# Tony’s EF dialog

Copy to finance

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| #今日例句# I will make it up to you. 会好好补偿你。  make it up to sb 补偿、弥补某人； make it up with sb 和某人和好   #实用对话# Husband: Honey. I'm so sorry. I just got caught up with work. I can’t go right now. Can I **have a raincheck下次再约 ?** Wife: Oh gosh. Seriously? I’ve been looking forward to this concert… You **stood me up …放我鸽子** Husband: I know, I’m really sorry. I'll **make it up to you**, I promise. 我知道啊，我保证我以后**会好好补偿**你。 Wife: **Alright**. Don’t worry about it. 好吧， 没事。 | |
| #今日例句# I owe you big time.我欠你一份大人情。  owe 欠  I owe you some money.我欠你一些钱; I owe you an apology.我欠你一个道歉  **big time 很大程度地；非常** **I owe you big time. 我欠你一份大人情。**   #实用对话# Chandler: Joey. Guess what? I just talked to my boss. You got the job. Joey.  Joey: Oh my god. That’s awesome. **I owe you big time**, man. 太好了，我欠你一份大人情。 Chandler: Glad that I helped. Let’s go **grab a bite**. 我很高兴能帮忙，我们去**吃东西吧 //Let’s grab a coffee)**。  Joey: OK. **Dinner is on me. 好的，我请客 / Coffee’s on me.** | |
| Interjections:   * Wow; Ouch; Ugh…; Yippee; Phew | |
| #今日例句# I’m out of shampoo. Can I use yours? 我的洗发水用完了，可以借用一下你的吗？  shampoo (n.) 洗发水 a bottle of shampoo 一瓶洗发水 hair conditioner 护发素 be out of 用完/ run out of   #发音技巧#  Shampoo [ʃæm'pu] 注意：以上为美式发音写法（KK音标）  #实用对话# Emily: Helen. I’m out of/running out of my shampoo. Can I use yours? 我的洗发水用完了，可以借用一下你的吗？  Helen: Sure. It’s in the bottom drawer. 当然，在下边抽屉里。  Emily: OK. Thank you, I will put it back when I’m done. 好的，谢谢你，我用完再给你放回去。  Helen: No problem. 没问题。    上期参考答案  I am too tired today. I’m going to **pamper myself** by **taking a bath**. 我要去 泡个澡 来犒劳一下自己 | |
| wash basin 脸盆(独立)、洗手池(靠墙固定)  sink 水槽、洗手池; **turn on the faucet** 打开水龙头; turn on the light 打开灯  Go to **the wash basin** and **turn on the faucet**. 拿上你的洗脸盆，打开水龙头。    #实用对话# Son: Mom. Good night. 妈妈，晚安。  Mom: Wait. You need to wash up first. 等一下，你要先去洗漱。  Son: Oh, I’m so tired/**weary**.哎呀，我好累啊（不想洗了）。  Mom: Come on！ Go to **the wash basin** and **turn on the faucet**! 赶紧的，去洗脸台，打开水龙头。 | |
| * 注意“泡个澡”不是take a shower！take a shower 洗澡,淋浴 * take a bath 泡澡 * pamper (v.) 纵容、宠爱   I’m going to **pamper myself** by **taking a bath**. 我要去 泡个澡 来犒劳一下自己。   Lucy: Kevin. Are you gonna use the bathroom?  Kevin: **Not for now**. Why? **现在不用**  Lucy: I’m gonna **pamper myself** by **taking a bath**. It might take a while. 我要**泡个澡**来 犒劳一下自己，可能时间比较久。  Kevin: No problem. Enjoy! | |
| Tony每日学一句英语｜20180320 “申请签证”英语怎么说？  #今日例句# I have to apply for a visa before going to Canada. 去加拿大之前我得申请一个签证。  visa 签证 apply for 申请... apply for a visa 申请签证 have to 必须  tourist visa 旅游签证 business visa 商务签证  #发音技巧# visa ['vizə] Canada ['kænədə] 注意：以上为美式发音写法（KK音标）  #实用对话# Susan: Hey Rachel. I heard that you are going to Canada. When are you leaving? 嘿Rachel，我听说你要去加拿大旅游，什么时候出发？  Rachel: Next month. I have to apply for a visa before going to Canada. 下个月，去加拿大之前我得先申请签证。  Susan: How long will that take? 签证需要多久申请呢？  Rachel: About two weeks. 大概要两周呢。  #巩固练习# 请翻译下面的英文~ 去美国之前你得申请签证  落地签”英语怎么说？   Tony每日学一句英语｜20180321 “落地签”英语怎么说？     #今日例句# You will only need a visa on arrival for Thailand. 去泰国你只要落地签就可以。  on arrival 到达；抵达时 visa on arrival 落地签 arrival visa/landing visa 落地签   Thailand ['taɪlænd] 注意：以上为美式发音写法（KK音标）  #实用对话# Amy: John, I’d like to travel next month, but I’m tired of applying for a visa. Any recommendations? John，下个月我想去旅游，但是又不想申请签证，你有推荐吗？  John: Oh, definitely Thailand. You will only need **a visa on arrival连读** for Thailand. Besides, it’s a beautiful country. 哦，你可以去泰国，去泰国你只要落地签就可以，而且，泰国很美喔。  Amy: Sounds fantastic. Thanks. 感觉不错，谢谢推荐。  John: My pleasure！ 不客气（随时问我）  #巩固练习# 请翻译下面的英文~ 办落地签花了我近1小时的时间。  上期参考答案｜20180320  You have to apply for a visa before going to America. 去美国之前你得申请签证。 | |
| 别再用"Do you understand"表示"你明白了吗"，实在不礼貌！   不能乱说的职场英文！ Tony 周末英语  那天和外教聊天，问一个英文单词，描述一番之后，顺嘴说了句Do you understand，你明白了吗，外教却说，这个表达太不礼貌了，那正确的表达该怎么说，马上来学！   1 问对方，你明白吗？  Do you understand? 这里有一种质问的口气，好像在说，你到底懂不懂？  更友好的表达： Do you know what I mean? ✔ 你理解我的话了吗？ You got it? ✔ 你都懂了吗？  例句： You got it, that's exactly what I mean.  我就是这个意思，你明白了。 | |
| 你有什么问题吗？  What's your ~~problem~~?   按照字面翻译，我们容易出现这样的错误，这句话在外国人听来，就是在说，你有什么毛病，非常粗鲁，也会让外国人误解我们的好意。  更友好的表达： Do you have any other questions? ✔ 你还有什么问题吗？  例句：vDo you have any other questions about the test?v关于测试您还有什么疑问吗？ | |
| 时间紧迫  I have no time   想表达“我没时间啦”！很多人脱口而出就是“I have no time！”要知道在老外看来，I have no time是没多少活着的时间了……所以，用的时候得当心了。　  更友好的表达： I'm running out of time ✔ 我没时间啦！  例句： Yes, I'm sure, but the problem is we are running out of time. 是的, 我明白, 但问题是我们剩下的时间不多了 | |
| “我懂了”“我知道”  I know   这句是我们常挂在嘴边的，错误的不礼貌的表达，听起来就是在说，我知道啦，别再说了  更友好的表达 ： I see. ✔ 我懂了。  例句： Oh, I see what you're saying  哦，我明白你的意思了。 | |
| Tony每日学一句英语｜20180316 "葱" 英语怎么说?   #今日例句# Sorry, I can eat anything but scallions. 不好意思，我什么都能吃就是不能吃葱。  scallion/green onion 葱 chopped scallions 葱花 anything but 除…以外任何事/东西   scallion ['skælɪən]   #实用对话# Pete: Linda. Do you like scallions? Linda，你喜欢吃葱吗？  Linda: Sorry, I can eat anything but scallions. 不好意思，我什么都能吃就是不能吃葱。  Pete: Oh, I didn’t know that. What about ginger? 哦，我不知道诶，那你喜欢吃姜吗？  Linda: Yeah. Sure. 好的。  #巩固练习# 请翻译下面的英文~ 我爸爸很喜欢吃葱。  上期参考答案｜20180315  Could you sprinkle some cilantro on top of the fish? Thanks！ 你可以在这条鱼上面撒点香菜吗？谢谢！\ | |
| 香菜" 英语怎么说？   Tony每日学一句英语｜20180315 “香菜”英语怎么说  #今日例句# I'm a big fan of cilantro. 我非常喜欢吃香菜。  a big fan of sb/sth 铁杆粉丝，很喜欢… I am a big fan of Tom Hanks 我是汤姆汉克斯的铁杆粉丝。  cilantro 香菜（美式英语） coriander 香菜（英式英语）    #实用对话# Linda: Wow, the dish smells amazing! 哇，这个菜太香了。  Jason: Do you like to sprinkle some cilantro on top? 要不要再上面撒点香菜？  Linda: That would be awesome. I’m a big fan of cilantro. 当然可以啊。我超级喜欢吃香菜。  Jason: Perfect. 太棒了。  #巩固练习# 请翻译下面的英文~ 你可以在这条鱼上面撒点香菜吗？谢谢。  上期参考答案｜20180314  Would you like a dash of vinegar? 你想要来一点醋吗？ | |
| Tony每日学一句英语｜20180312 "姜"英语怎么说？     #今日例句# Could you slice the ginger, please? 能把姜切片吗？  slice 将…切成薄片；切下 ginger 姜   slice [slaɪs] ginger ['dʒɪndʒɚ] 注意：以上为美式发音写法（KK音标）  #实用对话# Daughter: Mom. What can I help? 妈妈，有什么需要我帮忙的吗？  Mom: Sure, could you **slice the ginger**, please? 是的，可以的话，把姜切了吧。  Daughter: OK. Where is it? 好的，姜在哪里呀？  Mom: It is on the table/cupboard, over there. 在那边的桌子上呢。 //  a piece of furniture with doors, and sometimes shelves, used for storing clothes, plates, food etc橱柜；衣柜；碗柜，食品柜  Please heat up the coffee before you drink it. 请喝咖啡之前先把它加热一下 | |
| Is there any Starbucks close by? 附近有“星巴克”吗？  Starbucks 星巴克 close by 在附近  #发音技巧# Starbucks ['stɑrbʌks] 句尾语调上升 注意：以上为美式发音写法（KK音标）  #实用对话# A: Excuse me. Is there any Starbucks close by? 打扰一下，附近有“星巴克”吗？  B: Yes. Go straight and turn left at the second crossing. You will see the Starbucks on the right. 有的，直走，在第二个路口左拐，右边就是“星巴克”。  A: Thank you very much. 非常感谢。  B: You are welcome. 不客气。  #巩固练习# 请翻译下面的英文~ A：咱们去喝杯咖啡吧。 B：好啊，“星巴克”怎么样？    "卡布奇诺咖啡"英语怎么说？   Tony每日学一句英语｜20180306 "卡布奇诺”英语你读对了吗？     #今日例句# Let's stop for a cappuccino. 我们喝杯卡布奇诺吧。  stop for sth 为…停下来 cappuccino 卡布奇诺咖啡   1. Let's stop for 2. cappuccino /,kæpə'tʃino/ 注意：以上为美式发音写法（KK音标）  #实用对话# Wife: Honey. You have been driving for three hours. Are you tired? 亲爱的，你已经开了三个小时了，你累吗？  Husband: Yeah, a little. Let's stop for a cappuccino. 有点累了，我们停下喝杯卡布奇诺咖啡吧。  Wife: OK. Look, there is a Starbucks. 好的，你看，那边有家“星巴克”。  Husband: Great. 太好了。  #巩固练习# 请翻译下面的英文~ A：你想喝点什么？ B：一杯卡布奇诺咖啡。   上期参考答案｜20180305  A：Let’s go **grab a coffee**我们去**喝点咖啡吧**。. //grab a taxi V. tax**ii**ng lane/way  //let’s **grab a bite 吃点饭吧**  B：OK. How about Starbucks? 好啊，“星巴克”怎么样？ | |
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# Words-notcategorized

# Lexical

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| **paternity leave**/pəˈtɜːnɪtɪ liːv/**V.S. maternity leave**   * [N-UNCOUNT](javascript:;)If a man has paternity leave, his employer allows him some time off work because his child has just been born. (因家中刚生了孩子) 父亲享有的产假   •  Paternity leave is rare and, where it does exist, it's unlikely to be for any longer than two weeks.   父亲享有的产假很难得，而且即便有，也不可能超过两周。 |
| [ follow up with sb.]  s |

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| 1吹嘘.吹捧  1. **厚颜无耻的**方法**吹嘘兜售(产品，feature) 拉生意顾客**  **2. 票贩子; 卖黄牛票 的人**  **3.探听出售马经有关（赛马或马厩）的情报** | tout /taʊt/ tout V.S. [traʊt] trout n. 鳟鱼，鲑鱼  1.[T] to praise something or someone in order to persuade people that they are important or worth a lot 赞扬；吹嘘吹捧  •his much touted musical 他那出备受推崇的音乐剧  e.g....slick television ads are touting the candidates. …吹嘘那些候选人的华而不实的电视广告  be touted as sth  •Nell is being touted as the next big thing in Hollywood. 内尔被誉为好莱坞的明日之星。  e.g. More than one million of the new flawless Galaxy S8 phone have been ordered in advance in South Korea. This is the first **high-en**d smartphone the tech giant has **rolled out产品发布** since the **debacle ([dɪˈbɑːkəl] complete failture)** over its fire-prone Galaxy Note 7. Samsung said its widely **touted 嘘吹捧** artificial intelligence tool Bixby -- seen as a rival for Apple's (AAPL, Tech30) Siri -- won't be fully operational in time for the U.S. release of the Galaxy S8.  2.[I,T] to try to persuade people to buy goods or services you are offering **厚颜无耻的**方法**吹嘘兜售(产品，feature) 拉生意顾客 ;** tout for sth: To solicit customers, votes, or business, especially in an impudent/brazen/shameless way尤指以一种厚颜无耻的方法吹嘘兜售(产品，feature) 拉生意顾客 => [美]厚颜无耻拉选票( tout for presidential election) eg The candidates try various maneuvers/ruse 花招伎俩噱头 to tout for the president election //巧妙的计策；花招, 噱头 maneuver = ruse [ru:z, ru:s]= artifice['ɑ:tifis] = tricks；[卑鄙的花招a shabby trick/maneuver/ruse]  **[ tout for business/custom ] (=look for customers)拉生意/招徕顾客**  **e.g.** street vendors who were touting pedestrians. 向行人兜售的沿街叫卖的商贩  e.g. Minicab drivers are not allowed to tout for business. 接受电话预订的出租车司机不得私自拉生意。  3. [I,T] to give someone information about a horse in a race （向…）提供赛马情报; To obtain or sell information on (**racehorses/"Royal Ascot"/turf/"the Jockey club"**) for the guidance of bettors. 探听出售马经有关（赛马或马厩）的情报 One who obtains information on racehorses/turf and their prospects and sells it to bettors. 秘密打听(赛马)情报 **(tout round)**  4. **[票贩子，黄牛: ticket tout]** someone who buys tickets for a concert, sports match etc and sells them at a higher price, usually on the street near a sports ground, theatre etc  V. V-T If someone touts tickets, they sell them outside a sports stadium, train station, theatre or concert veunue, usually for more than their original value. (在体育场或剧院外) 高价倒卖 (票)，卖黄牛票 e.g. He was trying to pick up some cash touting tickets.。=> N A tout is someone who sells things such as tickets unofficially, usually at prices which are higher than the official ones. 票贩子; 卖黄牛票 的人 e.g Another tout said he'd charge $1,000 for a $125 EXO concert ticket 另一个票贩子说一张$125的票他要价$1000。 |

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| * **角落[nʊk]nook; cranny(['krænɪ]: crack/cleft缝隙;** [**in every nook and cranny: 在xxx的每一角落和缝隙]** e.g. "We've certainly had a **thorough** look **in every nook and cranny 在xxx的每一角落和缝隙** in the company * [default on]   e..g. Wells Fargo (WFC) apologized last year for charging as many as 570,000 clients for car insurance they didn't need. An internal review by Wells Fargo found that about 20,000 of those customers may have defaulted on their car loans and had their vehicles repossessed in part because of those unnecessary insurance costs.   * [inappropriate [**ɪnə**'prəʊprɪət]]   e.g. In October, the bank revealed that some mortgage borrowers were inappropriately charged for missing a deadline to lock in promised interest rates, even though the delays were Wells Fargo's fault.   * **[bogus accounts=fake accounts]**   e.g. In February, the Federal Reserve handed down unprecedented punishment to Wells Fargo for what it called "widespread consumer abuses," including its creation of as many as 3.5 million fake/ bogus customer accounts. |

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| 火炬传递 | [ torch relay ] //the track and field team; the track and field athlete田径运动员; 　the track and field game 田径；the (running) track跑道, track shoes跑鞋, the spiked track shoes (sneakers); the track suit relay  * + 1.   [N-COUNT 可数名词](javascript:;)A relay or a relay race is a race between two or more teams, for example teams of runners or swimmers. Each member of the team runs or swims one section of the race. 接力赛  •  Britain's prospects of beating the United States in the relay looked poor.   英国队在接力赛中战胜美国队的希望看上去不大。   * + 2.   [V-T](javascript:;)To relay television or radio signals means to send them or broadcast them. 转播  •  The satellite will be used mainly to relay television programmes.   这颗卫星将主要用来转播电视节目。   * + 3.   [V-T](javascript:;)If you relay something that has been said to you, you repeat it to another person. 转告  •  She relayed the message转告了那个消息, then frowned. |

# Table: **断然的(否认)**

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| emphasize; emphatic; emphatically | emphasize sth; emphatic/**ɪm**ˈfætɪk/ ; emphatically [**em**ˈfætɪkli]   1.[ADJ](javascript:;)**An emphatic response or statement** is one made in a forceful way, because the **speaker feels very strongly about** what they are saying. **[ 断然的/坚决的 an emphatic response/statement]**  •  His response was immediate, direct, and **emphatic //an emphatic response**. 他的回答迅速且断然。 • She **was emphatic that** the event should go ahead. 怀尔德强调活动应该继续进行。 •He **was pretty emphatic about** me leaving. 他 **坚决/断然** 要我离开。  2.[ADJ](javascript:;)If you **are emphatic about** something, you use forceful language that shows that you **feel very strongly about** what you are saying. 坚决强调的/斩钉截铁的 **[斩钉截铁地回答“不” respond with an emphatic “No.” ; 断然的否认 an emphatic denial = deny sth emphatically/flatly/categorically]** e.g. The rebels are **emphatic** that this is not a surrender.  叛乱者坚称这不是投降。 e.g. The **insurgents**起义军 responded with **an emphatic denial** to a surrender. eg "**It is emphatically denied that** the Duke of York had any form of sexual contact or relationship with the underage/minor Virginia Roberts. Any claim or allegation is false and without foundation," Buckingham Palace said in a new statement.  e.g. The Turkish government continues to take action against soldiers and institutions after this month's **abortive/foiled['fɔɪld]挫败/failed** **military coup** attempt. Amid **a state of emergency紧急状态**, 45 newspapers, 16 **commercial television stations** and three news agencies have been closed, **state-run news agency** Anadolu said. Officials have fired or suspended tens of thousands who **were implicated with牵涉其中的** the **foiled['fɔɪld]**/failed coup as the government intensifies its vast **purge(军事，政治的）清洗运动 .** Turkey's top broadcasting authority **revoked the licenses吊销执照** for two dozen radio and television companies that it said are linked to Gulen, whom Erdogan blames for **masterminding** the coup 策划了这个政变. Gulen is now **an asylum seeker庇佑** and living in self-imposed exile/deportation 放逐流放 in U.S. . Turkey has formally requested the **extradition引渡** of Gulen from the United States. He has **denied any involvement in the plot/conspiracy emphatically/categorically/flatly 坚决/直截了当的否认**.  //牵涉其中的 be implicated with sth; implication  //revoke the drive license/business license/lawyer license  //foil 铝箔； 使xxx挫败foil sth= to prevent sth from being successful;  //repatriate sb.; repatriation /ˈriːˌpeɪtriːeɪt/ If a country repatriates sb (esp sb’s body), it sends them back to their home country. 把(英雄的遗体)遣返回国  //extradite a criminal /ˈɛkstrəˌdaɪt/; extradition [ekstrə'dɪʃ(ə)]: If someone is extradited, they are officially sent back to their own or another country or state to be tried for a crime that they have been accused of. 引渡（逃犯等)    3. [ADJ](javascript:;)**An emphatic win or victory** is one in which the winner has won by a large amount or distance. 大比分的(获胜) **[大胜/大比分胜利an emphatic win/victory; 大败: an emphatic defeat]** e.g.  Yesterday's **emphatic victory** was their fifth win **in succession/in a row.**昨天的大比分胜利是他们第5次的接连胜利。 |
| 断然地/直截了当地 (e.g deny) | ['flætli]  flatly   1. flatly: to say something in a direct and definite way that is not likely to change 断然拒绝/否认/反对某事等 flatly refuse/deny/oppose etc sth = categorically, emphatically; **[ 断然的/直截了当地否认 an emphatic denial = deny sth emphatically/flatly/categorically]** e.g. He **flatly/emphatically denied** ever having met the woman. 他 断然否认 见过那名女子。 e.g Australia's spokeswoman **flatly/categorically/emphatically** **ruled out any chance排除** of an apology, the spokeswoman said Horton "has every right to express his views and his displeasure or dissatisfaction 不愉快不满意. We have no intention of making an apology," she added. The **spat口水战** adds another dimension to the men's 1500m freestyle race on Friday, when Sun and Horton will **face off (面对面）和…对抗** again. Sun won gold in the 200m freestyle on Monday. The Australian's comments **sparked national fury/outrage** in China after an emotional Sun **burst into tears** in the post-race **press conference**, **indicting Horton for** deliberately trying to psych him out.  e.g. "I would like to confirm that we are **flatly/categorically/emphatically** against the expansion of the club of nuclear states, including through the Korean Peninsula," Putin told reporters. "We are against it and consider it counterproductive, damaging, dangerous," he said 2. flatly: without showing any emotion**平淡地/淡淡地(没有感情的)(说)**   e.g. ‘Aunt Alicia has changed her will,’ **she said flatly. 她淡淡地说道。** |
| 直截了当（的否认）； 坚决的 | categorical, categorically [,kæti'gɔrikli] = absolutely，utterly and completely **[ 断然的/直截了当地否认 an emphatic denial = deny sth emphatically/flatly/categorically]**  e.g. He has **categorically/flatly/emphatically denied** his guilt all along. 他始终 断然否认 自己有罪。 e.g. " I **categorically** deny such accusations," Gulen said. "My position on democracy is really clear. Any attempt to **overthrow推翻 the country** is a betrayal to our unity and is treason."  e.g. The Turkish government continues to take action against soldiers and institutions after this month's **abortive/foiled['fɔɪld]挫败/failed** **military coup** attempt. Amid **a state of emergency紧急状态**, 45 newspapers, 16 **commercial television stations** and three news agencies have been closed, **state-run news agency** Anadolu said. Officials have fired or suspended tens of thousands who **were implicated with牵涉其中的** the **foiled['fɔɪld]**/failed coup as the government intensifies its vast **purge(军事，政治的）清洗运动 .** Turkey's top broadcasting authority **revoked the licenses吊销执照** for two dozen radio and television companies that it said are linked to Gulen, whom Erdogan blames for **masterminding** the coup 策划了这个政变. Gulen is now **an asylum seeker庇佑** and living in self-imposed exile/deportation 放逐流放 in U.S. . Turkey has formally requested the **extradition引渡** of Gulen from the United States. He has **denied any involvement in the plot/conspiracy emphatically/categorically/flatly 坚决/直截了当的否认**.  **// 推翻(证据,证词) topple down/overthrow/refute/talk down the evidence/argument/testimony**  //牵涉其中的 be implicated with sth; implication  //**吊销执照**revoke the drive license/business license/lawyer license  //foil 铝箔； 使xxx挫败foil sth= to prevent sth from being successful;  //repatriate sb.; repatriation /ˈriːˌpeɪtriːeɪt/ If a country repatriates someone, it sends them back to their home country. 把(英雄的遗体)遣返回国  //extradite a criminal /ˈɛkstrəˌdaɪt/; extradition [ekstrə'dɪʃ(ə)]: If someone is extradited, they are officially sent back to their own or another country or state to be tried for a crime that they have been accused of. 引渡（逃犯等) |

# Table: 强夺; 抢劫

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| 抢夺(bag, purse, wallet) | V. snatch sth:  [snætʃ]  **[ snatch a purse away from sb; snatch sth away/back from sb]**  🡺 snatcher  ['snætʃɚ] n. 绑架者；(bag, purse, wallet抢夺贼)  1. [**snatch sth away/back from sb** ] to grab something away from someone with a quick, often violent, movement, normally unexpectedly抢去，强夺(purse, wallet) ，攫取  **[ fenoly V.S. petty crimes, e.g. purse snatching抢(夺)钱包, shoplifting** ]  •The thief **snatched her purse** and ran. 小偷抢了她的钱包就跑。  •Keith **snatches toys away from** the other children. 基思把玩具从其他小孩那里抢走。  2. [snatch at sth] phr v : to quickly put out your hand to try to take, hold, or grab something 伸手抓，伸手抢  •Jessie snatched at the bag but I pulled it away. 杰西伸手去抓袋子，但我给拿开了。  2. [snatch sb] . to take someone away from a person or place, especially by force 抓走，夺走〔某人〕  •Vargas was snatched from his home by two armed men. 瓦尔加斯被两名持枪男子从家中抓走。  3. to quickly get something, especially sleep or rest, because you do not have very much time  **抓紧时间〔做某事，尤指睡觉或休息〕**  •I managed to **snatch an hour’s sleep/rest** on the train. 我在火车上 **抓紧时间**睡了一小时。  •I managed to **snatch an hour’s rest** on the plane. 我在火车上 **抓紧时间**休息 了 一小时。  snatch 2   n. [C ]  英  MEANINGS 义项  1.  a snatch of conversation/music/song etc  a short part of a conversation, song etc that you hear  谈话/音乐/歌曲等的片段  •I could hear snatchesof the conversation from across the room. 我能听到房间那头传来的只言片语。  2. in snatches: intermittently  [intə'mitəntli]; for short periods断断续续地adv. 间歇地  •I only slept **in snatches** during the night. 我夜里只是断断续续地睡了几觉。  3. when someone quickly takes or steals something  抓；抢；夺  •reports of a bag snatch 抢夺手提包的报道 |
| 行凶抢劫; 马克杯 | V) mug sb. = rob sb; ＝>　　行凶抢劫者 a mugger; e.g. She's a mugger/robber 行凶抢劫者  [V-T](javascript:;)If someone mugs you, they attack you in order to steal your money. 袭击并抢劫  •  I was walking out to my car when this guy tried to mug me. 　 这家伙企图抢劫我的时候，我正向我的汽车走去。  5.　[N-VAR](javascript:;)行凶抢劫　•  Bank robberies, **burglaries, and muggings** are reported almost daily in the press.   银行抢劫、入室盗窃以及行凶抢劫几乎在每天的新闻中都有报道  N) **[ a mug of sparkling coffee; a mug of sparkling beer 马克杯 (起泡沫); Two mugs of tea, please. 请来两大杯茶** ] You can use mug to refer to the mug and its contents, or to the contents only. 一大杯; 一大杯...  •  He had been drinking **mugs of coffee** to keep himself awake. 　 他一直在喝大杯大杯的咖啡让自己保持清醒。   tall cup used for drinking tea, coffee etc 〔喝茶、咖啡等用的有柄的〕大杯，马克杯 •a coffee mug 一个咖啡杯  2. a large glass with a handle, used especially for drinking beer 〔尤指喝啤酒用的有柄的〕大玻璃杯;  [N-COUNT 可数名词](javascript:;)A mug is a large, deep cup with straight sides and a handle, used for hot drinks. 圆筒形有柄大杯  •  He spooned instant coffee into two of the mugs.   他用勺子把速溶咖啡舀进其中两个大杯里。  •a beer mug 啤酒杯    [I] informal to make silly expressions with your face or behave in a silly way, especially for a photograph or in a play  〔尤指照相或演出时〕做鬼脸，扮傻相  [+ for]  •All the kids were mugging for the camera. 所有的孩子都在对着相机做鬼脸  mug upphr vBrE  to try to learn something in a short time, especially for an examination  〔尤指为准备考试而〕临时用功，恶补  •Jeannie can’t come. She’s busy mugging up on science for her exam.珍妮来不了，她临时抱佛脚忙着准备自然科学考试  //smug, smugness = full of complacency, with too much self-satisfaction, very big-headed/arrogant/cocky |
| 抢劫，抢夺，打劫 | [rɒb]  rob pp: robbed   pt: robbed   pres part: robbing  1. to steal money or property from a person, bank etc 抢劫，抢夺，打劫  •They killed four policemen while robbing a bank. 他们抢劫一家银行的时候杀了4名警察。  •A 77-year-old woman was robbed at knifepoint. 一名77岁老妪遭到持刀抢劫。  You say that someone robs a person or place. Do not say that someone robs an object or an amount of money. Use steal. rob的宾语是人或地点。如宾语是物品或一定数量的钱，则不用 rob，而用 steal: He stole cash and valuables worth 500,000. 他偷了现金和价值50万美元的贵重物品。  rob sb of sth  •They threatened to shoot him and robbed him of all his possessions. 他们威胁要开枪打死他，并抢走了他的全部东西。  2.  rob Peter to pay Paul  to take money away from someone or something that needs it in order to pay someone else or use it for something else  拆东墙补西墙；剜肉补疮  •Taking money out of the hospital’s budget for this is simply robbing Peter to pay Paul. 将医院预算里的钱挪用到这里，简直是在剜肉补疮。  3.  rob sb blind  informal to steal everything someone has  把某人偷个精光  •The minute your back’s turned, they’ll rob you blind. 你一转身，他们就会把你偷个精光。  [显示更多](javascript:;)  PHRVB 短语动词  rob sb/sth of sthphr v  to take away an important quality, ability etc from someone or something  使丧失，剥夺  •The illness robbed him of a normal childhood. 疾病使他无法拥有一个正常的童年。 |

# Table 模仿/模拟

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| 模仿/模拟 | [ impersonate sb.; ID impersonation: 身份假冒 ]   1. [V-T](javascript:;)If someone impersonates a person, they pretend to be that person, either to deceive people or to make people laugh. 〔尤指为行骗而〕假扮，假冒〔他人ID/身份〕to pretend to be someone else by copying their appearance, voice, and behaviour, especially in order to deceive people e.g. Do you know it is a very serious felony 重罪to impersonate a police officer? 你知道假冒警察是很严重的违法行为吗？ **//fenoly V.S. petty crimes, e.g. purse snatching抢夺钱包, shoplifting**  e.g.  He was returned to prison in 1977 for **impersonating a police officer**.  因假扮一名警官再次入狱。 2. **[ impersonate sb.= mimic a person ]** = to copy someone’s voice and behaviour, especially in order to make people laugh, to be amusing or entertaining 〔尤指为逗人发笑而〕模仿〔某人的言语、动作, 容貌、声音或仪态〕 e.g. In the film he amusingly **impersonates a woman**. 影片中他模仿一个女人，非常好笑。 3. 模仿名人的娱乐节目表演者/模拟(名人等的)艺人 an impersonator: an entertainer who impersonates/mimics celebrities.  **//不受欢迎的人 a persona non-grata /pɜːˈsəʊnə nɒn ˈɡrɑːtə/;** eg Don't make urself a nuisance讨厌的人 or persona non-grata.   e.g. Chen Handian is a famous **impersonator**. |
| [V. mimic a person/an animal to be amusing or entertaining = impersonate a person]  to copy the way someone speaks or behaves, especially in order to make people laugh  模仿〔某人的言行，尤指为了逗乐〕，学…的样子  [SYN](javascript:;) IMITATE,TAKE OFF  •He could mimic all the teachers’ accents. 他能模仿所有老师的口音。  •‘I’m so sorry,’ she mimicked. “很抱歉。”她学着说道。  2.  to behave or operate in exactly the same way as something or someone else  学…的样子，模仿  •Europe should not try to mimic Japan: we have to find our own path to successful modernisation. 欧洲不应该试图模仿日本: 我们必须找到自己的现代化成功之路。  •The drug mimics the action of the body’s own chemicals. 这种药模仿人体自身化学物质的作用。  3.  if an animal mimics something, it looks or sounds very like it  〔动物〕像，似  •a fly whose size and colour exactly mimics that of the wasp 一种大小和颜色很像黄蜂的苍蝇  mimic /ˈmɪmɪk/      |TEM8 (mimickingmimickedmimics)  1.  [V-T](javascript:;)If you mimic the actions or voice of a person or animal, you imitate them, usually in a way that is meant to be amusing or entertaining. 模仿  •  He could mimic anybody, and he often reduced Isabel to helpless laughter.   他可以模仿任何人，而且经常逗得伊莎贝尔情不自禁地大笑。  2.  [V-T](javascript:;)If someone or something mimics another person or thing, they try to be like them. 模仿  •  The computer doesn't mimic human thought; it reaches the same ends by different means.   计算机模仿不了人类的思维；它通过不同的方式达到相同的目的。  3.  [N-COUNT](javascript:;)A mimic is a person who is able to mimic people or animals. 善于模仿的人  •  At school I was a good mimic.   上学时我是一个善于模仿的人。  a mimic: 东施效颦者 |
| **[imitate a person/an animal]**   1. to copy the way someone behaves, speaks, moves etc, especially in order to make people laugh   〔尤指为引人发笑而〕模仿  •She was a splendid mimic and loved to imitate Winston Churchill. 她是个出色的模仿者，喜欢模仿温斯顿·丘吉尔。  Do not use imitate to mean ‘do the same thing as someone else’. Use copy. 表示和其他人做一样的事情时不要用imitate，而要用copy: She worries that Tom will copy his brother (NOT 不说 imitate his brother) and leave home. 她担心汤姆会学他的哥哥，离家出走。  2.  to copy something because you think it is good  仿效  •vegetarian products which imitate meat 素肉  •The Japanese have no wish to imitate Western social customs and attitudes. 日本人无意仿效西方的社会习俗和处事态度。  1.  [V-T](javascript:;)If you imitate someone, you copy what they do or produce. 模仿  •  ...a genuine German musical that does not try to imitate the American model.   …一部不试图模仿美国模式的正宗德国音乐剧。  2.  [V-T](javascript:;)If you imitate a person or animal, you copy the way they speak or behave, usually because you are trying to be funny. (常为逗乐) 学…的样  •  Clarence screws up his face and imitates the Colonel again.   克拉伦斯又板起面孔，模仿上校的样  imitator |
| simulate (对环境/设备状态的)仿真模拟, simulation, sumilator  simulate /ˈsɪmjʊleɪt/      |CET6 TEM8 (simulatingsimulatedsimulates)  1.  [V-T](javascript:;)If you simulate an action or a feeling, you pretend that you are doing it or feeling it. 假装  •  They rolled about on the Gilligan Road, simulating a bloodthirsty fight.   他们在吉利根路上打滚，模拟一场血腥的战斗。  2.  [V-T](javascript:;)If you simulate a set of conditions, you create them artificially, for example, in order to conduct an experiment. 模拟  •  The scientist developed one model to simulate a full year of the globe's climate.   这位科学家研制出一个模型，能模拟全年地球的气候。 |

# Table: 批评； 抨击sb/sth

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| [猛烈攻击; 严厉批评; 严厉惩罚 hammer sb. = slam sb]  [V-T](javascript:;)If you say that someone **hammers another person**, you mean that they attack, criticize, or punish the other person severely.  •  Democrats insisted they will continue to **hammer Bush on his tax plan**.   抨击布什的税收计划。  e.g. Several US lawmakers have repeatedly **criticized/denounced/slammed/hammered抨击** the Trump’s deal to save ZTE. They were unhappy that the company, on which they **cast doubts** that ZET would **compromise the national security损害国土安全**, was being used as [**a bargaining chip**](http://money.cnn.com/2018/05/27/news/economy/us-china-trade-zte-qualcomm/index.html?iid=EL)**讨价还价的筹码** in trade negotiations with China. |
| /slæm/ slam sb/sth       1. [V-T/V-I](javascript:;)If you slam a door or window or if it slams, it shuts noisily and with great force. 砰地关上; 使劲关上  •  She **slammed the door** and locked it behind her.  她**砰地关上门**; **slam the basketball=dunk 灌蓝**  3.[V-T](javascript:;)To **slam someone or something** means to criticize them very severely. 严厉批评; 猛烈抨击  •  The famed filmmaker **slammed the claims** as "an outrageous lie." 电影制片人猛烈抨击这些说法 |
| [ denounce sb]  1.to express strong disapproval of someone or something, **especially in public** 谴责，指责，斥责  •The group denounced the failure by the authorities to take action. 该团体谴责当局没有采取行动。  [ denounce sb/sth as sth ] e.g. He denounced the election as a farce. 他指责这场选举是闹剧。  2**.[ denounce sb to teacher/manager/police] to give information to the police or another authority about someone’s illegal political activities 告发，检举，举报〔某人的非法政治活动〕**  •She denounced him to the police. 她向警方告发了他。 |
| /dɪˈkraɪ/ **decry an idea/action** 〔公开〕反对，谴责, (强烈)批评(某个想法/项目/提议)  [V-T](javascript:;)If someone **decries an idea or action,** they criticize it strongly , to state publicly that you do not approve of something  •  He is impatient with those who **decry the plan**. 批评这项计划的人。  •  People **decried the campaign** as a waste of money.  谴责这项运动只是浪费金钱。 |
| reprimand /ˈrɛprɪˌmɑːnd/ reprimand sb. (for sth)      1.[V-T](javascript:;)If someone is reprimanded, they are spoken to angrily or seriously for doing something wrong, usually by a person in authority. 训斥; 谴责sb.  •  He **was reprimanded by a teacher for** talking in the corridor.  他被一位老师训斥。  •The military court **reprimanded him for** failing to do his duty. 军事法庭谴责他失职。  2.[N-VAR](javascript:;)Reprimand is also a noun. 训斥; 谴责**[a severe reprimand 严厉的斥责]**  •  He has been fined five thousand dollars and given a severe **reprimand**. 受到严厉的训斥。 |

# Tabel: 卫生

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| hygiene /ˈhaɪdʒiːn/      |CET6+ TEM4  [N-UNCOUNT](javascript:;)Hygiene is the practice of keeping yourself and your surroundings clean, especially in order to prevent illness or the spread of diseases. 卫生  •  Be extra careful about personal hygiene.   要特别注意个人卫生。 |
| Sanitation: the protection of public health by removing and treating waste, dirty water etc公共卫生(的状态)，环境卫生; sanitation /ˌsænɪˈteɪʃən/  Sanitation is the process of keeping places clean and healthy, especially by providing a sewage system and a clean water supply. (尤指通过提供排污系统和洁净水源的) 公共卫生(的状态)  e.g•  ...the hazards of contaminated water and poor sanitation.  …污水和 不良(的)公共卫生 的危害e.g. Overcrowding and poor sanitation are common problems in prisons. 过度拥挤和卫生状况差是监狱里的普遍问题。  sanitary /ˈsænɪtərɪ/    1. [ADJ](javascript:;)Sanitary means concerned with keeping things clean and healthy, especially by providing a sewage system and a clean water supply. 公共卫生的; 有益于健康的  •  Sanitary conditions are appalling.  卫生条件非常恶劣。  2.  [ADJ](javascript:;)If you say that a place is not sanitary, you mean that it is not very clean. 干净的  •  It's not the most sanitary place one could swim.   这不是最干净的游泳之地  1.  [only before noun,仅用于名词前] relating to the ways that dirt, infection, and waste are removed, so that places are clean and healthy for people to live in  有关卫生的，与健康有关的  [SYN](javascript:;) HYGIENIC  •Diseases were spread through poor sanitary conditions = poor sanitation . 疾病因卫生条件很差而传播开来。  •a prison with no proper sanitary facilities 一座缺少适当卫生设施的监狱  2.  clean and not causing any danger to people’s health  清洁的，卫生的，于健康无害的  [OPP](javascript:;) INSANITARY  •Often, the camps were not very sanitary. 营地里常常不太卫生。 |

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| 1.沉浸在xxx (happiness, sadness, alcohol) 之中 **[ immerse onself in (happiness/sadness/alcohol)]** V.S. immense/enormous/tremendous  e.g. Almost every night, he would almost **immerse himself in** whatever kind of alcohol came in handy. 沉浸在任何美酒之中。  2. 全神贯注/专心致志的做 xxx **[ be absorbed/immersed/engrossed in sth ]** eg You can immerse yourself in that fantastic book and absorb/assimilate it. 使自己沉浸在读书中。 // soak up sth = to absorb or sponge quickly, esp in large quantities  V.S. **engross /ɪnˈɡrəʊs/:** to occupy one's attention completely; absorb 使全神贯注,专注于 |
| (把sb’s的一生都)致力于<XXX事情>，献身于<XXX事情> **[dedicate oneself/sb’s life to sth]** to give ALL your attention and effort to one particular thing.  e.g. The actress now **dedicates herself to** children’s charity work. 这名女演员现在致力于儿童慈善工作。  V.S. 致力于，献身于，倾注(时间/心血/)在<XXX事情>s  **[ devote sb’ time/energy/attention to sth; devote oneself to sth]** to use ALL or MOST of your time, effort etc in order to do something or help someone  e.g. He devoted his energies to writing films. 他致力于电影剧本的创作。  e.g. She devoted herself full-time to her business. 她把全部时间都倾注在生意上 |

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| [ wheel => pinwheel V.S. ferris wheel摩天轮 ]  In Parkland, Florida, Stoneman Douglas students rose before sunrise to place hundreds of pinwheels(a toy consisting of a stick with curved pieces of plastic at the end which turn around when they are blow纸 风车) around campus to mark the anniversary. |
| gag /ɡæɡ/     1.[N-COUNT](javascript:;)A gag is something such as a piece of cloth that is tied around or put inside someone's mouth in order to stop them from speaking or making noise. 赛住嘴巴的东西（不让说话 ）  e.g.  His captors had put a gag of thick leather in his mouth.  俘获他的人在他嘴里塞了一块儿厚皮革。  2.[V-T](javascript:;)If someone **gags you**, they tie a piece of cloth around your mouth or put a piece of cloth into your mouth in order to stop you from speaking or shouting. （用布）堵住…的嘴（不让说话 ）  e.g. I **gagged him** with a towel.  我用一条毛巾塞住他的嘴。  e.g. He’s so noisy. Just **gag him. 让他闭嘴**  e.g. You know, I just wanna **gag you**. 我只想让你闭嘴。  3. [V-T](javascript:;)If a person is gagged by someone in authority, they are prevented from making comments, esp in public, expressing their opinion or publishing certain information. 压制言论自由 **[ a gag order: 封嘴令; slap a gag order on sth ]**  e.g. Judges must not be gagged.   法官绝不能 **被压制言论自由**。  4. [V-I](javascript:;)If you gag, you cannot swallow and nearly vomit or throw up (吞咽不下去) 作呕  e.g  I knelt by the toilet and **gagged**.  我跪在马桶边 **作呕**。  5. [N-COUNT](javascript:;)A gag is a joke. 笑话 , a comic effect or remark.噱头：滑稽的效果或言谈  e.g  The running gag is xxxx.  那个流传的笑话是xxxx。  6. A gag=a **humorous** trick/prank/hoax that you play on someone. (幽默的)恶作剧 **gag= a humorous trick/prank/mischief [搞恶作剧/恶搞 play a gag; 对<sb>搞(幽默的)恶作剧: play a gag on sb ]**  e.g. Richard must have thought that colleagues were **playing a gag on** him.  理查德一定以为同事们在 对<他>搞恶作剧。  V.S. 胡闹, 开玩笑, 恶作剧 prank V.S. hoax V.S. shenanigan V.S. trick V.S. mischief   |  |  | | --- | --- | | prank | 〔尤指使人难堪的〕玩笑，恶搞, 恶作剧 prank: a trick or mischief, especially one which is played on someone to make them look silly and stupid.  **[ play a prank; a prank call: 恶作剧电话; April Fools pranks:愚人节的恶作剧]**  e.g. The Web was full of **counterfeit products赝品** and other **April Fools pranks** . … | | gag | A gag = a humorous trick/prank/mischief that you play on someone. (幽默的)恶作剧  **[对<sb>搞恶作剧: play a gag/trick/prank/mischief on sb ]** | | mischief | 1. Mischief is playing **harmless tricks** on people or doing things you are not supposed to do. It can also refer to the desire to do this. (无害的)恶作剧; 捣乱 e.g. The little boy was naughty. He was always up to **mischief/gag/trick**. 总是在搞恶作剧 2. 制造的麻烦/事端: Mischief is behaviour that is intended to cause trouble for people. It can also refer to the trouble that is caused. **[ 制造麻烦/事端 make mischief = cause trouble]** e.g.  He is about to **make mischief** in the Middle East again.  在中东 **制造事端**。 | | trick | trick /trɪk/    1.[N-COUNT](javascript:;)A trick is an action that is intended to fool or deceive someone. 捉弄; 诡计; 恶作剧  **[ play a trick on sb 耍弄/恶搞/作弄sb/给sb搞恶作剧]**  e.g.  We are playing a trick on a man who keeps bothering me.  我们正 **耍弄** 着一个人  2. [V-T](javascript:;)If someone **tricks you = they deceive you**, often in order to make you do something. 欺骗  e.g. Stephen is going to be pretty upset when he finds out how you tricked him. 欺骗他  3. [N-COUNT](javascript:;)A trick is a clever or skillful action that someone does in order to entertain people. 戏法  e.g. use **magic wands[wɒnd]** to play **magic tricks**  …魔术戏法;  e.g.  He shows me **card tricks**.  他向我表演 **纸牌戏法**。  4. [N-COUNT](javascript:;)**A trick is a quick and clever way of doing something. (做一件事情的) 诀窍/窍门**  •  Everything I cooked was a trick of my mother's.   我烹饪都是沿用了我母亲的诀窍。  [PHRASE](javascript:;)**The tricks of the trade** are the quick and clever ways of doing something that are known by people who regularly do a particular activity. 行业诀窍  e.g.  To get you started, we have asked five successful writers to reveal some of **the tricks of the trade**.   为了帮你起步，我们请了5位成功作家来揭示一些诀窍  5. →see also [hat trick](file:///C:\Users\IBM_ADMIN\AppData\Local\Youdao\Dict\Application\7.5.2.0\resultui\dict\result.html?keyword=hat%20trick): Football: 帽子戏法  6.[PHRASE](javascript:;)If something **does the trick**, it achieves what you wanted. 达到目的  e.g Sometimes a few choice words will **do the trick**.   有时斟酌得当的只言片语就能达到目的。  7.[PHRASE](javascript:;)If someone tries every trick in the book, they try every possible thing that they can think of in order to achieve something. 浑身解数  e.g.  Companies are using every trick in the book to stay one step in front of their competitors.   各公司正用尽浑身解数想领先竞争对手一步 | | hoax | hoax: a **false** warning about something **dangerous**  (对于危险给出的虚假的)恶作剧; (对于危险的一些虚假的))告警/警示 = “狼来了” **[ a bomb hoax  虚假炸弹恶作剧 ]** | | shenanigan[ʃɪ'nænɪɡən] | 1. (具有欺骗性的) 恶作剧 Shenanigan: the use of **malicious tricks** to deceive someone (usually to extract money from them) 2. **Business fraud/scam/shenanigan** | |
| (**情况或问题) 归根结底是xxx [ boil down to sth/doing sth] = come down to sth**  if you say that a situation or problem **boils down to** a particular thing or can be boiled down to a particular thing, you mean that **this is the most important or the most basic aspect of it**.  e.g. 归根结底还是利润 Everything **boils down to profits, that is “buck” obviously/manifestly.**  e.g No need to argue it at all. Everything **boils down to the money.** 所有的事归根结底就是钱 |

# Table 沼泽,泥塘; 陷入(泥沼)困境

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| /bɒɡ,bɑg/ n. bog  1.[C,U] a bog is an area of low wet muddy ground, sometimes containing bushes灌木or grasses 沼泽; **bog = marsh or swamp**沼泽,泥塘  \* A marsh is a wet, muddy area of land. 沼泽,泥塘  \* A swamp is an area of very wet land with wild plants growing in it. 沼泽地  2. [C] informal a toilet厕所  Verb. pp: bogged   pt: bogged   pres part: bogging  [ bog sb/sth = bog down sb/sth]  1.if a process or plan **becomes/gets bogged down,** it is delayed or **impeded/hindered/hampered** so that no progress is made physically or mentally, be trapped **in a predicament/pickle/a tight spot; be brought to a standstill.** 身体或精神上(被)妨碍; 陷入(泥沼)困境; /(进度)瘫痪了；停滞不前，耽搁  **[陷入了僵局,死锁/被(困难)给拖住become/get bogged down = in a deadlock/a jogjam/an impasse/in stalemate; be stalemated ]**  **V.S. 陷入困境: in a predicament/in a pickle/in a tight spot; 从逆境中反弹: bounce back from adversity[əd'vɝsəti] V.S.**  **adversary /ˈædvəsərɪ/ =rivals/opponents对手**  e.g. Talks to settle the **trade dispute** between CHINA and U.S. have **become bogged down.** 会谈 陷入了僵局。  e.g. Don’t let yourself **get bogged down** by minor details. 不要让<细枝末节的问题>拖住。  e.g. ZTE has been was entirely **crippled/paralyzed** by **the grave sanctions imposed by** U.S., in otherwords, all transations in ZTE got **bogged down.** 美国的制裁使<ZTE完全>瘫痪了, 陷入(泥沼)困境  2.if something, like vehicles gets bogged down, it becomes stuck in soft ground, like in the **bog/marsh/swamp** and is unable to move使陷入泥沼中  •The car **got bogged down in the mud/marsh/swamp**. 汽车陷入了泥潭/沼泽,泥塘。  **3.[滚开！bog off]:** used to tell someone rudely to go away滚开e..g Just bog off! 滚开！ |
| /swɒmp/ swamp    1.[N-VAR](javascript:;)A swamp is an area of very wet land with wild plants growing in it. 沼泽地 swamp=marsh=bog  •  I spent one whole night by a swamp behind the road listening to frogs.  我整个晚上都在这条路后面的一个沼泽地旁听蛙鸣。  2.[V-T](javascript:;)If something swamps a place or object, it fills it with water; to suddenly cover an area with a lot of water  〔骤然〕淹没，浸没  • Huge waves **swamped the vessel**, making it totally **capsized** 巨浪吞没了那艘船。  •  a rogue wave **swamped the boat**. 一个巨浪吞没了那只船。  3.[V-T](javascript:;)**使陷入〔大量工作〕；使面临〔大量问题〕; 应接不暇/忙得不可开交 If you are swamped by things or people**, you have more of them than you can deal with; usually in passive,一般用被动态] to suddenly give someone a lot of work, problems etc to deal with be swamped by/with sth  •We’ve been swamped with phone calls since the advert appeared. 自从广告出来后，电话多得使我们应接不暇. 使应接不暇  •  He **is swamped with** work.   他工作正忙得不可开交  •In the summer the village is swamped by visitors. 夏天，村子里挤满游客(使我们应接不暇)  🡺swampy adj the soft, swampy ground 软软的沼泽地 |

# STOP

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| Tone:   * The tone of a sound is its particular quality. 〔尤指乐器或某人说话的〕音调，音色，音质 * Someone's tone is a quality in their voice which shows what they are feeling or thinking. 〔说话的〕语气，口气，腔调 **[**[**tone of voice**](file:///C:\Users\IBM_ADMIN\AppData\Local\Youdao\Dict\Application\7.5.2.0\resultui\dict\result.html?keyword=tone%20of%20voice&lang=en)**: “ne” + “of”连读: 语调；声调；口吻]** * **[the tone of a speech or the tone of a piece of writing]** is its style and the opinions or ideas expressed in it. 〔作品、演讲、活动等的〕基调，格调；气氛 **[宗教色彩.: the religious tone; the tone of a speech; the tone of a report]** e.g. The meetings were noted for their deeply **religious [rɪ'lɪdʒəs] tone宗教色彩**. 那些聚会以其浓厚的 **宗教色彩** 著称  e.g. **The tone of the report** was left-wing and radical. 报告的基调十分激进。 * **[ set the tone (for/of sth) ]**  (=establish the general attitude, style, or feeling of an event, activity etc)（为某事物）确定基调  e.g. **Opening remarks开场白** are important since they **set the tone** for the rest of the interview. 开场白很重要，因为它是为随后的访谈 **确定基调** 的 * **[ the tone of a place or an event]** is its general **atmosphere/vibes** 地方的气氛 //vibe: Vibes are the good or bad atmosphere that you sense with a person or in a place. 感应; 气氛 * **The tone of someone's body, especially their muscles, is its degree of firmness and strength. (皮肤、肌肉等〕的强健/结实程度 [ the tone of my arms; the tone of my belly; the tone of my arms muscles ]** * A tone is one of the lighter, darker, or brighter shades of the same color. **[**[**skin tone**](file:///C:\Users\IBM_ADMIN\AppData\Local\Youdao\Dict\Application\7.5.2.0\resultui\dict\result.html?keyword=skin%20tone&lang=en)**肤色, not use “color”]**  e.g. If you have a **tan古铜色,** your **skin tone肤色**has become darker than usual because you have been in the sun. * A tone is one of the sounds that you hear when you are using a telephone, for example, the sound that tells you that a number is busy, or no longer exists. |
| / skwɛərli / square正方形的；直角的；**正直的=> squarely, adverb**   1. **Squarely** means **directly**直接地；坚定地rather than indirectly or 2. **in the middle不偏不倚地/正中的**rather than at an angle; = directly and firmly  * He turned and faced her **squarely**. 他转过身来和她正面相对。 * She hit him **squarely** on the nose. 她 **不偏不倚地/正中地** 打在他的鼻子上。 * Squarely: completely and with no doubt完全地，毫无疑问地 e.g. The blame lies squarely on the shoulders of the police. 责任全在警方身上 e.g. If something such as blame or responsibility lies **squarely** with someone, they are definitely the person responsible. |
| / əproʊprieɪʃən / appropriation   * An appropriation is an amount of money that a government or organization reserves for a particular purpose. * Appropriation of something that belongs to someone else is the act of taking it, usually without having the right to do so. |
| [ˈæfrəʊ] afro; 复数 Afros : a hairstyle popular with black people in the 1970s in which the hair is cut into a large round shape; Afro[ˈæfrəʊ] hair is very tightly curled and sticks out all around your head. 〔20世纪70年代在黑人中流行的〕非洲式（圆形蓬松）发型 n. 圆蓬式发型；非洲式发型 adj. （美国）黑人的；圆蓬式的  [词条图片](javascript:;) |
| **[大惊小怪，小题大做; make a fuss]**  e.g. **Don’t make such a fuss! 不要这么大惊小怪/小题大做!**  e.g. Anyway, I didn't want to **make a fuss**, so I decided to **wink at it.** 我**不想小题大做**，所以我决定只 **当没看见/假装没看见** 算了/**对(不好的事情)睁一只眼闭一只眼**。  e.g. I've sometimes wondered whether to say anything to my manager, but have decided not to as I like my workmate and don't want to **make a fuss.** 但还是决定不要这样做，因为我喜欢这位同事，而且也不想 小**题大做**。  **//wink at sb: 眨眼睛（暗送秋波） V.S. wink at sth bad or illegal: to pretend not to notice something bad or illegal对(不好的事情)睁一只眼闭一只眼，当没看见/假装没看见** |
| diminish  1.[I,T] to become or make something become smaller or less （使）减少，（使）减小  •The party’s share of the electorate has **diminished/decreased** **steadily/flatly**. 支持这个政党的选民比例持续下降。  •These drugs diminish blood flow to the brain. 这些药物会减少流向脑部的血液量。  2.[ 收益递减，报酬递减diminishing returns] when the profits or advantages you are getting from something stop increasing in relation to the effort you are making  3.[T] **[削弱，贬低〔重要性或价值〕: diminish sb/sth = devalue xxx]** If you diminish someone or something, you talk about them or treat them in a way that **deliberately**/**intentionally** makes them appear **less important or less valuable** than they really are. **[贬低sb’的成就 diminish/devalue sb’s achievements; 贬低<xxx的>重要性: diminish/devalue the importance of sth]**  e.g.  e.g. Don’t let him **diminish/devalue your achievements**. 别让他 **贬低你的成就**。  e.g. Don’t **diminish/devalue the importance** of his discoveries. 不要**贬低<**他的发现>的**重要性**。  V.S.  **/diːˈvæljuː/ devalue sb/sth:** [**V-T**](javascript:;)**To devalue something means to cause it to be thought less impressive or less deserving of respect. 贬低**  e.g.  They spread tales about her in an attempt to **devalue/diminish her work**. 企图 **贬低她的工作**  V.S**. [对xxx轻描淡写downplay sth /ˈdaʊnˌpleɪ/ ]**  [V-T](javascript:;)If you downplay a fact or feature, you try to make people think that it is less important or serious than it really is. 对xxx轻描淡写 🡺 **(similar with “diminish sb/sth=devalue” 削弱，贬低〔重要性或价值〕)**  •  Police sources yesterday **downplayed the significance of** the security breach.  警方昨天的消息对这次安全缺口的重要性轻描淡 🡺 similar with “diminish the significance of sth” |
| 古铜色（的肤色） tæn / tan: N/v If you have a tan, your **skin tone肤色 has become darker than usual because you have been in the sun**  [tæn]  V) pp: tanned   pt: tanned   pres part: tanning  1.[I,T] if you tan, or if the sun tans you, your skin becomes darker because you spend time in the sun（使）〔皮肤〕晒黑  e.g. She has a pale skin which doesn’t tan easily. 她的肤色很白，不容易被晒黑。  e.g. If you have a tan古铜色, your **skin tone肤色**has become darker than usual because you have been in the sun. //[[skin tone](file:///C:\Users\IBM_ADMIN\AppData\Local\Youdao\Dict\Application\7.5.2.0\resultui\dict\result.html?keyword=skin%20tone&lang=en)肤色, not use “color”]    2.[T] to make animal skin into leather by treating it with tannin (= a kind of acid ) 鞣，硝〔皮革〕 |
| ['lev**lɔf**（注意连读）] level off/out  1.[PHRASAL VERB 动词词组](javascript:;)If a changing number or amount **levels off or levels out**, it stops increasing or decreasing at such a fast speed, it’s moving on steadily. 趋向稳定  e.g.  The figures show evidence that murders in the nation's capital are beginning to **level off/out.**.开始趋向稳定。  2.[PHRASAL VERB**(飞机在爬升或俯冲后) 水平飞行**](javascript:;)If **an aircraft levels off or levels out**, it travels horizontally esp in **cruising altitude巡航高度** after having been climbing in an upward direction or declining in a downward direction.  e.g.  The aircraft levelled out/off at about 30,000 feet, which is a safe **cruising altitude巡航高度**. 飞机在大约三万英尺的高度水平飞行 |
| elastic /ɪˈlæstɪk/ elastic, N) ela’sticity  1.[N-UNCOUNT](javascript:;)Elastic is a rubber material that stretches when you pull it and returns to its original size and shape when you let it go松手后. Elastic is often used in clothes or shoese to make them fit tightly, for example, around the waist. **(有弹性的)松紧带**  **[一条松紧带: a piece of elastic]**  e.g. Make a mask with long ears and attach **a piece of elastic** to go around the back of the head. 安上**一条松紧带** 绕过后脑。  e.g. OMG, you pulled the elastic so tightly, see my jeans, too **snug**. //clothes that are snug fit closely〔衣服〕贴身 的，紧身的snug jeans 紧身牛仔裤  2.[ADJ](javascript:;)Something that is elastic is able to stretch easily and then return to its original size and shape after you let it go. 有弹性的  e.g. Pinch and beat the **dough[dəʊ]** until it is slightly **elastic**.  反复捶打，直到 面团 略有 弹性。  🡺 [‚iːlæ'**stɪsɪti**] elasticity, ela’sticity  1.the ability of something to stretch and go back to its usual length or size弹性，弹力 **[ the skin’s natural elasticity 皮肤天生的弹性]**  2**. [需求弹性the elasticity of demand ]**  Technical) the degree to which a change in the price of something leads to a change in the amount of it that is sold 需求弹性〔指价格变动导致需求量变化的程度〕 |
| 报摊; 杂志摊new**ss**tand /ˈnjuː**zˌ**stænd/: A newsstand is a **stall** in the street or a public place, which sells newspapers and magazines**. [ on the newsstand在报摊上有售]**  e.g. ight new national newspapers have appeared **on the newsstands** since 1981. Xxx 在报摊上有售 |
| 〔尤指对政治或社会事件的〕强烈反应，反对，抵制; **(尤其表示不满dissatisfaction）**backlash: **[+ against: 针对xxx, 激起了强烈的反应/抵制spark a backlash against sth]**  Backlash: is a **strong negative reaction** by a number of people against recent events or trends, especially against political or social developments; A backlash against a tendency or recent development in society or politics is a sudden, strong reaction or repercussion (negative effect) against it, strong disapproval of sth e.g ...the male **backlash against feminism**.…男性对女权主义的强烈反应。  E.g Delta Air Lines (DAL) is facing a massive customer **backlash** after its computer system failed, causing delays around the world.  •The 1970s saw the first **backlash against t**he women’s movement. 20世纪70年代首次出现对妇女运动的抵制。  [+ from]  •The management fear a backlash from fans over the team’s poor performances. 管理层担心球迷会对球队的拙劣表现做出强烈反应。  e.g ...the male **backlash against feminism**.…男性对女权主义的强烈反应。  E.g Delta Air Lines (DAL) is facing a massive customer **backlash** after its computer system failed, causing delays around the world. e.g. They come against the backdrop of renewed US diplomatic contacts with Iran, which has triggered a political backlash among Iranian hardliners, including the powerful IRGC.  //〔尤指不好的〕持续影响/后续的不好的负面的影响；反响；后果/ˌriːpəˈkʌʃən/ repercussion: [N-COUNT](javascript:;)If an action or event has **repercussions**, it causes unpleasant things to happen some time after the original action or event 🡺 **repercussion=fallout (the fallout from Brexit; the fallout from U.S. election**); 🡺 the **aftermath** of the earthquake/tsuinami 🡺**遭受到(xxx事件)后续的不好的影响reel from** sth: get bad or negative influences or effect, that is repercussions, from sth, e.g. reel from the economic recession; reel from the sanctions |

## Table, N/verb **不好的负面的**影响；反响

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| Noun: (尤指**不好的**〕持续/后续的不好的负面的影响；反响；后果 | 〔尤指不好的〕持续/后续的**不好的负面的**影响；反响；后果/ˌriːpəˈkʌʃən/ repercussion: [N-COUNT](javascript:;)If an action or event has repercussions, it causes **unpleasant things** to happen some time after the original action or event, with ensuing negative influences or effect.  **[ political/social/economic etc repercussions 政治/社会/经济等影响; have repercussion on sth ]**  🡺 repercussion=fallout (the fallout from Brexit; the fallout from U.S. election);  e.g. The collapse of the company **had repercussions** on the whole industry. 这家公司的倒闭影响了整个行业。  e.g. There were serious **repercussions** on 33’s career because of the serious **sanctions** imposed on his company ZTE by U.S. 他的事业受到了严重影响。  [+ of]  e.g. the repercussions of the crisis 危机造成的后果 |
| Noun: ( xxx事件)所附带/ 衍生出来(**的不好的)**结果 | * ( xxx事件)所附带/ 衍生出来(**的不好的)**结果 the fallout from sth = the unpleasant or bad ramifications衍生 or consequences deriving from sth, you mean the unpleasant （bad or negative) consequences that follow it. ]   **[ the fallout from Brexit; the fallout from U.S. election]** e.g. The **fallout from Brexit**, such as the tumbling pounds and U.S. dollars in stock market.  e.g. Samsung has ditched/given up the Galaxy Note 7 in the hope of limiting the **fallout from** its exploding glitchy/faulty smartphone.      * [**放射性核辐射 radioactive fallout** ['redɪo'æktɪv]]; Fallout is the radiation that affects a particular place or area after a nuclear explosion has taken place. 核辐射 (radiation; radioactive) e.g They were exposed to radioactive fallout during nuclear weapons tests. 他们在核武器试验过程中暴露于放射性核辐射。 |
| Noun (灾难性大事件, e.g. 战争、风暴、事故等的) 后果, 余殃，余波 | /ˈɑːftəˌmɑːθ/ aftermath **[the aftermath of the earthquake; the aftermath of the tsunami**  **[tsuː'nɑːmɪ]**]  [N-SING](javascript:;)The aftermath of an important event, especially a harmful one, is the situation that results from it. (灾难性大事件, e.g. 战争、风暴、事故等的) 后果, 余殃，余波; the period of time after something such as a war, storm, or accident when people are still dealing with the results〔战争、风暴、事故等的〕后果，余殃，余波  •  In **the aftermath of the coup**, the troops opened fire on the demonstrators. 在那次政变的**余波**之中  •the danger of disease in **the aftermath of the earthquake** 地震后引发疫病的危险 |
| Verb) 遭受到(xxx事件)后续的不好的影响  1. 卷轴； (影视的）胶卷 2. | reel /riːl/  1. N A reel is a cylindrical object around which you wrap something such as movie film, magnetic tape, or fishing line. 卷, 轴； (影视的）胶卷 [ 一卷 电缆 a ree[l o]f cables; a ree[l o]f ropes 一卷绳子; a ree[l o]f tapes 一卷磁带; highlight reels (影视的）高能时刻，精彩片断 ] e.g. trailer of the movie is a short, blank strip of film at the end of a reel( 影视的胶卷). 尾片电影片断, 彩蛋 V.S. A teaser of a movie, TV program, or album is a short clip at the start of a reel (影视的）胶卷, normally to propagate that movie/TV program/or album. 先行预告片, 片头, 宣传片  e.g. .. to unwind a 30-metre length of a ree[l o]f cable reel. 松绑 那个 一卷 30米长的电缆。  2. V reel sth = to wind (cotton, thread, etc) onto a reel 绕上卷轴 V.S. unwind a length of sth, e.g. rope is to loosen it and make it straight.  3. V-I If someone reels, they move about in an unsteady way as if they are going to fall, reel =stagger 踉跄 e.g. He was reeling/staggering a little. He must be very drunk/intoxicated/smashed烂醉如泥的. 有点踉跄。他一定 醉得 很厉害。  4. V-I **reel from sth**: get bad and negative influnces (**repercussions**) from sth or get bad or negative **fallout** from sth 遭受到(xxx事件)后续的不好的影响  [ e.g reel from the economic recession 受到经济萧条带来的不好影响 = get the fallout from economic recession ]  e.g **reel from Brexit** 受到Brexit 带来的不好影响 = get the fallout from Brexit  eg As Japanese industries **reel from** Chinese export restrictions, sort of **expoert embargo**, on rare earth metals, alternative sources are moving in to fill the gap 当中国的稀土出口限制影响到日本工业界时  eg Because Iran **reeled from** the economic sanctions imposed by U.S., the economic recession萧条 is getting worse. What is worse, it **reeled from** the **weapon embargo** ordered by U.N, which pours oil on the fire**火上浇油.**  eg Firstly, the new British PM, May, must unite a party and a country that is still **reeling from** the 52%-48% Brexit vote that has divided families, age groups and communities.  eg And some of the grim figures are likely to get even worse as hopes of rescuing any more survivors diminish every hour. Heartbreaking scenes of suffering and loss are playing out across this shell-shocked nation as it **reels from** its deadliest natural disaster in more than 80 years. |

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| * .   I think it is something private. Why did they have to make it such a fuss?  我觉得这是个人隐私吧。他们干么这么小题大做啊。  huihua.iciba.com   * 2.   People started to make a buzz over his private life , make a fuss over it.  人们开始议论他的私生活，并且小题大作。  danci.911cha.com   * 3.   Jessica: I think it is something private. Why did they have to make it such a fuss?  我觉得这是个人隐私吧。他们干么这么小题大做啊。 | |
| concede /kənˈsiːd/ , concession  1.[V-T](javascript:;)If you concede something, you admit or acknowledge, often unwillingly, reluctantly, that it is true or correct. (常指不情愿地) 承认xxx**; [ concede sth = unwilling/reluctant to admit or acknowledge sth ]**  •  Bess finally **conceded** that Nancy was right.  贝丝最终 **(不情愿地)承认** 南希是对的。  •  "Well," he conceded, "I do sometimes mumble a bit."   “嗯，”他**(不情愿地)**承认道，“我有时说话确实有点儿含糊。”  2.[V-T](javascript:;)If you concede something to someone, you allow them to have it as a right or privilege. 给予 (权利或特权)  •  Poland's Communist government conceded the right to establish independent trade unions.   波兰共产党政府给予了建立独立工会的权力。  3. [V-T](javascript:;)If you **concede defeat**, you accept that you have lost a struggle. **[承认 (失败) : cocede defeat]**  •  She has **conceded defeat in** her bid for the Democratic Party's nomination for governor.   她已经承认自己在民主党州长提名竞选中失败  4. [V-T](javascript:;)If you **concede or yield something**, you give it to the person who has been trying to get it from you. 妥协/让步/让与  •  The strike by bank employees ended after employers conceded some of their demands.  银行雇员的罢工在雇主们答应了他们的一些要求之后停止了。  4.[V-T](javascript:;)If **you concede a game/race/contest/argument**, you end it by admitting that you can no longer win. (通过认输而) 使 (比赛、竞赛、争论等) 结束  •  Reiner, 56, has all but **conceded the race** to his rival.   56岁的赖纳差一点就向他的对手认输而使比赛结束。  🡺N) concession /kənˈsɛʃən/    1.[N-COUNT](javascript:;)If you **make a concession to someone**, you agree to let them do or have something, especially in order to end an argument or conflict. （不请愿的）让步/妥协  •  We **made too many concessions** and we got too little in return.  我们作出了太多让步，而得到了太少回报。  2.[N-COUNT](javascript:;)A concession is a special right or privilege that is given to someone. 特许权  **[已获得<>授权/特许权去做xxx sb. be granted concessions to do sth; grant sb concessions to do th]**  •  They **were granted concessions** from the government **to reclaim this land.**  已获得<政府>授权 开发这些农场。  //**reclaim the land, land reclamation: /ˌrɛkləˈmeɪʃən**/: Reclamation is the process of changing land that is unsuitable for farming or building into land that can be reused. (重新)开垦,开拓(土地)  3. [N-COUNT](javascript:;)A concession is an arrangement where someone is given the right to sell a product or to run a business, especially in a building belonging to another business. (尤指在另一公司的建筑物内) 特许经营  •  ...the man who ran the catering concession at the Rob Roy Links in Palominas.   …在帕罗米那斯的罗布罗依高尔夫球场特许经营饮食特许业务的人  V.S. yield | |
| /jiːld/ yield    1.[V-I](javascript:;)If you**[yield to someone or something],** you stop resisting them. 屈服  •  Carmen yielded to general pressure and grudgingly took the child to a specialist.   卡门屈服于普遍的压力，不得已带孩子去看了位专科大夫。  V.S.  If you concede something, you admit or acknowledge, often unwillingly, reluctantly, that it is true or correct. (常指不情愿地) 承认xxx**; [ concede sth = unwilling/reluctant to admit or acknowledge sth ]**  •  Bess finally **conceded** that Nancy was right.  贝丝最终 **(不情愿地)承认** 南希是对的  2. [V-T](javascript:;)If you yield something that you have control of or responsibility for, you allow someone else to have control or responsibility for it. 放弃  •  He may yield control.   他可能放弃控制权。  3.[V-I](javascript:;)If a moving person or a vehicle yields, they slow down in order to allow other people or vehicles to pass in front of them. 让行 **[ stop sign V.S. yield sign ]**  •  When entering a trail or starting a descent, yield to other skiers.   进入滑道或开始下滑时，给其他滑雪者们让行。  •  ...examples of common signs like No Smoking and Yield.   …像“禁止吸烟”和“让行”这样的常见标志例子。  4.[V-I](javascript:;)If something yields, it breaks or moves position because force or pressure has been put on it. (因受力或受压而) 破碎; 断裂; 移位  •  He reached the massive door of the barn and pushed. It yielded.   他够着了畜棚厚重的大门推了推。门开了。  5.  [V-T](javascript:;)If an area of land yields a particular amount of a crop, this is the amount that is produced. You can also say that a number of animals yield a particular amount of meat. 产  •  Last year 400,000 acres of land yielded a crop worth $1.75 billion.   去年40万英亩的土地出产了价值17.5亿美元的粮食。  6.  [N-COUNT](javascript:;)A yield is the amount of food produced on an area of land or by a number of animals. 产量  •  ...improving the yield of the crop.   …增加农作物的产量。  7.  [V-T](javascript:;)If a tax or investment yields an amount of money or profit, this money or profit is obtained from it. 产生 (收益)  •  It yielded a profit of at least $36 million.   它带来了至少三千六百万美元的利润。  8.  [N-COUNT](javascript:;)A yield is the amount of money or profit produced by an investment. (投资的) 利润; 收益  •  ...a yield of 4%.   …4%的收益。  •  The high yields available on the dividend shares made them attractive to private investors.   股息股能获得的高收益使它们对私人投资者们很有吸引力。  9.  [V-T](javascript:;)If something yields a result or piece of information, it produces it. 产生 (结果); 制造 (消息)  •  This research has been in progress since 1961 and has yielded a great number of positive results.   这项研究自1961年以来一直在开展，已经取得了大量的积极成果 | |
| **e.g.** The wealthy and glamorous city-state **sits坐落于** on the end of the **Malay** /məˈleɪ/ **Peninsula** and has been seen as a gateway/broker state between Asia and the West. A close ally to the United States during the Cold War and currently host to a US military presence, Singapore also has a diplomatic relationship with North Korea. It is one of only 47 countries to **feature** a North Korean embassy.  **[feature sth]**  MEANINGS 义项  1.  a part of something that you notice because it seems important, interesting, or typical  特点，特征，特色  •Air bags are a standard feature in most new cars. 气囊是大多数新车的标准配置。  •Striped tails are a common feature of many animals. 尾巴上有条纹是许多动物的共同特征。  •The hotel’s only redeeming features (= things that make it acceptable ) were that it was cheap and near the city centre. 这家旅馆仅有的可取之处就是价格低廉并且靠近市中心。  •One of the distinguishing features (= features that are different from other things of the same sort ) of modern banking is its dependence on computers. 现代银行业的显著特征之一就是依赖电脑。  [+ of]  •An important feature of Van Gogh’s paintings is their bright colours. 凡•高画作的一个重要特点是色彩鲜亮。  main/important/significant etc feature  •The most distinctive feature of the dinosaurs was their size. 恐龙最明显的特点就是它们的巨大体型。  2.  a piece of writing about a subject in a newspaper or a magazine, or a special report on television or on the radio  〔报纸或杂志的〕特写；〔电视或广播的〕专题节目  [+ on]  •a feature on holidaying with your dog 一档带上狗去度假的专题节目  3.  [usually plural,一般用复数] a part of someone’s face, such as their eyes, nose etc  面貌的一部分〔如眼、鼻等〕；面貌 （特征）；五官  •He had fine delicate features. 他眉清目秀。  •Her eyes were her best feature. 她的五官中眼睛长得最好。  [显示更多](javascript:;)  feature 2   v. [AC](javascript:;) [W3](javascript:;)  英  MEANINGS 义项  1.  [I,T] to include or show something as a special or important part of something, or to be included as an important part  以…为特色，是…的特征；是…的重要组成  •The exhibition features paintings by Picasso. 这次展览重点展出毕加索的画作。  •a cruise ship featuring extensive spa facilities 以大量水疗设施为特色的邮轮  [+ in]  •A study of language should feature in an English literature course. 语言学习应当成为英语文学课的重要组成部分。  be featured in sth  •Pupils visited some of the websites featured in the article. 小学生们访问了文章中专题介绍的一些网站。  feature prominently/strongly/heavily etc  •Violence seems to feature heavily in all of his books. 暴力似乎在他所有作品中都占有相当比重。  feature sb as sth  •The film featured Brando as the Godfather. 这部影片由白兰度主演教父。  2.  [T] to show a film, play etc  放映〔电影〕；上演〔戏剧〕  •The Retro Theatre is featuring films by Frank Capra this week. 经典剧场本周上映弗兰克•卡普拉导演的影片。 | |
| [ sit in/on xx]  e.g. The wealthy and glamorous city-state **sits坐落于** on the end of the **Malay** /məˈleɪ/ **Peninsula** and has been seen as a gateway/broker state between Asia and the West. A close ally to the United States during the Cold War and currently host to a US military presence, Singapore also has a diplomatic relationship with North Korea. It is one of only 47 countries to **feature** a North Korean embassy. | |
| **[political implications; be implicated in sth 牵连]**  **e.g.** Speaking to CNN, Jean Lee, a North Korea expert at the Wilson Center, said a number of other potential options, such as Beijing, Pynongyang and Washington, were eliminated early on due to their **political implications 牵连影响**or logistical difficulties. |
| **[ the sparsely-populated area V.S. the densely-populated area]** |
| [**fleet of aircraft机队]**  e.g. Singapore also raises problems for Kim. Similar to his father before him, the North Korean leader **is reluctant to** travel long distances by plane, mainly due to security issues -- a plane **is vulnerable to attack (easy to be hurt/harmed/attacked)**-- but also due to practical considerations. "Kim's **fleet of aircraft机队** are very old and (we're) just honestly not sure if he can physically get to where he needs to go if its further than a certain number of miles away |
| [then-xxx]  e.g. Additionally, Singapore has previously held other historic events,in 2015, Chinese President Xi met with **当时的then**-Taiwanese President Ma Ying-jeou in Singapore, the first and only time the **counterparts** of the two Chinas have met [since they split in 1949.](https://www.cnn.com/2015/11/07/asia/china-taiwan-summit/index.html) |
| [**Malay** /məˈleɪ/ **Peninsula**]  e.g. The wealthy and glamorous city-state **sits坐落于** on the end of the **Malay** /məˈleɪ/ **Peninsula** and has been seen as a gateway/broker state between Asia and the West. A close ally to the United States during the Cold War and currently host to a US military presence, Singapore also has a diplomatic relationship with North Korea. It is one of only 47 countries to **feature** a North Korean embassy. |
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| [və'reɪʃəs, vɒ-] voracious; voraciously; voracity n /,-'ræsəti /  1.eating or wanting large quantities of food 贪吃的；食量大的，胃口大的  [**胃口很大/有一个贪吃的胃口: a voracious appetitie**]  •Pigs are voracious feeders. 猪的食量很大。  •Kids can have **voracious appetites**. 小孩子有时 **胃口很大/有一个贪吃的胃口**。  •  All **otters** have a **voracious appetite**.   所有的水獭都有一个 贪吃的胃口  2. having an extremely strong desire to do or have a lot of something; If you describe a person, or their appetite for something, as voracious, you mean that they want a lot of something. 贪婪的; 如饥似渴的，求知欲极强的  •  Joseph Smith was **a voracious book collector**.   一个如饥似渴的藏书家。  **• a voracious reader 一个如饥似渴的读者**  •Her appetite for knowledge is voracious. 她对知识有强烈的渴求/如饥似渴/求知欲极强。  •Anne has always read **voraciously**. 安妮总是 如饥似渴 地阅读。 |
| spat /spæt/ Spat is a past tense and past participle of . (spit)的过去式和过去分词  \* [V](javascript:;)to have a slight quarrel 发生小口角  \* N) a spat = a slight quarrel or debate V.S. a skirmish = a small battle **[ 贸易口角战: a trade spat]**  **e.g. Likewise/In the same way**, China has **a voracious appetite**如饥似渴的，求知欲极强的for oil and may not wish to do Trump any favors in the midst of its **trade spat贸易口角战**with the United States, Wittner said.  3. [N](javascript:;)a larval oyster or similar bivalve mollusc, esp when it settles to the sea bottom and starts to develop a shell 蚝卵 |
| [spaɪk] spike N/v  Noun:  1. something long and thin with **a sharp point,** especially a pointed piece of metal 金属钉状物；尖状物  e.g. Spear and shield. A spear is normally equipped with a spike at the far end.  e.g. a 15-foot wall topped with **iron spikes.**  …顶上装有 **长铁锥/铁钉** 的15英尺高的墙  2. [usually singular Noun 一般用单数] a sudden large increase in the number or rate of something〔数量或比率的〕激增  **[ a spike in sth, e.g. a spike in interest rates 利率的大幅上调; a spike in food price]**  3. spikes [plural,复数] shoes with metal points on the bottom, worn by people who run races, play golf etc, esp **the field and track athletes**  **(田径运动员穿的跑鞋下面的)钉子/铆钉 e.g. the sports shoes with spikes //田径运动员: field and track athletes**  Verb)  1. [T] [**spike sth with sth ]** to secretly add strong alcohol or a drug to someone’s drink or food 在…里偷偷掺入〔烈酒或药物〕  •The orange juice had been **spiked with gin.** 这橙汁里掺了杜松子酒。  2.[I] if the number or rate of something **spikes**, it increases quickly and by a large amount 激增 = **Verb) (数量，价格，股票，比率的〕激增: surge, shoot up, skyrocket**  e.g. The price of Brent crude has surged/shooted up/skyrocketed/spiked激增 by 7% this year  e.g. New telephone orders have spiked in the last two years. 新装电话订单在过去两年里激增  3.V) to hit (a ball) sharply downwards with an overarm motion from the front of one's own court into the opposing court (排球中的)大力扣杀 |
| /ɛmˈbɑːɡəʊ/ **[ V. 对<xxx国>施行了贸易/武器/石油等禁运impose a trade/an arms/an oil embargo on/against xxx; 取消贸易禁令: lift an embargo against xxx]**  1.[N-COUNT](javascript:;)If one country or group of countries **imposes an embargo against** another, it forbids trade with that country, including imports and exmports. **To paraphrase/In other words,** **sanctions are imposed against** that country贸易禁运(制裁)  **[对<xxx国>施行了贸易/武器/石油等禁运: impose the trade/arms/oil embargo against xxx]**  •an **embargo on** wheat exports 小麦出口禁令  •an **embargo against** the country 对该国的贸易禁令  •Many allies are pushing to **lift the embargo**. 许多盟国在努力推进 **取消贸易禁令**。  e.g. The United Nations **imposed an arms embargo against** DPRK.  联合国 **对<该国>施行了武器贸易禁运。**  e.g. the European Union put a 100% **embargo on/against** Iranian crude oil imports when sanctions were imposed in 2012  2.[V-T](javascript:;)If goods of a particular kind are embargoed, people are not allowed to import them from a particular country or export them to a particular country. **To paraphrase/In other words,** **sanctions are imposed against** that country贸易禁运(制裁)  •  The fruit imported from CHINA was embargoed.  水果被禁运了。  •  They embargoed oil shipments to the U.S.  他们禁止了对美国石油船运。  Several countries embargoed arms shipments to Yugoslavia. 好几个国家对南斯拉夫实行武器禁运 |
| [ team up to do sth]  e.g. OPEC and Russia have **teamed up to** boost prices by **slashing/cutting/reducing** production. |
| 1. Enrich sth: to improve the quality of something, especially by adding useful or valuable things to it 使丰富/充实；**强化其质量 [使土壤肥沃: enrich the soil; 充实你的生活: enrich sb’s life]**   •Add fertilizer to **enrich the soil** 施上肥料 **使土壤肥沃**。  •Personally, one one hand, **reading’s my escape** sometimes; on the other hand, reading a lot can greatly **enrich my life充实我的生活**and **inspire my enlightenment刺激我的领悟/启迪.** //To **enlighten someone** means to give them more knowledge and greater understanding about something领悟；启发，开导   1. to make someone richer 使〔某人〕更富裕 2. technical term in oil industry: to increase the number of atoms in a nuclear fuel so that it produces more power 浓缩,提纯〔核燃料中的原子〕 oil enrichment   🡺 /ɪnˈrɪtʃmənt/ enrichment  [N-UNCOUNT](javascript:;)Enrichment is the act of enriching someone or something or the state of being enriched. 充实; 丰富  **社会的富足: the enrichment of society; 精神上的富足／充实: spiritual enrichment** |
| [prə'lɪfɪk] prolific writer/singer V.S.  益生菌酸奶: probiotic yogurt [,**probaɪ'ɑtɪk]**  prolific [prəu'lifik] adj 🡺 prolificacy [prəu'lifikəsi] the property of producing abundantly and sustaining vigorous and luxuriant growth  1. intellectually productive; a prolific writer, artist, or composer produces a large number of works. (作家、艺术家或作曲家) 多产的 **[多产的作家:a prolific writer; 多产的演员 a prolific actor; 多产的音乐家 a prolific musician]**  •  She is a prolific writer of novels and short stories.  她是位多产的长篇和短篇小说家  e.g. Musicians, public **dignitaries (政府或教会的) 显要人物**, and other **big fishes** have paid tribute to the **prolific actor** since his death. [ 虾兵蟹将小人物 shrimp; big fish显赫的人物 e.g. In DP team, I'm just a shrimp; and F is the big fish. V.S. tycoon 企业界大亨，巨头巨富 = mogul V.S. dignitary ['dɪɡnɪtɛri] 位高权重的人    2. 艺术家、作家等〕多产的，作品丰富的 •Handel’s **prolific output o**f opera 韩德尔丰富的歌剧作品  3**. [ a prolific sports player; a prolific goalscorer ]** produces a lot of runs, goal s etc 〔运动员〕进球次数[得分]多的  e.g. Messi is one of the most **prolific goalscorers** this decade 这十年来得分最多的射手  4. (动物、人、植物) 多产的prolific: bearing in abundance especially **offspring['ɔfsprɪŋ]/descendants后裔/子孙 ;** An animal, person, or plant that is prolific produces a large number of babies, offspring, young plants, or fruit.  **[多产的培育者: prolific breeder]**  e.g. They are **prolific breeders**, with many hens laying up to six eggs. 他们是多产的培育者，有许多能下多达6个蛋的母鸡  **//frolic ['frɒlɪk], frolicking, frolicked: frolic in the snow; frolic in the ocean** |
| **处于半死不活的状态: be dead in the water**  e.g. Some say Clinton's economic package **is dead in the water** . **半死不活**了。  e.g. Tmuch fits with the view that the economy **is dead in the water** – or even weakening, " saidSamuel D. Kahan, chief financial economist for Fuji Securities in Chicago."  芝加哥富士证券公司首席财经专家卡亨说，“这与经济毫无生气，或甚至正在恶化的见解颇为吻合。  e.g "The Iranian nuclear deal **is dead in the wate**r and a Trump torpedo is fast approaching," Stephen Brennock, oil analyst at brokerage firm PVM Oil Associates, wrote to clients late last week. |
| **[ 填补(市场/职位)空隙/空白 fill the void; 填补内心的无尽空虚: fill the void in their hearts]**  e.g. Not everyone is able to fill the void.  并非所有机构都能够填补市场空隙.  e.g. If no one steps in to **fill the void(填补<市场>空隙)** that was left by Iran, FGE warns that the gap between supply and demand could shrink to the tightest level since 2013, when oil prices were above $100 a barrel. |
| **[ impose sanctions against xxx;**  **slap sanctions against xxx= impose without proper reasons or acceptable justification;**  **lift sanctions 取消了制裁 ]**  e.g. [Under the deal,](https://www.cnn.com/2015/07/14/politics/iran-nuclear-deal/index.html?iid=EL) Iran agreed to limits on its nuclear activities, including bans on enrichment at key facilities. In exchange, **sanctions were lifted** in early 2016, freeing Iran to quickly boost its oil production by about 1 million barrels per day. |
| waiver /ˈweɪvə/  [N-COUNT](javascript:;)A waiver is when a person, government, or organization agrees to give up a right or says that people do not have to obey a particular rule or law. 弃权者  •  ...a waiver of constitutional rights.   …一位放弃宪法权利者。  an official written statement saying that a right, legal process etc can be waived  弃权声明书 |

