

# Rajalakshmi Engineering College

Name: RANNESH KHUMAR B R  
Email: 240701422@rajalakshmi.edu.in  
Roll no: 2116240701  
Phone: 9042350670  
Branch: REC  
Department: CSE - Section 8  
Batch: 2028  
Degree: B.E - CSE

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## 2024\_28\_III\_OOPS Using Java Lab

### REC\_2028\_OOPS using Java\_Week 4\_PAH

Attempt : 1  
Total Mark : 40  
Marks Obtained : 40

#### Section 1 : Coding

##### 1. Problem Statement

Sana is analyzing text for a secret code. She wants to find all words in a sentence that start and end with the same letter. These words are considered "special words" for her analysis.

Your task is to write a program that extracts and prints all words that start and end with the same letter (case-insensitive).

If no such word exists, print "No special words found".

##### ***Input Format***

The input contains a single line containing a sentence with multiple words.

##### ***Output Format***

The output prints all words that start and end with the same letter separated by a space.

If no word satisfies the condition, print "No special words found".

Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

### **Sample Test Case**

Input: Anna went to the civic center

Output: Anna civic

### **Answer**

```
// You are using Java
import java.util.*;
class main{
    public static void main(String[] args){
        Scanner scan= new Scanner(System.in);
        String[] words=scan.nextLine().split(" ");
        int flag=0;
        for(String word:words){
            String c=word.toUpperCase();
            if(c.charAt(0)==c.charAt(word.length()-1)){
                flag=1;
                System.out.print(word+" ");
            }
        }
        if(flag==0)
            System.out.print("No special words found");
    }
}
```

**Status :** Correct

**Marks :** 10/10

## **2. Problem Statement**

Riya is preparing a puzzle game for her friends. She wants to include a

feature that highlights special words in a sentence — specifically, palindromic words (words that read the same forward and backward).

Your task is to help Riya by writing a program that extracts all palindrome words from the given sentence. If there are no palindromes, print "No palindromes found".

### ***Input Format***

The input contains a single string S representing a sentence.

### ***Output Format***

The output prints all palindromic words separated by a space.

If no palindrome exists, print "No palindromes found".

Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

### ***Sample Test Case***

Input: madam went to school

Output: madam

### ***Answer***

```
import java.util.Scanner;

class Main {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
        String S = sc.nextLine();
        String[] words = S.split(" ");
        boolean found = false;
        boolean first = true;

        for (String word : words) {
            if (isPalindrome(word)) {
                if (first) {
                    System.out.print(word);
                    first = false;
                } else {
                    System.out.print(" " + word);
                }
            }
        }

        if (!found) {
            System.out.println("No palindromes found");
        } else {
            System.out.println();
        }
    }
}
```

```

        System.out.print(" " + word);
    }
    found = true;
}

if (!found) {
    System.out.println("No palindromes found");
}
}

private static boolean isPalindrome(String word) {
    int left = 0;
    int right = word.length() - 1;
    while (left < right) {
        if (word.charAt(left) != word.charAt(right)) {
            return false;
        }
        left++;
        right--;
    }
    return true;
}
}

```

**Status :** Correct

**Marks :** 10/10

### 3. Problem Statement

Ravi is analyzing text messages for his research on typing patterns. He wants to count the number of uppercase letters, lowercase letters, and digits in a sentence to understand typing trends.

Your task is to help Ravi by writing a program that takes a sentence and prints the count of uppercase letters, lowercase letters, and digits.

#### **Input Format**

The input contains a single line containing a sentence (string).

#### **Output Format**

The output prints three integers separated by spaces:

- Number of uppercase letters
- Number of lowercase letters
- Number of digits

Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

### **Sample Test Case**

Input: Hello World 123

Output: 2 8 3

### **Answer**

```
// You are using Java
import java.util.*;
class main{
    public static void main(String args[]){
        Scanner scan=new Scanner(System.in);
        String words=scan.nextLine();
        int u=0;
        int l=0;
        int d=0;
        for(int i=0;i<words.length();i++){
            if(Character.isUpperCase(words.charAt(i))){
                u++;
            }
            else if(Character.isLowerCase(words.charAt(i))){
                l++;
            }
            if(Character.isDigit(words.charAt(i))){
                d++;
            }
        }
        System.out.println(u+" "+l+" "+d);
    }
}
```

**Status :** Correct

**Marks :** 10/10

#### 4. Problem Statement

At a digital library, the system needs to analyze passages to identify the frequency of vowels, since they are key for linguistic research. You are asked to write a program that counts the number of vowels in each passage of text.

The vowels of interest are:

a, e, i, o, u (both uppercase and lowercase).

#### ***Input Format***

The first line of input contains an integer T, representing the number of test cases (passages).

Each of the next T lines contains a single passage of text.

#### ***Output Format***

For each test case, print a single integer representing the total number of vowels in the passage.

The first line of output corresponds to the first passage, the second line to the second passage, and so on.

Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

#### ***Sample Test Case***

Input: 1  
Hello World

Output: 3

#### ***Answer***

```
// You are using Java
import java.util.*;
class main{
    public static void main(String args[]){
        Scanner scan=new Scanner(System.in);
        int n=Integer.parseInt(scan.nextLine());
```

```
for(int j=0;j<n;j++){  
    int vow=0;  
    String word=scan.nextLine().toLowerCase();  
    for(int i=0;i<word.length();i++){  
        if(word.charAt(i)=='a' || word.charAt(i)=='e' || word.charAt(i)=='i' ||  
word.charAt(i)=='o' || word.charAt(i)=='u'){  
            vow++;  
        }  
    }  
    System.out.println(vow);  
    vow=0;  
}  
}
```

**Status :** Correct

**Marks :** 10/10