Data Science & SAI

Machine Learning

Practical Implementation

Lecture No.- 02

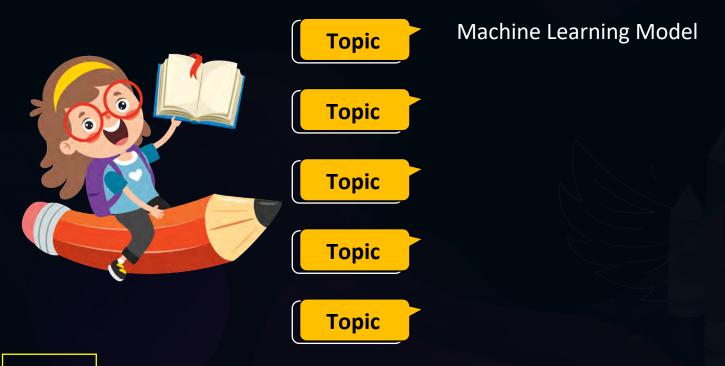


Recap of Previous Lecture







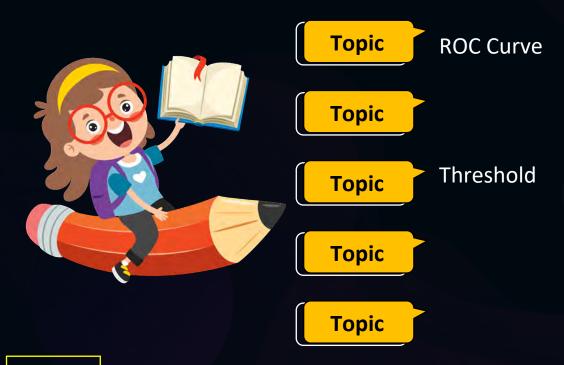


Topics to be Covered









Area Under the Curve OF Reciever Operating Characteristics (ROC-AUC) Threshold = 0.5 >0.5 =) 1 Confusion Marin (05=)0 7 (- Actual [0,0.2,0.4,0.6,0.8] True Positive Rake $\frac{1}{1}$ $\frac{1}$ FP TH FN FP False Posithue FP+TN Rake. 8.0 Predicted 0.96 7 0 1 0.4 0.3 70 0.2 1 0.7 JI TPR Thrus hord Trushold (0) FPR = 1 = 05 (0.4)

Question:

What does a point on the ROC curve represent?

- (A) The trade-off between precision and recall at a certain threshold.
- (B) The trade-off between true positive rate and false positive rate at a certain threshold.
- (C) The trade-off between accuracy and error rate at a certain threshold.
- (D) The overall accuracy of the model at a certain threshold.

0.5

Machine dearning

- O Wheer Regression Loss, Gradient Docent, Weight Updation Logistic Regression
- 3 Noise Bayor, SUM, SUR, KWN -> Lazy Learner
- Optimizers, Forward Prop, Backward Prop, Optimizers, Epoch, Iteration, Parameters
- PCA, Curse of Dimensionality, KMans, Hierarithany, DBScan.
- 6 R2, Adjusted R2, CROSS VALIDATION, Hyperparametre Timing, Confusion Matrix, Precision, Repall, F Bota Score, ROC-Auc Corve

You are building a spam classifier using Naive Bayes. You have the following data from your training set:

60% of the emails are spam.

40% of the emails are not spam (ham).

In the spam emails, 30% of them contain the word "offer".

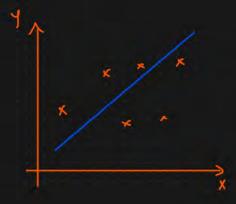
In the ham emails, 5% of them contain the word "offer".

If you receive an email that contains the word "offer", what is the probability that this email is spam? Choose the closest answer.

- (A) 30%
- (B) 45%
- (C) 78%
- (D) 85%

P(401()) =

 $P("offer")=P("offer"|Spam)\times P(Spam)+P("offer"|Ham)\times P(Ham)$





2 mins Summary



Topic

Topic

Topic

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THANK - YOU