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| concede /kənˈsiːd/ , concession  1.[V-T](javascript:;)If you concede something, you admit or acknowledge, often unwillingly, reluctantly, that it is true or correct. (常指不情愿地) 承认xxx; [ concede sth = unwilling/reluctant to admit or acknowledge sth ]  •  Bess finally **conceded** that Nancy was right.  贝丝最终 **(不情愿地)承认** 南希是对的。  •  "Well," he conceded, "I do sometimes mumble a bit."   “嗯，”他**(不情愿地)**承认道，“我有时说话确实有点儿含糊。”  2.[V-T](javascript:;)If you concede something to someone, you allow them to have it as a right or privilege. 给予 (权利或特权)  •  Poland's Communist government conceded the right to establish independent trade unions.   波兰共产党政府给予了建立独立工会的权力。  3. [V-T](javascript:;)If you **concede defeat**, you accept that you have lost a struggle. **[承认 (失败) : cocede defeat]**  •  She has **conceded defeat in** her bid for the Democratic Party's nomination for governor.   她已经承认自己在民主党州长提名竞选中失败  4. [V-T](javascript:;)If you **concede or yield something**, you give it to the person who has been trying to get it from you. 妥协/让步/让与  •  The strike by bank employees ended after employers conceded some of their demands.  银行雇员的罢工在雇主们答应了他们的一些要求之后停止了。  4.[V-T](javascript:;)If **you concede a game/race/contest/argument**, you end it by admitting that you can no longer win. (通过认输而) 使 (比赛、竞赛、争论等) 结束  •  Reiner, 56, has all but **conceded the race** to his rival.   56岁的赖纳差一点就向他的对手认输而使比赛结束。  🡺N) concession /kənˈsɛʃən/    1.[N-COUNT](javascript:;)If you **make a concession to someone**, you agree to let them do or have something, especially in order to end an argument or conflict. （不请愿的）让步/妥协  •  We **made too many concessions** and we got too little in return.  我们作出了太多让步，而得到了太少回报。  2.[N-COUNT](javascript:;)A concession is a special right or privilege that is given to someone. 特许权  **[已获得<>授权/特许权去做xxx sb. be granted concessions to do sth; grant sb concessions to do th]**  •  They **were granted concessions** from the government **to reclaim this land.**  已获得<政府>授权 开发这些农场。  //**reclaim the land, land reclamation: /ˌrɛkləˈmeɪʃən**/: Reclamation is the process of changing land that is unsuitable for farming or building into land that can be reused. (重新)开垦,开拓(土地)  3. [N-COUNT](javascript:;)A concession is an arrangement where someone is given the right to sell a product or to run a business, especially in a building belonging to another business. (尤指在另一公司的建筑物内) 特许经营  •  ...the man who ran the catering concession at the Rob Roy Links in Palominas.   …在帕罗米那斯的罗布罗依高尔夫球场特许经营饮食特许业务的人  V.S. yield | |
| /jiːld/ yield    1.[V-I](javascript:;)If you yield to someone or something, you stop resisting them. 屈服 •  Carmen **yielded to general pressure** and grudgingly took the child to a specialist.  卡门屈服于普遍的压力，不得已带孩子去看了位专科大夫。  2. [V-T](javascript:;)If you **yield something** that you have control of or responsibility for, you allow someone else to have control or responsibility for it. 放弃 •  He may **yield control**.  他可能**放弃控制权**。  3.[V-I](javascript:;)If a moving person or a vehicle yields, they slow down in order to allow other people or vehicles to pass in front of them. 让行 **[ stop sign V.S. yield sign ]**  •  When entering a trail or starting a descent, **yield to** other skiers.  进入滑道或开始下滑时，给其他滑雪者们**让行**。  •  ...examples of common signs like No Smoking and **Yield sign**.  …像“禁止吸烟”和“让行”这样的常见标志例子。  4.[V-I](javascript:;)If something yields, it breaks or moves position because force or pressure has been put on it. (因受力或受压而) 破碎; 断裂; 移位  •  He reached the massive door of the barn and pushed. It yielded.  他够着了畜棚厚重的大门推了推。门开了。  5.[V-T](javascript:;)If an area of land **yields** a particular amount of a crop, this is the amount that is **produced**. You can also say that a number of animals yield a particular amount of meat. 产  •  Last year 400,000 acres of land **yielded** a crop worth $1.75 billion.   去年40万英亩的土地出产了价值17.5亿美元的粮食。  6.[N-COUNT](javascript:;)A yield is the amount of food produced on an area of land or by a number of animals. 产量  •  ...improving the yield of the crop.  …增加农作物的产量。  7.[V-T](javascript:;)If a tax or investment yields an amount of money or profit, this money or profit is obtained from it. 产生 (收益) **[产生 xxx利润/收益 yield a profit of $]**  e.g.   It **yielded a profit of** at least $36 million.  它带来了至少三千六百万美元的利润。  8.[N-COUNT](javascript:;)A yield is the amount of money or profit produced by an investment. (投资的) 利润; 收益  •  ...**a yield of** 4%.   …4%的收益。  •  The high **yields** available on the dividend shares made them attractive to private investors.  股息股能获得的高**收益**使它们对私人投资者们很有吸引力。  9.[V-T](javascript:;)If something yields a result or piece of information, it produces it. 产生 (结果); 制造 (消息)  •  This research has been in progress since 1961 and has yielded a great number of positive results.  这项研究自1961年以来一直在开展，已经取得了大量的积极成果 | |
| **e.g.** The wealthy and glamorous city-state **sits坐落于** on the end of the **Malay** /məˈleɪ/ **Peninsula** and has been seen as a gateway/broker state between Asia and the West. A close ally to the United States during the Cold War and currently host to a US military presence, Singapore also has a diplomatic relationship with North Korea. It is one of only 47 countries to **feature** a North Korean embassy.  **[feature sth]**  MEANINGS 义项  1.  a part of something that you notice because it seems important, interesting, or typical  特点，特征，特色  •Air bags are a standard feature in most new cars. 气囊是大多数新车的标准配置。  •Striped tails are a common feature of many animals. 尾巴上有条纹是许多动物的共同特征。  •The hotel’s only redeeming features (= things that make it acceptable ) were that it was cheap and near the city centre. 这家旅馆仅有的可取之处就是价格低廉并且靠近市中心。  •One of the distinguishing features (= features that are different from other things of the same sort ) of modern banking is its dependence on computers. 现代银行业的显著特征之一就是依赖电脑。  [+ of]  •An important feature of Van Gogh’s paintings is their bright colours. 凡•高画作的一个重要特点是色彩鲜亮。  main/important/significant etc feature  •The most distinctive feature of the dinosaurs was their size. 恐龙最明显的特点就是它们的巨大体型。  2.  a piece of writing about a subject in a newspaper or a magazine, or a special report on television or on the radio  〔报纸或杂志的〕特写；〔电视或广播的〕专题节目  [+ on]  •a feature on holidaying with your dog 一档带上狗去度假的专题节目  3.  [usually plural,一般用复数] a part of someone’s face, such as their eyes, nose etc  面貌的一部分〔如眼、鼻等〕；面貌 （特征）；五官  •He had fine delicate features. 他眉清目秀。  •Her eyes were her best feature. 她的五官中眼睛长得最好。  [显示更多](javascript:;)  feature 2   v. [AC](javascript:;) [W3](javascript:;)  英  MEANINGS 义项  1.  [I,T] to include or show something as a special or important part of something, or to be included as an important part  以…为特色，是…的特征；是…的重要组成  •The exhibition features paintings by Picasso. 这次展览重点展出毕加索的画作。  •a cruise ship featuring extensive spa facilities 以大量水疗设施为特色的邮轮  [+ in]  •A study of language should feature in an English literature course. 语言学习应当成为英语文学课的重要组成部分。  be featured in sth  •Pupils visited some of the websites featured in the article. 小学生们访问了文章中专题介绍的一些网站。  feature prominently/strongly/heavily etc  •Violence seems to feature heavily in all of his books. 暴力似乎在他所有作品中都占有相当比重。  feature sb as sth  •The film featured Brando as the Godfather. 这部影片由白兰度主演教父。  2.  [T] to show a film, play etc  放映〔电影〕；上演〔戏剧〕  •The Retro Theatre is featuring films by Frank Capra this week. 经典剧场本周上映弗兰克•卡普拉导演的影片。 | |
| [ sit in/on xx]  e.g. The wealthy and glamorous city-state **sits坐落于** on the end of the **Malay** /məˈleɪ/ **Peninsula** and has been seen as a gateway/broker state between Asia and the West. A close ally to the United States during the Cold War and currently host to a US military presence, Singapore also has a diplomatic relationship with North Korea. It is one of only 47 countries to **feature** a North Korean embassy. | |
| **[political implications; be implicated in sth 牵连]**  **e.g.** Speaking to CNN, Jean Lee, a North Korea expert at the Wilson Center, said a number of other potential options, such as Beijing, Pynongyang and Washington, were eliminated early on due to their **political implications 牵连影响**or logistical difficulties. |
| **[ the sparsely-populated area V.S. the densely-populated area]** |
| [**fleet of aircraft机队]**  e.g. Singapore also raises problems for Kim. Similar to his father before him, the North Korean leader **is reluctant to** travel long distances by plane, mainly due to security issues -- a plane **is vulnerable to attack (easy to be hurt/harmed/attacked)**-- but also due to practical considerations. "Kim's **fleet of aircraft机队** are very old and (we're) just honestly not sure if he can physically get to where he needs to go if its further than a certain number of miles away |
| [then-xxx]  e.g. Additionally, Singapore has previously held other historic events,in 2015, Chinese President Xi met with **当时的then**-Taiwanese President Ma Ying-jeou in Singapore, the first and only time the **counterparts** of the two Chinas have met [since they split in 1949.](https://www.cnn.com/2015/11/07/asia/china-taiwan-summit/index.html) |
| [**Malay** /məˈleɪ/ **Peninsula**]  e.g. The wealthy and glamorous city-state **sits坐落于** on the end of the **Malay** /məˈleɪ/ **Peninsula** and has been seen as a gateway/broker state between Asia and the West. A close ally to the United States during the Cold War and currently host to a US military presence, Singapore also has a diplomatic relationship with North Korea. It is one of only 47 countries to **feature** a North Korean embassy. |
| **[ 在某些方面 in some capacity]**  Eg. Let’s see what we can improve **in some capacity.**  e.g. The **venue** makes the most sense logistically for Kim, the source said, because media facilities and equipment are already **in place**准备就位, which could allow the summit to take place "in late May." Traveling to the northern side of the demilitarized zone (DMZ) would also provide a historic opportunity for Trump, adding that Moon may be involved in the summit **in some capacity在一些方面（在某种程度）** |
| /ɪnˈkʌmbənt/ incumbent = sitting [**incumbent CEO/the sitting CEO; incumbent president=sitting president]**  1.[N-COUNT](javascript:;)An incumbent is someone who holds an official post at a particular time. 在职者  •  In general, **incumbents** have a 94 percent chance of being re-elected.   现任/在职官员有94%的几率会再次当选。  2.[ADJ](javascript:;)Incumbent is also an adjective = sitting 在职/现任的  •  ...the only candidate who defeated **an incumbent senator**.   …惟一击败了现任参议员的候选人。  E.g. In the June elections, Morris easily defeated the **incumbent**, Tom Smith. 在6月的大选中，莫里斯轻松击败了 在任的 汤姆·史密斯。  e.g. Cameras followed the leaders' movements throughout the day, from Moon's departure from Seoul to the moment Kim crossed the military **demarcation line 分界线**into the south -- and encouraged Moon to cross the **demarcation line分界线** to the North. The US President wants to be [involved in similar scenes](https://www.cnn.com/2018/04/27/asia/key-moments-korean-summit-intl/index.html) when he becomes the first **sitting/incumbent在职/现任的US President** to meet a North Korean leader. He's **keen to** take part in a cross-border handshake, but also wants photos to document the **unprecedented/all-time moment** if he decides to stand up and walk out of talks, they said. However, some **skeptics疑论者**worry holding the meeting at the DMZ will appear conciliatory toward Kim. As a result, US officials are still arguing for Singapore as a possible **broker or coordinator** for the talks, telling Trump it presents a more neutral option, the sources said.  3.[ADJ](javascript:;)If **it is incumbent on or upon you to do something**, it is your duty or responsibility to do it. 有责任/义务要履行的  e.g.  She felt **it was incumbent on herself to** act immediately.  她感到立即采取行动是她义不容  e.g. Once getting the Sev1 ticket, I know **it’s incumbent on myself to** reponse immediately and quickly, |
| N) skeptics  n. 疑论者，怀疑主义者（skeptic的复数形式）  e.g. Cameras followed the leaders' movements throughout the day, from Moon's departure from Seoul to the moment Kim crossed the military **demarcation line 分界线**into the south -- and encouraged Moon to cross the **demarcation line分界线** to the North. The US President wants to be [involved in similar scenes](https://www.cnn.com/2018/04/27/asia/key-moments-korean-summit-intl/index.html) when he becomes the first **sitting/incumbent在职/现任的US President** to meet a North Korean leader. He's **keen to** take part in a cross-border handshake, but also wants photos to document the **unprecedented/all-time moment** if he decides to stand up and walk out of talks, they said. However, some **skeptics疑论者**worry holding the meeting at the DMZ will appear conciliatory toward Kim. As a result, US officials are still arguing for Singapore as a possible **broker or coordinator** for the talks, telling Trump it presents a more neutral option, the sources said. |
| [**fret about sth = worry about**]  fret /frɛt/   1.[V-T/V-I](javascript:;)If you fret about something, you worry about it. 担心  •  I was working all hours and constantly fretting about everyone else's problems.  我一刻不停地工作着，还一直担心着其他人的问题。  •  But congressional staffers fret that the project will eventually cost billions more.  但国会的工作人员们担心这个方案最终会多花几十亿。  **2.** [**N-COUNT**](javascript:;)**The frets on a musical instrument such as a guitar are the raised lines across its neck. (吉他等弦乐器指板上定音的) 音品** |
| **[** [**at/from the outset**](file:///C:\Users\IBM_ADMIN\AppData\Local\Youdao\Dict\Application\7.5.2.0\resultui\dict\result.html?keyword=from%20the%20outset&lang=en)**伊始, 从一开始]** at or from the beginning of an event or process  •It was clear **from the outset** that there were going to be problems. 从一开始就很清楚会有问题出现的。  •It’s better to **straighten up everything** at/from the outset. 最好一开始就 **把《所有事情》搞清楚／理清楚** **//let me get it/this straight.让我把它搞清楚，搞明白 V) straighten up sh: 把xxx搞清楚／理清楚**  **[ 在xxx 之初at the outset of sth ]**  •A person with higher qualifications can get a better paid job **at the outset of** their career. 学历较高的人就业之初就能得到薪水较高的工作  e.g. "Mongolia is very eager to host this summit, they have come out and said they will host it ... They want to be the Switzerland of Asia, they want to be seen as a partner that can have good ties with everybody," But it also is not a perfect choice either, as it would require Trump to travel a lot further than Kim, which may be seen as a **concession/yield妥协/让步** to North Korea **from/at the outset.** |
| vt. 撤除核武器 vi. 使非核化[diː'njuːklɪəraɪz] denuclearize: [V](javascript:;)to deprive (a country, state, etc) of nuclear weapons 把(某国家等)去核化 **[denuclearize the Korean Peninsula]**  // If you **deprive someone of** something that they want or need, you take it away from them, or you prevent them from having it. 剥夺sb想要的东西; 使sb不能拥有他想要的东西  e.g. Moon and Kim [met at the same location](https://www.cnn.com/2018/04/26/asia/kim-jong-un-moon-jae-in-korea-summit-intl/index.html) in Panmunjom last Friday, a historically **unprecedented**, significant event that was **televised** worldwide and led to an agreement to [**denuclearize the Korean Peninsula** and formally end the Korean War.](https://www.cnn.com/2018/04/27/asia/korean-summit-intl/index.html)  There is a "strong possibility" the summit will be held at the site, with some events possibly scheduled on the northern side of the military **demarcation line** separating the two countries. //[**'diːmɑːkeɪt] demarcate; demarcation: /dɛ mɑː'keɪʃ(ə)n/** |
| * [**'diːmɑːkeɪt] demarcate; demarcation: /dɛ mɑː'keɪʃ(ə)n/ [划定边界: demarcate the border ]**   [V-T](javascript:;)If you demarcate something, you establish its boundaries or limits. 划定界限，分界线  e.g. A special UN commission was formed to **demarcate the border.**  一个特别联合国委员会被设立以期划定边界   * [‚diːm ɛ'keɪʃ ə n] demarcation   1.the point at which one area of work, responsibility etc ends and another begins〔工作范围、职责范围等的〕界限，分界线 [+ between] **[ a demarcation line between A and B]**  e.g. The traditional **demarcation line** between medicine and surgery is xxx 内科和外科之间的传统分界线  e.g. Moon and Kim [met at the same location](https://www.cnn.com/2018/04/26/asia/kim-jong-un-moon-jae-in-korea-summit-intl/index.html) in Panmunjom last Friday, a historically **unprecedented/all-time**, significant event that was **televised** worldwide and led to an agreement to [**denuclearize the Korean Peninsula** and formally end the Korean War.](https://www.cnn.com/2018/04/27/asia/korean-summit-intl/index.html) There is a "strong possibility" the summit will be held at the site, with some events possibly scheduled on the northern side of the military **demarcation line** separating the two countries.  e.g. I had a visit in Korea’s Demilitarize zone (DMZ) last year, which is located near **the famous demarcation line** that separates the South Korea and DPRK.  e.g. Cameras followed the leaders' movements throughout the day, from Moon's departure from Seoul to the moment Kim crossed the military **demarcation line 分界线**into the south -- and encouraged Moon to cross the **demarcation line分界线** to the North. The US President wants to be [involved in similar scenes](https://www.cnn.com/2018/04/27/asia/key-moments-korean-summit-intl/index.html) when he becomes the first **sitting/incumbent在职/现任的US President** to meet a North Korean leader. He's **keen to** take part in a cross-border handshake, but also wants photos to document the **unprecedented/all-time moment** if he decides to stand up and walk out of talks. However, some **skeptics疑论者**worry holding the meeting at the DMZ will appear conciliatory toward Kim. As a result, US officials are still arguing for Singapore as a possible **broker or coordinator** for the talks, telling Trump it presents a more neutral option, the sources said.  2.the process of deciding on or marking the border between two areas of land〔地区的〕划分，划定，界定; Demarcation is the establishment of boundaries or limits separating two areas, groups, or things. 划界  e.g. Talks were continuing about the demarcation of the border between the two countries.   关于两国之间边界划定的谈话仍在继续着  e.g. the exact **demarcation o**f the north-south boundary 南北分界线的精确界定  V.S. **[ draw a line ]给自己的行动划一条界限；拒绝超过一步 (常与 at 连用), 说某事不能做就不做，限制；禁止** |
| **[ 使(xxx地区)非军事化: demilitarize an area]** /diːˈmɪlɪtəˌraɪz/  **[非军事区: demilitarized zone (DMZ)]**  [V-T](javascript:;)To demilitarize an area means to ensure that all military forces and weapons are removed from it. 使(xxx地区)非军事化  e.g.  He said the UN had made remarkable progress in demilitarizing the region.  他说联合国在实现这一地区非军事化上取得了惊人的进展  e.g. Traveling to the northern side of **the demilitarized zone (DMZ**) would also provide a historic opportunity for Trump, the source said, adding that Moon may be involved in the summit **in some capacity(在某些方面).** |

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| **和xxx保持同步； 并驾齐驱； 跟上xxx步伐/脚步/进步: keep pace with sth =keep abreast of sth**  e.g. My main reason for **subscribing to** New Scientist is to **keep abreast of** advances in science. 我订阅《新科学家》的主要原因是 要跟上<科学的>进步。  e.g. My main reason for keeping studying English is to **keep abreast/pace with** the latest English knowledge in the world. |

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| 动荡不定的,变化无常的(形式，股票和债券市场，政治局势) | volatile /ˈvɒləˌtaɪl/  1.[ADJ](javascript:;)A volatile situation is likely **to change suddenly and unexpectedly**, without warming ahead. 动荡不定的,变化无常的(形式，股票和债券市场，政治局势)  **[ volatile situation: 动荡不定的,变化无常的形式;**  **volatile stock and bond market: 动荡不定的,变化无常的股票和债券市场;**  **volatile political situation: 动荡不定的,变化无常的政治局势]**  e.g. There have been riots and political turmoil before and the situation is volatile.   先前一直就有暴乱，局势变化无常。  e.g. an increasingly **volatile political situation** 日益动荡的政治局势  e.g. the highly **volatile stock and bond markets** 相当动荡不定的,变化无常的股票和债券市场  2.[ADJ](javascript:;)If someone is volatile, their **mood often changes quickly, just in the state of flux** 情绪不稳定的(人)  e.g. He accompanied **the volatile actress** to Hollywood 情绪反复无常的女演员.  e.g. After the divorce, she **becomes volatile**情绪不稳定 and sort of lives under depression.  3.[ADJ](javascript:;)A volatile liquid or substance is one that will quickly change into a gas. 易挥发的  e.g. The blast occurred when volatile chemicals exploded.  易挥发的化学品  e.g. Essential oil精油is a volatile易挥发的 oil, usually having the odor or flavor of the plant or flower from which it is obtained, used to make perfumes/fragrance and flavorings |
| xxx处于不断的变化中 | flux /flʌks/ **[ sth is in flux or in a state of flux ]**  1. if sth. is in a state of flux, it is constantly changing.  E.g. Education remains **in a state of flux** which will take some time to settle down. 教育 处于不断的变化中，需要一段时间才能 稳定下来  e.g. I cannot finish non-PII work till Fri., because the CORS PII design is still **in the state of flux**, which means the design is constantly changing.  a situation in which things are changing a lot and you cannot be sure what will happen 不断的变化  •Everything is in flux at the moment. 眼下一切都变化不定。  •The education system is still in a state of flux . 教育体制仍处于不断变化之中。  e.g. As you can see, things are in flux and changing daily.  // influx: literal meaning: (河流的)流入汇集；河流的汇集处; figurative meaning: big and mass, come in like floods/deluges 洪水一般涌入的( 难民 , 移民，邮件，任务） **[ 洪水一般涌入的难民 an influx of refugees; a[n i]nflux of migrants; 洪水一般多的邮件 influx of emails = floods of emails = deluges of emails ]** |

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| notwithstanding /ˌnɒtwɪθˈstændɪŋ, -wɪð-/     1. [PREP](javascript:;)If something is true notwithstanding something else, it is true in spite of that other thing. 尽管 **[ notwithstanding sth = in spite of sth ]** e.g.  He **despised/looked down upon** William, **notwithstanding** the similar views they both held.  尽管他们俩所持有的观点相似, 他瞧不起威廉 2. [ADV](javascript:;)**Notwithstanding** is also an adverb. 尽管 e.g. His relations with colleagues, differences of opinion **notwithstanding**, were unfailingly friendly.   他与同事们尽管有意见分歧，但关系一直很融洽。 |
| [gæf] gaffe, plural: gaffes: gaffe is **an embarrassing mistake** made in a social situation or in public, like you say sth that is not proper in that situation.〔在社交场合或大庭广众下的〕出丑，失态失礼，失言 [**外交失言 diplomatic gaffe]**  e.g. The consul’s comments were a major **diplomatic gaffe**. 领事的评论是一次重大的 **外交失言**。  V.S. giraffe [dʒəˈræf; dʒəˈræf] 长颈鹿 |
| trick /trɪk/    1.[N-COUNT](javascript:;)A trick is an action that is intended to fool or deceive someone. 捉弄; 诡计; 恶作剧  **[ play a trick on sb 耍弄/恶搞/作弄sb/给sb搞恶作剧]**  e.g.  We are playing a trick on a man who keeps bothering me.  我们正 **耍弄** 着一个人  2. [V-T](javascript:;)If someone **tricks you = they deceive you**, often in order to make you do something. 欺骗  e.g. Stephen is going to be pretty upset when he finds out how you tricked him. 欺骗他  3. [N-COUNT](javascript:;)A trick is a clever or skillful action that someone does in order to entertain people. 戏法  e.g. use **magic wands[wɒnd]** to play **magic tricks**  …魔术戏法;  e.g.  He shows me **card tricks**.  他向我表演 **纸牌戏法**。  4. [N-COUNT](javascript:;)**A trick is a quick and clever way of doing something. (做一件事情的) 诀窍/窍门**  •  Everything I cooked was a trick of my mother's.   我烹饪都是沿用了我母亲的诀窍。  [PHRASE](javascript:;)**The tricks of the trade** are the quick and clever ways of doing something that are known by people who regularly do a particular activity. 行业诀窍  e.g.  To get you started, we have asked five successful writers to reveal some of **the tricks of the trade**.   为了帮你起步，我们请了5位成功作家来揭示一些诀窍  5. →see also [hat trick](file:///C:\Users\IBM_ADMIN\AppData\Local\Youdao\Dict\Application\7.5.2.0\resultui\dict\result.html?keyword=hat%20trick): Football: 帽子戏法  6.[PHRASE](javascript:;)If something **does the trick**, it achieves what you wanted. 达到目的  e.g Sometimes a few choice words will **do the trick**.   有时斟酌得当的只言片语就能达到目的。  7.[PHRASE](javascript:;)If someone tries every trick in the book, they try every possible thing that they can think of in order to achieve something. 浑身解数  e.g.  Companies are using every trick in the book to stay one step in front of their competitors.   各公司正用尽浑身解数想领先竞争对手一步 |
| **[ 所有人的共同努力在做xxx: It's all hands on deck for sth/for doing sth ]**  e.g. Musk said Tuesday that he's planning to hit NASA's [latest target](https://blogs.nasa.gov/commercialcrew/2018/01/11/nasas-commercial-crew-program-target-test-flight-dates-2/) of launching astronauts on Crew Dragon by December. So, for now, "**it's all hands on deck for** Crew Dragon," Musk said. "That's our goal." |
| [helm]  1. [C] the wheel or control which guides a ship or boat〔船的〕舵轮  2. **at the helm = in charge of** something 掌权，领导  •We have a new prime minister at the helm. 我们有新首相执政。  guiding a ship or boat 掌舵  3. **take the helm: to start being in charge of** something such as a business or organization 开始掌管(e.g. company, dept)  e.g. Tracy took the helm at the food retailer in December 2001. 开始掌管这家食品零售公司。 |
| [sə'rɪəl] surreal: a situation or experience that is surreal is very strange and difficult to understand, like something from a dream〔情况或经历〕超现实的；离奇的，荒诞的  e.g. Falcon Heavy took flight Tuesday around 3:45 pm ET from Kennedy Space Center in Florida. "I'm still trying to absorb everything that happened because it's still kind of **surreal** to me," Musk told reporters in the **press conference** after the launch. |
| 英 ['rəʊdstə]; 美 ['rodstɚ] roadster /ˈrəʊdstə/ n. 跑车，双人座敞篷汽车；流浪者  A roadster is a car **with no roof** and **only two seats.** E.g. Musk's personal Tesla ([TSLA](http://money.cnn.com/quote/quote.html?symb=TSLA&source=story_quote_link)) roadster.  [词条图片](javascript:;) |
| [ɪ'nɔːɡjʊrəl,ɪ'nɔːɡjərəl]   1. **an inaugural speech** is the **first** given by someone who is starting an important job. **An inaugural meeting or speech** is the **first** meeting of a new organization or the **first** speech by the new leader of an organization or a country. 揭幕的; 就职的  [就职的首次〔演说/会议〕: inaugural address/speech; inaugural meeting; the president’s inaugural address 总统的就职(首次)演说]   e.g. In his **inaugural address**, the president appealed for national unity. 在他的 **就职(首次)演说** 中呼吁全国团结。  e.g. the **inaugural lecture** of the new Professor of American Literature **新来的教授讲的 第一堂课**   1. **an inaugural event** is the **first** in a planned series of similar events 〔活动〕开幕的，首次的 [ the plane’s inaugural flight这架飞机的首次飞行; the inaugural match of Major League Baseball大联盟的第一场比赛 ]   **V.S.**  Debut: ['deɪbjuː; -buː][de'bju] The debut of a performer or sports player is their **first public performance**, appearance, or recording. (演员，歌手，运动员的)首次登台  e.g. On board the rocket that's now headed deeper into space is Musk's personal Tesla ([TSLA](http://money.cnn.com/quote/quote.html?symb=TSLA&source=story_quote_link)) roadster. At the wheel is a dummy dressed in a spacesuit. Musk said in December the car would play David Bowie's "Space Oddity" on repeat. [Cameras](https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=aBr2kKAHN6M) on board the car show it cruising by Earth, which appears as a big blue orb in the background. Musk plans to send the car into orbit around the sun. He announced last year he planned to put his car on the **inaugural Falcon Heavy flight.** When asked on Twitter why he wanted to throw away a $100,000 vehicle, he replied, "I love the thought of a car drifting apparently endlessly through space and perhaps being discovered by an alien race millions of years in the future." Now, SpaceX routinely puts used boosters back to work. In fact, the **inaugural Falcon Heavy flight** actually used two pre-flown Falcon 9 boosters (the center booster was new.)  V.S.  incumbent /ɪnˈkʌmbənt/   1. [N-COUNT](javascript:;)An incumbent is someone who holds an official post at a particular time. 现任/在职者 e.g.  In general, incumbents现任者have a 94 percent chance of being re-elected. 2. [ADJ](javascript:;)Incumbent is also an adjective. 在职的 **[ the incumbent manager/ the incumbent CEO]** e.g....the only candidate who defeated an incumbent senator现任参议员. 3. [ADJ](javascript:;)If it is incumbent on or upon you to do something, it is your duty or responsibility to do it. 有责任履行的 e.g.  She felt it was incumbent on herself to act immediately.  她感到立即采取行动是她义不容辞的责任。 |
| [ɪ'nɔːgjʊreɪt] inaugurate vt. 创新；开辟；开创；举行开幕典礼；举行就职典礼  [一般过去时 past simple: inaugurated; 过去完成时 past perfect: inaugurated ]   1. to hold an official ceremony when someone starts doing an important job in government 为〔重要官员〕举行就职典礼 inaugurate sb as sth e.g. On 8 January 1959 de Gaulle was inaugurated as First President of the Fifth Republic. 1959年1月8日戴高乐就任法兰西第五共和国第一任总统。   e.g. The new president will be inaugurated on January 20th.  将在1月20日正式就任。   1. When a new building or institution is inaugurated, it is declared open in a formal ceremony. 为…〔新建筑物〕举行开幕式; 为…举行落成典礼 e.g.  A Mafia Museum **was inaugurated** in Corleone.   一座黑手党博物馆在科莱奥内举行 落成典礼。   e.g. They later attended **the inauguration of the University**.  他们后来参加了该 大学的成立典礼/落成典礼   1. Formal) if an event inaugurates an important change or period of time, it comes at the beginning of it 开始〔一个重要变化〕；开创. If you inaugurate a new system or service, you start it. 开创(一个新的系统，服务)  e.g. Pan Am **inaugurated** the first scheduled international flight.  泛美航空开创了第一个定期的国际航班。 e.g. Pan Am **inaugurated** the first **charter flight** from LA to SH since 1988. e.g. The International Trade Agreement **inaugurated** a period of high economic growth. 《国际贸易协定》开创了一个经济高速发展的时代。 |
| [inauguration](file:///C:\Users\IBM_ADMIN\AppData\Local\Youdao\Dict\Application\7.5.2.0\resultui\dict\result.html?keyword=inauguration&lang=en)/[inauguration ceremony](file:///C:\Users\IBM_ADMIN\AppData\Local\Youdao\Dict\Application\7.5.2.0\resultui\dict\result.html?keyword=inauguration%20ceremony&lang=en) 就职典礼;就职仪式; [Presidential inauguration](file:///C:\Users\IBM_ADMIN\AppData\Local\Youdao\Dict\Application\7.5.2.0\resultui\dict\result.html?keyword=Presidential%20inauguration&lang=en) 美国总统就职典礼; [Obama Inauguration](file:///C:\Users\IBM_ADMIN\AppData\Local\Youdao\Dict\Application\7.5.2.0\resultui\dict\result.html?keyword=Obama%20Inauguration&lang=en) 年美国总统就职礼; [inauguration day](file:///C:\Users\IBM_ADMIN\AppData\Local\Youdao\Dict\Application\7.5.2.0\resultui\dict\result.html?keyword=inauguration%20day&lang=en). 美国总统就职日 |

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| Treat: 款待，可以做名词也可以做动词。 Noun名词: This is a treat/dessert is a treat.  Verb动词: To treat someone to dinner: 款待某人吃饭 I'm treating you to dinner. It's my treat.  Pay能不能用？ Pay: 虽然不是错误的，但是语气很傲慢、在炫耀。 Who's paying? 谁付钱？ I'm paying: 我来付钱（有点炫耀的感觉）  On: 也是很好的表达“我来付钱”的用法： It's on me: 该我买了。 Dinner is on me: 这顿饭我买。 This one is on me: 这个该我买。  Get: 这个常常用在账单上来后，表示我来我来。 I've got it: 我来我来 I got this: 我来我来  Turn: 轮流付。常用来表示一次你付，一次我付。 You got it last time. It's my turn: 你上次请过了，这个该我了。  Cover: (正式）因为很正式，所以不常用。 I'll cover the bill: 我会来买单。 He covered the bill: 他付了钱。 |
| “被放鸽子了”用英语怎么说？   * stand sb up 放某人鸽子 * get stood up by sb 被某人放了鸽子   e.g. You stood me up last night. 昨晚你放我鸽子了。  e.g. I got stood up by Susan. 被Susan放了鸽子。    Amy: Hey Richard. How was your date with Susan?  Richard: She didn’t show up. **She stood me up** last night.  Amy: Oh, sorry to hear that. Have you talked to her since then?  Richard: Not really. |
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| 在紧要关头,有总比没有好; 凑和一下在在紧要关头 | [[ in a pinch](file:///C:\Users\IBM_ADMIN\AppData\Local\Youdao\Dict\Application\7.5.2.0\resultui\dict\result.html?keyword=in%20a%20pinch&lang=en) 在紧要关头,有总比没有好; 凑和一下在在紧要关头]  e.g. Admittedly, the results aren’t perfect. For instance, there’s still a bit of white around the letters. Intense image editing would be best performed in a dedicated image editing program like Adobe Photoshop. But that’s not the point here... I love the fact that **if you’re in a pinch**, there’s a great deal you can do directly within Captivate that adequately gets the job done |
| 经过长时间讨论来解决一个问题 | 经过长时间讨论/**充分讨论/**协商来解决一个问题, 得出了一个plan, 达成一项协议  [ hash out sth: a phrasal verb; 通过充分讨论/协商得出了一个plan: hash out a plan;  通过充分讨论/协商达成一项协议hash out an agreement;  经过长时间对<一个问题/一个争论> 的充分讨论/充分协商，最后达成一致: hash out a problem; hash out a dispute ]  1. [PHRASAL VERB](javascript:;)If people hash out something such as a plan or an agreement, they decide on it after a lot of discussion. 充分讨论后决定  e.g. The House and Senate are to begin soon hashing out an agreement for sanctions legislation.  参众两院很快将**通过充分讨论**就制裁立法达成一项协议。  2. [PHRASAL VERB](javascript:;)If people **hash out a problem or a dispute**, they discuss it thoroughly until they reach an agreement. 经过长时间对<一个问题/一个争论> 的**充分**讨论/**充分**协商，最后达成一致  •  ...while the parties try to hash out their differences in court.   …然而各党派试图在法庭上解决他们的分歧。 They were asked to sit down together and hash out their differences by their father.  父亲让他们坐下来好好讨论(充分讨论(或辩论):)一下他们之间的分歧所在。  3. 通过长时间的讨论解决(或决定): They agreed with my views that they hashed out. 通过长时间的讨论，他们最终同意了我的意见。 |
| 权宜的，临时搭建 （代用）的(帐篷； clinic; shelter) | 权宜的，临时搭建 （代用）的(帐篷； clinic; shelter) makeshift: made to be used for a short time only when nothing better is available **[ makeshieft tents; makeshift shelter; makeshift clinic just 1 km far away from the epicentre ]**  e.g. The refugees slept in **makeshift tents** at the side of the road. 逃难者睡在路边**临时搭建的帐篷**里。  e.g. The **influx of refugees洪水一般涌入的难民** from Afganistan **swarmed into** 一窝蜂的涌入 **the makeshift shelter** established near the nation border. |
| histrionic | 太戏剧化的; 太夸张的/做作的; 太虚伪的 histrionic /ˌhɪstrɪˈɒnɪk/ : If you refer to someone's behaviour as histrionic, you are critical of it because it is very dramatic, very exaggerated, and insincere. 太戏剧化的; 太夸张的/做作的/矫揉造作的; 太虚伪的/装腔作势地  **[太戏剧化的very dramatic = histrionic; 太夸张的/做秀似的/做作的 /矫揉造作的very exaggerated= histrionic; 太虚伪的/装腔作势地very insincere = histrionic ] [**[**histrionic muscles**](file:///C:\Users\IBM_ADMIN\AppData\Local\Youdao\Dict\Application\7.5.2.0\resultui\dict\result.html?keyword=histrionic%20muscles&lang=en)**表情肌;** [**histrionic behaviour**](file:///C:\Users\IBM_ADMIN\AppData\Local\Youdao\Dict\Application\7.5.2.0\resultui\dict\result.html?keyword=histrionic%20behaviour&lang=en)**装腔作势/虚伪的行为; 表演/戏剧型人格障碍histrionic personality disorder; 做秀似的/太夸张的辩论 histrionic debate ]**  e.g.  Dorothea let out **a histrionic groan.**  多罗西亚发出了一声 **太夸张的/做作的呻吟**。  e.g. The committee would also do away with a few other less well-known problems, such as histrionic personality disorder表演型人格障碍, and add in a scale to rate the severity of such traits特点.  e.g. Obama and McCain avoided **a histrionic debate做秀似的/太夸张的辩论** about China during the 2008 campaign and Obama probably thought he had a free hand on China policy. |
| 洪水一般涌入的( 难民 , 移民，邮件，任务） | influx: literal meaning: (河流的)流入汇集；河流的汇集处; figurative meaning: big and mass, come in like floods/deluges 洪水一般涌入的( 难民 , 移民，邮件，任务）  **[ 洪水一般涌入的难民 an influx of refugees; a[n i]nflux of migrants; 洪水一般多的邮件 influx of emails = floods of emails = deluges of emails ]**  e.g. Over the past week, the Keleti station had become a focal point of the crisis engulfing/devouring 吞噬 parts of Europe as an unprecedented/all-time swarms成群 of people/a throng of people一大群 -- mostly influx of refugees fleeing conflict in Syria and Afg(h)anistan, the war-ravaged/torn nation战争蹂躏的国家 -- seek to reach Western Europe and request political asylum (政治庇佑). e.g. The influx of refugees from Afganistan swarmed into 一窝蜂的涌入 the makeshift shelter established near the nation border.  e.g. Austrian奥地利 has reached the tipping point 临界点；引爆点 on the refugee receiving issue becauase the immense influx of refugees exceedes this country's capacity. e.g 洪水一般多的邮件 OMG, see the influx of emails I got after my vacation.  //一个饱受战争蹂躏的国家: a war-ravaged nation; a warn-torn city; 一个饱受债务蹂躏的国家: a debt-ravaged nation; 一个负债累累的人: an indebted person  //xxx 处于不断的变化中: in the state of flux  //swarms of bees V.S. a throng of people V.S. a flock of birds V.S. herds of cattles, horses, sheep |
| xxx处于不断的变化中 | flux /flʌks/ **[ sth is in flux or in a state of flux ]**1. if sth. is in a state of flux, it is constantly changing. E.g. Education remains in a state of flux which will take some time to settle down. 教育 处于不断的变化中，需要一段时间才能 稳定下来 e.g. I cannot finish non-PII work till Fri., because the CORS PII design is still in the state of flux, which means the design is constantly changing.  a situation in which things are changing a lot and you cannot be sure what will happen  不断的变化  •Everything is in flux at the moment. 眼下一切都变化不定。  •The education system is still in a state of flux . 教育体制仍处于不断变化之中。  e.g. As you can see, things are in flux and changing daily. |

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| 1.节俭的，节约的 **2. 〔膳食〕简便的，简单的** | 1. 节俭的，节约的 **be frugal = be thrifty:** careful to buy only what is necessary, be used to saving money instead of **squandering money** on useless things, not mention the **frivolous/ˈfrɪvələs/ expenses(浪费的开销)** [OPP](javascript:;) extravagant  e.g. As children, we were taught to **be frugal/thrifty** and hard-working. 被教育要节俭和勤劳。  e.g. My mum is always **frugal/thrifty** in her life. 2. **[ a frugal meal]** is a small meal of plain food 〔膳食〕简便的简单的 **[ a frugal breakfast 简单的早餐 ] e.g. I prefer [ a frugal breakfast ], which is good for my health.**   DERIVATIVE 派生词: **frugally ['frʊgli] adv; frugality /fruː'ɡæləti /= thrift**  E.g. To practice **thrift/frugality** is a **virtue.**  节俭是美德 e.g. Oppose extravagant eating and drinking and pay attention to **thrift/frugality** and economy. 注意节约 |
| 节俭的; 节省的; 节约的 | thrifty /ˈθrɪftɪ/ = frugal (comparative: thriftier; super’lative: thriftiest) V.S. thirsty口渴的  [ADJ](javascript:;)节俭的; 节省的; 节约的If you say that someone is **thrifty or frugal**, you are praising them for saving money, not buying unnecessary things that is seen “**frivolous/ˈfrɪvələs/ expenses(浪费的开销)**” , and not wasting things like other **squanderers/scattergood挥金如土的人**  => DERIVATIVE 派生词**N) thrift = frugality**  **[ hard-working, thrifty/frugal people 勤劳节俭的人们;** [thrifty gene](file:///C:\Users\IBM_ADMIN\AppData\Local\Youdao\Dict\Application\7.5.2.0\resultui\dict\result.html?keyword=thrifty%20gene&lang=en)**节俭基因 (不能用 “frugal”) ; a thrifty lifestyle: 节俭的生活方式(不能用 “frugal”)  ]**  e.g. My mother taught me to be **thrifty**/**frugal**. 我母亲教会我生活要节俭。  e.g.  ...**thrifty/frugal** shoppers.  ...花钱精打细算的购物者。  e.g. Living **a thrifty lifestyle** does not have to mean doing without. 节俭的生活方式  e.g. Perhaps this **thrifty nature** even helped them make some of their money. 或许这些节俭的习惯也帮着他们挣了一些钱.  E.g. To practice **thrift/frugality** is a **virtue.**  节俭是美德  e.g. Oppose extravagant eating and drinking and pay attention to **thrift/frugality** and economy. 注意节约 |
| 盛大奢华的(婚礼/嘉年华); 挥霍的无度地花钱; 对…大加赞赏 | **adj) [ a sumptuous/lavish feast. …一场奢华的盛会; a sumptuous/lavish wedding party, star-studded 一场奢华的婚礼; sumptuous/lavish decoration 奢华的装修 ]**  e.g. The most **sumptuous/lavish** Victory's Secret show ever! 盛大奢华的众星云集的婚礼 a **lavish/sumptuous star-studded** wedding party; 盛大奢华的众星云集的嘉年华 a lavish/sumptuous star-studded carnival; e.g. ...a lavish party to celebrate Bryan's fiftieth birthday; a lavish buffet. e.g. The customers provide us a lavish buffet.  //star-studded 众星云集的 ; be studded with (jade, jewlery, diamonds, gem) 用xxx镶嵌 |
| Adj) lavish = spoil sb/indulge sb/smother sb **[the lavish care and affection 娇惯溺爱]**  e.g. The father provides **the lavish care and affection** on his children = spoil/indulge the children娇惯溺爱子女; |
| Adj) If you say **that spending, praise, or the use of something is lavish**, you mean that someone spends a lot or that something is praised or used a lot. 挥霍的; adj/verb **[ lavish spending ] = extravagant, squander money wastefully**  eg Squandering money upon one's pleasures **is lavish.** 乱花钱去寻欢作乐;  e.g. Entertaining in style needn't mean spending lavishly/extravagantly. 并不意味着要挥霍的无度地花钱; |
| **v) 对…大加赞赏 [ lavish praise on sb/sth ]**  e.g. He **lavished praise on** his opponents. 他**对<他的对手>大加赞赏**;  e.g. Reviewers **lavished their praise on** this book. 评论家们**对于<这本书>大加赞赏**  //奉承阿谀sb flatter sb/compliment sb/butter sb up/ talk sb up= kiss sb's ass 大肆吹捧某人, ass-kisser, apple polisher 拍马屁的人 |
| 奢侈的; 浪费的 | extravagant /ɪkˈstrævəɡənt/ extravagantly, extravagance [ Sb. be extravagant ] V.S. [ Sth be sumptuous] 1. Someone who is extravagant spends more money than they can afford or uses more of something than is reasonable. 奢侈的; 浪费的(超过合理范围的) e.g. We are not extravagant 我们并不奢侈浪费 => V 奢侈地; 浪费地 extravagantly e.g. The day before they left, Jeff had shopped extravagantly for presents for the whole family. 奢侈地为全家人采购了礼物。   2. ADJ Something that is extravagant costs more money than you can afford or uses more of something than is reasonable. 贵得离谱的; 耗费过多的(超过合理范围的) [ an extravagant gift 贵得离谱的礼物 ] e.g. Her aunt gave her an extravagant gift. e.g. Baking a whole cheese in pastry may seem extravagant. 烤糕饼时加一整块奶酪可能显得过于浪费/耗费过多的  3. ADJ Extravagant behaviour is extreme behaviour that is often done for a particular effect. 过分的 (行为), 过度过分的：超过合理范围的 ; Extravagant sth goes beyond or exceeds the reasonable bounds, excessive: e.g. He was extravagant in his admiration of Hellas. 他对希腊的崇拜过了头。[the extravagant/excessive demands/needs. 过分的要求] e.g. It's not my fault, the customers just ask for the extravagant demands. 过分的要求; |
| 奢华的 | sumptuous ['sʌm(p)tjʊəs] [ Sth be sumptuous] V.S. [Sb. be extravagant] Something that **is sumptuous or lavish** is grand and obviously very expensive with luxurious taste 奢华的 .  e.g. The most **sumptuous/lavish** Victory's Secret show ever! **[ a sumptuous/lavish feast. …一场奢华的盛会; a sumptuous/lavish wedding party, star-studded 一场奢华的婚礼; sumptuous/lavish decoration 奢华的装修 ]** |
| V . 浪费/挥霍 (金钱、资源，时间，或机会) | squander V) If you squander money, squander resources, squander time, or squander opportunities, you waste them by not using them on the right way. 浪费/挥霍 (金钱、资源，时间，或机会)  **[ squander hoard 挥霍; squander time = splurge time 浪费时间/光阴; squander money on sth = splurge money on sth; squander effort on sth = splurge effort on sth 在xxx浪费你的努力; squander opportunities to do sth浪费机会]**  e.g. Then do not squander/splurge time, for that's the stuff that life is made of. 那么就不要浪费时间/光阴，因为时间是组成生命的材料。 2. This is so that you don’t squander/splurge your efforts or concentration. 如此这般你就不会浪费你的努力或专心了 |
| N/V splurge (sth, money) on sth [splɜːdʒ] = squander money, to spend more money than you can usually afford 乱花钱，挥霍 SYN SPLASH OUT 【非正式】 )  **[ squander hoard 挥霍; squander time = splurge time 浪费时间/光阴; squander money on sth = splurge money on sth; squander effort on sth = splurge effort on sth 在xxx浪费你的努力; squander opportunities to do sth浪费机会]**  e.g. Within a couple of months, I’d **splurged about £2,500 on** clothes. 我买衣服花掉了 2,500 英镑。 |
| 挥金如土的人；挥霍者; 挥霍无度的人 | **squanderer = scattergood or spender:** sb who spends money **extravagantly** and **wastefully.** |
| **a scattergood['skætəɡʊd] or squanderer** is a person who is used to **squandering/splurging 挥霍浪费 money** extravagantly, lavishly, wastefully.  V.S.  **scatterbrain**: is a person who is incapable of serious thought or concentration 糊涂的人，糊涂鬼; 精力不集中的人; scatterbrained 糊涂的; 注意力不集中的；浮躁的  e.g. What such a scatterbrain！ 真是个糊涂虫！  e.g. Mary is such a scatterbrain that she always forgets something. 玛丽糊里糊涂的，她总是忘东忘西 |
| 控制财权; 控制财政大权 | [ control the purse string**s**: 控制财权; 控制财政大权；] e.g. In your household, who **controls the purse strings**, you or your wife? |

## Table 表杨; 称赞; 颂扬赞美

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| 表杨; 称赞; 颂扬赞美 | If you **commend  [kə'mend] someone or something**, you praise them **formally.** 正式的表杨; 称赞  e.g. Seoul, the capital of South Korea, is **commended** for its top air quality, excellent weather condition, highly developed transportation system. |
| hail /heɪl/  V-T If a person, event, or achievement **is hailed as 被赞颂为** important or successful, they are praised, commended, **extolled/ɪkˈstəʊl/**  publicly. 称赞 ; 　冰雹  e.g. Faulkner has **been hailed as** the greatest American novelist of his generation. 福克纳 被赞颂为 他那一代人中最伟大的美国小说家。 |
| **extol /ɪkˈstəʊl/ (extolling,extolled,extols)**  If you **extol something or someone**, you praise or **commend** them **enthusiastically.** 热情洋溢的表杨; 称赞，颂扬赞美sb/sth  e.g. Now the agriculture experts are **extolling** the virtues of the humble potato. 在 **颂扬** 粗陋的马铃薯的种种好处 |
| a eulogy, eulogies; eulogize sb./sth, eulogistic eulogistic, eulogistical [,ju:lə'dʒistik;-kəl] /ˈjuːləˌdʒaɪz/ (eulogizing,eulogized,eulogizes) 1.V-T If you eulogize someone who has died, you make a speech praising, commending, extolling /ɪkˈstəʊl/ them, usually at their funeral. (在葬礼上)致悼词赞颂sb. [ eulogize sb. at the funeral ]  e.g. Leaders from around the world eulogized the Egyptian president. 都致悼词颂赞了那位埃及总统。  2. V-T/V-I If you eulogize someone or something, you praise, commend, or extol them very highly. (高度的） 称赞; 颂扬 e..g She eulogized him virtually right up to their sudden break-up. 她几乎一直在(高度的）称赞他。 The boss eulogized about Steven's versatility [,vɜːsə'tɪləti:]. 老板(高度的）称赞了史蒂芬的多才多艺 //versatile, versatility |
| **对…大加赞赏 [ lavish praise on sb/sth ]**  e.g. He **lavished praise on** his opponents. 他**对<他的对手>大加赞赏**;  e.g. Reviewers **lavished their praise on** this book. 评论家们**对于<这本书>大加赞赏** //奉承阿谀sb flatter sb= talk sb up= kiss sb's ass 大肆吹捧某人, ass-kisser, apple polisher 拍马屁的人; a tame spaniel ['spænj(ə)l] 驯服的西班牙猎犬， 唯唯诺诺的人, 走狗, 马屁精 |
| compliment  1. A compliment is a polite remark that you make to someone to show that you like their appearance, appreciate their qualities, or approve of what they have done. 恭维话 e.g. You can do no harm by paying a woman compliments. 对女人讲恭维话不会有什么害处。  2. V-T If you compliment someone, you give them a compliment. 恭维sb. **( compliment sb. = flatter sb. = butter sb. up/butter up sb. = kiss sb's ass; n) compliment = flattery)** They complimented me on the way I looked each time they saw me. 他们每次见到我都就我的外貌恭维我 3. Compliment her often. 经常赞美她。3. Compliment someone with a genuine comment on what you appreciate or respect about them. 对他人就你一直欣赏或敬重的某一点表示真诚的赞美 |

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| 1. 校正：通过计算或调整来矫正;  2. 纠正, 改正 3. 【化学】提炼或提纯，尤指通过蒸馏的方法来提纯 | **纠正, 改正** rectify sth: to set right; correct; eg I will give you one more chance to **rectify the error/rectify your flight 轻浮的manner. V.S. ratify sth: [ (正式)批准条约** |
| **校正：通过计算或调整来矫正** rectify sth: to correct by calculation or **adjustment;**  **校正历书**:rectify/adjust the calendar |
| **【化学】提炼或提纯，尤指通过蒸馏的方法来提纯** [synonym: **rectify/refine/purify the crude oil** ] Chemistry: To refine or purify, especially by distillation. eg In refinery**精炼厂**, use a special **sophisticated device/apparatus(高精密的尖端的(仪器))** to **rectify/refine/purify** the crude oil.  //crude oil(原油) V.S. fossil oil (化石燃料,石油 fossil fuel) |
| 1修正 2**为xxx做补偿** | amend /əˈmɛnd/ , amendment     1. [V-T](javascript:;)If you **amend something** that has been written such as a law, or something that is said, you change it in order to improve it or make it more accurate. 修正 [**(正式)批准一个修正案：ratify an amendment]**]  e.g. The president agreed to **amend the constitution 修正宪法**and allow multi-party elections.  e.g. The parliments will finally **ratify an amendment (正式)批准一个修正案**to a constitution. //ratify sth=officially approve.  2.[PHRASE](javascript:;)If you make amends when you have harmed someone, you show that you are sorry by doing something to please them. **[ make amends; make amends for sth] 为xxx做补偿**  e.g. He wanted to **make amends for** causing their marriage to fail.  他想为一手造成他们婚姻的破裂做出补偿。 |
| (正式)认可，正式允许 | ratify sth=officially approve sth, ratification [,rætifi'keiʃən]:  **[ (正式)批准一个条约ratify a treaty; (正式)批准一个书面协议) ratify a written statement; (正式)批准一个修正案：ratify an amendment]** When national leaders or organizations [ **ratify a treaty ] or [ ratify a written agreement]**, they make it official by giving their formal approval to it, usually by signing it or voting for it. (正式)批准/允许 (条约或书面协议) (正式)认可，正式允许;  e.g. The parliaments of Australia and Indonesia haven't yet to **ratify the treaty.** 还未 **批准该条约**  e.g. The parliments will finally ratify an amendment **(正式)批准一个修正案**to a constitution. |

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| * mug: a mug of sparkling coffee; mug sb = rob sb. => a mugger= a robber; a snatcher (purse snatching) * smuggle, smuggler * smug, smugly, smugness = complacent, complacence: showing too much satisfaction with your own cleverness or success – used to show disapproval 自满的，自鸣得意的，沾沾自喜的〔含贬义〕e.g. ‘I knew I’d win,’ she said with a smug smile. “我知道我会赢的。”她得意/沾沾自喜地笑着说。 |
| 狂欢，纵酒作乐 revel: to spend time dancing, eating, drinking etc, especially at a party => derivative word: reveler狂欢者  **[ revel in sth is a Phrasal verb ] : to enjoy something very much 陶醉于，沉湎于**  e.g. He revelled in his new-found fame. 新近成名令他飘飘然。  e.g. **Throngs of** jubil**a**nt **revelers**成群的 兴高采烈的 狂欢者 packed cities around the globe to usher in 2018 with public celebrations and fireworks, despite fears of terrorism and even the frigid/chilly **inclement weather狂风暴雨的天气** in some places. In New York, hundreds of thousands of people packed Times Square in the 9-degree Fahrenheit weather, with a **whipping wind** chill of 4 degrees below zero, to watch the 2018 ball drop. The **frigid/chilly temperature** in the **inclement weather狂风暴雨的天气** in U.S. made it the second coldest New Year's Eve ball drop on record in New York. |
| [ a mediator **['miːdɪeɪtə]**] is a person, country, or organization that tries to end a quarrel or dispute between two people, groups, countries etc by discussion 调停者；斡旋者；解决纷争的人[机构]  e.g. Russia is ready to serve as a **mediator['miːdɪeɪtə]** between North Korea and the United States if both sides agree, **Kremlin/ˈkrɛmlɪn/克里姆林宫** spokesman told CNN on Tuesday. "You can't become a **mediator['miːdɪeɪtə]** between two countries just on your own will. It is impossible, you need both sides to be willing," |
| hype /haɪp/ , hype up sth     1.[N-UNCOUNT](javascript:;)Hype is the use of a lot of **publicity and advertising** to make people interested in something such as a product or a celebrity （对产品，明星艺人的） 大肆的宣传广告; 炒作  •  We are certainly seeing a lot of **hype** by some companies.   我们的确看到一些公司天花乱坠的广告宣传。  2. [N](javascript:;)a deception or racket 骗术  3. [V-T](javascript:;)To [**hype a product] or [hype up a product]** means to advertise or praise it a lot. **（对产品，明星艺人的）大肆宣传/炒** e.g. We had to **hype (up) the film** to attract the financiers.   我们不得不大肆炒作这部影片以吸引金融家们。  4. **Phrasal verb**:  **[ hype up sth; hype up a product; hype up a celebrity]**. **对产品，明星艺人的）大肆宣传/炒**  e.g. The media seems obsessed with **hyping up individuals or groups**.  传媒界似乎热衷于对某些个人或团体进行大肆炒作。  5. [N](javascript:;)a hypodermic needle or injection 皮下注射针; 皮下注射  6. [V](javascript:;)to inject oneself with a drug 给自己注射毒品  e.g. The **Kremlin’s**克里姆林 spokesman stressed the unacceptability of **hyping up大肆的炒作** the tensions around the Korean peninsula with Washington's **aggressiv**e **political rhetoric(政治空谈/大放厥词)** toward Pyongyang and building up military preparations in the region," the statement said. Lavrov has said US military exercises in the region have made dialogue tougher. In the past, US President Donald Trump has vowed to **counter North Korean provocations应对sb’s挑衅** with military force, saying he would **unleash** "[fire and fury,](http://edition.cnn.com/2017/08/29/politics/north-korea-trump-kim-jong-un-rhetoric/index.html)"  e.g. "It's about being part of this crazy wave," she says. But she thinks there's a lot of hype炒作. And she's not convinced that out of all the different cryptocurrencies out there, Bitcoin will necessarily be the one that prevails (be popular). |
| **[应对sb’s挑衅 counter sb’s provocation (provoke sb; provocation [,prɒvə'keɪʃ(ə)n]; provocative  [prə'vɒkətɪv]**  e.g. The **Kremlin’s**克里姆林 spokesman stressed the unacceptability of **hyping up大肆的炒作** the tensions around the Korean peninsula with Washington's **aggressiv**e **political rhetoric(政治空谈/大放厥词)** toward Pyongyang and building up military preparations in the region," the statement said. Lavrov has said US military exercises in the region have made dialogue tougher. In the past, US President Donald Trump has vowed to **counter North Korean provocations应对sb’s挑衅** with military force, saying he would **unleash** "[fire and fury,](http://edition.cnn.com/2017/08/29/politics/north-korea-trump-kim-jong-un-rhetoric/index.html)" |
| Kremlin /ˈkrɛmlɪn/   1. [N-PROPER](javascript:;)The Kremlin is the building in Moscow where Russian government business takes place. 克里姆林宫(俄罗斯中央政府); 位于莫斯科，为俄国政府处理公务的地方 2. [N-PROPER](javascript:;)The Kremlin is also used to refer to the central government of Russia and of the former Soviet Union.   e.g.  The Kremlin is still insisting on a diplomatic solution to the crisis. 依然坚持通过外交方式来解决危机。  e.g. Russia is ready to serve as a **mediator['miːdɪeɪtə]** between North Korea and the United States if both sides agree, **Kremlin/ˈkrɛmlɪn/克里姆林宫** spokesman told CNN on Tuesday. "You can't become a **mediator['miːdɪeɪtə]** between two countries just on your own will. It is impossible, you need both sides to be willing," |

