

Data Science & AI & NIC - Param

Python-For Data Science
Functions

Lecture No.- 03

By- Pankaj Sharma Sir



Recap of Previous Lecture



Topic

Functions 2



Topics to be Covered



Topic

Functions 3





Topic : Functions

if condition :

S1
S2
S3
S4

if (condition)

{
S1;
S2;
S3;
S4;
}

scope →

if (condition)

S1,
S2;

→ Till

1st semi
colon



if (condition) {

S1;
}
S2;

if $a < b$:

S1

S2

else :

S3

S4

S5

< syntax

if ($a < b$) {

S1;

S2;

}

else {

S3;

S4;

}

S5

start end
for i in range(1, 11):
 print("Gw")

~~integer~~ int i;
⇒
for (① i = 1 ; ② i < 11 ; ④ i = i + 1)
 ③ print("Hello");
False

i	i < 11
1	1 < 11 → True → Hello
2	2 < 11 → True → Hello
3	
⋮	
10	10 < 11 → True → Hello
11	11 < 11 → False

by
default
scope

→ First semi colon

```
for ( initialization; condition; updation )  
    {  
        code  
    }
```

```
for (i = 1; i <= 11; i = i + 2)
```

```
    print("Hello");
```

✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓
i = 1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11

```
for (i = 1; i < 11; i = i + 2)
```

```
    print("Hello")
```

```
int Prod;
```

```
Prod = 1
```

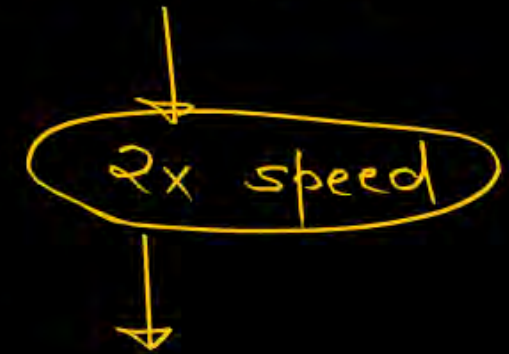
```
for (i = 1; i <= 5; i++)
```

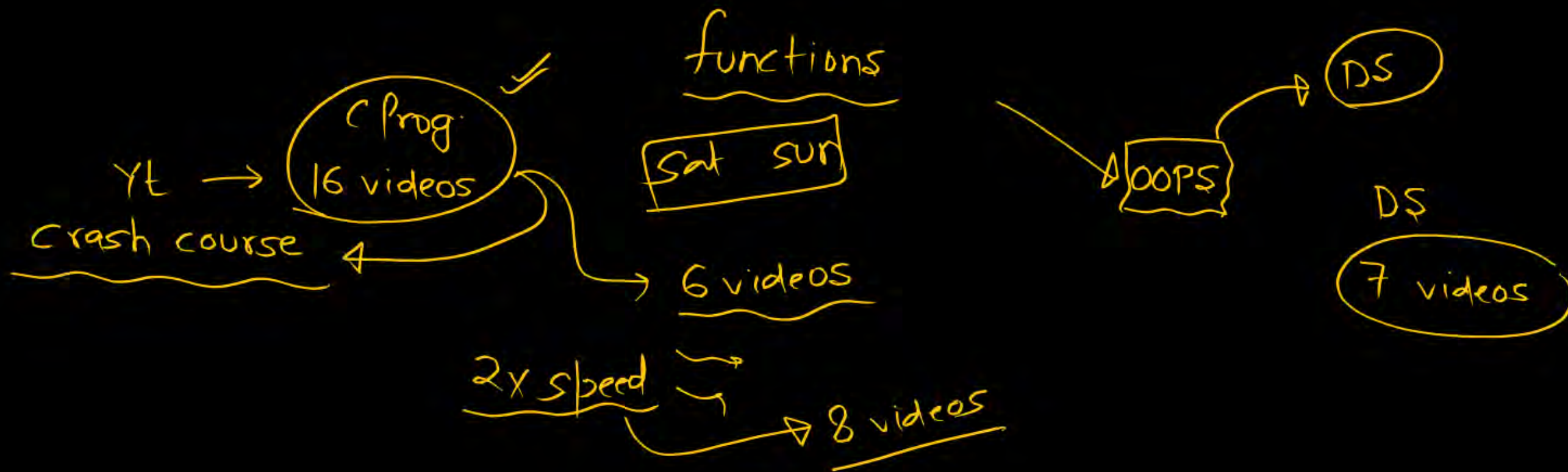
```
    Prod = Prod * i
```

```
void main() {
```

```
}
```

