

Machine Learning
(Supervised machine learning)

1. Artificial Neural Network (ANN):

Regression:

- a. Simple / Linear regression
- b. Multiple linear regression
- c. Polynomial regression
- d. Support vector regression (SVR)
- e. Decision Tree
- f. Random Forest

Classification:

- a. Logistic regression
- b. K- Nearest Neighbour (KNN)
- c. Support vector machine (SVM)
- d. Decision Tree
 - # Entropy, Information Gain and GINI entropy
- e. Random Forest

Key concepts:

❖ **Activation Function**

- a. Sigmoid activation function : Used in o/p layer for Binary classification
- b. Softmax : Used in o/p layer for Multi classification
- c. Relu activation function : Used in hidden layers

❖ **Loss function / Cost function**

For Classification:

- a. Binary cross entropy
- b. Categorical cross entropy
- c. Sparse categorical cross entropy

For Regression:

- a. Mean absolute error (MAE)
- b. Mean square error (MSE)
- c. Root mean square error (RMSE)

❖ **Underfitting / Overfitting**

❖ **Bias/ Variance**

❖ **Hypothesis test : P- value**

❖ **Regularization :**

- a. L2 regularization and
- b. Dropout regularization

❖ **Outliers detection technique**

- a. Standard deviation
- b. Box plot
- c. Scatter plot

❖ **Encoding Technique**

- a. Label encoder
- b. One-Hot encoder

❖ **Feature scaling**

- a. Standardisation
- b. Normalisation

❖ **Optimizer Function**

- a. Gradient Descent (SGD) / Stochastic Gradient Descent (SGD) / Mini-Batch SGD

- b. SGD with momentum
- c. Adaptive Gradient (AdaGrad)
- d. RMS propagation / Ada delta
- e. Adam optimizer

❖ **Ensemble method**

a. Bagging

Random Forest

b. Boosting

- a. Adaptive Boost (Ada Boost)
- b. Gradient Boost
- c. Extreme Gradient Boost (XG Boost)

❖ **K- fold cross validation**

❖ **Performance Metrics**

For Classification:

- a. Confusion Matrix
- b. Recall / Precision / F1 Score

For Regression:

- a. R2 , Adjusted R2
- b. Mean square error (MSE) , RMSE, Mean absolute error (MAE)

2. Recurrent Neural Network (RNN) : For Time series data analysis

- RNN suitable where data in a particular time series is important.
- **Main Goal** : Predicting the future (Forecasting) and Assign the categories

Algorithm:

- a. Long-Short term memory (LSTM)

Continue