000
            batch_size = 1000
            for i in range(epoch):
                if (i % 100 == 0):
                   lr = lr / 2
                random_index = np.random.choice(len(X_train2), size=batch_size, replace=True)
                X_mini_batch = X_train2[random_index]
                y_mini_batch = y_train2[random_index]
                pred = np.dot(X_mini_batch, w)
                sgd(X_mini_batch, pred, y_mini_batch)
In [82]: train(trainFeat, trainYears)
In [83]: def predict(X_all):
            predict = np.dot(X_all, w)
            return predict
In [84]: musicMSE(predict(testFeat).reshape(testFeat.shape[0],).tolist(), testYears)
Out[84]: 90.59326129962352
```

Part 3 - L1 Weight Decay

Test music MSE is 90.59, same as using L2.

```
def sgd1(x, y_pred, y):
    global w, alpha, lr
    y = y.reshape((y.shape[0], 1))
    value = alpha * w / abs(w)
    value -= 2 * ((x * (y -y_pred)).sum(0)).reshape((91,1))
    w -= lr * value / x.shape[0]
def train1(X_train2, y_train2):
    global loss_value_previous, loss_value_current, w, lr
    epoch = 10000
    batch_size = 1000
    for i in range(epoch):
        if (i % 100 == 0):
            lr = lr / 2
        random_index = np.random.choice(len(X_train2), size=batch_size, replace=True)
        X_mini_batch = X_train2[random_index]
        y_mini_batch = y_train2[random_index]
        pred = np.dot(X_mini_batch, w)
        sgd1(X_mini_batch, pred, y_mini_batch)
In [95]: train1(trainFeat, trainYears)
In [96]: #L1 music MSE
         musicMSE(predict(testFeat).reshape(testFeat.shape[0],).tolist(), testYears)
```

Out[96]: 90.59326129962352

February 19, 2019

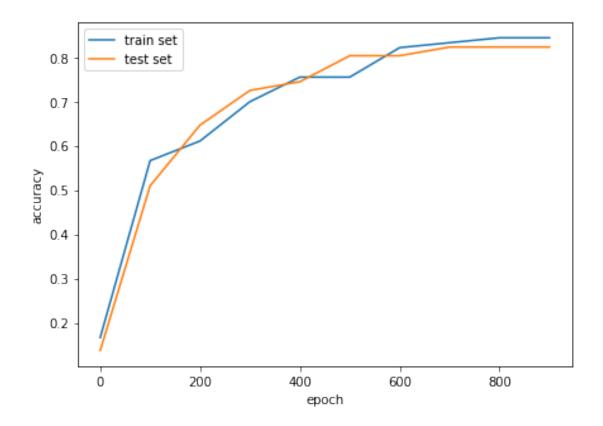
```
In [35]: # Q2
In [ ]: import numpy as np
        from matplotlib import pyplot as plt
In [2]: X_train = 0
        y_train = 0
        X_{test} = 0
        y_test = 0
In [3]: f = open("./iris-train.txt", "r")
        content = f.readlines()
        f.close()
        x1_list_train = []
        x2_list_train = []
        X_list_train = []
        y_list_train = []
        for line in content:
            if line.strip() != "":
                temp = line.split()
                y = int(temp[0])
                x1 = float(temp[1])
                x2 = float(temp[2])
                y_list_train.append(y)
                X_list_train.append([x1, x2])
        for name in X_list_train:
            x1_list_train.append(name[0])
            x2_list_train.append(name[1])
In [4]: f = open("./iris-test.txt", "r")
        content = f.readlines()
        f.close()
        x1_list_test = []
        x2_list_test = []
```

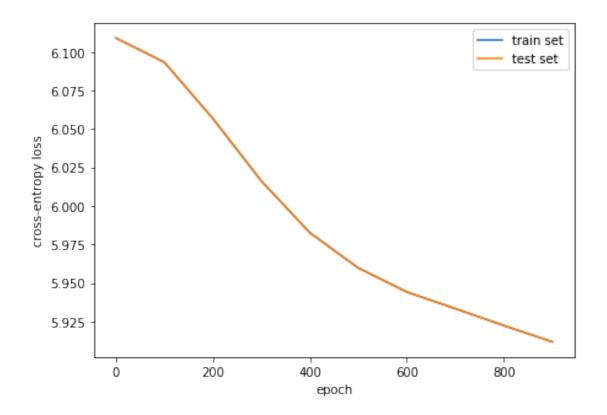
```
X_list_test = []
        y_list_test = []
        for line in content:
            if line.strip() != "":
                temp = line.split()
                y = int(temp[0])
                x1 = float(temp[1])
                x2 = float(temp[2])
                y_list_test.append(y)
                X_list_test.append([x1, x2])
        for name in X_list_test:
            x1_list_test.append(name[0])
            x2_list_test.append(name[1])
In [5]: def norm(base_list, list_number):
            average = sum(base list)/len(base list)
            ret = []
            for number in list number:
                  ret.append(number-average)
                ret.append((number-average)/(max(base_list)-min(base_list))*2)
            return ret
In [6]: x1_list_train_copy = norm(x1_list_train, x1_list_train)
        x2_list_train_copy = norm(x2_list_train, x2_list_train)
        x1_list_test_copy = norm(x1_list_train, x1_list_test)
        x2_list_test_copy = norm(x2_list_train, x2_list_test)
In [7]: temp_x_train = []
        for i in range(len(x1_list_train_copy)):
            temp_x_train.append([x1_list_train_copy[i], x2_list_train_copy[i], 1.0])
        temp x test = []
        for i in range(len(x1_list_test_copy)):
            temp_x_test.append([x1_list_test_copy[i], x2_list_test_copy[i], 1.0])
In [8]: X_train = np.array(temp_x_train)
        y_train = X = np.array(y_list_train)
        X_test = np.array(temp_x_test)
        y_test = np.array(y_list_test)
        X_train_num = X_train.shape[0]
        y_train_num = X_train.shape[0]
        X_test_num = X_test.shape[0]
        y_test_num = y_test.shape[0]
In [9]: # above is for setup
In [130]: w1 = np.random.random((1, 3))
          w2 = np.random.random((1, 3))
```