C video → 32 videos





```
def f(x):  
    return x*x*x
```

$x \rightarrow \underbrace{f} \rightarrow x*x*x$

Anonymous function

```
s = lambda x: x*x*x  
print(s(3))
```

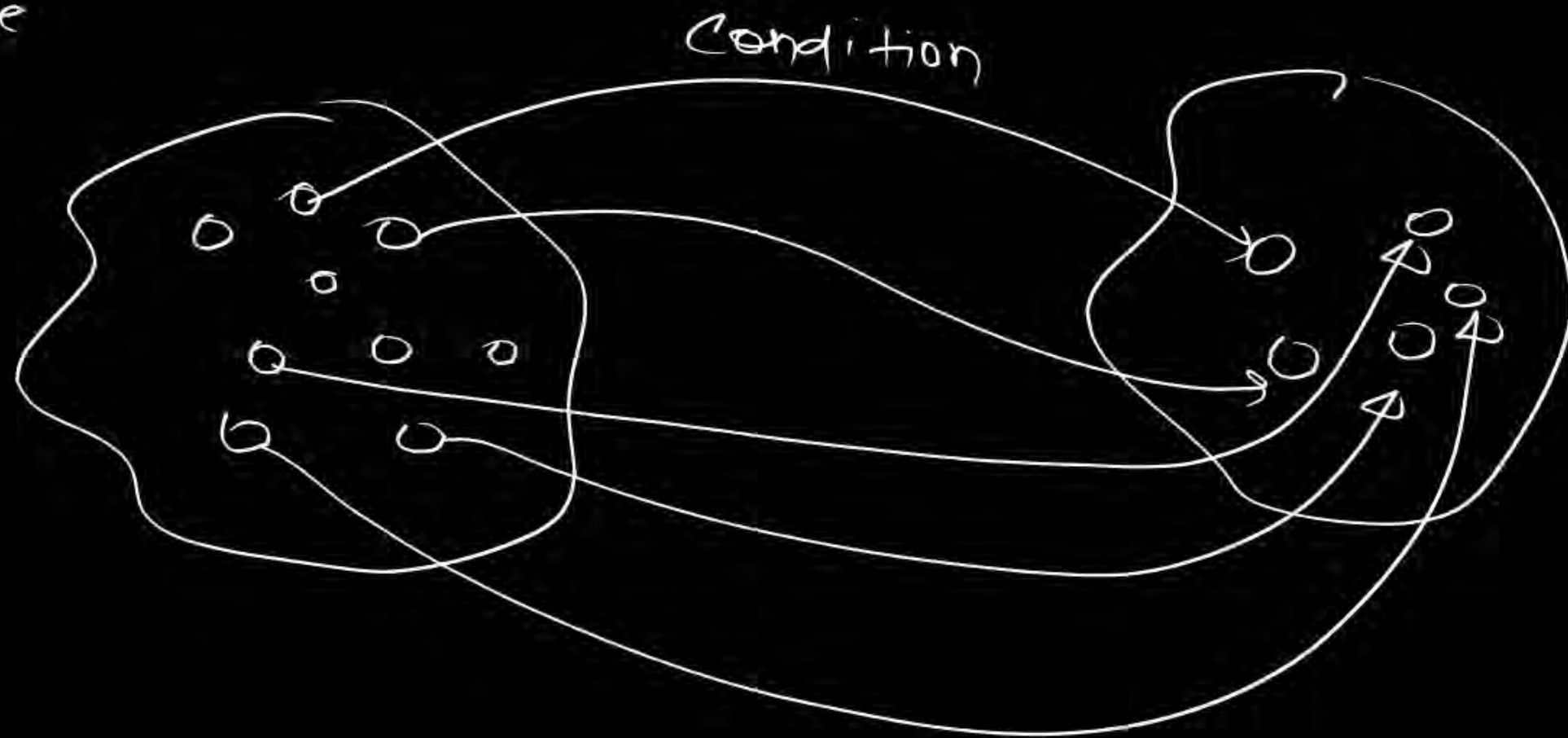
3 3*3*3
x x*x*x
↑
27

1) filter



2) map

3) reduce



filter(function, sequence)

```
def f(x):
```

```
    if x/3 == 0:
```

```
        return True
```

```
    else
```

```
        return False
```

apply

filter(f, [10, 20, 30, 40, 50, 63])