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| 1. correct way〔尤指正确地〕发〔字母、词等〕的音  2**〔正式〕宣布，宣告；宣称** | [prə'naʊns]  pronounce   1. [T] to make the sound of a letter, word etc, especially in the correct way〔尤指正确地〕发〔字母、词等〕的音e.g. How do you pronounce your name? 你的名字怎么念？ 2. [T] **to officially state that something is true〔正式〕宣布，宣告；宣称** [ pronounce sb/sth sth, 不用 ‘as’ ] **[ sb. be pronounced dead: sb被宣布死亡]** e.g. The victim **was pronounced dead** **o[n a]rrival**. 受害人**送到时** **被宣布死亡**。   e.g. I now pronounce you man and wife. 我现在宣布你们结为夫妻。 e.g. South Korean news agency Yonhap reported that emergency services were alerted by the singer's sister, and that he **was later pronounced dead** (**被宣布死亡**) at hospital. Jonghyun shot to fame with the band in 2008, and they also became big in Japan. He launched a successful solo career in 2015.   1. 3.[I,T] to give a judgment or opinion判断，发表意见 e.g. The scheme **was pronounced a failure.** 该方案宣告失败。 |
| 会议主席chair等)让或同意(某人)发言; 给予sb.发言权 | give the floor (会议主席chair等)让或同意(某人) 进行发言；演说; [give the floor to](file:///C:\Users\IBM_ADMIN\AppData\Local\Youdao\Dict\Application\7.5.0.0\resultui\dict\result.html?keyword=give%20the%20floor%20to&lang=en) sb.给予sb.发言权 = the chair of the meeting grants sb. proper right to make a speech or statement in the meeting.  e.g.  The meeting between the two heads of state, China and United States with the press media now begins. Now we would like to **give the floor first to**the Chinese President.  In a meeting, it's common for different speakers to present items from the agenda. When someone is invited to speak, we often say that they **have the floor** or **take the floor**. Three **idiomatic expressions地道的表达** are used to **give the floor to someone** in a meeting(给予sb.发言权,让sb在会议上发言):   * **[ Tracy, over to you. // Tracy, 你来发言吧]**  e.g. PHIL(the chair of the meeting): So, item one on the agenda: a new holiday request policy. Mark is going to talk us through this/Mark is going to go over this. because it's a very important change. All right, **Mark, over to you(给予sb.发言权,让sb在会议上发言) .** MARK: Yes, we've made a new online form to request time off. Employees will need to complete this two weeks in advance. You can find it on the website, and requests will go directly to your inbox. * [ **Tracy, the floor is yours; the floor’s yours // Tracy, 你来发言吧]**  e.g. PHIL(the chair of the meeting): Thanks, Mark. As you can see (on the agenda), item two is a plan to improve communication between departments. Linda, **the floor is yours(给予sb.发言权,让sb在会议上发言).** LINDA: Yes, from now on we're asking that anytime you send out email marked 'very important' you cc me as well. That way, I can forward your email to any other managers who should know what's happening. * **[ Tracy, you have the floor; you have the floor on this]** * **[ Tracy, can you please take the floor; can you pls take the floor on sth** // Tracy, 你来发言吧] e.g. PHIL(the chair of the meeting): OK, then, the final item is planning for our annual dinner. Kate, could you take the floor on this one(给予sb.发言权,让sb在会议上发言. //[美国英语](在辩论中、会议上)进行发言；演说; take the floor on sth: 就xxx话题进行发言；演说)? Kate: Sure, xxx |
| [词条图片](javascript:;) | videography  [,vɪdɪ'ɑgræfi] n. 电视录像制作；摄像; [N](javascript:;)the art, practice, or occupation of making videos 摄像艺术; 摄像行为; 摄像工作 |
|  | [ leave the door **ajar** ] [əˈdʒɑː]   1. [ADJ](javascript:;)If a door is ajar, it is slightly open. (门)微开的 e.g.  He left the door ajar in case I needed him.  他微开着门以便我找他。 2. [ADJ](javascript:;)not in harmony 不和谐的   E.g. **'Left the door ajar'**/əˈdʒɑː/**If a door is ajar, it is slightly open(门)微开的**  The UN's Jeffrey Feltman said that while senior North Korean officials did not offer any commitments, they had agreed that discussions should continue. "They agreed that it was important to prevent war," he said, in his first briefing since his four-day trip last week. "We've **left the door ajar** and I **fervently** hope the door to a negotiated solution will now be opened wide." **//With every fiber of my being, I firmly believe xxx/I fervently believe** |
| 对宗教〕虔诚; 虚伪演讲/言词; **不可能实现的愿望** | * pious  /**'paɪəs,ˋpaɪəs**/ adj. DERIVATIVE 派生词 piously adv * having strong religious beliefs, and **pledging allegiance to** religious beliefs, and showing this in the way you behave〔对宗教〕虔诚 e.g. He was a quiet, pious / **paɪəs** /man. 他是个文静、虔诚的人。 * if you describe what someone says as **pious talk, pious words, pious speech** etc, you mean that they are trying to sound good, ethical, or moral but you do not believe that they are sincere or will really do what they say 虚伪的，伪善的 **[虚伪演讲pious speech; pious talk; pious words] V.S. [ a hypocritical person ]** e.g. pious speeches虚伪演讲 by politicians about ‘family values’, just full of **political r(h)etoric(政治的空谈)**   e.g. Russian President Vladimir Putin's spokesman said: "Such constructive statements impress us far more than the confrontational **political rhetoric 华而不实的空谈**that we have heard up to now. This statement is not **pious['paɪəs] 对宗教信仰虔诚的/虚伪的(演讲/谈话)/不太可能实现的愿望** any more."   * 不大可能实现的希望/愿望 **[ pious hope; pious wish]** is something that you want to be true or to happen, but that is very unlikely because that thing **is normally eluded for you(=difficult to find,obtain, achieve)**. e.g. All these agreements and ideas remain little more than **pious hopes** in the present climate. 所有这些协议和想法在目前的环境下都是 **不可能实现的愿望。** e.g. Bring DPRK back the 6-party talk and finally eradicate彻底根除the political rifts/fissure/cracks between DPRK and U,S？ **Wow, it’s sort of a pious hope/wish** |
| 做xxx真虚伪 | * 伪善的，虚伪的，假惺惺的〔含贬义〕hypocritical [‚h**ɪp**ə'krɪtɪk ə ]; hypocritically; **hypocrisy  N) [hɪ'pɑkrəsi]:** behaving in a way that is different from what you claim to believe – used to show disapproval(含贬义) [ **it’s hypocritical (of sb) to do sth; it’s hypocritical to do sth ]**   e.g. It’s hypocritical of these universities to call their football players student-athletes. 这些大学称自己的橄榄球队员是学生运动员，真虚伪。  e.g**. It’s hypocritical of sb. to** call all z IDs “the best ID in the world”  V.S. **[虚伪演讲a pious /'paɪəs/ speech; a pious talk; pious words] V.S. [ a hypocritical person ]**   * hypocrisy  N) **[hɪ'pɑkrəsi] 虚伪(之举)；伪善(之举);**  hypocrisies: when someone pretends to have certain beliefs or opinions that they do not really have – used to show disapproval伪善，虚伪〔含贬义〕 e.g. It would be sheer hypocrisy[hɪ'pɑkrəsi]虚伪之举 to pray for success, since I’ve never believed in God. 我从不相信上帝，因此为获成功而祈祷是纯粹的虚伪之举。 |
| 对什么产生怀疑 | sceptical or skeptical /ˈskɛptɪkəl/ If you are sceptical/skeptical about something, you have doubts about it or you cast a doubt about sth 表示怀疑的 [ I'm somewhat/a little skeptical about sth = I have some doubts about sth ] e.g Others here are more sceptical about the chances for justice being done. 这里的其他人更为怀疑正义能否得到伸张 //cast a doubt about sth 对什么产生怀疑 |
|  | cast a doubt about sth |
| 出故障的 | faulty = malfunctional 出故障的; A faulty piece of equipment has something wrong with it and is not working properly. E.g. I'm not sure whether the GPS is faulty/malfunctional出故障的. e.g.I'm not sure whether the computer is faulty. Eg. The computer is faulty/malfunctional |
| 跟着 xxx 就绝对不会错; 跟着 xxx 肯定错不了 | [you cannot go wrong with sb/sth ] If you're looking for a good Italian cookbook or recipe, you can't go wrong with "Tracy's Recipe" 如果你在找一本好的意大利烹饪书， "Tracy's Recipe" 的书肯定错不了。 e.g. You cannot go wrong with this travel brochure /ˈbrəʊʃjʊə/ [bro'ʃʊr], my most favorite of all time (一直） //brochure / booklet: a brochure or booklet is a thin magazine with pictures that gives you information about a product, service, a country, or a nation. 小册子, ...travel brochures[bro'ʃur]/booklet …旅游小册子; of all time: 一直都是 |
| (身体） 蜷缩起来 | curl up: shape one's body into a curl. E.g Especially during the raining day, I prefer to be a couch potato, you know, curling up in the couch, watching dramas (even the Korea trashy romance drama垃圾爱情); furthermore, it would be much better if I have some snacks, chips. //couch potato: A couch potato is someone who spends most of their time watching television and does not exercise or have any interesting hobbies. 电视迷;大部分时间都在家看电视、不运动或没有其它兴趣爱好的人 |
| 卷发的人；卷发夹子 | curler['kɝlɚ]: Curlers are small plastic or metal **cylindrical** tubes that women roll their hair around in order to make it curly. 发卷  **//cylinder, cylindrical [si'lindrikəl] 圆柱体的 V.S cynical, cynically愤世嫉俗的；冷嘲热讽的** |
| 读书是我逃离现实的方法。 | Reading's my escape. = a kind of vacation from my real time. For me, reading is an escape. |
| 人越多，越开心 | Of course, you can come to the party! **The more, the merrier**   **//越快越好 The sooner, the better** |
| |  | | --- | | genres of books | | fiction V.S. non-fiction |
| 垃圾似的；无价值的 | If you describe something as trashy, you think it is of very poor quality or very little value, and it doesn't deserve your time or effert on it. 质量极差的, 垃圾似的；无价值的 [一些垃圾爱情小说 some trashy romance novel] e.g I was reading some trashy romance novel. 我当时正在阅读一些垃圾爱情小说 eg. Can I say, I love the trashy reality show. 真人秀. e.g Some people say crime fiction is trashy. I don't agree. I think it tells us about the society we live in. 有人说犯罪小说不值得看，我不同意。 e.g Sometimes, watching the trashy romance drama is my escape 是我逃离现实的方法. |
| (富于机智的) 诙谐的 | witty: Someone or something that is witty is amusing or interesting in a clever way. (富于机智的) 诙谐的 e.g. His plays were very good, very witty. 他的那些剧作非常好，非常诙谐, (富于机智的) 诙谐的 ; e.g "Xiao S", one of the most sought-after吃香的 showbiz program hosts in TW, is very funny and witty(富于机智的) 诙谐的, with a nickname "Witty star 谐星"; she is my most favorite idol of all time (一直). //amusement park 娱乐场，游乐场 // one of the most sought-after actors in CHINA中国最吃香的女演员之一 |
| 孤独症患者(常指儿童); [心理] 孤独症；自我中心主义 | autistic; autism ['ɔ:tizəm] [ 自闭症 autism disorder; 自闭症光谱 autism-spectrum disorder ] (psychiatry [saɪ'kaɪətri]精神病学): autism disorder is an abnormal absorption or assimilation 吸收 with the self; characterized by communication disorders and short attention span and inability to treat others as people // 注意力的持续时间 attention span: I don't have long attention span for the action movie, normally i'm sleepy... |
| (psychology)[心理] 注意力的持续时间 | attention span: In psychology, the "attention span" is the length of time you can concentrate or focus on something, such some idea or activity e.g. I don't have long attention span for the action move, normally I'm sleeping … e.g. In psychiatry [saɪ'kaɪətri]精神病学, the symptom of autistm disorder自闭症 is an abnormal absorption or assimilation吸收/同化 with the self ; characterized by communication disorders and short attention span and inability to treat others as people |
| 自不必说 | needless to say e.g. Many of you have worked closely with Jean and know that she's been a stellar (星的; 星球的/ excellent) team-member, a storehouse of knowledge and a pillar of help and support at DataPower, and before that with several other IBM teams. I have witnessed first-hand her integrity, personal responsibility, dedication to IBM and selfless attitude, which has led the ID team to its many successes. As a co-worker and as a human being I've learnt and benefitted immensely/tremendously from her presence amongst us. So needless to say, I'd rather she'd stay longer....but retirement is such a well-deserved milestone that its hard to deny its pull either. // immense, immensely: tremendously, unusually great in size or amount or degree or especially extent or scope //stellar: 1.星的; 星球的 related to star; 2. excellent, a stellar worker = an excellent worker |
| 箭术 | **archery, archer; the archery team:** Archery is a sport in which people shoot arrows at a target using a bow baʊ] 射箭 ; An **archer** is someone who shoots arrows using a bow. 弓箭手; 射箭运动员 |
| 弥补性收入(指用增税方法来补偿所增加的年金、补贴等开支); 2. 挫折 | clawback: 1) finding a way to take money back from people that they were given in another way. E.g The Treasury will find some clawback for the extra benefits that members received. E.g. Stumpf also suggested that the Wells Fargo board will consider possible clawbacks of her compensation. The board has the tools to hold senior management accountable. 2) clawback = setback 挫折 //claw 爪子； (lobster、crab、蝎的) 钳子 V.S. pincers 拨钉钳, (龙虾、蟹、蝎的) 钳子 |
| 土著的原始的 ; n 土著居民 | aboriginal [,æbə'ridʒənəl] = indigenouss [in'didʒinəs]; aboriginal is a dark-skinned member of a race of people living in Australia when Europeans arrived e.g. To date迄今为止, only three Aboriginal/indigenous 土著的原始的 Australian whole genome基因组；染色体组 sequences have been described -- one from a historical tuft of hair from Australia's Western Desert and two other historic sequences whose exact origins were unknown -- making this study the most expansive investigation into indigenous土著的 Australian origins yet. //indigenous = the aboriginal土著，土著居民 // origin ['ɔrɪdʒɪn]; original[ə'rɪdʒənl]; originate [əˈrɪdʒəˌnet] |
| 土著的； 本土的; 当地的；国产的 | Indigenous people or things belong to the country in which they are found, rather than coming there or being brought there from another country. 本土的; 当地的 e.g ...the country's indigenous population. …该国的本土人口; indigenous knowledge本地知识；乡土知识; e.g. It affects water flow, electricity generation, transport, water quality and indigenous biodiversity. 它影响水流、发电、运输、水质和本土的生物多样性 |
| |  | | --- | | 替代 | | [lju:] 美 [lu] lieu, in lieu of sth =instead of sth, in place of; in lieu = instead; ( substitution 代替, (比赛中的一个）替换，替补队员a substitute； surrogate mother代理孕母； surrogacy 替身代孕；代孕行为 ) lieu: If you do, get, or give one thing in lieu of another, you do, get, or give it instead of the other thing, because the two things are considered to have the same value or importance. 替代; e.g. He left what little furniture he owned to his landlord in lieu of rent. 他把他仅有的几件家具给了房东以抵房租。 2. If you do, get, or give something in lieu, you do, get, or give it instead of something else, because the two things are considered to have the same value or importance. 替代 e.g. ...an increased salary or time off in lieu/instead. …或者涨工资或者休假 |
| 替补队员 | In a sports game, a substitute is somebody who is sitting on the bench and can take the place of the player who is active in the game; e.g. He's still a substitute 替补队员 in him team. e.g. Substitution: Player No. 4 for No. 3. e.g. 换人: 3号下, 4号上; e.g. A minimum of 5 players must be present in the competition. There is no limit on substitution in the match, but the player cannot play again after substitute out. 而每场比赛可无限换人，但被换离场后不可再进场比赛。 e.g. A substitution is an interruption of the game requested by the substitute替补队员 to become a player. 替补队员请求中断比赛成为队员是一次替换 |
| |  | | --- | | 替代者; 替代物; **代理孕母** | | 1. 替代者; 替代物 a surrogate = a substitution 2. someone who takes the place of another person e.g. You use surrogate to describe a person or thing that is given a particular role because the person or thing that should have the role is not available. 替代的 surrogate mother代理孕母； surrogacy 替身代孕；代孕行为 e.g. IBM is also **beefing up (enhance, increase) a** number of other benefits for parents. It is increasing financial assistance for parents adopting children to up to $20,000 bucks to cover those costs, and it is making that benefit available to parents who use a **surrogate** (代理孕母)to have a child. |
| 指定…为代理；授权…为代表 | [ deputize ['depjʊtaɪz] 指定…为代理；授权…为代表 for] e.g. Queen Elizabeth handed over royal duties to Prince Charles at London's Cenotaph ceremony as part of the Remembrance Day感恩节 commemorations. Prince Charles deputized ['depjʊtaɪz] 指定…为代理；授权…为代表 for the Queen last time during her trip to Kenya in 1983. The Queen, 91, watched from the balcony of the Foreign Office along with Prince Philip, as her son laid a wreath on her behalf. |
| 黑暗中的一线光明；（不幸或失望中的）一线希望 | silver lining: literal meaning: 乌云周围的银光; figurative meaning: (不幸或失望中的）一线希望  1.If you say that **"every cloud has a silver lining"**, you mean that every sad or unpleasant situation has a positive side to it. (黑暗中的)一线光明 e.g. As they say, **"every cloud has a silver lining".** We have drawn lessons from the decisions taken. 黑暗中总有一线光明  2.N-SING If you talk about a silver lining, you are talking about something positive that comes out of a sad or unpleasant situation. (不幸或不快中的)一线希望 e.g. The fall in inflation is the silver lining of the prolonged recession. 通货膨胀率下降是长期经济衰退中的 一线希望 e.g. Yahoo (YHOO, Tech30) confirmed on Thursday data "associated with at least 500 million user accounts" have been stolen in what may be one of the largest cybersecurity breaches/violation ever. The silver lining一线希望/一线光明 for users -- if there is one -- is that sensitive financial data like bank account numbers and credit card data are not believed to be included in the stolen information. Yahoo is working with law enforcement (执法机关) to learn more about the breach. A large-scale data breach was first rumored in August when a hacker who goes by the name of "Peace" claimed to be selling data from 200 million Yahoo users online. //law enforcement (执法机关); law enforcement official 执法人员 //underwhelm sb. = disappoint sb; sth is underwhelming/disappointing   |  |  | | --- | --- | | * **终于使人无法忍受的最后一击(压倒 sb.的最后一根稻草) the last straw /straw: 干稻草； 吸管** e.g. … Hodgson had been **in charge of** the national team for four years but his squad's poor showing at the tournament in France was the **last straw** and finally he resigned.e.g. "Our Christmas party this year was the **last straw** for me," said Castor, whose early departures to attend a scrapbooking class have resulted in the advertising firm losing two separate clients. “我们今年的圣诞晚会是我的 **最后一根稻草(终于使人无法忍受的最后一击)**” * **最后的手段/最后的办法/没办法中的办法: last resort [rɪ'zɔːt] e.g.** We **strongly recommend** that the company **lay off** additional low-performance workers only as **a last resort最后的手段/办法/没办法中的办法,** to preserve company morale气势. * **背水一战: the last stand**  e.g. There’s no space for us to step back/retreat. What left is “the last stand”. //retreat: A retreat is a quiet, isolated place that you go to in order to rest or to do things in private. 隐居处; 休养身心处 go for a retreat | | |  | | |
| 简洁的线条 | **clean lines.**  E.g. Light, **soothing and serene color暖色/治愈的安静 色调**, or patsel color, and **clean lines** give yousort of **peace of mind** and a **tranquil feeling.** |
| 1. 划清界限, 画一条38线， 拒绝超过一步 ; 2. 给自己的行动划一条界限，说某事不能做 | [ draw a line; draw a hard line ] e.g. I have to **draw a line at this issue**, well, from now on, I don't wanna talk anything related to your ex-boyfriend. E.g. The president's budget will likely **draw a line** between which farmers receive subsidies and which don't. |
| [literal meaning ] 细线, 优美线条; [figurative meaning ] 分界线 | [a fine line] **There's a fine line between ethical and unethical.** e.g. The mere act of traversing your daily routine places you evenly on **a fine line** between absolutetriumph and utter defeat.  研究你的日常行为，就像是在绝对胜利和彻底失败之间放置了 一根细线 来平衡。 2. It was clear that if I wanted to win in 1982, just two years after being thrown out of office, I had to walk **a fine line** with Arkansans. 我就必须在阿肯色州人民面前采取 安全的政治路线。 3. There is **a fine line** between “boiling the ocean” (trying to do too much) and being just a feature, andthat’s where you want to position yourself. “煮沸海洋”（意思是尝试做太多事情）和仅仅是一个特性之间有 一条细线，那正是你的自我定位。 |
| 1 (命悬一线) 处于危险中； 2 模棱两可；3在电话线上 | [ on the line ] e.g. My job is **on the line** because our company might go to bankruptcy soon and I would be made **redundant** then ( "redundancy" means: I will be **sacked/fired/laid off**) E.g. The lives of our soldiers are being put **on the line (in danger/in a hazard (命悬一线) 处于危险中)** because of our own security and that is the only reason that a government in any country would put our soldiers lives in danger. |
| 高招秒招，良方 | **[ a silver bullet ] figurative meaning: 高招秒招，良方** e.g. One reason seems to be that these efforts have generally relied on **a single silver bullet 一种高招秒招**, such as tax breaks from the government or small-business incubators set up by venture capitalists.   e.g. They understand that development is a difficult social activity that can be conquered not by **a silver bullet(一个高招秒招),** but rather by dedicated, skillful practitioners who know and leverage proven techniques. 开发是一项有难度的社会活动，不仅不能够通过一个高招来征服，而是由理解并实施可靠技术的那些专注且熟练的人们来解决。 |
| 伪造的 | 英 ['bəʊgəs] 美 ['bogəs] bogus = fake; [ fake accounts = bogus accounts] If you describe something as bogus, you mean that it is not genuine. 伪造的 e.g. Wells Fargo CEO John apologized to customers for more than 2 million fake/bogus accounts opened in their names, but denied any orchestrated business fraud/scam/shenanigan 精心设计好的商业诈骗 by bank management. "I do want to make very clear that there was no orchestrated scheme/plot as some have called it, by the company," he said. Wells Fargo (WFC) employees have said they were pressured to meet unrealistic sales goals and that they opened the bogus/faked accounts so they wouldn't lose their jobs. //falsify sth: If someone falsifies something, they change it or add untrue details to it in order to deceives/sucker people. 篡改file/document |
| whisk | To move with quick and light **sweeping motions**: 拂，掸 eg whisked dusts off the table; whisked the children away. 掸去桌子上的碎屑；挥手赶孩子们走开 |
| To whip eggs or whip the cream.搅拌（鸡蛋或奶油）, 打蛋器; A kitchen cooker for whipping foodstuffs, such as whip the eggs or cream 搅拌器：用于搅拌食品原料的厨房用具; eg the whipped cream生奶油= the cream that is whipped or whisked; n. 搅乳器: churn ; skim milk 脱脂奶（skinmilk）； condensed milk炼乳； whipped cream 生奶油; I made a trifle/cake with almond, cashews, ladyfinger, and the whipped cream on top |
| A **whiskbroom** = broom 扫帚; pls use the whiskbroom to sweep the dusts off the table. |
| a) (制黄油的) 搅乳器; v) (剧烈) 搅动stir | n) A churn is a container which is used for making butter. (制黄油的) 搅乳器 V-T If something churns water, mud, or dust, it moves and stirs it about violently. (剧烈) 搅动 e.g. Shoppers clear shelves at some grocery stores in Florida, as Hurricane Matthew churns towards the US coast, October 5, 2016, which demolishing/dismantle lots of buildings.... //打蛋器: whip |
| setback | A setback is an event that hinders and delays your progress or even reverses some of the progress that you have made. 挫折; 倒退 e.g.The move此 represents a setback for the Middle East peace process. 此举意味着中东和平进程的倒退 e.g. Samsung issued发布 an alert to global customers, asking users to immediately turn off their Galaxy Note 7 smartphones -- which have been spontaneously catching fire/igniting (自燃). The unprecedented/all-time史无前例的 move举动 comes one day after Samsung halted production of the dangerously glitchy/faulty 有故障的 devices. The company explained that faulty/glitchy lithium batteries were overheating the device and causing it to ignite/catch fire spontaneously自燃. In early September, Samsung recalled 2.5 million devices worldwide. It's a major setback挫折; 倒退 for the South Korean electronics manufacturer. The company's stock plunged/plummeted 骤降 more than 5% Tuesday morning in Seoul. // a backlash aganist sth: 对xxx 强烈抵制, 强烈反对(不满） |
| 出故障的 | n) glitch: A minor malfunction,or technical problem; a snag: 小毛病：小故障 eg technical glitch. adj) faulty = malfunctional, glitchy 出故障的 [ glitchy/faulty 有故障的 devices ] A faulty piece of equipment has something wrong with it and is not working properly, glitchy and malfunctional; e.g. I'm not sure whether the GPS is faulty/glitchy出故障. I'm not sure whether the computer is faulty/glitchy. e.g. Samsung issued发布 an alert to global customers, asking users to immediately turn off their Galaxy Note 7 smartphones -- which have been spontaneously catching fire/igniting (自然). The unprecedented/all-time史无前例的 move comes one day after Samsung halted production of the dangerously glitchy/faulty 有故障的 devices. The company explained that faulty/glitchy lithium-ion batteries were overheating the device and causing it to ignite/catch fire. In early September, Samsung recalled 2.5 million devices worldwide. It's a major setback挫折; 倒退 for the South Korean electronics manufacturer. The company's stock plunged/plummeted more than 5% Tuesday morning in Seoul. |
| (用拳头)连续打(强调“连续”) | pummel /ˈpʌməl/ (pummelling,pummelled,pummels) 1.V-T If you pummel sb/sth for < a period of time> , you punch them many times using your fists. (用拳头)连续打(强调“连续”) E.G He trapped Chuck in a corner and pummelled him ferociously for thirty seconds. 用拳残忍地猛击了他三十秒 V.S. Punch: If you punch sb/sth, you hit them hard with your fist. 用拳猛击(一次猛击) e.g. Harvey has broken the US record for rainfall from a single storm, CNN senior meteorologist said. The coastal cities got pummeled (punch continuously) with 26 inches of rain in 24 hours by the tropical storm. "Life-threatening flash flooding ( 暴雨成灾) continues in far east Texas around coastal cities" Port Arthur, a coastal city of about 55,000, is in exceptional danger because water from Beaumont is expected to flow toward it. "I'm in my home in Tyler County, and we could not get out unless a helicopter plucks/pull me out or I get my boat and launch it.” On Wednesday afternoon, a US Navy helicopter plucked/pull seven people from floodwaters. //pluck: 摘拔(fruit); pull拉拽   // plummet: 铅锤，vi. 垂直落下；（价格、水平, stock等）骤然下跌 = plunge // shatter the record = break the record 打破记录; record-breaking = record-shattering |
| plummet V.S. plunge V.S. slump V.S. nosedive V.S. tank | plummet: If an amount, rate, stock, or price plummets, it decreases quickly by a large amount。 (数量、比率、价格) 暴跌, plummet = plunge; e.g. In Tokyo, share prices have plummeted for the sixth successive连续的 day ( 6 days in a row, consecutively) 股价已经是连续第6天暴跌了。 //连续 xxx天,月，年: in a row, consecutively, successive, successively e.g. The president's popularity and reputation have plummeted/plunged to an all-time/unprecedented record low in recent weeks. 总统的声望最近几周已骤然跌至/创前所未有的低点/创新低。 |
| Plunge:  •  If an amount or rate plunges, it decreases quickly and suddenly. 骤降 e.g. His weight began to plunge. 他的体重开始骤然下降。 plummet = plunge; e.g. The U.S. dollars plunged/plummetted to an all-time/unprecedented low on the foreign exchange markets yesterday. 外汇市场上暴跌到了历史新低。 e.g. The court did not deliver the (court) injunction (法庭颁发的禁令) in time for Diwali ceremony in 2015. But the lawyer said that the pollution following the Hindu festival this year was "particularly shocking.", putting the pollution level on an unprecedented/all-time high史无空前的高. "The pollution levels went through the roof he said • Plunge is also a noun. 骤降; e.g. Japan's banks are in trouble, blighted by祸起于 bad loans and the stock market plunge/plummet/slump. 日本各家银行处于困境，祸起于不良贷款以及股市的暴跌 |
| slump /slʌmp/= nosedive 1. V-I If something such as the value of something slumps or nosedives, it falls suddenly and by a large amount. (价格、利润或汇率) 暴跌 e..g Net profits slumped/plunged/plummeted by 41%. 净利润暴跌了41%。 2. N-COUNT A slump is also a noun. (价值等的) 暴跌 e.g. The council's land is now worth much less than originally hoped because of a slump in property prices. 地产价格的暴跌 3. N-COUNT A slump is a time when many people in a country are unemployed and poor, esp because of sluggish economy [ during a slump = during the economic recession; The Great Depression 经济萧条时期 ] e.g. ...the slump of the early 1980s. …20世纪80年代初期的经济萧条时期。 4. V-T/V-I **If you slump somewhere, e.g. bed, chair, you fall or sit down there heavily, for example, normally because you're totally burned out/totally depleted/overwhelmingly exhausted/weary or you feel ill. (因筋疲力尽）瘫倒在（床，椅子）; (因劳累或生病等) 跌坐在（床，椅子）** e.g. She slumped into a chair because she's totally burned out / overwhelmingly exhausted/weary/depleted. 她(筋疲力尽的)瘫倒在一张椅子上 //deplete energy = run out of energy耗尽; deplete fuel= run out of fuel |
| People who lost money tended to be holding some popular stocks that **tanked(plunged/plummeted/nosedived股票暴跌)** this year, including Twitter, down 30%). So where's the market headed for 2017? The Wall Street "experts" still predict it will go higher, though for a smaller gain than 2016 |
| nosedive /ˈnəʊzdaɪv/ = slump 1. I If prices, profits, or exchange rates nosedive/slumpm, they suddenly fall by a large amount. (价格、利润或汇率) 暴跌 e.g. The value of other shares nosedived by $2.6 billion. 市值暴跌了26亿美元。 2.N-SING Nosedive is also a noun. 暴跌 e..g The bank yesterday revealed a 30 percent nosedive in profits. 该银行昨天透露了其利润暴跌30%。 3. V-I If something such as someone's reputation or career nosedives, it suddenly gets much worse. (声誉) 骤降; (事业) 突然下滑 e.g. Since the U.S. invasion the president's reputation has nosedived. 自从美国入侵以来，这位总统的声誉一落千丈。 4. N-SING Nosedive is also a noun. 骤降 e.g. He told the tribunal his career had "taken a nosedive" since his dismissal last year. 他告诉法庭自从去年被解雇以来，他的职业生涯就遭受了一次直线下降 |
| 史无前例的; 空前的； | unprecedented = all-time: have never ever happened before 空前的 无先例的 [ 空前的成功 an all-time/ unprecedented success; 前所未有的/史无空前的低点, (financial) 创新低,: an all-time low, an unprecedented low, a record low; 前所未有的/史无空前的高点 an unprecedented high = an all-time high] e.g. This affectionate and humanoid['hjuːmənɒɪd] 像人的 robot is a super state-of-the-art. It can recoganize human's emotion, which is an unprecedented/all-time success in the "artificial [ɑːtɪ'fɪʃ(ə)l] intelligence" field. e.g. 总统的声望已骤然跌至前所未有的低点。The president's popularity and reputation have plummeted/plunged/slumped to an all-time/unprecedented/record low (创新低） in recent weeks. e.g. The economic fallout/ramification helped push the rupee to a record low of 68.86 to the U.S. dollar on Thursday. e.g. The court did not deliver the (court) injunction (法庭颁发的禁令) in time for Diwali ceremony in 2015. But the lawyer said that the pollution following the Hindu festival this year was "particularly shocking.", putting the pollution level on an unprecedented/all-time high 史无空前的高. "The pollution levels went through the roof he said". E.g. It's so scorching in the West that the scorching灼热的 heat is breaking/shattering records, causing massive power outages and prompting flight cancellations. It was such a scorcher酷热的天/大热天! Because of the record-breaking/shattering temperature, the heat could've been a factor as four lanes of Highway began to buckle变弯曲(皮带扣） on Sunday. Drivers reported the giant cracks/fissures [木] 裂缝；裂 forming on the road and the lanes were repaired. Las Vegas was also scorching灼热的 and tied an all-time/unprecedented 史无前例的 record high at 117 degrees Fahrenheit on Tuesday. //(price, amount) go through the roof = skyrocket or surge // shatter the record = break the record 打破记录; record-breaking = record-shattering |
| 别担心！我**完全能够胜任**！ | Don't worry! I'm on to**p o**f it! |
| 梗概 | **bare bones** = general outlines: My thinking was if I was being presented to for my "do we include in v.Next decision", I'd want the bare bones //**wish bones** |
| 袖珍品质参考手册 | pocket guide |
| [能源] 矿物燃料，[能源] 化石燃料: | fossil fuel, fossil oil (石油；化石燃料:) Fossil fuel is fuel such as coal, natural gas, or oil that is formed from the decayed/rotten remains of plants or animals. Fossil fuels are non-renewable energies. The "primary carbon footprint" is the amount of consumption on the fossil fules, e.g. coal, natural gas, petrol. E.g. The Delhi’s major blamed Delhi's smog situation on smoke from the burning of crops by farmers, although several other contributing factors/influence factors adds value to the pollution in the city. The major attributed the pollution to vehicle gas emissions, heavy use of fossil fuels, dust and burning of waste. |
| 给 xx 火上浇油 | [ fuel sth ] The slow-moving nature of the storm -- it has traveled about 3 mph, human walking speed, since Friday's landfall -- has fueled the rain and flooding (火上浇油). Even when the rain is gone, dangers will persist because "the flooding will be very slow to recede (1.retreat; 2 mitigate or alleviate减弱) |
| 面无表情的,冷漠的表情（石块脸） | stone-faced: seems indifferent |
| 分发; 给予 (批评或惩罚) ;分 (菜) | dish out sth 1. If you dish out something, you distribute it among a number of people/a crop of/tons of/loads/a slew of people. 给 “一批人” 分发 e.g Doctors, not pharmacists药剂师, are responsible for dishing out drugs. 负责分发药物。 // a crop of: 一批人 2. If someone dishes out criticism or dish out punishment to sb., they give it to someone. 给予 (批评或惩罚) e.g Do you usually dish out criticism to someone who's doing you a favour? 你经常会对帮你的人指指点点吗？ 3. If you dish out food, you serve it to people at the beginning of each course of a meal. (上菜的时候）分 (菜) e.g Here the cooks dishing out the pork. 在这儿, 厨师们把咕咾肉分份儿。 |
| (地位相当的/地位相似）相应/对应人员; **(软件，服务器） 副本** | counterpart /ˈkaʊntəˌpɑːt/ (地位相当的/地位相似）相应/对应人员; (软件，服务器） 副本 1. Someone's or something's counterpart is another person or thing that has a similar function or the same  level of position in a different place (such as in a different country). 对应的人或物 = the correspondence， the similitude[sɪ'mɪlɪtjuːd]相似 e.g As soon as he heard what was afoot, he telephoned his German and Italian counterparts to protest. 他一听到在进行中的事，马上就给德国和意大利(地位相当的）相应人员打电话抗议  2. server counterpart 服务器副本 ; counterpart expenditure/outlay 对应支出 ; 对应支出费用 ; 对应支付 e.g. If there is a RUP work product but no counterpart in your software project management process, should you add this work product? ...没有副本，你是否应该增加这个工作产品？   // countertop: A countertop is a flat surface in a kitchen which is easily cleaned and on which you can prepare food. (厨房的) 工作台面 e.g. I prefer my countertop to be clear off clutter/mess. //counterclockwise逆时钟方向 |
| literal meaning:边陲 / figurative meaning: 两者之间的模糊地带 | borderland /ˈbɔːdəˌlænd/ [ borderland slope 边缘地斜坡 ; 边缘坡; borderland education 边境教育 ; 边疆教育 ; 边地教育; borderland tax 国境税 ] 1. literal meaning:边陲 The area of land close to the border between two countries or major areas can be called the borderlands. ...Lebanon's southern borderlands …黎巴嫩南部边陲。  2. figurative meaning: 两者之间的模糊地带 The borderland between two things is an area which contains features from both of these things so that it is not possible to say that it belongs to one or the other. e.g ...on the borderland between sleep and waking…在半醒半睡的状态中。 V.S. If you delineate a border, you say exactly where it is going to be. 划定边界 V.S. borderland (边陲；中间地带；迷糊含混之情境: The borderland between two things is an area which contains features from both of these things so that it is not possible to say that it belongs to one or the other.) e.g. ...an agreement to delineate the border. ...划定边界的一项协议。 |
| adj. 地球上的；陆地的，[生物] 陆生的；人间的 n. 陆地生物；地球上的人 | terrestrial /təˈrɛstrɪəl/ 地球上的；陆地的，[生物] 陆生的；人间的 n. 陆地生物；地球上的人 Terrestrial means relating to the planet Earth rather than to some other part of the universe, terrestrial = tellurian [te'ljʊərɪən]地球的 [ terrestrial life forms地球上的生命形态; terrestrial camera 地面摄影机; terrestrial station 地面站 ; 地面电台 V.S. the space station 空间站; terrestrial mammals 陆栖/陆生动物]  terrain: [təˈreɪn] 地带；地势，地形 rugged terrain 崎岖的地形 ['rʌgɪd]; rough terrain不平地形，地形条件恶劣地区; mountainous ['maʊntənəs] terrain 山岭区 V.S. rig an election/a job appointment/a bidding 非法操纵/以不正当手段操纵(选举，工作分派，投标(submit a tender)） |
| 地球上的； N.(尤指科幻小说)地球居民 | tellurian [te'ljʊərɪən] 1. of or relating to the earth Planet = terrestrial 地球上的 2.N (esp in science fiction) an inhabitant of the earth (尤指 科幻小说 )地球居民 => A futuristic film/ book/fiction tells a story that is set in the future, when things are different. 科幻 (影片,小说，书) = science fiction e.g. ...the futuristic hit/sensational film, "Terminator 2." …轰动一时的 科幻电影 《终结者2》。 |
| 地球和月亮之间 | **sublunary /sʌbˈluːnərɪ/ (lunar => sublunary or sublunar)**  situated between the moon and the earth |
| a) 外星人的；外星球的; n)外星生物; 外星人; | extraterrestrial (ET) [,ekstrətə'restrɪəl] 外星人 (an alien: a form of life assumed to exist outside the Earth or its atmosphere );  1. Extraterrestrial means happening, existing, or coming from somewhere beyond the planet Earth, but from other parts of the universe, other planets. 地球外的 e.g.NASA has started a 10-year search for extraterrestrial creatures [ extraterrestrial rocks 外星岩石, Extraterrestrial Highway 外星人公路 ; extraterrestrial geology 地球外地质学,太空地质学; extraterrestrial environment 地球外环境 ; 行星际环境 ]  2. Extraterrestrials are living creatures生物 that some people think exist or may exist somewhere beyond the planet Earth, but in another part of the universe. 外星人 = alien |
| 天上的; 天堂的 | celestial /sɪˈlɛstɪəl/ or [sə'lɛstʃəl] Celestial is used to describe things relating to heaven or to the sky. 天上的; 天堂的 e.g. ...the clusters of celestial bodies in the ever-expanding universe.… 不断扩展的宇宙中的这些天体群。 [天体 celestial body; 天体群 celestial bodies; celestial mechanics 天体力学; Celestial stem 天干; Celestial Master 张天师 ; 天师道 (=> the master of ceremonies MC (音乐)司仪; 大会司仪/主持人 ] |
| 占星术，占星学 | astrology [ə'strɒlədʒɪ]:, astrological, **astrologer /astrologist 占星**家 [ə'strɒlədʒə]: Astrology is the study of the positions and aspects of celestial bodies天体 in the belief that they have an influence on the course of natural earthly occurrences and human affairs. An astrologer [ə'strɒlədʒə] is a person who uses astrology to try to tell you things about your character and your future. 占星家 [celestial bodies天体; /sɪˈlɛstɪəl/ or [sə'lɛstʃəl] ] //astro => astrology, astronomy, astronaut |
| 星象 | horoscope: the positions, the shapes, and aspects of the planets and stars, or other celestial bodies天体, at a given moment, such as the moment of a person's birth, used by **astrologers** 占星家 to predict or foresee what will happen to you, either lucky or bad. //celestial bodies天体 [sə'lɛstʃəl]] //astro => astrology, astronomy, astronaut |
| 星座; 星群 | constellate => constellation /ˌkɒnstɪˈleɪʃən/ A constellation is a group of stars which form a pattern and have a name.  [ the Lion constellation 狮子星座 ] e.g. It sits in the southern constellation of Fornax. 这颗行星位于天炉星座的南部。 V) constellate /ˈkɒnstɪˌleɪt/ to form into clusters in or as if in constellations 形成星座或类似星座的群集  //stellar 星的；星球的=> constellate constellation V.S. constipation[kɒnstɪ'peɪʃ(ə)n]便秘, need purgative['pɜːgətɪv] medicine or purge V.S consternate sb, consternation 惊惶失措 |
| 星的；星球的) | stellar /ˈstɛlə/ 1. Stellar is used to describe anything connected with stars. 星的; 星球的 e.g. A stellar wind streams outward from the star. 从那颗恒星上不断吹出恒星风。 2. A stellar person or thing is considered to be very good or exellent. 杰出的; 优秀的 E.s. VV is a stellar member in our team.  **3.The start/celebrity/boy band/music band goes stellar, they become popular （明星）走红** |
| adj. 星罗棋布的; 众星云集的; | star-stu**dd**ed ['stɑ:stʌdid] [ a star-stu**dd**ed **lavish** party 众星云集的盛大奢华的party; a star-stu**dd**ed **lavish** wedding party ] **//lavish** a)盛大奢华的 a lavish wedding party v) spend money lavishly/extravagantly v) lavish praises on xxx 对xxx大加赞赏    🡺Stud: stud **/stʌd/**  * 1.[N-COUNT](javascript:;)Studs are small pieces of metal which are attached to a surface for decoration. 金属饰钉   •  You see studs on lots of front doors.  你能在许多前门上看到金属饰钉。   * 2.[N-COUNT](javascript:;)Studs are small round objects attached to the bottom of boots, especially sports boots, so that the person wearing them does not slip. (鞋底的) 防滑钉 V.S. spikes跑鞋的铁锥 * 3.[N-UNCOUNT](javascript:;)Horses or other animals that are kept for stud are kept to be used for breeding. 种畜   •  He was voted horse of the year and then was retired to stud.  他被选为年度马，然后就退役作了种马。   * 4. [V](javascript:;)to dot or cover (with) 用...点缀; 用...覆盖 [ be studded with sth ]   •  the park was studded with daisies |
| 被(e.g. jade, jewelry, gem) 镶上，装饰 | **/stʌd/**  stud V.S. stub: ticket stub; cigarette stub; tree stub   * 1.[N-COUNT](javascript:;)Studs are small pieces of metal which are attached to a surface for decoration. 金属饰钉   •  You see studs on lots of front doors.  你能在许多前门上看到金属饰钉。   * 2.[N-COUNT](javascript:;)Studs are small round objects attached to the bottom of boots, especially sports boots, so that the person wearing them does not slip. (鞋底的) 防滑钉 V.S. spikes跑鞋的铁锥 * 3.[N-UNCOUNT](javascript:;)Horses or other animals that are kept for stud are kept to be used for breeding. 种畜   •  He was voted horse of the year and then was retired to stud.  他被选为年度马，然后就退役作了种马。  4. [V](javascript:;)to dot or cover (with) 用...点缀; 用...覆盖 [ be studded with sth ] be studded with sth (jade, jewelry, gem/diamond)  e.g. the park was studded with daisies  e.g. star-studded: （被星星 镶上，装饰） 星罗棋布的; 众星云集的/ 明星荟萃的 e.g. A star-studded show, event, or cast is one that includes a considerable number of famous performers, actors, actresses. // stud V.S. stub: ticket stub; cigarette stub; tree stub  • |
| 惊惶失措 | consternate /ˈkɒnstəˌneɪt/V to fill with anxiety, dismay, dread, or confusion 使惊愕 consternation [,kɑnstɚ'neʃən] : Consternation is a feeling of anxiety, fear, or dread 恐慌 ;惊惶失措 [with consternation 愕然,;惊惶失措; in consternation 惊慌地 ; 惊愕地 ] e,g The airline delayed a flight from Scotland to Toronto on Monday, to the consternation of passengers -- though some changed their mood upon learning that they'd potentially dodged/avoid a disaster by not taking off with the reportedly drunken pilots. Later, the airport spokesman released a joint statement联合声明 saying it would "await the results of the investigation and judicial[dʒʊ'dɪʃəl] 法庭的 proceedings before commenting on the matter." // constipation ['kɑnstə'peʃən]便秘: I have serious constipation and I **need purge medicine/purgative/catharsis** almost every day. V.S. stellar, constellation // constellation /ˌkɒnstɪˈleɪʃən/ N-COUNT A constellation is a group of stars which form a pattern and have a name. 星座 //在通常法律程序以外的：extrajudicial [,ɛkstrədʒu'dɪʃl] |
| adj. 无害的；无伤大雅的 | innocuous /ɪˈnɒkjʊəs/ Something that is innocuous is not harmful or offensive not at all. 无害的; 无意冒犯的 e.g. Both mushrooms look innocuous but are in fact deadly. 两个蘑菇看起来都无害，但实际上却能致命; e.g. xxx In any case, I agree with your solution - that we should doucment it in the next KC refresh and a dwAnswer in the interim. These properties are rather innocuous and there is no harm in leaving these exposed. |
| 1. 不顾一切的 2 迫切渴望/极度渴望想要xxx 3. 危急的(局势) | desperate /ˈdɛspərɪt/, desperately V.S. disparate ['dɪsp(ə)rət]  1. If you are desperate, you are in such a bad and tough situation that you are willing to try anything to change it. 不顾一切的 [ the desperate men (不顾一切的) 亡命之徒 ]  e.g. Troops needed to help get food into the Afghanistan borderland where people are in desperate need. 迫切需要食物。e.g. Thousands of refugess are desperately trying to leave their battered/thrashed homes and villages form Syria, the notoriously war-ravaged nation 正不顾一切地试图逃离 战争蹂躏的国家。 //batter sb. 连续猛击 = thrash sb   3. If you are desperate for something or you're desperate to do something, you want or eager to do it very much indeed with strong willingness. 迫切渴望/极度渴望想要xxx；想做xxx e.g. They'd been married nearly four years and Joe was desperate to have a BB. 琼非常想生个孩子。 e.g. He was a boy who desperately needed affection. 他是个极度需要关爱的孩子。 e.g. The families desperately wanna know what happened in this plane crash.  5. A desperate situation is very difficult, serious, or dangerous. 危急的 [危急的局势 in desperate situation; ] e.g. India's United Nations ambassador said the situation is desperate.印度驻联合国大使说局势危急。 |
| 迥然不同的(观点),迥异的(观点) | disparate /ˈdɪspərɪt/  1. Disparate things are clearly different from each other in quality or type. (在质量，性质，类别上）迥然不同的,迥异的 [迥然不同的观点, 迥异的观点：disparate ideas; 迥然不同的价值观 disparate sense of value] e.g. Scientists are trying to pull together disparate ideas in astronomy. 把天文学界各种迥然不同的观点汇集起来。eg. Obviously, we have disparate sense of value and sense of marriage, finally, we got divorced. e.g. There is no need to keep arguing; obviously, we have such disparate opinions.  2. ADJ A disparate thing is made up of very different elements. 多元的 [ 多元化的国家 a disparate nation ] e.g. U.S. is a very disparate /ˈdɪspərɪt/ nation, with enormous regional and cultural differences 一个多元化的国家 e.g. Hk is a very disparate/ˈdɪspərɪt/ nation, with enormous regional and cultural differences |
| 相似性 | **similitude** /sɪˈmɪlɪˌtjuːd/ likeness; similarity 相似性 **[ similitude principle 相似理论 ; 相似原理 ] V.S. dissimilar [di'similə] (be dissimilar to sth) adj. 不同的** |
| **1. 勾划出…的轮廓 (出idea, solution的一个大概的轮廓）; 2.划定边界** | delineate sth [di'linieit], delineation [dɪ,lɪnɪ'eɪʃ(ə)n] 1. delineate sth: To draw or trace the outline or main frame of sth 画出勾划出…的轮廓 [ 画出勾划那个在逃的嫌疑犯的轮廓 delineate the fugitive suspect ] e.g. He tried to delineate the cute dog that he saw in zoo. e.g. The witness tried to delineate the fugitive suspect in that horrible gem heist [haɪst] 宝石盗窃. 2. If you delineate[dɪ'lɪnɪeɪt] something such as "delineate an idea; delineate a situation; delineate a proposal", you describe it or define it with a general outline, sort of "sketch out sth" 勾划出…的轮廓 (出idea, solution的一个大概的轮廓）; 简要地概述xx e.g. Biography must to some extent delineate characters 传记一定要描述人物。e.g. Firstly, you must delineate the claim points of your patent. 3. If you delineate a border, you say exactly where it is going to be, draw a border 划定边界 .an agreement to delineate the border. ...划定边界的一项协议。 / /borderland ( 中间地带/迷糊含混之情境; 边陲）: The borderland between two things is an area which contains features from both of these things so that it is not possible to say that it belongs to one or the other.) |
| 1. 草图; 素描; 梗概; 2.（人物，事件，情况的) 简要陈述 3.N.幽默短剧; 滑稽小品 V. 简要地概述xxx | sketch /skɛtʃ/  1. A sketch is a drawing that is done quickly without a lot of details. Artists often use sketches as a preparation for a more detailed painting or drawing. 草图; 素描 .  V.) If you sketch something, you make a quick, rough drawing of it. 画…的素描; 画…的速写 E.G. They're sketching a view of far Spanish hills. 正在素描远处西班牙山峦景色。  3. A sketch of a situation, person, or incident is a brief and concise description of it without many details. 概述 [ （人物，事件，情况的) 简要陈述 thumbnail sketches of xxx] e.g ...thumbnail sketches of political dignitaries['dɪgnɪt(ə)rɪ] 政治要员们的简要陈述。  => V) 简要陈述xxx If you sketch or sketch out a situation or incident, you give a short description or general outline of it, including only the most important facts. 简要地概述xxx  => **[A thumbnail sketch]** or **[ a thumbnail account ]** is a very short description of an event, idea, or plan which gives only the main details. 简要的简略的(描述/概述);  e.g. Tracy sketched/sketched out the story briefly, telling the facts just as they had happened. 简要地概述了这个事件  e.g. He sketched out plans to give consumers more affordable choices. 他简述了几个计划  6. N- A sketch is a short humorous piece of acting, usually forming part of a comedy show. 幽默短剧; 滑稽小品 e.g ...a five-minute sketch about a folk singer.… 一出有关一位民间歌手的5分钟幽默短剧。 |
| 1. (大拇指的)拇指甲  2. 简要的简略的(描述/概述); 3(电脑上)缩略图 | /ˈθʌmˌneɪl/ thumbnail  1. Your thumbnail is the nail on your thumb. (大拇指的)拇指甲  2. ADJ **[A thumbnail sketch]** or **[ a thumbnail account ]** is a very short description of an event, idea, or plan which gives only the main details. 简要的简略的(描述/概述);  3. N-COUNT In computing, a thumbnail is a very small picture, which you can expand by clicking on it. (电脑上)缩略图  e.g. Click on the **thumbnails** to view larger, more legible images. 点击 缩略图 可查看较大较清的图像。  e.g.At the left of the Captivate window, scroll up or down the Filmstrip as necessary until you see the thumbnail view of slide 7 |
| 骨骼; 提纲轮廓或梗概; 瘦骨如柴的人（或动物) ; 家丑 | skeleton骨骼: The internal structure composed of bone and cartilage['kɑːt(ɪ)lɪdʒ]软骨 that protects and supports the soft organs, tissues, and other parts of a vertebrate organism 脊椎动物. //cartilage['kɑːt(ɪ)lɪdʒ] is a strong, flexible substance in your body, especially around your joints and in your nose. 软骨 //dislocated shoulder/jaw脱臼的 |
| A supporting structure or framework, as of a building. 构架：支持结构或构架，例如建筑物  **[ a fixing skeleton 固定架 ]** |
| * skeleton is an **outline** or a **sketch or delineation[dɪ,lɪnɪ'eɪʃ(ə)n]** 提纲轮廓或**梗概(**框架；梗概**)** , consists of the most important parts of something, to which more detail can be added later.   eg Here comes **a skeleton/sketch of my proprosal.** **a skeleton of my travelling plan 计划纲要**  e.g. We agreed on a skeleton outline of the proposal. 我们给提案商定了一个基本框架   * The skeleton of something such as a building or a plan is its basic framework. (楼房或计划的) 构架; 框架 e.g.  The town of Rudbar had ceased to exist, with only skeletons of buildings remaining.  只剩一些建筑骨架 |
| sb who is super skinny and thin 瘦骨如柴的人（或动物) e.g. A long illness made a skeleton out of him. 长期的卧病使他骨瘦如柴; **[ a skeleton hand 青筋暴起的手 ]; be reduced to a skeleton 瘦得皮包骨; a walking skeleton 骨瘦如柴的人** |
| A source of shame, **humiliation or disgrace**, as in a family, that is kept secret. 家丑 **[ a family skeleton 家丑, 见不得人的事 ]** |
| **a skeleton key 万能钥匙** |
| Computer Science Of or relating to a set of incomplete instructions intended to be completed by a specialized program. 【计算机科学】 程序框架的：属于或有关那些需用一特殊程序来完成的未完成的指令的 |
| 刻上 | engrave /ɪnˈɡreɪv/  1. (在墙壁，石头上）刻上 If you engrave something (e.g. rock, wall) with a design or words, or if you engrave a design or words on something (e.g. wall, rock), you carve or inscribe刻在 the design or words into its surface. e.g. Your wedding ring can be engraved with a personal inscription at no extra cost. 你的结婚戒指可以刻上 个人题字 不另收费。 e.g. The shop will also engrave your child's name on the side. 商店也将在一侧刻上你孩子的名字。 ...a bottle engraved with her name. …一个刻有她名字的瓶子。 e.g. In the memorial of Korea War, all heroes' names are engraved on the side wall. = The side wall of this monument is engraved with all heros' names e.g. You can engrave the ipad with a personal inscription without extra cost. //个人题字: a personal inscription // be engrossed[ɪn'ɡrəʊst] in = be absorbed in |
| |  | | --- | | 刻在 xxx上 | | inscribe, inscription /ɪnˈskraɪb/  1. If you inscribe words on an object, you write, carve or even engrave the words on the object. 题写; 刻 e.g. Some galleries in LiHua Women's Univeristy, commemorate donors by inscribing (engraving) their names on the walls. 一些展览馆把捐赠者的名字刻在墙上以纪念他们。 //纪念sb. commemorate sb.  2. If you inscribe something in the front of a book or on a photograph, you write it there, often before giving it to someone. 题字题赠(送书／照片给别人）　 [ 题写了xxx字: inscribe the words: "xxx"; 个人题字: a personal inscription ]　 e.g On the back of the book, I had inscribed the words: "Here's to Great Ideas! John." 在背面,我题写了这样的话：“献给伟大的思想！约翰 e.g. Your wedding ring can be engraved with a personal inscription at no extra cost. 戒指可以刻上 个人题字 e.g. You can engrave the ipad with a personal inscription without extra cost. //engrave a wall/rock with a design or word = engrave a design or word on the wall/rock |
| V. 瞪眼：圆睁着眼睛看　N) 护目镜; 风镜; 游泳镜 | goggle n) Goggles are large glasses that fit closely to your face around your eyes to protect them from such things as water, wind, or dust. 护目镜; 风镜; 游泳镜 [ 护目镜 the protective goggles; the safety goggles; 滑雪的护目镜: the skiing goggles, the snow goggles; 游泳镜: the swimming goggles ] //swimming suit: swimming cap; swimming goggles; trunks (for men男式游泳裤); swimming suit => (汽车的) 后视镜: the rearview mirror /ˈrɪəvjuː/ Inside a car, the rearview mirror is the mirror that enables you to see the traffic behind when you are driving. (汽车的) 后视镜 |
| V 瞪眼：圆睁着眼睛看　goggle at sb.: to stare at sth with wide and bulging[bʌldʒ] eyes; e.g. 非常生气地瞪着眼睛看着我 He goggled at me with inflamed anger.　　// bulging[bʌldʒ]: 膨胀, 凸出(部)= a swollen projection, normally being inflated with air 充气膨胀; 给救生衣充气, inflate the life jacket //炎的；红肿的: inflamed gum; inflamed throat; inflammation |
| 凝视xxx | gaze at sth = stare at : If you gaze at someone or something, you look steadily at them with a long concentration span, for example because you find them attractive or interesting, or because you are thinking about something else. 凝视 e.g. ..gazing at herself in the mirror. …凝视着镜中的她自己。 e.g. Sitting in his wicker chair, he gazed reflectively at the fire. 他若有所思地凝视着火焰 |
| 俯看xxx | gaze down upon sth = look at sth from a high place, such as a mountain or a high building, normally you can get a panoramic view [,pænə'ræmɪk] of it. e.g. She gazed down upon the nighttime splendor of the city 俯看这个城市夜晚的壮美。 //(城市，xxx建筑 ) 壮美的外观 : The splendour of something is its beautiful and impressive appearance, such as the splendor of the city (城市的壮美); the splendor of the ddP in Seoul (ddP建筑的壮美) |
| 扫视, 粗略地看一下 | **glance at sth:** to move eyes rapidly from one thing to another **[ 粗略地看了一下菜单 glance at the menu; 扫了一下反视镜 glanced at the rearview mirror (反视镜) . (slang) 一目了然: It's manifest at a glance eg Have a glance/squint at this view.** |
| 一瞥 | glimpse: A brief, incomplete view or look, or glance  **[ have a glimpse ]** |
| 盯着看; 凝视 | stare at sth = gaze at sth If you stare at someone or something, you look at them for a long time normally because that thing or somebody is attractive, interesting, or impressive 盯着看; 凝视 e.g. Every time we stopped, everybody would stare at me. 每次我们停下来，每个人都会盯着我们 |
| 1. 向sb.眨眼使眼色,暗送秋波 2 装作没看见，视而不见 | 向sb.眨眼示意,使眼色,暗送秋波) wink at sb: To close and open the eyelid of one eye deliberately, intentionally有意图的, and frequently, as to convey a meaningful message, signal, or suggestion to sb and hopefully that person can catch your point. e.g. Brian winked at his bride-to-be. 布赖恩向他的准新娘眨眼示意 |
| wink at sth (糟糕的事情))装作没看见，视而不见 e.g. It’s easily unethical 缺乏职业道德/素养的 for an employee not to report project risks in time and just wink at those potential failures happening eg对于部里的贪污现象视而不见; 假装看不见 e.g. The government officials wink at the bribery, including corruption and embezzlement (挪用公款)in the ministry； 对小错误假装没有看见: wink at slight errors.  E.g. 尽管这是一个小疏忽，但是你不能对他视而不见　Even though it's a minor oversight/negligence疏忽, you cannot wink at it or just let it go... (slang）这事不容忽视, 我们不能对这事视而不见 ) = There was no winking in this oversight. //oversee= monior, oversaw, overseen, oversight |
| **wink out:** To come to a close; end = **wrap it up, wrap it up** 终止结束 |
| A **gleam闪烁** or **twinkle, flash.** (星光等的)闪烁; 使闪烁(以发信号); e.g.星在闪烁 The stars are **winking/twinkling/gleaming,** sporadically in the dark sky; eg We saw the **wink/gleam** from the beacon灯塔 and then heard an ensuing **siren汽笛警报器** that indicates that a ship is **capsized.** |
| Informal: A brief period of sleep, have a nap;  **get a wink of sleep 打一会儿盹** |
| vi.眯眼看；斜视 vt. 使斜眼；眯眼看 n.斜视；斜孔小窗 adj. 斜视的；斜的 | squint [skwɪnt]: 斜眼的 squint-eyed: be cross-eyed or have strabismus[strə'bɪzməs] n/v 斜视 abnormal alignment of one or both eyes; to look or glance sideways, from left to right, and the vice versa 向旁边斜眼看或瞟 eg He has a squint-eyed disease 斜眼病 |
| 眯眼看 looking with the eyes partly closed, especially when hit by direct sunshine or blinding light(眩光一闪/一道强光/眩目的光芒) eg The driver squinted眯眼 as the strong sun hits his windshield/screenshield. eg Put on your sunshine grasses so that you needn't squint眯眼 when driving against the blinding lights//眩光一闪/一道强光/眩目的光芒 |
| A quick look or glance: 匆匆一看或一瞥 eg匆匆地看了一眼风景; Take a squint/glance at this view. |
| adj.(used especially of glances) directed to one side with or as if you **cast a doubt about sth** or suspicion or envy. To look sideways, as in disapproval. 斜眼看斜着看，如表示不同意 |
| 伴娘; 伴郎; 准新娘; 准新郎 | bridesmaid = the maid of honor; best man:伴郎, the bride-to-be 准新娘; the groom-to-be 准新郎 e.g. Brian winked at his bride-to-be. 布赖恩向他的准新娘眨眼示意 　e.g Can I invite you to be my maid of honor/bridesmaid? eg. In my wedding, he is my best man // 向sb.眨眼示意,使眼色,暗送秋波) wink at sb: To close and open the eyelid眼睑；眼皮 of one eye deliberately, intentionally有意图的, and frequently, as to convey a meaningful message, signal, or suggestion to sb and hopefully that person can catch your point. |
| 监视, 检查, 视察 | v) oversee, oversaw, overseen; oversee sth= supervise, monitor, or scrutinize sth carefully and critically  eg FIFA, the group that **oversees**/supervises international soccer, expects 3.2 billion people to watch some portion of the month-long tournament, which begins in Brazil on June 12.  eg Who is overseeing this project?  Eg It's PM's responsibility to **oversee the project**.  e.g. On April 8, US Pacific Command, which **oversees** military operations in the region, issued a statement saying that the Carl Vinson and an accompanying strike group would leave Singapore and head to the Western Pacific  e.g. **Curator** is the person who manages or **oversees** (inspect, monitors and supervises), as the administrative director of a museum collection, gallery collection, school, or a library. (博物馆、图书馆等的)馆长 |
| n) 疏忽 n) oversight = negligence疏忽 [ 小疏忽: a minor oversight = a minor negligence ] e.g. I'm sorry, it's my oversight/negligence.  E.g. 尽管这是一个小疏忽，但是你不能对他视而不见　Even though it's a minor oversight/negligence疏忽, you cannot **wink at it** or just let it go... (slang）这事不容忽视, 我们不能对这事视而不见 ) = There was no winking in this oversight.  // wink at sb.; wink at sth bad or illegal= pretend not to see it 对xxx 视而不见; (slang)这事不容忽视, 我们不能对这事视而不见 There was no winking at this matter. |
| 迂腐； 假装学者,卖弄学问 | pedantry /ˈpɛdəntrɪ/ [卖弄学问: show off sb's pedantry] N-UNCOUNT If you accuse someone of pedantry, you mean that you disapprove of them because they pay too much attention to unimportant details or traditional or orthodox rules, especially in connection with academic subjects. 迂腐; 过分拘泥于细节或传统; 学究气(表不满) e.g.他喜欢卖弄学问，刚刚作了一个夸夸其谈的演说 He likes to show off his pedantry; and just now he addressed a pretentious speech. |
| 你们必须各尽其力 | You have to pull your own **weight.** |
| 使sb负荷太重 | weigh sb. down (weighing,weighed,weighs) If something that you are wearing or carrying weighs you down, it stops or hinders you moving easily by making you feel over-burdened 使sb负荷太重 e.g. If he had to swim, he didn't want anything weighing him down. 如果不得不游泳的话，他不想让自己负荷太重 e.g. The sucked DP project weighed me down so much. e.g. My mum got sick and was hospitalized again. What is worse, I also suffer from my DP project. Both lives and work weigh me down... |
| 加入比赛；参加辩论; 比赛前量体重； | **[ weigh in our discussion, weigh in our dispute ]** Hi Jim, Unfortunately, the answer for both questions is No. I don't know if the security team plan to support these algorithms or not. Need Belinda to **weigh in.** |
| 对xxx产生重压, 使xxxx 苦恼; | weigh on something 对xxx产生重压, 使xxxx 苦恼;  1.But it would weigh on consumer demand all the same. 但是这同样会对消费者的需求产生重压。 2. Profit-reduction will weigh on investors' sentiment. 使投资者苦恼;。 3. Debt loads now weigh on swaths of the economy: The Mortgage Bankers Association said Friday that one in ten homeowners with mortgages is either in foreclosure or delinquent on mortgage payments. 负债已对经济发展产生重压影响。 |
| adj. 正统的；传统的；东正教的 n. 正统的人；正统的事物 | 正统的；传统的 orthodox ['ɔːθədɒks] (traditional and conventional) V.S. 非正统的，另类的 alternative ( unorthodox or untraditional) => [ 正统医学 orthodox medicine V.S. 非传统医学 /替代性的 (疗法) alternative medicine (unorthodox medicine) ] e.g. The orthodox medicine uses drugs to cure patients; but the alternative medicine is the practice of medicine without the use of drugs; may involve herbal medicines or self-awareness or biofeedback or acupuncture, such as medicines made from plants, massage, and acupuncture. e.g. But don't expect this to be endorsed by orthodox medicine, there's no profit in it. 不要指望这个道理被正统医学支持 e.g. If reason should lead you to orthodox conclusions, well and good; you are still a rationalist. 如果理性可以引领你到达传统的结论，那很好，你仍然是一个理性主义者 e.g. This is the striking increase, in affluent societies, in the popularity of treatments and remedies that complement the orthodox medicine or sometimes serve as an alternative medicine to conventional treatments. 在富裕国家中，在正统医学外辅助治疗和疗法显然日益风行，有时还替代了正统治疗 //rational, sensible, rationalist理性主义者 |
| 不走寻常路的； **另类的，非正统的/传统的** | unorthodox[ʌn'ɔːθədɒks]: If you describe someone's behaviour, beliefs, or customs as unorthodox or alternative, you mean that they are different from the routine, traditional, or conventional way, just different from what is generally accepted. [ 另类/非正统的生活 unorthodox lifestyle = alternative lifesstyle; 另类的/非正统的策略 an unorthodox strategy = an alternative strategy; 一个另类的/非正统的想法 an unorthodox idea = an alternative idea ] e.g The reality-based show followed the unorthodox lives of Ozzy, his wife Sharon, daughter Kelly, and son, Jack. 另类生活 e.g. ... He then came up with/brought up an unorthodox strategy另类的/非正统的策略 to hide the fugitive criminal/outlaw 逃犯 from the threat of possible extradition back to the US, where Snowden was branded a traitor //treason: ['triːz(ə)n ] 叛国罪； // 引渡；亡命者送还本国： extradite, extradition V.S. （英雄的遗体）遣返回国 repatriation //An outlaw is a criminal who is hiding from the authorities, an outlaw = a fugitive criminal 逃犯 e.g. Jesse was an outlaw, a bandit, a criminal. 杰西曾是个逃犯、土匪、罪犯 |
| 另类的，非正统的/传统的 | 1. Alternative is used to describe something that is different from the usual things of its kind, or the usual ways of doing something, in modern Western society. For example, an alternative/unorthodox lifestyle does not follow conventional ways of living and working. 另类的 e.g ...unconventional parents who embraced the alternative/unorthodox lifestyle of the Sixties.  [ 另类/非正统的生活 unorthodox lifestyle = alternative lifesstyle; 另类的/非正统的策略 an unorthodox strategy = an alternative strategy; 一个另类的/非正统的想法 an unorthodox idea = an alternative idea ]  2. ADJ Alternative medicine is the practice of medicine without the use of drugs; may involve herbal medicines or self-awareness or biofeedback or acupuncture, such as medicines made from plants, massage, and acupuncture. 非传统/正统医学; 替代性的 (疗法) [ 正统医学 orthodox medicine V.S. 非传统/正+B121医学 alternative medicine (unorthodox medicine) ] ...alternative health care. …替代性保健 |
| 正统观念; 正统信仰 | orthodoxy /ˈɔːθəˌdɒksɪ/ TEM8 1. N-VAR An orthodoxy is an accepted view about something. 正统观念 e.g These ideas rapidly became the new orthodoxy in linguistics. 这些观点很快就成了语言学中新的正统观念。 2.N-UNCOUNT The old, traditional beliefs of a religion, political party, or philosophy can be referred to as orthodoxy. 正统信仰 e.g....a conflict between Nat's religious orthodoxy and Rube's belief that his mission is to make money. …纳特的宗教正统信仰和鲁布以赚钱为己任的信仰之间的冲突 |
| n/v 滚滚(烟、云等) 升腾, 滚滚(烟、云等) 冒了出来 | When something (made of cloth) **billows,** it **swells out** and moves slowly in the wind. **在风中鼓胀着飘动 [ sth billows in the breeze ]** e.g. The curtains/drapes billowed in the breeze. 窗帘在微风中**鼓胀着飘动**。e.g. Her pink dress **billowed out** around her. 她粉红色的连衣裙**随身飘了起来**。 |
| 2. When smoke, fire, dust, or cloud billows, it moves slowly upward or across the sky. (烟、云等) 升腾,滚滚冒出 [ smoke/steam/dust/fire billow out from xxx] e.g. ...thick plumes[pluːm] of smoke billows from factory chimneys. …从工厂烟囱里冒出来的滚滚浓烟。e.g. Steam billowed out from under the hood. 滚滚蒸汽从机罩下冒了出来。 e.g. Video tweeted by a witness on the ground showed an airliner with a large plume羽毛 of smoke rising from the right side and flames billowing beneath the fuselage机身. The video showed passengers scrambling down the emergency slides紧急滑梯 on the 767's left side. //if sb scramble to a diffferent place to position, they move there quickly in a hurried and awkward (尴尬的,迥的，笨拙的) way 3. n) A billow of smoke or a billow of dust is a large mass of it rising slowly into the air. 缓缓升起的滚滚大团 (烟、灰尘) e.g. ...smoke stacks belching billows of almost solid black smoke. …喷吐着滚滚黑色浓烟的大烟囱 |
| **羽毛一般,缕缕**的烟; **羽毛一般,缕缕**的云 | plume: [pluːm] 1. A plume of smoke, dust, fire, or water is a large quantity of it that rises into the air in a column. 一缕 (烟雾、尘土等); 一股 (水柱); 一道 (火光) e.g. The rising plume of black smoke could be seen all over the city 那股升起的黑烟 eg He is almost suffocated/smothered/stifled by the plume of heavy poisonous smokes. eg The plumes of heavy smokes engulfed/devoured the whole airport station. [ mantle plume[地质]地幔柱; a plume of smokes 羽毛一般,缕缕的烟; a plume of fires; a plume of dusts, a plume of water, a plume of cloud ]  2. A plume is a large, soft bird's feather. 大而柔的羽毛 [ ostrich plumes 鸵鸟毛 ; borrowed plumes 借得的(羽毛)漂亮衣服来硬装门面；靠别人得来的声望; ] //devour: 狼吞虎咽 devour/snarf down the food; 2. Fires /Smokes/Flood devour/engulf 吞食；毁灭 the whole building |
| 螺旋形的黑烟 | **a spiral of black and heavy smokes.** eg The plane crashed and pitched into the ocean; then I see **a spiral of** black smokes **engulfing/devouring吞噬** the whole airport. eg The spiral of black smokes **engulfed/devoured** the whole building. |
| 学校的分班考试，排名考试 | the placement test ; e.g. Here we will have a **placement test**. Don't worrry about it. We just wanna know your English level and put you in the proper class |
| 明智的，头脑精明的(判断正确的) **V.S.** （公正公平的）司法的; 审判的 | judicious, judiciously 明智的，头脑精明的(判断正确的)[dʒu:'diʃəs] 　V.S. judicial [dʒuː'dɪʃ(ə)l]　（公正公平的）司法的; 审判的(unbiased, impartial court order in the justice system) 1. If you describe an action, a move, or a decision as judicious, you approve of it because you think that it shows good and right judgment with rational sense. 明智的，头脑精明的(判断正确的), judicious = sensible, rational and smart; [ a judicious major一个明智的市长, a judicious decision 明智的决定, a judicious action/move 明智的做法/举动, a judicious judgement 明智的判断, some judicious changing 明智的改变; be judicious about sth 对xxx有明智的判断 => ADV 明智地 judiciously ] e.g. Modern fertilizers should be used judiciously. 现代化肥应被明智地使用 e.g. With some judicious changing, you can have a project that combines the best of both plans and achieves greater results. 作为明智的改变，你可以在项目中结合使用这两种方法的精华，这样就可以获得更好的结果。 e.g.We must be judicious about when we will unveil our product rollout(产品首次展示) to the public, 因此，对于在什么情况下能向公众公布我们的产品首次展示，我们必须有明智的判断 |
| jurisdiction /ˌdʒʊərɪsˈdɪkʃən/ CET6+ TEM8 1. N-UNCOUNT Jurisdiction is the power that a court of law or an official has to carry out legal judgments or to enforce laws. 司法权; 管辖权, 司法管辖权,e.g. The British police have no jurisdiction over foreign bank accounts. 英国警方对外国银行的账户没有司法管辖权。 e.g. The FBI has closed an investigation into child abuse allegations against Brad Pitt involving one of his children, an FBI spokeswoman said. The accusation stemmed from an incident on a private plane, giving the FBI jurisdiction司法管辖权, 2. N-COUNT A jurisdiction is a state or other area in which a particular court and system of laws has authority. 管辖范围, 司法辖区 e.g. In the U.K., unlike in most other European jurisdictions, there is no right to strike. 英国与欧洲大部分其他司法辖区不同，没有权利去罢工 |
| judicial [dʒuː'dɪʃ(ə)l]（公正公平的）司法的; 审判的　Judicial means relating to the legal or justice system and to unbiased/fair/impartial/equitable公平公正的 judgments made in a court of law. [ 司法程序/审判程序: the judicial practice；司法体系: a judicial system; 司法复审: judicial review ] e.g. In HK, the Anti-Bibery Bureau is an independent judicial system …一个独立的司法体系。 e.g. ...efforts to manipulate the judicial process. …操纵审判程序/司法程序 的努力 //equiable = fair and reasonable |
| 精明的 | shrewd /ʃruːd/  **(shrewder,shrewdest)** ADJ A shrewd person is able to understand and judge a situation quickly and to use this understanding to their own advantage. 精明的 e.g. She's a shrewd and sophisticated businesswoman. 她是一个**精明的**+ 圆滑的商人 |
| 公平的，公正的; 没有偏见的 | **unbiased (unbiasedness);** **impartial (impartiality),** fair, **equitable,** judicial[dʒu:'diʃəl]. 司法(公正)的, **disinterested.** |
| equitable /ˈɛkwɪtəbəl/ equitable a) /ˈɛkwɪtəbəl/公平合理的 Something that is equitable is fair and reasonable in a way that gives equal treatment to everyone. 公平合理的 [ in an equitable manner. 以公平合理的方式; an equitable right 公平合理权利 ] e.g. Extra efforts are needed to ensure that all people can benefit from them in an equitable manner. 所有人都能够以公平合理平的方式从中受益 e.g. They have patiently petitioned the state to grant them more equitable rights 公平的权利 before the law. |
| impartial /ɪmˈpɑːʃəl/ (partial = biased; impartial = unbiased => impartiality ['im,pɑ:ʃi'æləti] = unbiasedness 公正, 公正性) 1. ADJ Someone who is impartial or unbiased is not directly involved in a particular situation or not likely to support one particular person or group involved in something, and is therefore able to give a fair and equitable opinion or decision about it. 公正的,没有偏心的,无偏见的 => N. 公正,公正性 impartiality ['im,pɑ:ʃi'æləti] = unbiasedness e.g. Career counsellors offer impartial/unbiased advice, guidance and information to all pupils. 提供无偏见的建议、指导和信息。 2.N-UNCOUNT 公正, 公正性 impartiality [ 缺乏公正性 lack impartiality ['im,pɑ:ʃi'æləti; lack unbiasedness/fairness ] e.g. a justice system that lacks impartiality/unbiasedness by democratic standards. 缺乏公正性的司法体系 |
| unbiased /ʌnˈbaɪəst/: impartial, fair, equitable => N) unbiasedness = impartiality ['im,pɑ:ʃi'æləti] 公正, 公正性 1. ADJ If you describe someone or something as unbiased, you mean they are fair and impartial and not likely to support one particular person or group involved in something. 没有偏心的, 无偏见的; 公正的 [unbiased estimate 公正（无偏）评价; unbiased statement 公正的陈述] e.g. There is no clear and unbiased information available for consumers. 没有清楚公正的信息提供给消费者 e.g. a justice system that lacks impartiality/unbiasedness by democratic standards. 缺乏公正性的司法体系 |
| disinterested /dɪsˈɪntrɪstɪd, -tərɪs-/ TEM8 不涉己利的, 公正的；廉洁的 => N) 公正廉洁; 公正无私 disinterestedness 1.ADJ Someone who is disinterested is not involved in a particular situation or not likely to benefit from it, therefore this person is able to act in a fair, impartial, unbiased, and unselfish way. 公正的；廉洁的, 不涉己利的 e.g. The current government is far from being a disinterested observer. 当前的国远非一个公正的观察者。 |
| 1.使(货币，资产）贬值；降低…的价值; 2. 贬低sb/sth's价值 | devalue /diːˈvæljuː/ 使贬值；降低…的价值 => n. devaluation 1. V-T To devalue something or devalue sb. means to cause it to be thought less impressive, less important, less valuable, or less deserving of respect. 贬低sb/sth's价值 e.g. They spread tales and scandals about her in an attempt to devalue her work. 企图贬低她的工作。 e.g. The political scandals about the South Korea president have caused international uproar and devalued her fame and reputation 贬低她的声誉. // caluse internatinal uproar: 在国际上掀起了轩然大波; ; cause national uproar 2. V-T To devalue the currency of a country means to reduce its value or make it less valuable in relation to other currencies. 使(货币，资产）贬值 e .g. India has devalued the rupee[ruː'pi]卢比 by about eleven percent. 印度已经使卢比贬值约11%。3. N-VAR 贬值 devaluation e.g.It will lead to devaluation of a number of currencies. 这将导致多种货币的贬值 e.g. Inflation is expected to quadruple (four times) to nearly 4% in less than a year, making everyday items much more expensive. The independent British think tank/brain trust forecasts that inflation will rise sharply and peak at 3.9% in the third quarter of 2017 as a result of a crash in the devaluation of the pound triggered by the U.K.'s decision to leave the European Union. |
| 低估(sb/sth的价值), 低估(sb的能力； (认为 sb不重要没多大的价值/能耐） | undervalue /ˌʌndəˈvæljuː/ 低估(sb/sth的价值) 1.V-T If you undervalue something or undervalue someone, you fail to recognize how valuable or important they are, or you don't realize what somebody is capable of doing. 低估(sb的能力； (认为 sb不重要没多大的价值/能耐）; 低估了什么事情／东西的重要　 e.g. We must in no way undervalue freedom. 我们决不可低估自由的价值 　 e.g. Don't undervalue the importance of this thing. 不要低估这样做的重要性 |
| **underestimate /ˌʌndərˈɛstɪˌmeɪt/ = undervalue 低估(某事) V.S. overestimate sb** 1.V-T If you underestimate something, you fail to realize how large, great, valuable, or important it is or will be. 低估 (某事) e.g None of us should ever underestimate/undervalue the degree of difficulty that women face in career advancement. 我们谁都不应低估妇女在职业发展中所面临的困难程度。 2. V-T If you underestimate someone/undervaulue sb, you do not realize or recognize how valuable or important they are, or you don't realize what they are capable of doing. 低估(sb的能力； (认为 sb不重要没多大的价值/能耐）e.g I think a lot of people still underestimate/undervalue him. 许多人仍然低估了他 e.g. Hours earlier, in the South Korean capital Seoul, Mr Trump described North Korea as "a hell that no person deserves". North Korea's nuclear weapons programme has **sparked international alarm and outrage**, with Pyongyang carrying out its biggest nuclear test yet in September.  In typically **stark** language, Mr Trump warned the North: "Do not **underestimate(低估) us.** Do not try us." But there were hints though he might be open to a deal, telling the North "we will offer you a path for a better future". **Singling out（挑出来／特别提到） Russia and China**, he urged "all responsible nations" to isolate the North, and fully implement UN sanctions, downgrade diplomatic ties and sever trade and technology ties. China is North Korea's largest trading partner and only major ally, but says it is committed to the UN sanctions and argues **its leverage has been overestimated　(他的杠杆能力被高估计).** |
| 肇事逃逸 | a hit and run accident; eg A Hong Kong bookseller and publisher, whose mysterious disappearance caused international uproar has suddenly reappeared on Chinese television, apparently confessing to 坦白供认 his involvement in a fatal hit and run accident in 2003 e.g. The political scandals //caluse internatinal uproar: 在国际上掀起了轩然大波; 在国际上反响很大 ; cauase national uproar |
| 在(国际上,国家范围内）掀起了轩然大波; 反响很大，一片哗然 | [ cause international uproar; cause global uproar ] eg A Hong Kong bookseller and publisher, whose mysterious disappearance caused international uproar has suddenly reappeared on Chinese television, apparently confessing to 坦白供认 his involvement in a 2003 fatal hit and run accident 肇事逃逸. e.g. The political scandals about the South Korea president have caused international uproar and devalued her fame and reputation 贬低她的声誉. |
| 非法的 | lawless, lawlessness /ˈlɔːlɪs/ = illegal ,wrongful V.S. legal =legitimate; legislation, legistlation 1. ADJ Lawless actions breach/break the law, especially in a wild and violent way. 非法的 [非法行为: lawless actions, lawless behaviror = illegal or wrongful behavior] e.g. These could in no way be an excuse for lawless behaviour. 这绝不能成为非法行为的借口。 2. N-UNCOUNT 违法 lawlessness e.g.Lawlessness is a serious problem. 违反法律是一个严重的问题。 3. ADJ A lawless place or lawless time is one where people do not respect the law. 无视法律的 (地方); 没有法纪的(地方)； 不受法律约束的 (时代) e.g...lawless inner-city streets plagued by muggings/robbing, thefts, assaults and even murder. …没有法纪的市中心街区，受抢劫、偷盗、袭击甚至凶杀的困扰 //a mug of sparkling coffee; she's a mugger/robber  wrongful, wrongfully/ˈrɒŋfʊl/  1. ADJ A wrongful act is one that is illegal, lawless, immoral, or unjust. 违法的; 不道德的; 2. wrongful= unjust, unjustified 不公正的 e.g. He is on hunger strike(绝食抗议) in protest at what he claims is his wrongful conviction(不公正的判决) for murder. => 不公正地 wrongfully e.g. The criminal justice system is in need of urgent reform to prevent more people being wrongfully imprisoned. 被不公正地监禁 |
| n.合法(性), 正统(性), 正确(性), 合理(性) | legal -> legitimate[ləˈdʒɪtəmɪt] => legitimacy [lɪ'dʒɪtɪməsɪ] legitimate rights = legal right 合法的权利 e.g A recent statement said: "No one disputes the Turkish government's legitimate/legal right to defend constitutional order after this abortive/foiled/failed coup but democracy, for which hundreds of civilians gave their lives, cannot be protected by trampling on fundamental freedoms. //legislation[ledʒɪs'leɪʃ(ə)n] 立法；法律; legislative['ledʒɪslətɪv] //illegal= lawless = wrongful //military coup[ku] |
| 1. 〔沙漠中的〕绿洲 2宁静宜人的地方 | oasis [əʊ'eɪsɪs,əʊ'eɪsəs] pl: oases  1. a place with water and trees in a desert 〔沙漠中的〕绿洲 **[ a mirage/mɪˈrɑːʒ/[mə'rɑʒ] of an oasis in the desert 一个沙漠绿洲的海市蜃楼]**  2. a peaceful or pleasant place that is very different from everything around it 宁静宜人的地方 **[ an oasis of calm/serenity[sɪ'renɪtɪ]/tranquillity etc ]** e.g. The park was **an oasis of peace**. 这座公园是 **个宁静宜人的去处**。 |
| N/V/adj 1.幻想, 2.错觉假象 adj. (错觉的；幻影的；迷惑人的) | V) illude [ɪ'l(j)uːd] 1. vt. 置…于幻觉中 2 to trick or deceive 欺骗; 蒙骗 |
| illude =>N) illusion; illusive /ɪˈluːʒən / 1. An illusion is a false idea or false belief. 假象, 错觉;  **[ 我有一种 错觉 I'm under the delusion/illusion that xxx ]** e.g. I was under the delusion/illusion that he intended to marry me. 我有一种 错觉，他要娶我。 2. An illusion is something that appears to exist or appear to be a particular thing but does not actually exist or is in reality something else. 假象/幻觉 eg His mind could no longer **discern/distinguish** between illusion/delusion and reality. 不再能分清幻觉和现实。 Eg They have the **illusion错觉/假象** that I am very wealthy; actually, I'm a poor. => idis+illusion=> disillusion sb. [,di**si'**lju:ʒən] 使sb错觉幻觉破灭; 使sb醒悟,不再抱幻想; 打破sb'白日梦 |
| 1. 海市蜃楼; 2. 幻觉幻境 | mirage /mɪˈrɑːʒ/ ; [mə'rɑʒ] 1.N (literal meaning) a mirage is something that you see when it is extremely hot, for example in the desert, and which **appears to** be quite near but is actually a long way away or does not really exist. 海市蜃楼; 幻境 **[ desert mirage 沙漠海市蜃楼]**  e.g. It hovered before his eyes like the mirage of an **oasis.** 它在他眼前晃动，好像海市蜃楼里的 **绿洲。** 2.N **(figurative meaning)** If you describe something as a mirage, you mean that it is not real or true, although it may seem to be. 幻想; 妄想 **mirage = illusion** e.g. The girl was a mirage/illusion, **envisioned想像** by his troubled mind. 那个女孩是他的幻觉 |
| vt.打破sb'白日梦 /打破sb's梦想; 使sb错觉/幻觉破灭; 使sb醒悟,不sb再抱幻想; **N. 幻灭，幻灭感** | illude, illusion + dis =>disillude [**,disi**'lju:d]=> disillustion N/v [**,disi'**lju:ʒən]=> disllusioned (adj)  **[ 打破sb'白日梦 /打破sb's梦想; 使sb错觉/幻觉破灭 (让你失望）: disillusion sb. = disillude sb. ] [ sth leave me feeling totally disilluisoned (about xxxx) 让我感到对xxxx的幻想破灭了]** If a person or thing disillusions or disilludes you, they make you realize that something is not as good as you thought, normally making you feel disappointed a little; and you normally discern/recognize the reality 打破sb's幻想, 打破sb'白日梦 e.g I'd hate to be the one who **disillusions him**. 我不愿做 **打破他梦想**的人。 e.g. I hate to **disillusion you**, but I don’t think she’s coming back. 我真不愿意打破你的幻想（让你失望），但我想她是不会回来了 2. N) disillusion 幻灭，幻灭感(失望感） = feel disillusioned and disappointed with and discouraged (泄气的) e.g. I'd have some disillusion有幻灭感 (失望感） for IBM ID's prospective outlook... |
| **V) 1. 自欺欺人**  2.哄骗sb.相信假的东西 N) 错觉; 妄想 | delude oneself [dɪ'l(j)uːd] /dɪˈluːd/ ] **V.S. disillude/disillusion sb. 使sb错觉/幻觉破灭; 打破sb'白日梦 /打破sb's梦想** 1. If you delude yourself, you convince/persuade yourself to believe that something is true, even though it is not actually. **自欺欺人, 欺骗自己 [ delude oneself]** e.g. Well, you know what. We jusst **delude ourselves欺骗自己** that the project is under control without risks... but actually, there're some potentially f**ormidable challenges艰巨的挑战 and daunting obstacles可怕的让人畏惧的,** in other words, there are huge risks ahead. e.g. I'm just **deluding myself** that I'm happy with my marriage. 我只是 自欺欺人 说我对自己的婚姻很满意。 2. To **delude sb. into thinking something** means to make them believe something that is not true actually. **哄骗sb.相信假的东西** e.g. Television **deludes you into thinking** that you have experienced reality, when you haven't. 电视诱使你相信你体验到了你实际上并没有体验过的真情实景 |
| V) delude, N) delusion /dɪˈluːʒən/ , Adj) delusive 1. A delusion is a false idea,a delusion = an illusion or mirage/mɪˈrɑːʒ/ ; [mə'rɑʒ] 错觉 **[ 我有一种 错觉 I'm under the delusion/illusion that xxx ]**  e.g. **I was under the delusion/illusion that** he intended to marry me. 我有一种 错觉，他要娶我。 2. Delusion is the state of believing things that are not true. 妄想 e.g. Insinuations about her mental state, about her capacity for delusion, were being made. 时有对她的精神状态的影射——说她有妄想症的影射 |
| (间接的)暗示/暗指xxx，转弯抹角/含沙射影的说到xxx | allude [ə'l(j)uːd], [ə'lʊd] => allusion, allusive **[ allude to sth ]:** mention sth by indirect reference, not in a straigtforward way but **in a detour绕路**; to mention something or someone indirectly (间接的)暗示/暗指xxx，转弯抹角/含沙射影的说到xxx e.g. Rick didn’t want to discuss his past, though he **alluded to** some bad things that happened darkly. 不过他曾伤感地 **(间接的)暗示/暗指** “发生过一些不幸的事情”。 e.g. He **alluded [ə'lʊd] to** the problem of salary increasing/hike but did not mention it directly when F2F with his manager. E.g. He **alluded [ə'lʊd] to** his hope of being a manager in future, with proper promotion. 他 **转弯抹角/含沙射影的** 说相当经理 |
| 踏板车; 小型摩托车 | scooter /ˈskuːtə/ motor scooter 小型摩托车；座式摩托车；机车 1. A scooter is a small light motorcycle which has a low seat. 小型摩托车 2. A scooter is a type of child's bicycle which has two wheels joined by a wooden board and a handle on a long pole attached to the front wheel. The child stands on the board with one foot, and uses the other foot to move forward. 踏板车, A child's vehicle consisting of a long footboard between two small end wheels, controlled by an upright steering handle attached to the front wheel. |
| 1.【航海】 船壳; 船体：船的框架或主体 2.水果或坚果的**干外皮** | hull V.S. fuselage. hull /hʌl/ 1) The dry outer covering of a fruit, seed, or nut; 水果、种子或坚果的干外皮: to peel the nut hull; 2)The frame or body of a ship, exclusive of masts, engines, or superstructure【航海】 船壳s：船的框架或主体 [ the vessel hull, the ship hull ] e.g. They continue the search-and-resue effort under the assumption there are more survivors, hoping the trapped passengers found air pockets 气囊. Images show parts of the vessel hull船体 visible above water and presumably not flooded. e.g. The vessel hull had suffered extensive damage to the starboard side. 船体右舷遭到大面积损坏 |
| (强调) 彻底的失败 | fiasco /fɪˈæskəʊ/ If you describe an event or attempt to do something as a fiasco, you are emphasizing that it fails completely. (强调) 彻底的失败 E.g. The fire-prone SamSung Note7 is such as complete fiasco, which devalues SamSung's brand and reputation. e.g.That war is a complete fiasco. //贬低 devalue sb's work; devale the currency V.S. 低估 underestimate/undervalue sb/sth |
| 暴怒/愤怒 | fury, furious; outrage: Full of or characterized by extreme anger; raging. 狂怒的, 极愤怒的；暴怒的 e.g Critics are furious with the Brazilian government for spending $11 billion on the World Cup instead of low-income housing, hospitals and schools, stipends/ˈstaɪpɛnd/[劳经] 薪俸, and pensions养老金, 退休金 . e.g. Australia has refused to apologize after an Olympic swimmer sparked/flared national outrage/fury暴怒 by accusing China's Sun Yang of being a "drug cheat." Speaking to the media after beating Sun by a mere .16 of a second to win the 400m freestyle自由泳 gold, Mack Horton described his win as one "for the good guys." Prior to the race, Horton said Sun, who served a three-month ban for testing positive for a banned doping in 2014, was a "drug cheat." , this rude words sparked/flared national outrage/fury among CHINA netizens. Horton's Facebook and Instagram posts were flooded/deluged with comments attacking him and demanding he apologize to Sun. "You are too complacent/big-headed/cocky”, especially the comments with the snake emoji. // [ 激起国际社会的愤怒 spark/flare internation/national outrage; spark/flare international/national fury ] [freestyle, breaststroke 蛙式, butterfly 蝶泳; backstroke:仰泳; medley 混合泳; freestyle relay 接力] [A complacent [kəm'pleɪs(ə)nt]/ big-headed/arrogant/ cocky or smug person is very pleased with themselves or feels that they do not need to do anything about a situation, even though/whereas the situation may be uncertain or dangerous. 盲目自满的; 盲目乐观的(表不满) = arrogant, cocky, big-headed, complacent=smug |
| 影响因素；起作用的因素 | contributing factors = influence factors e.g. The Air Quality Index measured the city's air quality at 999 at one point on Sunday, a level considered hazardous **(hazard/peril)** and more than three times the measured level of 300 in previous weeks. Photos showed dense clouds of smog engulfing吞噬 parts of the city and residents wearing masks to avoid breathing the polluted air. The Delhi’s major blamed Delhi's smog situation on smoke from the burning of crops by farmers, although several other contributing factors adds value to the pollution in the city. The major attributed the pollution to vehicle gas emissions, heavy use of fossil fuels, dust and burning of waste. //矿物燃料，[能源] 化石燃料 fossil fuel //把…归因于: attribute xxx to sth [ə'trɪbjuːt] |
| 授予xxxg称号/荣誉 | bestow[bɪ'stəʊ]; bestow sb. with some title/honor/award = bestow sth on/upon sb. 授予xxxg称号; bestow graciously 惠赐 To bestow something (e.g. title, badge, honor, award) on or upon someone means to give or present it to them. 授予 e.g. The United States bestowed honorary citizenship upon England's World War II hero Ji.. 美国授予了二战期间的英国首相荣誉公民的称号 e..g. He, a hero, has been given a senior military honor when he was bestowed with the title of "Brigadier[,brɪɡə'dɪr] (英国陆军或皇家海军)准将 Sir". |
| 把 xxx 先收起来(然后等用的时候再拿出来) | **stow** /stəʊ/ (stowing,stowed,stows) V-T If you stow something somewhere (e.g. **chest of drawers, wardrobe['wɔːdrəʊb]**], you carefully put it there until it is needed. 把 xxx 先收起来(然后等用的时候再拿出来 e.g. Luke stowed his camera bags into the boot. 卢克把他的相机袋收到旅行箱里 |
| 1借住; 租住,寄宿 (临时住宿); 2 **正式提出 (投诉、抗议、指控、要求)** | lodge[lɑdʒ]: If you lodge somewhere, such as in someone else's house or if you are lodged there, you live there, usually paying rent. 借住; 租住 e.g. I temporarily lodged in hostel 青年旅社. E.g. Duirng my business trip in SH, I'm lodging in my friend's home temporarily. => synonym: [dwel]dwell somwhere. |
| (slang) 正式提出 (投诉、抗议、指控、要求) If you lodge a complaint, lodge a protest, lodge an accusation against sb., or lodge a claim, lodge an appeal, you officially and formally bring it out [ lodge an appeal 正式提出上诉; lodge a claim(正式)提出索赔; lodge a complaint (正式) 提出投诉; lodge a suit 正式提出诉讼; lodge an accusation against sb. 对…提出(正式) 控告 ] e.g. Individuals and families from 14 different countries were among those traveling to Beijing on that day, but mostly the crew and passengers were from China and Malaysia. With no word of their loved ones in more than two years, relatives of the passengers have filed提交 lawsuits against Malaysian Airlines. In 2016, on the two-year anniversary of the plane's disappearance, a suit was officially lodged 正式提出 (上诉 )by 12 Chinese families against the company. |
| If an object **lodges** somewhere, it is stuck there. 卡住 e.g The **shrapnel ['sræpnəl] 弹片** lodged in the sergeant's leg, **shattering** his thigh bone. 弹片射入这个军士的腿部，**击碎**了他的大腿骨 e.g.我的胳膊卡在了门缝里　My arm **lodged** in the narrow gap of the door. //shatter the window |
| n. A lodge is a house or hotel in the country or in the mountains where people stay on holiday, especially when they want to hunt or fish. (乡野中的度假) 屋舍; 旅馆 inn |
| 居住; 细想 | 1. [dwɛl] dwelll somesplaces v) 居住: inhabit or live in somewheare => a dwelling/a dwelling place n) 住处 V.S. lodge 寄宿,租住 e.g. This kind of fish dwells near the bottom of the ocean. e.g. A dwelling or a dwelling place is a place where someone lives. 住所; 居住地 e.g. Some 3,500 new dwellings (dwelling places) are planned for the area. 大约三千五百套新住宅计划在这个地区新建 e.g. Lumkani devices are networked to each other using radio frequency, the same technology used in garage remotes. When a fire is detected, the alarm sounds in all homes within a 40 meter radius, using a different tone to signify to users when the blaze is in a separate dwelling住处. In settlements like Khayelitsha, where over 390,000 people are densely populated into a 14-square-mile space, a blaze can engulf吞食；毁灭 and scorch[skɔrtʃ]烧焦 whole blocks within minutes. //devour 1. devour the food = snarf down the food 2. Fire devours/engulfs the building吞食；毁灭 //a densely populated area = a populous area 人口稠密的 |