```
w3 = np.random.random((1, 3))
          v1 = 0
          v2 = 0
          v3 = 0
In [131]: alpha = 0.05
          r = 0.00005
          lamb = 0
          def weight_decay(w):
              return r*0.5*(np.dot(w,w.transpose()))
          def soft_max(x_one, w):
                return np.exp(np.dot(w, x_one))/(np.exp(np.dot(w1, x_one))+np.exp(np.dot(w2, x_one)))
              return np.exp(np.dot(x_one, w.transpose()))/(np.exp(np.dot(x_one, w1.transpose()))
          def one_pass_w1(x_one, y_one):
              global w1, v1
              is_w = y_one.copy()
              for i in range(is_w.shape[0]):
                  if is_w[i] != 1:
                      is_w[i] = 0
              is_w = is_w.reshape(is_w.shape[0], 1)
              derivatives_list = x_one*(is_w-soft_max(x_one, w1))
              derivatives = np.mean(derivatives_list, axis=0) # should be negative
              v1 = lamb*v1-alpha*derivatives
              w1 = w1-v1
          def one_pass_w2(x_one, y_one):
              global w2, v2
              is_w = y_one.copy()
              for i in range(is_w.shape[0]):
                  if is_w[i] != 2:
                      is_w[i] = 0
              is_w = is_w.reshape(is_w.shape[0], 1)
              derivatives_list = x_one*(is_w-soft_max(x_one, w2))
              derivatives = np.mean(derivatives_list, axis=0) # should be negative
              v2 = lamb*v2-alpha*derivatives
              w2 = w2-v2
          def one_pass_w3(x_one, y_one):
              global w3, v3
              is_w = y_one.copy()
              for i in range(is_w.shape[0]):
                  if is_w[i] != 3:
                      is_w[i] = 0
              is_w = is_w.reshape(is_w.shape[0], 1)
              derivatives_list = x_one*(is_w-soft_max(x_one, w3))
```