X X ✓ X X ✓

10 / 3 == 0 X 10 X

20 / 3 == 0 X 20 X

30 / 3 == 0 ✓ 30 ✓

map

[1, 2, 3, 4, 5] \Rightarrow 5 elem

map
↓

[1, 8, 27, 64, 125]

\Rightarrow 5 element

def f(x):

return x * x * x

out = list(map(f, [1, 2, 3, 4, 5]))
print(out)

Python \Rightarrow object

```
def f(x):
```

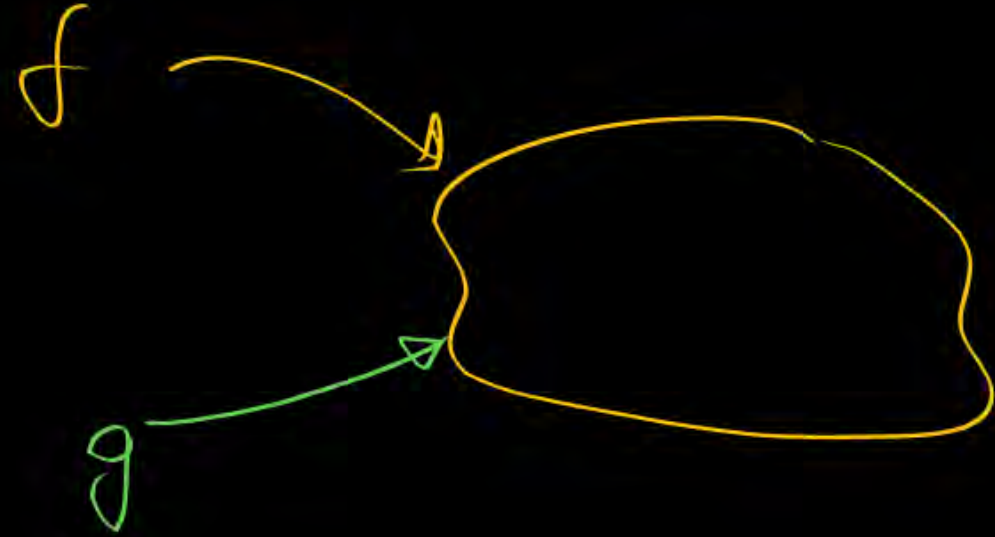
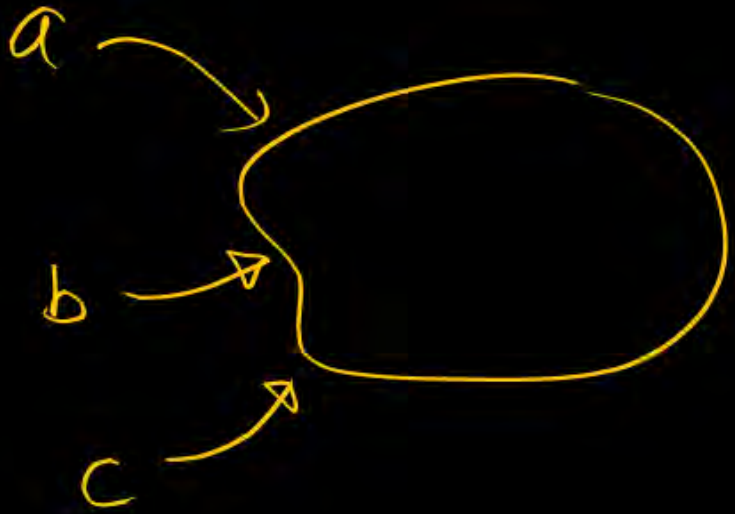
```
    return x*x*x
```