| If you dwell on something, especially something unpleasant or unhappy, you think, speak, or write about it a lot or for quite a long time. 细想; e.g. "I'd rather not dwell on the past, which is full of misery" he told me. “我宁愿不多细想过去 //deliberate sth: 仔细考虑，深思熟虑 |
| adj. 露天的；明挖的 n.露天开采，露天采矿 | open-cut: an **excavation/dig** made in the open rather than in a tunnel adj. 露天的；明挖的 n.露天开采，露天采矿 **[ open-cut tunnel 明洞 ; 露天坑道； open-cut method 明挖法； Open-cut ditch 明渠 ; 明沟; open-cut mining露天开采，露天采矿 ]** |
| V. 异种交配；混种; 品种间杂交 | interbreed, interbred, interbred /ˌɪntəˈbriːd/ V to breed within a single family or kin so as to produce particular characteristics in the offspring 种族内交配; 异种交配；混种; 品种间杂交 (n. hybrid) [ interbreed fertilization 异种受精; interbreed miscegenation 混种; interbreed crossing 品种间杂交] => hybrid |
| 劾该 (总统，高级官员） ; 控告 | impeach sb, impeachment; [劾该总统 impeach the Korea president ] If a court or a group in authority impeaches a president or other senior official, it charges them with committing a crime that makes them unfit for office. E.g. ...an opposition move to impeach the president. ...反对派弹劾该总统的一个议案 ; The impeachment of a senior official is the process of charging them with a crime that makes them unfit for office. 弹劾; 控告 e.g. There are ground reasons for the president's impeachment. |
| 很吃香的；广受欢迎的 | **widely prevalent and popular [ one of the most sought-after <plural noun> 最吃香最受欢迎的xxx之一; one of the most sought-after careers 最吃香的行业之一; one of the most sought-after actors/actresses 最吃香的演员之一 ] eg Data analyst is one of the most sought-after careers in morden career marketing. 最吃香的职业 eg In 19th century, F4 is one of the most sought-after stars in Asia. 最吃香受欢迎的明星 eg By the mid-1920s, she had become one of the most sought-after actresses in Broadway百老汇, positioning a fixture固定位置 in the Broadway's platform百老汇. e.g.d "Jack" Zenger is "one of the most sought-after speakers" in the world. He is also an acclaimed称赞的 best-selling author. All his books are chartbusters 畅销品. // fixture 固定位置; chartbuster畅销品** |
| 隔离实验室 | containment lab e.g. An employee at a Canadian government/state-run infectious disease lab may have been exposed to Ebola[i'bəulə]. The incident occurred Monday at a level 4 containment lab隔离实验室 at the National Centre for Foreign Animal Disease. The individual was working with pigs that had been infected with the deadly/fatal/lethal['liːθ(ə)l] virus for research purposes. In accordance with safety protocols/rules for protection against the highly contagious[kən'teɪdʒəs] virus, the employee was wearing a protective suit. However, a split in the seam of the protective suit was discovered during the standard decontamination净化,去污 process before leaving the lab. // Protocol is a system of rules about the correct way to act in formal situations //quarantine: n/v e.g. The person who is exposed to Ebola virus has been quarantined 实行隔离 in lab. //防护服; 生物安全4级防护服: protective suit V.S. blast suit 防爆服 |
| 规矩； 规则/准则 | 这是规矩: It's the protocol/rule。 Protocol is a system of rules about the correct way to act in formal situations e.g. An employee at a Canadian government/state-run infectious disease lab may have been exposed to Ebola[i'bəulə], health officials said Tuesday. The incident occurred Monday at a level 4 containment lab隔离实验室 at the National Centre for Foreign Animal Disease. The individual was working with pigs that had been infected with the deadly/fatal/lethal['liːθ(ə)l] virus for research purposes. In accordance with safety protocols/rules(安全规则/准则) for protection against the highly contagious[kən'teɪdʒəs] virus, the employee was wearing a protective suit and protective goggles. However, a split in the seam of the protective suit was discovered during the standard decontamination净化,去污 process before leaving the lab. //quarantine: n/v e.g. The person who is exposed to Ebola virus has been quarantined 实行隔离 in lab. //防护服; 生物安全4级防护服: protective suit V.S. blast suits 防爆服 |
| (房屋旁的) 露台；梯田；阳台; adj. （女服）叠层式的 | terrace /ˈtɛrəs/ roof terrace屋顶平台 ((房屋旁的) 露台); garden terrace花园露台，庭园露台 V.S. story or storey(楼层) The Olympic village consists of 31 17-storey towers.  1.N-COUNT A terrace is a flat area of stone or grass next to a building where people can sit. (房屋旁的) 露台; 草坪 E.G. Some guests recline in deck chairs on the sea-facing terrace. 有些客人斜躺在朝海露台的躺椅上。 2. N-COUNT Terraces are a series of flat areas built like steps on the side of a hill so that crops can be grown there. 梯田; ...massive terraces of corn and millet carved into the mountainside like giant steps. …山坡上开垦出来种玉米和小米的巨型台阶般的大块大块梯田。 |
| 防护服; (生物安全) 防护服 | protective suit V.S. blast suit 防爆服 e.g. An employee at a Canadian government/state-run infectious disease lab may have been exposed to Ebola[i'bəulə]. The incident occurred Monday at a level 4 containment lab隔离实验室. The individual was working with pigs that had been infected with the deadly/fatal/lethal['liːθ(ə)l] virus for research purposes. In accordance with safety protocols/rules(安全规则/准则) for protection against the highly contagious[kən'teɪdʒəs] virus, the employee was wearing a protective suit and protective goggles. However, a split in the seam of the protective suit was discovered during the standard decontamination净化,去污 process before leaving the lab. This employee has been quarantined for the sake of others' security. //quarantine: n/v e.g. The person who is exposed to Ebola virus has been quarantined 实行隔离 in lab. //Protocol is a system of rules about the correct way to act in formal situations //为…的利益起见: for the sake of = in the interest of |
| 防爆服 | the blast suit 防爆服 V.S. protectiv suit (生物安全) 防护服 eg Police were cordoning off the scene because a bomb in the area remains active and needs to be defused去掉雷管. The bomb squad members in blast suits 防爆服 responded to the area, and an officer announced over a loudspeaker, "The situation is still not safe. Please all stay back." The bomb that detonated just after 7 p.m. was fastened to a utility pole in front of the shrine[ʃraɪn] . 圣地；神殿, and the bomb squad was working to defuse a second bomb about 50 minutes after the first blast. //引爆 detonate the bomb v.s. 去掉雷管 defuse the bomb // bomb squad 防爆小组/拆弹部队; squad [skwɔd] [军]班；小队；五人组（篮球队的非正式说法） n. [军]班；小队 |
| 净化 xxx, 使xxx无细菌, 消毒 | contaminate ==> decontaminate, decontamination; decontaminate /ˌdiːkənˈtæmɪˌneɪt/ (decontaminating,decontaminated,decontaminates) 1.V-T To decontaminate sb. or sth means to remove all germs, bacteria, dusts, or dangerous substances from it. 净化 xxx, 使xxx无细菌, 消毒 e.g. ...procedures for decontaminating pilots who is hit by chemical weapons. ... 被化学武器击中的飞行仪需要被洗消/消毒/净化 e.g. Air purifier is a machine for decontaminating the air, especially the indoor air. The air purifier can remove germs, bacteria, dusts, or dangerouis particles from air, in order to increase the air quality. 2.N-UNCOUNT decontamination e.g. . the land will require public money for decontamination. 土地净化需用公款 e.g. An employee at a Canadian government/state-run infectious disease lab may have been exposed to Ebola[i'bəulə]. The incident occurred Monday at a level 4 containment lab隔离实验室 . The individual was working with pigs that had been infected with the deadly/fatal/lethal['liːθ(ə)l] virus for research purposes. In accordance with safety protocols/rules(安全规则/准则) for protection against the highly contagious[kən'teɪdʒəs] virus, the employee was wearing a protective suit, including protecting goggles. However, a split in the seam of the protective suit was discovered during the standard decontamination净化,去污 process before leaving the lab. This employee has been quarantined for the sake of others' security. // quarantine: n/v 实行隔离 //Protocol is a system of rules about the correct way to act in formal situations //为…的利益起见: for the sake of = in the interest of |
| 为了xxx; 为了…的利益起见; 为了xxx 起见 | For the sake of xxx = in the interest of [为了透明性起见/为了透明起见 in the interest of transparency = for the sake of transparency. 为了保持公平型/ 为了公平起见 in the interest of equity = for the sake of equity; 为了安全起见 for the sake of security= in the interest of security ]   e.g. North Korea may send agents after a top diplomat who defected to South Korea recently, a defection expert told CNN. It's reported that this situation could lead to threats of retaliation from North Korea. South Korean spokesmans aid the diplomat left for the sake of his family (为了他的家庭起见）and because he was tired/weary of Kim Jong Un's regime. e.g. In the interest of transparency, I should disclose that I thought about slipping my Amazon affiliate code into those links, but decided not to. 为了保持透明性，我应该坦白我曾考虑把我的亚马逊加盟代码放到那些链接里，但我没有那么做 e.g. The infected employee has begun 21 days of "self-isolation" (aka, quarantine 检疫；隔离) and to be monitored by local health officials. "At this point, there is no risk to other employees of the containment lab 隔离实验室". The agency said the information was shared in the interest of transparency为了透明起见. |
| （局势的）风吹草动，未来（未知）的情况 | the tea leaves => read the tea leaves 读懂（局势的）风吹草动 ; 对未来的情况进行预测; read the political tea leaves 读懂政治局势的风吹草动, 对未来的政治局势进行预测 e.g. IBM executives must know how to read the tea leaves in Cloud market, and then make quick adjustment to closely fit into the market requirement. e.g. Brexit showed that investors don't always read the political tea leaves correctly. A lot of assumptions were made going into Brexit -- and they all turned out to be wrong," |
| (尤指对幸福时光的) 怀**旧** ,对**过去的**怀念； (怀旧的；乡愁的) | nostalgia [nɔ'stældʒiə, nə-] N-UNCOUNT Nostalgia is an affectionate feeling you have for the past, especially for a particularly happy time. (尤指对幸福时光的) 怀旧 (怀旧的；乡愁的) nostalgic /nɒˈstældʒɪk/ , 怀旧地 nostalgically 1. ADJ Nostalgic things cause you to think affectionately about the past. 引起怀旧的(东西，物品), 引人怀旧的(东西，物品) e.g. Although we still depict nostalgic snow scenes on Christmas cards, winters are now very much warmer. 虽然我们还在圣诞卡上描绘引人怀旧的雪景，但现在冬天温暖多了。 2. ADJ If you feel nostalgic for sth, you think affectionately about experiences you had in the past. 怀旧的 e.g. 很多人都怀念过去的好时光 Many people were nostalgic for the good bygone days. // [ 很久以前的日子, 过去的日子 bygone days; 很久以前的年代, 过去的年代 bygone age] e.g. People look back nostalgically on the war period, simply because everyone pulled together. 人们怀旧地回忆战争时期，就因为当时大家齐心协力 e.g He might be influenced by nostalgia for the surroundings of his happy youth. 他也许被他对快乐青年时代的环境的怀旧影响了 |
| The condition of being homesick; homesickness. 想家的状况；想家; |
| 折叶 | hinge: hinge /hɪndʒ/ A hinge is a flexible joint, that is a piece of metal, wood, or plastic that is used to join a door to its frame or to join two things together so that one of them can swing freely. e.g. The patent highlights how screens featuring a flexible OLED display could bend to face each other or fit back-to-back. Additional hinges could accommodate different ways of folding the phone, too. For example, it could bend in thirds instead. It's unlikely that we'll see a foldable iPhone anytime soon, but flexible screens are in the realm of possibility -- and this isn't the first time Apple has shown interest in them. //hinge V.S. fringe: A fringe is a decoration attached to clothes, or other objects such as curtains, consisting of a row of hanging strips or threads. 流苏; 2. To be on the fringe or the fringes of a place means to be on the outside edge of it, or to be in one of the parts that are farthest from its centre.外边的 边缘 [ window ledge 窗边］ |
| a **hinge** is a circumstance upon which subsequent events depend |
| suffocate | suffocate sb = stifle sb= smother sb: to kill or destroy by preventing access of air or oxygen. 窒息而死，把…闷死; To impair the respiration of 使呼吸困难；使窒息 [be suffocated by excitement 兴奋得透不过气来] eg I'm almost suffocated/smothered by the heavy plumes of smokes. e..g Already [nə(ʊ)'tɔːrɪəs] notorious/disreputable because of its toxic air, pollution in Delhi has skyrocketed(hike) over the past week, going through the roof. Measurements of harmful particles put the city's Air Quality Index at 999 on Monday, which finishes at **the "hazardous" level** **(hazard/peril** ) of 500. The suffocating/smothering/choking smog has reduced visibility in the city to just a few meters, and the Delhi government has launched draconian (extremely severe) emergency measures. The dire situation has taken anti-pollution devices (e.g. masks, air purifier) from niche to mainstream, with a report by research firm TechSci predicting that the air purifier market in India will go from 40,000 units to 100,000 units over the next year and generate over $200 million in revenue by 2021. |
| suffocate sth = stifle sth: to repress or suppress the development, imagination, or creativity of; 扼制，压制 (发展，想像力,创新力） [ 感觉被抑制，窒息 (slang) feel suffocated/stifled/smothered; 扼制压制sb's 职业发展 suffocate sb's career development; 扼制压制sb's的想像力suffocate sb's imagination; 扼制压制sb's创造力 suffocate sb's creativity ] eg The rigid principles and obsolete stereotypes成见 in this working place suffocated/stifled me" 这个地方呆板的礼节和过时的思想压制着她 Eg I feel suffocated/stifled when dealing with the red tapes of Communist. Eg Frankly/bluntly speaking, I don't like SH, a kind of concrete jungle, making me feel suffocated/smothered/stifled 窒息. //red tape: 繁文缛节：官方的形式 |
| stifle['staɪfl ] | stifle['staɪfl ] = suffocate = repress or suppress sth 抑制；压制 [ stifle creativity 压制了创造力; stifle my anger 抑制我的气愤; stifle/suppress/crack down a rebellion 镇压叛乱 ]  e.g. Regulations on children stifled creativity. 压制了创造力  e.g. The U.N. Security Council has been trying for more than a decade to **stifle** North Korea's nuclear weapons program by imposing harsh economic sanctions (强加经济制裁）.  e.g. State bureaucracies (red tape) 官僚体制会 can tend to stifle['staɪfl ] employees’ ambition, motivation积极性, and initiative 压抑 人的进取心和积极性。 |
| Stifle['staɪfl ]窒息：感到透不过气来或窒息，象被关在一间不通风的房里一样: To feel smothered or suffocated as if by close confinement in a **stuffy( 闷热的不通风的)** room; To die of suffocation. 窒息而死  eg The smoke stifled/suffocated/smothered the fireman.浓烟使消防队员窒息 = The fireman are suffocated/choked/stifiled/smothered by the heavey smokes |
| smother | smother sb = suffocate= stifle 使窒息：闷死（某人） eg The killer smothered/suffocated/stifled the victim with a pillow. 杀人犯用枕头闷死了受害者。  V.S.  To [ throttle someone勒住脖子勒死sb.; 使窒息而死 ] means to kill or injure them by **squeezing their throat or tightening something around it** and preventing them from breathing, just making sb. totally **suffocated/choked/smothered** to death. e.g.  The attacker then tried to throttle her with wire. 那名袭击者然后试图用电线勒死她 |
| To deprive (a fire) of the oxygen necessary for combustion.（给火焰）去掉必需的氧气，使其不能燃烧, 闷熄： eg They tried to **smother/extinguish the flames** with a damp blanket. 他们试图用一条湿毯子去灭火。 |
| smother sth= suffocate/stifle sth = To repress or suppress, or hide: 隐藏，压迫或躲藏：eg Management smothered/hid the true facts of the case. 管理层隐瞒了这件事的真相。 We smothered/suffocated/stifled our indignation and pressed onward. 我们暂时压下怒气，继续前进; [smother up a scandal 掩盖丑闻 eg We tried to smother our laughter.我们强忍住笑。] |
| To cover (a foodstuff) thickly with another foodstuff: 将（一种食物）厚厚地盖在另一食物上：**smother chicken in sauces. 用佐料厚厚地涂在鸡肉上** |
| To **lavish** a surfeit of a given emotion on (someone): **smother sb = spoil sb = indulge sb 娇惯溺爱** eg The grandparents smothered the child with extreme affection. 祖父母们溺爱这孩子 |
| choke | To interfere with the **respiration** of by compression or obstruction of the larynx or trachea. 窒息：通过掐住或堵住喉咙或气管而阻碍呼吸 **[respire, respiration, respiratory system 呼吸]** |
| 1. 偷猎(animals); 2. 挖墙角， (通过不正当的手段或秘密) 挖走 (其他组织公司的成员或销售的顾客), 挖人 3.窃取 (别人的想法) 4. 小火煮 | poach /pəʊtʃ/ 偷猎者 poacher; N-UNCOUNT 挖人, 挖墙角(行径) poaching T/V-I If someone poaches fish, animals, ivory, or birds, they illegally catch them in order to make fortunes 偷猎 。 1. If someone poaches fish, animals, or birds, they illegally catch them on someone else's property. 偷猎; 偷猎者 poacher e.g. Many hunters illegally poached the polar bear. e.g. Security cameras have been installed to guard against poachers. 安装了安防摄像机来防范偷猎者 2. (通过不正当的手段或秘密) 挖走 (其他公司的成员或顾客); 挖人, 挖墙角(行径) If an organization (e.g. company, head hunter) poaches members or customers from another organization, they secretly or dishonestly persuade them to join them or become their customers e.g. Companies sometimes poach employees from one another. 公司有时会相互挖走对方的雇员。 3. 窃取 (别人的想法) If someone poaches an idea, they dishonestly or illegally use the idea. e.g. They've poached all our best ideas.他们窃取了我们所有最好的想法 = steal sb’s thunder 窃取别人的发明创造(或想法等)；擅自用别人的主要论据；先声夺人；抢先做(或讲)别人想做(或讲)的事 4. If you poach food such as fish, you cook it gently in boiling water, milk, or other liquid. 小火煮 e.g. Poach the chicken until just cooked. 把鸡用小火煮到刚刚熟 a pear poached in red wine.…用红酒煮过的梨; e.g.You will need a pot of broth for poaching. 你需要用一锅肉汤来煮食物 //chicken broth 鸡汤（肉汤); //（美）海鲜杂烩浓汤 chowder ['tʃaudə] clam chowder 5. (Rugby, football) a poacher侵入者 |
| 1.（在生活中）找到xxx 的定位; **2. (特殊产品的）缝隙市场 (一般有商机）;（为产品）寻找商机** | [niːʃ; nɪtʃ] **niche** is a situation or an activity specially suited to a person's interests, abilities, or nature: 合适(自己）的环境，合适(自己）的活动; **[ adapt to niches]**  **e.g. I find my niches in life 我在生活中找到了自己的定位 （合适(自己的）的舒服的环境）**; e.g. She finds her **niches** in life; |
| [ a niche market: customer's demands for a very specialized product or commodity (对特殊产品的需要所存在的）小众市场 (一般有商机的市场）; find a niche or niche market for the product （为产品）寻找商机 ] e.g. While the number of craftsmen/artisans based in Fukuoka has declined, a small band of enduring and highly skilled artisans keeps this niche market小众市场 alive. eg We continue to make major new investments and aggressively pursue emerging client and market opportunities, to find a niche/niche market for our prodects （为我们的产品）寻找商机. e.g. Already [nə(ʊ)'tɔːrɪəs] notorious/disreputable because of its toxic air, pollution in Delhi has skyrocketed(hike) over the past week, going through the roof. Measurements of harmful particles in Delhi put the city's Air Quality Index at 999 on Monday, which finishes at the "hazardous" level of 500. The suffocating/stifling/smothering/choking 令人窒息的 smog has reduced visibility in the city to just a few meters, and the Delhi government has launched draconian (extremely severe) emergency measures. The dire situation has taken anti-pollution devices (e.g. masks, air purifier) from niche to mainstream, with a report by research firm TechSci predicting that the air purifier market in India will go from 40,000 units to 100,000 units over the next year and generate over $200 million in revenue by 2021.   //emerging market: 新兴市场; emerging client: 新兴客户; flea market // draconian measures/laws = harsh and severe //craftsman = artisan:工匠；手艺人；技工 people who make things skillyfully by their hands |
| 1. 一个无计划扩张的(城市); 2. 摊开四肢躺在(床上, sofa) | sprawl /sprɔːl/ [ a sprawling city: 一个无计划，胡乱扩张的城市; urban sprawl 城市扩张；都市向郊区扩张的现象; spraw[l out] on the bed. = spraw[l o]n the bed 摊开四肢躺在床上; spraw[l o]ut on the couch = spraw[l o]n the couch ] e.g. Firecrackers and fireworks are just one contributing factor to pollution in Delhi, which lacks an effective public transportation system. The sprawling city 一个无计划,胡乱扩张的城市 has 9 million vehicles, and new license plate numbers 车牌号are being registered at a rate of 1,400 per day. Cooking fuel, construction dust and coal-fired power plants add poisonous particles and toxic gasses to the mix. The Friday's ruling is not the first time the court has enforced action on pollution. In 2015, the court levied a new tax on征兵，征税 commercial trucks entering the city -- a draconian(harsh and severe) measure that environmentalists viewed as a positive.  1. V-I If you sprawl somewhere (e.g. bed or couch), you sit or lie down with your limbs, legs and arms, spread out in a careless way. 伸开四肢坐着; 摊开四肢躺着; (limbs) 不规则地伸展的 e.g. She sprawled (out) on the bed as he had left her, not even moving to cover herself up. 她摊开四肢躺在床上，甚至懒得动动把自己盖上。 2. spraw[l o]ut means the same as . 伸开四肢坐着; 摊开四肢躺着 e.g. He would take two aspirin['æspərin] and spraw[l o]ut on his bed. 他会吃两片阿斯匹林，然后摊开四肢躺在床上。 3. V-I If you say that a place (e.g. a city, a country) sprawls, you mean that it covers a large area of land. 延伸 e..g The State Recreation Area sprawls over 900 acres on the southern tip of Key Biscayne island. 4. N-UNCOUNT You can use sprawl to refer to an area where a city has grown outward in an uncontrolled way, without a careful plan. (城市的) 无计划, 胡乱扩张区域 e.g. The whole urban sprawl of Ankara contains over 2.6 million people. 整个安卡拉城区总共容纳了260万以上的人口 e.g Delhi's 20 million people may have to celebrate Diwali (a Hindu ceremony) next year without fireworks or firecrackers. India's Supreme Court has outlawed the sale of firecrackers in the sprawling city, one of the world's most polluted. . Millions of firecrackers are set off/exploded in Delhi each year to celebrate Hindu festivals, which commemorates the victory of ligh[t o]ver darkness. //(光明总会战胜黑暗, 正义总会战胜邪恶): light over darkness //sth is outlawed by Court or judicial org = be made illegal e.g. In some states, gambling was outlawed. 在一些州赌博被宣布为非法。 |
| (鱼、蛙等的)卵 | spawn /spɔːn/  1. N-UNCOUNT Spawn is a soft, jelly-like substance containing the eggs of fish, or of animals such as frogs. (鱼、蛙等的)卵 frog spawn. 蛙卵 2. V-I When fish or animals such as frogs spawn, they lay their eggs. (鱼、蛙等)产卵 e..g ..fish species like salmon and trout鳟鱼 which go upstream, spawn and then die. 鱼类会洄游、产卵，然后死亡。 3. V-T If something spawns something else, it causes it to happen or to be created. 引发出了一个xxx e.g. Tyndall's inspired work spawned a whole new branch of science. 廷德尔有创见的工作发展出了一个新的科学分支。 |
| 光明总会战胜黑暗, 正义总会战胜邪恶 | [ light over darkness ]  1. V-T When something is outlawed, it is made illegal. 宣布…为非法 e.g. Delhi's 20 million people may have to celebrate Diwali (a Hindu ceremony) next year without fireworks or firecrackers. India's Supreme Court has outlawed the sale of firecrackers in the sprawling city, one of the world's most polluted.. Millions of firecrackers are set off/exploded in Delhi each year to celebrate Hindu festivals, which commemorates the victory of light over darkness //a sprawling city has grown outward in an uncontrolled way, without a careful plan. //if court or a judicial org outlawed sth or sth is outlawed, it's made illegl |
| 宣布…为非法 | outlaw /ˈaʊtˌlɔː/ (outlawing,outlawed,outlaws) 1. V-T When something is outlawed by Court or an judicial organizaiton outlaws something, it is made illegal. 宣布…为非法 e.g. Delhi's 20 million people may have to celebrate Diwali (a Hindu ceremony) next year without fireworks or firecrackers. India's Supreme Court has outlawed the sale of firecrackers 宣布销售烟火是非法的 in the sprawling city, one of the world's most polluted. .. Millions of firecrackers are set off/exploded in Delhi each year to celebrate Hindu festivals, which commemorates the victory of light over darkness e.g. In some states, gambling was outlawed. 在一些州赌博被宣布为非法。 //sprawling city: 一个无计划扩张的城市 a city has grown outward in an uncontrolled way, without a careful plan. (城市的) 无计划扩张区域 //光明总会战胜黑暗, 正义总会战胜邪恶: light over darkness 2. N-COUNT An outlaw is a criminal who is hiding from the authorities, an outlaw = a fugitive criminal 逃犯 e.g. Jesse was an outlaw, a bandit, a criminal. 杰西曾是个逃犯、土匪、罪犯 |
| 劝阻/说服sb.不要xxx | dissuade /dɪˈsweɪd/; dissuasion, dissuasive [不听劝阻: without listening to the disssuasion; Dissuasion Force 劝阻部队； Dissuasion Tone 劝阻(蜂)音] If you dissuade someone from doing or believing something, you persuade them not to do or believe it. e.g. Doctors had tried to dissuade patients from smoking. 说服病人不要抽烟。 e.g. Other EU states won't accept that. They believe Britain must pay a price for leaving to dissuade others. e.g. Violating the provisions条款 on traffic control to pass by force, without listening to the dissuasion 违反交通管制的规定强行通行，不听劝阻的 => N: dissuasion: [di'sweiʒən] a communication that dissuades you |
| （产品） 顷售一空 , 一扫而光 | fly off the shelves e.g.When Bobbi Brown rolled out her eponymous[ɪ'pɒnɪməs] lipstick in market, she never expected all 10 pinky-brown eye shades to fly off the shelves in just one day 口红在一天之内顷售一空 . e.g. The low-cost masks that he sells for $1 to $3 are also flying off the shelves in just two days. e.g. Meanwhile, Apple's assorted iPods continue to fly off the shelves一扫而光, with more than 100 million units sold around the world. //齐名的 eponymous /ɪˈpɒnɪməs/ An eponymous hero or heroine is the character in a play or book whose name is the title of that play or book. (戏剧、书中男女主角)与作品同名的,齐名的 V.S. anonymous /əˈnɒnɪməs/, anonymity [ænə'nɪmɪtɪ] |
| （产品，食品）新品上架 | (a new product or service) hit the shelves V.S (a new movie) hit the big screen : to imply that a product (e.g. books, food, commodities) will recently come into a store; launch or roll out a product  e.g. Many black women are praising Mattel for its efforts – Black Barbie hit the shelves in 1980 with white features shared by many of the dolls following her. —具有白人特征的黑皮肤芭比在1980 年出现在货架上  e.g. The team has patented the idea. But there's no word yet on when it might hit the shelves. //电影即将上映 (movie) hit the big screen: e.g. The cartoon movie, GongFu Panda, a Hollewood blockuster, will hit the big screen next Mon. //rol[l o]ut : If a company rolls out a new product or service, or if the product or service rolls out, it is made available to the public. (公司）推出 (新产品或服务) //好莱坞大片: a Hollywood blockbuster |
| (公司）推出 (新产品或服务) | rol[l o]ut: If a company roll[s o]ut a new product or service, or if the new product or service rolls out, it is made available to the public for the first time. (公司）推出 (新产品或服务)  e.g. On Thursday Microsoft rolls out its new operating system. 在星期四微软推出了它的新操作系统。 e.g. On the Xmas eve, Starbucks rolls out its new type of coffee, which has been proved to be one of the most sought-after吃香的 flavors // new product) hit the shelves: to imply that a product (e.g. books) will recently come into a store; launch or roll out a product //sought-after: 吃香的，受欢迎 |
| 1. 向sb.行军礼 (表示尊敬 ) 2. 向sb.打招呼 3。对sb以及某人的成就表示敬意 4. 鸣礼炮二十一响 行礼致敬 | salute /səˈluːt/  1 向sb.行军礼 (表示尊敬) [ 向sb.行军礼 salute somebody; 行注目礼 salute with eyes; 行持枪礼 salute with rifles ; 行举手礼salute with the hand ] If you salute a person, you greet them or show your respect/reverence['rev(ə)r(ə)ns] with a formal sign. Soldiers usually salute officers by raising their right hand so that their fingers touch their forehead or hat e.g. One of the company stepped out and saluted the General. 队中的一人站出来，向那位将军行军礼。 eg As the Brazilian team lined up整队 for the national anthem['ænθəm], all Brazail spectators who were draped in yellow roses stand up and saluted with eyes 行注目礼t for their entire homeland. 2. [ salute sb. for their achievements ] means to publicly show or state your reverence and admiration [ædmə'reɪʃ(ə)n] for them. 对sb以及某人的成就表示敬意 e.g. I salute the governor for the charistmatic leadership role that he is taking. 我对州长的领导风范表示敬意 //[rɪ'vɪə] revere sb. =respect sb.; reverence['rev(ə)r(ə)ns] |
| **向sb.打招呼**  => N-COUNT Salute is also a noun. 招呼 e.g.He gave his salute and left. 他打了招呼然后离开了. // 观众(指比赛或表演) spectator |
| 4. salute is a formal military display of honor, respect, or greeting, such as the firing of cannon ['kænən]大炮 or fireworks. [ fire a 21-gun salute 鸣礼炮二十一响, 行礼致敬 ; The Royal Gun Salute 皇家礼炮; Eleven-gun salute十一响礼炮 ]  e.g. On Monday two simultaneous 21-gun salutes will be fired in Cuba to pay tribute to Castro, who ruled Cuba for nearly five decades, according to Cuba's state--run news agency. On Wednesday Castro's ashes (after cremation) will begin a ceremonial /ˌsɛrɪˈməʊnɪəl/ journey and finally reach the Cuba cemetery. Castro took to seize power from the dictator/autocrat Fulgencio in 1959. On Sunday, Castro's ashes will be interred/buried in the same cemetery where Marti is buried. At 9 a.m. that day, another 21-gun salute will be fired simultaneously in Havana and Santiago de Cuba. e.g. After the inauguration ceremony in front of the white house, Obama will get a 21-gun salute that is fired following the national anthem. All people applauded with a standing ovation, showing theire reverence to the new president. // pay tribute to sb, esp. dead //起立鼓掌；起立致敬 a standing ovation // a dictator = an autocrat /an authoritarian, is a person in authority who has complete power, specially power which was obtained by force and is used unfairly or cruelly 独裁统治者 or a person who behaves in a tyrannical manner; => authoritarian system(独裁体制) //cremate sb.火化; cremation //cemetery 英 ['semɪtrɪ] 美 ['sɛmə'tɛri] 墓地公墓 //埋；葬 inter = bury |
| 1. (枪炮的)齐射; (尤指)礼炮齐鸣 (gun salute) 2. | salvo 1 ['sælvəu]  1.N A salvo is the firing of several guns or missiles at the same time in a battle or ceremony (in ceremony, like “gun salute” to show respect to sb.). (枪炮的)齐射; (尤指)礼炮齐鸣 (gun salute) e.g. They were to fire a salvo of blanks, after the national anthem. 齐射一阵空包弹。 2.N A salvo of ( angry words, applause) is a lot of them spoken or written at about the same time. 猛烈抨击; (抨击, 掌声、欢呼声等的)突然爆发：如炸弹齐投或武器齐射一样的东西， e.g. His testimony [法] 证词，证言, however, was only one in a salvo of new attacks. 一轮猛烈抨击的 e.g. The ongoing war of words between the United States and North Korea saw several new fiery/ˈfaɪərɪ/ salvos(猛烈抨击) Saturday, a day on which the US military, in a show of force, flew bombers in international airspace over waters east of North Korea. |
| （军队）敬礼 V.S. 礼毕 | Present… arms = Salute V.S. Order …arm 礼毕 |
| 对sb 宽宏大量 ; 对sb 宽大 | lenient ['li:njənt]; leniently 宽大地 ; 不严厉的 When someone in authority is lenient, they are not as strict or severe as expected. 宽大的 [ 对sb 宽宏大量 be lenient with sb] e.g. He believes that the government already is lenient with drug traffickers. 他认为政府对贩毒贩子已经很宽大了 e.g Many people believe **reckless drivers** are treated too leniently. 很多人认为对 **鲁莽的(粗心大意，不记后果的)司机** 处理得太宽大了 //毒品贩子drug trafficker; 人口贩子human trafficker; 儿童贩子 children trafficker |
| lenient = **not strict = lenient 不严厉的**  e.g.The law/rule is not strict, but lenient; She's not a strict teacher, but lenient. |
| 敬畏；尊敬；崇敬 | revere sb = respect sb and esteem = salute sb (for sb's achievement) ; reverence ['rɛvərəns]; irreverence不尊重 = disrespect [ show respect to sb. = show reverence to sb = take my hat off to sb.= salute sb for their achievement ] e.g. [ salute sb. for their achievements ] means to publicly show or state your reverence and admiration [ædmə'reɪʃ(ə)n] for them. 对sb以及某人的成就表示敬意 e.g. I salute the governor for his charistmatic leadership role that he is taking. 我对州长的领导风范表示敬意 //self-esteem |
| (slang) 向某人(esp. who has been dead) 致敬 | **[ a nod to sb(dead) ]:** show respect and reverence ['rev(ə)r(ə)ns] to sb**, especiallhy who has been dead.**  //revere:revere respect eg In the past, royal BB's christenings were magnificent affairs, but the Duke and Duchess of Cambridge prefer more intimacy私人. In a break from tradition, they didn't choose members of the royal family as godparents教父. Instead they asked three of their intimate/bosom friends and a cousin from both sides. William chose Laura, a cousin from his late mother's branch of the family. This was one of several nods to Princess Diana, whose memory he tries to include in family occasions. This was also the church where Diana was christened. |
| （脱下帽子） 让我们向…表示敬意(或钦佩等) | **[hats off to sb. ]**  e.g. I have worked with a lot of ID teams over my 33 years in IBM. You all are one of the best I've seen. You do excellent work. **Hats off to you!** |
| 受人尊敬的(教授，老师，长辈） | esteemed [ɪˈstimd ] **an esteemed professor; an esteemed teacher; //有名望的(教授,大学） a prestigious professor; a prestigious university** |
| n. 体面；可尊敬；有社会地位 | respectability [ri,spektə'biləti] honorableness by virtue of being respectable and having a good reputation |
| N 独裁,暴政, 专制 Adj. 独裁地专政的；专横的; | dictator /dɪkˈteɪtə/ [ a dictator = an autocrat = an authoritarian 一个独裁者 ; overthrow/topple down that dictator/autocrat/authoritarian 推翻那个独裁者] A dictator is a ruler who has complete power in a country, especially power which was obtained by force and is used unfairly or cruelly. 独裁者 => dictatorial /ˌdɪktəˈtɔːrɪəl/; dictatorially [,dɪktə'tɔrɪəli] 独裁的，专政的；专横傲慢的 eg. In ancient China, Qing emperor in Qin Dynasty is one of the most notorious/disreputable dictators/autocrats/authoritrians.一个最臭名昭著的独裁者 |
| dictatorial /ˌdɪktəˈtɔːrɪəl/; dictatorially [,dɪktə'tɔrɪəli] [ autocratically ad dictatorially 独裁地; autocratic/authoritarian/dictatorial leadership 独裁式领导 ; 专制型领导 ; 武断的领导; autocratic/authoritarian/dictatorial monarchy 帝制 ;专制君主制 ; autocratic/authoritarian/dictatorial model 独裁模型 ; 专制模式] ADJ If you describe someone's behaviour as dictatorial, you do not like the fact that they tell people what to do in a forceful and unfair way. 独裁的.专横的e.g....his dictatorial management style.…他专横的管理作风 e.g These people act arbitrarily and dictatorially. 这些人独断专横。 |
| autocrat /ˈɔːtəˌkræt/ a dictator = an autocrat = an authoritarian 一个独裁者；　overthrow/topple down that dictator/autocrat/authoritarian 推翻那个独裁者 N-COUNT An autocrat is a person in authority who has complete power. 独裁统治者 => adj. autocratic 专制的独裁的，专横的; adv. autocratically e.g. Its last monarch, Shah Reza Pahlavi, was overthrown/toppled down in 1979, but he was replaced by yet another autocrat, the Ayatollah Khomeini. 阿 礼萨 巴拉维被推翻，但取代他的却是另外一个独裁者，阿亚图拉 霍梅尼 eg. In ancient China, Qing emperor in Qin Dynasty is one of the most notorious/disreputable dictators/autocrats/authoritrians.一个最臭名昭著的独裁者 |
| autocratic /ˌɔːtəˈkrætɪk/ = authoritarian = dictatorial [ autocratically ad dictatorially 独裁地专政的；专横的; autocratic/authoritarian/dictatorial leadership 独裁式领导 ; 专制型领导 ; 武断的领导; autocratic/authoritarian/dictatorial monarchy 帝制 ;专制君主制 ; autocratic/authoritarian/dictatorial model 独裁模型 ; 专制模式] An autocratic person or organization has complete power and makes decisions without asking anyone else's advice. 独裁的 e.g. The people have grown intolerant in recent weeks of the king's autocratic ways. 最近几周，民众越来越难以忍受国王的专制行径 |
| authoritarian /ɔːˌθɒrɪˈtɛərɪən/ [ a dictator = an autocrat = an authoritarian 一个独裁者； overthrow/topple down that dictator/autocrat/authoritarian 推翻那个独裁者　 autocratic/authoritarian/dictatorial leadership 独裁式领导 ; 专制型领导 ; 武断的领导; autocratic/authoritarian/dictatorial monarchy 帝制 ;专制君主制 ; autocratic/authoritarin/dictatorial model 独裁模型 ; 专制模式; authoritarian populism 威权民粹主义 ; 权威民粹主义; authoritarian ethic 权威伦理　］ ADJ If you describe a person or an organization as authoritarian, you are critical of them controlling everything rather than letting people decide things for themselves. 独裁地专政的；专横的; e.g. Senior officers could be considering a coup to restore authoritarian rule. 高级军官们可能会考虑发动一场政变来恢复独裁统治 eg. In ancient China, Qing emperor in Qin Dynasty is one of the most notorious/disreputable dictators/autocrats/authoritrians.一个最臭名昭著的独裁者 |
| N 独裁主义; 权威主义 authoritarianism /ɔːˌθɒrɪˈtɛərɪənɪzəm/ N-UNCOUNT Authoritarianism is the state of being authoritarian or the belief that people with power, especially the State, have the right to control other people's actions. 独裁主义 [ parental authoritarianism 父母权威性; populist authoritarianism 民粹威权主义; new authoritarianism 新权威主义] e.g. But this caveat should not cloud the central issue: a coup in a region which has shed authoritarianism should not be allowed to stand. 但是该警告不该模糊了核心问题：在被独裁主义遮蔽的地区发动的政变是不允许存在的 e.g. In North Korea, the broad, desolate avenues and drably dressed citizens make for a perfect tableau of authoritarianism.  在朝鲜，宽阔荒凉的马路与衣着单调的民众勾勒出一幅完美的独裁政权图景 |
| tyrant /ˈtaɪrənt/ N-COUNT You can use tyrant to refer to someone who treats the people they have authority over in a cruel and unfair way. 暴君 ...households where the father was a tyrant.…有暴君之父的家庭　　　　　　//a household 一个家庭, householder一家之主; do housework 家务事; housekeep: v maintain and manage a household; take care of all business related to a household; housekeeper: 管家 |
| tyranny /ˈtɪrənɪ/  1. N-VAR A tyranny is a cruel, harsh, and unfair government in which a person or small group of people have power over everyone else. 专制暴政 e. g Self-expression and individuality are the greatest weapons against tyranny. 自我表达和个性是对抗专制暴政的最强武器。 2. N-UNCOUNT If you describe someone's behaviour and treatment of others that they have authority over as tyranny, you mean that they are severe with them or unfair to them. 专横暴虐 e.g I'm the sole victim of Mother's tyranny. 我是母亲专横暴虐的惟一受害者。 |
| tyrannical /tɪˈrænɪkəl/  1. If you describe someone as tyrannical, you mean that they are severe or unfair toward the people that they have authority over. 专横的 e.g. She grew up with a drunken mother and a tyrannical father. 专横的父亲一起生活。 2. If you describe a government or organization as tyrannical, you mean that it acts without considering the wishes of its people and treats them cruelly or unfairly. (政府或组织)专制的 e.g ...one of the world's most oppressive and tyrannical regimes. ...世界上最压迫人、最专制的政权之一 |
| 专横的傲慢的; 飞扬跋扈的 | imperious /ɪmˈpɪərɪəs/ you mean that **an imperious person** has a proud and arrogant manner and expect **to be obeyed.** E.g.Her attitude is imperious at times. 态度有时很专横/飞扬跋扈的 e.g. I don't like her coz she's so imperious. |
| 非常难的(考试, 任务，活） oral speaking | killer adj = so difficult [非常难的考试: a killer exam; 一个艰难艰巨的挑战 a formidable/killer challenge ; 一项艰巨的/非常难的任务: a formidable/killer task ] ; e.g. I just had some killer exams (very difficult exams), I’m afraid I would **flunk out/flun[k o]ut of college** e.g. I got a killer task, which is very formidable . // a daunting task: something that is daunting makes you feel slightly afraid or worried about dealing with it. 使人畏缩的 // sb. flun[k o]ut/flun[k o]ut of college (因成绩太差) 被退学/被当掉) |
| 强大的可怕的；令人敬畏的；非常难的,艰难的艰巨的(挑战 ,任务） | formidable ['fɔrmɪdəbl] [ 一个艰难/艰巨的挑战 a formidable/killer challenge; 一项艰巨的任务: a formidable/killer task; 一个令人敬畏的的强大的对手 a formidable opponent/rival ] If you describe something or someone as formidable, you mean that you feel slightly frightened, scared, feard by them because they are very great or impressive, kind of daunting 可怕的; 令人敬畏的(要退缩的); e.g We have a formidable/killer task ahead of us. 一项艰巨的任务 e.g The challenges are formidable. e.g. We delude ourselves that the project is under control without risks... but actually, there're some potentially formidable risks. //If you delude yourself, you let yourself believe that something is true, even though it is not true 自欺欺人 |
| 连锁事件 | [ a chain reactio**n o**f sth ] a series of events, each of which causes the next |
| （利用科技，权利）为所欲为的做任何事情 (like a God) | V. play God = to use power or technology to do whatever you want. E.g. Genetic engineering is untested technology, which means that might be some unexpected risks potentially, even formidable risks. Therefore, I'd warn against taking a leap into the unknown 盲目从事. Manipulating DNA for our benefits is really playing God, which might come back to haunt us. Imagine that we genetically engineer some crops or animial, and changes lead to undesirable results. Those changes might be impossible to reverse. Thererfore, it's a slippery slope, with dare consequences. Once we start making changes to human DNA, who knows what terrible results it could have on our health in the future? (=> an rhetoric 'retərɪk] question反问句） |
| 晚一些，会导致不好的消极的，甚至是灾难性的结果 | [ sth come back to haunt us ] an action that leads to a negative or disastrous result later E.g. Genetic engineering is untested technology, which means that might be some unexpected risks potentially. Therefore, I'd warn against taking a leap into the unknown盲目从事. Manipulating DNA for our benefits is really playing God, which might come back to haunt us (晚一些，会导致消极的结果). Imagine that we genetically engineer some crops or animial, and changes lead to undesirable results. Those changes might be impossible to reverse. It's a slippery slope, with serious consequences. Once we start makeing chnages to human DNA, who knows what terrible results it could have on our health in the future? (=> an rhetoric 'retərɪk] question反问句） |
| 盲目从事 | [ take a leap in to the unknown: doing sth without being clear on what the results will be .] E.g. Genetic engineering is untested technology, which means that might be some unexpected risks potentially, even formidable risks. Therefore, I'd warn against taking a leap into the unknown 盲目从事. Manipulating DNA for our benefits is really playing God, which might come back to haunt us. Imagine that we genetically engineer some crops or animial, and changes lead to undesirable results. Those changes might be impossible to reverse. Thererfore, it's a slippery slope, with dare consequences. Once we start making changes to human DNA, who knows what terrible results it could have on our health in the future? (=> an rhetoric 'retərɪk] question反问句） |
| 一发不可收拾的事情 (开始了就停止不了的事情); **不可逆事件** | [ [ a slippery slope] a course of action which, once started, is difficult to stop or reverse, and normally leads to a trouble or terrible result or dare consequences => slope = ramp = gradient 斜坡] E.g. Genetic engineering is untested technology, which means that might be some unexpected risks potentially. Therefore, I'd warn against taking a leap into the unknown盲目从事. Manipulating DNA for our benefits is really playing God为所欲为的做事情, which might come back to haunt us (晚一些，会导致消极的结果). Imagine that we genetically engineer some crops or animial, and changes lead to undesirable results. Those changes might be impossible to reverse. It's a slippery slope一发不可收拾, with serious consequences. Once we start makeing chnages to human DNA, who knows what terrible results it could have on our health in the future? (=> an rhetoric 'retərɪk] question反问句） |
| 控股公司 | a holding company: A holding company is a company that has enough shares in one or more other companies to be able to control the other companies. e.g. Samsung Electronics announced Tuesday it is considering splitting the company, a move that could prove to be a windfall for investors. The South Korean corporate giant will take the next six months to review the possibility of creating a holding company and the "potential benefits and feasibility" of listing on more international exchanges. Samsung will also boost shareholder returns, increasing dividends['dividend] 股息；奖金 for 2016 by 30% to 4 trillion won ($3.4 billion), that should boost dividends per share by 28,500 won ($24). //windfall /ˈwɪndˌfɔːl/ A windfall is a sum of money that you receive unexpectedly, esp. by luck, for example, if you win a lottery['lɒt(ə)rɪ]. 意外之财， 天上掉的馅饼 [ windfall profits 意外之财 ] // A dividend is the part of a company's profits which is paid to people who own shares in the company. 股息,奖金; Pls keep exercising for a long haul, and you will see that it definitely pay dividens for you |
| 高端的（高大上的 service, product）v.s　低端的 | high-end=upscale v.s. low-end eg But intense competition at both the high-ebd and low-end smartphone market have reversed the company's fortunes. Samsung has lost ground to Apple and Xiaomi. Analysts hold little hope for a return of Samsung to cellphone marketing dominance. e.g. When I arrived at a small grocery shop in the city's upscale/high-end 高档的 (产品和服务)Khan Market that sells anti-pollution products, there were at least 50 people in line to buy face masks. I would wait for ages等很久很久 to get a mask. Already [nə(ʊ)'tɔːrɪəs] notorious/disreputable because of its toxic air, pollution in Delhi has skyrocketed(hike, increase) over the past week, going through the roof (=increase drastically迅猛的). Measurements of harmful particles in Delhi put the city's Air Quality Index at 999 on Monday, off the standard chart, which finishes at the "hazardous" level of 500. The suffocating/smothering/choking smog has reduced visibility in the city to just a few meters, and the Delhi government has launched draconian(extremely severe) emergency measures. //skyrocket = If prices, interest rates, or amounts skyrocket, they suddenly increase by a very large amount, especially within a short period. //draconian /dreɪˈkəʊnɪən, drə-/ Draconian laws or draconian measures are extremely harsh and severe. 严酷的 (法令或措施) // 价格冲破屋顶，飞涨/猛涨 (price) go through the roof = the price/interest rate increases drastically in a short time, similar with "skyrocket" |
| 1. 价格冲破屋顶，飞涨/猛涨,高入云霄 ; 2 colloquial 发火,勃然大怒，暴跳如雷； | [ (price, interest rate, amount) go through the roof = skyrocket, surge, roar, mount, hike ]  e.g. When I arrived at a small grocery shop in the city's upscale/high-end Khan Market that sells anti-pollution products, there were at least 50 people in line to buy face masks. I would wait for ages等很久很久 to get a mask. Already [nə(ʊ)'tɔːrɪəs] notorious/disreputable because of its toxic air, pollution level in Delhi has skyrocketed (hike, increase) over the past week, going through the roof (=increase drastically迅猛的). Measurements of harmful particles in Delhi put the city's Air Quality Index at 999 on Monday, off the standard chart, which finishes at **the "hazardous" level (hazard/peril)** of 500. The suffocating/smothering/choking smog has reduced visibility in the city to just a few meters, and the Delhi government has launched draconian( /dreɪˈkəʊnɪən, drə-/ ) emergency measures. e.g We don’t recommend spending 24 hours a day on a mobile phone – we don’t know the long-term effects, and bills could go through the roof = skyrocket 花费也会飞涨。 e.g. But scalpers黄牛 said that weekend prices are higher and holiday-time prices will go through the roof. 黄牛说周末价钱更高，假期票价将会高入云霄 //高端的（高大上的 service, product）high-end/upscale services, product //draconian /dreɪˈkəʊnɪən, drə-/ Draconian laws or draconian measures are extremely harsh and severe. 严酷的 (法令或措施) //skyrocket: If prices or amounts skyrocket, they suddenly increase by a very large amount. 剧增; 猛涨 //surge: A surge is a sudden large increase in something that has previously been steady, or has only increased or developed slowly. 剧增 e.g. Specialists see various reasons for the recent surge in inflation. 专家认为最近通货膨胀加剧有各种原因。; e.g. The Freedom Party's electoral support surged from just under 10 percent to nearly 17 percent. 自由党的选举支持率从只有不到10%剧增到近17% |
| [价格飞涨；突涨] | skyrocket /ˈskaɪˌrɒkɪt/, skyrocketing 暴涨的 V-I If prices or amounts skyrocket, they suddenly increase by a very large amount. 剧增; 猛涨  e.g. Production has dropped while prices and unemployment have skyrocketed. 在物价和失业人数猛增的同时，生产却下降了。[ ...the skyrocketing costs of health care 暴涨的医疗费用; 突涨的房价the skyrocketing house price in SH; the skyrocketing property price; 价格飞涨突涨的租金 the skyrocketing rent in SH since Jan, 2016; 价格飞涨突涨的物价：the skyrocketing food prices] . The S&P 500 jumped 2.2%, ending a nine-day streak of losses, the longest such slump/plummet/plunge大幅下跌 since 1980. The Dow skyrocketed 371 points on Monday -- the biggest burst of buying since late Januaryeg A radical minority of them go as far as to advocate for an independent HK. Localists found themselves under scrutiny after police arrested/apprehended 10 people who are suspected to brew/ferment酝酿(某个事件),使动乱 an alleged bomb plot/conspiracy. Meanwhile, ordinary citizens are concerned about skyrocketing价格飞涨；突涨 rents, increasing inequality [ɪnɪ'kwɒlɪtɪ], and diminishing press freedom e.g. Inflation is expected to quadruple (four times) to nearly 4% in less than a year, making everyday items much more expensive. The independent British think tank/brain trust forecasts that inflation will skyrocket突涨 and peak at 3.9% in the third quarter of 2017 as a result of a crash in the devaluation of the pound triggered by the U.K.'s decision to leave the European Union. The currency is devalued贬值 by as much as 20% versus the U.S. dollar, and 17% versus the euro, in the months after the Brexit vote in June, although/whereas it has become steady a bit in recent days. When the pound goes down deeply, the cost of imports skyrockets accordingly. That pushes up inflation. //jack up the price/the salary/the tariff/the tax //slump into a chair/a bed (因筋疲力尽）瘫倒在（床，椅子）; (因劳累或生病等) 跌坐在（床，椅子） |
| N增长 | uptick /ˈʌptɪk/  [N](javascript:;)a rise or increase 增长 = mount, increasing, hike  e.g. To determine the most popular trending searches, Google looked at its trillions of queries, filtered out spam and repeats, and identified searches that had the highest **uptick** in traffic compared with the previous year. It breaks them into categories like news, memes, and recipes (beef stroganoff was a hit). |
| vi. 烧焦；**打杂, 做家务小时工/钟点工** n. **炭；家庭杂务** | char /tʃɑː/ (charring,charred,chars) [ 烤焦xxx's 外皮 char the ski[n o]f (e.g. meat, rib, chops, yam, sweet potato) ]  1. V-T/V-I If food chars or if you char it, it burns slightly and turns black as it is cooking. 烧焦; 烤焦 e.g. Toast hazelnuts榛子 wrapped in foil on a baking sheet (a type of roaster 烘烤器), and put it on the grill烤架, until the skins char. 直到外皮烤焦。 e.g. Please char the ski[n o]f yam. 把红薯皮烤焦 e.g. Halve the peppers and char the skins under a hot grill 将柿子椒一分为二,并在烤架下烤焦外皮。 eg..The flames have subsided significantly, but the building is now charred and smoldering闷烧，阴燃. 2. N-UNCOUNT charring 烧焦 , charred 烧黑了的，烧焦的 e.g. They also add further evidence supporting investigators' suspicions that the jet had depleted its fuel (run out of) during its charter flight from Santa Cruz to Medel. Investigators were considering a depletion of fuel as a significant contributing factor to the plane crash. Photos released by authorities showed debris strewn/scattered across a hillside with no apparent charring(n烧焦) among the wreckage. e.g. The chops should be cooked over moderate heat to prevent excessive charring. 肉排应以中温烹制以防过分烧焦。 //燃油耗尽: a depletion of fuel; 臭氧损耗 ozone depletion; deplete fuel; feel depleted/exhausted=I'm totally burned out //charter flight包机; budget airline 廉价航空 //BBQ tools: grill; a baking sheet (烤盘；烤板), foil, roaster烘烤器, skewers(A skewer is a long pin made of wood or metal that is used to hold pieces of food together during cooking. 串肉扦; 烤肉叉) two skewers of chicken 3.V-T/V-I to do housework or household chores, such as washing, cleaning, ironing, etc, as a job 做家务的小时工/钟点工 charwoman: a woman who is hired to clean, tidy, etc, in a house or office. The salary is paid per hour usually. （女)做家务小时工/钟点工; 女佣；打杂的女佣人　　// 做家务(家务事), 家务活 do housework = do household chores |
| 腰果 | ['kæʃʊ] cashew /ˈkæʃuː, kæˈʃuː/ A cashew or a cashew nut is a curved nut that you can eat. e.g. Toast cashews (nut) wrapped in foil on a baking sheet (a type of roaster), and put it on the grill烤架, until the skins char. 直到外皮烤焦。 // If food chars or if you char it, it burns slightly and turns black as it is cooking. 烧焦; 烤焦 //BBQ tools: grill; a baking sheet (烤盘；烤板), foil, roaster烘烤器 V.S. toaster 面包机, skewers(A skewer is a long pin made of wood or metal that is used to hold pieces of food together during cooking. 串肉扦; 烤肉叉) two skewers of chicken |
| chestnuts ['**tʃɛs**nʌt] "t"不发音 | 1 N-COUNT A chestnut or chestnut tree is a tall tree with broad leaves. 栗子树 2.N-COUNT Chestnuts are the reddish brown nuts that grow on chestnut trees. You can eat chestnuts. 栗子 e.g. Toast chestnuts wrapped in foil on a baking sheet (a type of roaster), and put it on the grill, until the skins char. 直到外皮烤焦。  3. COLOR Something that is chestnut is dark reddish brown in colour. 栗色 e.g. ...chestnut hair.…栗色的头发 // If food chars or if you char it, it burns slightly and turns black as it is cooking. 烧焦; 烤焦 //BBQ tools: grill烤架; a baking sheet/tray (烤盘；烤板), foil, roaster烘烤器 V.S. toaster 面包机, skewers(A skewer is a long pin made of wood or metal that is used to hold pieces of food together during cooking. 串肉扦; 烤肉叉) two skewers of chicken |
| hazelnut | hazelnut /ˈheɪzəlˌnʌt/ Hazelnuts are nuts from **a hazel tree**, which can be eaten. 榛子 [ Hazelnut Latt 榛子咖啡拿铁; Ground hazelnut 榛子粉 ] e.g. Can I have a mug马克杯 of hazelnut latt? e.g. Toast hazelnuts wrapped in foil on a baking sheet (a type of roaster 烘烤器), and put it on the grill烤架, until the skins char. 直到外皮烤焦。 // If food chars or if you char it, it burns slightly and turns black as it is cooking. 烧焦; 烤焦 //BBQ tools: grill; a baking sheet/tray (烤盘；烤板), foil, roaster烘烤器 V.S. toaster 面包机, skewers(A skewer is a long pin made of wood or metal that is used to hold pieces of food together during cooking. 串肉扦; 烤肉叉) two skewers of chicken |
| walnut | walnut /ˈwɔːlˌnʌt/ Walnuts are edible nuts that have a **wrinkled** shape and a hard round shell that is light brown in colour. 胡桃; 核桃 **e.g. ...chopped walnuts. …砸碎了的核桃 e.g Can I borrow some tool to chop walnuts?** |
| 烤肉叉子；串肉扦 | skewer /ˈskjʊə/ A skewer is a long pin made of wood or metal that is used to hold pieces of food together during cooking. 串肉扦; 烤肉叉 e.g. can i have two skewers of chicken and one beefball? //BBQ tools: grill; a baking sheet/tray (烤盘；烤板), foil, roaster烘烤器 V.S. toaster 面包机, skewers(A skewer is a long pin made of wood or metal that is used to hold pieces of food together during cooking. 串肉扦; 烤肉叉) two skewers of chicken |
| 烘烤器 | roster ['rɒstə] (花名册；执勤人员表) v.s. roaster['rəʊstə] 烘烤器 \* roster ['rɒstə]= muster roll: a list, especially names 花名册 Ronaldo will not be playing in this year's FIFA tournament, since he was left off the roster by team manger. Eg Wo, I love this elegant dish and will add it to my recipe roster/list. \* roaster['rəʊstə]: B276 //the roller coaster: 过山车； 过山车一样的心情 |
| 烤盘；烤板 | N-COUNT A **baking sheet/ baking tray** is a flat piece of metal on which you bake foods such as biscuits or pies in an oven. 烤盘 |
| What's your strengths and weaknesses | Strength: 1) I'm willing to put in extra hours and efforts to make my work done, esp well done. 2) Additionally, when I'm working, I also help my colleagues out by tackling their issues, e.g. the tricky Linux problems or Jsscript technical issues. Therefore, I received lots of appreciation letter from my associates同事. 3) I'm also a persistent person. When others might give up, I can still carry on my task even though it's a killer task with formidable challenges. What is more, compared with others, I have relatively相对而言 longer concentration span, which means I can focus on one issue for a long time and try to figure it out finally. //associates = colleagues; //a killer exam = a very difficult; a killer task // concentration span // formidble challenges |
| weaknesses: 1) feel hesistant, not decisive |
| 可怜地 | pathetic /pəˈθɛtɪk/ ； 可怜地 pathetically //sympathetic (mercy); empathetic; pathetic 1. ADJ If you describe a person or animal as pathetic, you mean that they are sad and weak or helpless, and they make you feel very sorry for them. 可怜的 e..g ...a pathetic little dog with a curly tail. …一只可怜的卷尾小狗。 e.g. I'm broke破产 and I'm so pathetic ....我真可怜 e.g. She was pathetically thin. 她那时瘦弱得可怜。 3. ADJ If you describe someone or something as pathetic, you mean that they make you feel impatient or angry, often because they are weak or not very good. 差劲的; 无力的(表不满) eg. What pathetic excuses...from Travis. 多么无力的借口！ Don't be so pathetic. 别那么差劲。 e.g. Five women in a group of 18 people is a pathetically small number. 18个人中5位女性是个小得可怜的数目 |
| 同感能力， 同理心 | Empathy, empathetic: is the ability to share another person's feelings and emotions as if they were your own => put yourself in others' shoes, thinking from others' perspectives, so that you would understand why others think or act in their way. e.g Having begun my life in a children's home, I have great empathy with the little ones. 在一家儿童福利院长大使我对这些小孩子们怀有深深的同感/同理心 e.g. "The customer is always right" works up to a point. When the customer doesn't know what they should expect, or how to access features, the responsibility comes to all of us to have deep empathy for the user experience and not only do what we can to avoid pitfalls, but to proactively design delightful experiences right out of the box. //sympathetic (mercy); empathetic; pathetic |
| 市政的 | municipal /mjuːˈnɪsɪpəl/ ADJ Municipal means associated with or belonging to a city or town that has its own local government. 市政的 e.g. The municipal authorities gave the go-ahead for the march. 市政当局批准了此次游行。 ...next month's municipal elections. …下个月的市政选举 //City hall: 市政厅 |
| 自治市 | municipality /mjuːˌnɪsɪˈpælɪtɪ/ : A municipality is a city or town that is incorporated and can elect its own government, which is also called a municipality or an autonomous city //autonomous /ɔːˈtɒnəməs/ An autonomous country, organization, or group governs or controls itself rather than being controlled by anyone else. 自治的 // an autonomous province 自治省 |
| 过渡性贷款/融资 | Bridge loan = caveat loan = swing loan: A bridge loan is a type of short-term loan, typically taken out for a period of 2 weeks to 3 years pending the arrangement of larger or longer-term financing. It is usually called a bridging loan in the United Kingdom, also known as a "caveat loan," and also known in some applications as a swing loan. e.g. "By evening a bridge loan could be ready as well as an agreement to not call the debt for the time being," one of the bankers said. //caveat /ˈkeɪvɪˌæt/ A caveat is a warning of a specific limitation of something such as information or an agreement. 警告; 提醒 |
| 你利用了我 | "You took advantage of me", she said angrily. |
| 颠覆（政权）；驳倒,推翻(证词，口供，指控）；使倒塌 (topple down sth) | topple down sth = overthrow, refute, talk down, demolish [ 驳倒论据/证词／谣言／对某人的指控 topple down sb's testimonies /arguments/ accusation = overthrow/refute/talk down/demolish [ 推翻独裁 topple down the dictatorship/authoritarianim; topple down the authoritarian system = overthrow xxx = demolish xxx ] //demolish: 1) (natural disasters) demolish the building 2. If you demolish someone's ideas, arguments, an accusation, a rumor, theory, you prove that they are completely wrong or unreasonable with solid evidence. 驳倒/推翻 //把一个论点驳得体无完肤: tear an argument to shreds; 把证词驳得体无完肤: tear the testimony to shreds; 碎纸机 paper shredder |
| **[topple down conventional ways = overthrow 颠覆传统; topple down the mainstream society = overthrow 颠覆主流社会]** |
| V.S. 削弱 cripple down xxx e.g. cripple down the economy 削弱经济 |
| 使(buidling) 倒塌 (esp earthquake) topple down sth (e.g. buildings, houses) eg The magnitude 8.1 earthquake toppled down almost all buildings in this city. // (buildings) collapse eg In Mount Everest, a capital city of shattered/smashed temples and toppled倒塌 houses, some people paid their last respects to loved ones taken by the quake. |
| 把sb 扭倒； 把sb 扭倒在地 | 1. [ 把sb 扭倒 tackle sb down; 把sb 扭倒在地 tackle sb. down to the ground] eg The officer jumped him from behind then tackled him down to the ground. 2. tackle issue = deal with issues //talk down: talk the pilot down; talk down sb/sth = devalue sb./sth; talk down the testimony= refute/overthrow/demolith |
| 1. 紧急引导 (飞行员) 安全着陆; 2. 贬低xxx; 3.驳倒 xxx (talk down) 4. 用高人一等的口气对sb.说话; 用居高临下的口吻和sb 说话 | talk down sb [ talk down the pilot, talk the pilot down 紧急引导 (飞行员) 安全着陆] To talk down sb. (esp a pilot) who is flying an aircraft in an emergency means to give them right instructions so that they can land safely. e.g. The air tower controller began to talk down the pilot by giving instructions over the radio. 引导飞行员安全着陆 //航站塔台控制员: air tower controller |
| talk down sth (贬低 ) V.S. talk up sth (夸大): If someone talks down a particular thing, they make it less interesting, less valuable, or likely than it originally seemed. 贬低 ( talk down sb/sth = devalue sb/sth = downplay or play down xxx ) [ 贬低某人的工作价值 devalue/talk down sb's work; 贬低某人的名誉 devalue sb's fame = talk down sb's fame ] e.g. They blame the government for talking down/devaluing the nation's fourth biggest industry. 指责政府贬低国家的第4大产业。 e.g. Businessmen are tired/weary of politicians talking down/devalue the economy. 商人对政客贬低经济的行为感到厌倦 　　//wear有 ['wɪərɪ] = tired/exhausted/I'm totally burned out/I'm totally depleted; 感到厌倦 be weary of sth = be tired of // If you downplay (or play down) a fact or feature, you try to make people think that it is less important or serious than it really is. 贬低重要性，轻描淡写 |
| [ 用高人一等的/居高临下的口吻对sb.说话 talk down to sb. ; talk down to sb in a condescending manner; 高人一等的态度 condescending attitude ] If you talk down to sb, you peak in a condescending [kɒndɪ'send] manner, as if to a child. e.g Don’t talk down to coworkers in a condescending manner, including subordinates. 不要用居高临下的口吻和同事说话，包括下属 e.g. Even though you're the father, you shouldn't talk down to your kids in that condescending manner. e.g. **I'm sick of /tired of/weary of/I'm getting fed up with** your money and your whole condescending attitude. 我受够了你的钱和你整个高人一等的态度。 //**descend => condescending [kɒndɪ'sendɪŋ]居高临下的, 表现出优越感的,** If you say that someone is condescending, you are showing your disapproval of the fact that they talk or behave in a way which shows that they think they are superior to other people. |
| 驳倒 xxx: talk down sth= refute/ overthrow sth/topple down/ demolish sth [ 驳倒论据/证词／谣言／对某人的指控　 talk down arguments/testimonies/rumor/accusation against sb. = refute/demoslih/overthrow/topple down => you prove that they are completely wrong or unreasonable with solid evidence. ] // 把一个论点驳得体无完肤: tear an argument to shreds; 把证词驳得体无完肤: tear the testimony to shreds; 碎纸机 paper shredder |
| 夸大xxx；　夸大其词 | talk up sth: If someone talks up a particular thing, they make it sound more interesting, more valuable, or likely than it originally seemed, exaggerate sth over 夸大,夸大其词 ; e.g. Politicians accuse the media of talking up the possibility of a riot. 政客们谴责媒体夸大骚乱的可能性。e.g. He'll be talking up his plans for the economy. 他将夸大他的经济计划 |
| (炫耀的）吹牛吹嘘说; 吹嘘(表不满) | brag /bræɡ/ bragger= boaster 吹牛者 If you brag of sth, you say that you have sth or have done sth in a very proud way, sort of arrogant or cocky, that other people might feel irritating or offensive 吹嘘说; 吹嘘(表不满) [ 吹嘘说 xxx brag that xxxx = boast that; 向sb 吹嘘 brag to sb; 吹嘘xxx: brag of sth = boast about sth ]  e.g. He's always bragging that he's a great martial artist. 他总是吹嘘说他是伟大的武术家。 e.g He opens a company and a boss now. He'll probably go around, bragging to his friends. 他可能会到处去向他的朋友们吹嘘。 e.g. It is not in good form to brag of your learning. e.g. In 19th century, even I would brag to my Beijing friends that I have seen foreigners in Guangzhou. 在19世纪，我也会向我的北京朋友吹嘘自己在广州见到外国人, // **A complacent [kəm'pleɪs(ə)nt]/ big-headed/arrogant/ cocky or smug person** is very pleased with themselves or feels that they do not need to do anything about a situation, even though/whereas the situation may be uncertain or dangerous. 盲目自满的; 盲目乐观的(表不满) |
| boast /bəʊst/ , [ boaster = bragger 自夸的人；大言不惭的人；吹牛者 => boastful 自夸的；自负的；boastfully 自夸地, 自负地 吹嘘说 xxx brag that xxxx = boast that; 向sb 吹嘘 brag to sb; 吹嘘xxx: brag of sth = boast about sth ]  1. If someone boasts about/brag of something that they have done or that they own, they talk about it very proudly, sort of arrogant or cocky, in a way that other people may find irritating or offensive. 吹嘘表不满 e.g. Furci boasted/brag that he took part in U.S. presidential election 富尔西曾吹嘘说他参与了美国大选 。 e.g Carol boasted about/brag of her fancy costume. 卡罗尔吹嘘着她的戏装。 2. N-COUNT Boast is also a noun = bragging 吹嘘 e.g It is the charity's proud boast that it has never yet turned anyone away. 该慈善机构自吹自擂，声称从来没有拒绝过任何人。 3. V-T If someone or something can boast a particular achievement or possession, they have achieved or possess that thing. ( 成功)取得xxx; ( 成功)拥有xxx e.g. The houses will boast the latest energy-saving technology.拥有最新节能技术。 //**[A complacent [kəm'pleɪs(ə)nt]/ big-headed/arrogant/ cocky or smug person** is very pleased with themselves or feels that they do not need to do anything about a situation, even though/whereas the situation may be uncertain or dangerous. 盲目自满的; 盲目乐观的(表不满) = arrogant, cocky, big-headed, complacent=smug |
| N.) 中间人, e.g. 经纪人, 房产中介; (中间)代理 人  **V. (中间)斡旋(协议，停火协议，谈判）** | broker /ˈbrəʊkə/  1. N A broker is a person whose job is to buy and sell securities, foreign money, real estate, or goods for other people. 经纪人; 掮客 eg Jacky Chen just changed his broker/agent 经纪人  2. V-T If a country or government brokers an agreement/ a ceasefire/ or a round of talks, they try to negotiate or arrange it. (中间) 斡旋(协议，停火协议，谈判） [ broker an agreement; broker a ceasefire; broker a peace deal ] e.g The United Nations brokered a peace deal in Mogadishu at the end of March. 促成了一场和平谈判 |
| **[ 房产中介 : the rea[l-e]state broker; the property broker; 第三方调停国 a broker country; 股票经纪人a stockbroker]**  e.g. As the result of the president's **impeachment弹劾,** the stepped-down PM is ousted to **a broker country** for political penalty |
| 数据代理公司 [ data broker ] e.g. Twitter also said it won't build a database of Muslims. Its policies disallow people and organizations from using its services for surveillance purposes. Social media companies may not intend to create databases, but data brokers have long compiled information about how users browse the internet. A report found that these data brokers can profile users by race, ethnicity and religious affiliation, among other characteristics. |
| brokerage /ˈbrəʊkərɪdʒ,ˋbrokərɪdʒ/ 1. the business of being a broker 经纪业务；掮客业务 2. the amount of money a broker charges 〔经纪人收取的〕佣金，手续费，经纪费 3. brokerage house/firm: a company of brokers, or the place where they work 经纪行/经纪公司 |
| (尤指飞机旅行)临时(短暂） 滞留(时间) | layover /ˈleɪˌəʊvə/ A layover is a short stay in a place in between parts of a journey, especially a plane journey when you get a connecting flight (转机**) [ 机场的短暂滞留 airport layover ] [几个小时的中途停留时间 a layover of several hours ] V.S. stopover in Seoul, Inchen airport**  E.g She booked a plane for Denver with **a layover/stopover** in Dallas. 在达拉斯转机。  E.g. "Oh my god, **a layover of 10hrs in the Seoul airport** before boarding for San Francisco " …. because of the hurricane, so I have to sleep in **the transit zone (机场的）中转区， 过境区**in airport.  e.g. I got **a connecting flight转机**, well, I will have **a 3-hr airport layover**.  e.g. No, **the direct fight** to Vancouver is too expensive; so we’ll choose another one with a **stopover(停留)** in in Seoul, Inchen airport, **with a layover of 6 hrs(6个小时的停留时间)** there, but the fare is much cheaper.  **//outlay: the necessary expenses 必要的花费支出 v.s. frivolous expenses= useless, wasteful浪费的无用的开销; a frivolous person〔人〕轻浮的** |
| 〔尤指长途飞行中的〕中途停留/中停 | [ direct fight V.S. stop**over** in Seoul在Seou中停 ]  stopover: is a short stay somewhere between parts of a journey, especially on a long-haul plane journey 〔尤指长途飞行中的〕中途停留  e.g. Atlanta is located within a two-hour flight of 80% of the US population, making the city a major port of entry into the US and a common **stopover** for travel within the country. e.g. No, **the direct fight** to Vancouver is too expensive; so we’ll choose another one with a **stopover(停留)** in Seoul, **with a layover of 6 hrs there(6个小时的停留时间), but the fare is much cheaper. //**[**几个小时的中途停留时间 a layover of several hours** ].  V.S. ['leɪəʊvə] lay**over**: a short stay between parts of a journey, especially a long-haul plane journey〔尤指长途飞行的〕中途停留 [**几个小时的中途停留时间 a layover of several hours** ] |
| 公民自由 (权） | [ civil liberties ] e.g. Syed, a business adviser, is leading a pledge that is signed by over 100 tech workers and investors to protect people from losing civil liberties and to refuse the use of social platforms to infringe on people's rights. "We are saying that we want to protect civil liberties, and it is essential for business success and prosperity/flourishing. Meanwhile, hundreds of tech workers, a huge turnout, have signed another pledge to never build a database of people based on race or religion. //签署一张保证书 sign a pledge //出席者；参加人数: turnout is the number of people who join a particular event //违反人权 infringe on people's rights |
| 签署一个保证（书) | [sign a pledge] e.g. Syed, a business adviser, is leading a pledge保证 that is signed by over 100 tech workers and investors to protect people from losing civil liberties公民自由 and to refuse the use of social platforms to infringe on people's rights. "We are saying that we want to protect civil liberties公民自由, and it is essential for business success and business prosperity/flourishing. This is an agenda that is as much of a business community's agenda as it is one of folks who are activists, who are doing a great job of advancing rights." Meanwhile, hundreds of tech workers, a huge turnout, have signed another pledge(n 保证，誓言) to never build a database of people based on race or religion. //turnout: 出席者；参加人数 the number of people who join a particular event //违反人权 infringe on people's rights |
| 不应该被解读为 | [ This shouldn't be interpreted to mean that xxx ] e.g. The government had closed down more than 100 media outlets in Turkey in recent months. China, which had the most journalists in jail/behind bars in 2015, dropped to second spot. There were 38 behind bars (who are imprisoned) in 2016. "This, however, should not be interpreted to mean that press freedom in China has improved in the past year," "On the contrary, China has cracked down on human rights and civil libertiess, such as slapping a blanket ban on HK news websites, banning original reports on the Internet, preventig journalists from traveling, and tightened its grip on Hong Kong media," she added //抑制；镇压（叛乱等） crack down/suppress/repress (rebellion[rɪ'beljən], insurgents 叛乱的；起义的; 叛乱者；起义者) //slap (a ban, blanket ban, sanctions, tax, tariff, a gag order) on xxx = impose on unreasonably, irrationally 不合理的 强加（制裁，税，进口关税，禁令， 封口令） 于xxx // tighten sb's grip on sth 抓紧对xxx的支配 //公民自由 (权） civil liberties |
| 没戏了。。 | No balls and no game! |
| 一败涂地 | e.g. The company cakes it pants. |
| 无可匹敌(没有竞争对手），无与伦比 ; 无人能与其相比的 | without a prallel = so outstanding, is the best without any competitors. parallelism ['pærəlɛl'ɪzəm] e.g. He is a brilliant president without a parallel in modern times. 他是一个无可匹敌的/无人能与其相比的 出色的总统 e.g. Boeing's position in the U.S. economy is without a parallel. It has no competitors in the U.S., and it often touts the number of American jobs supported by its deals. Traditionally, the president of the U.S. has been Boeing's biggest booster at home and abroad. |
| 88， 一帆风顺 | 8, be safe. |
| 先刻一个印章 | **[ get a chop**] e.g. You'll need to **get a chop** made if you want to do business in China. 如果你要跟中国做生意的话，你需要先**刻一个印章** e.g. If I have to **get my chop on** that house funding paper e.g Please be noted that for this kind of application form, it's **HR chop (HR印章）** |
| 1. literal meaning: (味道)又苦又甜的  **2. figurative meaning: (经历)苦乐参半的** | bittersweet /ˈbɪtəˌswiːt/ 1. ADJ If you describe an experience as bittersweet, you mean that it has some happy aspects and some sad or tough ones. (经历)苦乐参半的 [苦乐参半的记忆 bittersweet memory ] e.g....bittersweet memories of his debute performance for the team. 苦乐参半的记忆。 e.g. Well, the feeling of working in DP project, is sort of bittersweet. Just like a coin with two sides (heads and tails), on one hand, the happy part is I really do learn lots of precious and valuable knowledge, which honed my both English and tech skills. On the other hand, the sad aspect is the workload is so heavy that we have to put in enormous extra hrs and efforts to make it done by deadline. What is more, we always get killer tasks, with formidable challenges. // The debut of a performer or sports player is their first public performance, appearance, or recording. 首次登台 //a killer exam = such a hard exam; a killer task //formidable challenges: If you describe something or someone as formidable, you mean that you feel slightly frightened by them because they are very great or impressive. 可怕的; 令人敬畏的 //put in enormous extra hrs to do sth; put in extra efforts to do sth = invest 2. ADJ A bittersweet taste seems bitter and sweet at the same time. (味道)又苦又甜的 e.g. ...a wine with a bitter-sweet flavour. ...又苦又甜的葡萄酒 |
| (指公共场所让顾客寄放的)衣帽间 | The cloakroom['kləukrum] at a public building such as a theatre superstore, KTV, or club is sort of a cubicle格子间 where customers can leave their coats or bags, usually charged for a small fee. (指公共场所让顾客寄放的)衣帽间 ...a cloakroom attendant.…一名衣帽间服务员 e.g. I'd just like to point out one or two things of general interest while we’re here. Handicapped toilets are located on this floor and the door shows a wheelchair. Example The cloakroom where you can hang your coat or leave your bags is just behind us here.... Now, tours of the Vampire run on the hour every hour 在每一个小时 //cloak (无袖的)斗篷; 笼罩在(雾雪, smog)中 [ under a cloak of heavy mist; under a cloak of heavy snow; under a cloak of hazy smog ]; (遮掩真相的)幌子 //长袍礼服; 睡袍; dragon robe; //睡衣 pajama //handicapped /ˈhændɪˌkæpt/ Someone who is handicapped has a physical or mental disability that prevents them from living a totally normal life. 残疾的 |
| 1. (淋浴、更衣等的) 小单间 2. (办公室内的) 格子间 | cubicle /ˈkjuːbɪkəl/  1. A cubicle is a very small enclosed area(围起来的，与世隔绝的）, for example, one where you can take a shower or change your clothes. (用于淋浴、更衣等的) 小单间 [一个独立的淋浴间 a shower cubicle ] e.g. In HK, some low-level income or no income people are living in a very smail cubicle. 2. A cubicle is an area in an office that is separated from the rest of the room by thin walls. (办公室内的) 格子间 e.g. Only managers have their own cubicle in office. e.g. I'm not the kind of person to sit in a cubicle behind a desk. 我不是那种能在格子间办公桌后坐得住的人 => e.g. I'm cubicle 我是做文职的 |
| **废除废止 (法令, 死刑)** | abolish /əˈbɒlɪʃ/ = repeal. If someone in authority abolishes or repeals a system, a law, some regulations, or practice, they formally put an end to it, repeal it 废除 (法令, 死刑) [ 废除法律repeal a law = abolish a law; 废除死刑 repeal/abolish the death penalty = abolish/repeal the the capital publishment ] => N (法令的) 废止撤销 repeal = abolishment, the repeal of capital punishment ] e.g. An Illinois House committee voted Thursday to abolish/repeal the death penalty/the capital punishment. 投票废除了死刑 e.g Turkey's President refuses to rule out排除 the death penalty/capital punishment for thousands of people who were **apprehended/arrested** after **a foiled/thwarted/failed** military coup 挫败的(政变） Friday, despite warnings that reintroducing **capital punishment(death penalty)** could impede/hamper/hinder Turkey's chances of joining the European Union. Speaking through his translator in an exclusive interview with CNN's. Turkish President called **the foiled/thwarted** military coup挫败的(政变） a "purge肃清 crime of treason". **The coup plotter** should be executed in the capital punishment/death penalty. President vows that those responsible "will **pay a heavy price for为xxx付出惨痛的代价** this crime of treason". Turkey **abolished/repealed the capital punishment** for peacetime crimes in 2002, followed by a series of human rights reforms. Finally, in Turkey, the military coup had been f**oiled/thwarted/failed挫败的(政变）**. With apprehension made in Turkey and eight soldiers who fled to Greece awaiting extradition引渡. e.g. Next year will be the 60th anniversary of the repeal/abolishment of capital punishment 明年将是死刑废止的60周年 // 引渡extradite /ˈɛkstrəˌdaɪt/ If sb. is extradited, they are officially sent back to their own or a broker country第三方斡旋国 to be tried for a crime that they have been indicted for. / /plot/scheme/conspiracy: A plotter is a person who secretly plans with others to do something illegal or wrong, usually against a person or government. 密谋者; 阴谋者 => 政变的策划者 the military coup plotter V.S. 优秀策划者 a mastermind |
| **废除废止 (法令; 规章制度；法律)** | repeal /rɪˈpiːl/ sth = abandon [ 废除法律repeal a law = abolish a law; 废除死刑repeal the death penalty = abolishthe the capital publishment; N. 撤销; (法令的) 废止 repeal = abolishment, the repeal of capital punishment; the abolishment of xxx] repeal sth V.S. appeal //死刑[ the capital punishment = death penalty 1. V-T If the government repeals a law, it officially ends it, so that it is no longer valid. 撤销; 废止 (法令) e.g. The government has just repealed the law segregating public facilities. 政府刚刚废除了隔离公共设施的法令 e.g. Next year will be the 60th anniversary of the repeal/abolishment of capital punishment 明年将是死刑废止的60周年 |
| **(政府或掌权团体 官方的)废除(法律或协议)；取消撤销(法律或协议)** | [rescind] [rɪ'sɪnd]: to officially abandon or repeal a law, or officially end a decision or agreement. If a government or a group of people in power **rescind** a law or agreement, they officially withdraw it and state that it is no longer valid. (政府或掌权团体 官方的)废除(法律或协议)；取消撤销(法律或协议) [rescind judgement 取消判决 ] V.S. [ abandon] V.S. [ repeal ] e.g. The governor does not have the authority to rescind the ruling. 该州长无权撤销这项裁决 |
| **1.** 拆卸分解一个设备/机器(成不同的部件) 2. **(逐步)废除 (一个系统/组织/服务）** | dismantle /dɪsˈmæntəl/ : dismantile sth = disassemble /ˌdɪsəˈsɛmbəl/ sth => N) dismantlement: the act of taking something apart (as a piece of machinery) 1. If you **[ dismantle a machine, dismantle a device, or dismantle structure ],** you carefully separate it into its different parts or small pieces 拆卸分解一个设备/机器(成不同的部件) = "disassemble /ˌdɪsəˈsɛmbəl/": To disassemble something means to take it apart, separate it into its different parts分解; 拆开 e.g. He asked for immediate help from the United States to dismantle the warheads. 拆除, 拆卸弹头。e.g. We dismantled the machine and shipped it in pieces. 我们拆开机器以零件运输。e.g. OMG, the naughty/ˈnɔːtɪ/ boy dismantled the TV set at home...which annoyed his mother. 2. To **[ dismantle an organization or system ]** means to cause it to stop functioning by gradually reducing its power or purpose, abolish or repeal the organization or system step by step. (逐步)废除 (一个系统/组织/服务）**[ dismantle the IBM Notes system; dismantle the IBM PBC system; dismantle this public service ]** e.g. Public services of all kinds are being dismantled. 各种公共服务正被(逐步)废除 e.g IBM is gonna dismantle its Notes email system by 2020, and will deploy its substitution/replacement, IBM Verse instead. e.g. Since Trump's inauguration, he decided to dismantle Obamacare health care system gradually by 2020, and start to offer a better replacement. |
| **(彻底)**根除(贫困,奴隶制,人口贩卖) (彻底)连根撕碎/拔除 | eradicate sth.. eradication; eradicate sth: to tear up sth by roots, root out sth; abolish/repeal sth completely. [ eradicate hunger; eradicate diseases; eradicate poverty (彻底)根除贫困; eradicate slavery (彻底)根除奴隶制; eradicate human trafficking(彻底)根除人口贩卖; eradicate children trafficking 彻底)根除儿童贩卖; eradicate drug trafficking 彻底)根除药品贩卖; Bacteria Eradication 杀菌功能 ; 细胞清除率 ; 细菌清除 => n) (彻底)根除贫穷eradication of poverty; (彻底)根除奴隶制eradication of slavery; (彻底)根除儿童贩卖eradication of children trafficking] eg By releasing her from judicial custody and dropping any charges against her, the justice ministry could send an important message: That it's finally getting serious about providing justice and eradicating slavery (彻底)根除奴隶制. |
| 拒绝给（某人）,不给（某人） | withhold /wɪðˈhəʊld/ withheld, withheld. If you withhold something that someone wants, you just hold it and don’t give it to that person, do not let them have it. =>A withholding tax is an amount of money that is taken in advance from someone's income, in order to pay some of the tax they will owe. 代扣的所得税 E.g. The world's largest company Apple is suing one of its chip suppliers for effectively holding it hostage. Apple filed a lawsuit against Qualcomm, indicting it for withholding payments as retaliation for Apple who is cooperating with South Korean regulators that are investigating the chip supplier. However, South Korea Trader spokesman said they disclaimed any knowledge of it 对xxx一无所知. Acording to the lawsuit, Apple is also seeking nearly $1 billion in rebate payments (退款）, which it claims赔偿 have been wrongfully withheld. The previously agreed upon rebates退款 were conditional on Apple putting Qualcomm chips in its products and not pushing litigation诉讼(过程) that accused the chip maker of unfair licensing terms许可条款/授权条款 //disclaim knowledge of sth = don't know about it; disclaim responsibility for sth = claim that we're NOT responsible for 声明对xxx没有责任，免责声明 |
| 1. (地震，海啸）彻底摧毁(建筑物），拆迁(建筑物） 2　 驳倒(sb's想法，论点, 谣言，对某人的控诉） | demolish /dɪˈmɒlɪʃ/ [ (Natural disaster) demolish a building; demolisth a house; demolish a structure ] 1. To demolish something such as a building means to destroy it completely, normally by natural disasters, e.g. earthquake or tsunami (地震，海啸）彻底摧毁(建筑物）, 拆迁(建筑物） e.g. 一场暴风雨 剧烈搅动这个岛屿，彻底摧毁了房屋，淹没了街道 A storm churned directly over the island, demolishing buildings and houses off the coast and flooding/submerging streets. //If something churns water, mud, or dust, it moves it about violently. 剧烈搅动 //submerge, inundate: If an area of land is inundated/submerged, it becomes covered with water. 淹没 2.V-T If you demolish someone's ideas or arguments, you prove that they are completely wrong or unreasonable. 驳倒(sb's想法，论点, 谣言，对某人的控诉） demolish = overthrow = refute = talk down e.g. Our intention was quite the opposite – to demolish rumours that have surrounded him since he took office. 要驳倒自他就职以来就缠着他的谣 //assume the role of the manager; assume the role of U.S. president |
| (建筑物的） 拆毁,拆迁； 拆迁(工作) | demolish => demolition:/ˌdɛməˈlɪʃən/ The demolition of a structure, for example, a building, is the act of deliberately demolishing or destroying that building, often in order to build something new else in its place. (建筑物的） 拆毁,拆迁 [ demolition blasting 拆迁/拆除爆破; demolition work 拆迁工作; demolition notice 拆迁通知 ] e.g. Before demolishing this building, they get a two weeks of demolition notice. e.g. I find demolition notices affixed to their homes. 发现他们的家门口贴上了拆迁通知 e.g. This week, the whole city is under a cloak of heavy hazy smog. Due to the hazy smog, construction and demolition work were banned for the being time, the Delhi mayor announced emergency measures to protect the public from the terrible air pollution. He cautioned that a limitation policy of odd-even rationing for vehicles should be implemented if the situation does not improve. The policy means that cars would only be allowed to operate on alternating days交替 depending on their license plate numbers, such as even numbers for even weekdays; odd number for odd weekdays. What is more, you must affix your parking sticker to the front of windscreen. The emergency measures follow a week of unusually high smog levels in the city, which many people blamed on the firecrackers and fireworks set off/blasted for celebration of Diwali. //Hazy weather conditions are those in which things are difficult to see because of heavy mist, fog, or dust, with very low visibility (天气) 雾蒙蒙的 //cloak (无袖的)斗篷; 笼罩在(雾雪, smog，雾霾) 下 under a cloak of heavy mist; under a cloak of heavy fog; under a cloak of hazy smog; (遮掩真相的)幌子 a cloak is intended to hide truth about sth. //车牌号 the license plate number, 停车许可 parking permit; 停车证 parking sticker //firecrackers 鞭炮 V.S. fireworks 烟花 //affix: attach to => 把你的停车证贴到汽车挡风玻璃affix the parking sticker to the windscreen/windshield. |
| 驳倒/推翻（论点/证据/证词/控诉/谣言） | 驳倒论据/证词／谣言／对某人的指控  **talk down/overthrow/refute/topple down/demolish** (arguments/testimonies/rumor/accusation against sb.): you prove that they are completely wrong or unreasonable with solid evidence. // 把一个论点驳得体无完肤: tear an argument to shreds; 把证词驳得体无完肤: tear the testimony to shreds; 碎纸机 paper shredder |
| refute /rɪˈfjuːt/  1. V-T If you refute an argument, accusation, or theory, you prove that it is wrong or untrue. 驳倒 refute sth: tprove sth to be false/erroneous with solid evidence => overthrow/refute/topple down/demolish/ talk down (sb's idea, arguments, testimony, rumor, accusation against sb) [ refute/demolish/overthrow/talk down/topple down the argument; 驳倒/推翻证据: refute/overthrow/demolish/talk down/topple down the evidence; 驳倒/推翻证词: refute/overthrow/demolish/talk down/topple down the testimony; 驳倒/推翻对某人的控诉: refute/overthrow/demolish/talk down/topple down the accusation against sb.; 驳倒/推翻谣言: refute/overthrow/topple down/talk down the scandal） eg The defence lawyers refuted/overthrew the testimony by having a resort/recourse凭借于借助于 to solid evidences in court. // 把一个论点驳得体无完肤: tear an argument to shreds; 把证词驳得体无完肤: tear the testimony to shreds; 碎纸机 paper shredder  2. V-T 予以否认 refute sth: not acknowledge, but to deny or veto the accuracy or truth of sth [不承认选举结果的真实性 refute the authenticity of the poll] |
| overthrow = topple down (overthrowing,overthrew,overthrown,overthrows) 1. V-T When a government, a leader, an authoritarian system, or an autocrat is overthrown/toppled down, they are removed from power by force. (政府，领导人，独裁统治者）被颠覆/被推翻 e.g. That government was overthrown/toppled down in a military coup three years ago. 该政府在3年前的一次军事政变中被颠覆了。  2. N-SING Overthrow is also a noun. 颠覆 e.g. Insurgents erupted a military coup and wanna overthrow/topple down the top autocrat in the current goverment. However, the coup is foiled/thwarted; and they were charged with plotting the overthrow of the state. 颠覆国家 e.g. Its last monarch, Shah, was overthrown/toppled down in 1979, but he was replaced by yet another autocrat, the Ayatollah, who is critically tyrannical. e.g. In ancient China, Qing emperor in Qin Dynasty is one of the most notorious/disreputable dictators/autocrats/authoritrians, which was finally overthrown/toppled down by insurgents. //臭名昭著的: notorious = disreputable // Insurgents are people who are fighting against the government or army of their own country, in order to overthrow/topple down the current government. 起义者 // A tyranny/ˈtɪrənɪ/ is a cruel, harsh, and unfair government in which a person or small group of people have power over everyone else. 专制暴政 => tyrannical /tɪˈrænɪkəl/ // 独裁者 autocrat /ˈɔːtəˌkræt/, autocratic /ˌɔːtəˈkrætɪk/, autocratically .An autocrat is a person in authority who has complete power, who is a tyrannical leader in an authoritarian system(独裁主义) // A dictator is a ruler who has complete power in a country, especially power which was obtained by force and is used unfairly or cruelly. 独裁者 //authoritarian /ɔːˌθɒrɪˈtɛərɪən/ If you describe a person or an organization as authoritarian, you are critical of them controlling everything rather than letting people decide things for themselves. 独裁的 // 把一个论点驳得体无完肤: tear an argument to shreds; 把证词驳得体无完肤: tear the testimony to shreds; 碎纸机 paper shredder |

