

# CS & IT ENGINEERING

## Computer Organization Architecture

### Floating Point Representation

DPP- 01 Discussion Notes

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#Q. Which of the following is the representation of  $(-1)_{10}$  in IEEE-754 single precision floating point number?

$$(1.0)_{10} = (1.0)_2 \Rightarrow 1.0 * 2^0 \quad \left| \begin{array}{l} e = 0 \\ \epsilon = 0 + 127 = (127)_{10} \\ = (0111111)_{2} \end{array} \right.$$

A S = 1, E = 00000000, M = 00000000000000000000000000000000

B S = 1, E = 01111111, M = 00000000000000000000000000000000

C S = 1, E = 10000000, M = 00000000000000000000000000000000

D S = 1, E = 01111111, M = 10000000000000000000000000000000

#Q. Which of the following is the representation of  $+ (0.0000101)_2$  in IEEE-754 single precision floating point number?

$$(0.0000101)_2 \Rightarrow 1.\underline{01} * 2^{-5} \quad | \quad e = -5 \\ E = -5 + 127 = 122 \\ = 0111010$$

A  $S = 0, E = 01111010, M = 10100000000000000000000000000000$

B ~~S = 1, E = 01111010, M = 10100000000000000000000000000000~~

C  S = 0, E = 01111010, M = 01000000000000000000000000000000

D S = 0, E = 01111011, M = 10100000000000000000000000000000

#Q. The value of a float type variable is represented using the single-precision 32-bit floating point format IEEE-754 standard that uses 1bit for sign, 8 bits for biased exponent and 23 bits for mantissa. A float type variable X is assigned the decimal value of -22.25. The representation of X in hexadecimal notation is

**A**

C1B40000H

**C**

C1B20000H

**B**

41B20000H

**D**

41B40000H

$s = 1$

$$(22.25)_{10} = (10110.01)_2$$

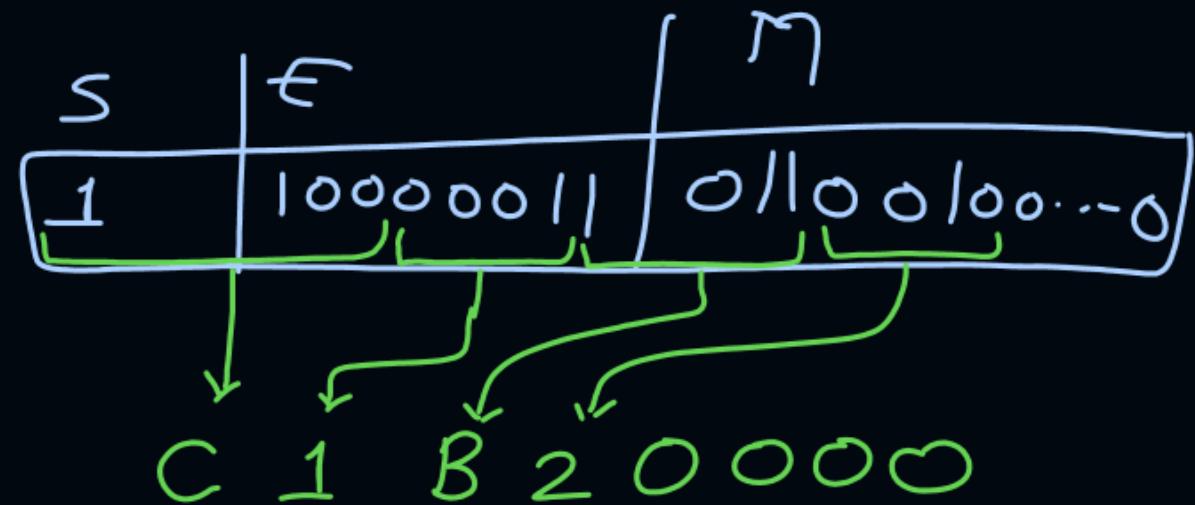
$\downarrow$   
Implicitly normalized

$$1.011001 \times 2^4$$

$$M = 011001000\ldots0$$

$$e = 4$$

$$E = 4 + 127 = 131 = (10000011)_2$$



#Q. Consider the following representation of a number in IEEE 754 single-precision floating point format?

$s \leftarrow 0$  10000011 11000000000000000000000000000000

The decimal value corresponding to the above representation is \_\_\_ ?

$$\epsilon = 131$$

$$\text{Value} = + 1.11 * 2^{131 - 127}$$

$$= 1.11 * 2^4$$
$$= (11100.0)_2 = +(28)_{10}$$

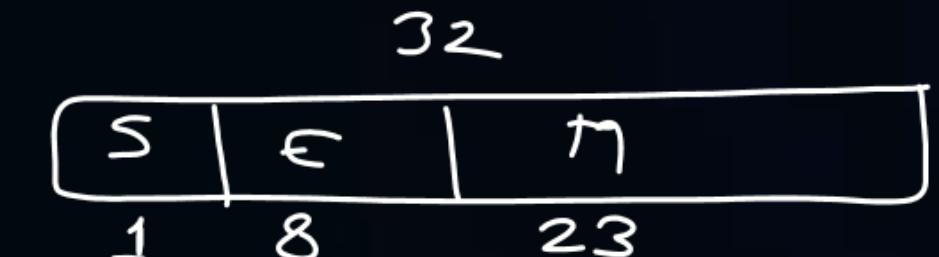
$$\text{Ans} = 28$$

**[MCQ]**

$$\min_{\rightarrow} \in -(1)_{10} = (00000001)_2$$

#Q. Minimum possible positive **normalized** value represented in IEEE-754 single precision format is?

- A**  S = 0, E = 00000000, M = 00000000000000000000000000000000
- B**  S = 0, E = 00000001, M = 00000000000000000000000000000000
- C**  S = 0, E = 00000000, M = 10000000000000000000000000000000
- D** S = 1, E = 00000001, M = 10000000000000000000000000000000

**[MCQ]**

#Q. Maximum possible positive denormalized value represented in IEEE-754 single precision format is?

**A**

$$(A)(2^{23}-1) \cdot 2^{-150}$$

**B**

$$(A)(2^{24}-1) \cdot 2^{-149}$$

**C**

$$\checkmark (A)(2^{23}-1) \cdot 2^{-149}$$

**D**

$$(A)(2^{24}-1) \cdot 2^{-150}$$

Denormalized :-

$$\begin{cases} \rightarrow E = 00\cdots 0 \\ \rightarrow M \neq 00\cdots 0 \end{cases}$$

for max value

$$M = 11\cdots 1$$

$$\text{value} = + 0.11\cdots 1 * 2^{-126}$$

$$= 11\cdots 1.0 * 2^{-23} * 2^{-126}$$

$$= 11\cdots 1.0 * 2^{-149}$$

$$= \underline{\underline{(2^{23}-1)}} * 2^{-149}$$

Ans.



THANK - YOU