

Audio- / Videosignalverarbeitung Advanced Digital Signal Processing Digital Signal Processing 2

Seminar 1 WS 2019/2020

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Organization

- Thursday (even weeks), 13:00-14:30pm
(K 2032)
- Thursday (odd weeks), 09:00-10:30pm
(K 2002A)

General information (1)

a) Homework assignments:

- Every two weeks (5-6 in total)
 - Solve with Python
 - Can be done in groups of **max 3** people
 - Show and explain your solution in seminars
 - You can show a homework **only** during the seminar
 - Bring your laptop if it is possible, otherwise an USB stick
 - **Submission via email is not possible**

General information (2)

b) Quiz

- Weekly
- Test related to the latest content of the lecture
- Sign in at moodle2 (<https://moodle2.tu-ilmenau.de/>)
- Pass the Quiz until the next lecture
- **Deadlines** will be announced in moodle

General information (3)

- The homework points account for 30% of the final grade. The exam accounts for the other 70%.
- Real example:
 - With the 98% for seminars and a good grade in the exam you get 1.0
 - With the 0% for seminars and still a good grade in the exam you would get 2.7
- Gained points will only be added after passing the exam

$$\text{Final_grade} = 0.3*(0.25*\text{Quizzes}+0.75*\text{HWs})+0.7*\text{Exam}$$

General information (4)

Rules:

- Play back audio using Python (verification)
- Use of functions
- Delayed submission without justified reason = - 20% from your grade
- Every next attempt = -10% from your grade

Python

- **Python**
 - Open source
 - Pre-installed in Linux (easy to install extra libraries → Linux is better)
 - Installation for Windows (original): <https://www.python.org/downloads/>
 - Installation for Windows (all in one): <https://python-xy.github.io/downloads.html>
- **Python tutorial:** <https://docs.python.org/3/tutorial/>

Homework assignment (1/3)

1. Generate 2 different signals

a) Triangular wave

b) Sinusoidal wave

- normalized frequency of 0.1
- $freq_{norm} = \frac{f}{f_s}$, where f - frequency of the signal and f_s - sampling frequency
- Range = -1 to 1

c) Use *Track48.wav* audio signal from our Moodle page

- For reading a file into Python use library *scipy.io.wavfile*
- For playing it back – *pyaudio* (beware of types of variables: *string* ↔ *int*)

→ Play it back

→ Plot original audio signal (one channel) and 25 dB under the full range in one plot

→ What is the difference between full and under full range signals?

Homework assignment (2/3)

2. Quantize and reconstruct *.wav audio signal

– Uniform quantization with 8 bit accuracy

- Implement Mid-tread and Mid-rise quantizers
- Calculate the quantization error for both of them
- Which one is better and why?

– μ -law quantization with 8 bit accuracy

- $y = \text{sign}(x) \cdot \frac{\ln(1+255 \cdot |\frac{x}{A}|)}{\ln(1+255)}$
- $x = \text{sign}(y) \cdot \frac{(256^{|y|}-1)}{255} \cdot A$

→ Plot and listen to the quantized signal

→ Compare results of uniform and μ -law quantization (plot on top of each other in one plot)

→ **For all the plots: Title, axis names, labels, legend**

Homework assignment (3/3)

3. Determine SNR for all the signals. SNR should be calculated in dB.

$$SNR = 10 * \log_{10} \left(\frac{\text{Signal Energy}}{\text{Quantization Error Energy}} \right)$$

- What stands out when comparing the SNRs of the sinusoidal and the triangular wave?
- Please, use *subplot()* for making the plots