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| N/ V.报复 | revenge /rɪˈvɛndʒ/ revenger = avenger 复仇者  1.N) Revenge involves hurting or punishing someone who has hurt or harmed you**. [ take revenge on sb.报复sb ]**  e.g. The attackers were said to be **taking revenge on** the 14-year-old. 攻击者被称是在报复一名14岁男孩 2. V-T) If you **revenge yourself on someone** who has hurt you, you hurt them in return. 报复sb e.g. The paper accused her of trying to **revenge herself on** her former lover 报复她以前的情人  **[ revenge onself on/upon sb; revenge sth on sb. 因sth向某人报仇 = retaliate against sb]**  e.g. He has devoted the past five years to **avenging/revenging his daughter's death**. 5年中一直致力于为他女儿的死报仇  e.g. She **avenged/revenged her mother's death upon** the murderer. 他惩处了凶手, 为母亲报了仇  e.g. I revenge my bestie on her ex-BF 为朋友向她的前男友报仇; |
| 以牙还牙，尤指以恶报恶; 报复; | To return like for like, especially evil for evil. |
| N/ V.报复 | avenge /əˈvɛndʒ/ avenger= revenger 复仇者  **[ avenge sth on sb 因sth向某人报仇 = revenge sth on sb.]** V-T If you avenge a wrong or harmful act, you hurt or punish the person who is responsible for it. 为…报仇  e.g. He has devoted the past five years to avenging/revenging his daughter's death. 5年中一直致力于为他女儿的死报仇  e.g. She avenged/revenged her mother's death upon the murderer. 他向凶手报了仇 |
| 有复仇心理的/复仇心重的，复仇的 | ['vendʒfəl] vengeful /ˈvɛndʒfʊl/ 有复仇心理的/复仇心重的，复仇的  [ADJ](javascript:;)If you describe someone as vengeful, you **are critical of** them because they feel a great desire for **revenge/retaliation;** very eager to punish someone who has done something bad [a vengeful god 复仇之神]  e.g.   He was stabbed to death by his vengeful wife.  他被他的一心复仇的妻子用刀捅死 |
| retaliate, retaliation/vengeance | retaliate /rɪˈtælɪˌeɪt/ retaliation **[ 向某人报仇 retaliate against sb; as retaliation for sth 作为xxx的报复 ]** 1. V-I If you retaliate when someone harms or annoys you, you do something which harms or annoys them in return. 报复 I was sorely tempted to retaliate. 我非常想报复。 The company would retaliate against employees who joined a union. 该公司将对加入工会的员工们进行报复。Police said they believed the attack was in retaliation for the death of the drug trafficker. 警方说他们认为这起袭击是为那个毒贩的死而实施的报复  e.g. The world's largest company Apple is suing Qulcomm for effectively holding it hostage. Apple filed a lawsuit against 提出控诉 Qualcomm, indicting it for withholding payments as retaliation for Apple who is cooperating with South Korean regulators that are investigating the chip supplier. However, South Korean disclaimed any knowledge of it 对xxx一无所知. //withhold sth = you hold it and don't give it to //disclaim knowledge of sth = don't know about it; disclaim responsibility for sth = claim that we're NOT responsible for 声明对xxx没有责任，免责声明 |
| 报复 | reprisal /rɪˈpraɪzəl/ CET6+ TEM8 1. N-VAR If you do something to a person in reprisal, you hurt or punish them because they have done something violent or unpleasant to you. 报复 e.g. "We really like Vladivostok," a North Korean worker told CNN ahead of the sanctions vote. "It would be bad if I can't work here anymore, it's very nice here, I can send money to my son." He did not give his name for fear of official reprisals on return to North Korea. e.g. There were fears that some of the Western hostages might be killed in reprisal. 人担心，一些西方人质可能会被报复杀害 |