```
derivatives = np.mean(derivatives_list, axis=0) # should be negative
              v3 = lamb*v3-alpha*derivatives
              v3 = v3 - v3
In [132]: def run_pass(X, y):
              one_pass_w1(X, y)
              one_pass_w2(X, y)
              one_pass_w3(X, y)
In [133]: def predict(X_one):
              p1 = soft_max(X_one, w1)
              p2 = soft_max(X_one, w2)
              p3 = soft_max(X_one, w3)
              if (p1 \ge p2 \text{ and } p1 \ge p3):
                   return 1
              if (p2 >= p1 \text{ and } p2 >= p3):
                   return 2
              if (p3 >= p1 \text{ and } p3 >= p2):
                   return 3
          def predict_all_score(X_all, Y_all):
              count = 0.0
              for i in range(X_all.shape[0]):
                   if (predict(X_all[i])) == Y_all[i]:
                       count = count + 1
              return count/X_all.shape[0]
In [134]: loss_train_x = []
          cross_loss_train_x = []
          loss_train_y = []
          loss_test_x = []
          cross_loss_test_x = []
          loss_test_y = []
In [135]: def cross_loss(X_all, y_all):
              loss = 0.0
              for i in range(X_all.shape[0]):
                   x_one = X_all[i]
                   current = np.asarray([soft_max(x_one, w1), soft_max(x_one, w2), soft_max(x_one)
                   loss = loss + abs(current-y_all).sum()
              return np.log(loss/(X_all.shape[0]))
In [136]: def train(X_train, y_train):
              times = 1000
              batch_number = 20
              for i in range(times):
                   if (i\%100 == 0):
                       print(cross_loss(X_train, y_train))
```

```
loss_train_x append(predict_all_score(X_train, y_train))
                      cross_loss_train_x.append(cross_loss(X_train, y_train))
                      loss_train_y.append(i)
                      loss_test_x.append(predict_all_score(X_test, y_test))
                      cross_loss_test_x.append(cross_loss(X_train, y_train))
                      loss_test_y.append(i)
                  batch_size = int(len(X_train)/batch_number)
                  for i in range(batch_number):
                      run_pass(X_train[i*batch_size:i*batch_size+batch_size], y_train[i*batch_size]
In [137]: train(X train, y train)
6.109226819165089
6.093510357104801
6.056933338973956
6.016329591168826
5.982721858130556
5.959801510446369
5.944183875639426
5.9334013455228956
5.922379382834747
5.911800123084676
In [138]: predict_all_score(X_train, y_train)
Out[138]: 0.8111111111111111
In [139]: predict_all_score(X_test, y_test)
Out[139]: 0.8235294117647058
In [142]: plt.subplots(figsize=(7,5))
          plt.plot(loss_train_y, loss_train_x, label="train set")
          plt.plot(loss_test_y, loss_test_x, label="test set")
          plt.ylabel('accuracy')
          plt.xlabel('epoch')
          plt.legend()
          plt.show()
          plt.subplots(figsize=(7,5))
          plt.plot(loss_train_y, cross_loss_train_x, label="train set")
          plt.plot(loss_test_y, cross_loss_test_x, label="test set")
          plt.ylabel('cross-entropy loss')
          plt.xlabel('epoch')
          plt.legend()
          plt.show()
```





q34

February 19, 2019

```
In [1]: # Q3 & Q4
In [ ]: %matplotlib inline
       import pickle
       import numpy as np
       import cv2
       from matplotlib import pyplot as plt
       from PIL import Image
In [2]: NUM = 10000
In [3]: def unpickle(file):
           with open(file, 'rb') as fo:
               dict = pickle.load(fo, encoding='bytes')
           return dict
In [4]: '''
       b'batch_label'
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       10000
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\labels'\n10000\nb'data'\n10000\nb'filenames'\n10000\n''
In [5]: def loadImageToRgbList(path):
           image_list_all = unpickle(path)[b'data']
           ret = []
           for i in range(NUM):
               image_list = image_list_all[i]
               r = image_list[:32*32]
               g = image_list[32*32:32*32*2]
               b = image_list[32*32*2:]
```

