

FUTURE SCOPE:

The candidates who participated in the 2019 Lok Sabha elections in India continue to have various future scopes and opportunities within the realm of politics and public service:

1.Re-election: Many candidates who were unsuccessful in the 2019 elections may choose to run again in future elections, building on their experience and addressing the shortcomings of their previous campaigns.

2.Party Leadership: Candidates affiliated with political parties may aspire to rise within their party's ranks, aiming for leadership roles at the state or national level.

3. Cabinet Positions: Candidates from the winning party have the potential to be appointed to ministerial positions in the central government, contributing to policy formulation and governance.

4.Local Governance: Candidates can focus on grassroots politics by participating in local body elections, such as municipal or panchayat elections, where they can serve as mayors, councilors, or village heads.

5.Advocacy and Activism: Some candidates may transition into advocacy or activism, championing specific causes or issues that they are passionate about.

6.Public Service: Candidates who were not successful in the elections can explore careers in public service, working in government agencies or civil services to contribute to the nation's development.

7. Policy Think Tanks: Candidates with expertise in specific policy areas can join or establish think tanks to influence policy discussions and provide valuable insights.

8. Media and Commentary: Some candidates may become political commentators, analysts, or journalists, offering their perspectives on political developments.

9. Education and Research: Candidates with an academic inclination can pursue careers in education and research, contributing to political science, public policy, or related fields.

10.Social and Community Work: Candidates can engage in social and community work, addressing local issues and improving the welfare of their constituents.

11.International Engagement: Elected MPs may engage in diplomatic and international relations as India's representatives on the global stage.

12.Networking and Alliances: Candidates can build alliances and networks within and outside their political parties, fostering collaborations for future political endeavors.

The future scope for candidates in the 2019 Lok Sabha elections is diverse, with opportunities for those who wish to continue their political careers, serve the public, or contribute to various aspects of governance and policy. The path they choose often depends on their personal aspirations, political affiliations, and the needs of their constituents.