Capstone Project On Ted Talk Views prediction

Team name- Data Newbies

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OVERVIEW:

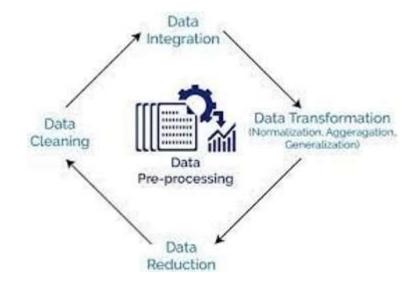
- TED is devoted to spreading powerful ideas on just about any topic. These datasets contain over 4,000 TED talks including transcripts in many languages Founded in 1984 by Richard Salman as a nonprofit organization that aimed at bringing experts from the fields of Technology, Entertainment, and Design together.
- TED Conferences have gone on to become the Mecca of ideas from virtually all walks of life.
- As of 2015, TED and its sister TEDx chapters have published more than 2000 talks for free consumption by the masses and its speaker list boasts of the likes of Al Gore, Jimmy Wales, Shahrukh Khan, and Bill Gates.
- The main objective is to build a predictive model, which could help in predicting the views of the videos uploaded on the TEDx website.

The dataset contains features

- talk id: Talk identification number provided by TED
- title: Title of the talk
- speaker_1: First speaker in TED's speaker list
- all_speakers: Speakers in the talk
- occupations: Occupations of the speakers
- about speakers: Blurb about each speaker
- recorded_date: Date the talk was recorded
- published_date: Date the talk was published to TED.com
- event: Event or medium in which the talk was given
- native_lang: Language the talk was given in
- available_lang: All available languages (lang_code) for a talk
- comments: Count of comments
- duration: Duration in seconds
- topics: Related tags or topics for the talk
- related_talks: Related talks (key='talk_id',value='title')
- url: URL of the talk description: Description of the talk
- transcript: Full transcript of the talk

Data Pipeline

- Understanding the Data
- EDA/Cleaning the Data: The data was checked for duplicate values, null and missing values, and primary inspection was performed. Exploratory data analysis was performed to analyse and visualize the data.
- Feature Engineering: Creating insightful features and transforming data.