```
image = []
                for ii in range(32*32):
                    image.append([r[ii], g[ii], b[ii]])
                ret.append(image)
            return ret
In [6]: def loadLabelToArray(path):
            return unpickle(path)[b'labels'][:NUM]
In [7]: trainFeat = np.asarray(loadImageToRgbList("./cifar-10-batches-py/data_batch_1"))
        trainLabels = np.asarray(loadLabelToArray("./cifar-10-batches-py/data_batch_1"))
        trainFeat2 = np.asarray(loadImageToRgbList("./cifar-10-batches-py/data_batch_2"))
        trainLabels2 = np.asarray(loadLabelToArray("./cifar-10-batches-py/data_batch_2"))
        trainFeat3 = np.asarray(loadImageToRgbList("./cifar-10-batches-py/data_batch_3"))
        trainLabels3 = np.asarray(loadLabelToArray("./cifar-10-batches-py/data_batch_3"))
        trainFeat4 = np.asarray(loadImageToRgbList("./cifar-10-batches-py/data_batch_4"))
        trainLabels4 = np.asarray(loadLabelToArray("./cifar-10-batches-py/data_batch_4"))
        trainFeat5 = np.asarray(loadImageToRgbList("./cifar-10-batches-py/data_batch_5"))
        trainLabels5 = np.asarray(loadLabelToArray("./cifar-10-batches-py/data_batch_5"))
        testFeat = np.asarray(loadImageToRgbList("./cifar-10-batches-py/test_batch"))
        testLabels = np.asarray(loadLabelToArray("./cifar-10-batches-py/test_batch"))
In [8]: trainFeat = trainFeat.reshape(NUM, 32, 32, 3)
        testFeat = testFeat.reshape(NUM, 32, 32, 3)
In [9]: def find_3_image(label):
            count = 3
            ret = []
            for i in range(NUM):
                if (count == 0):
                    break
                if (trainLabels[i] == label):
                    ret.append(trainFeat[i])
                    count = count - 1
            return ret
In [10]: rows = 3
         cols = 10
         fig, axes = plt.subplots(rows, cols, figsize=(12,6))
         image_to_show = []
         for label in range(10):
             images = find_3_image(label)
             image_to_show += images
```

```
index = -1
         def getImage():
             global index
             index = index + 1
             return image_to_show[index]
         for i in range(rows*cols):
             row_index = i//cols
             col_index = i%cols
             ax = axes[row_index, col_index]
             img = getImage()
             img = Image.fromarray(img, 'RGB')
             ax.imshow(img)
In [11]: trainFeat = trainFeat.reshape(NUM, 32*32*3)
         trainFeat2 = trainFeat2.reshape(NUM, 32*32*3)
         trainFeat3 = trainFeat3.reshape(NUM, 32*32*3)
         trainFeat4 = trainFeat4.reshape(NUM, 32*32*3)
         trainFeat5 = trainFeat5.reshape(NUM, 32*32*3)
         testFeat = testFeat.reshape(NUM, 32*32*3)
In [12]: mean = lambda x: x/10000
         vfunc = np.vectorize(mean)
         trainFeat = vfunc(trainFeat)
         trainFeat2 = vfunc(trainFeat2)
         trainFeat3 = vfunc(trainFeat3)
```

trainFeat4 = vfunc(trainFeat4)

```
trainFeat5 = vfunc(trainFeat5)
         testFeat = vfunc(testFeat)
In [13]: X_train = np.stack((trainFeat, trainFeat2, trainFeat3, trainFeat4, trainFeat5))
         y_train = np.stack((trainLabels, trainLabels2, trainLabels3, trainLabels4, trainLabels
In [14]: X_train = X_train.reshape(NUM*5, 3072)
         y_train = y_train.reshape(NUM*5)
In [15]: # above is for load data
In [16]: w0 = np.random.random((1, 32*32*3))
         w1 = np.random.random((1, 32*32*3))
         w2 = np.random.random((1, 32*32*3))
         w3 = np.random.random((1, 32*32*3))
         w4 = np.random.random((1, 32*32*3))
         w5 = np.random.random((1, 32*32*3))
         w6 = np.random.random((1, 32*32*3))
         w7 = np.random.random((1, 32*32*3))
         w8 = np.random.random((1, 32*32*3))
         w9 = np.random.random((1, 32*32*3))
         v0 = 0
         v1 = 0
         v2 = 0
         v3 = 0
         v4 = 0
         v5 = 0
         v6 = 0
         v7 = 0
         v8 = 0
         v9 = 0
In [17]: alpha = 10 # due to a 1/10000 re-scale in input, otherwise learning rate should be 0.
         r = 0.000001
         lamb = 0.0001
         def weight_decay(w):
             return r*0.5*(np.dot(w,w.transpose()))
         def soft_max(x_one, w):
             return np.exp(np.dot(x_one, w.transpose())) / (
             np.exp(np.dot(x_one, w0.transpose())) +
             np.exp(np.dot(x_one, w1.transpose())) +
             np.exp(np.dot(x_one, w2.transpose())) +
             np.exp(np.dot(x_one, w3.transpose())) +
             np.exp(np.dot(x_one, w4.transpose())) +
             np.exp(np.dot(x_one, w5.transpose())) +
             np.exp(np.dot(x_one, w6.transpose())) +
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np.exp(np.dot(x_one, w7.transpose())) +
             np.exp(np.dot(x_one, w8.transpose())) +
             np.exp(np.dot(x_one, w9.transpose()))) + weight_decay(w)
In [18]: loss_train_x = []
         cross_loss_train_x = []
         loss_train_y = []
         loss_test_x = []
         cross_loss_test_x = []
         loss_test_y = []
In [19]: def one_pass_w0(x_one, y_one):
             global w0, v0
             is_w = y_one.copy()
             for i in range(is_w.shape[0]):
                 if is_w[i]!=0:
                     is_w[i] = 0
                 else:
                     is_w[i] = 1
             is_w = is_w.reshape(is_w.shape[0], 1)
             derivatives_list = x_one*(is_w-soft_max(x_one, w0))
             derivatives = np.mean(derivatives_list, axis=0) # should be negative
             v0 = lamb*v0-alpha*derivatives
             0v - 0w = 0w
               print(w0)
         def one_pass_w1(x_one, y_one):
             global w1, v1
             is_w = y_one.copy()
             for i in range(is_w.shape[0]):
                 if is_w[i]!=1:
                     is_w[i] = 0
                 else:
                     is_w[i] = 1
             is_w = is_w.reshape(is_w.shape[0], 1)
             derivatives_list = x_one*(is_w-soft_max(x_one, w1))
             derivatives = np.mean(derivatives_list, axis=0) # should be negative
             v1 = lamb*v1-alpha*derivatives
             w1 = w1-v1
         def one_pass_w2(x_one, y_one):
             global w2, v2
             is_w = y_one.copy()
             for i in range(is_w.shape[0]):
                 if is_w[i]!=2:
                     is_w[i] = 0
                 else:
                     is_w[i] = 1
```