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| 1. 屈尊去做什么 (表不满)　　　　 2. 对某人摆出高人一等的架子；对某人摆出居高临下的架子 | condescend /ˌkɒndɪˈsɛnd/ descend, descendant 后裔；子孙 => condescend V => condescending adj. 1. V-T If someone condescends to do something, they are normally reluctant to do it; but finally agree to do it, but in a way which shows that they think they are better, more superior, and more important than other people and should NOT have to do it. They think they deserve to do sth more important or more valuable 屈尊去做什么 (表不满) e.g. When he condescended to speak, he expressed impatience and refused to answer any questions. 当他屈尊讲话时，他表现出不耐烦 。e.g. The tech lead condesceneded to attend that meaningless seminar. 2. V-I If you say that someone condescends to other people, you are showing your disapproval of the fact that they behave in a way which shows that they think they are superior to other people. 摆出高人一等的架子; 用居高临下的架子  e.g Don't condescend to me 不要对我摆出高人一等的样子。e.g. As parents, don't condescend to your children. |
| 居高临下的, 表现摆出高人一等的出优越感的, | condescending [kɒndɪ'sendɪŋ] 居高临下的, 表现摆出高人一等的出优越感的  **[ 用高人一等的/居高临下的口吻对sb.说话 talk down to sb. ; talk down to sb in a condescending manner; 高人一等的态度 condescending attitude ]**  If you say that someone is condescending, you are showing your disapproval of the fact that they talk or behave in a way which shows that they think they are superior to other people, or more important or valueable than others. If you talk down to sb, you peak in a condescending [kɒndɪ'send] manner, as if to a child.  e.g Don’t talk down to coworkers in a condescending manner, including subordinates. 不要用居高临下的口吻和同事说话，包括下属  e.g. Even though you're the father, you shouldn't talk down to your kids in that condescending manner. e.g. I'm sick of your money and your whole condescending attitude. 我受够了你的钱和你整个高人一等的态度。 // If you talk down to sb, you peak in a condescending manner, as if to a child. [ 用高人一等的口气对sb.说话; 用居高临下的口吻和sb 说话 talk down to sb. ; talk down to sb in a condescending way ] |
| 你欠了我很大的人情 | You owe me a lot 你不知道这次你欠了我多大的人情 You don't know how big you owe me this time. //attribut xxx to 归因于 V.S. owe xxxx to sb 归功于 I owed my success to my family. |
| 我很不爽/生气 | 我很(非常）不爽/生气I'm totally pissed off. E.g. 我有一点不爽/生气 **I'm pissed off** a little bit. |
| 自动贩卖机，自动售货机 | **a vending machine:** a slot machine for selling goods; e.g Can you go to the lobby and buy some snacks, well, there are two **vending machines** in our building. E.g. Only 5 cents and 10 cents coins are accepted in this **vending machine.** |
| 我们并不熟 | We don't know each other, **really.** |
| 恕我直言/没有冒犯的意思 | **No offense sir/madam**, I don't agree with you. **With all my respect sir/madam,** I don't agree with you. E.g. **With all my respect,** I don’t think your proposal is feasible/viable. |
| 非常震惊 | **Blow out of the water** v. surprise greatly; knock someone's socks off //shocked, stunned, astonished |
| 凭借xxx, 据此, 凭此 | whereby = by which whereby /wɛəˈbaɪ/ A system or action whereby( by which) something happens is one that makes that thing happen. e.g. The company operates an working time arrangement whereby (by which 凭此 ) employees may select any 8-hour period between 6 a.m. to 8 p.m. to go to work. 该公司做出了一种安排，据此员工可以在.... e.g. We use the GPS system that is housed in 被安置在 your cellphone to catch the client's location data whereby(by which 凭此 ) coordinates can be calculated. //The airbag system is housed in被安置在… a lightweight vest worn under a race suit or ski clothes and is approved by the International Ski Federation |
| 开始着手做sth; 开始 | commence sth /kəˈmɛns/ = embark on sth When something commences or you commence it, it begins, you take the first step or steps in carrying out an action e.g. The academic year commences at the beginning of October. 该学年于10月初开始。e.g. They commenced/embarked on a systematic search. 他们开始了系统的搜查 e.g. Own a long vision of social impact and commence/embark on a small point. Care about the potential value in every detail and achieve the goal step by step. 怀着长远的改变社会的眼光，(开始着手)从小事做起。 |
| 毕业典礼 | 毕业典礼: commencement; Commencement is a ceremony at a university, college, or high school at which students formally receive their degrees or diplomas. **[ 毕业演讲 commencement speech/address :the speech that is addressed at the graduation ceremony. ]** e.g. President Bush gave the commencement address today at the University of Notre Dame. 发表了毕业典礼演说 e.g. During a commencement speech at Stanford University, Jobs said: "No one wants to die. And yet death is the destination we all share. 布斯在美国斯坦福大学发表毕业演讲时说：“xxx。” |
| 1) 开始着手做某事 2) 上船(飞机、车)，搭载(船只等): | **embark on sth [ɪm'bɑrk] = commence sth;**  e.g I've **embarked on/commenced** my own business. 我已经**开始着手做**自己的bussiness  e.g The **law enforcement official** 执法人员 have **embarked on/commenced** the investigation on Russa's **anti-doping 反兴奋剂** scandals. |
| 上船, 飞机、车  **[ embark on a ship/bus/plane/train V.S. disembark from a car/plane/train 下船(或飞机、汽车等) ]** e.g. W're gonna **embark on** a ship for America 乘船去美国  v.s. When passengers **disembark from** a ship, aeroplane, or bus, they leave it at the end of their trip. 着陆; 上岸; 下车 |
| 1. 下车(飞机, 船) 2. 着陆; 上岸 | disembark /ˌdɪsɪmˈbɑːk/ => N) disembarkation [dɪs,embɑː'keɪʃən]  **[ embark on a ship/bus/plane/train V.S. disembark from a car/plane/train 下船(或飞机、汽车等) ]**    1. [V-I](javascript:;)When passengers disembark from a ship, aeroplane, or bus, they leave it at the end of their trip. 着陆; 上岸; 下车  E.g. The passengers **disembarked from** the night flight. 乘客从夜班飞机上下来  e.g. In the horrible accident that United Air forced Dao to **disembark from the plane**, Dao repeatedly refuses to **disembark**, explaining he is a physician and must work in the morning. The **onlookers** said Dao was not **belligerent好战的/好斗的** and got only mildly upset when a second security officer arrived, demanding his **disembarkation from** the plane again. e.g. She said one passenger seated close to her had been **escorted** down to the aircraft's cargo area to give **insulin['ɪnsəlɪn] 胰岛素** to his **diabetic [daɪə'betɪk] 糖尿病的** pet dog in the hold by an air marshal. After almost four hours she was guided out in darkness after portable steps were found for them to **disembark/ˌdɪsɪmˈbɑːk/.**   1. [N-UNCOUNT](javascript:;) [disembarkation  [dɪs,embɑː'keɪʃən] e.g. Disembarkation is at 7:30 a.m. 着陆时间为早晨7点30分。n   e.g. In the horrible accident that United Air forced Dao to **disembark from the plane**, Dao repeatedly refuses to **disembark**, explaining he is a physician and must work in the morning. The **onlookers** said Dao was not **belligerent好战的/好斗的** and got only mildly upset when a second security officer arrived, demanding his **disembarkation from** the plane again. |
| V) 1. 否认知道xxx , 对xxx一无所知 2) 不承诺责任，免责声明; (声明不承担xxx责任) | disclaim /dɪsˈkleɪm/ => N) 不承诺，免责声明 disclaimer If you [ disclaim knowledge of something 否认知道xxx ] or [ disclaim responsibility for something 免责声明 (声明不承担xxx责任)], you say that you did not know about it or are not responsible for it. [ 对 xxx 一无所知 disclaim any knowledge of sth ] e.g. Her husband was indicted for bribery, corruption, and embezzlement挪用公款. She disclaims any knowledge of her husband's business. 她声称自己对<她丈夫的生意>一无所知 e.g. If the client wanted you to write landing page with their slogan, you’ll have to disclaim responsibility for what happens when it goes live. 如果客户要求你写一份登录网页，而且一定要带有他们的标语，你就必须要声明广告上线后的权责。 e.g. I will disclaim any responsibility for your actions. 对于你的行为我否认有任何的责任 |
| 里程数； 好处 | mileage /ˈmaɪlɪdʒ/  1. Mileage refers to the distance that you have travelled, measured in miles. (英里)里程 e.g. While most of their mileage may be in and around town, they still want motorways for longer trips. 2. The mileage of a vehicle is the number of miles that it can travel using one gallon or litre of fuel. (耗油1加仑或1升可行驶的) 英里里程 e.g. They are willing to pay up to $500 more for cars that get better mileage. 他们愿意多付$500来买单位汽油里程数更高的汽车。 [ mileage card ]  e.g. The fallout (bad consequence of sth, e.g. the fallout of U.S. election; the fallout of Brexit) is: in an email obtained by CNN, the airline told its passengers it was offering them $500 flight vouchers for reimbursement 报销, but only if they agreed not to sue the company. The incident repulsed many United customers, some protesting by cutting up their United mileage ['maɪlɪdʒ] cards(英里)里程.   3. ( figurative meaning) The mileage in a particular course of action is its usefulness in getting you what you want. 好处 e.g. It's obviously important to get as much mileage out of the convention as possible. 从契约中得到尽可能多的好处显然很重要 |
| 声明与sb/sth脱离/断绝关系 http://edition.cnn.com/2017/05/03/asia/north-korea-thae-yong-ho-family/index.html | disown sb = renounce with sb disown /dɪsˈəʊn/ If you disown someone or something, you say or show that you no longer want to have any connection or relationship with them or any responsibility for them. 声明与…脱离关系 e.g. The man who murdered the girl is no son of mine. I disown him/renounced with him 我声明和他脱离关系 e.g. Thae says he defected from North Korea for the sake of his family. His sister says it makes him a "rotten scumbag/wretch人渣" Thae, the former deputy ambassador at the North Korean embassy in the United Kingdom, became the highest-ranking defector. Thae's name has been erased as a caretaker on the family tombstone and his family back in North Korea has disowed him (= renounced with him ) 声明与sb/sth脱离关系 // a wretch 1) 不幸的人; 可怜的人 2) 人渣 scumbag 3) 坏蛋 asshole, dick, jerk |
| 1. (完美中的一丢丢） 瑕疵，毛病缺点 2 叛逃：背叛 http://edition.cnn.com/2017/05/03/asia/north-korea-thae-yong-ho-family/index.html | defect: is the lack of sth that is necessary or desirable for completion or perfection ((完美中的一丢丢） 瑕疵，毛病缺点) defect = deficiency 缺陷缺点, flaw (flawless 完美无暇), shortcoming, disadvantages [ a visual defect 视觉缺陷; appearance defect 外表缺陷; allowable defect 容许的缺陷; inborn/innate defects 先天性的缺陷; genetic defects 遗传的缺陷 ] eg the defects/flaws in the present education system 现行教育制度中的缺陷; eg Hone my tech skills to overcome my defects/flaws/deficiencies/shortcomings |
| defect = betray; defector=betrayer; defection 叛逃,背叛 To disown allegiance/loyalty to one's country and take up residence in another [ defect from sb/country: 背叛了sb/country defect to sb 叛向, 投奔(敌方等); a defector = a rebel = a betrayer 背叛者, 叛离者 ; defect from North Korea and defect to South Korea ] e.g. North Korea may send agents after a top diplomat who defected to South Korea recently, a defection expert told CNN. It's reported that this situation could lead to threats of retaliation/revenge from North Korea. South Korean spokesman said the diplomat left for the sake of his family (为了他的家庭起见）and because he was weary of/getting fed up with Kim Jong Un's regime and dictatorship/authoritarian system 专政独裁. e.g. Thae Yong Ho says he defected from North Korea for the sake of his family. His sister says it makes him a "rotten scumbag/wretch人渣" Thae, the former deputy ambassador at the North Korean embassy in the United Kingdom, became the highest-ranking defector. Thae's name has been erased as a caretaker on the family tombstone and his family back in North Korea has disowed him (= renounced with him ) // disown /dɪsˈəʊn/ If you disown someone or something = renounce with sb, you say or show that you no longer want to have any connection with them or any responsibility for them. 声明与sb/sth脱离关系 |
| 给 xxx 美化 | 1) To sanitize an activity or a situation that is unpleasant or unacceptable means to describe it in a way that makes it seem more pleasant or more acceptable. 给 xxx 美化 2) sanitize sth: 给…消毒；对…采取卫生措施 e.g. ...crime writers who sanitize violence and make it respectable. ...美化暴力并使其令人容易接受的犯罪小说家们 => sanitation: Sanitation is the process of keeping places clean and healthy, especially by providing a sewage system and a clean water supply. (尤指通过提供排污系统和洁净水源的) 公共卫生 V.S. hygiene: is the practice of keeping yourself and your surroundings clean, especially in order to prevent illness or the spread of diseases. 卫生 e.g. Be extra careful about personal hygiene. 要特别注意个人卫生 |
| (通过威慑)来 阻止sb. | deter /dɪˈtɜː/, deterrent (adj) deter someone from doing something means to prevent people from doing something by making them afraid of what will happen to them if they do it, such as by threat, intimidation, or PR tricks公关伎俩 E.g. Supporters of the death penalty/capital punishment argue that it would deter criminals from carrying guns. 死刑可以阻止罪犯携带枪支 e.g. South Korea and U.S., the strong coalition league, were practicing military drill 军演 near Peninsula island, in order to deter DPRK from testing their nuclear weapons. (通过威慑)来 阻止sb. |
| N) 威慑物; 威慑性武器;　核威慑武器 | deterrent n) [di'terənt] 1. N) A deterrent is something that prevents/deters people from doing something by making them afraid of what will happen to them if they do it. (试图吓到别人的）威慑物 e.g. They seriously believe that capital punishment/death penalty is a deterrent. 他们坚信死刑是一种威慑手段。 2. N) A deterrent is a weapon or set of weapons designed to prevent enemies from attacking by making them afraid to do so. 威慑性武器 [ a deterrent policy 威慑政策; deterrent power 威慑力量; deterrent weapons 威慑性武器; a nuclear deterrent 核威慑武器 ] e.g.. The idea of building a nuclear deterrent is completely off the political agenda. 制造核威慑武器的意见完全不在政治议程中 e.g Indian has rectified/amended修正 its laws to broaden the definition of rape to include any form of penetration. But still brings the question to the forefront again: Is India doing enough to protect women? Is it creating a strong enough deterrent[di'terənt] 威慑 for crimes against women? e.g. The 威慑政策deterrent policy in Qing dynasty deterred the loyals from bringing up the advisory suggestions. |
| 听从(专家, 大牛，医生　)的愿望, 决定，建议; | defer to sb [ 听从专家的意见 defer to experts; 听从技术大牛的意见 defer to the technical savvy ] If you defer to someone, you accept their opinion or do what they want you to do, even when you do not agree with it yourself, because you respect them or their authority. (出于尊敬他本人或由于承认他的权威、学识或判断力)听从某人的愿望,决定,建议 e.g. Doctors are encouraged to **defer to experts.** 鼓励医生们 **听从专家的意见** eg Hi Kathleen, for #pragma pack, I **defer it to you.** What do you think is best for us to do for this pragma? 　e.g. Since F is so good at API knowledge, so I **defer it to F.** |
| If you defer an event or action, you arrange for it to happen at a later date, rather than immediately or at the previously planned time, defer an event/action = delay 推迟; e.g. Customers often defer payment for as long as possible. 顾客们经常尽可能地推迟付款 e.g. Our manager defers my PBC discussion to next month. |
|  | metropolitan V.S. cosmopolitan \*Metropolitan means belonging to or typical of a large, busy city. 大都会的; ...the metropolitan district of Miami. …迈阿密的大都会区。 ...a dozen major metropolitan hospitals. …12家主要的大都会医院 \* cosmopolitan /ˌkɒzməˈpɒlɪtən/ 1. ADJ A cosmopolitan place or society is full of people from many different countries and cultures. 世界性的表赞许 ...a cosmopolitan city is normally just a "concrete jungle" with numerous fancy skycrapers..…一个国际化都市。 2. ADJ Someone who is cosmopolitan has had a lot of contact with people and things from many different countries and as a result is very open to different ideas and ways of doing things. 见多识广的表赞许 e.g The family is rich, and extremely sophisticated and cosmopolitan. 这个家庭殷实富足，深谙世故，又见多识广。 |
| 手工精酿啤酒 | **[ craft beer： 手工酿造的啤酒; craft wine: 手工酿造的葡萄酒]** e.g. I like **craft beer** 我喜欢**手工酿造的啤酒** (http://money.cnn.com/2017/07/13/smallbusiness/wine-retail-millennial/index.html) |
| 1. (优质葡萄酒的) 生产年份和地点; (特定年份酿造的) 葡萄酒 2.老式的 (汽车或飞机) 3.老式而优质的 (衣物, 家具, 照片) | vintage /ˈvɪntɪdʒ/  1. (优质葡萄酒的) 生产年份和地点 **[The vintage of a good quality wine]** is the year and place that it was made before being stored in **wine cellars酒窖** to improve it. You can also use **vintage(特定年份酿造的) 葡萄酒** to refer to the wine that was made in a certain year. e.g. This wine is from one of the two best **vintages** of the decade in this region. 是近十年来葡萄产量最好的两个年份之一生产的佳酿。 2. 优质的 (葡萄酒)  **[Vintage wine]** is good quality wine that has been stored in **wine cellars酒窖** for several years in order to improve its quality and enhance taste  **[ vintage wine:优质的葡萄酒; vintage port: 优质的波尔图葡萄酒]**  e.g. If you can buy only one case at auction, it should be **vintage port.** 优质的波尔图葡萄酒。  3.  **[ Vintage cars= antique cars老式的汽车/古董汽车； vintage airplanes = antique airplanes**] are old but are admired because they are considered to be the best of their kind. 老式的 (汽车或飞机 ) e.g. The museum will have a permanent exhibition of 60 **vintage racing cars (antique cars)**. 这家博物馆将永久展出60辆 老式汽车和赛车。 4. **老式而优质的 (衣物, 家具, 照片) [ vintage clothing, furniture, photo ]** is old or secondhand, but usually of good quality, sort of antiques( 古董) ) e.g. ...collectors of vintage clothing.…古装 收藏者 e.g. Thomas Ruff's **vintage photo**s of forgotten Hollywood actresses |
| 葡萄酒厂 V.S. 啤酒厂 | o wine => winery /ˈwaɪnərɪ/ A winery is a place where wine, red wine or white wine, is made. 葡萄酒厂 V.S. **vinery /ˈvaɪnərɪ/ 葡萄温室** o brew 酿酒/泡茶 => brewery /ˈbrʊərɪ/: A brewery is a place where beer is made. 啤酒厂 |
| 酒窖 | wine cellar : an underground room where wine is stored to keep it at the right temperature, , to guarantee its high quality and taste e.g. **[ The vintage of a good quality wine ((优质葡萄酒的) 生产年份和地点 ]**  is the year and place that it was made before being stored in **wine cellars酒窖** to improve it. You can also use **vintage** (特定年份酿造的) 葡萄酒 to refer to the wine that was made in a certain year. e.g.  **[Vintage wine 优质的 (葡萄酒)]** is good quality wine that has been stored in **wine cellars酒窖** for several years in order to improve its quality and enhance taste e.g. If you can buy only one case at auction, it should be vintage port. 就应该是优质的波尔图葡萄酒。 |
| (为酿酒而建的〕葡萄园 | (为酿酒而建的〕葡萄园: vineyard: a piece of land where **grapevines葡萄树/藤** are grown in order to produce wine . e.g.An estate and **vineyard** owned by Rupert Murdoch also suffered some damage. The **media mogul媒体大亨,** Murdoch, said in a statement: "We believe the **winery( 葡萄酒厂)** and house are still intact." The Los Angeles Times said Mr Murdoch paid nearly $30m (£22m) for the property four years ago. |
| 葡萄温室 | vintage => vinery a hothouse for growing grapes 葡萄温室 |
| 1。 葡萄藤 2。从传闻听到某事, 从小道消息听来/道听途说来的 | **vine or grapevine: ['ɡreɪpvaɪn]**  1. (figurative meaning) **从传闻听到某事, 从小道消息听来/道听途说来的 [ hear sth on the grapevine/through the grapevine]** to hear about something because the information has been passed from one person to another in conversation  e.g. I heard about his resignation on/through the grapevine. 他辞职的事, 我是从小道消息听来的。 2. (literal meaning) a climbing plant on which grapes grow 葡萄藤 |
| 控制火势 | 控制火势 V-T If you contain something, eps wildfires, you control it and prevent it from spreading or increasing. 控制; 阻止 **[控制火势 contain the fire; 控制森林大火的火势contain the wildfire; contain the strong blazes ]** e.g. More than a hundred firemen are still trying to contain the fire at the plant. 在努力 控制工厂火势 e.g. In Bel-Air on Wedn esday, firefighters were seen removing artwork from a magnificent华丽的；宏伟的 mansion as they attempted to contain the fire控制火势. Another blaze north of Los Angeles, was also only 5% contained and covered some 12,600 acres. But it has only destroyed four buildings in the more sparsely populated area. |
| 酷热的; 灼热的 （酷暑; 酷热的天气)/ 大热天； 以飞快速度驾车的人；尖酸刻薄的话 | Scorching or scorching hot weather or temperatures are very hot indeed. 酷热的; 灼热的; scorcher: a person or thing that scorches （因为太热）烤焦的人或东西 [ scorching heat; scorching summer 酷暑; scorching weather酷热的天气; such a scorcher: 大热天； 以飞快速度驾车的人；尖酸刻薄的话 ] e.g. That relay-race接力赛 was run in scorching weather. See the fiery/ˈfaɪərɪ/ red sun 在酷热的天气里进行的 , 看那“火红的”太阳 e.g. Shatter/break the temperature record 打破记录 - It's so hot in the West that the scorching灼热的 heat is breaking/shattering records(打破记录), causing massive power outages and prompting flight cancellations. It was such a scorcher大热天! Because of the record-breaking/shattering temperature(创纪录的), the heat could've been a factor as four lanes of Highway began to buckle 皮带扣,变弯曲 on Sunday. Drivers reported the giant cracks/fissures [木] 裂缝；裂 forming on the road and the lanes were repaired. Las Vegas was also scorching灼热的 and tied an all-time/unprecedented record史无前例的 high at 117 degrees Fahrenheit on Tuesday. e.g. Last January, the Met Office announced that it believed this year would, indeed, be a record-breaking scorcher. 是创纪录的 大热天。 // shatter the record = break the record 打破记录; record-breaking = record-shattering |
| 1. sb被天生赋予（财富、健康） 2. 资助(一个项目， 一个学金项目) | endow /ɪnˈdaʊ/ => **endowment** 1. V-T You say that sb. is endowed /ɪnˈdaʊ/ with a particular desirable ability/characteristic/strong health/rich wealth or possession when they have it by chance or by birth. Sb被天生赋予（某种能力， 财富、健康，和敏锐的智力） e.g. You **are endowed with** wealth, good health and a lively intellect. 你 天生赋有 财富、健康，和敏锐的智力。 2. V-T If you endow something with a particular feature or quality, you provide it with that feature or quality. 赋予sth 某种特征或品质 e.g. Herbs have been used for centuries to endow a whole range of foods with subtle flavours. 香草几个世纪以来一直被用来 赋予各种食品 细腻的味道(subtle flavour)。 3. V-T If sb. **endows an institution/a scholarship/a project**, they provide a large amount of money that will produce the income needed to pay for it, endow = sponsor 资助(一个项目， 一个学金项目) => n) **endowment n)资助赞助** e.g. The ambassador has endowed a $1 million public-service fellowships programme. 大使 资助 了一个100万美元的学金项目。 e.g. Beijing's arts scene has traditionally **dwarfed** (使变的矮小）those found other Chinese cities, but Shanghai's municipal government has long been **cultivating the city's image** as a cultural hub. In their latest "Five-Year Plan," Shanghai authorities established the West Bund Group, a state-owned enterprise with an approximately $90 million **endowment** to develop a new arts district. |
| [美国俚语] (为别人)受责备, 受惩罚 | take the rap; take the rap for sb. E.g. LiKeQiang, he's got probably the worst job in China. The premier is always going to be taking the rap for other stuffs (为别人)受责备, 受惩罚. E.g. When these things go wrong , the government tends to take the rap. 政府总是会 受到指责 |
| 使成为sb..替罪羊; 替罪羊 | goat; scapegoat => [ make a scapegoat of sb; become a scapegoat of sb 使成为sb..替罪羊 ] Sb did sth wrong and should be blamed; however, you acknowledge that you did that wrongs and claimed responsibility for faults, just in order to cover that culprit/perpetrator 犯人元凶 and take the rap for that person((为别人)受责备, 受惩罚); A scapegoat is sb. that is made to bear/affort the blame of others, taking the rap for others ((为别人)受惩罚). e.g. Jack committed the crime, but made a falsification of facts (篡改事实) in the court. His rich father made a bribery and let sb. else to claim the responsibility for the crime and become a scapegoat of his son (使成为sb..替罪羊), which means that person just took the rap for Jack ( (为别人)受责备, 受惩罚). //犯人元凶 culprit or perpetrator: sb who did sth wrong or committed the crime |
| **pervert/ 变态 色鬼（美俚）** |
| 精心设计, 精心安排（一个 activity, meeting, party） | orchestrate sth ['ɔːkɪstreɪt]: plan and direct (a complex undertaking) meticulously( /mɪˈtɪkjʊləs/认真细致; 一丝不苟) and carefully [ 精心设计了这个阴谋: orchestrate this plot/scheme/conspiracy; 精心设计了这个求婚 orchestrate this proposal party; orchestrate this vital meeting ]　e.g. We, DP ID team, orchestrated an amazing birthday party for VV. e.g. The criminals, with their accessories同谋/accompolices, orchestrated this plot/conspiracy/scheme to compromise/destroy the national security 精心设计 了这个阴谋来 危害国土安全. 　 e.g. I'm not sure whether it is a stunt噱头 that was orchestrated intentionally. e.g. The meetings between Chinese top-hand premier Li and his counterpart in U.S. have been meticulously /mɪˈtɪkjʊləs/ orchestrated and choreographed. //If you describe someone as meticulous /mɪˈtɪkjʊləs/, you mean that they do things very carefully and with great attention to detail.认真细致; 一丝不苟 |
| 一批 (人，学生，新生］，一堆 | a crop of = a group of ［ a crop of new students 一批新生; a crop of veterans 一批退伍军人 ] e.g.A crop of new students will attend the vocational training（ 职业培训 ） 一批新生参加 职业培训 e. g. "A more democratic and accountable system of government (would) help strengthen those rights and freedoms, including academic freedom and freedom of expression," This week, a new session of Hong Kong's legislative council was sworn in宣誓就职, amid gestures of defiance from a new crop of young lawmakers (一批), several of which had their oaths of allegiance宣誓忠诚 rejected after inserting curse words诅咒的词汇 and displaying a flag with the slogan "Hong Kong is not China." e.g. A crop of veterans一批退伍军人 are encouraged to attend induction training (新人员) 就职培训; 就业培训 so that they would be qualified to work in specific areas. // 向sb.宣誓忠诚 pledge allegiance to sb./ swear allegiance to sb => oaths of allegiance. //defy, defiance is behaviour or an attitude which shows that you are not willing to obey someone, especially with disrespect 违抗; 蔑视 //induction training：(新人员) 就职培训; 就业培训 //vocational training: 职业培训 |
| 大量的（e.g. electric gadgets, toys) | a considerable number of = tons of = loads of = a slew[sluː] of sth e.g. The annual retail mega-event, well-known as Black Fri., began in many stores Thanksgiving evening and will continue well into Friday, with sales and deals throughout the weekend. The top-selling items, Adobe says, include a slew of[sluː] electronics and toys, like iPads, electric scooters (small motor) and Lego sets乐高积木. // [ mega-event; mega-event report 重大事件报道/盛事报道 ] |
| 1使(汽)侧滑 2. 大量的 | slew /sluː/ (slewing,slewed,slews) 1. V-T/V-I If a vehicle slews or is slewed across a road, it slides across it. 使(汽)侧滑 e.g. The bus slewed sideways.公共汽车滑到了一边。 e.g. He slewed the car against the side of the building. 他把车滑到了大楼的一侧。 4. A slew of things is a large number of them = a considerable number of = tons of = loads of 许多; 大量 e.g. There have been a whole slew of shooting incidents. 已经发生过 大量 枪击案。 |
| 一群/成群的(people, animal, e.g. bee) ； 蜂群 | swarm: A large number of insects ( esp. bees 蜂) or other small organisms, **especially when in motion or in chaos**一大群; An aggregation of persons or animals, especially when in turmoil or moving in mass: 一大群(人或动物)：尤指**处于骚乱中或成群出动**的一大批喧闹的人或动物  N. [ swarms of people = throngs of people; swarms of bees V.S. a throng of people V.S. a flock of birds V.S. herds of cattles/horses/sheeps]  eg A **swarm of friends** congratulated his's birthday 蜂涌 而至 祝贺他  e.g. Over the past week, the Keleti station had become a focal point of the crisis **engulfing/devouring 吞噬** parts of Europe as an unprecedented/all-time **swarms of people/a throng of people成群** -- mostly **influx of refugees**洪水一般涌入的难民fleeing conflict in Syria and Afg(h)anistan, the **war-ravaged/torn nation战争蹂躏的国家** -- seek to reach Western Europe and **quest for** **political asylum (政治庇佑, asylum seeker)**. |
| **[ V. swarm into place 蜂拥而入; 蜂涌 而至 ]**  e.g. People **swarmed into the cinema.** 人们**蜂涌**进电影院。  E.g. The **influx of refugees** from Afganistan **swarmed into** the **makeshift shelter** established near the nation border.  e.g. More than 170 ships and more than 500 divers have **swarmed into** the ferry site(蜂涌而至), though they are hampered/hindered/impeded/stonewalled by relentless/brutal无情的 **monsoon rains季风雨**, **whipping winds强风** and thick fog in addition to strong currents and frigid/cold waters. |
| [ a place is swarmed with (people, animals 某个地方充满/挤满了成群的(人，昆虫) ] e.g. The beach is swarmed with bathers['beiðə] (入浴者) 海滩 满是成群的 海水浴的人。 e.g. The garden was swarmed with bees. 蜜蜂在花园里 成群地 飞来飞去。 //bather ['beiðə] (江河湖海中的)游泳者；洗海(或河、湖)水澡者; [用复数] [澳大利亚口语] 游泳衣，泳 |
| 一大群(害虫) | 一大群害虫(slang) a plague of sth is a swar[m o]f insects that attack plants or crops, destroying the harvest. [一大群蝗虫 a plague of grasshoppers; a plague of locusts ['ləʊkəst] eg A plague of grasshoppers have descended on farmlands in southern Russia, devouring[di'vauə]/engulfing entire fields of crops. |
| 成群的 （鸟 /牛羊马， 人) | 成群的 flocks of birds; swarms of bees; |
| herds of horses/sheeps/cows/cattles; e.g. The wrangler/cowboy ['ræŋɡlə]牧马人 is managing herds of horses on the ranch大农场牧场 e.g. A ranch 大牧场,农场 is an extensive farm, especially in the western United States, on which large herds of cattle, sheep, or horses are raised. e.g With no natural predators食肉动物 on the island, the herds of cows increased rapidly |
| a throng of people = A throng is a large crowd of people. 一大群人 // V.S.  **thong /θɒŋ/ wear a thong 丁字裤; wear thongs 人字/十字拖鞋** |
| (1.蚁群 2.团队协作)) | • Learning from ant colony(1.蚁群 2.团队协作)) Its latest project – BionicANTs([baɪ'ɑnɪk]仿生学的),BionicButterfly,BionicLizard, all mimic/imitate nature to find solutions to the problems thrown up by the coordination and logistics necessary to carry out mechanical robotic tasks. "With all of our products we want to show how innovative technical ideas can facilitate the future of work and how principles from nature can change and improve industries".  Its prototype artificial BionicANTs([baɪ'ɑnɪk]仿生学的), meanwhile, takes its cue from the deeply hierarchical and highly organized world of the ant colony(1.蚁群 2.团队协作)."  Our ants are able to communicate with a network on their own. Working together they can achieve things they could not do by themselves," he said. "This cooperative behavior provides interesting approaches for the factory of tomorrow." With greater flexibility and individuality demanded of automation in the future, the ants, he said, show how a networked group can communicate with each other while at the same time take orders at a higher control level. At the core of the research is swarm technology; the study of how large groups/swarms such as swarms of bees, swarms of ants and butterflies can act in concert as a group but at the same time maintain enough individual volition to avoid collision. //Bionic baɪ'ɑnɪk] 仿生学的；利用仿生学的products are leading to new ideas about how industrial processes could work. |
| 模糊不清的一团东西 | blob /blɒb/  1. A blob of thick or sticky liquid is a small, often round, amount of it. (粘稠的) 一滴; 一团 e.g. ...a blob of chocolate mousse. …一团巧克力奶油冻。 2. You can use blob to refer to something that you cannot see very clearly, for example because it is in the distance. 模糊不清的一团东西 e.g. You could just see vague blob[s o]f faces. 看到 一张张 模模糊糊/模糊不清的脸。 e.g. Android has also recently redesigned its emoji. Its previous emoji were criticized for looking like blobs of faces. |
| 高抬贵手 | [ idiomatic expression 地道的表达 ]  1. give someone a pass 高抬贵手 2. Give sb a free pass 开恩 |
| derivative [dɪ'rɪvətɪv] from "phobia" | **n)排外，对外国人的强烈恐惧或憎恨 xeno'phobia, xeno'phobic or zenop'hobia/,zenə'fəʊbiə/;** Xenophobia is the unreasoned fear of that which is perceived to be foreign or strange. |
| **幽闭恐惧症 claustro’phobia [‚klɔːstrə'fəʊbiə], claustrophobic:** a strong fear of being in a small enclosed space or in a situation that limits what you can do  **V.S. 旷野恐怖症; 广场恐怖症 agora’phobia /ˌæɡərəˈfəʊbɪə/**, agora’phobic: agora’phobia is the fear of open or public places.  e.g. I get claustro’phobic in elevators. 我在电梯里就会感到幽闭恐怖。a claustrophobic atmosphere 幽闭恐怖的气氛 e.g. Unless you're a doctor or therapist, agora’phobia to the average person will make no sense. 普通人对广场恐怖症将无法理解。 e.g.Depression (9 percent), generalized anxiety disorder (9 percent), PTSD (6 percent), and agora’phobia(6 percent) were the most common new diagnoses. 抑郁（9%），泛焦虑症（9%），PTSD（post-tramatic stress disorder 6%），和广场恐惧症（6%）是最普遍的新的症状。 |
| **acro’phobia; acro’phobic** /ˌækrəˈfəʊbɪə/ N abnormal fear or **dread o**f being at a great height 恐高症 |
| 一闪即逝的(微笑; 时刻；什么东西) | fleeting: [usually before noun,一般用于名词前] lasting for only a short time 短暂的，飞逝的; 一闪即逝的 •a fleeting smile 一闪即逝的微笑 •For one fleeting moment , Paula allowed herself to forget her troubles. 就在这一片刻，葆拉让自己暂时忘却了烦恼。 •I caught a fleeting glimpse of them as they drove past. 我瞥见他们驱车一闪而过。 •Carol was paying a fleeting visit to Paris. 卡罗尔在巴黎短暂停留。 e.g. A rainbow may be a wondrous sight but for most people it's also a fairly **fleeting/very quick one.** |
| 由于(宗教)派系差别所导致的(暴力, 冲突) | sectarian /sɛkˈtɛərɪən/ ADJ Sectarian means resulting from the differences between different religions.由于(宗教)派系差别所导致的(暴力, 冲突) **[ (宗教)派系暴力: the sectarian violence; (宗教)派系冲突the sectarian conflict ]** e.g. He was the fifth person to be killed in sectarian violence last week. 他是上周派系暴力的第5个遇害者。 e.g. The police said the murder was sectarian. 一起派系谋杀。 e.g. It is concerned this could undermine/compromise/destroy fundamentally the 1998 peace treaty - the Good Friday Agreement that brought an end to 30 years of sectarian conflict(宗教)派系冲突in Northern Ireland. |
| 议会多数党领袖 | **[ chief whip ]**  Mrs Foster was invited to hold talks with Mrs May in London on Tuesday, but the party's Westminster leader met the government's **chief whip议会多数党领袖** instead **[ House of common]** e.g. she does not have a majority to win votes in the House of Commons |
| **STOP 1. 详细阐述xxx ; 2. 精心,周密制作的(plan, rule, policy…) /煞费苦心的** | v) 作出更多详细说明, 详细阐述xxx elaborate on sth = **shed light on sth**= If you elaborate on something that has been said, you say more about it, or give more details so that audiences can get much clear understanding about it, esp. to avoid confusion or ambiguity 作详细阐述; add details, as to an account or idea, describe sth at length, in details ; clarify the meaning of and discourse in a learned way, usually in writing. e.g. A spokesman declined to elaborate on a statement that was released by Berminghan Palace late yesterday about King's scandal. |
| adj) 精心周密制作的； 煞费苦心制作的 (plan, rule, policy) [ an elaborate plan, an elaborate proposal; an elaborate/orchestrated setup ] e.g. "The MH370 captain's flight simulator showed someone had plotted a course, aka, the flying lane/path飞行航线 to the southern Indian Ocean," a spokesman confirmed to CNN. He did not elaborate on详细阐述 who may have plotted/conspired密谋策划 this route. Although/even though/whereas small pieces of debris, some flotsam and jetsam, believed to be from the plane have been washed ashore in various places, the bulk of the fuselage机身 still has not been found. Last week New York magazine reported that files created just weeks before the ill-fated MH370 flight, which never arrived in Beijing as scheduled, were discovered on the captain's home flight simulator, an elaborate/orchestrated setup 周密精心的设置 that the pilot had used in his downtime. Sakinab, the captain's sister, continues to defend him amid the reports that he took the plane down in an elaborate精心制作的/煞费苦心的 murder-suicide. "He's been made a scapegoat/goat替罪羊 from the beginning. // 替罪羊: goat; scapegoat； 航海航线 the shipping lane; the flying path/lane; 机身 fuselage; 失事船只残骸: flotsam and jetsam; 非工作的休息时间: during the downtime = spare time 消遣时间; |
| vt. 精心/周密制作（plan, rule, policy, xxx) elaborate a plan/rule/policy V.S. = orchestrate sth（美）精心安排 (party, meeting) If you elaborate a plan or theory, you develop it by making it more complicated and more effective. 周密制定; 精心制作 e.g. His task was to elaborate policies that would make a market economy compatible with a clean environment. 他的任务是 精心/周密地制定能够让市场经济适合于无污染的环境的政策 e.g. to elaborate his plans for a new apps 精心设计一个计划 // orchestrate sth（美）精心安排 (party, meeting) e.g. The meetings between two presidents have been carefully orchestrated精心安排 and choreographed 精心设计. symphony orchestra 交响乐; e.g. We, DP ID team, orchestrated/elaborate an amazing birthday party for VV. |
| 详细阐明xxx,使某事更为清楚, 使人避免困惑和歧义 | **Shed light on sth = elaborate on sth = throw light on:**  when you're introducing or explaining sth, you try to add more details to elaborate on it 详细阐述, particularly clarify ir to make it clear from confusion or ambiguity歧义  e.g. The ultimate aim of this research is to **shed light on/elaborate on** current leisure and employment patterns and to add to the overall body of academic literature in the field of leisure studies.  e.g. My commitment to the cause of stopping the exploitation of children was born from a humbling experience. In 2002, I witnessed the horrors of human trafficking as we rescued three trembling girls living on the impoverished/poor/run-down streets of India. Since then, I knew my foundation must **shed light on 阐明,使某事更为清楚** this taboo [tə'buː] subject(禁忌话题). In 2004, we launched People for Children that is a principal project that is endowed/sponsored by Premier, to provide education and solutions for international efforts to eliminate child trafficking  // If sb. endows an institution/a scholarship/a project, they provide a large amount of money that will produce the income needed to pay for it. 资助(一个项目， 一个学金项目)  2. It will be a year or two before climate scientists publish definitive analyses of the Russian heat wave and the Pakistani floods, which might shed a light on/elaborate on the role of climate change, if any. 这可能有利于阐明气候变化在这些事件中扮演的角色 //intrigue sb's interest = arouse or pique sb's interest = stimulate |
| 多点的； adj. 薄弱的；精神不定的 | dotty ['dɒtɪ] 美 ['dɑti] 多点的； adj. 薄弱的；精神不定的 |
| 一种菜籽油 | canola [kə'nəʊlə] 美 [kə'nolə] n. 一种菜籽油 [ canola oil ] canola or canola oil is a type of vegetable oil used in cooking. 芥花籽油 e.g. "Along with nuts, olive oil and canola oil, the fat content in avocados are predominantly monounsaturated fat, which is responsible for many ... health benefits," he said. "Avocados also contain other nutrients including B vitamins, vitamin E, vitamin C, copper and fiber, which add to their health benefits. They have a higher potassium content than bananas." |
| 控制火势 | 控制火势 V-T If you contain something, eps wildfires, you control it and prevent it from spreading or increasing. 控制; 阻止 **[控制火势 contain the fire; 控制森林大火的火势contain the wildfire; contain the strong blazes ]** e.g. More than a hundred firemen are still trying to contain the fire at the plant. 在努力 控制工厂火势 e.g. In Bel-Air on Wedn esday, firefighters were seen removing artwork from a magnificent华丽的；宏伟的 mansion as they attempted to contain the fire控制火势. Another blaze north of Los Angeles, was also only 5% contained and covered some 12,600 acres. But it has only destroyed four buildings in the more sparsely populated area. |
| 对xxx产生危险 | **[ pose a peril to sth; pose a hazard to sth ]**  e.g. Former Director of National Intelligence said "State of the Union" that Trump's **downplaying** of the threat posed by Russia's **meddling in多管闲事**  last year's election was dangerous to US national security and allows countries like Russia and China to "play" the President.  Speaking alongside Brennan, Clapper said: "The threat posed by Russia, as John just said, is **manifest and obvious(plain and easy to see)**. To try to paint it in any other way is, I think,in fact, **poses a peril/hazard to** this country." |
| 码头; 埠头; 顺岸式码头; 停泊所 | quay **[kiː] : is** a place in a town or village where boats can be tied up or can stop to load and unload goods  码头; 埠头; 顺岸式码头; 停泊所  **[ Clark Quay 克拉码头 in Singapore ]; marginal quay[kiː]: 顺岸式码头; quay[kiː] crane 港岸起重机码头; quay wall岸壁；码头岸壁** e.g. The vessel anchored alongside the quay. 船靠码头抛了锚。 e.g. And this is the quay of Vladivostok海参葳的码头 and a submarine beside it that now serves as a museum.  e.g. Near Clark Quay [kiː] 码头, every evening, there are lots of strollers 散步者/闲逛者 on the promenade 晚在滨海大道散步的人散步者 //stroller: 1.baby stroller/pram; 2 someone who is strolling around some nice place with pleasure 散步者；闲逛者 |
| 吉尼斯世界纪录大全 | Guinness /'ɡinis/ 《吉尼斯世界纪录大全》**[the Guinness World Records]** If confirmed, it would shatter the previous record for the longest-lasting rainbow, set in Yorkshire, England, on 14 March 1994. That rainbow was recorded as lasting six hours, from 09:00 to 15:00, according to **the Guinness World Records**. "When we broke the previous record after passing six hours, I was hardly able to stay seated for lunch; it was around lunchtime. I was so excited; I wanted to make sure we captured the rainbow. But then it did something even more incredible; it went on to beat the previous record by another three hours!"  The professors and department were ready to capture the rainbow because they had recorded a rainbow lasting about six hours the previous Monday, Prof Chou said. The department is now gathering all the evidence to apply fo**r the Guinness record.** |
| 不真诚／不切实际的)空谈／夸夸其谈, 〔尤指〕花言巧语，浮夸之词 | • rhetoric ['retərɪk]  １. [ 华而不实的政治空谈political rhetoric; 关于改革的空谈: the rhetoric of reform]  rhetoric: 不真诚／不切实际的)空谈／夸夸其谈, 〔尤指〕花言巧语，浮夸之词 is a language that is used to persuade or influence people, especially language that only sounds impressive, compelling/cogent (strongly persuasively) but is not actually sincere or useful. E.g. That clichés/platitudes of speech were dismissed by some people as merely political rhetoric. 有些人认为这场只是 华而不实的政治空谈。 e.g. The politician just addressed a cliché/platitude of speech陈词滥调的演讲, which is just the rhetoric of reform 关于改革的空谈  e.g. Russian President Vladimir Putin's spokesman said: "Such constructive statements impress us far more than the confrontational **political rhetoric 华而不实的空谈**that we have heard up to now. This statement is not **pious['paɪəs] 对宗教信仰虔诚的/虚伪的(演讲/谈话)/不太可能实现的愿望** any more." ２. Rhetoric is the art of speaking or writing to persuade or influence people（用来说服／影响别人的）修辞学 ＝>[rhetorical question: [+ of] a question to which no answer is required: used esp for dramatic effect. An example is “Who knows?” (with the implication Nobody knows) 不必回答, 只为加强语气及效果的反问. Rhetorical questions are usually delivered in a flat tone, with falling intonation at the end.   e.g.  Whose idea was this? It's awful.  What were they thinking? That'll never work/That’s not going to **fly**.  Why would they consider that? That's not going to **fly**. **= not feasible/viable, unworkable**  e.g.  A) Whose idea was this? B): Who knows? ( a rhetorical question, with falling intonation at the end |
| 喧宾夺主，抢了sb 风头 (使sb相形见绌; 使xxxx 黯然失色  ) | **upstage sb. /steal sb's thunder** = If someone upstages you, they draw attention away from you by being more attractive or interesting.  e.g. I didn't show up in your birthday party coz I don't wanna steal your thunder/upstage you E.g. Well, the bridesmaid/the maid of honor is strikingly beautiful that she completely steals the bride's thunder in the sumptuous奢华的 wedding party. //bride-to-be: 准新娘; groom-to-be:准新郎 //sumptuous: ['sʌm(p)tjʊəs] is grand and obviously very expensive with luxury taste |
| (灭了sb的火/威风)=> 使sb相形见绌; 使xxxx 黯然失色 | extinguisher灭火器; extinguish sb: to obscure; eclipse sb.  eg **She was extinguished/eclipsed** by her sister. 她的妹妹 **使她相形见绌** |
| 使sb/sth 黯然失色 | eclipse /ɪˈklɪps/  1. N-COUNT An eclipse of the sun is an occasion when the moon is between the earth and the sun, so that for a short time you cannot see part or all of the sun. An eclipse of the moon is an occasion when the earth is between the sun and the moon, so that for a short time you cannot see part or all of the moon. (日、月) 食 ...an eclipse of the sun. …一次日食。 ...the solar eclipse on May 21. …5月21日的日食。 2. V-T If one thing is eclipsed by a second thing that is bigger, newer, or more important than it, the first thing is no longer noticed because the second thing gets all the attention. 使sb/sth 黯然失色 e.g. ...the space programme has been **eclipsed/extinguished by** other desperate needs. …这项太空计划和其他的紧迫需要相比 已经黯然失色 了。 |
| 因自身巨大而〕使显得矮小，使相形见绌 | dwarf [dwɔːf] n. 侏儒，矮子 vt. 使矮小 adj. 矮小的 复数 dwarfs或dwarves 1. an imaginary creature that looks like a small short man 小矮人〔虚构的人物〕Snow White and the Seven Dwarfs 《白雪公主和七个小矮人》 2. a person who is a dwarf has not continued to grow to the normal height because of a medical condition. Many people think that this use is offensive. 矮子，侏儒〔许多人认为这一用法具有冒犯性〕 →white dwarf 3. a dwarf plant or animal is much smaller than the usual size 〔植物或动物〕矮生的 a dwarf conifer 矮生针叶树 v) dwarf sb/sth: to be so big that other things are made to seem very small 〔**因自身巨大而〕使显得矮小，使相形见绌** e.g. The cathedral is dwarfed by the surrounding skyscrapers. 周围的摩天大楼使得大教堂显得很矮小 |
| "on the wire" | This refers to how the XML representing parameters is defined **on the wire.** 表示参数的 XML "在通信线路上" 是如何定义的。 The services can insert and retrieve XML as escaped strings or as actual XML **on the wire.**  这些服务可以以转义字符串或实际 XML 的形式 在线路上 插入和检索 XM |
| (教堂) 唱诗班 | choir [kwaɪə] **[ a church choir 教堂唱诗班 ; School Choir = chorus 学校合唱团 ]**  1. a group of people who sing together for other people to listen to 唱诗班；合唱团 e.g. He joined a church choir at the age of eight. 他八岁时加入了一个教堂唱诗班。 e.g. One of Silver’s coworkers, Art Fry, was a singer I his **church choir教堂唱诗班** and was frustrated by the way his paper bookmarks kept falling out of him h**ymn book赞美诗集**.  2. [usually singular,一般用单数] the part of a church in which a choir sits during religious ceremonies 〔教堂中的〕唱诗班席 |
| 赞美诗集 | hymnbook ['h**ɪm**bʊk] n. 赞美诗集  e.g. One of Silver’s coworkers, Art Fry, was a singer I his **church choir教堂唱诗班** and was frustrated by the way his paper bookmarks kept falling out of him **hymn book赞美诗集.** |
| 1.合唱团 ; 合唱曲; 2.（歌的）副歌叠 | chorus ['kɔːrəs]  1. the part of a song that is repeated after each verse **（歌的）副歌叠句 [ chorus of a song ]**  e.g. Everyone joined in the chorus of this song 唱到副歌时，每个人都跟着齐唱起来。 2. a large group of people who sing together 合唱团  **[ the university chorus = the university choir [kwaɪə]; School Choir = chorus 学校合唱团 ]**  e.g. I sing with the university chorus/choir . 我在 大学合唱队 里唱歌。 3. a piece of music written to be sung by a large group of people 合唱曲 e.g. a recording of the ‘Hallelujah Chorus’ 《哈利路亚大合唱》的录音 显示更多 |
| 琐事; 家务(家务事), 家务活 | chores /tʃɔː/ A chore is a task that you must do but that you find unpleasant or boring. 琐事  **[ housework/household chores/mundane chores /tʃɔː/平凡/日常家务琐事家务]**  e. .g Well, I'm a **feminist**, so I think in a **household**一个家庭, the couple should share the housework/**household chores/mundane chores** /tʃɔː/平凡/日常家务琐事家务。 e.g. At home and around the office, other kinds of robots can be found putting their programmed skills to work in order to help with more mundane chores [,mʌn'dein] 平凡的琐事 like vacuuming the room(吸尘) or **mowing [məʊ] /manicure the lawn割(草或谷类等)**. As they are designed to support people with their day-to-day needs, they are called service robots. |
| (游行的时候反复)呼喊xxx口号) | **[ chant the slogan "xxx" ]**  e.g. Local media reported that some protesters had tried to break through the entrance to the compound, climbing barbed wire. The demonstrators, many wearing black and white scarves, chanted slogans(游行的时候反复呼喊xxx口号) denouncing Mr Trump |
|  | • **warm up to 对…产生好感/兴趣/开始热中什么东西** E.g. U.S. government warms up to drone delivery. If you'd like a drone to bring you a burrito /bəˈriːtəʊ,/ at 2 a.m., the Trump administration is taking a step toward making that viable/feasible. The White House announced Wednesday it's launching a three-year pilot program试点计划，试点工程 to create "innovation zones" for test drones around the country. The move aims to spur/encourage/stimulate the development of the drone industry in the United States. // 墨西哥玉米面饼卷〔以肉、豆、干酪等为馅〕Burrito /bəˈriːtəʊ/ is a Mexican dish made with a tortilla [tɔː'tiːjə] 玉米粉薄烙饼folded around meat or beans with cheese  **• [pilot program试点计划，试点工程]** e.g U.S. government warms up to(对…产生好感/兴趣) drone delivery. If you'd like a drone to bring you a burrito /bəˈriːtəʊ,/ at 2 a.m., the Trump administration is taking a step toward making that viable/feasible. The White House announced Wednesday it's launching a three-year pilot program试点计划，试点工程 to create "innovation zones" for test drones around the country. The move aims to spur/encourage/stimulate the development of the drone industry in the United States. Independent Registered Investment Advisors are held by law to the highest standard of responsibility. The U.S. Department of Transportation will field applications for the pilot program试点计划，试点工程and grant at least five partnerships. This means, in theory, Google and the city of Detroit could be inspired(激发创新思想) to team up to offer burrito deliveries.   • **[ license plate 车牌 V.S. drive license驾照]** “license plate” is one of the signs with numbers on it at the front and back of a car〔汽车的〕牌照，车牌  e.g. DJI's AeroScope system creates a virtual license plate〔汽车的〕牌照，车牌 for drones. law enforcement执法机构can use a suitcase-sized device to monitor all DJI drones within five kilometers, and know who is flying it, where it's flying and its purpose. Perhaps a police officer on your block will one day know if that drone headed toward your backyard just wants to drop off a chicken burrito. |
| 快递人员 | [the delivery driver] e.g. You order something for delivery快递 and click the "in-home" shipping option. When the delivery driver快递人员 arrives, Amazon verifies the address and delivery time快递时间 and allows him or her into your home. You can watch from your phone as the camera records the whole thing. Related: Cool or creepy令人毛骨悚然的? Walmart to deliver food and put it in fridge |
|  | **• 钟点工 char => charwoman;**  **• 宠物保姆 pet sitter V.S. baby sitter** e.g. Amazon says the delivery driver will not be given an access code or key. The service isn't just for deliveries快递. Amazon says you can also use it to let family and friends into your house when you're not home. And it will work for certain services like home cleaners, pet sitters宠物保姆 and dog walkers遛狗的人. **• 遛狗的人 [ dog walker ]** e.g. Amazon says the delivery driver will not be given an access code or key. The service isn't just for deliveries快递. Amazon says you can also use it to let family and friends into your house when you're not home. And it will work for certain services like home cleaners, pet sitters宠物保姆 and dog walkers遛狗的人. |
| 受困/窘迫的 (消费者 ); 很难做xxx事 | hard-pressed = very hard [ it's hard-pressed to do = it’s very hard to do = have great difficulty doing sth ] 1. If someone is hard-pressed, they are under a great deal of strain, tension, and worry, especially because they do not have enough money. 受困/窘迫的 [ 受困/窘迫的 消费者 hard-pressed consumers] e.g. The region's hard-pressed consumers are spending less on luxuries. 受困/窘迫的 消费者 正在减少奢侈品的消费。  E.g. Community welfare project are being axed(用斧头坎减/消减) by hard-pressed受困/窘迫的 social services departments. 社区福利项目正遭到 受困/窘迫的 社会服务部门 的削减 2. If you will be hard-pressed to do sth, you will have great difficulty doing it. (受困)很难做xxx事 [ it's hard-pressed to do = it’s very hard to do = have great difficulty doing sth ] e.g. The airline will be hard-pressed (super difficult) to make a profit. 航空公司将 很难 盈利。 |
| 仿生学的；利用仿生学的 | Learning from ant colony(1.蚁群 2.团队协作)) Its latest project – BionicANTs([baɪ'ɑnɪk]仿生学的),BionicButterfly,BionicLizard, all mimic nature to find solutions to the problems thrown up by the coordination and logistics necessary to carry out mechanical robotic tasks. "With all of our products we want to show how innovative technical ideas can facilitate the future of work and how principles from nature can change and improve industries".  Its prototype artificial BionicANTs([baɪ'ɑnɪk]仿生学的), meanwhile, takes its cue from the deeply hierarchical and highly organized world of the ant colony(1.蚁群 2.团队协作)."  Our ants are able to communicate with a network on their own. Working together they can achieve things they could not do by themselves," he said. "This cooperative behavior provides interesting approaches for the factory of tomorrow." With greater flexibility and individuality demanded of automation in the future, the ants, he said, show how a networked group can communicate with each other while at the same time take orders at a higher control level. At the core of the research is swarm technology; the study of how large groups/swarms such as swarms of bees, swarms of ants and butterflies can act in concert as a group but at the same time maintain enough individual volition to avoid collision. e.g. Bionic baɪ'ɑnɪk] 仿生学的；利用仿生学的products are leading to new ideas about how industrial processes could work. |
| (常用来作屋顶建材的) 石板; 石板色; 深蓝灰色 | slate /sleɪt/  1. Slate is a dark grey rock that can be easily split into thin layers. Slate is often used for covering roofs. (常用来作屋顶建材的) 石板 e.g. ...a stone-built cottage, with a traditional slate roof. …一间有传统石板屋顶的石砌村舍。 2. N-COUNT A slate is one of the small flat pieces of slate that are used for covering roofs. 石板瓦 e.g. Thieves had stolen the slates from the roof. 窃贼偷走了屋顶的石板瓦。 3. V-T PASSIVE If something is slated to happen, it is planned to happen at a particular time or on a particular occasion. (在特定时间或者条件下) 选定 e.g. Bromfield was slated to become U.S. Secretary of Agriculture. 布罗姆菲尔德被内定为美国的农业部长。 4. V to cover (a roof) with slates 用石板瓦盖屋顶 5. V to criticize, slam, condem, denounce, decry harshly; censure 严厉批评; 谴责 6. ADJ of the colour slate 石板色; 深蓝灰色 |
| [ start with a clean slate 不计前嫌重新开始; 既往不咎] If you start with a clean slate, you do not take account of previous mistakes or failures and make a fresh start. e.g. The proposal is to pay everything you owe, so that you can start with a clean slate. 奉劝你还清所有债务，这样你就可以重新开始 eg He was put in jail for 2 years, so without a clean slate 清白的(身家)历史. |
| [ a slate of sth 一系列 ] E.g. Earlier this year, Facebook (FB, Tech30) released a slate of new family emoji with a range of **skin tones肤色** and family makeups. e.g. Google previewed more than two dozen emoji that fit into these categories, including a hedgehog刺猬, a carton of Chinese takeout, a giraffe [dʒɪˈrɑ:f] 长颈鹿, fairy, dinosaur, broccoli, sled/sledge雪橇, a scarf and vampire. There's also a hand signing "I love you" and an angry emoji face with explicit characters blocking the mouth. The update will also include the emoji announced on World Emoji Day earlier this year, such as a breastfeeding mom and a woman in a headscarf/hijab(（穆斯林妇女戴的面纱或头巾）). Apple has stepped up efforts to include more diverse options, such as the new gender-neutral characters. It's also added more skin tones and country flags in recent updates. Apple isn't the only company trying to make emoji more inclusive 更加的包容 (inclusiveness 包容；包容性). Earlier this year, Facebook released a slate of一系列 new family emoji with a range of skin tones and family makeups. Android has also recently redesigned its emoji and added new options like a T-Rex, orange heart and vomiting face. Its previous emoji were criticized for looking like blobs（ You can use blob to refer to something that you cannot see very clearly, for example because it is in the distance. 模糊不清的一团东西） // a crop of new students 一批新学生; a crop of veterans 一批退伍军人 |
| 包容 的； 包容；包容性). | inclusive /ɪnˈkluːsɪv/ 1. ADJ If you describe a group or organization as inclusive, you mean that it allows all kinds of people to belong to it, rather than just one kind of person. 兼收并蓄的 饿个 The academy is far more inclusive now than it used to be. 该学院如今比过去更为兼收并蓄。 2.ADJ After stating the first and last item in a set of things, you can add inclusive to make it clear that the items stated are included in the set. 首末项包括在内的 eg. You are also invited to join us on our prayer days (this year, June 6 to June 14 inclusive). 你也受邀加入我们的祷告日（今年从6月6日（含）至6月14日（含））。 3. ADJ If a price is inclusive, it includes all the charges connected with the goods or services offered. If a price is inclusive of shipping and handling, it includes the charge for this. 包括一切费用在内的 e.g. ..all prices are inclusive of delivery. …所有价格包括运费。 4. ADV Inclusive is also an adverb. 包括一切费用在内地 e.g. The outpatient programme costs $105 per day, all inclusive. 门诊病人方案收费每人每天105美元，一切费用包括在内。 e.g. Google previewed more than two dozen emoji that fit into these categories, including a hedgehog刺猬, a carton of Chinese takeout, a giraffe [dʒɪˈrɑ:f] 长颈鹿, fairy, dinosaur, broccoli, sled/sledge雪橇, a scarf and vampire. There's also a hand signing "I love you" and an angry emoji face with explicit characters blocking the mouth. The update will also include the emoji announced on World Emoji Day earlier this year, such as a breastfeeding mom and a woman in a headscarf/hijab(（穆斯林妇女戴的面纱或头巾）). Apple has stepped up efforts to include more diverse options, such as the new gender-neutral characters. It's also added more **skin tone**s肤色 and country flags in recent updates. Apple isn't the only company trying to make emoji more inclusive 更加的包容 (inclusiveness 包容；包容性). Earlier this year, Facebook released a slate of一系列 new family emoji with a range of skin tones and family makeups. Android has also recently redesigned its emoji and added new options like a T-Rex, orange heart and vomiting face. Its previous emoji were criticized for looking like blobs（ You can use blob to refer to something that you cannot see very clearly, for example because it is in the distance. 模糊不清的一团东西）. |
| 一个饱受战争蹂躏的国家; 一个饱受债务蹂躏的国家 | 一个饱受战争蹂躏的国家: a war-ravaged nation; a warn-torn city; 一个饱受债务蹂躏的国家: a debt-ravaged nation; 一个负债累累的人: an indebted person eg American jets began bombing ISIS targets, especially the **strongholds要塞** in Syria that has been a **war-torn** city. |
| 一个负债累累的人/国家; 因xxx事， 对sb.心存感激的感恩的 | indebted /ɪnˈdɛtɪd/  1. If you say that you are deeply/greatly indebted to someone for something, you mean that you are very grateful感谢的 and thankful to them for something; Owing something, such as heartfelt gratitude 衷心的感激 or appreciation to another person [因xxx事， 对sb.心存感激的感恩的 be deeply/greatly indebted to sb for sth] e.g. I am deeply/greatly indebted to him for his help.我对他的帮助深深感激 = I appreciated your help so much = I expressed my heartfelt gratitude 衷心的 to you Eg The survived man said that he had been injured in the capsized ferry翻船 and that he was greatly/deeply indebted to the young woman who placed a towel on his bloody head and helped him as the water rose.  2. ADJ Indebted countries, organizations, or people are ones that owe money to other countries, organizations, or people. 负债的 [一个负债累累的人: an indebted person; 一个负债累累的国家an indebted nation; 一个饱受债务蹂躏的国家: a debt-ravaged nation ]  e.g. The treasury secretary (财政部部长 )identified the most heavily indebted countries |
| 拖欠(sb 债务)…n 拖欠,欠钱 | default on sb's debt eg The heavily indebted country has postponed/procrastinated a payment to the IMF, underlining/emphasizing how urgently it needs its creditor nations债权国 to release more financial bailout金融援助 to avoid default N)拖欠/欠钱 and possible exit from the eurozone. e.g. LiuJuan still defaults on my debt; she owes me almost 10,000 bucks. e.g. It's not that the sums are staggering, but how quickly investment has returned. Argentina was shut out of international bond markets for nearly 15 years following what was once the world's largest default by a country in 2001. It defaulted again in 2014 and hardly attracted any foreign investment during the 12-year reign of a populist government that left office in late 2015. //creditor nations债权国 |
| apprentice; apprenticeship | = > An apprentice is a young person who works for someone in order to learn their skill, sort of a pupil of that person 学徒弟子 sb who works for an employer for a fixed period of time in order to learn a particular skill. [ 做某人学徒 serve/land an apprenticeship with sb; 学徒期满出师 serve out one's apprenticeship ] V.S. A pupil of a painter, musician, or other expert is someone who studies under that expert and learns his or her skills. (画家、音乐家等的) 弟子/学生 |
| eg Oscar landed/served an apprenticeship with Crystal, who was at the time Spain's most acclaimed受称赞的/prestigious有声望的 designer. He described that period as the beginning of his fashion learning experience. "I was picking pins off the floor," he joked. Then, after 3-years working for Crystal , Oscar serverd out his apprenticeship 学徒期满出师. |
| 1. 门徒,关门弟子； 2. 被保护者 | protege ['prəuteʒei] e.g. Prime Minister Li was a **protege** of former President Hu Jintao and rose to power through Hu's power base in the Communist Youth League. |
| (horse, cow, sheep ) 饲料; 素材 | fodder /ˈfɒdə/ 1. Fodder is food that is given to cows, horses, and other animals.(动物的) 饲料 e.g. ...fodder for horses. …马的饲料。 2. if you say that something is fodder for a particular purpose, you mean that it is useful for that purpose and perhaps nothing else. (供某种用途的) 素材(表不满) e.g. The press conference simply provided more fodder素材 for another attack on his character. That fodder素材 is actually used for defamation/smear诽谤 on him. 记者招待会只是提供更多的 素材，来对他人格进行另一轮攻击。 //V) 诽谤, 诋毁和破坏名誉 defame sb. = smear/malign sb N) defamation = smear |
|  |  |
| 拖车; 为电影做广告的宣传片 | 拖车 trailer: A large transport vehicle designed to be hauled by a truck or tractor. **Eg [ Call the trailer拖车] pls, my car stalled熄火抛锚 [stall: The sudden, unintended loss of power or effectiveness in an engine.熄火抛锚; food stall on curbside]** |
| 为电影做广告的宣传片 A short filmed advertisement for a movie, especially for the movie **propaganda,** to spur the "**box office**". eg看看小时代**电影的宣传片 [trailer of the movie]**： OK, now Let's watch the trailer of the movie "Tiny Times". |
| A short, blank strip of film **at the end of a movie reel. 尾片**电影片断, 彩蛋 V.S. (album, movie) 先行预告片, **片头** the teaser **//reel: A reel is a cylindrical object around which you wrap something such as movie film, magnetic tape, or fishing line. 卷轴； (影视的）胶卷** |
| 1. (album, movie) 先行预告片, 片头, 宣传片 2. 脑筋急转弯 | 1) A teaser is a difficult question or puzzle, especially one in a competition. (尤指竞赛中的)难题 [ brain teaser 智力题 ; 脑筋急转弯 ] 2). A teaser of a movie, TV program, or album is a short clip at the start of a reel, normally to propagate that movie/TV program/or album. teaser trailer (album, movie) 先行预告片, 片头, 宣传片 //V) tease sb. 取笑；戏弄 //reel: A reel is a cylindrical object around which you wrap something such as movie film, magnetic tape, or fishing line. 卷轴； (影视的）胶卷 |
| 雄雄燃烧的; 火一般的 (颜色) | fiery /ˈfaɪərɪ/ ; fire => fiery   1.ADJ If you describe something as fiery / ˈfaɪərɪ /, you mean that it is burning strongly or contains fire. 雄雄燃烧的 [ a fiery explosion: 起火(的)爆炸] e.g. A helicopter crashed in a fiery explosion in Vallejo.  2.ADJ You can use fiery for emphasis when you are referring to bright colours such as red or orange. 火一般的 (颜色) [ fiery <color>; fiery red; fiery orange ] e.g. The sky turned from fiery orange to lemon yellow. 天空由火红色变成了柠檬黄。 e.g. That relay-race接力赛 was run in scorching weather酷热的天气. See the fiery/ˈfaɪərɪ/ red sun 在酷热的天气里进行的 , 看那 “火红的” 太阳 |
| 处罚sb | penal/ˈpiːnəl/, penalty ['pɛnəlti]; penalize sb /ˈpiːnəˌlaɪz/  o penal /ˈpiːnəl/: means relating to the punishment of criminals. 有关刑罚的 e.g. ...penal and legal systems. …刑罚与法律体系 o penalize sb: 1.V-T If a person or group is penalized/ˈpiːnəˌlaɪz/ for something, they are made to suffer in some way because of it. 处罚sb. e.g. Some of the players may, on occasion, break the rules and be penalized/ˈpiːnəˌlaɪz/ . 并受到处罚。 Eg. On Thursday, Trump announced new US sanctions制裁 to penalize/ˈpiːnəˌlaɪz/ 处罚 any company or person doing business with North Korea by either cutting off their access to the US financial system or freezing their assets -- or potentially both. |
| 一个禁忌(话题); 一个禁忌(活动) | V.S. taboo [ tə'buː]禁忌 V.S. totem ['təʊtəm] 图腾 V.S. tattoo [**tæ'**tuː] 文身 |
| taboo **[ a taboo [ tə'buː] subject 一个禁忌话题就, a taboo [ tə'buː] event, a taboo [ tə'buː] activity ]**  e.g. My commitment to the cause of stopping the exploitation of children was born from a humbling experience. In 2002, I witnessed the horrors of human trafficking as we rescued three trembling girls living on the impoverished/poor/run-down streets of India. Since then, I knew my foundation must shed a light on this taboo [tə'buː] subject(禁忌(话题)). In 2004, we launched People for Children that is a principla project that is endowed/sponsored by 资助 Premier, to provide education and solutions for international efforts to eliminate child trafficking // she[d a] light on sth: when you're introducing or explaining sth, you try to add more details to elaborate on it 详细阐述, particularly clarify it, make sth free from confusion or ambiguity歧义; clarify sth to make it clear 阐明,使某事更为清楚/避免歧异，混淆 |
| 依赖于/指望 | rest in = count on |
| 围绕…转动；以…为中心/聚焦于 | revolve around = center around 围绕…转动；以…为中心/聚焦于 e.g. As is known, disputes over epistemology in social sciences mainly resolve around positivism and anti-positivism. 社会科学中有关认识论的纷争主要聚焦于两个极端：实证主义与反实证主义 eg. Her life \_centers\_\_ (revolves around) her kids and their after-school activities nowadays. |
| 安可 = 返场加演节目; 要求再演或唱; . 再来一个 | encore /ˈɒŋkɔː/ An encore is a short extra performance at the end of a longer one, that an entertainer gives because the audience asks for it. 安可 = 返场加演节目; 要求再演或唱; . 再来一个 e.g. Lang's final encore last night was "Barefoot." 兰昨晚最后的返场加唱曲目是《赤脚》 |
| 采摘(a fruit, flower, or leaf) ；拉拽 ; 弹拨 (乐器) ; 拔 (禽类的羽毛; 鸡毛); 修眉 | pluck /plʌk/  1. V-T If you pluck a fruit, flower, or leaf, you take it between your fingers and pull it in order to remove it from its stalk where it is growing. 采摘(fruit) e.g. I plucked a lemon from the tree. 我从树上摘下一枚柠檬。 2. V-T If you pluck something from somewhere, you take it between your fingers and pull it sharply from where it is. 拔; 扯; 拉拽 e.g. He plucked the baby out of my arms. 他从我的怀中夺走了孩子。 e.g. Harvey has broken the US record for rainfall from a single storm, CNN senior meteorologist said. The coastal cities got pummeled (punch continuously) with 26 inches of rain by the tropical storm. "Life-threatening flash flooding ( 暴雨成灾) continues in far east Texas around coastal cities. "I'm in my home in Tyler County, and we could not get out unless a helicopter plucks/pull拉拽 me out or I get my boat and launch it.” On Wednesday afternoon, a US Navy helicopter plucked/pull拉拽 seven people from floodwaters.   e.g. Houston police had rescued 1,000 people since Monday morning, bringing the total number rescued to more than 3,000 since the storm flooded/deluged/submerged/inundated/ the city. ... State, local and military rescue units have plucked (pull sharply 摘；拔) thousands of stranded residents from the water and deluged/flooded homes (被(flood)淹没). //[ 洪水一般涌入的难民 an influx of refugees; an influx of migrants; 洪水一般多的邮件 influx of emails = floods of emails = deluge of emails ]  3. V-T If you pluck a guitar or other musical instrument, you pull the strings with your fingers and let them go, so that they make a sound. 弹; 拨 (乐器) e.g. Nell was plucking a harp. 内尔那时在弹竖琴。 4. V-T If you pluck a chicken, duck, or other dead bird, you pull its feathers out to prepare it for cooking. 拔除 (禽类的羽毛; 鸡毛) e.g. She looked relaxed as she plucked a chicken. 她 拔鸡毛 的时候看上去很轻松。 5. V-T If a woman [ plucks her eyebrows ], she pulls out some of the hairs using tweezers. (用镊子) 拔 (眉毛) ; 修眉e.g. You've plucked your eyebrows at last! 你终于 修了眉！ 6. If you pluck up the courage to do something that you feel nervous about, you make an effort to be brave enough to do it. 鼓起勇气 e.g. It took me about two hours to pluck up the courage to call. 大约两小时后我才鼓起勇气打了电话。 |
| 后退,作出让步；屈服 于（某人） | **concede to = make a concession to sb = yield to sb** eg China's opponent, Indian troops, finally **conceded** and **retreated back to** his territory. //retreat: 1) recede （人群，洪水）后退 2）（军队）撤退 3） 精心疗养的地方 (go on a retreat) |
| （人群，洪水）后退 ； =recede (军队)撤退/离开 3） 精心疗养的地方 (go on a retreat) | retreat /rɪˈtriːt/ N/V = recede（人群，洪水）后退 ； =recede (军队)撤退/离开 3） 精心疗养的地方 (go on a retreat)  1.V-I If you retreat/recede, you move away from something or someone. 退出; 离开 e.g. "I've already got a job," I said quickly, and retreated from the room. 然后就从房间里 退了出来。 2.V／N) When an army retreats/recedes, it moves away from enemy forces in order to avoid fighting them. (军队)撤退 e.g. The French, suddenly outnumbered, were forced to retreat. 被迫撤退了。 e.g. In June 1942, the British 8th Army was in full retreat. 英军第8军 全线撤退。 4.V-I If you retreat from sth such as a plan or a way of life, you give it up, usually in order to do something safer or less extreme. 放弃 e.g. She retreated from public life. 她放弃了社会生活。 N-VAR Retreat is also a noun. 放弃 e.g. The president's remarks appear to signal that there will be no retreat from his position. 总统的话似乎暗示他不会放弃自己的职位。 6.N) 休养生息之地, 休养处 , 隐居处 A retreat is a quiet, isolated place that you go to in order to rest or to do things in private. e.g. He spent yesterday hidden away in his country retreat. 在乡间的 休养地 度过了昨天。 E.g. The best way for unwinding/relaxation/hanging loose is to go o[n a] retreat 精心疗养的地方 , you know, a quiet place is the middle of nowhere where you live a simple life and forget about the stresses of the outside world. E.g. Tracy, seriously. You really need to take few days off. Recharge your battery and then go back to work and study. Have you thought about going o[n a] retreat. There are some great retreats(休养生息之地) for relaxation and meditation on Nan mountains. |
| (人群，洪水）(后退)远离 ; (品质) 减弱; (问题或疾病等) 好转； 头发谢顶 | recede /rɪˈsiːd/ CET6 TEM4 (receding,receded,recedes) 1. V-I If something recedes from you, it moves away. (后退)远离 e.g. Luke's footsteps receded into the night. 卢克的脚步声渐渐消失在夜色中。As she receded, he waved goodbye. 当她离去时，他挥手告别。 4. (人群，洪水）(后退)远离 recede=retreat e.g. The slow-moving nature of the storm -- it has traveled about 3 mph, human walking speed, since Friday's landfall -- has fueled the rain and flooding (fuel sth火上浇油). Even when the rain is gone, dangers will persist because "the flooding will be very slow to recede (后退)远离" e.g. Even the flood has receded (后退)远离, we still need to watch out. 2. V-I When something such as a quality, problem, or illness recedes, it becomes weaker, smaller, or less intense. (品质) 减弱; (问题或疾病等) 好转 e.g. Just as I started to think that I was never going to get well, the illness began to recede. 我的病 开始好转。  //[ 洪水一般涌入的难民 an influx of refugees; an influx of migrants; 洪水一般多的邮件 influx of emails = floods of emails = deluge of emails ]  3. V-I If a man's hair starts to recede, it no longer grows on the front of his head. 头发谢顶 e.g. ...a youngish man with dark hair just beginning to recede. …一个前额黑发刚开始脱落/ 谢顶 |
| 挪用 (钱款; 公款 ) | embezzle /ɪmˈbɛzəl/, embezzlement V-T If someone [ embezzles money ] that their organization or company has placed in their care, they take it and use it illegally for their own purposes. 挪用 (钱款; 公款 ) e.g. One former director embezzled $34 million in company funds. 主管挪用了3400万美元的公司资金 e.g. The court in South Korea has sentenced Samsung's heir [ɛr] Lee Jae-yong to five years in prison for corruption, bribery, and embezzlement [ɪm'bɛzlmənt]挪用公款. Lee was convicted宣告…有罪 of bribery in a scandal that also saw the impeachment弹劾 of South Korea's former president. The case has gripped(抓住控制; 强烈地影响) the public amid growing anger against South Korea's biggest companies, known as Korea chaebols/ˈtʃeɪbɒl/ or conglomerate [kən'ɡlɑːmərət] 企业集团. //The chaebol 财阀; Korean Chaebol 韩国财阀; the family-run chaebol |
| 继承人 | e.g. The court in South Korea has sentenced Samsung's heir [ɛr] Lee Jae-yong to five years in prison for corruption, bribery, and embezzlement [ɪm'bɛzlmənt]挪用公款. Lee was convicted宣告…有罪 of bribery in a scandal that also saw the impeachment弹劾 of South Korea's former president. The case has gripped(抓住控制; 强烈地影响) the public amid growing anger against South Korea's biggest companies, known as Korea chaebols/ˈtʃeɪbɒl/ or conglomerate [kən'ɡlɑːmərət] 企业集团. //The chaebol 财阀; Korean Chaebol 韩国财阀; the family-run chaebol |
| 猜测 , 揣测 | speculate /ˈspɛkjʊˌleɪt/  1. V-T/V-I If you speculate about something, you make guesses about its nature or identity, or about what might happen. 猜测 e.g. Critics of the project speculate about how many hospitals could be built instead. 该项目的批评者们则 猜想 这相当于可以建多少家医院。e.g. The doctors speculate/guess that he died of a cerebral haemorrhage['heməridʒ] 脑溢血 caused by a blow on the head. 医生们猜测他死于脑溢血。 2. N-VAR 猜测 speculation = conjecture = guess; speculation is a conclusion, an opinion, or a theory reached by conjecture 通过推测推论得到的结论、观点或理论 e.g. Your speculations are all quite close to the truth. 你的揣测都很接近于事实。 e.g. The president has gone out of his way to dismiss speculation/guess/conjecture over the future of the sluggish economy. 总统努力消除对未来 萧条的经济 的悲观 猜测/估测.  3. V-I If someone speculates financially, they buy property, stocks, or shares, in the hope of being able to sell them again at a higher price and make a profit. [ speculate in sth financially ] 做<xxx领域做> 投机买卖 e.g. The banks made too many risky loans which now can't be repaid, and they speculated in property whose value has now dropped. 在<房地产业>做了投机买卖 N) speculation: Engagement in risky business transactions or financial investment on the chance of quick attaining considerable profit. 投机买卖(从事冒险性商业交易或金融交易以期获得快速或大量的利润) e.g. A commercial or financial transaction involving speculation. [ buy sth. as a speculation 投机购买某物; engage in speculation; 从事投机, 做投机生意 ] eg Speculation is a dangerous way of trying to make fortune. 做投机买卖是一种很危险的谋财之道 |
| conjecture | conjecture /kənˈdʒɛktʃə/ N/V V.S. traffic **congestion** 1. N-VAR A conjecture is a conclusion that is based on information that is not certain or complete. 推测 e.g. That was a conjecture/inference, not a fact. 那是个推测，不是事实。 There are several conjectures/inferences. 有几种 推测。 eg The commentators made various conjectures/inferences about the outcome of the next election. 时事评论家对下一次选举结果做了许多推论 2. V-T/V-I When you conjecture, you form an opinion or reach a conclusion on the basis of information that is not certain or complete. 推测, conjecture = infer, inference. e.g. He conjectured that some individuals may be able to detect major calamities. 他推测有些人也许能察觉到重大灾难 |
| **(基于已经有的信息进行的)** 推断 | infer /ɪnˈfɜː/ 1. V-T If you infer that something is the case, you decide that it is true on the basis of information that you already have. (基于已经有的信息进行的)推断 e.g. I inferred from what she said that you have not been well. 我从她的话里推断出你身体一直不大好。=> N-COUNT inference /ˈɪnfərəns/ 1. An inference is a conclusion that you draw about something by using information that you already have about it. (基于已经有的信息得出的)推论/推断 e.g. There were two inferences to be drawn from her letter. 从她的来信可以得到 两种推论。 2. N-UNCOUNT Inference is the act of drawing conclusions about something on the basis of information that you already have.(基于已经有的信息得出的)推论/推断 e.g. It had an extremely tiny head and, by inference, a tiny brain. 可以根据推断得出，大脑也小 |
| 伤病员鉴别分类 | triage [tri:'ɑ:ʒ, 'traiidʒ] N) Triage is the process of quickly examining sick or injured people, for example, after an accident or a battle, so that those who are in the most serious condition can be treated first. (如事故、战斗后迅速查看伤员以决定哪些人应优先治疗的)伤病员鉴别分类 e.g ..the triage process. ...伤病员鉴别分类过程。 |
| n/v [农]犁；耕地=> 破浪前进；开路 | 1) And while most harvesting is still done manually, some have abandoned the ox-pulled plow [农机]犁 for tractors. 因为大部分收割还是手工的，有些人已经废弃了使用牛拉犁而改用拖拉机 2) plow: 开路 move in a way resembling that of a plow [农机]犁 cutting into or going through the soil e.g A van plowed 开路 into a crowd of people near Las Ramblas Wednesday afternoon, an area popular with tourists. The victims: At least 13 people were killed, and more than 100 were injured. |
|  | • disband /dɪsˈbænd/ n) disbandment 解散遣散(一个小组，一个团体; 军队)   [ disband a group; disband an army ] 1.V-T/V-I If someone disbands a group of people, or if the group disbands, it stops operating as a single unit. e.g. We agreed to disband this “patent brainstorm” group.  E.g. All the armed groups will be disbanded. 所有武装团体将被解散。 E.g. But Rumsfeld says he has no regrets about the decision to go to war in Iraq, and does not regret later decisions to disband the Iraqi army. 解散军队  • barber 理发师; barber shop 理发店; hairdresser美发师/理发师; 理发店 1. A hairdresser is a person who cuts, colours, dyes, or arranges people's hair. 美发师/理发师 = barber 2. A hairdresser or a hairdresser's is a place where a hairdresser/barber works = barber shop 理发店 e.g. I work in this new hairdresser's/barber shop. 我在这个新开的理发店工作 • Fukuoka 福冈 ['fu:ku:'əuka];  • Olso n. 奥斯陆（挪威首都）  • take sth into account = consider sth: There are so many things that we’ve got to take into account before deciding on our perfect place to dwell in/live, to choose a more inhabitable/liveable适宜居住的 city.  •  • • N/v 低语/窃窃私语; 低声抱怨；(河水)潺潺声; (远处谈话等)轻微连续的低声 murmur ['mɜːmə] //nag: 唠叨 1.V-T If you [murmur something] or [murmur sth to sb], you say it very quietly, so that not many people can hear what you are saying. 小声说 ; N) They spoke in low murmurs. E.g. He turned and murmured something to the professor. 小声/窃窃私语对教授说了些什么. E.g. “How lovely," she murmured. 她低声说。 2. V/N 低声抱怨 a complaint uttered in a low and indistinct tone.  => 毫无怨言的做xxx If someone [ does something without a murmur ], they do it without complaining. e.g. Then came the bill and my friend paid up without a murmur. 我朋友毫无怨言地结了帐 3.N A murmur is a continuous low sound, like the noise of a river or of voices far away. (河水)潺潺声; 远处谈话等轻微连续的低声 e.g. The piano music mixes with the murmur of conversation. 钢琴音乐与轻轻的谈话声混合在一起。 E.g. Listen to the vivid murmur of the river (河水)潺潺声 4.N A murmur is an abnormal sound which is made by the heart and which shows that there is probably something wrong with it. (心脏发出的) 杂音 [ a heart murmur ] e.g. The doctor said James had now developed a heart murmur. 医生说詹姆斯 心脏现在出现了杂音。 • boutique /buːˈtiːk/ A boutique is a small shop that sells fashionable clothes, shoes, or jewellery. 时尚精品小店 [ boutique hotel精品酒店; boutique coffee house; boutique shoe shops ] V.S.  宴会 banquet ['bæŋkwit] a ceremonial dinner party for many people [banquet room宴会厅] V.S. bouquet /bəʊˈkeɪ, buː-/ A bouquet/nosegay is a bunch of flowers which is attractively arranged. 花束 E.G. The woman carried a bouquet/nosegay of dried violets. 一束干紫罗兰花  • 人才外流的现象[ the brain-drain effect ]  e.g. The brain-drain effect 人才外流of studying abroad has started to burgeon due to flaws in the domestic academic environment. Last year, more than ten thousand of high-caliber['haikælibə] IT engineers have applied for emigration. 人才外流的现象 已经(像萌芽一样) 迅速生长/发展。  • 厌烦了xxx: be sick of/ tired of/weary ['w**iə**ri] of/ get fe[d u]p with sth  • weary ['wiəri] V.S. wary /ˈwɛərɪ/(cautious, prudent)     • It is by far the largest city in my country. e.g. It’s by far the most delicious cuisine I’ve ever had in CHINA. • The train is without doubt/undoubtedly the fastest way to go. e.g. You are without doubt/undoubtedly the nicest boyfriend I’ve ever met. • Downtown is definitely a great place to live in the city. e.g. That’s definitely not a big problem, OK? • There are unquestionably [ʌn'kwɛstʃənəbli]/undoubtedly pros and cons/drawbacks/downsides to living in a city.    • con /kɒn/  1.V-T If someone cons you, they persuade you to do something or believe something by telling you things that are not true. 哄骗 [ 骗了sb什么东西(钱财) con sb. of sth; con sb. to do sth ] e.g. He claimed that the businessman had conned him of $10,000. 他声称那个商人骗了他1万美元。  2.N A con is a fraulent trick in which someone deceives you by telling you something that is not true. 骗局 e.g. Snacks that offer miraculous weight loss are a con. 神速减肥的快餐食品是个骗局。 3.N an argument or vote against a proposal, motion, etc 反对的理由; 反对的投票 4. pros and cons = advantages and drawbacks/downsides   • concrete jungle/ the city jungle  e.g. SH, undoubtedly, is the 1st tier city in CHINA, however is just a concrete jungle from my point of view, likewise类似的, Seoul in South Korea or Typto in Japan. You’ve got to see the modern skyscrapers, fancy hotels, and exotic [,iɡ'zɔtik] 洋派的coffee houses. However, if you wanna taste the history of CHINA, SH is not a good choice, but Xi’an.  • cozy /ˈkəʊzɪ/ e.g. Even though the room is so stuffy闷热的, the bead is very cozy/comfortable.  • sprawl /sprɔːl/ [ a sprawling city: 一个无计划，胡乱扩张的城市; the urban sprawl 城市扩张；都市向郊区扩张的现象; spraw[l out] on the bed. = spraw[l o]n the bed 摊开四肢躺在床上; spraw[l o]ut on the couch = spraw[l o]n the couch; sprawl out in the sofa ]  1.V-I If you sprawl somewhere (in the bed or sofa), you sit or lie down with your legs and arms spread out in a careless casual way. 伸开四肢坐着; 摊开四肢躺着 e.g. She sprawled on the bed as he had left her, not even moving to cover herself up. 她摊开四肢躺在床上，甚至懒得动动把自己盖上。 2.[ Sprawl out ] 伸开四肢坐着; 摊开四肢躺着 e.g. He would take two aspirin and sprawl out on his bed.摊开四肢躺在床上。 3.V-I If you say that a place sprawls, you mean that it covers a large area of land. (地区，城市的)延伸 [ a sprawling city: 一个无计划，胡乱扩张的城市] e.g. The State Recreation Area sprawls over 900 acres on the southern tip of Key Biscayne. 休闲区占地九百多英亩，地处基·比斯坎南端。 e.g. Firecrackers and fireworks are just one contributing factor to pollution in Xi’an, which lacks an effective public transportation system. The sprawling city 一个胡乱扩张的城市 has 9 million vehicles, and new license plate numbers 车牌号are being registered at a rate of 1,400 per day. Consumption of fossil fuels, like coal and natural gas, that are non-renewable energies, “contribute” a lot to carbon footprint that is the main reason to our climate change and air pollution. Additionally, construction dusts add poisonous particles and toxic gasses to the mix. The Friday's ruling is not the first time the court has enforced action on pollution. In 2015, the court levied a new tax on征兵，征税 commercial trucks entering the city -- a draconian (harsh and severe) measure that environmentalists viewed as a positive. 4.N) You can use sprawl to refer to an area where a city has grown outward in an uncontrolled way. (城市的) 无计划扩张区域 [urban sprawl城市扩张；都市向郊区扩张的现象 ] e.g. The whole urban sprawl of Xi’an/SH contains over 2.6 million people. 整个城市扩张总共容纳了260万以上的人口。 |
| 微小的，小的 | • petite /pəˈtiːt/ [ petite and slender 娇小且苗条; a petite lady ]  If you describe a woman as petite, you are politely saying that she is small, a little short, and is not fat. 娇小的 e.g. Even though I’m of below average height, I’m petite and slender. 低于平均身高，娇小且苗条 e.g. Even though LiuJuan has delivered two babies, she’s still petite and slender.  • minute adj) /maɪˈnjuːt/ => minuscule ['minəskju:l, mi'nʌs-] 1.ADJ If you say that something is minute /maɪˈnjuːt/ , you mean that it is very small. (space, room )非常小的 e.g. Even though this room is minute, it’s very cozy/comfortable. E.g. Only a minute amount is needed. 只需很少的一点。 2.ADJ precise or detailed 精确的; 详细的 e.g. a minute examination  • minuscule ['minəskju:l, mi'nʌs-] V.S. masculine image ['mæskjulin]男子阳刚 n.) the characters that were once kept in bottom half of a compositor's type case, lower-case letter e.g. Tracy’s poetry is written all in minuscule letters  Adj) very small, minuscule = tiny = diminutive  • di’minutive /dɪˈmɪnjʊtɪv/ = tiny, minuscule /'minəskju:l/ ADJ A diminutive person or object is very small. 微小的 e.g Her eyes scanned the room until they came to rest on a diminutive figure standing at the entrance.一个的小小的身影  • mini + creature ['kriːtʃə] => miniature /ˈmɪnɪtʃə/  1.ADJ 微型/袖珍的 Miniature is used to describe something that is very small/tiny/minuscule/'minəskju:l//diminutive/dɪˈmɪnjʊtɪv/, especially a smaller version of something which is normally much bigger. [ miniature book 袖珍的书; miniature toy ] e.g. Rosehill Farm has been selling miniature roses since 1979. 玫瑰山农场就一直出售袖珍玫瑰。 2. If you describe one thing as another thing [in miniature ], you mean that it is much smaller in size or scale than the other thing, but is otherwise exactly the same. （xxx的）缩影 e.g. Ecuador provides a perfect introduction to South America; it's a continent in miniature. 它是整个大陆的缩影。 3.N) A miniature is a very small, detailed painting, often of a person portrait. 袖珍画像/肖像 |
| 【数学】排列（组合）; 变化；置换 ; | permute [pə'mju:t] v. change the order or arrangement of; permutation [,pə:mju:'teiʃən]; permutable [pə'mju:təbl] adj. 可排列的；能交换的: capable of changing the order or arrangement 1. an event in which one thing is substituted for another： substitution replacement  2. the act of changing the arrangement of a given number of elements 【数学】排列（组合）; 变化；置换  3. A permutation is one of the ways in which a number of things can be ordered or arranged. e.g. Variation among humans is limited to the possible permutations of our genes. 基因的排列（组合） 4. [口语](足球比赛等的)编组 |
| 温习; 加强,提高一下（xxx知识/技能/语言技能） | **brus[h u]p on (knowledge, skills) :** If you brush up something or brush up on it, you practise it or improve your knowledge of it. E.g. I had hoped to brush up my Spanish. 我曾希望 **提高一下我的西班牙语** |
| 1. 保持平静; 2. 轻松一下/放松一下 | hang loose: e.g. He could even hang loose when he went into the creepy cave当他走进令人毛骨悚然的的窟时，他依然能保持平静。 E.g. I’m beyond stressed out； I have to hang loose somewhere. 我已经 鸭梨山大了；我要找地方放松一下。e.g. Oh man, Let’s just leave the exam alone. We'll go to the student lounge休息室 and just hang loose hang loose放松一下; have a beer or two and watch the ball game on TV - I don't feel likes studying tonight. |
| 洋溢着( 自信; 幸福和开心); 散发出一种xxx气味 | exude [iɡ'zju:d] 1. If someone exudes a quality or feeling, or if it exudes, they show that they have it to a great extent. 充分显露; 洋溢 [ 洋溢着自信 exude confidence; 洋溢着幸福和开心 exude happiness and gladness; 洋溢着一副(感觉) exclude an air of <a feeling/emotion> ]  e.g. The guerrillas游击队员 exude confidence. Every town, they say, is under their control. 这些游击队员们洋溢着自信。 E.g. She exudes an air of relaxed calm. 她洋溢着一副从容平静的神情。 2. If something exudes a liquid or smell or if a liquid or smell exudes from it, the liquid or smell comes out of it slowly and steadily. 渗出; 散发出 [ 散发出一种xxx气味 exude a stinky smell ] e.g. Nearby was a factory which exuded a pungent, stinky smell. 附近是一家散发出一种刺鼻气味的工厂。 |
| (柔软的) 填充物; 衬垫 | padding /ˈpædɪŋ/ Padding is soft material (e.g. sponge, cotton, rubber) put on something or inside it in order to make it less hard, to protect it, or to give it a different shape. (柔软的) 填充物; 衬垫 e.g. ...the foam rubber padding in the headphones. …耳机上的海绵橡胶衬垫。 E.g. Players must wear shoulder padding to protect them from injury. 运动员们必须戴上肩护垫以保护自己不受伤害 |
| 斟酌（什么事情） | mull /mʌl/ (mulling,mulled,mulls) V-T If you mull something, you think about it for a long time before deciding what to do. 斟酌 e.g. Last month, a federal grand jury began mulling evidence in the case. 始仔细 斟酌该案的证据。 2. V-T to heat (wine, ale, etc) with sugar and spices to make a hot drink 加糖和香料并烫热(葡萄酒、麦芽酒等) 3. N a promontory 岬; 海角 |

