```
In [ ]:
1. What does an empty dictionary's code Look like?
In [1]:
d=\{\}
In [2]:
type(d)
Out[2]:
dict
In [ ]:
2. What is the value of a dictionary value with the key 'foo' and the value 42?
In [3]:
d['foo']=42
In [4]:
print(d)
{'foo': 42}
In [5]:
d = {'foo':42}
Out[5]:
{'foo': 42}
In [ ]:
3. What is the most significant distinction between a dictionary and a list?
Dictonary reprent key value pairs and duplicate keys are not allowed but in list duplicate
In [ ]:
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4. What happens if you try to access spam['foo'] if spam is {'bar': 100}?

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In [6]:
spam['foo']
                                           Traceback (most recent call last)
NameError
Input In [6], in <cell line: 1>()
----> 1 spam['foo']
NameError: name 'spam' is not defined
In [7]:
spam={'bar': 100}
In [8]:
spam
Out[8]:
{'bar': 100}
In [9]:
spam = {'bar': 100}
spam['foo'] #KeyError
KeyError
                                           Traceback (most recent call last)
Input In [9], in <cell line: 2>()
      1 spam = { 'bar': 100}
----> 2 spam['foo']
KeyError: 'foo'
In [ ]:
5. If a dictionary is stored in spam, what is the difference between the expressions 'cat'
Ans: function checks wheather 'cat' is present in dictionary as a key
In [ ]:
6. If a dictionary is stored in spam, what is the difference between the expressions 'cat'
Ans this function checks wheather 'cat' is present in dictonary as a value
In [ ]:
7. What is a shortcut for the following code?
if 'color' not in spam:
spam['color'] = 'black'
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In [10]:
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spam.setdefault('color', 'black')

Out[10]:
'black'
In [ ]:
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8. How do you "pretty print" dictionary values using which module and function?
Ans: module = pprint
function = pprint.pprint()
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