```
is_w = is_w.reshape(is_w.shape[0], 1)
    derivatives_list = x_one*(is_w-soft_max(x_one, w2))
    derivatives = np.mean(derivatives_list, axis=0) # should be negative
    v2 = lamb*v2-alpha*derivatives
    w2 = w2-v2
def one_pass_w3(x_one, y_one):
    global w3, v3
    is_w = y_one.copy()
    for i in range(is_w.shape[0]):
        if is_w[i]!=3:
            is_w[i] = 0
        else:
            is_w[i] = 1
    is_w = is_w.reshape(is_w.shape[0], 1)
    derivatives_list = x_one*(is_w-soft_max(x_one, w3))
    derivatives = np.mean(derivatives_list, axis=0) # should be negative
    v3 = lamb*v3-alpha*derivatives
    Ev-Ew = Ew
def one_pass_w4(x_one, y_one):
    global w4, v4
    is_w = y_one.copy()
    for i in range(is_w.shape[0]):
        if is_w[i]!=4:
            is_w[i] = 0
        else:
            is_w[i] = 1
    is_w = is_w.reshape(is_w.shape[0], 1)
    derivatives_list = x_one*(is_w-soft_max(x_one, w4))
    derivatives = np.mean(derivatives_list, axis=0) # should be negative
    v4 = lamb*v4-alpha*derivatives
    w4 = w4-v4
def one_pass_w5(x_one, y_one):
    global w5, v5
    is_w = y_one.copy()
    for i in range(is_w.shape[0]):
        if is_w[i]!=5:
            is_w[i] = 0
        else:
            is_w[i] = 1
    is_w = is_w.reshape(is_w.shape[0], 1)
    derivatives_list = x_one*(is_w-soft_max(x_one, w5))
    derivatives = np.mean(derivatives_list, axis=0) # should be negative
    v5 = lamb*v5-alpha*derivatives
    w5 = w5-v5
```

