

# **OKTA Implementaion Flow for Insight Apllications**

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# OKTA Implementation for Insight Applications

Implement robust and scalable identity and access management (IAM) architecture using **Okta Enterprise Edition** to centralize authentication across multiple applications with varied tech stacks (Java/Spring Boot, Node.js, Angular, React) and a common SQL Server database.

This new architecture is designed to replace legacy user management flows handled via:

- **Entitlements App** (external user onboarding and approvals)
- **MIS App** (internal user provisioning and AD sync)

The new Okta-based system will unify and modernize authentication and authorization, eventually enabling **decommissioning** of Entitlements and MIS systems.

## Legacy System Overview

### Entitlements App (External Users)

- ❖ Users register via application login pages
- ❖ Approval workflow managed in Entitlements UI
- ❖ On approval, user added to central **Users** table with **IsInternal = 0**
- ❖ Fixed permissions assigned automatically

### MIS App (Internal Users)

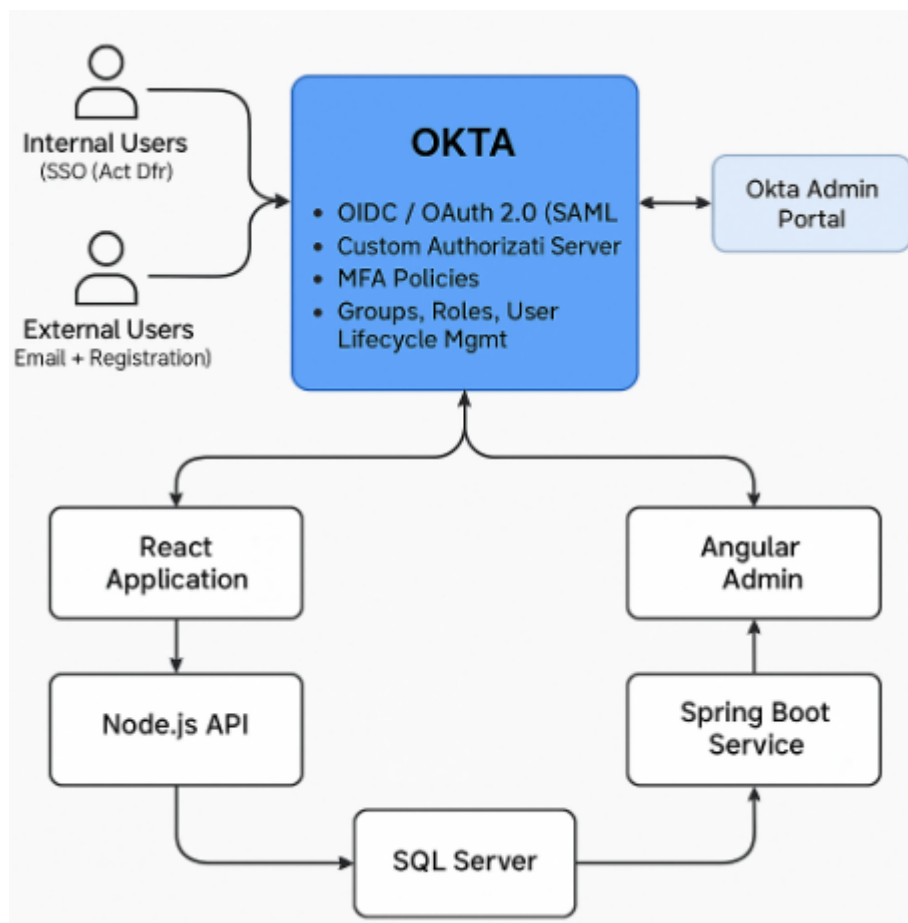
- ❖ Admins search AD from MIS UI to add internal users (Internal and Analyst users)
- ❖ Permissions managed and assigned within MIS
- ❖ Users added to central **Users** table with **IsInternal = 1**

### Shared User & Permissions DB

- ❖ Common **Users** table stores all identities
- ❖ **IsInternal** boolean flag differentiates user source
- ❖ Application-level permissions mapped via roles and permission tables

## Revised IAM Model with OKTA Integration

Legacy Module	Replacement in New Architecture
ntitlements	Okta Self-Service Registration + SCIM + Workflows
MIS	Okta AD Agent + Universal Directory
Permission Logic	Centralized in Okta Groups & Claims
Users Table	Synced with Okta via API/Webhook or minimal reference only



## High-Level Workflow Mapping

### Internal Users

- ❖ Synced from Active Directory into Okta using Okta AD Agent
- ❖ Dynamic group assignment based on AD OU or group rules

- ❖ Application access based on group membership and claims
- ❖ Login via SSO (OIDC)