Table: weather

|  |
| --- |
| inclement /ɪnˈklɛmənt/ inclement weather is unpleasantly cold or stormy. **[ inclement weather狂风暴雨的(天气)] V.S. treacherous weather: 变化莫测／危险的天气**  E.g. The conditions at the Stansville Airfield have deteriorated in the terrible weather this afternoon. Normally planes land on the East/West runways, but today **the prevailing winds [气象] 盛行风** have changed due to the storm. Planes should **land on Runway** 36 and **taxi to the airport terminal**. All departing flights have been cancelled or delayed due to the **inclement treacherous weather狂风暴雨的危险的(天气)**, so the only aircraft activity is the airplanes currently still in the air that are trying to land. |
| * **wind, gale, gust;** * **headwind, tailwind;** * **the prevailing winds ([气象] 盛行风)]** * **whipping winds强风** * **blowing winds** * **windfall: 天上掉的馅饼**   e.g. E.g. The conditions at the Stansville Airfield have deteriorated in the terrible weather this afternoon. Normally planes land on the East/West runways, but today **the prevailing winds [气象] 盛行风** have changed due to the storm. Planes should **land on Runway** 36 and **taxi to the airport terminal**. All departing flights have been cancelled or delayed due to the **inclement treacherous weather狂风暴雨的危险的(天气)** , so the only aircraft activity is the airplanes currently still in the air that are trying to land.  Wind 040 at 22 **gusting** to 28. The **blowing winds** are causing drifting snow to pile up on **taxiways**, so planes that have landed are having a hard time tax***ii***ng through the slippery surfaces or **slush雪泥**  to get to the **ramps** to **deplane/disemplane the passengers**. |
| **Snow V.S. drifting snow[气象] 低吹雪；飘雪 V.S. sleet雨夹雪 V.S. slush雪泥**  **e.g.** You have a sudden change of runway conditions due to a snowstorm, with ice, **sleet雨夹雪**, **slush雪泥**, and **drifting snow飘雪；吹雪**. You must communicate this to the captain of the airplane coming in to land.  e.g. The weather forecasters have reported that this early winter storm should pass over the Stansville area in the next few hours, and that by morning the conditions will have improved enough for air traffic to continue. So the cancelled flights will be able to resume activity by tomorrow morning, provided the runways can be kept clear enough for takeoff, esp by shovelling and cleaning the **slush雪泥.**  //扫雪机, 除雪机snowplow ['sno,plaʊ] |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| 暴风雪 | blizzard. e.g. The world's weather turned wild over the Christmas holiday week, with devastating blizzard暴风雪, tornadoes/twister, and wildfires wreaking havoc across the globe. Torrential rains in parts of South America, blamed/shattered on El Nino, have displaced转移 more than 150,000 people across Argentina. In the U.S., a mammoth['mæməθ] storm巨大的风暴 system engulfing/devouring吞食 much of the country has claimed at least 24 lives, including four soldiers in Missouri. //(natural disaster) 对xxx 肆虐: wreak havoc (on sth) |
| (natural disaster) 对xxx 肆虐 | **(natural disaster) wreak [i:] havoc (on sth )**  e.g. Solar storms could wreak havoc on satellites and power grids, and so scientists have humbly turned to netizens across the world to help watch our sun for possible signs of such storms. e.g. The world's weather turned wild over the Christmas holiday week, with devastating blizzard暴风雪, tornadoes and wildfires wreaking havoc across the globe. Torrential rains in parts of South America, blamed/shattered on El Nino, have displaced转移 more than 150,000 people across Argentina. In the United States, a mammoth['mæməθ] storm巨大的风暴 system engulfing/devouring吞食 much of the country has claimed at least 24 lives, including four soldiers in Missouri. |
| 摧毁, 使……平坦, （飓风，洪水）把 xxx 夷为平地 | flatten sth = level sth; (houses, trees) are flattened/leveled => press sth flat by pushing forcefully or smashing; eg The storm and blizzard flattened houses, scattered trees across roads and inflicted damage on key buildings that are meant to serve as makeshift临时措施 clinics, like schools and churches. e.g. The trees were the first casualties by the hurricane. Entire forests on the mountainous northern coast of Haiti's Tiburon peninsula have been leveled/flattened. eg You can use iron熨斗 to flatten your wrinkled T-shirt. |
| 巨大的风暴 | **[ mammoth storm = monster storm; mammoth typhoon ]**  mammoth ['mæməθ]: 长毛象；猛犸象；庞然大物 e.g. The world's treacherous /ˈtrɛtʃərəs/ (危险的; 变化莫测的) weather with devastating blizzard暴风雪 and tornadoes/twisters **wreaked havoc** across the globe. Torrential rains in parts of South America, smashed/shattered on El Nino, have displaced转移 more than 150K people. In the U.S., a mammoth storm **engulfing/devouring吞食** much of the country has claimed at least 24 lives, including four soldiers in Missouri. e.g. At least two people were killed and many injured as a **mammoth typhoon** struck Japan, hurling dangerous **whipping winds强风 a**nd threatening to cause major flooding and mudslides. //(natural disaster) 对xxx 肆虐: wreak havoc ['hævək](on sth) |
| 风 | * wind, gale, gust; * headwind, tailwind; * **the prevailing winds ([气象] 盛行风)]** * **whipping winds强风** * **blowing winds** * windfall: 天上掉的馅饼 |
| 巨大的风暴 | monster storm = mammoth storm; e.g. The Caribbean islands struck first by Hurricane Irma face a daunting cleanup in the wake of the monster/mammoth storm, amid reports of looting and shortages of food and fuel.The tiny island of St. Martin/St. Maarten, home to 70,000 people, was one of the first areas lashed/battered/shattered/punched by powerful wind and rain, leaving four dead and causing widespread destruction. |
| 倾盆大雨; 湍流激流: | torrent['tɒr(ə)nt], torrential 山洪: torrential flood [landslide塌方泥石流]; 湍流激流:torrential flow; 倾盆大雨: a torrential rain=a torrential downpour V.S. drenching rains 滂沱大雨 // drench sth: make sth completely wet彻底湿透, drenching rains磅礴大雨, e.g. The torrential rains/downpour drenched me completely. 暴雨把我淋成了落汤鸡/彻底湿透了。 e.g. The world's weather turned wild over the Christmas holiday week, with devastating blizzard暴风雪 and tornadoes/twister wreaking havoc across the globe. Torrential rains in parts of South America, blamed/shattered on El Nino, have displaced转移 more than 150,000 people across Argentina. In the U.S., a mammoth['mæməθ] storm巨大的风暴 system engulfing/devouring吞食 much of the country has claimed at least 24 lives, including four soldiers in Missouri. //(natural disaster) 对xxx 肆虐: wreak havoc ['hævək](on sth) //soggy /ˈsɒɡɪ/: Something that is soggy is unpleasantly wet. 湿乎乎的 |
| eg We're boating on the torrential flow激流, such a big venture。 eg Wo, such a torrential downpour/rain..I'm driving on the way to the office. The traffic situaiton is terrible and we have the traffic jam… eg It's hard to detect the natural disaster, such as the earthquake and the torrential flood. |
| 滂沱大雨 | [ drenching rains 滂沱大雨 V.S. torrential rain (倾盆大雨 downpour) V.S. drizzle 下毛毛雨 ] To drench something or someone means to make them completely wet. 使xxx湿透 (使湿身）； 把sb.浇湿 Drenching rains: strong rains with tremendous volume of precipitation 降雨量 e.g They turned fire hoses on the people and drenched them. 他们打开消防水龙头朝人群喷去，把他们浇湿。 e.g. Officials are still concerned areas in eastern North Carolina that were recently flooded will see drenching rains滂沱大雨 from Hurricane Matthew e.g. The torrential rains/downpour drenched me completely. 暴雨把我淋成了落汤鸡/彻底湿透了。 V.S. 1 浸湿，使湿透 **saturate sth = formal to make something VERY wet = drench sb.** (drench: to make something or someone EXTREMELY wet)  e.g. Water poured through the hole, saturating/drenching the carpet. 水从洞里流进来，浸湿了地毯  //wrench n. 扳手，扳钳；vt. 扭伤；猛扭 |
| 祸不单行 | when it rains, it pours. //it's raining cats and dogs/heavily; It's drizzling slightly小毛毛雨； 倾盆大雨：torrential rain |
| precipitate; precipitation | Any form of water, such as rain, snow, **sleet 雨夹雪, or hail 冰雹**, that falls to the earth's surface. 降水; (暴雨; **暴风雪 (blizzard ))的降水量**; e.g. The quantity of such water falling in a specific area within a specific period. 降水雨量：某一特定时期内特定区域的降水数量 |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Sb.拘谨的; 拘束的/羞怯的 | If you say that [ someone is inhibited ], you mean that they find it difficult to behave naturally and show their feelings, and that you think this is a bad thing. E.g. She didn't seem inhibited while dancing on the table. 她在桌子上跳舞时似乎并不”拘谨/羞怯的” E.g. I fel so inhibited when I came back to my Dad's home since my parents divorce. |
| 极度兴奋的; 喝醉的 | intoxicated /ɪnˈtɒksɪˌkeɪtɪd/ 1. 极度兴奋的 feel intoxicated = very excited or thrilled. e.g. In his wedding party, he became very intoxicated/thrilled and was high-fiving the bride's father. 2. Someone who is intoxicated is drunk. 喝醉的 => sb. who is smashed is extremely drunk. 烂醉如泥的e.g. The rude driver appeared intoxicated/drunk, police said. 看上去好像是喝醉了。 2. If you are intoxicated by or with something such as a feeling or an event, you are so excited by it that you find it hard to think clearly and sensibly 被xxx给陶醉了 E.g. My cousins seem to have become intoxicated by their success. 我的堂兄弟们好象已经被他们的成功陶醉了 => A [ heady drink:令人醉的饮品； 令人陶醉的气氛/音乐： heady atmosphere/music/vibe/ experience] strongly affects your senses, for example, by making you feel so drunk or excited that that you find it hard to think clearly, rationally, or sensibly 令人陶醉的 e.g....in the heady honeymoon days just after their marriage. …在他们婚后令人陶醉的日子里 |
| 令人醉的(饮品)； 令人陶醉的(气氛/音乐) | heady, headier, headiest: A [ heady drink:令人醉的饮品； 令人陶醉的气氛/音乐： heady atmosphere/music/vibe/ experience] strongly affects your senses, for example, by making you feel so drunk or excited that that you find it hard to think clearly, rationally, or sensibly 令人陶醉的 e.g....in the heady honeymoon days just after their marriage. …在他们婚后令人陶醉的日子里 |
| 喝醉的 | intoxicated = drunk; => 烂醉如泥的 **smashed=** extremely drunk or intoxicated. |
| 致谢 | Acknowledgments  We would like to acknowledge the efforts of the many people who have contributed bug reports, code fixes, and of course the extensive translation files to the project, and who have helped so much to improve JXplorer and make it what it is today. Translators Many thanks to our translators who've worked so hard making JXplorer multilingual:  Chinese: For \*both\* Traditional and Simplified Chinese; Evereasy (Evereasy@gmail.com) - awesome work!  French: Thanks to Luc and Serge, and more recently Bruno Haleblian (bruno\_haleblian@carrefour.com) for updates.  Hungarian: Richard - many thanks. |
| 跃进(向上跳） | lunge [lʌndʒ] n/v 1. the act of moving forward suddenly, sort of offensitve 2. (fencing) an attacking thrust made with one foot forward and the back leg straight and with the sword arm outstretched forward e.g. At one point, the sea lion lunges within inches of the little girl's face. It seems like a friendly move, and the girl cackles with delight. That glee turns to terror a few seconds later, when the seal lunges again -- grabbing the girl and yanking her backwards into the water. |
| 快速发展（大跃进） | leap forward e.g. The dog leapt forward,but it failed to clear the fence. 狗突然向前跃去，但是却没有跳过篱笆。 E.g. Our industry has leapt forward since we followed the policy of reform and opening. 我们的工业飞速发展 e.g. Indian's IT industry has been leapt forward in recent year, almost overtaking CHINA 超过; 赶超(某人，某个国家，竞争对手）. //outnumber sb V.S. overtake sb/competitor |
| 1. (产品)从最初设计到投产的时间 2. (产品)从订货到交货的时间 | lead time 1.Lead time is the time between the original design or idea for a particular product and its actual production. (产品)从最初设计到投产的时间 e.g. They aim to cut production lead times to under 18 months. 把产品从设计到投产的时间缩短18个月以内。 2. Lead time is the period of time that it takes for goods to be delivered after someone has ordered them. (产品)从订货到交货的时间 e.g. Lead times on new equipment orders can run as long as three years.  新设备从订货到交货的时间可能长达3年 |
| 刺, [植] 荆棘 | thorn /θɔːn/  1. Thorns are the sharp points on some plants and trees, for example, on a rose bush. 刺 e.g. Roses will always have thorns but with care they can be avoided. 玫瑰总有刺， 2. A thorn or a thorn bush or a thorn tree is a bush or tree which has a lot of thorns on it. 带刺灌木丛; 带刺的树 e.g. ...the shade of a thorn bush…一棵带刺灌木的树阴。  adj) thorny 多刺的；痛苦的；令人苦恼的 V.S. thornless 无刺的 e.g. The election of South Korea's new president, Moon Jae-in, has given fresh hope of a thawing in relations with China, which have recently been strained due to the deployment of a controversial missile defence system in South Korea. Chinese leader Xi Jinping called Moon, Xi stressed the importance of working together to achieve the common goal of denuclearizing the Korean peninsula - an aim dependent on resolving the thorny THAAD missile defence system issue. //thaw: (人或国家之间的关系） 解冻，缓和； 冰释 |
| 1. (冰雪等) 融化; (通常指冬末的) 解冻期; . 解冻 2**. (人或国家之间的关系） 解冻，缓和； 冰释** | thaw /θɔː/  1. When ice, snow, or something else that is frozen thaws, it melts. (冰雪等) 融化 e.g It's so cold the snow doesn't get a chance to thaw. 天气太冷了，积雪都没机会融化。 2. A thaw is a period of warmer weather when snow and ice melt, usually at the end of winter. Literal meaning: (通常指冬末的) 解冻期 => figurative meaning 喻义: the relatioship betweemn someone or countries are moderated (人或国家之间的关系） 解冻，缓和； 冰释 e.g. The election of South Korea's new president, Moon Jae-in, has given fresh hope of a thawing in relations with China, which have recently been strained due to the deployment of a controversial missile defence system in South Korea. e.g. We trekked through the mud in an early spring thaw 我们在初春解冻期的泥泞里艰难跋涉。. e.g. Castro, known universally as "Fidel," held on to power for 47 years until illness forced him to relinquish his duties to younger brother Raul in July 2006. Castro resigned as president in February 2008, and Raul took over permanently. But Fidel Castro lived long enough to see a historic thaw between Cuba and the United States. The two nations re-established diplomatic relations in July, and President Barack Obama visited the island this year. Obama extended "a hand of friendship to the Cuban people" as he offered his condolences to the Castro family.  3. When you thaw frozen food or when it thaws, you leave it in a place where it can reach room temperature so that it is ready for use. 解冻 [ 把肉 解冻 thaw the meat; 把xx 解冻thaw the pastry ] e.g. Always thaw pastry thoroughly before you cook it. 一定要让油酥面团完全解冻。 4. PHRASAL VERB Thaw out means the same as . 解冻 e..g Thaw it out completely before reheating in a saucepan. 将之完全解冻后，放到平底锅里重新加热 |
| 使（xxx事件，计划）挫败 失败：妨碍（xxx事件，计划）成功; 阻止…的成功发生、阻止xxx实现或达成, | thwart /θwɔːt/ To prevent the occurrence, realization, or attainment of: 阻止…的发生、阻止xxx实现或达成, 使（xxx事件，计划）挫败 , thwart sth = foil sth, abort sth [ 挫败一个恐怖阴谋 thwart/foil a terrorism plot]：eg Their opponents used the brazen/shamelss way to thwart his project success. //厚颜无耻的: brazen or shameless, you're so brazen/shameless, well, so thick-skinned. |
| To oppose and defeat the efforts, plans, or ambitions of. [Synonyms at frustrate] 阻挠，挫败：反对或击败…的努力、计划或野心 eg They thwarted her plans. 他们制止了她的计划 eg Ron Vlaar, one of the game's outstanding performers, was thwarted/frustrated by Romero. eg thwart the enemy's conspiracy 挫败敌人的阴谋 ///thwartwise ['θwɔ:twaiz; 'θɔ:t-] adv. =crosswise |
| 1.使（xxx事件，计划）挫败 失败：妨碍（xxx事件，计划）成功; 阻止…的成功发生、阻止xxx实现或达成, 2.箔, 金属薄片 | A thin layer of polished metal placed under a displayed gem to lend it brilliance. **箔, 金属薄片**  egWrap the corn with the foil and then place it on the BBQ grill. Eg When BBQ, put the foil on the grill and then place the marinated beef on the foil. |
| foil sth: to prevent sth from being successful; setback. 阻力；使（xxx事件，计划）挫败 失败：妨碍（xxx事件，计划）成功; [ 挫败一个恐怖阴谋 thwart/foil a terrorism plot] eg There have been foiled attempts at hijacking airplanes. E.g Finally, in Turkey, the military coup had been foiled. e.g The Turkish government continues to take action against soldiers and institutions after this month's foiled/failed military coup attempt. Amid a state of emergency紧急状态, 45 newspapers, 16 television stations and three news agencies have been closed, state-run news agency Anadolu said Wednesday. Officials have fired or suspended tens of thousands implicated with牵涉其中的 the abortive/foiled/failed/thwarted coup as the government intensifies its vast purge (军事，政治的）清洗运动 . //牵涉其中的 be implicated with sth; foil 铝箔； foil sth= to prevent sth from being succesful; //清洗 purge enemies/foes; purge medicine/purgative/catharsis //thwart sth = foil sth = make sth failed or abortive 使 （plan)挫败, 使不成功 |
| 匆忙的; 草率的仓促 | hasty /ˈheɪstɪ/ (hastier,hastiest) 匆忙地; 草率地 hastily 1. A hasty movement/action/statement/decision is sudden, and often done in reaction to something that has just happened. 匆忙的 e.g. Donald had overturned a chair in his hasty departure. 仓促离开时撞翻了一把椅子。  3.ADJ If you describe a person or their behaviour as hasty, you mean that they are acting too quickly, without thinking carefully, for example because they are angry. 草率的仓促(表不满) ( hasty = snap) a hasty decision = a snap decision e.g. A number of the United States' allies had urged him not to make a hasty/snap decision. 不要作出草率的决定。  e.g. The hasty election 草率的仓促选举 comes after Park Geun-hye, the country's first female president, was impeached in a corruption scandal that allegedly connected her to business giants Samsung and the Lotte Group. e.g. Seoul's policy on North Korea is about to get a major overhaul 全面改革/大换血. Liberal reformer Moon Jae-in was swor after winning a snap/hasty election to replace impeached President Park Geun-hye. Moon has advocated dialogue with North Korean leader Kim Jong Un, **in stark contrast to (对比) 鲜明的** Park's approach of tough sanctions, imposing hard-line, and aggressive rhetoric. |
| 和 xxx 有这鲜明对比 | **[ 和xxx 形成鲜明对比: in stark contrast to sth; stand in stark contrast to sth ]**  e.g. In Brazil, I walked through the crowded impoverished/poor ‘favelas’ of Sao Paulo**, standing in stark contrast to (形成了鲜明的对比)** the rich neighborhoods just a few blocks away.  e.g **In stark contrast to (形成鲜明对比)** the claims in the literature and the media, we found very little evidence of thesuperiority of unconscious though for complex decisions.  If two things are in stark contrast to one another, they are very different from each other in a way that is very obvious. (对比) 鲜明的  e.g. Seoul's policy on North Korea is about to get a major **overhaul** 全面改革/大换血. Liberal reformer Moon Jae-in was swor after winning **a snap/hasty election草率的仓促选举** to replace impeached President Park Geun-hye. Moon has advocated dialogue with North Korean leader Kim Jong Un, **standing in stark contrast to (对比) 鲜明的** Park's approach of tough sanctions, imposing hard-line, and aggressive rhetoric. |
| 选后民调 | exit poll e.g. An **exit poll** is a survey in which people who have just voted in an election are asked which candidate they voted for. E.g. Exit polls showed Mr Ventura was backed by supporters of all ages. 选后民调显示文特拉先生受到了所有年龄段支持者的拥护 |
| referendum | Such a vote.公民复决投票; Whether U.S. will impose sanction on Russia depends on how Russia reacts to the referendum in Crimea, and how they react to the possibility of discussions and direct negotiations with Ukraine |
| overhaul; overhauling | To scrutinize and examine carefully and completely for needed repairs.大修：为进行必要的修理而仔细地全面检查拆修 eg launch an act of overhauling. 开展全面检查修订; go to the doctor to be overhauled 找医生全面检查身体; eg The anti-bribery bureau will launch an act of thorough overhauling against the National Financial Center, the purpose is to abolish any bribery issues, and force criminals who committed the bribery to disgorge/vomit the approporiated money 吐出被挪用的公款. e.g. The whole MQ book need a major overhaul. |
| To dismantle in order to make repairs. 为了修理而拆开 |
| 对…做全面革新或修订,大换血(slang) eg U.S. CONGRESS OVERHAUL 美国国会大换血: a Republican tide took the U.S. Senate, according to CNN projections, giving Republicans full control of Congress and the power to pin down/confine President Barack Obama during his last two-year tenure in office. e.g Seoul's policy on North Korea is about to get a major overhaul 大换血/全面检查修订 |
| To make extensive renovations or repair, renovate: 对…做全面革新改革或修订；eg We bring up new proposals to overhaul the health care system. 全面改革保健制度的建议 eg From the point of <shortdesc>, we need to launch an act of overhauling the whole document as one aspect of IC improvement. 全面修订正本文档 |
| V 证实了（一个新闻， 丑闻; 指控) adj 被证实了的(新闻， 丑闻; 指控)的**真实性** 未经证实的(新闻， 丑闻; 指控) | substance => substantiate something /səbˈstænʃɪˌeɪt/ = corroborate sth, prove and verify V-T To substantiate a statement or a story means to supply evidence which proves that it is true. e.g. There is little scientific evidence to substantiate the claims. 几乎没有能证实这些断言的科学证据 [ substantiate a statemet; substantiate a story; 证实了一个新闻 substantiate/corroborate a news; 证实了那个丑闻 substantiate/corroborate the scandal; 证实了指控 substantiate/corroborate that accusation ] |
| adj substantiated 实体化的；被证实了的 V.S. unsubstantiated /ˌʌnsəbˈstænʃɪˌeɪtɪd/ 未经证实的, 没有根据 A claim, accusation, or story that is unsubstantiated has not been proven to be valid or true. 未经证实的, 没有根据的( 新闻， 丑闻， 指控 ） e.g. I do object to their claim, which I find totally unsubstantiated. 我确实反对他们的说法，我发现那是完全没有根据的/ 未经证实的 e.g. Vice President confirmed that he and President Barack Obama were briefed last week by intelligence officials on unsubstantiated claims that Russia may have compromising information on President-elect Donald Trump |
| V 确证证实 ( a story, a report, a statement, a news, the authenticity of the news) | corroborate /kəˈrɒbəreɪt/ => corroboration [kə,rɑbə'reʃən] [ 证实这个故事 corroborate/substantiate this story; 证实这个新闻 corroborate/substantiate this news; 证实这个报告corroborate/substantiate this report; 证实这个新闻的真实性 corroborate the authenticity of this news = substantiate this news ] 1. To corroborate something (like news, report, story, rumor, scandal) that has been said or reported means to provide evidence or information that supports it, support with evidence or authority or make more certain or confirm 证实 e.g. I had access to a wide range of documents which corroborated the story. 来证实这个故事。e.g. ..CNN was not able to independently corroborate the report 证实这个报告 and confirm the authenticity of this news 证实新闻的真实性. 2. 确证 corroboration e.g. He could not get a single witness to establish independent corroboration of his version of the accident. 他找不到一个目击证人可以为他对事故的陈述提供独立的佐证。 |
| 证实(新闻，信息的）真实性，可靠性 | authentic, authenticity [ɔːθen'tɪsɪtɪ] [ 新闻的真实性，可靠性：the authenticity of the news; 信息来源的真实性，可靠性the authenticity of the information source; 视频的真实性可靠性： authenticity of the footage; confirm the authenticity of the news/report/footage] e.g. ..CNN was not able to independently corroborate the report and confirm the authenticity of this news 证实新闻的真实性. E.g The FBI is the only information source that is authorized to release any investigation information of the Egypt aircrash, which means we cannot confirm the authenticity of information that is released by other sources, including the authenticity of the revealed video footage. |
| 先发制人的(袭击，战争） | preemptive /priːˈɛmptɪv/ a preemptive attack or a preemptive strike is intended to weaken or damage an enemy or opponent, for example, by destroying their weapons BEFORE they can do any harm. E.g. North Korean state media described US President Donald Trump as a "warmonger". It claimed that "Trump and other US warmongers" were determined to make a preemptive /priːˈɛmptɪv/ nuclear strike on North Korea. // war => warmonger /ˈwɔːˌmʌŋɡə/好战者主战论者 If you describe a politician or leader as a warmonger, you disapprove of them or demur 提出异议 because you think they are very belligerent 好斗好战的 and encouraging people to start or join a war. |
| 揭露(丑闻，不可告人的秘密, xxx) ；将(丑闻，不可告人的秘密, xxx)公开于众 | bring sth to light = debunk sth, reveal or expose sth, unveil sth, especially the false, fraudulent, or deceptive informaiton [ 揭露丑闻, bring the scandal to light; 揭露sb'的秘密, bring sb's secret to light ] //曝光; 揭露...的真相: debunk, debunker 揭穿真面目者; to unveil, reveal, or expose sth, specially the false, fraudulent, or deceptive information. 戳穿他的谎话 debunk his lies; 揭穿真面: debunk the truth; 揭穿阴谋 debunk the conspiracy; |
| [美俚]暴露者; 揭穿真面目者 (告发者；检举者) | V) debunk, 揭穿真面目者(告发者；检举者) N.) debunker = whistleblower; to unveil, reveal, or expose sth, specially the false, fraudulent, or deceptive information. [戳穿他的谎话 debunk his lies; 揭穿真面: debunk the truth; 揭穿阴谋 debunk sb's conspiracy/scheme ] V.S. tattletale 告密者；搬弄是非的人,大嘴巴 you're such as tattletale |
| 告发者；检举者 (揭穿真面目者 ) | **whistleblower = debunker :** an **informant** [in'fɔ:mənt] who exposes wrongdoing, such as fraudulent or deceptive information, in an organization in the hope of stopping the wrong things. //informant: a person who provides information 提供消息者 |
| 大嘴巴, 打小报告的人； 告密者；搬弄是非的人, | tattletale; ;someone who gossips indiscreetly eg You're such a tattletale/whistleblower e..g In school, a kid is called a tattletale for telling a teacher about another student's bad behavior; She loves to poke her nose into everyone's business/meddle in others’ business. She also likes to be a tattletale, and Albert listens to most of what she says. 她好管閒事，还喜欢打小报告 //好管閒事 adj. be nosy= keep sb's nose into sth = meddle in sth. e.g. You're so nosy. e.g. Don't be so nosy = Don't meddle into others' business so much. e.g. Keep your nose away from my business |
| 杜绝 | Cuba, Kenya and Saudi Arabia are doing better at fighting human trafficking. Egypt, Ghana and Bulgaria are doing worse. That's according to the latest annual report from the U.S. State Department, which rates 188 countries on their efforts to stamp out杜绝/eradicate彻底根除 trafficking in persons. |
| 使降级; 使降职 | demote /dɪˈməʊt/ 降级; 降职 = downgrade, demotion V.S. promote If someone demotes you (downgrade you) , they give you a lower rank or a less important position than you already have, often as a punishment. 使降级; 使降职 e.g It's very difficult to demote somebody who has been filling in during maternity leave. 给替代歇产假的人降职是很难的。 e.g. He is seeking redress for what he alleges was an unfair demotion. 他正在为他所声称不公正的降职寻求赔偿。 |
| 给(瓶子) 换新盖; 翻新轮胎; (会后）概括; 总结下中心思想和扼要信息 | recap: to replace a cap or caplike covering-on: 给(瓶子) 换新盖; 翻新轮胎 **[recap the bottle 给瓶子换新盖; recap the tire 翻新轮胎]**  e.g. I lost cap of this bottle, can you help **recap it.** 给瓶子换新盖 |
| You can say that you are going to recap when you want to draw people's attention to the fact that you are going to repeat the main points of an explanation, argument, or description, as a summary of it; draw a brief conclusion about something that is very important, normally at the end of an event, such as the end of news broadcast, the meeting, or the seminar (会后）概括; 总结下中心思想和扼要信息 e.g. To recap briefly, the agreement was rejected 10 days ago. 简短概括就是，这项协议10天前被否决了。e.g. Can you recap the points included in the proposal?你能概括一下这个提议中包括的要点吗？ [recap the headlines at the end of the news broadcast. 在新闻的最后把主要内容概述一下; recap the breaking news at the end of the press conference; recap the main points at the end of meeting 会议结束前，总结下要点] eg Let's welcome our CEO to recap the program policy at the end of our seminar. 扼要重述 e.g. Here is a recap of some of the key items in our scrum meeting: 1) xxxx 2) xx |
| (项目) 障碍物 V.S. 一个令人印象深刻的事物 | show stopper V.S. showstopper a "show stopper" is an obstacle that would hinder or hamper a progress, especially a project (项目) 障碍物 e.g. The developer experience has progressed significantly through the work poured in the tooling support, this is no more a show stopper to the adoption of Groovy. 开发体验不再是采用Groovy的一个(项目) 障碍物 e.g. So, I would like to go with what @raojuan has proposed. We are on a very tight window here for delivering this. (By end of this week). F, unless you feel that this is **a show stopper**, let's go with Juan's proposal 2) If something is a **showstopper,** it is very impressive. 一个令人印象深刻的事物 e.g. Her natural creativity and artistic talent make her home a real showstopper. 她天生的创造力和艺术天赋使她的家令人印象深刻 |
| 承担xxx的开支花销 | shoulder the cost of sth e.g. "There has been no change in our basic position that the South Korean government provides the site and infrastructure for THAAD ... and the U.S. side shoulders the cost of its deployment, operation and maintenance," the Defense Ministry said in a statement Friday. |
| (没有权利却想）干涉; 篡改 | tamper with sth /ˈtæmpə/ V.S. bad-temper/grumpy, grumpily 1. If someone tampers with something, they interfere with it干涉, meddle in it 多管闲事, or try to change it when they actually have NO right to do so. (没有权利却想）干涉, 多管闲事, 篡改 e.g. I don't want to be accused of tampering with/falsifying the evidence. 我不想被指控 篡改证据。 => 篡改证据 falsify evidence = tamper with evidence= manipulate evidence =>多管闲事 meddle in sth; meddlesome = nosy, keep your nose away from me 2.N a person or thing that tamps, esp an instrument for packing down tobacco in a pipe 拍压的人; 工具(尤指装填烟草) |
| v) 管闲事 | **[ meddle in sth = sb. be nosy in sth; meddler = sb who is very nosy 爱管闲事的人 => 别管闲事 Stop meddling in sth = Keep your nose away from me. => 好管闲事的: meddlesome = nosy; You're so nosy/meddlesome ]**  e.g. China has reacted angrily to a British report voicing concerns over Beijing influence on Hong Kong's legal affairs, demanding that London stop **meddling in** China's internal issues. The report "contains willful comments on Hong Kong affairs," Chinese Foreign Ministry spokesman/mouthpiece said. "We by no means accept the **unwarranted [ʌn'wɒr(ə)ntɪd] accusations无根据的指控** against China." e.g. Former Director of National Intelligence James Clapper said Sunday on CNN"s "State of the Union" that Trump's **downplaying** of the threat posed by Russia's **meddling in 多管闲事 l**ast year's election was dangerous to US national security and allows countries like Russia and China to "play" the President. Former CIA Director John Brennan said Trump is allowing Putin to get away with Russia's efforts to disrupt the presidential election. eg. "I believe that he feels that he and Russia did not **meddle in** the U.S. presidential election," Trump said. "As to whether I believe it or not, I am with our agencies, especially as currently constituted with the leadership." //law enforcement officials执法人员 //决不xxx by no means //无根据的指控 unwarranted accusation/indictment |
| 爱管闲事的 | **nosy /ˈnəʊzɪ/ (nosier,nosiest) = meddlesome ADJ If you describe someone as nosy, you mean that they are interested in things which do not concern them.  [ be nosy in sth = meddle in sth; poke sb’s nose into everyone's business => 好管闲事的: You're so nosy/meddlesome => 别管闲事 Stop meddling in sth = Keep your nose away from me. ]** E.g He was having to whisper in order to avoid being overheard by their nosy/meddlesome neighbours. 他不得不低声耳语，以免被他们 爱管闲事的邻居们 听见  e.g. She loves to poke her nose into everyone's business/meddle in others’ business. She also likes to be a tattletale, and Albert listens to most of what she says. 她好管閒事，还喜欢打小报告 //好管閒事 |
| [俚语]多管别人闲事的人 | A buttinsky / buttinski [bə'tinski] = a meddler: sb who likes to **meddle in others' affairs** or **pose his/her nose into others’ busines**s, interfere with other’s affairs. A buttinsky or meddler is m**eddlesome and nosy**. e.g. You're such a buttinsky/meddler, so nosy/meddlesome. |
| 日津贴 | per diem /ˈpɜː ˈd**aɪɛ**m/ 1. A per diem is an amount of money that someone is given to cover their daily expenses while they are working. 日津贴 E.G. He received a per diem allowance to cover his travel expenses. 他收到一笔按日计算的差旅费用补贴 I work late during business travel and miss the dinner accordingly, so I can I claim both per diem and miss-meal allowance. E.g. During my business travel, I have a dinner with IBM employees expensed as a group meal, so I need to claim a dinner deduction (70% deduction) to per diem. |
| 聪明人 | a smart cookie |
| 三位一体；三人一组；三个一组的东西；三倍 | **1. 三位一体** e.g. Newton could not be Master of **Trinity** because he was a Unitarian and so not in Holy Orders. 牛顿不能做三一学院的教师，因为作为一名一神论者，他不能被授予神职 2. 三人一组；三个一组的东西； 3. trinity (n) 三倍 = triple (adj) |
| 四倍的, 四重的 | **quadruple, double -> triple -> quadruple -> quintuple e.g. At least 81 journalists are currently behind bars / be imprisoned in Turkey facing indictment related to their work -- the highest tally/record in any one country at any one time. Dozens more journalists are imprisoned in Turkey. In a separate report on Tuesday, Reporters Without Borders said the number of professional journalists detained in Turkey quadrupled following the thwarted/foiled/failed/abortive military coup to oust/deport President Erdogan. // 挫败的恐怖主义阴谋 thwarted/foiled/failed/abortive terrorism plot; 挫败的军事政变 thwarted/foiled/failed/abortive coup** |
| [天] 象限仪；**象限；四分之一圆** | quadrant ['kwɒdr(ə)nt]: Any of the four areas into which a planet is divided by the reference axis 坐标轴 in a Cartesian coordinate system 坐标系, designated first quadrant, second quadrant, third quadrant,and fourth quadrant, counting counterclockwise from the area in which both coordinates (x&y coordinates) are positive. 象限：在笛卡尔坐标系中，被坐标轴分开的平面中的四个区域的任一个 eg the four-quadrant matrix |
| adj. 五倍的；五部分组成的 n. 五倍量；五个一组 vt. 使成五倍 | quintuple['kwɪntjʊp(ə)l] Consisting of five parts or units. **Five times** as much, as many, or as large. 五倍的：五倍数量或大小的 |
| 1) 温暖舒适的 | toasty /ˈtəʊstɪ/ (toastier,toastiest) 1. If something is toasty, it is comfortably warm and cozy. 温暖舒适的 [ toasty = warm and cozy comfortably ] e.g. The heat of the fire keeps my feet toasty. 2. tasting or smelling like toast 有烤面包味的 toast, [ toaster: a light machine used for tooasting bread ]  3.N a toasted sandwich 烤三明治 4. 祝酒的 wedding toasts 祝酒词 |
| 委婉的(说法，表述） | euphemistic /ˈjuːfɪˌmɪstɪk/ [,jʊfə'mɪstɪk], euphemistically, euphemism委婉语  1. Euphemistic language uses polite, pleasant, or neutral words and expressions to refer to things that people may find unpleasant, upsetting, or embarrassing to talk about, for example, sex, age, the human body, or death. e.g...a euphemistic way of saying that someone has been lying. …说某人一直在撒谎的委婉说法。 2. euphemistically e.g. ...political prisons, called euphemistically "reeducation camps." …被委婉地称为“再教育营”的政治监狱。 |
| 委婉语 euphemism /ˈjuːfɪˌmɪzəm/ ['jufəmɪzəm] euphemism is a polite word or expression that is used to refer to things that people may find upsetting or embarrassing to talk about, for example sex, the human body, or death. 委婉语 e.g. The term "early retirement" is nearly always a euphemism for layoffs in this day and age/nowadays.如今“提前退休”这个词几乎总是下岗的委婉语 // eulogy, eulogize sb. 1) praise, commend, or extol sb 2)(在葬礼上)致悼词赞颂 eulogize sb. at the funeral |
| 1. 尤指用拳敲击  2. 【棒球】 远且有力的一击;  3.【体育运动】箭靶 | A blow, especially with the fist 尤指用拳敲击 |
| Baseball: a long, powerful hit. eg **a nice baseball clout【棒球】** 远且有力的一击; |
| An **archery箭术** target【体育运动】箭靶; **In the clout！ 命中！射中！** |
| clout = influence, power, 影响力,引力; clout = muscle.力量：权力；肌肉 eg All evidences showed that Russia has lost its clout影响力/influence and power in the global political issues, cannot exerting发挥 its power at all. //If someone or something exerts influence, authority, or pressure, they use it in a strong or determined way, especially in order to produce a particular effect. 施加 (影响、压力); 运用 (权威) |
| A piece of cloth 破布碎片布, especially a baby's **diaper**.【区域的】 尿布：一块布，尤指婴儿尿布; **clouted: patched 打了补钉的, see my clouted/patched skirt.** |
| 木材 | lumber V.S. timber: => lumberjack伐木工   1. lumber consists of trees and large pieces of wood that have been roughly cut up. 木材 e.g. It was made of soft lumber软木, spruce by the look of it. E.g. Refined products, like milled lumber, are intermediary [,intə'mi:diəri] products between raw products(未加工） and manufactured products. 2. V-I **If someone or something lumbers from one place to another, they move there very slowly and clumsily. 缓慢笨拙地移动 e.**g. The disabled older lumbered back to his chair. 缓慢笨拙地坐回到椅子上 V.S. If you scramble to a different place or position, you move there quickly in a hurried and awkward way. 仓促的急忙的行动(往往动作很尴尬） e.g. Ann threw back the covers and scrambled out of bed. 急忙下了床。  o timber /ˈtɪmbə/ Timber is wood that is used for building houses and making furniture. You can also refer to trees that are grown for this purpose as timber. 木材   //plumber /ˈplʌmə/ A plumber is a person whose job is to connect and repair things such as water and drainage pipes, bathtubs, and toilets. 管子工; 水暖工 |
| 1.攀爬(岩石 ,山;  **2.仓促的急忙的行动(往往动作很尴尬）；**  3. 争夺/抢购xxx （food, water, 门票) | scramble /ˈskræmbəl/  1. V-I If you scramble over rocks or scramble up a hill, you move quickly over them or up it using your hands to help you. 攀爬(岩石 ,山） e.g. Tourists were scrambling over the rocks looking for the perfect camera angle. 爬上岩石 V.S. the rock climbing 2. V-I If you **scramble** to a different place or position, you move there **quickly** in a hurried and awkward way. 仓促的急忙的行动(往往动作很尴尬）  V.S.  lumber: If someone or something **lumbers from one place to another,** they move there very slowly and clumsily. 缓慢笨拙地移动  e.g. Ann threw back the covers and **scrambled out of bed**. 急忙下了床。  E.g. The right-side engine of an Airlines Boeing 767 foiled/failed Friday during an attempted takeoff, sending passengers hurriedly jumping down the emergency slides onto a runway at Chicago International Airport. The 161 terrified/petrified/scared passengers and nine crew members **scrambled**仓促行动 to safety after huge plumes of flames erupted on the right side of the plane. About 20 people were taken to the hospital without life-threatening situation, but with minor injuries that occurred during the evacuation down the emergency slides.  V.S.  lumber: N. 木材 V.If someone or something **lumbers from one place to another**, they move there **very slowly and clumsily**. 缓慢笨拙地移动 e.g. The disabled older **lumbered** back to his chair. 缓慢笨拙地坐回到椅子上  3. If a number of people **scramble for something**, they compete energetically with each other for it. 争夺, 争着抢着做xxx  e.g. More than three million fans are expected to **scramble for tickets** from **touts**黄牛 歌迷抢购门票。 e.g. scramble for the last opportunity; e.g scrambled for the best seats. 争夺最好的座席  //N A tout is someone who sells things such as tickets unofficially, usually at prices which are higher than the official ones. 票贩子; 卖黄牛票 的人  e.g. At the Unification Ministry in central Seoul, officials handed out hard copies of various announcements, sending reporters **scrambling争夺** to take photos of them and send to their colleagues, or type them up for publication.  5. V-T If you **scramble eggs**, you break them, mix them together by whipping or churnnig and then cook them in butter. 炒 (蛋) e.g. Make the toast and scramble eggs 烤面包，炒鸡蛋。  V.S. omelette煎蛋卷 => adj. 炒的 scrambled e.g. ...scrambled eggs and bacon. …炒蛋和熏咸肉。  7. V-T If a device scrambles a radio or telephone message, it interferes with the sound so that the message can only be understood by someone with special equipment. 对 (无线电或电话信号) 作扰频处理 e..g The system lets you encrypt or scramble the data that's sent between machines. 这个系统可以让你对机器间互发的数据作加密或扰频处理 |
| (pain, sadness, situation, tension between two parts) 加剧，使（形式） 恶化； 使xxxx情况恶化 2. 激怒sb.; 让sb恼火 | aggravate /ˈæɡrəˌveɪt/  1. V-T If someone or something aggravates a situation, they make it worse. 加剧，使（形式） 恶化； 使xxxx情况恶化 e.g. Stress and lack of sleep can aggravate your health situation. 会使你的健康情况恶化。e.g. The aircraft carrier's 航母 deployment is nothing but a reckless action of aggression to aggravate the tensions in the region. 使紧张气氛加剧/恶化 2.V-T If someone or something aggravates you, they make you annoyed or irritated. 激怒sb.; 让sb恼火 e.g. What aggravates you most about this country? 这个国家最让你恼火的是什么？ 3. ADJ 恼人的 aggravating = annoying = irritating e.g. You don't realize how aggravating/annoying/irritating you can be. 你没意识到你有多烦人 |
| 平息；减轻 (sb's anger, sadness) | [ quell sb's anger; quell sb's sadness => alleviate sb's anger , relief sb's anger] e.g. South Korean President Park Geun-hye's two apologies have not quelled some Koreans' anger over an abuse-of-power scandal engulfing her administration, which has already sparked international uproar。 People of all ages, including children with their families, held candles and signs in Saturday's peaceful demonstrations in Seoul and chanted for Park's resignation, easily within shouting distance of Blue House, the presidential palace. //青瓦台（韩国总统官邸）: Blue Houes //relieve, alleviate sb's pain, sadness, anger //spark international uproar 在国际上引起轩然大波 //在叫一声就能听得到的地方: within shouting distance |
| V-T 缓解, 减轻(pain, negative impact, tension) | mitigate /ˈmɪtɪˌɡeɪt/ 　V-T To mitigate something means to make it less unpleasant, serious, or painful. e. g ...ways of mitigating the effects of an explosion. …减轻爆炸后果的方法 e.g. The economic fallout/ramification helped push the rupee to a record low 创新低 (an all-time/unprecedented all) of 68.86 to the U.S. dollar on Thursday. Modi is hoping the rupee banknote (with denomination面额 of 500) switch will reduce ta[x e]vasion/dodge/avoidance and money laundering洗黑钱.The [negative] impact might well be mitigated/alleviated/relieved once the supply of the new banknotes has improved," said an India economist. e.g. How to mitigate this trend? 怎样缓和这种倾向呢？ eg. mitigate their situation 缓解他们的状况 |
| N 缓解, 减轻;  **[Court] 为减轻罪责; 为从轻处置; 为了开脱** | mitigation /ˈmɪtɪˌgeɪʃən/ 1 If someone, especially in a court, is told something in mitigation, they are told something that makes a crime or fault easier to understand and excuse. 为减轻罪责; 为从轻处置; 为了开脱 e.g. The prosecutor told the judge in mitigation that the offences had been at the lower end of the scale. 公诉人对法官说这些罪行情节较轻，希望能够从宽判决。 2. Mitigation is a reduction in the unpleasantness, seriousness, or painfulness of something. 减轻; 缓和 e.g. ...the mitigation or cure of a physical or mental condition. ...身体或心理疾病的缓和或痊愈 |
| adj. 缓和的，减轻的；镇静的，平静的 **n. 镇静剂**；缓和 | mitigative ['mitiɡeitiv] **moderating缓和 or alleviate** pain or sorrow by making it easier to bear n. 镇静剂: tranquilizer, sedative ['sedətiv], A sedative is a medicine or drug that calms you or makes you sleep. |
| adj. 减轻的；缓和的；镇静的 **n. 镇静剂；**缓和剂 | mitigatory ['mitiɡeitəri] adj. moderating or alleviate pain or sorrow by making it easier to bear e.g. As a significant symbol of a more mitigatory and scientific punishment system, fine penalty has drawn increasing attention and raised its position. 罚金刑作为刑罚轻缓化、科学化的的一个重要标志，越来越受到人们的重视，在刑罚体系中的地位和作用越来越显著。 2. The total flood volume is reduced, the flood duration is prolonged, the peak flow is decreased dramatically, and the flood hydrograph is characterized by the rapid rise and mitigatory recession; 跟读 洪水总量减少，洪水历时延长，洪峰流量显著降低，洪水过程线表现为涨洪陡、落洪慢的特点； |
| ship, boat, military |  |
| 威慑性武器 | deterrent n) [di'terənt] 1. N) A deterrent is something that prevents/deters people from doing something by making them afraid of what will happen to them if they do it. (试图吓到别人的）威慑物 e.g. They seriously believe that capital punishment/death penalty is a deterrent. 他们坚信死刑是一种威慑手段。 2. N) A deterrent is a weapon or set of weapons designed to prevent enemies from attacking by making them afraid to do so. 威慑性武器 [ a deterrent policy 威慑政策; deterrent power 威慑力量; deterrent weapons 威慑性武器; a nuclear deterrent 核威慑武器 ] |
| 好战的; 好斗的（民族，人）; 药味十足(的声明) | belligerent /bɪˈlɪdʒərənt/ belligerence [bi'lidʒərənce] A belligerent person is hostile and aggressive. 好斗的 好战的 [ 药味十足的声明 belligerent statement ] e.g. ...the belligerent statements from both DPRK and U.S.. which have led to fears of war in Peninsular island. …双方火药味十足的声明已造成了对战争爆发的担忧。 e.g. The latest belligerent statement 药味十足的声明 from Pyongyang was a response to the deployment of two US airplane carriers 航母　over the Korean peninsula on Monday -- as part of a joint drill with South Korea and Japan's air forces. 2.N 好斗性 belligerence e.g. He could be accused of passion, but never belligerence. 他也许可以被指责为性情冲动，但决不是生性好斗 e.g. A total of three Chicago Department of Aviation officers are sacked/fired/axed 被炒了 following the incident of United Airlines passenger's violent removal from a flight on Sunday, which has turned into转变为 a publicity nightmare for United Airlines. Amid plummeting/plunging/nosediving/slump stocks and boycott ['bɒɪkɒt] threats, newly released footage appears to contradict cc’s claim that Dr. David Dao's belligerence好斗性 left officers with no choice but to forcibly remove him. e.g. After passengers had already boarded the plane, United said it needed to clear some seats for four members of another flight crew who needed to get to Louisville. Dao and his wife initially agreed to get off the plane. But once they found out that the next flight wasn't until Monday afternoon, he demurred[di'mə:]提出异议 and sat back, saying he was a physician who needed to get to work the next day. "He was very emphatic (emphasize, emphatic坚决强调的): 'I can't be late. I'm a doctor. I've got to be there tomorrow,' " Anspach recalled. Dao was not belligerent [bi'lidʒərənt]好战的好斗的when speaking to the airline officials. Dao only started to get mildly upset when the second officer came on the plane after he continued to refuse to leave. The Cummingses both said Dao never raised his voice when speaking to the officers and airline officials, and that reports that Dao acted belligerence[bi'lidʒərənt]好战的好斗的 are simply not true. |
| 好战者；主战论者(试图挑起战争的政客或领导人) | war => warmonger /ˈwɔːˌmʌŋɡə, -mɒŋgə/ If you describe a politician or leader as a warmonger, you disapprove of them or demur提出异议 because you think they are very belligerent 好斗的 好战的 and encouraging people to start or join a war. E.g. North Korean state media described US President Donald Trump as a "warmonger". It claimed that "Trump and other US warmongers" were determined to make a preemptive nuclear strike on North Korea. //preemptive /priːˈɛmptɪv/ A preemptive attack or strike is intended to weaken or damage an enemy or opponent, for example, by destroying their weapons before they can do any harm. 先发制人的 |
| 航空母舰; 航母 | aircraft carrier: an aircraft carrier is a warship with a long, flat deck where aircraft can take off and land. E.g. On April 8, US Pacific Command, which oversees military operations in the region, issued a statement saying that the Carl Vinson, a powerful aircraft carrier 航母, and an accompanying strike group would leave Singapore and head to the Western Pacific, with a US military official telling CNN that it was a "show of force" in response to North Korea's provocations. //carrier strike group 航空母舰打击群 ; 航母战斗群 |
| (射鸟或动物的）散弹猎枪 | shotgun /ˈʃɒtˌɡʌn/ A shotgun is a gun used for shooting birds and animals which fires a lot of small metal balls at one time. (射鸟或动物的）散弹猎枪 |
| 弹道的； 大发雷霆; (常指意料之外的或不受欢迎的)暴涨; 大增 | ballistic /bəˈlɪstɪk/  1. Ballistic means relating to ballistics. ( Ballistics 弹道(子弹的轨道/轨迹)is the study of the movement of objects that are shot or thrown through the air, such as bullets fired from a gun; the trajectory/path轨迹 of an object in free flight [ ballistic missiles 弹道导弹 ] e.g. Ballistic tests have matched the weapons with bullets taken from the bodies of victims. 弹道测试表明，这些武器和受害者体内取出的子弹相吻合。 2. If sb. goes ballistic, they suddenly become very angry. 大发雷霆 e.g. The singer went ballistic after one member of his band failed to show for a sound rehearsal. 歌手大发雷霆，因为他的一位乐队成员没有到场试音。 3. If sth. goes ballistic, it suddenly becomes very much greater or more powerful, often in a surprising, out-of-blue, unwanted way. (常指意料之外的或不受欢迎的)暴涨; 大增 e.g. August registrations have gone ballistic/have skyrocketed out of blue, accounting for a quarter of the annual total. 八月份的登记数量大涨，现在占全年总量的四分之一 |
| 洲际弹道导弹 | ICBM ABBREVIATION/acronym for intercontinental ballistic missile: a missile with a range greater than 5500 km |
| 迫击炮 | mortar /ˈmɔːtə/ 1. A mortar is a big gun that fires missiles high into the air over a short distance. 迫击炮 e.g. The two sides exchanged fire with mortars and small arms. 2 Mortar is a mixture of sand, water, and cement or lime石灰/酸橙 which is put between bricks to hold them together. 灰浆 the mortar between the bricks …砖块间的灰浆 [ brick and mortar 实体的； 实体店铺 a brick and mortar store; 实体(的)商业模式: brick and mortar business model; brick-and-mortar business: 实业] //mason ['meɪs(ə)n] 泥瓦匠 V.S. mansion ['mænʃ(ə)n]大厦；宅邸 //lime石灰；酸橙 |
| 黏土 | clay: a type of heavy sticky earth that can be used for making pots, bricks etc |
| 弹药库; 弹匣 | magazine: 1. a storehouse (as a compartment on a warship) where weapons and ammunition are stored. 2. magazine is a metal frame or container holding cartridges or bullets; can be inserted into an automatic gun 弹匣 e.g. The corporal ignored him, sliding the empty magazine from his weapon and replacing it with a fresh one. 把空弹匣从他的武器上卸下来并换上了一个新的 e.g. The pistols found in the magazine弹药库 seems to be obtained illegally because the serial number on the pistol has been scratched/scraped off刮擦, and 300 rounds of ammunication 300发子弹 found in his rucksack ['rʌksæk]/backpack帆布背包. |
| 1. 拦河坝; 阻塞； 2. 齐射式攻击, 以密集炮火进攻 3. . 一连串 (问题，抱怨等) 4. 不断骚扰 | barrage /ˈbærɑːʒ/  1. A barrage is continuous firing on an area with large guns and tanks. 连续炮击,以密集炮火进攻; 齐射式攻击 [ 连续攻击:barrage of attacks; 连续炮击: the artillery barrage] eg For all the talk of a possible cease-fire/truce/armistice, residents of Israel are living under a daily barrage of attacks. More than 1,200 Palestinians death-toll now, and millions of people are displaced/homeless, living under the yoke of war 活在战争的羁绊; 枷锁下. e.g. The artillery barrage /ˈbærɑːʒ/ on the city was the heaviest since the ceasefire/truce/armistice .此次对城市的连续炮击是自停战以来最猛烈的。 2. A barrage/series of something such as criticism, comments, or complaints is a large number of them directed at someone, often in an aggressive way. 一连串 (问题，抱怨等) [ a barrage of complaints; a barrage of criticism; a barrage of questions ] e.g. He was faced with a barrage of angry questions from the floor. 他面临着听众一连串的愤怒质问。=> 弹幕 normally we say the audiences' comments that pop up on the screen, with the movies or TV series playing. e.g. When I'm watching the trashy(垃圾) Korea romance series, I like having a glimpse of a barrage of audiences' comments popping up the screen. 3. V-T If you are barraged by people or things, you have to deal with a great number of people or things you would rather avoid. 不断骚扰 e..g Doctors are complaining about being barraged by drug-company salesmen. 医生们抱怨总是受到医药公司销售人员的骚扰。 4. A barrage is a structure that is built across a river to control the level of the water. 堰堤; 水坝 / 拦河坝 dam, checking dam, weir ([wiə]n. 堰，坝) [胡佛水坝: Barrage Hoover ]  ...a hydro-electric tidal barrage. …一座水力发电潮汐拦河坝 5。 弹幕 |
| 三发子弹 | **three rounds of ammunition 三发子弹**  e.g. The pistol used by the teen attack seems to be obtained illegally because the serial number on the pistol has been **scratched/scraped off刮擦**, and **300 rounds of ammunition** found in his rucksack ['rʌksæk]/backpack帆布包.  // ammunition => munitions  **/mjuːˈnɪʃənz/** n. [军] 军需品（尤指武器弹药） |
| n. [军] 军需品（尤指武器弹药）；必需品（munition的复数）  v. 供应…军需品；从事军需品生产（munition的三单形式） | munitions  **/mjuːˈnɪʃənz/** n. [军] 军需品（尤指武器弹药）v. 供应…军需品；从事军需品生产（munition的三单形式）  e.g. Speaking at a munitions industry conference, he cited [North Korea's recent launch of intercontinental ballistic missile Hwasong-15](http://www.bbc.co.uk/news/world-asia-42162462) as a "great historic victory".  e.g. France therefore also sent equipment allowing them to defend themselves, comprising lightweapons and munitions**/mjuːˈnɪʃənz/**军需品," he said, adding that the drop also included medicine and food.  e.g. The ship had been built to carry arms and was in fact carrying munitions**/mjuːˈnɪʃənz/** 载有军需物资when the Germans sank it. |
|  |  |
| 巡洋舰 | cruiser /ˈkruːzə/ =>cruising altitude 飞机的巡航高度  1. cruiser is a motorboat which has an area for people to live or sleep. 游艇 [ a fancy cruiser 高级游艇; an up-scale cruiser] ...a three-hour journey in a small cruiser with indoor and outdoor seating. 2. A cruiser is a large fast warship. 巡洋舰 Italy had lost three cruisers and two destroyers.损失了3艘巡洋舰和2艘驱逐舰。 3. A cruiser is a police car. 警车 e.g. Police cruisers surrounded the bank throughout the day. 警车把这家银行包围了一整天 |
| 轰炸机 | bomber /ˈbɒmə/  1.N Bombers are people who cause bombs to explode in public places. 在公共场所引爆炸弹者 e.g. Detectives hunting the bombers who exploded the ticking bomb定时炸弹 in London will be eager to interview him.  2.N A bomber is a military aircraft which drops bombs in the designated place 轰炸机 e.g. ...a high-speed bomber with twin engines. …一架双引擎高速轰炸机 |
| (有重型军事装备的)驱逐舰 ；破坏者；起破坏作用的事物 | destroyer /dɪˈstrɔɪə/  1. A destroyer is a small but heavily armed warship. (有重型军事装备的)驱逐舰 2. a person who destroys or ruins e.g. This merchant ship was convoyed by a destroyer. 这只商船由一艘驱逐舰护航。e.g. We deceived the enemy by disguising[dɪs'gaɪz] the destroyer as a freighter['freitə]. 我们把驱逐舰伪装成运输船蒙蔽敌人 |
| 货轮; 货船; 货机 | freighter['freitə] A freighter is a large ship or aeroplane that is designed for carrying freight, goods. 货轮; 货船 (freighter = cargo ship); 货机 eg. A freighter carrying 49 rescued passengers arrived at the port of Bari on Monday. Photos showed survivors wrapped in emergency foil blankets being carried away on stretchers担架/gurney. One man died after he jumped or fell into the cold water, authorities said. It is unclear how the other victims died. |
| 驳船; v 闯入/闯进（地方） | barge /bɑːdʒ/  1. A barge is a long, narrow boat with a flat bottom. Barges are used for carrying heavy loads, such as coals, especially on rivers and canals. 平底载货船 e.g. You can see lots of barges afloat on the HuangPu river. e.g. Carrying goods by train costs nearly three times more than carrying them by barge. 用火车运货的费用几乎比用货船高出3倍。 2.V-I If you barge into a place or barge through a place, you rush or push into it in a rough and rude way. 闯入/闯进（地方） e.g. Students tried to barge into the secretariat buildings. 学生们试图闯进秘书处大楼 // invade a country means to enter it by force with an army. 侵入 |
|  |  |
| (专门处理某类犯罪的) 警察分队; (将从中挑选运动员组队参赛的) 运动代表队 | squad /skwɒd/  1.N-COUNT A squad is a section of a police force that is responsible for dealing with a particular type of crime. (专门处理某类犯罪的) 警察分队 [ 防爆小组/拆弹部队: bomb squad ; 防爆服 : blast suit ] e.g The building was evacuated and the bomb squad called. 那座大楼进行了人员疏散，并通知了拆弹小组。 2.N-COUNT A squad is a group of players from which a sports team will be chosen. (将从中挑选运动员组队参赛的) 运动代表队 [ cheering squad 拉拉队 ] e.g The American squad has pulled out of the four-day basketball tournament. 美国运动代表队已经退出了为期4天的篮球锦标赛 |
| 引爆; 爆炸 | detonate the bomb => N) detonation V.S. defuse the bomb (拆除…(炸弹)的引信); denote the bomb: to explode or cause to explode 引爆 eg the terrorists detonated the bomb and caused a cruel bloodshed流血事件. //defuse: If someone defuses a bomb, they remove the fuse so that it cannot explode. e.g. Police have defused a bomb found in a downtown building. e.g. Trump said he would be willing to meet North Korean leader Kim Jong Un to defuse tensions between two countriees. // bombard; bombardment [bɒm'bɑːdm(ə)nt] is a strong and continuous attack of gunfire or bombing. 轰击; 轰炸 |
|  |  |
| ship, boat, military |  |
| 1. (没有醉酒）清醒的 ; 2. 严肃的(人，脸） 3. 素淡的素净的 (颜色或衣服) | sober /ˈsəʊbə/ soberly 1. When you are sober, you are not drunk. (没有醉酒）清醒的 e.g. He'd been drunk when I arrived. Now he was sober. 我到的时候他已经喝醉了。现在他清醒了。 => 头脑冷静的; 头脑清醒的 level-headed: a level-headed person even though in a predicament/an adversity/in a pickle/in a tight spot 在困境中仍然头脑冷静 2. A sober person is serious and thoughtful. 严肃的 [ a sober person: 严肃的 人; sober faces:严肃的 面孔 ] e.g. It was a room filled with sad, sober faces. 这是一个满是忧伤和严肃面孔的房间。e.g . "There's a new development," he said soberly. “有新的进展，”他严肃地说。 e.g In EXO group, D.O. is a sober person, always with a poker face 扑克脸，严肃的人  4. sober colours and sober clothes are plain and rather dull. 素淡的素净的(颜色或衣服) pastel color, soothing color e.g .He dresses in sober grey suits. 他穿着一套素净的灰色衣服。 e.g Dress? I like that sober pastel blue one. 素淡的淡雅的蓝色的裙子 |
| Types of color | pastel /ˈpæstəl/  1. Pastel colours are pale rather than dark or bright. (色彩) 淡的淡雅 e.g ...delicate pastel shades. …柔和的淡色 e.g pastel pink, pastel blue, pastel peach, and pastel green.…淡粉色、蓝色、桃色和绿色。 2. Pastel is also a noun. 淡色彩 e.g . The lobby is decorated in pastels. 门厅用柔和的淡色彩装饰 |
| \* 舒缓柔和的颜色，**暖色（治愈系的）颜色**：soothing color， e.g. light pink, light yellow, light green e.g. Put on some nice **soothing music. 放些柔和舒缓的（治愈系的)音乐** \* 充满生气的活泼的颜色 **vibrant color, e.g. bold red 鲜红色 or vivid green 鲜绿色** |
| vi/N 物物交换 | barter /ˈbɑːtə/ [ barter A for B 物A来交换物B ]  1. If you barter goods, you exchange them for other goods, rather than selling them for money. 以物交换; 以物易物 e.g They have been bartering wheat for cotton and timber['tɪmbə]. 用小麦交换棉花和木材。 The market-place and street were crowded with those who'd come to barter. 市场和街道上挤满了来进行物物交换的人。 2.N-UNCOUNT Barter is also a noun. 物物交换 e.g Overall, barter is a very inefficient [,ini'fiʃənt] means of organizing transactions. 总的说来，物物交换是一种非常低效的组织交易的方式 |
| 懊悔, 悔恨的 | contrite /kənˈtraɪt, ˈkɒntraɪt/, contritely 懊悔, 悔恨地 **[ feel contrite ]** If you are contrite or **feel contrite,** you are very sorry because you have done something wrong. 悔恨的 |
| n. (马)缰绳；驾驭统治；支配 vt. 控制驾驭； vi. 勒住马 | rein /reɪn/  1. N Reins are the thin leather straps attached around a horse's neck which are used to control the horse. (马)缰绳 [ hold the reins 拉紧(马)缰绳 ] e.g He held the reins while the stallion horse tugged使劲挣扎 and snorted打着响鼻. 2. N-PLURAL Journalists sometimes use the expression the reins or the reins of power to refer to the control of a country or organization. 执政; 掌权 take reins of ( a nation/country/company/org) = take the helm of (the company, organization, country, or government) eg He took up the reins/helm of government. e.g He was determined to see the party keep a hold on the reins of power. 他决心要确保该党继续执掌政权。 3.PHRASE If you give free rein to someone, you give them a lot of freedom to do what they want. 给 (某人) 充分的自由 e.g. The government continued to believe it should give free rein to the private sector in transportation. 政府继续认为应该给私营运输部门充分的自由。 4. If you keep a tight rein on sb. or keep sb. on a right rein, you control them firmly. （拉紧(马)缰绳）严格控制某人 e.g Her parents kept her on a tight rein with their narrow and inflexible views. 她的父母目光短浅而又固执地严格控制着她 |
| 使转世; 使化身' 轮回转世 | reincarnate /ˌriːɪnˈkɑːneɪt/ If people believe that they will be reincarnated when they die, they believe that their spirit will be born again and will live in the body of another person or animal. 使转世; 使化身 e.g. ...their belief that human souls were reincarnated in the bodies of turtles. ...他们认为人的灵魂转世投胎到海龟身体里的信仰 e.g. If all happened for highest good, you would not be reincarnated. 如果一切都在最高的善中发生的话，你就不会轮回转世 |
| reincarnation /ˌriːɪnkɑːˈneɪʃən/  1. N If you believe in reincarnation, you believe that you will be reincarnated after you die. 转世再生 e.g Many African tribes believe in reincarnation. 很多非洲部落相信转世再生。 2. N A reincarnation is a person or animal whose body is believed to contain the spirit of a dead person. (灵魂转世的) 化身 e.g Another little girl, believed to be the reincarnation of her grandmother, was obsessed with sewing. 另外一个据说是她祖母转世化身的小女孩 痴迷于 缝纫 // sew: 缝纫 V.S. stitch 缝纫的一针 I got 7 stitches on my injury. |
| 使恢复；使复原 | reinstate [reinstate sb, make sb reinstated　使某人官复原职,恢复原职,恢复原来的级别］: 1 restore to the previous state or rank 2. bring back into original existence, use, function, or position eg I can exert运用 my power and authority to make you reinstated. Eg "Reinstated her", this is an order. "恢复她的原职" |
| 刺激物挑拨的; 挑衅的 ；气人的; | provocative [prəu'vɔkətiv] , provoke, provocation [ military provocation 军事挑衅; **应对sb’s挑衅 counter sb’s provocation** ]  e.g. The **Kremlin’s**克里姆林 spokesman stressed the unacceptability of **hyping up大肆的炒作** the tensions around the Korean peninsula with Washington's **aggressiv**e **political rhetoric(政治空谈/大放厥词)** toward Pyongyang and building up military preparations in the region," the statement said. Lavrov has said US military exercises in the region have made dialogue tougher. In the past, US President Donald Trump has vowed to **counter North Korean provocations应对sb’s挑衅** with military force, saying he would **unleash** "[fire and fury,](http://edition.cnn.com/2017/08/29/politics/north-korea-trump-kim-jong-un-rhetoric/index.html)"  e..g Japan is so provocative that it annouced the diaoyu island belongs to its territory, which sparked the territorial conversy between japan and china. The relationship between two countries become more tensive. e.g. South Korean Defense Ministry told a briefing that the aircraft carrier 航母 deployment was part of an effort to "respond to North Korea's nuclear missile threat and to deter North Korea's provocations." North Korean state news agency KCNA denounced the exercise in typically bombastic terms. "The reckless 鲁莽不及后果的 military provocation is pushing the situation on the Korean peninsula closer to the brink of nuclear war. The U.S. is such a warmonger 好战者" // a reckless driver: **鲁莽的(粗心大意，不记后果的)司机** //To deter sb. from doing something means to make them not want to do it or continue doing it. 阻止 |
| 意见一致 | concur /kənˈkɜː/ (concurring,concurred,concurs) V.S. 表示异议 demur /dɪˈmɜː **[ concur with sb. 同意；同…一致; concur in 赞成 ]** If one person concurs with another person, the two people agree with each other. You can also say that two people concur. 意见一致 e.g. Daniels and Franklin **concurred** in an investigator's suggestion that the police be commended. 丹尼尔斯和富兰克林xxx **意见一致** e.g My political views **concur with** yours. 我的政治观点跟你的一致 e.g. Brennan said Trump was in effect "**giving Putin a pass**,高抬贵手/开恩 " which invited other countries to seek to sway Trump (to make sb. hesitated). Clapper **concurred** (agreed with Brenna), saying, "I do think both the Chinese and the Russians think they can play him." |
| 提出异议; 表示异议 | **demur /dɪˈmɜː/ If you demur, you say that you do not agree with something or will not do something that you have been asked to do. V.S. [ concur with sb. 同意；同…一致; concur in 赞成 ]**  e.g. The doctor **demurred,** but Piercey was insistent. 医生 **表示异议**，但是皮尔西坚持不懈 e.g. After passengers had already boarded the plane, United said it needed to clear some seats for four members of another flight crew who needed to get to Louisville. Dao and his wife initially agreed to get off the plane. But once they found out that the next flight wasn't until Monday afternoon, he **demurred[di'mə:]提出异议** and sat back, saying he was a physician who needed to get to work the next day. The harder the law enforcement officers tried to get the man to leave, the harder the man insisted he stay. "He was very emphatic (emphasize, emphatic坚决强调的): 'I can't be late. I'm a doctor. I've got to be there tomorrow,' " Anspach recalled. Dao was not **belligerent [bi'lidʒərənt]好战的好斗的** when speaking to the airline officials, the Cummings said. Dao only started to get mildly upset when the second officer came on the plane after he continued to refuse to leave. The Cummingses both said Dao never raised his voice when speaking to the officers and airline officials, and that reports that Dao acted **belligerence[bi'lidʒərənt]好战的好斗的**a re simply not true. |
| (教堂等建筑物的) 尖顶; (螺旋形结构的)盘管或拐角 | spire /spaɪə/  1. The spire of a building such as a church is the tall pointed structure on the top. (教堂等建筑物的) 尖顶 e.g. ...a church spire poking above the trees. …伸出树梢的教堂尖顶。 2.N any of the coils or turns in a spiral structure (螺旋形结构的)盘管或拐角  3. V to assume the shape of a spire; point up 猜想(塔尖的形状); 指向上 |
| spur | A short **spike** or **spiked** wheel that attaches to the heel of a rider's (espeically the horse rider's) boot and is used to stimulate/urge/**propel** a horse to run forward. 马刺：骑马者靴后跟上的**短刺**或带刺的轮，用来**驱使(propel)马快跑 eg spur the horse to run quickly;** |
| sth that serves as an **incentive/stimulation.** 刺激激励，鞭策 A business tax cut is needed to **spur/stimulate** industrial investment 需要用减少商业税的办法**刺激**工业投资 |
| A climbing iron to avoid the slippery quality; 尖铁钉；防滑钉 **[spikes = sneakers with spur 防滑的钉子鞋]** If you**'re gonna** hike, you'd better wear the outdoor **spikes / sneakers with spur 防滑的钉子鞋.** |
| A bony outgrowth **骨刺** I got a **bony spur 骨刺** in my elbow and it's so sore |
| spike | A sharp-pointed **projections(凸出物)** along the top of a fence or wall. 篱笆或墙之顶部的**尖突起** take care of the spikes on the top of the fence; otherwise you wil be **stung and got hurt.刺** |
| A spike is a long piece of metal with a sharp point. 长金属尖锥; normally a pair of athletic shoes having such spikes in order to reduce friction 摩擦. [ spikes = sneakers with spur 防滑的钉子鞋] eg If you're gonna hike, you'd better wear the outdoor spikes / sneakers with spur 防滑的钉子鞋. |
| **a sharp rise followed by a sharp decline** |
| A heavy nail. 大钉 barbed spike 棘钉 |
| An ear of grain, as of wheat. 谷物的穗，如 eg **麦穗** **the spike of wheat** |
| **[slang] spike a rumour [美]辟谣 The WHO spokesman** spiked the rumor and announced officially that the Ebola can only be infected by bodily fluids, not by air. |
| barbed | 倒刺[钩], 毛刺[边] barbed spike 棘钉; **[slang] barbed words 伤人之言(话)带刺的 = sarcastic words 讥讽话的; [ bared wired] ['bɑ:b'waiə] 有刺铁丝网；棘铁丝**  e.g. I don't like Sean Wang, and he's such big a **nuisance讨厌的人,** and he is always speaking with **barbed words / sarcastic words**  e.g. Local media reported that some protesters had tried to break through the entrance to the compound, climbing **barbed wire ['bɑ:b'waiə]**. The demonstrators, many wearing black and white scarves, **chanted slogans(游行的时候反复呼喊xxx口号)** denouncing Mr Trump.  **//decry sb. = denounce, slam, condemn, excoriate [ɪk'sgɔːrɪeɪt] sb.** |
| sting; stung | My neck was stung by a bee and it's **inflamed(发炎的；红肿的)**. 刺, 螫, 叮 => **stingy ['stɪndʒi]:** 1. informal not generous, especially with money 吝啬的，小气的【非正式]; 2. a stingy amount of something, especially food, is too small 〔尤指食物〕极少量的，不足的 a stingy portion of vegetables 极少的一份蔬菜 |
| 溜达 | stroll /strəʊl/ V.S. troll sb.; such a troll **=> stroller 散步者；流浪者；（美）折叠式婴儿车; trolley[购物]手推车** 1. If you stroll somewhere, you walk there in a slow, relaxed way. 溜达 e.g. He collected some orange juice from the refrigerator and, glass in hand, strolled to the kitchen window. 他从冰箱里取了些橙汁，然后手拿玻璃杯，溜达到厨房的窗边。 2.N. 闲逛溜达 [ take a stroll ] e.g. After dinner, I took a stroll round the city. 晚饭后，我绕着城闲逛溜达了一圈 => If you **go for a spin(开车兜风)** or **take a car for a spin,** you make a short trip in a car just to enjoy yourself. |
| 1.**(在网络论坛)故意发布煽动性文章; 喷子;** 2. 随便浏览(报纸,文件，照片) | troll [trəʊl; trɒl] => trolley  1. If you troll somewhere or stroll somewhere, you go there in a casual, slow, relaxed, and unhurried way. 溜达闲逛 => **trolley ['trɒlɪ] [购物]手推车 V.S. dolly ['dɒlɪ] n. 洋娃娃；手推车** e.g. I trolled/strolled along to see Michael Frayn's play, "Noises Off." 我溜达闲逛走着去看迈克尔·弗莱恩的戏剧。 2. If you troll through papers, files, photos, you look through them in a fairly casual way. 随便浏览(报纸,文件，照片) e.g. Trolling through the files revealed a photograph of me drinking coffee in Starbucks in Seoul. 我随便浏览这些文件时发现了一张我喝咖啡的照片。 4. (在网络论坛)喷sb: [ troll sb.] . to post deliberately inflammatory articles on an internet discussion board, such as bad, barbed words, or sarcastic words in order to defame/smear/malign sb.诽谤, making sb go ballistic (suddenly become very angry 生气，大发雷霆) **N)(在网络论坛)故意发布煽动性文章, 喷子 [ a troll on internet ]**  You're such a troll 喷子 on internet. |
| 我相信你 | I believe you and I bet on you. = I **take your words V.S.** I've really **bought into** that. E.g. Did you **buy into that**? |
| 裙带关系(表不满 ) | nepotism /ˈnɛpəˌtɪzəm/: Nepotism is the unfair use of power in order to get jobs or other benefits for your family or friends. [[劳经]裙带关系；起用亲戚 networking through petticoat influence] e.g. Many will regard his appointment as the kind of nepotism that the banking industry ought to avoid. 很多人都把对他的任命看作银行业应当避免的裙带关系式操作 e.g. President Donald Trump's eldest daughter will be an unpaid employee working in the West Wing.. Ivanka Trump is changing course and will become a government employee in the coming days, a White House official told CNN Wednesday, which is regarded as sort of "nepotism" // nympho ['nɪmfəʊ] 慕男狂；花痴（等于nymphomania） |
| [ prai'me-] | primary => prim**a**rily: [ prai**'me-]** |
| 婴儿床 ; (帆布)折叠床 | cot /kɒt/ V.S. cod n. [鱼] 鳕鱼；愚弄；哄骗 1. A cot is a bed for a baby **[ the baby cot 婴儿床 ] [ a chellold cot 童床]**  2. A cot is a narrow bed, usually made of canvas fitted over a frame which can be folded up. (帆布)折叠床 [ a canvas cot 帆布折叠床; a folding cot: 折叠床，轻便小床 ] e.g. The airline apologized to customers in a joint statement and said that passengers will not be charged a fee to rebook. Meanwhile, it is trying to cope with stranded passengers. The airline has booked about 4,000 hotel rooms in Frankfurt, and set up around 400 folding cots折叠床 at Frankfurt airport for passengers who can't leave its terminals due to visa restrictions. |
| 婴儿摇篮 | bassinet /ˌbæsɪˈnɛt/ A bassinet is a small bed for a baby that is like a basket. 摇篮 My baby slept safe from harm in her white wicker bassinet. 我的小宝贝安稳地睡在白色的藤条摇篮里。 |
| 婴儿推车 | **[a baby pram ] :** small vehicle with four wheels in which a baby or child is pushed around V.S. **stroller （手推）轻便婴儿车;**  //**prom [prɒm]: [ a school prom ]** a formal ball held for a school class toward the end of the academic year; eg I'm dressing up for a prom.  eg Charlotte, the newest princess, fourth in line to the UK throne, was christened['krɪs(ə)n] at St. Mary church. The christening['krisəniŋ] itself was a small, intimate ['ɪntɪməsɪ]私人的 family affair with tributes to a much-missed member of the family. Princess Charlotte arrived at her christening ['krisəniŋ] in a royal **pram 婴儿车** pushed by her mother. In the past, christenings ['krisəniŋ] were magnificent affairs, but Kate and William prefer intimacy['ɪntɪməsɪ]. In a break from tradition, they didn't choose members of the royal family as godparents教父或教母. Instead they asked three of their intimate/bosom friends and a cousin from both sides. |
| （手推）轻便婴儿车; 散步者闲逛者 e.g. Near Clark Quay [kiː] 码头, every evening, there are lots of strollers 散步者/闲逛者 on the promenade 晚在滨海大道散步的人散步者 3. 巡回演出的演员 | stroll around somplace 溜达 => stroller ['strəʊlə] 美 ['strolɚ] 1. a small chair on wheels, in which a small child sits and is pushed along, **stroller = baby pram**（手推）轻便婴儿车 e.g. We rent a **stroller** for Shunshun when travelling the **Night Safari[sə'fɑːrɪ]〔尤指在非洲的〕野外观兽 [猎兽]旅行** in Singapore. 2. **stroller** is someone who is **strolling around some nice place** with pleasure 散步者；闲逛者 e.g. Near Clark **Quay [kiː] 码头**, every evening, there are lots of strollers 散步者/闲逛者 on the promenade 晚在滨海大道散步的人散步者 3**. 巡回演出的演员 //stroll /strəʊl/  1. If you stroll somewhere, you walk there in a slow, relaxed way. 溜达  2.N. 闲逛溜达 [ take a stroll ] e.g. After dinner, I took a stroll round the city. 晚饭后，我绕着城闲逛溜达了一圈** |
| dolly | Informal: A child's doll. 【非正式用语】 洋娃娃; |
| dolly=trolley: A hand truck or low mobile platform that rolls on casters, used for transporting heavy loads. 有小脚轮，用于运送重物的手推车或台车 Can I borrow your dolly/trolley to move my heavy boxes? |
| trolley | trolley: **(superstore, airport) 手推车, 手摇车** eg Always keep your luggage in front of you, not behind you on a **trolley/dolly** when checking in or departing at the airport/ train station e.g. You can put your hand-on luggages in the trolley now. //V) troll [trəʊl; trɒl]  1. If you **troll somewhere or stroll somewhere**, you go there in a casual, slow, relaxed, and unhurried way. 溜达闲逛 => e.g. I trolled/strolled along to see Michael Frayn's play, "Noises Off." 我 溜达闲逛 走着去看迈克尔·弗莱恩的戏剧。 2. If you [ troll through papers, files, photo ]s, you look through them in a fairly casual way. **随便浏览(报纸,文件，照片)** e.g. **Trolling through the files (随便浏览这些文件)** revealed a photograph of me drinking coffee in Starbucks in Seoul.  4. **(在网络论坛)喷sb: [ troll sb.] .** to post deliberately inflammatory articles on an internet discussion board, such as bad, barbed words, or sarcastic words in order to defame/smear/malign sb.诽谤, making sb go ballistic (suddenly become very angry 生气，大发雷霆) N)(在网络论坛)故意发布煽动性文章, 喷子 [ a troll on internet ] You're such a troll 喷子 on internet. |
| 供婴儿或幼童安全地在里面玩耍的**轻便围栏** | **a playpen:**  is a portable enclosure in which a baby or young child can be safely left to play, normally equipped with fences in a confined space；It has bars or a net around the sides and is open at the top eg The **playpen** is safe enought for us to leave our BB to play by himself. |
| 毕业舞会（为中学生举办的正式舞会或聚会，通常在高中学年即将结束时举行） | prom [prɒm]: **[ a school prom ]** a formal ball held for a school class toward the end of the academic year; eg I'm dressing up for a prom. //BB pram 婴儿推车 //超市手推车 trolley, dolly // bassinet: 摇篮车 // baby cot = baby bed //供婴儿或幼童安全地在里面玩耍的轻便围栏 |
| 内存占用 | **memory footprint：** Memory footprint refers to the amount of main memory that a program uses or references while running. |
| 海豹; 达成/锁定 一笔交易; 左右/锁定他的命运; 锁定一场胜利 | 海豹: Any of various aquatic mammals, found chiefly in the Northern Hemisphere and having a sleek, torpedo-shaped鱼雷 body and limbs that are modified into paddle-like 短桨 flippers .eg Trained seals balance beach balls on their noses //paddle: n. 划桨; vt. 拌；搅；用桨划 // flipper: 鳍状肢；鳍 |
| To seal something (e.g. a victory, a deal ) means to make it definite or confirm how it is going to be. 确定， 锁定 [ 达成/锁定 一笔交易 seal a deal; 左右/锁定他的命运 seal his destinity; 锁定一场胜利 seal a victory ] e.g. McLaren are close to sealing a deal with Renault. 达成/锁定 一笔交易。e.g. A general election will be held which will seal his destiny one way or the other. 一场将左右/锁定他的命运的大选即将举行 e.g. They beats English yesterday, which sealed the first victory. |
| A die or signet having a raised or incised emblem used to stamp an impression on a receptive substance such as wax or lead. 印章：一种有凸出或雕刻纹章的印模或图章，用来在可接受性物质上作印记，如蜡或铅上 |
| 非专业人士，门外汉 | **a lay person:** an amateur: One lacking the skill of a professional 外行 e.g. In arts area, I'm a lay person/amateur. |
| **(因腿短体胖）**蹒跚行走 | waddle /ˈwɒdəl/ V.S. stagger V-I To waddle /ˈwɒdəl/ means to walk with short but quick steps, swinging slightly from side to side. A person or animal (e.g. penguins) that waddles usually has short legs and a fat body; but walking very quickly. 蹒跚行走 e.g. Penguins waddle, and monkeys swing. |
| 蹒跚：行动不便或者站立不稳; | stagger: - If you stagger, you walk very unsteadily, for example because you are ill or drunk. (因生病、醉酒等) 摇晃地走; 蹒跚 e.g. He lost his balance because too drunk and staggered back against the rail and toppled over. 他失去了平衡，向后趔趄撞在了栏杆上摔倒了 e.g. I'm feeling so dizzy because of my low blood pressure, just staggering... - If something staggers you or you are staggered by sth, it surprises, shocks, astonishes you very much. 使震惊 [ a staggering news 震惊的消息; an appalling [ə'pɔːlɪŋ] news 骇人听闻的消息 ] e.g. The whole SamSung political scandal staggers me. 整件事让我震惊 e.g. I was simply staggered by the heat of the Argentinian high-summer. 我只是震惊于阿根廷盛夏的高温。 e.g. I'm staggered by this appalling news 被这骇人听闻的消息吓了一跳 - To stagger things such as people's holiday or hours of work means to arrange them so that they do not all happen at the same time. 错开 (假期或工作时间，高峰) [ stagger our holidays; stagger our vacation periods; stagger our dinner time ] e.g. They planned to stagger our rehearsing hours. 他们打算错开我们的排演时间 e.g. During the past few years, the university has staggered the summer holiday periods for students. 把学生的暑假时间错开了 e.g. IBM has a vacation policy that everyone must have a forced leave, that is, two days off before the statutory法定的 Spring festival in CHINA. This is to stagger the huge people migration during Spring festival. e.g. As a manager, you should properly arrange and stagger all employees' vacation periods. Otherwise, it's hard to ensure that at least one backup for the project should be always available. - To arrange (the wings of a biplane) so that the leading edge of one wing is either ahead of or behind the leading edge of the other wing. 使上下前后交错：命名双翼机机翼边缘在另一个机翼的边缘前面或者后面 eg Aircraft from Australia have staggered departures to an area roughly 1,500 miles southwest of Perth, where two objects were captured on satellite and described as possible pieces of the commercial jetliner |
| 靠不住的/不靠普的；摇晃的，动摇的(想法, policy, strategy)） | wonky /ˈwɒŋkɪ/ shaky or unsteady ; uncertain / untrustworthy / wavering (belief) e.g Sooner or later, every single box and arrow on your architecture diagram will go wonky.  你的架构图上的每个框图或者箭头总有靠不住的/不靠普的时候。e.g. The actual policies that will save our democracy are wonky, and the list is long -- I will save that for a subsequent post.  那些用以拯救我们民主的现行政策是靠不住的/不靠普的 |
| 1. 跛行(尤指不规则地一瘸一拐地走，犹如偏重用一条腿 2. 蹒跚：迟凝不决或不稳定的行动或行走 | limp: To walk lamely, especially with irregularity, as if counting on one leg. 跛行(尤指不规则地一瘸一拐地走，犹如偏重用一条腿) eg He got one leg numb麻木的, and had to limp along the road. Eg I got jerk on my left leg and had to limp and jump. [jerk: 肌肉抽搐] => limb = arms and legs V.S. be in limbo= in a dilemma, or in a predicament/pickle/adversity[əd'vɜːsɪtɪ] 逆境 |
| limp: To move or proceed haltingly or unsteadily, **stagger** 蹒跚：迟凝不决或不稳定的行动或行走： eg The project **limped** along with half its previous funding. 这个项目得到预定资金的一半，发展得很缓慢 |
| Lacking strength or firmness; weak or spiritless: 软弱的没有精神的：虚弱的或无精打彩的：a limp handshake 无力的握手；; limp opposition.微弱的反抗 eg First, Kim Jong Un gained a lot of weight in DPRK. Then he developed a political limp 无力软弱的政治 and finally he is ousted/exiled from his motherland. |
|  | speed bumps/humps 1. A speed bump/hump is something that stops a person or thing from progressing, sort of setback or frustration 小挫折 obstacle, barrier, barricade 制约(人或事)发展的障碍 e.g. It was little more than a speed bump – a minor distraction during my day. 那只不过是个小挫折——我一天中无足轻重的小烦恼。 2. A speed bump is a raised part in a road that is designed to make the traffic travel more slowly. (横置马路上用于防止车辆行驶过快的)路面减速装置   cleanliness /ˈklɛnlɪnɪs/  1.Cleanliness is the degree to which people keep themselves and their surroundings clean. 清洁 e.g. Many of the state's beaches fail to meet minimum standards of cleanliness. 该州的许多海滩没能达到最低清洁标准 e.g. At the very least, your dorm should meet the mininum standards of cleanliness.   dilapidated /dɪˈlæpɪˌdeɪtɪd/ A building that is dilapidated is old, run-down, and in a generally bad condition. 破旧的 [a run-down and diplatipdated building] ...an old dilapidated barn…一座破旧的谷仓   neighborhood watch= 邻里监督组织（一种邻里间互相监督以减少犯罪的地方组织） e.g. Punishments for crimes against foreigners are heavier, police-linked neighbourhood watch groups are highly vigilant, and Chinese can't own guns. 而且跟警方有关联的街区守护组织保持高度警惕  revitalize /riːˈvaɪtəˌlaɪz/  1. To revitalize something that has lost its activity or its health means to make it active or healthy again. 使恢复元气; 使复苏 e.g. This hair conditioner is excellent for revitalizing dry, lifeless hair. 这种护发素对使干枯、无生气的头发重新焕发光彩非常有效 2. Revitalize an area = to rebuild or improve that area 修缮xxx区域 e.g.The community came together and revitalized that run-down, dilapidated area. 修缮了那片破败的区域 |
| 无敌的不可战胜的 | • invincible /ɪnˈvɪnsəbəl/, invincibility 1. If you describe an army or sports team as invincible, you believe that they cannot be defeated. 无敌的不可战胜的 e.g You couldn't help feeling the military's fire power was invincible.火力是无可匹敌的。e.g. "We're not beating our chest捶胸 saying we're the No.1 team in the world, but we aspire to be the No.1 team in the world," said the Australian, who has yet to experience defeat since taking charge in November 2015 following England's humiliating early World Cup exit. Another resounding victory[rɪ'zaʊndɪŋ]彻底的成功against Ireland is in the concluding match最后的 of the tournament and England will stand alone in the history with 19 consecutive wins, which would equal the Rugby Winner record. A win in Dublin against an Ireland team which ended New Zealand's record run of invincibility无敌 last October and Jones' men would secure their first back-to-back Grand Slam since 1992. 2. If someone has an invincible/unwavering belief or attitude, it cannot be changed or wavered 无法改变或动摇地 [ have an invincible belief/faith in sth 对xxx深信不疑] e.g. He also had an invincible faith in the medicinal virtues of garlic. 他对大蒜的药用功效深信不疑 |
| Sports | • equal a record: 逼平一项记录 \* a resounding [rɪ'zaʊndɪŋ] victory/win 一次彻底的成功 \* back-to-back victories连胜 • sin bin【hockey, rugby, football】暂时被罚下场的运动员坐席(= penalty box): the bench near the rugby or football pitch, where players who got fined and has to leave the game for a while as punishment. • We are professionals, we will “take it on the chin” 承受失败 and move on, but it's important that we do not take our supporters for granted 该承受失败，继续向前，但有一点很重要，我们不能把球迷的支持看成是想当然的。 • hooker: (rugby) the player in the middle of the front row of the scrum who tries to capture the ball with the foot. (Rugby)前场中锋 • poach /pəʊtʃ/ poacher: n. 偷猎者；侵入者；炖蛋锅; (Rugby, football) 侵入者 |
| 1. **控制和操纵 (某人/某人的思想)**  2. 控制和操纵 (event) 3. **(熟练有技巧的**)操作（计算机， 设备） 4 .使脱臼复位; 用推拿术治疗 4.为达到个人目的而进行的操作, 窜改 (file/account) |  |
| manipulate /məˈnɪpjʊˌleɪt/ , manipulation: [mə,nɪpjʊ'leɪʃ(ə)n]  1. **控制和操纵（某人；某人的思想); 控制/操纵sb做xxx** If you say that someone **manipulates people to do sth,** you disapprove of them because they skilfully force or persuade people to do what they want.  e.g. She's always **manipulating me to give** her vast sums of money. 控制我让我给她大笔的钱。 e.g. I'm not a **pushover**. Don't wanna attempt to **manipulate me** 控制操纵我. I'm **sticking to** my principle and I'm a principled person (我是一个有原则的人）  2.控制和操纵(event/activity) If you say that someone **manipulates or rigs a (political) event or situation**, you disapprove of them because they use or control it for their own benefits, or cause it to develop in the way they want.  e.g The president was unable to control and **manipulate/rig events**. 无法控制和操纵事件。 => N. 对xxx的控制/操纵 manipulation  [ ...accusations/indictment of his political manipulation/rigging.…对政治操纵的指控; ... an indictment for his **manipulation of the real-estate market** 对他对房地产市场操纵的指控]  **[ manipulation of our minds 对我们思想的控制/操纵; manipulate currency 操纵货币; a currency manipulator 货币操纵者/货币操纵国) ]**  e.g. Mr Trump has also criticised Japan for **trade barriers** (tariff, quota) to American car exports and for **manipulating its currency 操纵货币** to gain a competitive advantage.  e .g. America's **trade deficit** with Germany was $67 billion, and with Japan it was $56 billion last year. Director of the White House, criticized Japan and Germany for **manipulating their currencies 操作货币** to make their exports cheaper and more competitive against the U.S.  e.g. Despite having congratulated Mr Xi on his political ascendency, Mr Trump has been a vocal critic over what he sees as unfair Chinese trade practices. During his presidential campaign, he called Beijing **a currency manipulator(货币操纵国)** and accused it of stealing US jobs.   5. (熟练有技巧的)操作（计算机， 设备） If you manipulate something (such as computer, devices) that requires skill, such as a complicated piece of equipment or a difficult idea, you operate it, manage it, handle it or process it with profession and skills.  e.g. The technology uses a pen to **manipulate a computer** 熟练有技巧的)操作计算机。 => manipulation e.g. ...science that requires only the simplest of **mathematical manipulations**. …只要求进行最简单数学运算的科学。  7. **用推拿术治疗, 使脱臼复位**If someone **manipulates推拿 your bones or muscles**, they skilfully move and press your bones or muscles with their hands in order to push the **dislocated bones脱臼** into their correct position or make the muscles less stiff.  e. g. The way he can **manipulate my leg** has helped my **arthritis[ɑ:'θraitis**] 关节炎 so much  => N. 推拿术 manipulation  e.g. A permanent cure will only be affected by **acupuncture针灸, chiropractic/ˌkaɪrəˈpræktɪk/按摩, or manipulation推拿术**.  9. manipulate a file or account= to falsify or fake sth in a fraudulent/deceptive manner 为达到个人目的而进行的操作或欺诈, 窜改 sth  [ manipulate/falsify accounts 窜改(帐目等); manipulate files = falsify files 窜改文件； manipulate testimony = falsify testimony 窜改证词 => perjury['pɜːdʒ(ə)rɪ]: 作伪证]  e.g. Russia's athletes face a nervous wait to see if **a blanket ban全面禁止令** will be imposed with the IOC announcing it will retest all of its **track and field athletes** which competed at the 2014 Winter Olympics in Sochi. That's because an independent report found that urine samples of Russian competitors were **manipulated/falsified 窜改** across the winter Olympic sports from 2011 through to August 2015. The IOC has also asked the Canadian lawyer to give all names of those who **were implicated牵连卷入 in** allegations of **manipulating/falsifying窜改 drug tests.**  //bogus ['bəʊgəs] account = faked account |
| 1. (欺骗性地耍手段的) **幕后操纵** xxx (选举，投票，工作安排，职位升迁，游戏） 2. . 钻塔 , 钻井设备 3. 给(船、桅等)装配帆、锁具等 | rig, rigged, rigged V.S. a rug 小地毯 V.S. rugged terrain 崎岖的地形 rig /rɪɡ/ 1. If someone rigs an election, rig the vote, rig a bidding, rig a job appointment, rig a position promotion, or rig a game (e.g. gamble), they manipulate操纵 that event, dishonestly arrange it to get the result they want or to give someone an unfair advantage. (欺骗性地耍手段的) 幕后操纵 (选举，投票，投标, 工作安排，职位升迁，游戏） e.g. She accused her opponents of rigging this election. 她指责对手幕后操纵了这次选举。=> 非法的竞标: a bid rigging 2. rig = to equip (a vessel, mast, etc) with ( sails帆, rigging, etc) 给(船、桅等)装配帆、锁具等 N) 船具装配 //half-mast 3. A rig is a large structure that is used for looking for oil or gas and for taking it out of the ground or the sea bed. 钻塔 , 钻井设备 e.g：...a supply vessel for oil rigs in the Gulf of Mexico. …石油钻塔的供给船。 eg. He says the "rig count" in the natural gas market – an indicator of production – supports a possible price rise, but warns inventories are high and demand weak. 天然气市场的“钻井设备数量”(一种产量指标).  4. A rig is a truck that is made in two or more sections which are jointed together by metal bars, so that the vehicle can turn more easily. 重型(铰接式)卡车 e.g. An inspection of his rig showed that three of the brakes were faulty. 对他的重型卡车的检查显示有3处刹车存在问题。 5. a rig = a ridge or raised strip of unploughed land in a ploughed field 田埂 |
| adj.rigged 作弊的以不正当手段操纵的 This is **a rigged election,** quiet unfair.  n. rigging 索具，绳索；装备，传动装置; rigger 装配工；索具装配人；保护架 |
| (幕后操纵)非法的竞标 | a bid-rigging. is an illegal, illegitimate/illegal, unethical **bidding action投标(submit a tender)**. eg Maya's actions in response to the request for proposals make her part of that scheme/consipracy/collusion,which is a form of bid-rigging prohibited by IBM policy and the laws of most countries. all three companies facing bid-rigging and other antitrust charges—and violations of antitrust laws usually result in large fines [collusive, collusion: fraudulent consipiracy] //legitimate right = legal right |
| 以我的愚见, 以我之拙见 | • humble, humbly /ˈhʌmbəl/ ( humbler, humblest) 1.ADJ A humble person is not proud and does not believe that they are better than other people. 谦卑的; 谦逊的 e.g. Despite her success, Divya remains humble about her career and heady ascent(n, rising, climbing up). E.g. He gave a great performance, but he was very humble. 但他却很谦逊。 E.g "I'm a lucky man, undeservedly lucky," he said humbly. 他谦虚地说。 3.ADJ People with low social status are sometimes described as humble. (社会地位) 低下的(职位) e.g.： Spyros Latsis started his career as a humble fisherman in the Aegean. 最初的职业是爱琴海的一名地位低微的渔夫。 4.ADJ A humble place or thing is ordinary and not special in any way. 普通的 e.g. There are restaurants, both humble and expensive, that specialize in noodles. 既有普通的也有昂贵的专营面条的餐馆。 5.ADJ [ 以我的愚见, 以我之拙见 IMHO: (In My Humble Opinion) ] People use a phrase such as “In my humble opinion” as a polite way of emphasizing what they think, even though they do not feel humble about it. e.g. It is, in my humble opinion, perhaps the best steak restaurant in the city. 以我之拙见，它也许是该市最好的牛排馆。 => So [ may I humbly suggest that] we all do something next time. 我可否 愚拙地 提议 [ So, may be humbly suggestion that xxxx ] ….  7. 认错, 赔礼道歉 If you [ eat humble pie ], you speak or behave in a way which tells people that you admit you were wrong about something, just apologize. e.g. Anson was forced to eat humble pie and publicly apologize to her. 安森被迫认错并公开向她道歉。 8.V-T T 轻易击败 (重要或强大对手); 一举击垮(重要或强大对手) If you humble someone who is more important or powerful than you, you defeat them easily. e.g. Honda won fame in the 1980s as the little car company that humbled the industry giants. 本田作为一家小型汽车公司因一举击垮行业巨头而声名鹊起。 9.V-T If something or someone humbles you, they make you realize that you are not as important or good as you thought you were. 使感到惭愧 e.g. Ted's words humbled me. 特德的一席话使我自感惭愧。10.ADJ humbling [ 一次令自尊心受挫的经历 a humbling experience ] e.g. Giving up an addiction is a humbling experience. 戒掉一种嗜好是 一次令自尊心受挫的经历 |
| N. (将墙壁刷成白色的) 石灰水 V. (用石灰水) 刷白 | whitewash /ˈwaɪtˌwɒʃ/  1. N. Whitewash is a mixture of lime石灰or chalk粉笔 and water that is used for painting walls white. (将墙壁刷成白色的) 石灰水 2. V. If a wall or building has been whitewashed, it has been painted white with whitewash. (用石灰水) 刷白 e.g. The walls had been whitewashed. 墙壁被粉刷成白色。 3. If you say that people whitewash something, you are accusing them of hiding the unpleasant facts or truth about it in order to make it acceptable. 洗白, 粉饰(表不满) e.g. The administration is whitewashing the regime's actions. 政府正在粉饰/洗白该政权的行为。 V.S. politics: (政治) 粉饰 spin tactics: ambiguous; cherry picking, passive voice |
| 刺激；伤害…自尊心；激怒 | pique [pi:k] 刺激到我的兴趣点 [pique sb's interest = intrigue sb's interest激起...的兴趣, stimulate sb's interest] eg I've been using the iPhone 6 since the day it was released last September, and I got both my Samsung GS6 and GS6 edge phones last Tuesday. One of the first things I do after a company sends a new smartphone that piques my interest is stack it up to the iPhone, to see how it compares. |
| n. 阴谋诡计；私通奸情 vt. 用诡计取得；激起...的兴趣 vi.私通奸情 | intrigue: 1) A secret or underhand scheme/plot/conspiracy 阴谋,密谋 [ political intrigues 政治阴谋; spin tactics 政治的粉饰政策 ] e.g. The royal palace was filled with intrigue. 皇宫中充满了勾心斗角阴谋 2) intrigue sb=To arouse the interest or curiosity of sb, stimuate/pique sb's interest = intrigue sb's curiosity 激起…的兴趣或好奇心 e.g. The latest images appear to be the most significant discovery yet in the hunt for the missing plane, which intrigued all avaiation analysts 激起…的兴趣或好奇心 3) A clandestine love affair 私通奸情 [ intrigue with a woman 同某女人私通] //on tiptoe with curiostiy = be filled with curiosity |
| 新奇有趣的 | 1. If you describe something as intriguing, you mean that it is interesting or strange, arousing your curiosity. 新奇有趣的(激起…的兴趣或好奇心的) [ an intriguing book; an intriguing adventure; an intriguing trip ] e.g. This intriguing book is both thoughtful and informative. 这本新奇有趣的书既有思想性又有知识性.  2. Intriguing = appealing = attractive = charming or gorgeous 迷人的 [ 迷人的(吸引人的)笑容an intriguing/appealing smile ] |
| 1. 迷人的吸引人的 (e.g. 笑容) 2. 恳求的 (表情、神情, 语气) | appealing /əˈpiːlɪŋ/  1. Someone or something that is appealing is pleasing, charming, gorgeous, intriguing, and attractive. 迷人的吸引人的 e.g. There was a sense of humour to what he did that I found very appealing/intriguing.他所做的带有一种我发现很迷人的幽默感。[ 迷人的(吸引人的)笑容an intriguing/appealing smile ] 2. An appealing expression, an appealing look, or an appealing tone of voice indicates to someone that you want help, advice, or approval from them. 恳求的 (表情、神情, 语气) e.g. She gave him a soft appealing look that would have melted solid ice. 她向他投去一种会融化坚冰的温柔恳求的表情 |
| appeal | (热切或急切的) 请求或恳求 a keen, earnest or urgent request 为...向某人呼[请求] appeal to sb. for sth eg 我呼吁你们拿出正义感和良心 I appeal to your sense of justice and conscience; 请求援助 appeal for aid 请求宽恕[同情]; appeal for mercy [sympathy] => An appealing expression, an appealing look, or an appealing tone of voice indicates to someone that you want help, advice, or approval from them. 恳求的 (表情、语气) e.g. She gave him a soft appealing look that would have melted solid ice. 她向他投去一种会融化坚冰的温柔恳求的表情 |
| 向更高机构求助, 诉诸，求助于; ask for a **resort, recourse** or application to a higher authority, as for **sanction(authoritative approval)** or a decision: |
| Law: 上诉：The transfer of a case from a lower court to a higher court for a new hearing(审讯). eg appeal to another court 向另一法院上诉; **lodge an appeal 正式 提出上诉 //lodge: 1. 寄宿；临时住宿; 2. (向有关当局)提出(声明) lodge a suit, lodge a request, lodge an appeal** |
| 吸引或引起兴趣的力量; The power of attracting sth or the power of arousing interest: eg 对游客有吸引力的城市; Xi'an is a city with appeal for tourists. artistic appeal 艺术魅力[感染力]; have appeal 有吸引力, 引人入胜 ==> 1. Someone or something that is appealing is pleasing, charming, gorgeous, intriguing, and attractive. 迷人的吸引人的 [ 迷人的 吸引人的笑容 an intriguing/appealing smile ] e.g. There was a sense of humour to what he did that I found very appealing/intriguing.他所做的带有一种我发现很迷人的幽默感。 |
| (全体人员）意见一致的；无异议的 | unanimous, unanimously;  **[a unanimous approval一致通过; a unanimous vote全票通过, a unanimous decision, or a unanimous agreement ] is one in which all the people involved agree. 全体同意的 (投票、决定、协议等)]**  When a group of people are unanimous **or [ unanimous in sth ],** they all agree about something or all vote for the same thing without divergence 一致同意的(没有异议的，没有不同的意见)  e.g. Editors **were unanimous in** their condemnation of the proposals. 编辑们一致谴责这些提议。  e.g. The board unanimously approved the project last week. 董事会上周一致同意批准了这个项目;  e.g. Their decision was unanimous. 他们的决定是全体同意的 |
| 一个接着一个的(胜利，filed patent) | back-to-back [ back-to-back victories; back-to-back wins, back-to-back filed patents ] Back-to-back wins or victories are victories that are gained one after another without any defeats between them. 一个接着一个的 e.g....their first back-to-back victories of the season. ...他们本季的第一场连胜 //winless: 未赢的；从来没胜过的 |