```
def one_pass_w6(x_one, y_one):
   global w6, v6
    is_w = y_one.copy()
    for i in range(is_w.shape[0]):
        if is w[i]!=6:
            is_w[i] = 0
        else:
            is_w[i] = 1
    is_w = is_w.reshape(is_w.shape[0], 1)
    derivatives_list = x_one*(is_w-soft_max(x_one, w6))
    derivatives = np.mean(derivatives_list, axis=0) # should be negative
    v6 = lamb*v6-alpha*derivatives
    w6 = w6 - v6
def one_pass_w7(x_one, y_one):
   global w7, v7
    is_w = y_one.copy()
    for i in range(is_w.shape[0]):
        if is_w[i]!=7:
            is w[i] = 0
        else:
            is w[i] = 1
    is_w = is_w.reshape(is_w.shape[0], 1)
    derivatives_list = x_one*(is_w-soft_max(x_one, w7))
    derivatives = np.mean(derivatives_list, axis=0) # should be negative
    v7 = lamb*v7-alpha*derivatives
    w7 = w7 - v7
def one_pass_w8(x_one, y_one):
    global w8, v8
    is_w = y_one.copy()
    for i in range(is_w.shape[0]):
        if is_w[i]!=8:
            is_w[i] = 0
        else:
            is_w[i] = 1
    is_w = is_w.reshape(is_w.shape[0], 1)
    derivatives_list = x_one*(is_w-soft_max(x_one, w8))
    derivatives = np.mean(derivatives_list, axis=0) # should be negative
    v8 = lamb*v8-alpha*derivatives
    8v-8w = 8w
def one_pass_w9(x_one, y_one):
    global w9, v9
    is_w = y_one.copy()
    for i in range(is_w.shape[0]):
        if is_w[i]!=9:
            is_w[i] = 0
```

```
else:
                     is_w[i] = 1
             is_w = is_w.reshape(is_w.shape[0], 1)
             derivatives_list = x_one*(is_w-soft_max(x_one, w9))
             derivatives = np.mean(derivatives_list, axis=0) # should be negative
             v9 = lamb*v9-alpha*derivatives
             w9 = w9 - v9
In [20]: def run_pass(X, y):
             one_pass_w0(X, y)
             one_pass_w1(X, y)
             one_pass_w2(X, y)
             one_pass_w3(X, y)
             one_pass_w4(X, y)
             one_pass_w5(X, y)
             one_pass_w6(X, y)
             one_pass_w7(X, y)
             one_pass_w8(X, y)
             one_pass_w9(X, y)
In [21]: def predict(X_one):
             p0 = soft_max(X_one, w0)
             p1 = soft_max(X_one, w1)
             p2 = soft_max(X_one, w2)
             p3 = soft_max(X_one, w3)
             p4 = soft_max(X_one, w4)
             p5 = soft_max(X_one, w5)
             p6 = soft_max(X_one, w6)
             p7 = soft_max(X_one, w7)
             p8 = soft_max(X_one, w8)
             p9 = soft_max(X_one, w9)
             results = [p0, p1, p2, p3, p4, p5, p6, p7, p8, p9]
             max_p = max(results)
             ret = results.index(max_p)
             return ret
         def predict_all_score(X_all, Y_all):
             count = 0.0
             for i in range(X_all.shape[0]):
                 if (predict(X_all[i])) == Y_all[i]:
                     count = count + 1
             return count/X_all.shape[0]
In [22]: def cross_loss(X_all, y_all):
             current = np.asarray([soft_max(X_all, w0), soft_max(X_all, w1), soft_max(X_all, w1)
                                       soft_max(X_all, w4), soft_max(X_all, w5), soft_max(X_all
                                        soft_max(X_all, w8), soft_max(X_all, w9)
```

