title "Ässignment"

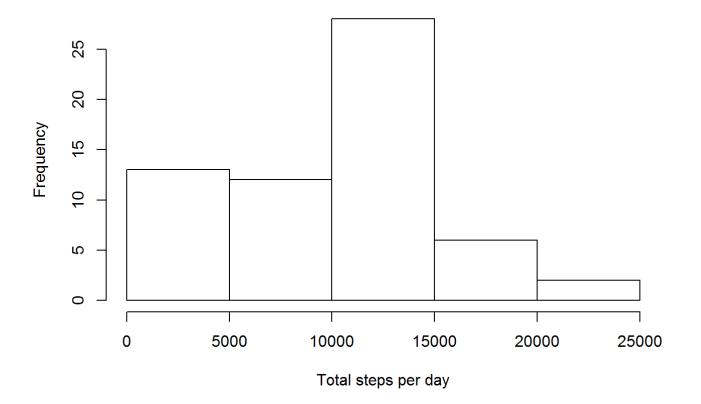
title: "Reproducible Research: Peer Assessment 1" output: html_document: keep_md: true —

```
echo = TRUE

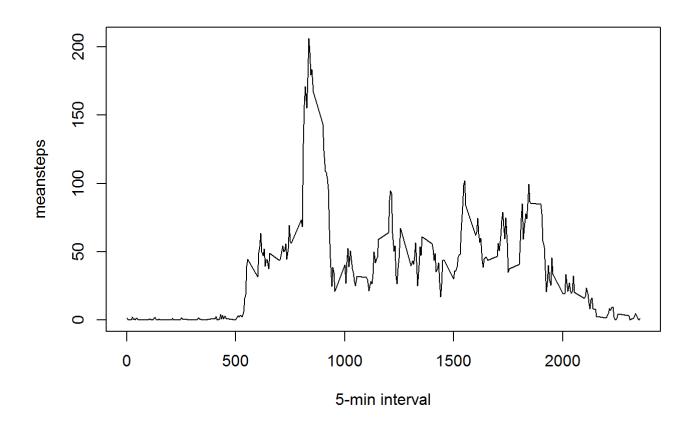
# LOADING and PRE PROCESSING THE DATA #
activity <- NULL
activity <- read.csv("activity.csv", header = T, sep = ",")
activity$date <- as.Date(activity$date, "%Y-%m-%d")

# Histogram of the total number of steps taken each day #
echo = TRUE
totsteps <- tapply(activity$steps, activity$date, sum, na.rm=T)
echo = TRUE
hist(totsteps, xlab = "Total steps per day", main = "Histogram of steps per day")</pre>
```

Histogram of steps per day



```
# Mean and median number of steps taken each day #
echo = TRUE
sorter <- activity[with(activity,order(date)),]</pre>
meansteps <- tapply(sorter$steps, activity$date, mean, na.rm=T)</pre>
mediansteps <- tapply(sorter$steps, activity$date, median, na.rm=T)</pre>
# Time series plot of the average number of steps taken #
echo = TRUE
library(dplyr)
##
## Attaching package: 'dplyr'
## The following objects are masked from 'package:stats':
##
##
       filter, lag
## The following objects are masked from 'package:base':
##
##
       intersect, setdiff, setequal, union
AvgInterval <- activity %>% group_by(interval) %>%
    summarize(meansteps = mean(steps, na.rm = T))
plot(AvgInterval, type="l", xlab = "5-min interval")
```



```
# MAX Time Interval #
echo = TRUE
maxinterval <- activity %>% summarize(maxsteps = max(steps, na.rm = T))
print(c("Interval value that contains maximum steps =", maxinterval))
```

```
## [[1]]
## [1] "Interval value that contains maximum steps ="
##
## $maxsteps
## [1] 806
```

```
# Code to describe and show a strategy for imputing missing data #
echo = TRUE
table(is.na(activity) == TRUE)
```

```
## FALSE TRUE
## 50400 2304
```

```
Imputedata <- activity

#### IMPUTING NA Interval values with the MEAN of the intervals with non NA values. ###

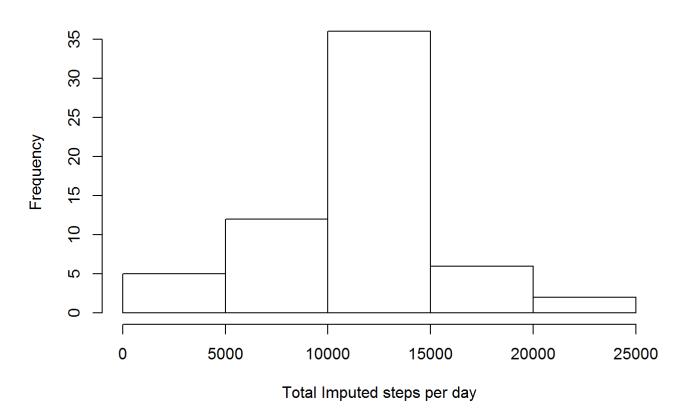
for (i in 1:nrow(Imputedata)) {
    if (is.na(Imputedata$steps[i])) {
        index <- Imputedata$interval[i]
        value <- subset(AvgInterval, interval==index)
        Imputedata$steps[i] <- value$meansteps
    }
}
head(Imputedata)</pre>
```

```
echo = TRUE
totsteps2 <- tapply(Imputedata$steps, activity$date, sum, na.rm=T)
hist(totsteps2, xlab = "Total Imputed steps per day", main = "Histogram of Imputed steps per da
y")

# Weekend Weekday Panel #
echo = TRUE

library(dplyr)
library(ggplot2)</pre>
```

Histogram of Imputed steps per day



```
Imputedata$day <- ifelse(weekdays(Imputedata$date) %in% c("Saturday", "Sunday"), "weekend", "wee</pre>
kday")
wkend <- filter(Imputedata, day == "weekend")</pre>
wkday <- filter(Imputedata, day == "weekday")</pre>
wkend <- wkend %>%
      group by(interval) %>%
      summarize(mean.steps = mean(steps))
wkend$day <- "weekend"
wkday <- wkday %>%
      group_by(interval) %>%
      summarize(mean.steps = mean(steps))
wkday$day <- "weekday"
newInterval <- rbind(wkend, wkday)</pre>
g <- ggplot (newInterval, aes (interval, mean.steps))</pre>
g + geom_line() + facet_grid (day~.) + theme(axis.text = element_text(size = 12),
      axis.title = element_text(size = 14)) + labs(y = "Number of Steps") + labs(x = "Interval")
```