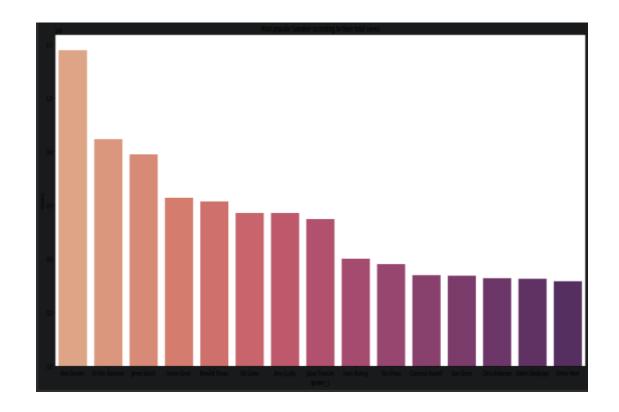


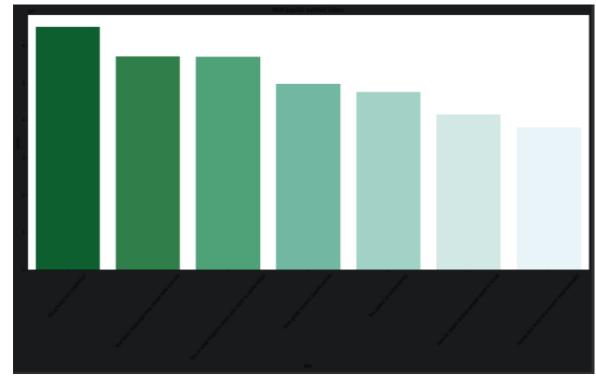
Checking for Null values

- ➤ Columns having Null Values
- Occupations
- About_Speakers
- Comments

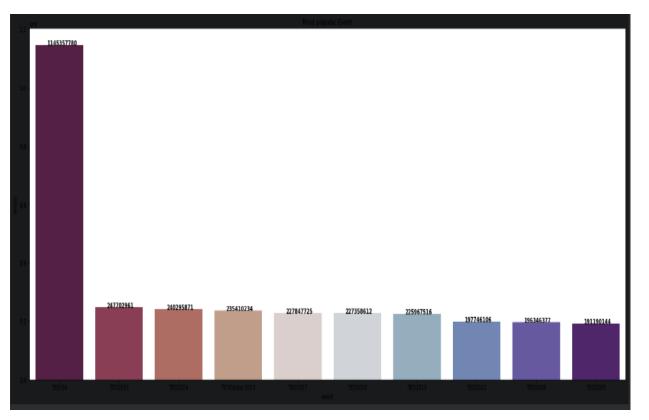
```
Checking and Treating Null values
    #checking for null values
    df.isnull().sum()
    talk id
                        0
    title
    speaker 1
                        0
    all_speakers
                        4
    occupations
                      522
    about_speakers
                      503
    views
    recorded date
    published_date
                        0
    event
                        0
    native lang
                        0
    available lang
                        0
    comments
                      655
    duration
                        0
    topics
                        0
    related_talks
                        0
    url
                        0
    description
                        0
    transcript
                        0
    dtype: int64
```

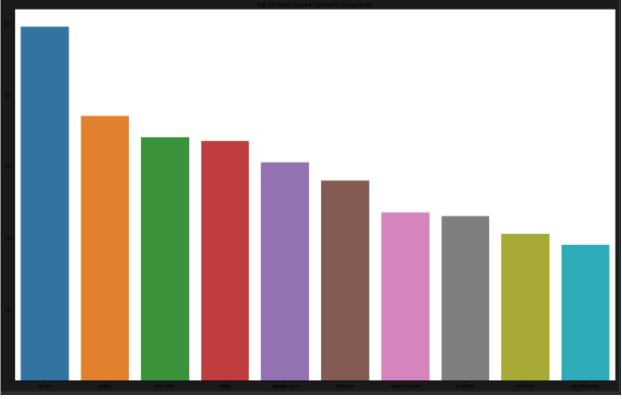
- Alex gendler is the most popular Ted Speaker.
- Do Schools kill creativity is the most watched video on Ted Platform.



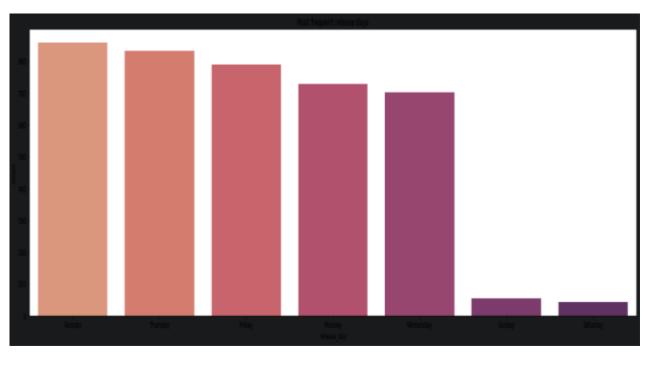


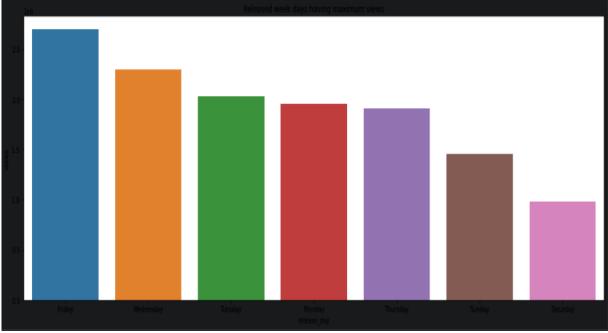
- TED-Ed is Most popular event on TED.
- Occupation of most frequent speaker is Writer followed by Author.