```
1)
             loss = abs(current-y_all).sum()
             return np.log(loss/(X_all.shape[0]))
In [23]: def train(X_train2, y_train2):
             epoch = 500
             batch_size = 500
             for i in range(epoch):
                 print("running " + str(i))
                 random_index = np.random.choice(len(X_train2), size=batch_size, replace=True)
                 X_mini_batch = X_train2[random_index]
                 y_mini_batch = y_train2[random_index]
                 run_pass(X_mini_batch, y_mini_batch)
                 if (i\%100 == 0):
                     loss_train_x.append(predict_all_score(X_mini_batch, y_mini_batch))
                     cross_loss_train_x.append(cross_loss(X_mini_batch, y_mini_batch))
                     loss_train_y.append(i)
                     loss_test_x.append(predict_all_score(testFeat, testLabels))
                     cross_loss_test_x.append(cross_loss(testFeat, testLabels))
                     loss_test_y.append(i)
In [24]: train(X_train, y_train)
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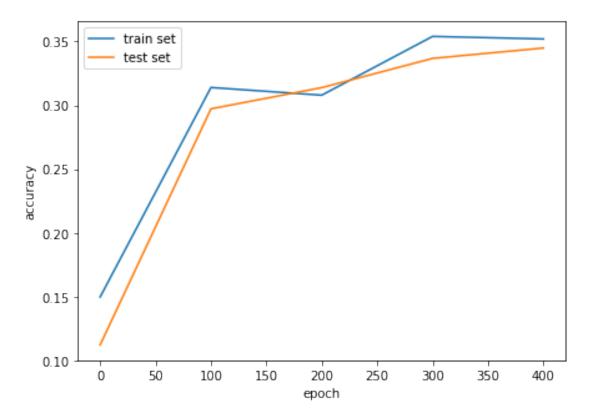
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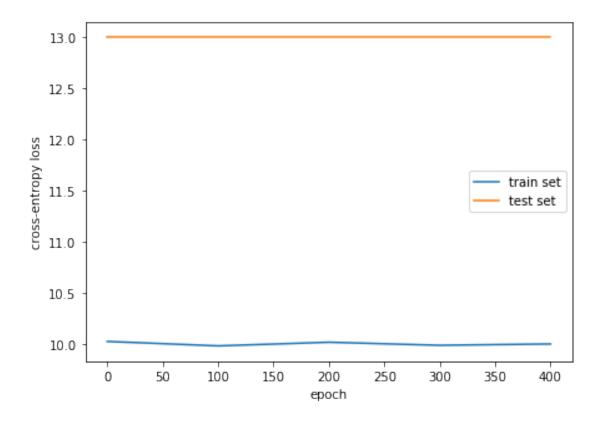
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- running 496
- running 497
- running 498
- running 499

```
In [25]: predict_all_score(trainFeat, trainLabels)
Out[25]: 0.3546
In [26]: predict_all_score(testFeat, testLabels)
Out[26]: 0.35
In [27]: plt.subplots(figsize=(7,5))
        plt.plot(loss_train_y, loss_train_x, label="train set")
        plt.plot(loss_test_y, loss_test_x, label="test set")
         plt.ylabel('accuracy')
         plt.xlabel('epoch')
         plt.legend()
        plt.show()
        plt.subplots(figsize=(7,5))
         plt.plot(loss_train_y, cross_loss_train_x, label="train set")
         plt.plot(loss_test_y, cross_loss_test_x, label="test set")
         plt.ylabel('cross-entropy loss')
        plt.xlabel('epoch')
        plt.legend()
        plt.show()
```





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```
In [18]: # Q5
In [ ]: import numpy as np
        from sklearn.preprocessing import normalize
In [19]: f = open("./YearPredictionMSD.txt", "r")
         content = f.readlines()
         f.close()
In [20]: train_features_list = []
        train_years_list = []
         START = 463714
         END = len(content)
         # START = 100
         # END = 200
         for line in content[:START]:
             items = line.split(",")
             train_years_list.append(int(items[0]))
             temp_list = list(map(float, items[1:]))
             train_features_list.append(temp_list)
In [21]: test_features_list = []
         test years list = []
         for line in content[START:END]:
             items = line.split(",")
             test_years_list.append(int(items[0]))
             temp_list = list(map(float, items[1:]))
             test_features_list.append(temp_list)
In [22]: trainFeat = np.asarray(train_features_list)
         trainYears = np.asarray(train_years_list)
         testFeat = np.asarray(test_features_list)
         testYears = np.asarray(test_years_list)
In [23]: def musicMSE(pred, gt):
             pred = np.round(pred)
```

```
loss = (pred - gt) ** 2
                             return loss.sum() / len(gt)
In [24]: # range of the years
                    min_year = min(train_years_list)
                    max_year = max(train_years_list)
                    year_times_map = {}
                    for year in train_years_list:
                             if year in year_times_map:
                                      year_times_map[year] += 1
                             else:
                                      year_times_map[year] = 1
                    most_common_key = max(year_times_map, key=year_times_map.get)
                    print("Min year is "+str(min_year))
                    print("Max year is "+str(max_year))
                    print("All years are "+str(year_times_map.keys()))
Min year is 1922
Max year is 2011
All years are dict_keys([2001, 2007, 2008, 2002, 2004, 2003, 1999, 1992, 1997, 1987, 2000, 2004, 2005, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006, 2006,
In [25]: mse_mean = musicMSE(train_years_list, [1998]*len(train_years_list))
                    print("MSE that always outputs 1998 (mean) is "+str(mse_mean))
                    mse_most_common = musicMSE(train_years_list, [most_common_key]*len(train_years_list))
                    print("MSE that always outputs the most common key "+str(most_common_key)+ " is "+str
MSE that always outputs 1998 (mean) is 119.82739576549339
MSE that always outputs the most common key 2007 is 193.87802179791854
In [26]: # normalize data
                    # trainFeat = normalize(trainFeat, axis=1, norm='l1')
                    # testFeat = normalize(testFeat, axis=1, norm='l1')
                    trainFeat_temp = trainFeat - trainFeat.mean(axis=0)
                    trainFeat_temp = trainFeat_temp / np.std(trainFeat, axis=0)
                    testFeat_temp = testFeat - trainFeat.mean(axis=0)
                    testFeat_temp = testFeat_temp / np.std(trainFeat, axis=0)
                    trainFeat = np.append(trainFeat_temp,np.ones([len(trainFeat_temp),1]),1)
                    testFeat = np.append(testFeat_temp,np.ones([len(testFeat_temp),1]),1)
In [61]: trainYearAverage = trainYears.mean()
```