## External Users

- ❖ Register via Okta-hosted sign-up or custom UI (SPA)
- ❖ Approval request sent via Okta Workflow to designated reviewers
- ❖ On approval, user is provisioned with group assignment (e.g., [App\\_External\\_Users](#))
- ❖ Login via OIDC and access determined by group claims

## Detailed Component Architecture

### Identity Provider: Okta (Enterprise Edition)

- ❖ SSO, OIDC/OAuth2, MFA, AD Integration
- ❖ Centralized user directory with profile enrichment
- ❖ Dynamic group assignment rules
- ❖ Custom claim definitions per app

### Internal Users Flow (via AD + Okta)

- ❖ Okta AD Agent syncs user objects from on-prem AD
- ❖ Internal users marked with [isInternal = true](#) in profile
- ❖ Group membership reflects role/department
- ❖ Access token includes group/role information used by downstream apps

### External Users Flow (via Registration Portal + Okta)

- ❖ User initiates registration via custom or Okta-hosted page
- ❖ Profile stored in Okta with [isInternal = false](#)
- ❖ Okta Workflow triggers approval chain
- ❖ Admin approval assigns correct group and activates user

### Integration with Legacy User Table (Decommissioning Plan)

- ❖ Short-term sync with central [Users](#) table continues
  - [isInternal](#), [userSource](#), [entitlementStatus](#), and other metadata recorded
  - No permission logic in DB — enforced via Okta token claims
- ❖ Plan to deprecate Entitlements & MIS functionality step-by-step after full Okta rollout

# Okta Configuration Guide

Main Area	Details
1. Universal Directory Setup	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Enable profile schema with custom attributes:<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>- isInternal (Boolean)</li><li>- userSource (Enum: AD, SelfSignup, SCIM)</li><li>- entitlementStatus (Pending, Approved)</li></ul></li></ul>
2. Authorization Server Setup	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Create EnterpriseAppsAuthServer</li><li>• Add claims:<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>- groups: Filter = starts with App_</li><li>- isInternal: Expression = user.profile.isInternal</li><li>- roles, tenant_id, entitlementStatus as required</li></ul></li></ul>
3. Applications Registration (OIDC)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Register each client app:<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>- SPA: React, Angular</li><li>- Web/API: Spring Boot, Node.js</li></ul></li><li>• Use Authorization Code with PKCE flow</li><li>• Define redirect URIs and post-logout URIs</li><li>• Assign apps to appropriate Okta groups based on access control</li></ul>
4. Group and Role Design	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Application-level groups:<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>- App1_Admin, App1_User, App2_ReadOnly</li></ul></li><li>• User-type groups:<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>- Internal_Users, External_Users</li></ul></li><li>• Dynamic group rules:<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>- Based on isInternal, userSource profile attributes</li></ul></li></ul>
5. Okta Workflows Setup	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Build onboarding flow for external users:<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>- Trigger: New external registration</li><li>- Actions:<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Notify approver</li><li>• Update entitlementStatus</li><li>• Assign to group</li></ul></li><li>- Optional:<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Trigger webhook for downstream systems</li><li>• Send confirmation email</li></ul></li></ul></li></ul>

## Tech Stack Integration Details:

### React (SPA)

- ❖ Use [@okta/okta-auth-js](#) and [@okta/okta-react](#)
- ❖ Handle login via Redirect or Popup
- ❖ Secure routes with [<SecureRoute>](#)

- ❖ Access token includes group/role for API consumption

### Angular (Admin Panel)

- ❖ Use `@okta/okta-angular`
- ❖ Configure `OktaAuthService` for routing guards
- ❖ Inject access token in API interceptor

### Node.js (API Gateway)

- ❖ Use `@okta/jwt-verifier`
- ❖ Middleware to validate JWT and extract claims
- ❖ Fine-grained permission enforcement based on groups/roles

### Java Spring Boot (API Services)

- ❖ Use `okta-spring-boot-starter`
- ❖ YAML Config changes
- ❖ Annotate with `@PreAuthorize("hasAuthority('App1_Admin')")`

## Migration & Decommission Plan

Phase	Task	Details
1	SSO Enablement for all apps	Configure Okta login flows and test token validation
2	Sync Internal Users from AD	Okta AD Agent setup with group/OU filters
3	Build External Registration Portal	Self-service flow + approval via Okta Workflows
4	Create Dynamic Groups & Claims	Implement <code>isInternal</code> , <code>userSource</code> , etc.
5	Migrate Permissions from MIS/Entitlements to Okta	Redesign access roles in Okta groups
6	Refactor Applications to Use Okta Tokens	Replace custom user tables with token-based roles
7	Final Testing & Validation	Audit logins, group mapping, claims accuracy

8	Decommission MIS and Entitlements	Post-successful cutover & freeze legacy systems
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