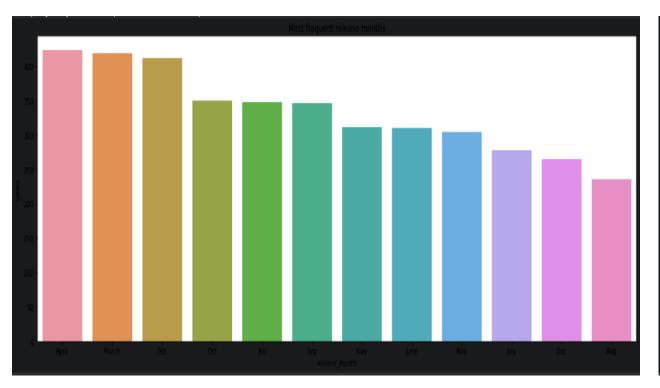


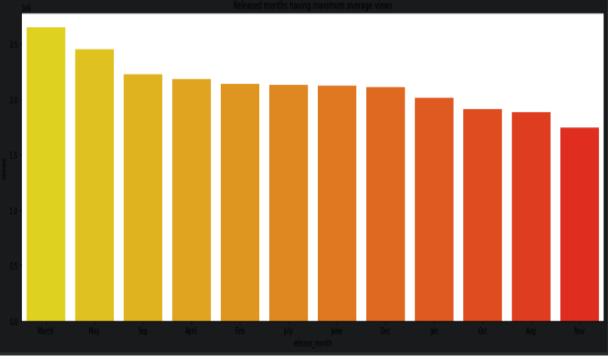
- Tuesday is the most frequent release day of the week followed by Thursday.
- Friday is the best release day of the week with respect to average views.



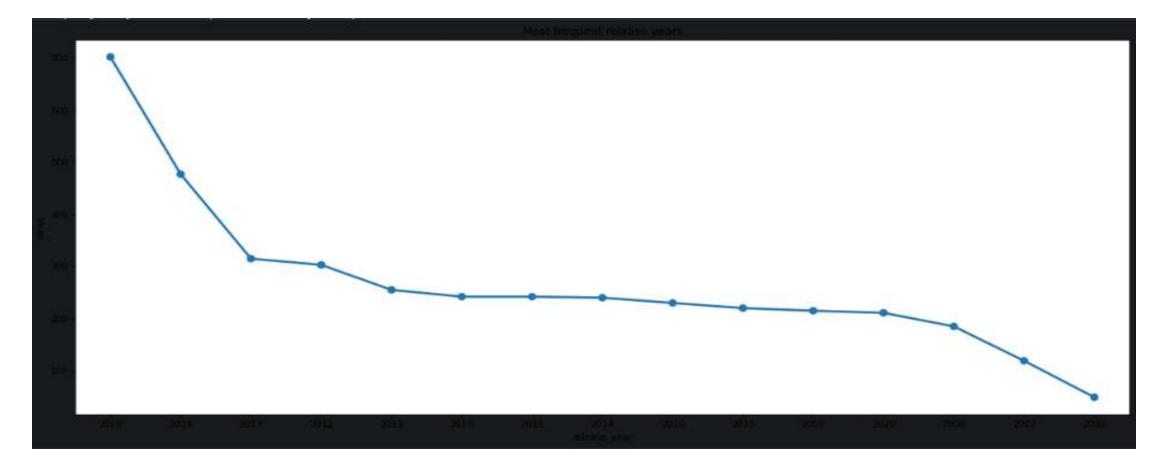


- April is the most frequent release month of the year.
- The month March has maximum average views followed by May.





- Most Videos are published in the year 2019 followed by 2018 and 2017.
- Least number in the year 2006.