```
In [62]: trainYears = trainYears - trainYearAverage
         testYears = testYears - trainYearAverage
In [63]: print(trainFeat.shape)
         print(testFeat.shape)
(463714, 91)
(51631, 91)
In [67]: trainYears
Out[67]: array([2.61392367, 2.61392367, 2.61392367, ..., 7.61392367, 8.61392367,
                7.61392367])
In [29]: # above is for loading data
In [79]: w = np.random.random((trainFeat.shape[1], 1))
         lr = 0.1
         alpha = 0.005
In [94]: \# sum(i-N) xi*2(wx-y) + 2*a*w
         # def derv(w, x, y):
         #
               t1 = np.dot(x, w)
         #
               print(t1)
         #
               t15 = t1 - y.reshape((y.shape[0], 1)) # diff (90,1)
              t2 = x * t15
         #
               t3 = 2*np.mean(t2, axis=0)
              t3 = t3.reshape(((x.shape[1], 1)))
              t4 = 2*a*w
               return t3 + t4
         # def one_pass(X_all, y_all):
         #
               global w
               d = derv(w, X_all, y_all)
               w = w - alpha*d
         def sgd(x, y_pred, y):
             global w, alpha
             n = x.shape[0]
             y = y.reshape((y.shape[0], 1))
             value = alpha * w
             value -= 2 * (x * (y - y_pred)).sum(0).reshape((91, 1))
             w -= lr * value/n
         def sgd1(x, y_pred, y):
             global w, alpha, lr
             y = y.reshape((y.shape[0], 1))
             value = alpha * w / abs(w)
```

```
value -= 2 * ((x * (y -y_pred)).sum(0)).reshape((91,1))
             w -= lr * value / x.shape[0]
         def train1(X_train2, y_train2):
             global loss_value_previous, loss_value_current, w, lr
             epoch = 10000
             batch_size = 1000
             for i in range(epoch):
                 if (i % 100 == 0):
                     lr = lr / 2
                 random_index = np.random.choice(len(X_train2), size=batch_size, replace=True)
                 X_mini_batch = X_train2[random_index]
                 y_mini_batch = y_train2[random_index]
                 pred = np.dot(X_mini_batch, w)
                 sgd1(X_mini_batch, pred, y_mini_batch)
         def loss(w, x, y):
             global alpha
             t1 = np.dot(x,w)-y.reshape((y.shape[0], 1))
             t2 = np.linalg.norm(t1)
             t3 = alpha*(np.linalg.norm(w))
             return t2+t3
In [81]: def train(X_train2, y_train2):
             global loss_value_previous, loss_value_current, w, lr
             epoch = 10000
             batch_size = 1000
             for i in range(epoch):
                 if (i % 100 == 0):
                     lr = lr / 2
                 random_index = np.random.choice(len(X_train2), size=batch_size, replace=True)
                 X_mini_batch = X_train2[random_index]
                 y_mini_batch = y_train2[random_index]
                 pred = np.dot(X_mini_batch, w)
                 sgd(X_mini_batch, pred, y_mini_batch)
In [82]: train(trainFeat, trainYears)
In [83]: def predict(X_all):
             predict = np.dot(X_all, w)
             return predict
In [84]: musicMSE(predict(testFeat).reshape(testFeat.shape[0],).tolist(), testYears)
Out[84]: 90.59326129962352
In [95]: train1(trainFeat, trainYears)
In [96]: #L1 music MSE
         musicMSE(predict(testFeat).reshape(testFeat.shape[0],).tolist(), testYears)
```

Out[96]: 90.59326129962352