

## React Notes (Plain Text)

### --- Overview ---

React is a declarative, component based JavaScript library for building user interfaces. It uses a virtual DOM to efficiently update the real DOM.

### --- Core Concepts ---

Component: Reusable UI unit. Can be a function (Function Component) or a class (Class Component).

JSX: Syntax extension that looks like HTML; transpiled to `React.createElement` calls.

Props: Read only inputs passed from parent to child.

State: Mutable data local to a component; triggers re-render on change.

### --- Function Components ---

- Defined as a JavaScript function that returns JSX.
- Use React Hooks for state, side effects, refs, etc.

### --- Class Components ---

- Extend `React.Component`.
- Have a constructor, render method, and lifecycle methods (`componentDidMount`, etc.).
- Less common after Hooks were introduced.

### --- Hooks ---

`useState(initial)`: Returns `[value, setValue]`.

`useEffect(effect, deps?)`: Runs side effects; `deps` array controls when it runs.

`useContext(Context)`: Accesses nearest Context value.

useReducer(reducer, init): State management with reducer pattern.

useRef(initial): Mutable ref object; persists across renders.

useMemo(fn, deps): Memoizes expensive calculation.

useCallback(fn, deps): Memoizes function identity.

--- Lifecycle (Function Components via useEffect) ---

Mount: useEffect(() => { ... }, [])

Update: useEffect(() => { ... }, [deps])

Unmount: return () => { cleanup } from useEffect.

--- Context ---

1. Create: const MyContext =

React.createContext(defaultValue);

2. Provider: <MyContext.Provider value={...}>children</MyContext.Provider>

3. Consumer: useContext(MyContext) or <MyContext.Consumer>.

--- Routing ---

- React Router library (v6+).

- BrowserRouter wraps app.

- Routes: <Routes><Route path="/home" element={<Home/>} /></Routes>.

--- State Management ---

- Local: useState / useReducer.

- Global: Context API, Redux, Zustand, Recoil, Jotai, etc.

--- Performance Optimizations ---

React.memo(Component): Prevent re-render if props unchanged.

useMemo / useCallback: Memoize values and functions.

Lazy loading: `const LazyComp = React.lazy(() => import('./Comp'));`

Suspense: `<Suspense fallback={...}> <LazyComp/> </Suspense>`.

### --- Event Handling ---

- Synthetic events (cross browser wrapper).
- camelCase prop names: `onClick`, `onChange`.
- Prevent default: `e.preventDefault()`.

### --- Forms ---

- Controlled: value bound to state, `onChange` updates state.
- Uncontrolled: `useRef` to access DOM node values.

### --- Styling ---

- CSS Modules, Styled Components, Emotion, Tailwind, inline styles, CSS in JS.

### --- Testing ---

- Jest + React Testing Library for unit/component tests.
- Enzyme (legacy) for shallow rendering.
- Cypress for end to end testing.

### --- Common Patterns ---

Higher Order Component (HOC): function that returns a new component.

Render Props: prop that is a function returning JSX.

Compound Components: parent controls shared state for child components.

--- Project Structure (Typical) ---

```
src/  
  components/    // reusable UI pieces  
  pages/         // route level components  
  hooks/         // custom hooks  
  context/       // context providers  
  utils/         // helper functions  
  services/      // API calls  
  App.jsx  
  index.jsx
```

--- Build Tools ---

- Create React App (CRA) for zero config setup.
- Vite, Next.js, Remix for advanced bundling and SSR.

--- Important Packages ---

react, react-dom, react-router-dom, redux/@reduxjs/  
toolkit, @testing-library/react, styled-components, axios/  
fetch.

--- Tips ---

1. Keep components small and focused on a single responsibility.
2. Prefer function components + hooks over class components.
3. Use PropTypes or TypeScript for type safety.
4. Memoize expensive calculations, not premature.
5. Keep side effects inside useEffect; avoid direct DOM manipulation.

6. Follow the "single source of truth" principle for state.

--- Quick Reference Snippets ---

// Function component with state & effect

```
function Counter() {  
  const [count, setCount] = React.useState(0);  
  React.useEffect(() => {  
    console.log('Mounted or count changed');  
    return () => console.log('Cleanup');  
  }, [count]);  
  return (  
    <button onClick={() => setCount(c => c + 1)}>  
      Count: {count}  
    </button>  
  );  
}
```

// Custom hook example

```
function useFetch(url) {  
  const [data, setData] = React.useState(null);  
  const [loading, setLoading] = React.useState(true);  
  React.useEffect(() => {  
    fetch(url)  
      .then(r => r.json())  
      .then(d => { setData(d); setLoading(false); });  
  }, [url]);  
  return { data, loading };  
}
```

// Context provider

```
const ThemeContext = React.createContext('light');
function ThemeProvider({ children }) {
  const [theme, setTheme] = React.useState('light');
  return (
    <ThemeContext.Provider value={{ theme, setTheme }}>
      {children}
    </ThemeContext.Provider>
  );
}
```

```
// Using React.memo
const Expensive = React.memo(function
Expensive({ value }) {
  // heavy calculation...
  return <div>{value}</div>;
});
```

--- End of Notes ---