$f(10) \Rightarrow 1000$

$g = f$

$g(10) \Rightarrow 1000 \checkmark$

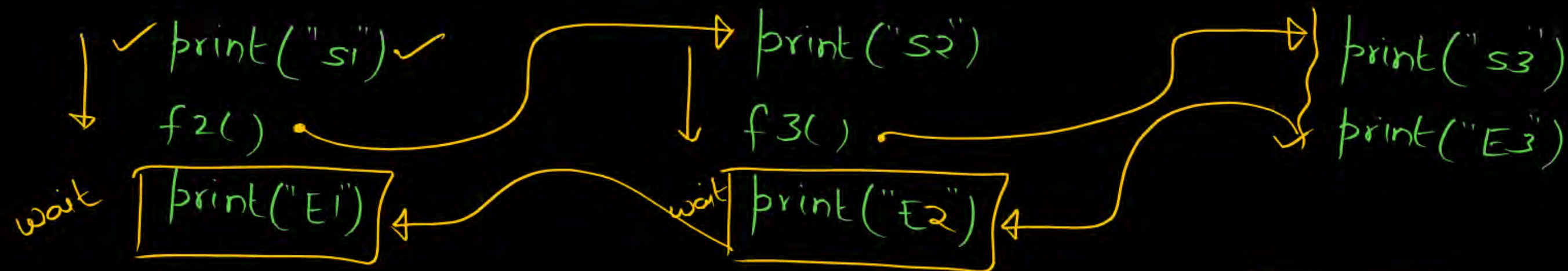
$g(2) \Rightarrow 8 \checkmark$



def f1():

def f2():

def f3():



f1()

s1
s2
s3
E3
E2
E1

{outer func.}
{inner func.}

OOPS

Assume

Yt C Programming
CC → 16 videos ✓

Next ⇒ 4 days



Recursion ⇒ video upload

Maths → focus ✓

t.me/PWpankajsirP

```
In [1]: s=lambda x : x*x*x
```

```
In [2]: print(s(4))
```

64

```
In [3]: def f(a,b):  
        return a*b  
        print(f(10,20))
```

200

```
In [4]: #inputs====>2 inputs  
f=lambda a,b : a*b  
print(f(10,20))
```

200

```
In [5]: f(10,30)
```

Out[5]: 300

```
In [6]: # Lambda arguments : expression  
t=lambda x,y : x if x<y else y #to find minimum among 2 numbers  
print(t(10,34))
```

10

```
In [8]: def f(x):  
        if x%3==0:  
            return True  
        else:  
            return False  
        output=list(filter(f,[10,20,30,40,50,63]))
```

```
In [9]: print(output)
```

[30, 63]

```
In [10]: out=list(filter(lambda x :x%3==0 ,[10,20,30,40,50,63]))
```

```
In [11]: out
```

Out[11]: [30, 63]

```
In [12]: def f(x):  
        return x*x*x  
        out=list(map(f,[1,2,3,4,5]))  
        print(out)
```

[1, 8, 27, 64, 125]

```
In [13]: out=list(map(lambda x:x*x*x,[1,2,3,4,5]))
```

```
In [14]: out
```

Loading [MathJax]/extensions/Safe.js 125]

```
In [15]: a=[1,2,3,4,5]
b=[11,12,13,14,15]
c=list(map(lambda x,y:x+y ,a,b))#1st ==>1,11 ==>1+11=12
#2nd time 2,12 ==>14
```

```
In [16]: c
```

```
Out[16]: [12, 14, 16, 18, 20]
```

```
In [19]: def f(x):
          return x*x*x
          g=f
```

```
In [20]: f(2)
```

```
Out[20]: 8
```

```
In [21]: g(2)
```

```
Out[21]: 8
```

```
In [22]: g(10)
```

```
Out[22]: 1000
```

```
In [23]: def f1():
          print("start1")
          f2()
          print("end1")
          def f2():
              print("start2")
              f3()
              print("end2")
              def f3():
                  print("Start3")
                  print("End3")
              f1()
```

```
start1
start2
Start3
End3
end2
end1
```

```
In [ ]:
```

THANK - YOU