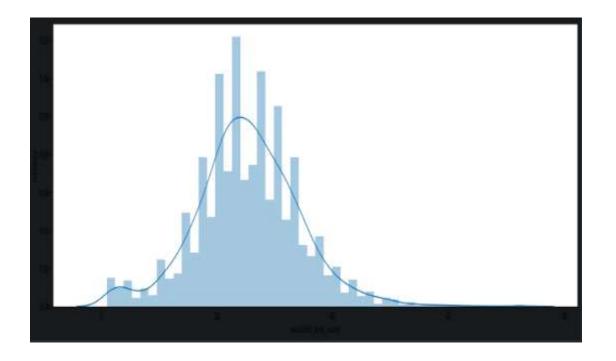


Feature Engineering

- Feature engineering is the process of using domain knowledge to extract features from raw data. The motivation is to use these extra features to improve the quality of results from a machine learning process, compared with supplying only the raw data to the machine learning process.
- ➤ We tried adding and removing some features in this section in order to make a perfect data matrix we can pass to a machine learning model. We will try to interpret categorical features as numeric to be passed to the ML models.
 - ☐ Speaker_avg_views
 - Event_wise_avg_views
 - ☐ Topic_wise_avg_views
 - □ Num_of_languages
 - ☐ Published_day

Feature Engineering





Feature Engineering on Speaker–1 Column and it is rightly Skewed.

As Skewness is less than 1, it is normal distribution

Machine Learning Model Used

- Linear Regressor
- Random forest Regressor
- XGB Regressor

Metrics Used

- R2
- RMSE
- MAE

Hyper - Parameter tuning

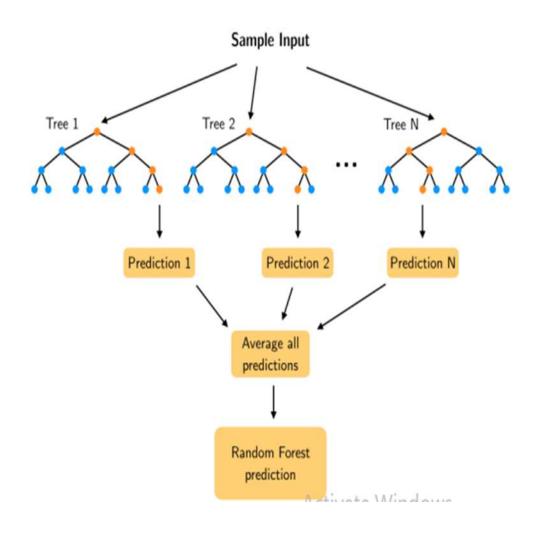
Random Search CV

Linear Regressor

- R2 Score for Train 0.8177
- R2 Score for Test 0.8520
- MAE Score for Train 271426.40
- MAE Score for Test 243353.57
- RMSE Score for Train 470463.24
- RMSE Score for Test 424644.19

Random Forest Regressor

- R2 Score for Train 0.8244
- R2 Score for Test 0.8438
- MAE Score for Train 185073.04
- MAE Score for Test 168953.27
- RMSE Score for Train 461787.90
- RMSE Score for Test 436254.71



XGB Regressor

- R2 Score for Train 0.9592
- R2 Score for Test 0.8649
- MAE Score for Train 119053.88
- MAE Score for Test 207756.24
- RMSE Score for Train 222622.28
- RMSE Score for Test 405676.23



Which Model Did we Choose And Why?

- ❖We choose **MAE** and not **RMSE** as the deciding factor of our model selection because of the following reasons:
- As we know, RMSE is more influenced by outliers MAE doesn't increase with outliers.
- ❖ MAE is linear and RMSE is quadratically increasing.
- So, We choosed MAE as a deciding factor for our model.
- On the basis of MAE, The best performing regression model is Rando m Forest Regressor.

CONCLUSION

- ➤ Through our Analysis, we have discovered key insights about what factors influence the Views gained by a video.
- ➤ Topics like Technology, Science, Education, Biology attract the attention of viewers more than other topics.
- ➤ Most TED Speaker's Occupation is Writer, followed by Author.
- ➤ The Hyperparameter Tuning prevented overfitting and decreased errors by regularzing the models.
- ➤ The Random Forest Regressor performed the best in terms of Mean Error, As we choose MAE as our deciding factor because MAE is not the Outliers.

Challenges and Future Scope

- Dataset have lots of textual and categorical data having high cardinality.
 - > So the conversion to meaningful numerical data was a challenge.
- Feature Engineering and Feature Extraction
 - > can always be improved in creative ways
 - We can explore more advanced feature encoding

Thank You