| 彻底的成功 | Another **resounding victory[rɪ'zaʊndɪŋ]彻底的成功**against Ireland is in the concluding match of the tournament and England will stand alone in the history with 19 consecutive wins |
| (在比赛或竞赛中) **轻松击败对手;** 揍 (作为惩罚); (因痛苦）使（四肢，身体）剧烈扭动; 剧烈拼命扭动 | thrash /θræʃ/  1. If one player or team thrashes their rival/opponent in a game or contest, they defeat them easily or by a large score. (在比赛或竞赛中) 轻松击败对手e.g. The Kings were thrashed by the Knicks last night. 国王队昨晚被尼克斯队轻松击败。 2. If you thrash someone, esp. a kid , you hit them several times as a punishment. 揍 (作为惩罚) e.g. "Liar!" Sarah screamed, as she thrashed the child. "You stole it." “说谎！”萨拉一边揍孩子” 3. If someone thrashes around or thrashes their arms or legs around, they move in a wild or violent way, often hitting against something. You can also say that someone's arms or legs thrash around. (因痛苦）使（四肢，身体）剧烈扭动; 剧烈拼命扭动 e..g She would thrash around in the hospital bed and remove her intravenous line. 在医院的病床上剧烈扭动并拔掉静脉注射管。 e.g. Many of the crew died a terrible death as they thrashed about in shark-infested waters. 许多船员在鲨鱼成群的水域拼命扭动挣扎，死得很惨。 4. If a person or thing thrashes something, or thrashes at something, they hit it continually in a violent or noisy way. 猛烈地连续击打xxx ...a magnificent paddle-steamer on the **mighty** Mississippi, her huge wheel thrashing the muddy water. 猛烈地拍打着浑浊的河水  //mighty, 比较级 mightier最高级 mightiest |
|  | mighty /ˈmaɪtɪ/ : comp: mightier   superl: mightiest   1. [ADJ](javascript:;)Mighty is used to describe something (sb, or a nation) that is very large or powerful. 强大的   e.g. There was a flash and a mighty bang.  一道闪光伴随着一声轰然巨响。  e.g. U.S. is considered **the mightiest nation** in the world.  e.g. **Kremlin/ˈkrɛmlɪn/克里姆林宫** spokesman on Monday urged the United States and North Korea to start a **bilateral** diplomatic dialogue and said the US should make the first move."I think the first step forward should be done by the party which is **mightier(strong and powerful)** and smarter, and we've held that there are people in the US who believe the situation should be resolved through diplomatic means  2. [ADV](javascript:;) mighty= very/quiet;  is used in front of adjectives and adverbs to emphasize the quality that they are describing. 非常  e.g.  It's something you'll be mighty proud of.   这是个你会非常骄傲的事。  e.g. I’d like to try Sky diving, an amazing extreme sports. It would make me feel **mighty** exciting, through which I would feel my **adrenaline**肾上腺素 running out. |
| n/v 紧握；柄 handler; knob；支配；握拍方式；拍柄绷带; 紧握；夹紧,抓住 | grip /ɡrɪp/  1. V-T If you grip something, you take hold of it with your hand and continue to hold it firmly, tightly 紧握 e.g. She gripped the rope. 她紧紧抓住绳子。 2. N-COUNT A grip is a firm, strong hold on something. 紧握 e.g. His strong hand eased the bag from her grip. 他强有力的手使她把紧握的包松开。 e.g. "Its success comes from the ergonomic performance -- the shape and grip of the handle. You take the scissors into your hand and feel the fit," he said. 3. N-SING Someone's grip on something is the power and control they have over it. 掌控 [ tighten sb's grip on sth = increase control on ] e.g. The president maintains an iron grip on his country. 保持着对国家的 铁腕控制/统治。 e.g The Samsung heir wanna tighten his grip on core business section. eg For years, Samsung has relied on its smartphone division to deliver major profits. The company had an iron grip (铁腕控制/统治) on major markets including China, and huge margins helped turn the firm into one of the world's largest and most recognizable tech brands. 4. V-T If something grips you, it affects you very strongly (normally negatively). 强烈地影响 [ gripped (强烈地影响) the public ] eg. The entire community has been gripped by fear. 整个社区已被恐惧笼罩着。 => 10. PHRASE If a person, group, or place is in the grip of something, they are being severely affected by it. 在某事的(掌控下)强烈影响下 e.g. The court in South Korea has sentenced Samsung's heir [ɛr] Lee Jae-yong to five years in prison for corruption, bribery, and embezzlement [ɪm'bɛzlmənt]挪用公款. Lee was convicted宣告…有罪 of bribery in a scandal that also saw the impeachment弹劾 of South Korea's former president. The case has gripped(强烈地影响) the public amid growing anger against South Korea's biggest companies, known as Korea chaebols/ˈtʃeɪbɒl/ or conglomerate [kən'ɡlɑːmərət] 企业集团. //The chaebol 财阀; Korean Chaebol 韩国财阀; the family-run chaebol  5. V-T If you are gripped by something such as a story or a series of events, your attention is concentrated on it and held by it. 吸引 e.g. The nation is gripped by the dramatic story. 整个国家都被这个戏剧性的故事所吸引。 6. ADJ 吸引人的 gripping e.g. The film turned out to be a gripping thriller. 这部电影原来是一部扣人心弦的惊险片。 7. N-UNCOUNT If things such as shoes or car tyres have grip, they do not slip. 抓力 eg....a new way of reinforcing rubber which gives car tyres a better grip. …一种增强橡胶使汽车轮胎抓力加强的新方法。 8. PHRASE If you come to grips with a problem, you consider it seriously, and start taking action to deal with it. 认真着手处理 e.g. The administration's first task is to come to grips with the economy. 该政府首要的任务是认真着手处理经济问题。 9. If you get a grip on yourself, you make an effort to control or improve your behaviour or work. 控制 ; 完善; 控制住自己 e.g. Part of me was very frightened and I consciously had to get a grip on myself. 我其实非常害怕，但又不得不有意识地 控制住自己。 11. PHRASE If you lose your grip, you become less efficient and less confident, and less able to deal with things. 失去掌控(力不从心) e.g. He wondered if perhaps he was getting old and losing his grip. 对事情感到 失去掌控(力不从心)。e.g. e.g. Shakur loses his fragile grip on reality and starts blasting away at friends and foes alike. 12. PHRASE If you say that someone has a grip on reality, you mean they recognize the true situation and do not have mistaken ideas about it. 面对现实 |
| [ 对xxx有支配力/控制立 [ have a strong gri[p o]n sth; tighten sb's gri[p o]n sth = increase the control of sth ]; e.g. China also has a strong grip on wind power. It produces nearly half of the world's wind **turbines [动力] 涡轮** -- at a rate of about two every hour. . e.g. The government had closed down more than 100 media outlets in Turkey in recent months. China, which had the most journalists in jail/behind bars in 2015, dropped to second spot. There were 38 behind bars (who are imprisoned) in 2016. "This, however, should not be interpreted to mean that press freedom in China has improved in the past year," "On the contrary/conversely, China has cracked down/suppress on human rights and civil libertiess, such as slapping a blanket ban on HK news websites, banning original reports on the Internet, preventig journalists from traveling, and tightened its gri[p o]n 支配力/控制立 Hong Kong media," she added //insurgents 叛乱的；起义的; 叛乱者；起义者) //slap (a ban, blanket ban, sanctions, tax, tariff, a gag order) on xxx = impose on unreasonably, irrationally 不合理的 强加（制裁，税，进口关税，禁令， 封口令） 于xxx //a blanket ban: ban sth overally |
| 期末考试 | It's the finals..so I'm beyond stresse**d o**ut 压力过大. //final: finalist 决赛； 期末考试 |
| 压力过大 | feel stresse**d o**ut E.g. I'm just stressed out recently E.g. This hotel is, to me, very **homey 家庭似的**; |
| 不知所措. | He and his GF are just getting **readjusted**, but it's hard to get back **on track**. He may be just overwhelmed不知所措. |
| punch | 1.V-T If you punch sb/sth or punch out sb/sth, you hit them hard with your fist. 用拳猛击 [ punch your face; punch your ass ] e.g. The boxer punched his rival’s face. e.g. After punching him on the chin, she wound up hitting him over the head. E.g. He was finally outraged愤慨的，气愤的 and punched out that disgusting guy. 2.N Punch is also a noun. (猛的)一拳 e.g. He was hurting Johansson with body punches in the fourth round. 他在 第4个回合猛击约翰逊的身体。 4.V-T If you punch something such as the buttons on a keyboard, you touch them in order to store information on a machine such as a computer or to give the machine a command to do something. 按 (键或钮) e.g. Mrs. Baylor strode to the lift and punched the button. 按了一下按钮。 5.V-T If you punch a hole in something (such as wall), you make holes in it by pushing or pressing it with something sharp. 在…上打孔, 在xxx上戳了个孔 e.g. I took a ballpoint pen 圆珠笔 and punched a hole in the carton. 我拿了一支圆珠笔 在<纸板箱>上戳了个孔。 6.N) A punch is a stationery that you use for making holes in something. 打孔器 e.g. Make two holes with a hole punch. 用打孔器打两个孔。  7.N) If you say that something has punch, you mean that it has force or effectiveness. 力量; 效力 e.g. I’m a little inhibited拘谨/约束的/放不开 in public, and my nervousness made me deliver the vital points of my address/presentation without sufficient/enough punch. 讲到演说关键地方时 不够有力。 8.N Punch is a drink made from wine, spirits, or fruit juice, mixed with things such as sugar and spices. 潘趣酒 ..a bowl of punch.…一碗潘趣酒。 **// whipping winds强风** |
| 妙语; 产生惊奇效果的诗句 | punch lines = quip: The punchline of a joke or funny story is its last sentence or phrase, which makes it funny. 笑话或警句令人发笑的最后一行 |
| to-do list | A **punch list** is generally a list of tasks or "to-do" items that must be done in a limited time. In the U. |
| 1 开垦土地; 种植 2.培养 (态度、技巧等) 3.树立 (形象、观念等) 4. 建立 (友谊) | cultivate /ˈkʌltɪˌveɪt/  1. If you cultivate land or crops, you prepare land and grow crops on it. 开垦土地; 种植 e.g. She also cultivated a small garden of her own. 她还开垦了一个自己的小花园。 => 开垦; 种植 cultivation e.g. ...the cultivation of fruits and vegetables. …水果蔬菜的种植。 3. If you cultivate an attitude or skill, you try hard to develop it and make it stronger or better. 培养 (态度、技巧等);  4. 树立 (形象、观念等) cultivate an image of xxx; cultivate the concept of xxx; the cultivation of (image, approach) e.g. He has written eight books and has cultivated the image of an elder statesman. 树立了一个政界元老的形象 ..the cultivation of a positive approach to life and health. …积极的生活和健康观的树立。 5. V-T If you cultivate someone or cultivate a friendship with them, you try hard to develop a friendship with them. 建立 (友谊) e.g. Howe carefully cultivated Daniel, the Assistant Postmaster General. 精心与邮政助理部长丹尼尔·C·罗珀拉关系。 |
| Ｖ)　养育(小孩子，植物）; 培养(某种想法，思维mind-set; vision） | nurture /ˈnɜːtʃə/ 1. If you nurture something such as a young child or a young plant, you care for it while it is growing and developing. 养育(小孩子，植物） e.g. Parents want to know the best way to nurture and raise their child to be a thoroughbred (a well-educated persion). 父母们想了解把他们的孩子养育成人的最好方法。 2. If you nurture plans, ideas, or people, you encourage them or help them to develop. 　培养(某种想法，思维mind-set; vision） e.g. She had always nurtured great ambitions for her son. 她一直在培养她儿子的雄心大志。 ...parents whose political views were nurtured in the sixties. …政治观点形成于60年代的父母们。 3. noun:Nurture is care and encouragement that is given to someone while they are growing and developing. 培育 e..g The human organism learns partly by nature, partly by nurture.　人的学习能力部分是先天的，部分是后天培育的 |
| 姑息sb (表不满) | appease sb. /əˈpiːz/ If you try to appease someone, you try to stop them from being angry and try to satisfy or gratify them by giving them what they want even though/whereas that person is wrong e.g. Gandhi was accused by some of trying to appease both factions of the electorate. 对两派选民都加以姑息 e.g. Although reporters know that the ostrich policy is aimed at appeasing [ə'piːz] the authorities, they still don’t like it. 知道鸵鸟政策是为了迎合/姑息当局者，他们还是不喜欢这样 //ostrich ['ɒstrɪtʃ] An ostrich is a very large, long-necked African bird that cannot fly. 鸵鸟 [ 鸵鸟政策 the ostrich policy; Ostrich Runners 鸵鸟快跑; Ostrich Farming 鸵鸟养殖 ; 鸵鸟养殖; Ostrich Quill 鸵鸟羽毛笔 ; ostrich plumes鸵鸟毛 ］ |
| 1. 评价sb/sth 2. (房产，宝石，钻石） 估价 | appraise /əˈpreɪz) => appraiser: (房产，宝石，钻石） 鉴定人，评价人；估价官 1. If you appraise something or someone, you consider them carefully and form an opinion about them, such as how good or bad they are. 评价, appraise = evaluate e.g. This prompted many employers to appraise their selection and recruitment policies. 这促使很多雇主评价其人才选聘政策。 //If you evaluate something or someone, you consider them in order to make a judgment about them, for example about how good or bad they are. 评价; 评估 2. When pros/ experts appraise something (e.g. house, estate, diamond, gem宝石) , they decide how much money it is worth. (房产，宝石，钻石） 估价 e.g. His estate is now appraised at a figure near $1,000,000 产现在被估价的数额接近$1000000 => appraiser: (房产，宝石，钻石） 鉴定人，评价人；估价官 //praise表扬: lavish praises on sb/sth 对xxx大加赞赏 |
|  | inextricably /ˌɪnɛksˈtrɪkəblɪ/ ; jot sth down; have a yearning to do 1. ADV If two or more things are inextricably linked, they cannot be considered separately. 密不可分地 例： Our survival is inextricably linked to the survival of the rainforest. 我们的生存与雨林的生存息息相关 |
| 单脚跳 | If you **hop down,** you move along by jumping on one foot. (人) 单脚跳行 e.g. hopped down three steps. 单脚跳下3级台阶 |
| 思想混乱的人;/糊涂虫轻率[浮躁]的人 ; 思想不集中的人 | a **scatterbrain** is a person regarded as flighty, thoughtless, or disorganized  V.S.  a **scattergood['skætəɡʊd]/squanderer** is a person who is used to squandering/splurging挥霍浪费 money extravagantly/lavishly/wastefully |
| a scatterbrain is a person, who is apt易于 to get distracted, cannot focus on the current topic for long time, with very short concentration span. 思想不集中的人, 爱走神的人; 糊涂虫 [ 真是个糊涂虫 what a such scatterbrain ! ] e.g. What a such scatterbrain! She forgot to plug in the coffee maker. 真是个糊涂虫！ 他忘了给咖啡壶插电。Mary is such a scatterbrain that she always forgets something. 玛丽阿姨糊里糊涂的，她总是忘东忘西 //注意力,持久度: concentration span //be apt to do = be easy to be affected |
| **scatterbrained adj 1)** 不专注的, 思想不集中的, 爱走神的 = distracted 2) 糊里糊涂的 3) characterized by **flighty** attributes 轻率浮躁的 |
| 开阔视野的/思维的; 把你的思想解放到一个更高的层次的 | mind-expanding  e.g. I advise everyone seriously interested to buy the book, grab on and get ready for a mind-expanding voyage into higher dimensions of recursive thinking. 我极力推荐大家去都买这本书，把你的思想解放到一个更高的层次  e.g. Yet I've already had two mind-expanding conversations which have touched on leadership and management ski 我已经有两个心开阔视野的/思维的的谈，其中有谈到了领导和管理技能 |
| 增益人生的 | If you describe something as **life-enhancing,** you mean that it makes you feel happier and make your life more meaningful. **[ a life-enhancing and exciting trip in Seoul 一次增益人生而又刺激的旅行 ]** |
| 充满活力/活力四射的 | exuberant /ɪɡˈzjuːbərənt/ = vibrant; exuberantly = vibrantly; If you are exuberant, you are full of energy, excitement, and cheerfulness [ an exuberant young girl 这个充满活力/活力四射的女生; EXO is an exuberant single group] e.g. They both laughed exuberantly/vibrantly. 活力四射地大笑起来 V.S. vibrant /ˈvaɪbrənt/ Someone or something that is vibrant is full of life, energy, and enthusiasm. 充满活力/活力四射的 |
| (某种程度上说）稍微有点 | somewhat /ˈsʌmˌwɒt/ You use somewhat to indicate that something is the case to a limited extent or degree. (某种程度上说）稍微有点 e.g He concluded that Jack was somewhat abnormal. 奥斯瓦德稍微有点不正常。 E.g. I doesn't excel at (be good at) English so well. I'm just good at it somewhat. |
| 1.以某种方法； 2. 莫明其妙地 | somehow: You use somehow to say that you do not know HOW something was done or will be done. 不知以什么方式, anyway,能 以某种方法来实现某个目的 e.g. We'll manage it somehow, you and me. I know we will. 我们总会应付过去的。e.g. Somehow Karin managed to cope with the demands of her career. 不知怎么地，卡林设法应付了那些来自工作的要求 e.g. Anyway, we can realize it somehow以某种方法. e.g. He was nervous somehow. 不知怎么的/莫明其妙地，他有点紧张 E.g I don't know why she suddently became angry somehow 不知怎么的/莫明其妙地. |
| 1 .产品的变体 2动物的变种； 植物的变种 | vary (change) => N) variant /ˈvɛərɪənt/  1. N A variant of a particular thing is something that has a different form from that thing, although it is related to it. (product) 变体; （living creatures, e.g. flora and fauna) 动物的变种； 植物的变种 [a product variant 产品的变体] e.g. The quagga zebra was a strikingly beautiful variant of the zebra. 白氏斑马是一种极其美丽的斑马变种 e.g. This variant is a product that is based on another product but with some different characteristics. 产品变体：这是一种基于另一种产品但具备一些不同特性的产品; //极其美丽的: strikingly beautiful; a stunning beauty 2（内容差不多的）不同的版本 e.g. In the most recent variant (2013) of Oxford Lexical Resource Dictionary, it consists of the reading of vocabulary and text while the class is listening to music. 在2013出版的最新的版本中 //lexical resource: 词库 // vibrant = exuberant [iɡ'zju:bərənt] = full of energy, enthusiasm 活力四射的，充满活力的，打了鸡血的 |
| 有资格的; **令人中意的(结婚对象)** | eligible /ˈɛlɪdʒəbəl/ => n) eligibility 1. Someone who is eligible to do something is qualified or able to do it, for example, because they are skilled enough. 有资格的 e.g. Almost half the population are eligible to vote in today's election. 有资格在今天的选举中投票。 2.资格; 合格; 合格条件 eligibility [,elɪdʒə'bɪlətɪ] e.g. The rules that cover the eligibility for disabled person's benefits changed in the 1980s. 社会救济金合格条件的规定发生了变化。 3. An eligible man or woman is not yet married and is thought by many people to be a suitable partner. 令人中意的(结婚对象) e.g. He's the most eligible bachelor in Japan. 他是日本最令人中意的单身汉 e.g. I don't think he's eligible for me. 我不认为他是我中意的(结婚对象) |
| (使) sb.有权做; (使) sb.有资格拥有/有资格做 xxx | qualifty: If you qualify for something or if something qualifies you for it, you have the right to do it. (使) sb.有权做; (使) sb.有资格拥有/有资格做 xxx e.g. To qualify for maternity leave, you must have worked for the same employer for two years. 你必须为同一雇主工作两年才有资格休产假。 e.g The basic course does not qualify you to practise as a therapist. 门基础课程并不能使你有资格当一名治疗师 |
| 让sb.有权利做xxx; 赋予sb权利 | entitle /ɪnˈtaɪtəl/ 1. V-T 可让sb.有权利做xxx; 赋予sb权利 [ entitle sb. to sth; entitle sb. to do sth] If you are entitled to something, you have the right to do it. 使有权 e.g 这些条款可让你有权换货或退款 If the warranty is limited, the terms may entitle you to a replacement or refund退款. e.g. 他们有权享受头等舱旅行 They are entitled to first class travel. . e.g. They understood that our power alone cannot protect us, nor does it entitle us to do as we please.   2.V-T ；给…定书名 If the title of something such as a book, film, or painting is, for example, "Sunrise," you can say that it is entitled "Sunrise." 给 (书、电影、画作等) 命名 e.g. ...a performance entitled "United States." …一场名为“合众国”的演出。 e.g. She would later entitle her unpublished recollections of her life in China, Memoirs of a Foreign Daughter. 她不久后便把她未出版的在中国生活的回忆录命名为“洋鬼子女儿的回忆录” |
| 某人被授权做xxx | empower /ɪmˈpaʊə/ 1. 某人被授权做xxx If someone is empowered to do something, they have the authority or power to do it. e.g. 军队现在被授权依据“杀无赦”原则行 The army is now empowered to operate on a shoot-to-kill policy //“杀无赦”: shoot-to-kill 2. To empower someone means to give them the means to achieve something, for example, to become stronger or more successful. 使sb能够做xxx e.g. You must delegate effectively and empower people to carry out their roles with your full support. 你们必须有效地下放权力，使人们能够在你们的全力支持下履行他们的职责 |
| 1. 迫击炮 2. (砖块间的) 灰浆 | mortar /ˈmɔːtə/ 1. A mortar is a big gun that fires missiles high into the air over a short distance. 迫击炮 e.g. The two sides exchanged fire with mortars and small arms. 2 Mortar is a mixture of sand, water, and cement or lime which is put between bricks to hold them together. 灰浆 e.g ..the mortar between the bricks …砖块间的灰浆 [ brick and mortar 实体的； 实体店铺 a brick and mortar store; 实体(的)商业模式: brick and mortar business model ] ] //mason ['meɪs(ə)n] 泥瓦匠 V.S. mansion ['mænʃ(ə)n]大厦；宅邸 eg You can use Touch ID to unlock your iPhone, but you can also use it to pay for goods and services using Apple Pay in brick and mortar stores实体店 or in the online shops eg They saw DVDs as a sustaining technology to improve the performance of their current brick and mortar business model.实体(的)商业模式 |
| 1. 位于<xxx>技术的前沿 2.尖端的(技术/设备) | cutting-edge 1. N-SING If you are at the cutting edge of a particular field of activity, you are involved in its most important or most exciting developments. 前沿 **[ 位于<xxx>技术的前沿 at the cutting edge of xxx technology = at the forefront of xxx technology]**  e.g. This **shipyard造船厂** is **at the cutting edge of** world shipbuilding technology= at the forefront of the worlld shipbuilding technology. 家 造船厂 位于<世界造船>技术的前沿。 2.ADJ **[ Cutting-edge techniques 尖端(的)技术 ] or [cutting-edge equipment 尖端(的)设备]** are the most advanced that there are in a particular field. 尖端的(技术/设备) e.g. What we are planning is **cutting-edge technology** never seen in Australia before.   我们正在筹划的是澳大利亚前所未见的 **尖端(的)技术**。 |
| 1. 位于xx东西(e.g.技术)的前沿, 2. (思考、关注的) 重心 | forefront /ˈfɔːˌfrʌnt/ the forefront of something 位于xx东西(e.g.技术)的前沿, (思考、关注的) 重心  **[ 位于<xxx>技术的前沿 at the cutting edge of xxx technology = at the forefront of xxx technology; ]** 1. If you are at the forefront of a campaign or other activity, you have a leading and influential position in it. (运动、活动的) 前沿 e.g. They have been at the forefront of the campaign for political change. 他们一直处于政治变革运动的前沿。e.g. 他们处于可持续发展的前沿 They're at the forefront of sustainable development. Eg 她的工作将处于生物技术的前沿 In her new company, she will be working at the forefront of biotechnology. Eg. IBM established the UX studio department, that works as the forefront of the global UX design. e.g. [ the advent of sth: the advent of computers; the advent of smartphones; the advent of robics ] e.g And, for the fourth year in succession/in a row, the Australia-based website says Australian carrier Qantas leads the 425 airlines it monitors when it comes to aviation safety.AirlineRatings.com, which launched its annual listing in 2013, says Qantas "remains the standout in safety enhancements and operational excellence" with no recorded fatalities since the advent of jet travel. "Our top 20 safest airlines are always at the forefront of safety innovation, operational excellence and the launching of more advanced aircraft like the A350, 787 and 777X,"  2.If something is at the forefront of people's minds or at the forefront of sb’s attention, they think about it a lot because it is particularly important to them. (思考、关注的) 重心 e.g. The pension issue is exactly at the forefront of his mind nowadays. 养老金问题是他思考的重心 e.g. Finding a BF is exactly at the forefront my attention. |
| 随着（科技，产品的）出现 | [ the advent of sth: the advent of computers; the advent of smartphones; the advent of robics ] e.g And, for the fourth year in succession/in a row, the Australia-based website says Australian carrier Qantas leads the 425 airlines it monitors when it comes to aviation safety.AirlineRatings.com, which launched its annual listing in 2013, says Qantas "remains the standout in safety enhancements and operational excellence" with no recorded fatalities since the advent of jet travel. "Our top 20 safest airlines are always at the forefront of safety innovation, operational excellence and the launching of more advanced aircraft like the A350, 787 and 777X," |
| 友好的且乐于助人的；友善的; **即将离职的** | outgoing: 1) Sociable and responsive to others; friendly [ a warm, outgoing personality热情友好的个性 She's very nice and outgoing with heartfelt/sincere 衷心的 hospitality ] 2) are retiring from or is going to relinquish a position, or relinquish an office: 即将离职的; the outgoing chairperson.即将离职的主席; the outgoing Prime Minister; the outgoing manager eg We hold a farewell party for the outgoing manager Judy. //现任的 /ɪnˈkʌmbənt/ incumbent president/mayor/governor州长/manager/senator |
| adj. **现任的；**负有职责的 n. 在职者；现任者；领圣俸者 | incumbent /ɪnˈkʌmbənt/ = sitting  1. An incumbent is someone who holds an official post at a particular time. 在职者 e.g. In general, incumbents have a 94 percent chance of being re-elected. 一般情况下，现任官员有94%的几率会再次当选。 e,g. No incumbent/sitting US president has ever met with the leader of North Korea while in power, and the idea is extremely controversial. 2.J Incumbent is also an adjective. 在职的 e.g. ...the only candidate who defeated an incumbent/sitting senator.…惟一击败了现任参议员的候选人。 3. ADJ If it is incumbent on or upon you to do something, it is your duty or responsibility to do it. 有责任履行的/义不容辞的 = obligated e.g. She felt it was incumbent on herself to act immediately. 她感到立即采取行动是她义不容辞的责任 |
| 正中要害; 说得中肯/一针见血 | **hit the nail on the head; hit it on the nail; You nailed that hit** e..g hit the nail on the head 说得中肯;打中要害;  **She hit the nail on the head! 她的话一针见血！** |
| steam | slang) I'm gonna **take a steam 去蒸桑拿/ take a sauna ['sɔːnə]** ; I'm going to the "**steam room**" |
| steamroll / crunch | To smooth and press a road with a steamroller. 压路：用蒸汽压路机压平( 道路） To overwhelm or suppress **ruthlessly/brutal;** crush. 压垮压碎：以势压倒； To move or proceed with overwhelming or crushing force. 全速前进：以不可阻挡之势前进 |
| 嘎扎嘎扎的咬嚼, 压碎, 扎扎地踏过 | crunch eg Real Madrid star Ronaldo wasn't lacking in effort but was as powerless as those around him to prevent Portugal from being steamrolled压垮/crunched by Germany at score 4:0 e.g. The food was amazing. I had prawn[prɔːn] 对虾 cocktail for an appetizer. ... The steak was really peppery胡椒味的, the vegetables were fresh and crunchy鲜脆的, and they came with this really aromatic [ærə'mætɪk] 芳香的white sauce. |
| 无底线式的(恶性）竞争 ； 逐底竞争 | [ NUN: a race to the bottom => Adj: a race-to-the-bottom competition] e.g Oxfam researchers said governments around the world are slashing (reduce drastically) corporate tax rates and allowing "extreme forms of ta[x e]vasion" in order to attract investment. They warned that this race to the bottom is "starving countries out of billions of dollars needed to tackle poverty and inequality[ɪnɪ'kwɒlɪtɪ]. Oxfam ranked the countries by considering whether they cooperate with international efforts to curb ta[x a]voidance, for example by agreeing to increase financial transparency. It said Bermuda was the worst, with Cayman Islands second to worst. "Ordinary people -- particularly the poorest -- are paying the price for this reckless race-to-the-down competition through increases in personal taxes and cuts to essential services, such as healthcare and education," The European Union have steppe[d u]p their efforts to (put in extra efforts) to close corporate tax loopholes (法律）漏洞 in the past year, but Oxfam is saying a lot more has to be done. "Governments must work together to stop this crazy race to the bottom on corporate tax and ensure companies pay their fair share," . // 鲁莽的; 不顾后果的 reckless, recklessly: If you say that someone is reckless, you mean that they act in a careless or rude way which shows that they do not care about danger or dare consequences/terrible results 鲁莽的; 不顾后果的 [ a reckless driver: **鲁莽的(粗心大意，不记后果的)司机**] //put in extra hours/efforts to do = invest //slash sth: reduce the amount of sth drastically 大幅度裁减或削减 // inequality[ɪnɪ'kwɒlɪtɪ] 不平等 //ta[x e]vasion, ta[x a]voidance, tax dodge |
| (经济，房地产，股票市场，行业的）急剧下滑 | The bottom dropped out of the sth; "The bottom dropped out 经济的急剧下滑" e.g. Last year was very difficult for me. The bottom dropped out of the housing market, and I lost my job. The worst thing was that I lost my company benefits, including house funding and medical insurance. My total income decreased from about $5,000 bucks per month to almost nothing. I was worried about keeping a roof over my family's head有住的地方 because I even couldn't pay the monthly mortgage. Fortunately, I was able to borrow some money from my parents to keep food on the table有饭吃.  Now, luckily, things seem to be turning around好转. I picked up some part-time work last month, and I'm hoping to get a full-time job with benefits soon. Things are looking up好转! |
| 有住的地方 + 有饭吃 | **[ keep a roof over sb's head and keep food on the table ] e.g. Last year was very difficult for me. The bottom dropped out of the housing market, and I lost my job. The worst thing was that I lost my company benefits, including house funding and medical insurance. My total income decreased from about $5,000 bucks per month to almost nothing. I was worried about keeping a roof over my family's head有住的地方 because I even couldn't pay the monthly mortgage. Fortunately, I was able to borrow some money from my parents to keep food on the table有饭吃.  Now, luckily, things seem to be turning around好转. I picked up some part-time work last month, and I'm hoping to get a full-time job with benefits soon. Things are looking up好转!** |
| 事情慢慢变好了； 好转了 | Things seem to be turning around. = Things are looking up. E.g. Last year was very difficult for me. The bottom dropped out of the housing market, and I lost my job as an electrician. The worst thing was that I lost my company benefits, including my house funding, pension plan, and medical insurance. My total income went from about $5,000 bucks per month to almost nothing. I was worried about keeping a roof over my family's head有住的地方 because I even couldn't pay the monthly mortgage月供. Fortunately, I was able to borrow some money from my parents to keep food on the table有饭吃.  Now, luckily, things seem to be turning around好转. I picked up some part-time work last month, and I'm hoping to get a full-time job with benefits soon. Things are looking up好转! |
| adj. 免费提供信息和帮助的(中心或服务) N. 不速之客 | drop-in 1. ADJ A drop-in centre or a drop-in service provide information and help for people with particular problems, usually on a free and informal basis. 免费提供信息和帮助的(中心或服务) ...a drop-in centre for young mothers. ...为年轻妈妈们免费提供信息和帮助的活动中心 2. N. 不速之客 a drop-in = a dropper-in |
| 赔偿；赔罪 | Saying sorry doesn't actually end with the word 'sorry.' Now you’ve got to make amends赔偿；赔罪. Explain what you are going to do to make it up to the person补偿 'I promise you, I'll never forget our anniversary again. To make up for yesterday, why don't we eat out at your favorite restaurant tonight? My treat/bill.' e.g. A I'm sorry that our service is unsatisfactory this time. We'll do our best to make it up to you补偿. B I'm expecting a full refund, at the ver least. e.g. After my parents' divorce, my father seemed to do something to make it up to me. |
| 衷心的(感谢; 哀悼); | heartfelt /ˈhɑːtˌfɛlt/ = sincere and genuine诚恳的 Heartfelt is used to describe a deep or sincere feeling or wish. 衷心的 [ 衷心的感谢 heartfelt gratitude; 衷心的道歉 heartfelt apology; 衷心的慰问哀悼 heartfelt condolences; 衷心的慰问: heartfelt sympathy ] e.g. My heartfelt sympathy goes out to all the relatives. 我对所有的亲属表示衷心的慰问 e.g. My heartfelt sympathy and condolences goes out to all the relatives. 我对所有的亲属表示衷心的慰问 e.g. I would like to hereby express to you our heartfelt thanks/gratitude ! 衷心的感谢！ eg. The White House called Liu a "political prisoner," and offered "heartfelt condolences go out to Liu Xiaobo's wife, Liu Xia, and his family and friends." |
| Animals, fauna 动物群, living Animals, fauna, living creatures: creatures: //flora and fauna 植物群 和 动物群 |
| (尤指某区域的) 动物群 | fauna /ˈfɔːnə/ **Animals,** living creature, especially the animals in a particular area, can be referred to as fauna. (尤指某区域的) 动物群 动植物群: flora and fauna e.g..**..the flora and fauna** of the African jungle.…非洲丛林的**植物群和动物群** |
| 海豹 | sea dog: Any of various aquatic mammals, found chiefly in the Northern Hemisphere and having a sleek, torpedo-shaped鱼雷 body and limbs that are modified into paddle-like 短桨 flippers .eg Trained seals balance beach balls on their noses // paddle: n. 划桨; vt. 用桨划 // flipper: 鳍状肢；鳍 //[ 达成/锁定 一笔交易 seal a deal; 左右/锁定他的命运 seal his destinity; 锁定一场胜利 seal a victory ] |
| 豹；美洲豹 | leopard **['lepəd]** 豹；美洲豹 1. a large animal of the cat family, with yellow fur and black spots, which lives in Africa and South Asia 豹 2. **[ A leopard can’t change its spots ]: used to say that people cannot change their character 本性难移** |
| 美洲狮 | **cougar英 ['kuːɡə] V.S. leopard豹子**   * + **literal meaning): a large brown wild cat from the mountains of western North America and South America 美洲狮**   + **figurative meaning): sexy lady 熟女** |
| cocker | A cocker spaniel ['spænj(ə)l] ( Spain => spaniel ) . 獚猎犬; 西班牙长耳猎犬  //cocky=arrogant/big-headed; complacent = smug自满的，得意的〔含贬义〕 |
| spaniel 西班牙长耳猎犬; 唯唯诺诺的人, 走狗, 马屁精 | [ a tame spaniel ['spænj(ə)l] 唯唯诺诺的人, 走狗, 马屁精 ass-kisser, apple-polisher ] [ A cocker spaniel 西班牙长耳猎犬 ] egThe Duke of Cambridge, the second in line to the throne, is pictured with his wife and son looking out of an open window. The smiling duchess, 32, is holding Prince George on her knee as he focuses his attention on the family pet, a black cocker spaniel pictured sitting on the duke's lap. |
| [动] 触角，触须 | antenna /ænˈtɛnə/ The antennae of something such as an insect are the two long, thin parts attached to its head that it uses to feel things with. 天线；[动] 触角，触须 => **天线杆: radio mast** |
| 鲸类的；鲸鱼的 n. 鲸鱼；鲸类动物 | **cetacean /sɪˈteɪʃən/** Cetaceans are animals such as whales, dolphins, and p**orpoises/ˈpɔːpəs/**鼠海豚  **[ Cetacean drillmaster/trainer 鲸鱼训练员; Cetacean slides鲸类的幻灯片; cetacean biology 鲸豚生物学 ]** |
| ***家禽*** | ['pəʊltrɪ] poultry: domestic **fowls /faʊl/ ,** such as chickens, turkeys, ducks, or geese/goose 鹅肉,雌鹅 raised for meat or eggs 家禽 |
| ***飞禽; 家禽*** | fowl /f**aʊl**/ A fowl is a bird, especially one that is raised/bred to be eaten as food, such as a duck or a chicken 饲养（用来食用）的飞禽. e.g. Carve the fowl into 8 pieces. 将这只家禽切成8块。 |
| ***鼹鼠*** | A **mole** is a small animal with black fur that lives underground. 鼹鼠 //mole: 1. 鼹鼠；2.痣胎块；3. 间谍内鬼 |
| 脊椎动物 | vertebrate /ˈvɜːtɪˌbreɪt/ 脊椎动物 A vertebrate is a **living creature** that has a spine. Mammals, birds, reptiles, and fish are vertebrates. |
| 幼虫 | larva: /ˈlɑːvə/ A larva is an insect at the stage of its life after it has developed from an egg and before it changes into its adult form, larva = caterpilla 幼虫 => larva/caterpilla V.S. lava [ volcanic lava 火山熔岩; volcanic eruption/spewing 火山爆发/喷发; volcanic island 火山岛; volcanic dust 火山尘; volcanic vent 火山口; the volcanic crater火山坑; ] |
| 桑蚕家蚕; 蚕宝宝 | silkworm: Any of various caterpillars蠕虫 or larva that produce silk cocoons [kə'ku:n]蚕茧 , especially the larva of a moth(蛾) that spins a cocoon 吐丝纺织出一个蚕茧 of fine, strong, elastic fiber that is the source of commercial silk. //A moth is an insect like a butterfly which usually flies around at night. 蛾 V.S. moss: 青苔 //spin: 纺纱；(silkworm) 吐丝, spins a cocoon 吐丝纺织出一个蚕茧；晕眩(feel dizzy or buzzed); spin a fact = fabricate fact; spin tactics |
| 蚕茧 | silk cocoon **[kə'ku:n]**  e.g. **silkworm蚕宝宝** is any of various caterpillars蠕虫 or la**r**va that produce **silk cocoons [kə'ku:n]蚕茧** , especially the larva of a moth(蛾) that spins a **cocoon[昆]茧** of fine, strong, elastic fiber that is the source of commercial silk. |
| 幼虫; 蠕虫毛虫 | caterpillar: young worm or **larva** 幼虫; 蠕虫毛虫; //caterer ['ketərɚ]: (为办公、婚礼、派对等的) **餐饮供应者**; 酒席承办者;  **the catering college 烹饪学校**  //口水, 唾液: saliva |
| 鸵鸟；鸵鸟般的人 | **ostrich ['ɒstrɪtʃ]**  An ostrich is a very large, long-necked African bird that cannot fly. 鸵鸟  **[Ostrich Runners 鸵鸟快跑; Ostrich Farming 鸵鸟养殖 ; 鸵鸟养殖; Ostrich Quill 鸵鸟羽毛笔 ]** e.g. Some Italians eat **donkeys驴;** South Africans eat ostrich. 南非人吃鸵鸟 |
| penguins | penguins **waddle,** monkeys swing |
| 松鼠 | squirrel /ˈskwɪrəl/ A squirrel is a small animal with a long furry tail. Squirrels live mainly in trees. 松鼠 |
| 鳄鱼 | crocodile /ˈkrɒkəˌdaɪl/ A crocodile is a large reptile with a long body and strong jaws. Crocodiles live in rivers and eat meat. |
| 假慈悲,假惺惺的眼泪 | **Crocodile's tears;** eg She wiped her crocodile's tears with a big **handkerchief手帕.** 抹去假惺惺的眼泪 |
| 鳄目动物的 | \* crocodile 鳄鱼； \* alligator 短吻鳄; 鳄鱼皮革的；鳄鱼皮纹的； \* crocodilian [,krɒkə'dɪlɪən] 伪善的；鳄目动物； \* cayman ['keɪmən]: a South American animal like an alligator [南美的〕短吻鳄 |
| 蟾蜍，癞蛤蟆 | /təʊd/ toad: A toad is a creature which is similar to a frog but which has a drier skin and spends less time in water; looks ugly蟾蜍 |
| 长颈鹿 | giraffe [dʒə'rɑ:f] A giraffe is a large African animal/living creature with a very long neck, long legs, and dark patches on its body. // giraffe V.S. gra'ffiti /ɡræˈfiːtiː/ graffiti is words or pictures that are written or drawn in public places, for example on walls or posters. 涂鸦 doodle, doodles |
| ***刺猬*** | **hedgehog /ˈhɛdʒˌhɒɡ/**  A hedgehog is a small brown animal with sharp spikes covering its back. eg. Google previewed more than two dozen emoji that fit into these categories, including a hedgehog刺猬, a carton of Chinese takeout, a giraffe [dʒɪˈrɑ:f] 长颈鹿, fairy, dinosaur, broccoli, sled/sledge雪橇, a scarf and vampire. There's also a hand signing "I love you" and an angry emoji face with explicit characters blocking the mouth. The update will also include the emoji announced on World Emoji Day earlier this year, such as a breastfeeding mom and a woman in a headscarf/hijab(（穆斯林妇女戴的面纱或头巾）). //hog, hedgehog, groundhog |
| ***〔北美〕土拨鼠*** | **groundhog**  ['ɡraʊndhɒɡ] : a small North American animal that has thick brown fur 〔北美〕土拨鼠 /hog, hedgehog, groundhog |
| ***hog*** | 野猪 hog 1 /hɒɡ,hɑg/ /hog, hedgehog, groundhog 1. a large pig that is kept for its meat 〔供食用的〕大猪 2. **go the whole hog**: informal to do something thoroughly 把某事做彻底 e.g. **Let’s go the whole hog** and order champagne. 我们索性点香槟吧。 3.  **go hog wild** : informal to suddenly do an activity in an uncontrolled way 无节制地做〔某事〕   * hedgehog 刺猬; groundhog: 土拨鼠 |
| 鸵鸟；鸵鸟般的人 | ostrich ['ɒstrɪtʃ] An ostrich is a very large, long-necked African bird that cannot fly. 鸵鸟 [鸵鸟政策 the ostrich policy; Ostrich Runners 鸵鸟快跑; Ostrich Farming 鸵鸟养殖 ; 鸵鸟养殖; Ostrich Quill 鸵鸟羽毛笔 ] e.g. Some Italians eat donkeys驴; South Africans eat ostrich. 南非人吃鸵鸟 e.g. Although reporters know that the ostrich policy is aimed at appeasing [ə'piːz]/satisfy/grafity the authorities, they still don’t like it. 知道鸵鸟政策是为了 姑息sb当局者，他们还是不喜欢这样 |
|  |  |
| 浣熊 | **raccoon /rəˈkuːn/** A raccoon is a small animal that has dark-coloured fur with white stripes on its face and on its long tail. Raccoons live in forests in North and Central America. 浣熊 **//做茧 spin a cocoon** |
| 水獭 | otter ['ɒtə]; sea otter: an animal with smooth brown fur that swims in rivers and eats fish |
| 河马 | hippo, pl: hippos ['hɪpəʊ]; a hippopotamus 河马 |
| 红鹳；火烈鸟 | [flə'mɪŋɡəʊ] pl: flamingo**s** flamingo**es :** a large pink tropical bird with very long thin legs and a long neck |
| 大野牛 | **bison /ˈbaɪsən/** A bison is a large hairy animal with a large head that is a member of the cattle family. Bison used to be very common in North America and Europe. 大野牛 |
| 白犀牛 | **[ The white r(h)ino ['raɪnəʊ] ]** couldn't go extinct, could it? => **black rhino =**> "h" is not pronounced, like **r(h)etoric** question; |
| 犀牛 | **r(h)ino** => **r(h)i**noceros /raɪˈnɒsərəs/ A rhinoceros is a large Asian or African animal with thick, grey skin and a horn, or two horns, on its nose. 犀牛 |
| 像猪的 | piggy /ˈpɪɡɪ/  1. N A piggy is a child's word for a pig or a piglet. (儿语)猪或猪仔 2. ADJ If someone has piggy eyes, their eyes are small and unattractive. 像猪的 //piggyback /ˈpɪɡɪˌbæk/ If you give someone a piggyback, you carry them high on your back, supporting them under their knees. 将xxx背在/驮在背上 e..g They give each other piggyback rides. 他们将彼此背在背上。 |
| piggish /ˈpɪɡɪʃ/ ADJ eating like a pig, **greedy,** esp in appetite or manners **(尤指食欲或举止 像猪的)馋嘴的；贪心的** |
| pig out (pigging,pigged,pigs) (像猪)暴饮暴食;大吃特吃. If you say that people are pigging out, you are criticizing them for eating a very large amount at one meal or over a short period of time. 暴饮暴食; 大吃特吃; e.g. She's a bulimic. Every time after she piggs out, she rushes to the toilet and starts to vomit. e.g. Some are so accustomed to pigging out, they can't cut back. 些人习惯暴饮暴食了，他们不可能缩减食量 eg. Well, we'll do your own Thx Giving; and pig out 大吃特吃. //devour/engulf/snarf down/guzzle food 狼吞虎咽地吃 //Bulimia/bjuːˈlɪmɪə/is an illness in which a person has a very great fear of becoming fat, and so they make themselves vomit after eating a lot. 贪食症 |
| 饥肠辘辘的; 饿极的 r | ravenous /ˈrævənəs/ ravenously 1.ADJ If you are ravenous, you are extremely hungry.; e.g. Amy realized that she had eaten nothing since leaving home that morning, and she was ravenous. 她饿极了。  e.g. She began to eat ravenously = devour/snarf down/engulf/guzzle the food 她开始狼吞虎咽地吃起来 |
| 鹅；鹅肉；傻瓜 | goose /ɡuːs/ [ (人寒冷、害怕、兴奋时出现的) 鸡皮疙瘩 goose bumps = goose skin = goose flesh ] => goosey: (像鹅一样）愚蠢的 n. 呆子 (wooden or stiff: 呆板的) 1. A goose is a large bird that has a long neck and webbed feet. Geese are often farmed for their meat. 鹅 2. Goose is the meat from a goose that has been cooked. (熟) 鹅肉 ...roast goose. 3. V to prod (a person) playfully in the behind (开玩笑的)戳人屁股 4. (人寒冷、害怕、兴奋时出现的)鸡皮疙瘩 If you get **[ goose bumps],** the hairs on your skin stand up so that it is covered with tiny bumps. You get goose bumps when you are cold, frightened, or excited. 5. goose: such a goose = a silly sucker = idiot, moron['mɔːrɒn]; a silly, stupid person |
| 吞下；咽下 n. 燕子 | swallow /ˈswɒləʊ/  1. If you swallow something, you cause it to go from your mouth down into your stomach. 吞咽 swallow a capsule containing vitamin B. e.g. took a bite of the apple, chewed, and swallowed. 嚼了嚼吞了下去。 [ a quick swallow ] 迅速咽 //abdomen, abdominal 腹腔，腹部，腹肌 3. If you swallow, you make a movement in your throat as if you are swallowing something, often because you are nervous or frightened. (常因紧张或害怕而) 做吞咽动作 e.g. The teacher asked my to answer that killer question out of blue (unexpectedly), I have a quick swallow coz I'm so nervous. 4. If someone swallows a story or a statement, they believe it completely. 完全相信(什么话，陈词，故事，account) e.g. They cast doubt on his excuses, but swallowed his words finally 产生了怀疑，但finally 他们却完全相信。 5. swallow up sth = to engulf or destroy as if by ingestion 吞并; 侵吞 e.g. Nazi Germany swallowed up several small countries 6. A swallow is a kind of small bird with pointed wings and a forked tail. 燕子 |
| 哺乳动物 | mammal /ˈmæməl/ Mammals are animals such as humans, dogs, lions, and whales. In general, female mammals give birth to babies rather than laying eggs, and feed their young with milk. |
| 天鹅；天鹅星座 | swan /sw**ɒn**/ A swan is **a large bird with a very long neck**. Swans live on rivers and lakes and are usually white.  **[ white swan; black swan: literal meaning 黑天鹅；figurative meaning: (rare) 珍品; swan song 天鹅临死时的叫声, 绝笔，最后的作品]** |
| 对虾 | The food was amazing. I had **prawn[prɔːn] 对虾** cocktail for an appetizer. The prawn were huge and tasted like sweet, expensive candy. I then had the pepper steak with vegetables. The steak was really peppery 胡椒味的, the vegetables were fresh and crunchy鲜脆的, and they came with this really aromatic [ærə'mætɪk] 芳香的white sauce. And then dessert: chocolate mousse! It was incredible. No, more than incredible – like a dream dessert, so good it couldn't possibly be real. Every mouthful was like soft, sweet velvet. **//pawn shop: 典当行** |
| 鹤 | crane A crane **is a kind of large bird with a long neck** and long legs. 鹤; **heavy crane: 重型的大吊车**  V.S. 长颈鹿 [dʒə'rɑ:f] giraffe |
| < 动植物群: fauna and flora> |
| 食物链 | The food chain is a series of living things which are linked to each other because each thing feeds on the one next to it in the series. [ the top of the food chain; the bottom of the food chain ] e.g. The whole food chain is affected by the overuse of chemicals in agriculture. 整个食物链因农业中过度使用化学制品而受到影响 |
| 给(植物)授粉 | pollinate /ˈpɒlɪˌneɪt/  1. [ 给植物授粉 pollinate a plant; pollinate a tree ] To pollinate a plant or tree means to fertilize it with pollen, in order to reproduce. This is often done by insects, such as honeys. 给···传授花粉 e.g. Many of the indigenous insects are needed to pollinate the local plants. 需要很多种土生昆虫给当地植物授粉。 2.N-UNCOUNT pollination e.g. Without sufficient pollination, the growth of the corn is stunted. 没有充足的授粉，玉米的生长就会受阻 |
| 盆栽植物( 尤指室内), e.g. “肉肉” | pot plant **[给盆栽浇水 water the pot plant ]** e.g. the plant grown in a **flowerpot,** esp indoors **盆栽植物( 尤指室内), e.g. “肉肉**” e.g. 请帮忙给我的**盆栽**浇水　Please help **water/irrigate** my **pot plants**, thank you. |
| 花盆 | flowerpot /ˈflaʊəˌpɒt/ A flowerpot is a container that is used for growing plants. 花盆 |
| 花瓶 | vase /vɑːz/ A vase is a jar, usually made of glass or pottery, used for holding cut flowers or as an ornament. 花瓶 e.g. ...a vase of red roses. …一个插着红玫瑰的花瓶 |
| 青苔 | moss /mɒs/ Moss is a very small, soft, green plant which grows on damp/humid soil, or on wood or stone. Moss is normally slippery 青苔 ...ground covered over with moss.…长满青苔的地面 e.g. . The river runs rapidly, however, and the banks can be slippery with moss, so do exercise caution //moss V.S. moth: A moth is an insect like a butterfly which usually flies around at night. 蛾 |
| < 动植物群: fauna and flora> |
| 使sb深深的卷入(战斗,争论，丑闻) | embroil /ɪmˈbrɔil / If someone embroils you in a fight or an argument, they get you deeply involved in it. 使sb深深的卷入(战斗,争论，丑闻) e.g. Any hostilities 敌对活动 could result in retaliation/revenge and further embroil U.N. troops in fighting. 使联合国部队卷入战斗中 => [ be involved in => be embroiled in 深深的卷入（丑闻） => If you are sucked into a bad situation, you are unable to prevent yourself from becoming involved or embroiled in it. （无力抗拒）使卷入 ] V.S. A ban is being considered after Russia was indicted for a shocking and unprecedented/all-time空前的 attack on the integrity of sport and on the Olympic Game, following an independent World Anti-Doping反兴奋剂 Agency commissioned report. IOC spokesman said in a statement that his organization "will not hesitate to take the toughest sanctions available against any individual or organization implicated with 牵连 sports doping." The Russian track and field田径 team has already been imposed by that sanction -- but that decision is contested at the Court of Arbitration仲裁 for Sport with a decision likely to be announced by the end of the week. Russia's athletes face a nervous wait to see if a blanket ban全面禁止令 will be imposed with the IOC announcing it will retest all of its athletes which competed at the 2014 Winter Olympics. Around 80 athletes have filed petitions请愿书 to compete under the Olympic flag and they emphatically disclaimed any knowledge of this doping scandal. //disclaim knowledge of sth = don't know about it; disclaim responsibility for sth = claim that we're NOT responsible for 声明对xxx没有责任，免责声明 |
| 透明的; 半透明的; 不透明的 | transparent:  \* If an object or substance is transparent, you can see through it. 透明的  \* If a situation, system, or activity is transparent, it is easily understood or recognized. 易懂的; 显而易见的,一目了然的 = manifest, It's manifest at a glance e.g. Well, that DB logic is transparent for me to understand.  \* You use transparent to describe a statement or action that is obviously dishonest, deceptive, or wrong, and that you think will not deceive people. If a person is transparent, you can see their true bad motives. 易识破的(一个骗子) e.g. He thought he could fool people with his silly transparent deceptions. 他以为他能用易识破的骗术愚弄人。[ transparent tricks ] e.g He's so transparent. 他很容易被识破 e.g. He's such a silly magician with transparent magics 易识破的魔术. I've already seen through it...  transparency /trænsˈpærənsɪ/ N. 透明，透明度；幻灯片；有图案的玻璃 1. A transparency is a small piece of photographic film with a frame around it which can be projected投影到 onto a screen so that you can see the picture. 幻灯片 e.g. ...transparencies of masterpieces from Lizzie's art collection. …莉齐艺术收藏品中一些杰作的幻灯片。 2. Transparency is the quality that an object or substance has when you can see through it. 透明性 the transparency of the eye's lenses. 眼睛晶状体的透明度。   translucent: /trænzˈluːsənt/ N) translucency = translucence[træns'ljʊsənsi] If a material is translucent, some light can pass through it and some light cannot 半透明的 e.g. The building is roofed entirely with translucent plastic.  opaque: adj. 不透明的；不传热的；迟钝的 N) opaqueness [əu'peiknis], opacity [o'pæsəti] n. 不透明；不传导；(关系）暧昧 \* If an object or substance is opaque, you cannot see through it. Opaque is the antonym of "transparent" 不透明的 \* If you say that something is opaque, you mean that it is difficult to understand. 难理解的 e.g. ...the opaque language (难懂的语言) of the inspector's reports. |
| 丰富的；充裕的富饶的 | 1. abound v) -> abundant: 丰富的；充裕的富饶的； = ample //an affluent person = rich; His family is loaded (very rich) e.g. The room abounded with screaming children 富于；充满 The meeting room abounds with passionate audiences. e.g. Our country is abundant in minerals['minərəl]矿物；. 我国矿产非常丰富 e.g. There is an abundant/ample supply of cheap labour in CHINA. 有丰富的廉价劳动力供应 丰富的营养：abundant nutrition = ample nutrition  2. ample: adj. 丰富的；足够的；宽敞的  e.g. There is ample足够的 disk space;  e.g. These fruits provide ample/abundant 丰富的 nutrition;  e.g. This bedroom is ample enough 宽敞的  3. plenty of = plentiful |
| 富裕的：拥有大量钱财、财产或财富的; n: 富人 | affluent['æfluənt]: Generously supplied with money, property, or possessions; prosperous or rich. 富裕的：拥有大量钱财、财产或财富的; n: 富人 [the affluent society 富裕人的社会] **[ emerging affluents:暴发户; the so-called emerging affluents:所谓的暴发户 V.S. a self-made billionaire/ millionaire who built their business from scratch...一位白手起家的百万富翁]** eg He is the so-called emerging affluent. //fluent, fluently: Someone who is fluent in a particular language can speak the language easily and correctly. You can also say that someone speaks fluent French, Chinese, or some other language. 流利的 |
| Plentiful; abundant/ample 大量的, 丰富的；富饶的 e.g. affluent/abundant/ample land in natural resources 自然资源**丰富的**土地; V.S. **meager** resources **贫乏的**资源 |
| Flowing freely; copious.流畅的：畅流的；滔滔不绝的; an affluent fountain 滔滔不断的泉水 |
| 财力雄厚的 | While deep-pocketed (affluent, super rich) developers certainly offer freedom of sorts ("you have clients who don't care about the budget"), Saladino also points to China's lenient planning regulations and openness to new ideas."You can have an impact," he said. "In China, we can completely rethink our models of how cities work. //[ emerging affluents:暴发户 V.S. a self-made billionaire/ millionaire who built their business from scratch.一位白手起家的百万富翁] //Out-of-pocket expenses are those which you pay out of your own money on behalf of someone else, and which are often paid back to you later. 需现款支付的, 自掏腰包的 [ 自掏腰包的花费 out-of-pocket expenses V.S. outlay (必要的) 费用 ] |
| self-made | (slang) 白手起家的, Having achieved success or recognition by one's own efforts; [ the emerging affluents 暴发户 V.S. 白手起家的百万富翁: a self-made billionaire/ millionaire who **built their business from scratch** eg Both are seeking to join two other women who are arguing in federal court for the U.S. government to take a fresh look at its case involving **self-made billionaire** Jeffrey, who pleaded guilty 认罪 some years ago in Florida to a state charge of prostitution/whore solicitation. //plead not guilty to 不认罪 //妓院: brothel  e.g. He, one of the most famous **self-made billionair,** had a severe flop扑街/大失败20 yrs ago and **rebuilt his business up from scratch** . 他白手起家创办了这家企业  V.S.  **[ 从零开始，从头开始；白手起家 from scratch; start sth from scratch; build sth from scratch ]** If you start or build something from scratch, you begin it without using anything that existed or was prepared before |
| 踌躇/摆动 /迟疑 | hesitate v) , hesitation, hesitant /ˈhɛzɪtənt/, 迟疑 hesitancy, [ 一丝迟疑 a trace of hesitancy ]  1. If you are hesitant about doing something, you do not do it quickly or immediately and you waver over it or vacillate on it 踌躇/摆动 usually because you are uncertain, embarrassed, or worried. 迟疑不决的 e.g. She was hesitant about/was wavering over/was vacillating on whether to accept the new job in another city. e.g A trace of hesitancy showed in Dr. Stockton's eyes. 一丝迟疑出现在斯托克顿医生的双眼中 |
| wave => waver 踌躇/摆动 /迟疑 /ˈweɪvə/ V.S. waiver sth (弃权, 自动地放弃) V.S. weave = knit 1.V-I If you waver over sth, you feel hesitant about sth or you vacillate on sth and cannot decide about something immediately or you consider changing your mind about something. 犹豫不决; 踌躇 e.g. Some military commanders wavered over/felt hesitant about whether to support the military coup. 一些军队指挥官对是否支持政变犹豫不决。 => unwavering: 不动摇的，不犹豫不决的 perseverant fight and unwavering belief; unwavering mindset V.S. wavering attitude　动摇的态度, wavering belief 2.V-I If something wavers or swings, it shakes with very slight movements or changes. 摇摆 e.g. 例： The shadows of the dancers wavered continually. 舞者的身影摇摆不停 |
| vacillate: v. (vacillation; vacillator犹豫不决的人，（物理学的）钟摆 1 在两个xxx 之间摇摆不定 If you vacillate between two alternatives or choices, you keep changing your mind and feel hesitant e.g. She vacillates between a man twice her age and another man younger than she. 她在两个男人之间摇摆不定 2. If you vacillate on sth, you feel hesitant about it or waver over it for a long time and cannot make decision 犹豫不决 e.g .We cannot vacillate on the question of the party's leadership. 在党的领导权问题上我们不能动摇 |
| 索道 | Yongpyong, also known as Dragon Valley, stays open until 2:30 a.m. It has 28 slopes and 14 cable lifts 索道. Korean hip-hop music blasts from the speakers as snowboarders, decked out in neon from head to toe, cruise by on a slope as busy and bustling as a street in downtown Seoul. This is skiing South Korean-style: fast and furious 速度激情 and full of energy. South Korea is mountainous but doesn't have the stunning, jagged peaks of the Alps [ælps] 阿尔卑斯山脉or volcanoes blanketed in 15 meters of snow like Hokkaido。 Despite the construction going up for the Olympics, Pyeongchang remains a country town. Restaurants close early, and there's no nightlife. But there are hidden culinary (related to cuisine) surprises in Pyeongchang if you know where to look. |
| 元宵节 | Lantern festival=>　　 糯米: sticky rice = glutinous rice => sticky rice ball 汤圆; fill => filling n填充；填料/ the filling of（dumpling, steamed bun, sticky rice ball, wonton)馅料：black sesame; red bean paste 红豆沙; green bean paste; peanut paste 　＝> wrapper/skin of the (dumplig, steamed bun, wonton, sticky rice ball): 皮　=> 灯谜: Lantern riddles. e.g. What's the filling of your sticky rice ball? The black sesaem, my favorite. //glue => glutinous: having the sticky properties of an adhesive 粘合剂；胶黏剂. 粘的；粘性的；胶状的 |
| 谜语; (用子弹/枪) 把xxx打得千疮百孔; 粗筛 | Literal meaning: 谜语; Figurative meaning: 谜一样的难题 riddle /ˈrɪdəl/  1. N-COUNT A riddle is a puzzle or joke in which you ask a question that seems to be nonsense but which has a clever or amusing answer. 谜语 e.g. All comers to the Sphinx were asked a riddle e.g. Let's play a game "Solving riddles 解谜" 2. N-COUNT You can describe something as a riddle if people have been trying to understand or explain it but have not been able to. 谜, 谜一样的难题 **[解开了xxx之谜: solve the riddle of sth ]** e.g. Scientists claimed yesterday to have **solved the riddle of the birth** of the universe. 科学家们昨天宣布已经 **解开了<宇宙诞生>之谜**。 3. V riddle sth: to solve, explain, or interpret (a riddle or riddles) 猜(谜); 解(谜) 4. V-T If somebody **[ riddles something with bullets, gunfires, bullet holes ]**, they fire a lot of bullets into it. (用子弹/枪) 把xxx打得千疮百孔 e.g. Unknown snipers **riddled two homes with gunfire.** 不明来路的狙击手 用(枪)把<两座房屋>打得千疮百孔。 5. N a sieve, esp a coarse one used for sand, grain, etc 粗筛; V-T to put through **a sieve; sift** **//[ a silver bullet ] figurative meaning: 高招秒招，良方** |
| 像专业人士 | like pros //pro = expert 像专业人士: e.g. While he was scared, he was mindful of留心的；记住的 the fact that Japan takes its earthquakes seriously. Everyone is very calm and collected as staffers checked in on everyone. “They seemed like pros (experts) about this," he said. Jonathan is from San Francisco and has felt his share of tremors over the years." But this was significantly bigger than anything I’ve experienced ever inn San Francisco. The swaying was significantly more than I'd ever felt." |
| 高质量的 ; 高素质的(人才，员工） | 高水平的；高质量的(员工，学生； 学校)  [ high-caliber students/employees/stuffs; high-caliber talents 高层次人才 ; 高素质人才; high-caliber employees/stuffs: 高质量高素质的员工; high-caliber university 高素质高水平大学 = top-notch university 一流的；拔尖的, e.g. ivy league常春藤]  e.g. The **brain-drain effect**人才外流的现象of studying and working abroad has started to **burgeon(象萌芽一样迅猛发展)** due to flaws瑕疵/drawbacks/downsides in the domestic academic environment. Last year, according to stats, more than ten thousand of **high-caliber['haikælibə] IT engineers** have applied for emigration.  **//有声望的大学 prestigious university, like ivy league; 有声望的教授 prestigious professor.**  **V.S. 高素质高水平大学: high-caliber, big-time universities, like ivy league**  **V.S. 二流大学 a cut-rate university; 打折扣的商品: cut-rate goods; cut-rate prices** |
| 二流货的；打折扣 | cut-rate: costing less than standard price, with much discounts; [**二流大学 a cut-rate university; 打折扣的商品: cut-rate goods; cut-rate prices]** eg I bought these old books at nice **cut-rate prices.**  **//有声望的大学 prestigious university, like ivy league; 有声望的教授 prestigious professor.**  **V.S. 高素质高水平大学: high-caliber universities, like ivy league**  **V.S. 二流大学 a cut-rate university; 打折扣的商品: cut-rate goods; cut-rate prices** |
| (凡人)终有一死的; 凡人,普通大众; 致命的; 极度的(强调) | mortal /ˈmɔːtəl/  1. If you refer to the fact that people are mortal, you mean that they have to die and cannot live forever. (凡人)终有一死的 e.g A man's lifecycle is deliberately designed to be mortal. He grows, he ages, and he dies. 2. 终有一死 mortality e.g. She has suddenly come face to face with her own mortality. 她已经与死神面对面了。[ mortality rate ]  3. You can describe someone as a mortal when you want to say that they are an ordinary person. 凡人, 普通大众, 俗人 [ 按 ordinary mortal ] e.g. In Chian, train tickets seem unobtainable to the ordinary mortal during the spring "migration". 4. You can use mortal to show that something is very serious or may cause death. 致命的 mortal, deadly = lethal, fatal e.g The police were defending themselves and others against mortal danger. 免受致命的危险。=》致命地 mortally He falls, mortally wounded. 他摔了，伤得很重。 6. You can use mortal to emphasize that a feeling is extremely great or severe. 极度的(强调) When self-esteem is high, we lose our mortal/extreme fear of jealousy. 当自尊心很强时，我们会失去对嫉妒的极度恐惧。=> ADV 极度地 mortally Candace admits to having been "mortally/extremely embarrassed." 坎达丝承认曾经“极其尴尬” |
| 死亡率; 失败率或损失率, 倒闭率 | mortality rate = death rate 死亡率; a high [low] mortality 死亡率高[低]; the mortality from automobile accidents 车祸死亡人数; the emortality table 死亡率表 eg The Ebola virus outbreak has gotten deadlier. The mortality rate has increased from 50% to 70%. Eg "Certainly the mortality rate can be lowered if we don't have any delays in diagnosis and don't have any delays in treating people," // death toll 死亡人数 The quality or condition of being mortal. 必死性：濒临死亡的特征或状态; Death, especially of large numbers 死亡，尤指大批死亡；沉重牺牲：eg the mortality caused by the epidemic Ebola virus, that is deadly/lethal and contagious/infectious 由一传染病引起的大批死亡 // mortal => immortal: [ɪ'mɔːt(ə)l] 非凡人的，不死的，神仙的，长生的； immortalize: 永垂不朽 |
| mortality rate = The rate of failure or loss: 失败率或损失率, 倒闭率：eg the high **mortality rate** among family-run farms. 私营农庄的**高损失率;** the **mortality rate** of small businesses 小企业的**倒闭率** |
| 死亡；毁灭 | **perish:** V-I If people or animals perish, they die as a result of very harsh conditions or as the result of an accident. (因恶劣条件或事故) 死亡 e.g. Most of the butterflies **perish** in the first frosts霜 of autumn. 大多数蝴蝶在秋季初霜来临时死亡 V.S**. the deceased 已故的( 死者)** |
| (食物)易腐烂的; 易变质的 perishable ['periʃəbl] 1. food that will decay or become rotten rapidly if not refrigerated, spoiled. The perishable foods will go bad or go spoiled after a short length of time. (食物)易腐烂的; 易变质的 e.g ...perishable food like fruit, vegetables, and meat. ... [ perishable food = spoiled food 变质的food; perishable product 易腐烂/易变质的物品 ] e.g. Here come a disclaimer免责声明: The company does not accept or take liability/responsibility for fragile, valuable or perishable goods. 公司对于易碎、贵重或易腐烂/易变质的物品 不负(法律)责任 //负(法律)责任 take liability for sth |
| (永垂不朽)不朽的, 万古流芳的; 不死的, 长生不死 N. 不朽的人物 ; 长生不死; 神仙 | immortal /ɪˈmɔːtəl/  1. ADJ Someone or something that is immortal is famous and likely to be remembered for a long time. (永垂不朽)不朽的, 万古流芳的。 [ immortal love story. 不朽的的爱情小说 ] e.g. The families and their lawyer are coming forward as their brush with history与历史擦肩而过的经验 is immortalized 使名垂千古 in a new Hollywood blockbuster 好莱屋大片. The film "Snowden" depicts the tense days when the NSA whistleblower/debunker告发者 went underground in Hong Kong, in a bid to evade/dodge/avoid US and Hong Kong authorities, as well as the world media. Snowden made his first bombshell爆炸性消息 revelations about controversial US surveillance programs in an interview with the Guardian newspaper in a room in Hong Kong's Mira Hotel. //告发者；检举者 (揭穿真面目者 ) : whistleblower = debunker; 爆炸性消息/惊天动地的大消息/爆炸性新闻: a bombshell 2. An immortal is someone who will be remembered for a long time. 不朽的人物 ...the players considered to be the immortals of the game. …被认为是该运动项目不朽人物的运动员们。 3. 不朽 immortality [ɪmɔː'tælɪtɪ] e.g. Some people want to achieve immortality through their works. 有些人想通过他们的作品不朽万古流芳。 4. Someone or something that is immortal will live or last forever and never die or be destroyed. 不死的, 长生不死 e.g. The pharaohs, after all, were considered gods and therefore immortal. 法老毕竟被当作神，因而长生不死。 5. An immortal is an immortal being. 神仙 e.g. ...porcelain figurines of the Chinese immortals. …中国神仙的小瓷像。 6. 永生 immortality e.g. The Greeks accepted belief in the immortality of the soul. 希腊人接受灵魂不灭的信念。 7. ADJ If you refer to someone's immortal words, you mean that what they said is well-known, and you are usually about to quote it. 著名的, 永垂不朽的, 万古流芳的(名句) e.g Everyone knows Teddy Roosevelt's immortal words, "Speak softly and carry a big stick." 大家都知道特迪·罗斯福的名言：“说话温和，手持大棒." E.G If you're a fan of basketball, you must know Kobe Brian's immortal words "Nobody knows what the LA looks like at 4:00 am at down, but I know " |
| 使sb名垂千古，使不朽 | V) immortalize [ɪ'mɔrtəlaɪz]; If [ someone or something is immortalized ] in a story, a film, or a work of art, they appear in it, and will be remembered for it. 使sb./sth名垂千古，使不朽 e.g. His original interior design is immortalized in at least seven film and television shows. 他独具创意的室内设计至少在7部电影及电视节目中得到了不朽之名 e.g. The families and their lawyer are coming forward as their brush with history与历史擦肩而过 is immortalized名垂千古 in a new Hollywood blockbuster 好莱屋大片. The film "Snowden" depicts the tense days when the NSA whistleblower/debunker告发者 went underground in Hong Kong, in a bid to evade/dodge/avoid US and Hong Kong authorities, as well as the world media. Snowden made his first bombshell爆炸性消息 revelations about controversial US surveillance programs in an interview with the Guardian newspaper in a room in Hong Kong's Mira Hotel. // Hollywood blockbuster 好莱屋大片; That was our brush with history. 就这样我们曾与历史擦肩而过; 告发者；检举者 (揭穿真面目者 ) ; whistleblower = debunker r告发者; 爆炸性消息/新闻: a bombshell |
| 1. 地震的；因地震而引起的 **2. 突然的戏剧性的(转变，改变）** | seismic /ˈsaɪzmɪk/  1. Seismic means caused by or relating to an earthquake. 地震的; 地震引起的 [ the seismic activity; 地震波: seismic waves ] e.g. Earthquakes produce two types of seismic /ˈsaɪzmɪk/ waves. 地震产生两种类型的地震波。e.g. Emiratis frolicked in the snow 嬉戏 over the weekend, as temperatures plummeted/slumped/stumbled across the United Arab Emirates. The UAE's weather service, the National Center of Meteorology/ˌmiːtɪəˈrɒlədʒɪ/ and Seismology /saɪzˈmɒlədʒɪ/ (NCMS), reported that the usually warm and arid['ærɪd]干燥的 region experienced temperatures as low as -5 degrees Celsius (23 Fahrenheit ['færən'haɪt]) on Friday evening. E.g. Seismic activity is also on the rise in certain energy-intensive states after a relatively/comparatively 相对的 stable period of about 30 years.  2. A seismic shift or a seismic change is a very sudden or dramatic change. 突然的戏剧性的(转变，改变）[A seismic shift , a seismic change] e.g. I have never seen such a seismic shift in public opinion in such a short period of time. 发生如此突然的戏剧性的转变。 |
| 小睡；打盹儿 | doze /dəʊz/ 1.V-I When you doze, you sleep lightly or for a short period, especially during the daytime, doze = snooze or have a nap // 小睡；打盹儿 snooze: If you snooze, you sleep lightly for a short period of time. 小睡；打盹儿 e.g Mark snoozed/dozed in front of the television. // 打哈欠 I yawned and I'm sleepy //打呼噜, 打鼾 Am I snoring? //打嗝 hiccup //打喷嚏 sneeze (phlegm: [flem] 痰；粘液) //dose [dəʊs] 剂量；一剂一服 V.S. |
| 打呼噜, 打鼾 | snore /snɔː/  1.V-I When someone who is asleep snores, they make a loud noise each time they breathe. 打鼾 e.g His mouth was open, and he was snoring. e.g. Seriously, am I snoring?  2. N-COUNT Snore is also a noun. 打鼾 Tracy, after a loud snore, woke suddenly. 阿瑟大叔响亮地打了个鼾后，突然醒了过来 |
| 打起了饱嗝 | hiccups: 打嗝 burps: 打饱嗝 hiccups: ['hikʌp, -əp] (usually plural) the state of having reflex spasms 抽筋/痉挛of the diaphragm accompanied by a rapid closure of the glottis producing an audible sound; sometimes a symptom of indigestion e.g. All of the characters have eaten way too much. Suddenly, one of them burps. 所有人物都吃得太撑了，突然一个人打起了饱嗝。 //symptomatic ['sɪmptə'mætɪk] adj. 症状的；症候的 // A spasm is a sudden tightening of your muscles, which you cannot control. 痉挛 e.g. The muscle spasm in the coronary artery冠状动脉 can cause a cardiac attack. 冠状动脉内肌肉痉挛会导致心脏病发作 |
| 表现得很糟糕, 变得很糟糕 | tank: [ think tank = braintrust ] V-I If something (such as a stock price or a movie) tanks, it performs very badly, for example because it loses a lot of money. 表现得很糟糕, 变得很糟糕 e.g. Tech stocks have tanked. 科技股票已经表现得很糟糕了。 e.g. The xxxx movie, a Hollywood blockbuster which cost $137 million and hit the big screen last week, tanked, grossing only $32 million. It's a total flop/fiasco/debacle(扑街，大失败）这部电影，表现得很糟糕 e.g. His career tanked after the show left the air. 这个节目不再播放后，他的事业就变得很糟糕 |
| 某人拿道德说事, 训诫; 说教(表不满) | moral, morality -> moralize [ somebody is moralizing : 某人拿道德说事, 训诫; 说教(表不满) ] /ˈmɒrəˌlaɪz/ ( N. moralizing, moralized,moralizes) • 1.V If you say that someone is moralizing, you are critical of them for telling people what they think is right or wrong, especially when they have not been asked their opinion. E.g. I hate to moralize. 我很讨厌(拿道德说事)说教。 2.N moralizing e.g. We have tried to avoid any moralizing. 我们已力图避免任何形式的(拿道德说事)说教 • demoralize o root word: moral, moralize, demoralize 使道德败坏  o root word: morale[mə'rɑːl], demoralize 使(某人)士气低落, 瓦解(某人)的士气,使sb泄气 If something demoralizes someone, it makes them lose so much confidence in what they are doing that they want to give up. e.g. Clearly, one of the objectives is to demoralize the enemy troops in any way they can. 他们想尽一切办法瓦解敌军的士气 e.g. Yahoo has slashed workforce by 50%, which demoralized the whole company. 使士气低落 e.g. The Bismarck could now move only at a crawl and her crew were exhausted, hopeless, and utterly demoralized. |
| 耐心守候，等待好时机(做xxx) | bide sb's time before doign sth ; If you bide your time, you wait for a good opportunity before doing sth. e.g. Yuri lived up to his reputation/fame as the bad boy of gymnastics after he was thrown out of the Rio Olympics by the Dutch team for an unauthorized night out/evening out 夜生活 drinking. Having reached the men's rings finals on Saturday, the former world champion and two time of grand slam大满贯 winner-- left the Athletes' Village a few hours later to celebrate. When he returned, he admitted he'd consumed alcohol. The Dutch gymnastics association said in a joint statement一份联合声明: Van, 33, had " 严重地gravely violated " team rules and that they had "no other choice" but to put him on the first plane home. The Dutch chef admitted that the departure of this grand slam winner was "a bloodletting放血流血" for the Dutch team. Yuri wants to bide his time before commenting on his dramatic/theatrical 戏剧性的 exit from his first Olympic Games. //大满贯: grand slam winner; a night out/ an evening out夜生活 |
| (比赛)场，场次 | set; [第一盘（比赛）the first set; （比赛共）五盘 five sets] eg Seeking a 29th title, but first since 2003, the Australians will next host Kazakhstan -- which defeated Italy 3-2 as Aleksandr Nedovyesov overcame Fabio Fognini in a five-set decider after trailing 2-1. She showed that by coming back after losing the first set and coming from behind in the second set against Williams. 对阵威廉姆斯时丢掉第一盘后以及在第二盘落后时都表现出了那些特质。 eg "Playing in front of a home crowd is a bit more pressured, especially today, but I managed to fight my way through the first set and played really well after that." It was the second defeat of the tie for the big-serving Isner, who lost a five-hour five-setter against James Ward on Friday. //善于发球的运动员: a big-serving player; 这次你发球：You serve this time: |
| 四分之一决赛 | **quarterfinal quarterfinalist** a/n) eg The British team celebrated after earning a home quarterfinal **clash with(对决)** France after the completion of Wimbledon. //大满贯: grand slam winner; //大满贯决赛: grand slam final |
| 2分之一决赛 | **semifinal semifinalist //大满贯: grand slam winner; //大满贯决赛: grand slam final** |
| 决赛, 决胜的 a/v | **final finalist V.S. runoff: [the runoff of the election 决胜的选举］** a final election to resolve an earlier election that did not produce a winner;  the runoff = the final决赛 //大满贯: grand slam winner; //大满贯决赛: grand slam final |
| 决胜分; 决胜球; 决胜 | **[slang 把比赛逼入/拖入决胜局　force the game into a decider; force the contest into a decider] A decider is the point, goal, game, etc, that determines who wins a match or championship 决胜分; 决胜球; 决胜局 eg The world number three looked in good form as he broke twice to take the opening set, but 20th seed player came back strongly to force into a decider. 将比赛拖入决胜局。** |
| serves（网球）发球 (N) | "Once I got rolling in the second set第二盘, it was like a freight货运 train, you couldn't stop it," Jill said in her on-court interview (赛场上的采访).  E.g. Jill and Williams share a power game where serves（网球）发球者 often set the tone定下基调, but the latter is considerably more understated低调的不惹眼的with words than her compatriot/ kəmˈpætrɪət/同胞. |
| resolute, resolutely; resoluteness | resolute /ˈrɛzəˌluːt/ => resolution 1. ADJ If you describe someone as resolute, you approve of them because they are very determined not to change their mind or not to give up a course of action. 坚定的 e.g. Asked if she believes she can win the year's first major, her reply was resolute坚定的. "Why shouldn't I?" Williams said. "I try to believe. Should I look across the net and believe the person across the net deserves it more? This mentality is not how champions are made." 例： Voters perceive him as a decisive and resolute international leader. 选民认识到他是一位果断、坚定的国际领袖。 2. ADV 坚定地 resolutely 例： He resolutely refused to speak English unless forced to. 除非被逼迫，他坚决拒绝说英语 Firm or determined; unwavering(不动摇的/不犹豫的). 坚定的坚决的不动摇的; 断然的; 果敢的; Firmly keep the communism faith resolute and do not waver/hesitate/vacillate 犹豫/动摇,. In that 既然 you've accepted his proposal, keep your decision resolute and do not waver. Resolutely: 毅然地, 坚决地 eg He waivered/give up his heritage and donate all fortunes to the orphanage孤儿院 resolutely. eg The Chinese people want peace and stability at home, and many are demanding that the government take resolute measures to combat these terrorist attacks. [ New year resolution ] |
| 联合集团 | syndicate /ˈsɪndɪkeɪt/ // [临床] 综合症状；并发症状 syndrome // 交响乐 symphony orchestra 1. N-COUNT A syndicate is an association of people or organizations that is formed for business purposes or in order to carry out a project. 联合组织 [ IELTS syndicate ] criminal syndicate 黑社会, 犯罪组织 ; loan syndicate 贷款财团/放款财团 eg During the shootout枪战 with the criminal syndicate黑社会, the cops fired back and killed all gangs e.g They formed a syndicate to buy the car in which they competed in the race. 他们合伙买了参加赛车用的那部车。 ...a syndicate of 152 banks. …一个由152家银行组成的联合集团。 2. V-T When newspaper articles or television programmes are syndicated, they are sold to several different newspapers or television stations, who then publish the articles or broadcast the programmes. (将稿子或电视节目) 出售给多个媒体 Today his programme is syndicated to 500 stations. 今天他的节目被出售给500家电台播出。 3. N-COUNT A press syndicate is a group of newspapers or magazines that are all owned by the same person or company. (报业) 辛迪加 |
| 犹太人集会；犹太教会堂 | **syn**agogue: ['sinəɡɔɡ]: a building that is used for Jewish religious services eg Like her siblings, Jenny was enrolled in our synagogue’s religious school. 珍妮跟她的兄妹一样参加了我们的犹太教会学校。 |
| 协同效应,共同作用 **( 1+1 > 2)** | **syn**ergy, synergies: **(literal meaning)** the working together of two things (muscles or drugs for example) to produce an effect greater than the sum of their individual effects |
| eg His point is that Apple foresees growth in all of its products as the synergy between them grows 他的重点在于苹果预见到了它的所有产品会因它们之间不断增长的**协同作用**而大卖。 |
| 嬉戏 | frolic /ˈfrɒlɪk/ (frolicking,frolicked,frolics**) [在海中嬉戏 frolic in the sea; 在雪地里嬉戏frolic in the snow ]** => frolicsome /ˈfrɒlɪksəm/ adj given to frolicking; merry and playful 嬉戏的; 爱闹着玩的 When people or animals frolic, they play or move in a lively, happy way.  e.g. Tourists sunbathe and frolic in the ocean. 晒日光浴，在海中嬉戏 e.g. Many gathered on the mountain and spent the day frolicking in the snow, e.g. building snowmen, having snowball fights and holding tobogganing races [tə'bɔɡəniŋ]  e.g. a paddling pool is a shallow artificial pool for children to frolic in. 嬉水池  //toboggan /təˈbɒɡən/N A toboggan is a light wooden board or plank with a curved front, used for travelling down hills on snow or ice. 平底雪橇 => sled[sled], sledge[slei] |
| 干旱的 | arid ['ærid] => aridness, aridity 1. lacking sufficient water or rainfall. Arid land is so dry that very few plants can grow on it. 干旱的 [ 干旱的条件 arid condition; 干旱的地区 arid land/region; an arid climate] e.g ...new strains of crops that can withstand arid conditions. …能经受干旱条件的新品种作物 2. lacking vitality or spirit; lifeless => figurative meaning: (由于缺水，土地等)贫瘠的，不毛的无产出的 arid = barren; [比喻]无结果的 arid = fruitless; 无趣的，无生气的；死板的，沉闷的；枯燥无味的 arid = boring |
| N 不毛的无产出; N. 干旱 | aridity [ə'ridəti] n. 1. a condition yielding nothing of value 不毛的无产出的 aridity = **fruitless**ness / **barren**ness 2. a deficiency of moisture (especially when resulting from a permanent absence of rainfall) 同义词： aridness / thirstiness |
| 雪橇 | • sled [sled] n. a vehicle mounted on runners and pulled by horses or dogs; for transportation over snow n. 雪橇 [ ride on a sled/sledge/sleigh ] vi. If you sled or go sledding, you ride on a sled. 乘雪橇 乘雪橇；用雪橇运 • sleigh [slei] N/V = sled / sledge  • sledge: n. 雪橇；大锤 e.g. Emiratis frolicked in the snow 嬉戏 over the weekend, as temperatures plummeted/slumped/stumbled across the United Arab Emirates. The UAE's weather service, the National Center of Meteorology/ˌmiːtɪəˈrɒlədʒɪ/ and Seismology /saɪzˈmɒlədʒɪ/ (NCMS), reported that the usually warm and arid['ærɪd]干燥的 region experienced temperatures as low as -5 degrees Celsius (23 Fahrenheit ['færən'haɪt]) on Friday evening. |
| 平底雪橇 | toboggan /təˈbɒɡən/ A toboggan is a light wooden board or plank with a curved front, used for travelling down hills on snow or ice. 平底雪橇 => sled[sled], sledge[slei], sledge e.g. Emiratis frolicked in the snow 嬉戏 over the weekend, as temperatures plummeted/slumped/stumbled across the United Arab Emirates. The National Center of Meteorology/ˌmiːtɪəˈrɒlədʒɪ/ and Seismology /saɪzˈmɒlədʒɪ/ (NCMS), reported that the usually warm and arid['ærɪd]干燥的 region experienced temperatures as low as -5 degrees Celsius (23 Fahrenheit ['færən'haɪt]) on Friday. Many gathered on the mountain and spent the day frolicking in the snow, e.g. building snowmen, having snowball fights and holding tobogganing races [tə'bɔɡəniŋ]. |
| 1.多产的(作家、艺术家或作曲家) 2 (动物、人、植物) 多产的 | 1.多产的(作家、艺术家或作曲家) 2 (动物、人、植物) 多产的  prolific [prəu'lifik] adj. 1. intellectually productive; 多产的作家 a prolific writer ； 多产的演员 a prolific actor; 多产的音乐家 a prolific musician e.g. Musicians, public dignitaries (政府或教会的) 显要人物, and other big fishes have paid tribute to the prolific performer since his death. 2. bearing in abundance especially offspring['ɔfsprɪŋ]/descendants后裔；子孙 e.g. They are prolific breeders, with many hens laying up to six eggs. 他们是多产的培育者，有许多能下多达6个蛋的母鸡 //（尤指对死者的）致敬，悼念，吊唁礼物 : pay tribute to sb. [ 虾兵蟹将小人物 shrimp; big fish 显赫的人物 e.g. In DP team, I'm just a shrimp; and F is the big fish. V.S. tycoon 企业界大亨，巨头巨富 = mogul V.S. dignitary ['dɪɡnɪtɛri] 位高权重的人 |
| **prolificacy [prəu'lifikəsi]** the property of producing abundantly and sustaining vigorous and luxuriant growth  **//frolic ['frɒlɪk], frolicking, frolicked: frolic in the snow; frolic in the ocean** |
| 客串（演员） | guest-starred   ['ɡest'stɑ:] vt. 客串 ； 给…当特邀明星； e.g Even though she’s only a guest-star客串, she’s pretty high maintenance 难伺候 e.g. Wilder's friends, co-workers and admirers were quick to pay tribute to the actor after the news of his death. Debra, former star of "Will & Grace," a show on which Wilder guest-starred客串, said, "A man who lit up (light up) the world with his joy and genius. I can't say what it meant to act with him and get to know his heart." //（尤指对死者的）致敬，悼念，吊唁礼物 : pay tribute to sb. |
| set | She showed that by coming back after losing the first set and coming from behind in the second set against Williams. 她在对阵威廉姆斯时丢掉第一盘后以及在第二盘落后时都表现出了那些特质。E.g. Jill and Williams share a power game where serves（网球）发球者 often set the tone定下基调, but the latter is considerably more understated 低调的不惹眼的 with words than her 25-year-old compatriot [kəm'pætriət]同胞. Williams opted for the secondary locker room at Melbourne Park, not the "A" locker room where higher-ranked pros habitually reside. That isn't unusual. "That's just Venus. She's about as easy going as it gets. I think that's why we get along with each other so well. She's not picky, not high maintenance 难伺候. She doesn't need to be catered to迎合. She's independent, she does things herself." Williams defeated Jill in their lone tussle ['tʌs(ə)l]/scuffle, last year on clay in Rome, in straight sets 直落盘数赢得一场比赛 |
| serves（网球）发球 (N) | "Once I got rolling in the second set第二盘, it was like a freight货运 train, you couldn't stop it," Jill said in her on-court interview (赛场上的采访).  Jill and Williams share a power game where serves（网球）发球（人） often set the tone, but the latter is considerably more understated with words than her 25-year-old compatriot. |
| N. 坦克 ; (盛放液体或气体的) 罐; 箱; 槽 **V. (career, performance)表现得很糟糕, 变得很糟糕** | tank /tæŋk/  1.A tank is a large container for holding liquid or gas. (盛放液体或气体的) 罐; 箱; 槽 [ scuba tank ] V.S. canister ...an empty fuel tank.…一个空的燃料罐 Two water tanks provide a total capacity of 400 litres. 两个水箱的总容量为400升。 2. A tank is a large military vehicle that is equipped with weapons and moves along on metal tracks that are fitted over the wheels. 坦克  3. V-I If something such as a stock price or a movie tanks, it performs very badly, for example because it loses a lot of money. 表现得很糟糕, 变得很糟糕 e.g. Tech stocks have tanked. 科技股票已经表现得很糟糕了。 e.g. The xxxx movie, a HOollywood blockbuster which cost $137 million and hit the big screen last week, tanked, grossing only $32 million. It's a total flop/fiasco/debacle(扑街，大失败） 这部电影，表现得很糟糕，票房总收入只有3200万美元。 e.g. His career tanked after the show left the air. 这个节目不再播放后，他的事业就变得很糟糕 e.g. Witt was full of admiration[ædmə'reɪʃ(ə)n] for Williams, who in 2011 was diagnosed with Sjogren's syndrome[临床] 综合症, an autoimmune disorder that causes side effects, such as fatigue and joint pain. "It's crazy to think how long she has played." It's incredible. "Part of that comes down to归根结底归结为/is owed to her perseverant 坚持锲而不舍 fight and unwavering belief 坚定不动摇的, how much she has in her heart -- every time she goes out there, you never see her quit on a point, never see her tank a game表现糟糕. She definitely puts in extra hours and effort to practice. |
| adj. 整体的；全盘的 | holistic /həʊˈlɪstɪk/ n) holism; Holistic means based on the principles of **holism** that is the belief that **everything in nature** is connected in some way. 整体主义的  1. holistic research and analysis 整体分析，整体研究; 2. **[holistic medicine【医学】整体医学]** is medical care of **the whole** person, considered as subject to personal and social as well as organic factors e.g. the **general practitioner (GP)** of **holistic medicine**.…整体医学 的 家庭医生  **[ 正统/传统医学 orthodox medicine V.S. 非传统医学 /替代性的 (疗法) alternative medicine (unorthodox medicine) ]**  **[正统/传统的治疗orthodox remedies V.S. 非传统医学的 /替代性的治疗alternative remedies]**  3. **[holistic education: 全人教育；整体的全面的教育]** Holistic education is a philosophy of education based **on the premise that前提** each person finds identity, meaning, and purpose in life **through connections to the community, to the natural world, and to humanitarian values** such as **compassion同情心, empathy同理心**, and peace. Holistic education aims to call forth from people an intrinsic reverence/respect for life and a passionate love of learning.  e.g. A **thoroughbred**受过良好教育/有教养之人is a well-bred, well-nurtured, and well-educated person who is thorough and all-around全面的. The **thoroughbred** is trained with **holistic education**, cultivated and nurtured very well.  e.g. From his personality, traits and disposition 个性和性情, **it's manifest/obvious that** he is a **thoroughbred** gentleman who must accept a **holistic education** when he was young. |
| 整体主义; 整体论 | **holism /ˈhəʊlɪzəm/ = wholism**  Holism/wholism is the belief that everything in nature is connected in some way. E.g. Nature by itself, he writes, runs on "principles of balance and holism." 自然界本身，他写道，是按照“平衡和整体的原则”运转的 |
| 扳钳 扳手 V. 猛扭 | wrench /rɛntʃ/ V.S. wretch 1.人渣 (scumbag) 2. 可怜的人不幸的人 1.V-T If you wrench something that is fixed in a particular position, you pull or twist it violently, in order to move or remove it. 猛扭 e.g. He felt two men wrench the suitcase from his hand. 他感觉有两个人在猛拽他手里的手提箱。 2. V-T If you wrench yourself free from someone who is holding you, you get away from them by suddenly twisting the part of your body that is being held. 挣脱 e.g. She wrenched herself from his grasp. 她挣脱了他的把持。e.g. He wrenched his arm free. 他把手臂挣脱开来。 3. N-COUNT A wrench is the same as a "monkey wrench" 扳钳 扳手 5. V-T If you wrench your neck, you hurt it by pulling or twisting it in an unusual way. 扭伤 e.gShe was involved in a car accident and she wrenched her neck. 她被卷入一场车祸，扭伤了脖子。 6. If someone throws a wrench or throws a monkey wrench into a process, they prevent something happening smoothly by deliberately causing a problem, hinder, impede, or hamper the progress by setting up obstacles intentionally (故意恶性的） 妨碍阻挠(进展) e.g. The decision will throw a monkey wrench into our efforts to develop a national broadband policy. 这一决定将妨碍我们制定一个全国性宽带政策的努力 e.g. A Trump win is expected to throw a wrench into U.S.-Mexico trade relations. The candidate has promised to impose tariffs on goods coming in from Mexico and also renegotiate NAFTA, the free trade deal between the two countries and Canada. |
| 1. 不幸的人; 可怜的人 2. 坏蛋; 人渣 ; | wre**tch** /rɛtʃ/ V.S. wre**n**ch 扳钳 扳手 1. You can refer to someone as a wretch when you feel sorry for them because they are unhappy or unfortunate. 不幸的人; 可怜的人 e.g. My mum is a wretch, who had miserable childhood and unhappy marriage. 2. You can refer to someone as a wretch when you think that they are wicked or if they have done something you are angry about. **坏蛋; 人渣 (scumbag) ; 卑鄙的人 [ a wretch = a scrumbag]** Oh, what have you done, you **wretch!** 你这个混蛋/人渣 ( What such jerks! What suck a dick! asshole, bastard ) |
| 卑鄙可鄙的卑劣的(人); 粗野可鄙的(人) | contemptible [kən'tem(p)tɪb(ə)l] deserving of contempt or scorn; 卑鄙可鄙的卑劣的(人); 粗野可鄙的(人) eg 粗野可鄙的人 **[ a rude and contemptible person ]** You can tell he is **a rude and contemptible man** by the content of his hostile comments //contempt (n): despise v), look down upon |
| snakehead | slang, 冷酷阴险的人, 卑鄙[虚伪]的人 a cold-blooded and cruel person, very mean |
| foul play | Unfair or treacherous action, especially when involving violence. 鄙的行径：不公平的或不忠实的行为，尤指涉及暴行时 |
| 人渣 http://edition.cnn.com/2017/05/03/asia/north-korea-thae-yong-ho-family/index.html | **a scrumbag = a wretch /ˈskʌmˌbæɡ/** If you refer to someone as a scumbag/wretch, you are expressing your feelings of dislike and disgust for them. e.g. Thae Yong Ho says he defected from North Korea for the sake of his family. His sister says it makes him a "rotten scumbag/wretch人渣" Thae, the former deputy ambassador at the North Korean embassy in the United Kingdom, became the highest-ranking defector in nearly 20 years when he left his post last year. Thae's name has been erased as a caretaker on the family tombstone and his family back in North Korea has disowed him (= renounced with him ) 声明与sb/sth脱离关系 // disown /dɪsˈəʊn/ If you disown someone or something = renounce with sb, you say or show that you no longer want to have any connection with them or any responsibility for them. 声明与sb/sth脱离关系 |
| ***( 狂热, 狂躁) 疯子*** | mania ['meɪnɪə] ; maniac dj ['meɪnɪæk] 疯子; (slang) 他简直就是个疯子 An insane and crazy person. [**OMG, he is such a maniac]; klepto = kleptomaniac 偷窃癖者** |
| A **maniac** ['menɪæk] is a person who has an excessive/extravagant enthusiasm or desire for something, just **being obsessed with t**hat thing癖好者;  **[ 体育迷 a sports maniac; a music maniac V.S. the cult of celebrity 明星崇拜/痴迷 ]** |
| A person who acts in a wildly irresponsible way: 狂人：某个行为野蛮不负责任的人： **maniacs on the highway.高速公路上的狂人们** |
| ***N. 疯狂（的状态)*** | frenzy /ˈfrɛnzɪ/ [ in a frenzy　］ 1.N-VAR Frenzy or a frenzy is great excitement or wild behaviour that often results from losing control of your feelings. 疯狂（的状态) e.g. "Get out!" she ordered in a frenzy. “滚出去！”她发疯似地命令道 e.g India's Prime Minister Modi abruptly banned the old rupee banknotes/paper currency of the denomination面额 of 500 and 1000 in an unscheduled speech on Tuesday night out of blue (suddenly and expectedly, abruptly). The blanket ban is aimed at fighting corruption, embezzlement挪用公款 and tax evasion/dodge/avoidance. India's sudden switch to new banknotes/paper currency纸币 left millions of people lining up for ages to get their hands on the cash. Banks have been besieged/surrounded by crowds trying to exchange their defunct cash. All ATMs, stocked with囤积 only 100 rupee banknotes (about $1.50 bucks), are emptying within hours and tempers are fraying. //bad-tempered = grumpy = full of bile  With millions of residents still lined up for ages around the country to withdraw new banknotes/paper currency and nearly half the country's 200,000 ATMs not working, the mobile bus is just **a drop in the bucket/ocean**沧海一粟；九牛一毛. In the meantime/Meanwhile, he hopes that new government-issued政府发行的 rupee banknotes with 500 and 1000 denomination面额 will be available at ATMs this week. The machines need to be adjusted or fine-tuned微调b ecause the new banknotes are smaller than the old. Bank branches across the country reopened on Thursday after a surprise one-day shutdown to allow them to stockpile储备物资 the new 500 and 2,000 rupee banknotes. The cash frenzy (疯狂（的状态)) will likely fade in the coming days. ATMs are due to reopen Friday with the new banknotes, though even those will have daily withdrawal limits of 2,000 rupees ($30 bucks). Banks will also remain open on the weekend. |
| 混蛋，王八蛋 | Slang, (阴茎) penis; dick 混蛋，王八蛋 (一个十分可恶，可耻的家伙) I don't wanna be a **dick/prick/bastard/asshole/jerk 混蛋**. What such a dick/prick! (真是一个混蛋/王八蛋） What **jerks!** （混蛋啊） |
| 1 流氓; 无赖 2捣蛋鬼; 小坏蛋 **adj ) 行为异常的** | rogue /rəʊɡ/  1. A rogue is a man who behaves in a dishonest or criminal way. 流氓; 无赖 e.g. Mr. Ward wasn't a rogue at all. 沃德先生根本不是个无赖。 E.g. Trump is a rogue. e.g. The heated salvos猛烈抨击 also came on a day in which mysterious seismic['saɪzmɪk] activity in North Korea refueled concerns over the rogue nation无赖国家's nuclear ambitions. North Korean Foreign Minister speaking before the United Nations, angrily responded to US President Donald Trump's denouncement公开/谴责抨击 in which he referred to Kim Jong Un as "Rocket Man.” And DPRK as a “rogue nation”. e.g. North Korea is considered a rogue country无赖国家. As the rogue communist state of North Korea continues to steam ahead in its **quest for** nuclear weapons and long-range missiles, US President Donald Trump has vowed to stop Pyongyang's progress. 2. if man behaves in a way that you do not approve of but you still like him, you can refer to him as a rogue. 捣蛋鬼; 小坏蛋 e.g He's a lovable rogue. 这个可爱的捣蛋鬼。 3. ADJ A rogue element is someone or something that behaves differently from others of its kind, often causing damage. 行为异常的 e.g. Computer systems throughout the country are being affected by a series of mysterious rogue programs, known as viruses. 神秘的异常程序的影响  **//quest for (knowledge) = pursuit of** |
| 白痴：一个被视为很愚蠢的人 | (colloquial) moron ['mɔ:rɔn,: a person regarded as very stupid, an idiot .白痴：一个被视为很愚蠢的人 **他真是个白痴 He is such a moron.** |
| Psychology: A person of mild mental retardation having a mental age of from 7 to 12 years and generally having communication and social skills enabling some degree of academic or vocational/professional education. The term belongs to a classification system no longer in use and is now considered offensive, especially when cursing诅咒骂人. 【心理学】 痴愚者：一个人智能迟缓发展者 [autistic; 自闭症 autism disorder; 自闭症光谱 autism-spectrum disorder ] [别骂人， 别说脏话：Stop cursing] |
| 傻瓜 | goose: 鹅；鹅肉；傻瓜 // (人寒冷、害怕、兴奋时出现的)鸡皮疙瘩 goose bumps = goose skin = goose flesh . If you get goose bumps/skin, the hairs on your skin stand up so that it is covered with tiny bumps. You get goose //goose鹅 V.S. swallow 燕子 V.S. swan 白天鹅 |
| 魔鬼 | a devil; the evil person.  **[slang:你真是个魔鬼 You're such a monster] a daredevil爱冒险的大胆的人** |
| 1. 小气鬼; 2. 混蛋，王八蛋可恶之人; 3.蠢货 | If you call someone a prick, you are insulting them because you think they are mean and spiteful or stupid, or you do not like them. //stingy /ˈstɪndʒɪ/ (stingier,stingiest) If you describe someone as stingy, you are criticizing them for being unwilling to spend money. 吝啬小气的 |
| 嘲笑; (为了取笑) 模仿 | mock /mɒk/  1.V-T If someone mocks you, they show or pretend that they think you are foolish or inferior, for example by saying something funny about you, or by imitating your behaviour. 嘲笑; (为了取笑) 模仿 I thought you were mocking me. 我以为你在嘲笑我。 e,g, Are you mocking me? e.g. You're mocking me, aren't you.  2. ADJ You use mock to describe something which is not real or genuine, but which is intended to be very similar to the real thing. 假装的 "It's tragic!" swoons Jeffrey in mock horror. “太悲惨了！”杰弗里假装害怕得昏了过去 |
| . 嘲笑; 羞辱 | taunt /tɔːnt/  1.V-T If someone taunts you, they say unkind or insulting things to you, especially about your weaknesses or failures. 嘲笑; 羞辱 e..g A gang taunted a disabled man. 一帮混混儿羞辱了一个残疾人。 2. N-COUNT Taunt is also a noun. 嘲笑; 羞辱 - mockery e.g For years they suffered racist taunts/mockery. 多年来他们遭到了种族主义者的羞辱。 |
| v讽刺sb. | satirize **/ˈsætəˌraɪz/** V If you **satirize a person** or group of people, you use satire, sarcasm to criticize them or make fun of them in a play, movie, or novel. 讽刺挖苦 e.g. The newspaper came out weekly. It satirized political leaders. 这份报纸每周出版，讽刺政治领导人 |
| n 讽刺 | satire /ˈsætaɪə/ ; satirical, satirically /səˈtɪrɪkəl/ ADJ A satirical drawing, piece of writing, or comedy show is one in which humour or exaggeration is used to criticize something. 讽刺的 1. N-UNCOUNT Satire is the use of humour or exaggeration in order to show how foolish or wicked some people's behaviour or ideas are. 讽刺 The commercial side of the Christmas season is an easy target for satire. 圣诞节期间商业化的一面很容易成为讽刺的对象。 2. N-COUNT A satire is a play, movie, or novel in which humour or exaggeration is used to criticize something. 讽刺作品 ...a sharp satire on the American political process. …一部关于美国政治进程的尖锐的讽刺作品 |
| N 挖苦; 讽刺 | sarcasm /ˈsɑːkæzəm/ N-UNCOUNT Sarcasm is speech or writing which actually means the opposite of what it seems to say. Sarcasm is usually intended to mock or insult someone. 挖苦; 讽刺 Sarcasm and demeaning remarks have no place in parenting. 挖苦和贬损的言语不应用来教育子女 |
| 挖苦地; 讽刺地 | sarcastic /sɑːˈkæstɪk/; 挖苦地; 讽刺地 sarcastically = ironically = satirically 1.ADJ Someone who is sarcastic says or does the opposite of what they really mean in order to mock or insult someone. 控苦的; 讽刺的 She poked fun at people's shortcomings with sarcastic remarks= barbed remarks 她用挖苦的话来取笑别人的缺点。e.g. Moreover, if you are a successful entrepreneur, your ideas and innovations generate benefits for everyone. Ironically/sarcastically/satirically, the bulk of the benefit is likely to accrue to people other than you. 大部分的利润可能属于别人而不是你 e.g "What a surprise!" Caroline murmured sarcastically. “多么惊喜呀！”卡罗琳讽刺地嘟囔 //[accrue to sb 属于xx人=belong to sb] |
| 愤世嫉俗的，讽世的; 对别人的动机、善行或正直鄙视的 | cynical, cynically, cynicalness V.S. cylinder, cylindrical 圆筒；汽缸. cynical: Scornful of the motives, virtue, or integrity of others e.g Chinese state media also joined in the sparked national outrage/fury. An op-ed published by the nationalistic tabloid小报 Global Times said “Horton couldn't hold in his cynical愤世嫉俗的 smugness自命不凡 after beating Sun, and the Australian media recklessly鲁莽的 spread Horton's rude speech." |
| Expressing or exhibiting **scorn** and bitter **mockery:** 挑剔挖苦的，冷嘲热讽的：表达或显示出责备和激烈的嘲讽 **cynical laughter.冷笑 eg a spate of cynical laugher**  **//mock sb: 嘲弄, satirize sb. // Her acid/sarcastic/barbed words讽刺的刻薄的 injured my self-esteem.** |
| n 讽刺 | irony /ˈaɪrənɪ/  1. N-UNCOUNT Irony is a subtle form of humour that involves saying things that are the opposite of what you really mean. 讽刺 His tone was tinged with irony/sarcasm. 他的语气中微含讽刺。 2. N-VA If you talk about the irony of a situation, you mean that it is odd or amusing because it involves a contrast. 具有讽刺意味的事 The irony is that many officials in Washington agree in private that their policy is inconsistent. 具有讽刺意味的是，华盛顿的许多官员私下里承认他们的政策是前后矛盾的。 What irony! 多么讽刺！ 3. ADJ of, resembling, or containing iron 铁的; 似铁的; 含铁的 |
| adj 讽刺挖苦的 | ironical, ironically /aɪˈrɒnɪkəl/ 1. ADJ When you make an ironic remark, you say the opposite of what you really mean, as a joke. 讽刺的 At the most solemn moments he will flash a mocking smile or make an ironic remark. 在最庄严的的时刻他也会露出嘲弄的微笑或是说些讽刺挖苦的话。 2. ADJ If you say that it is ironic that something happens, you mean that it is odd or amusing because it involves a contrast. 具有讽刺意味的 It is ironical that so many women are anti-feminist. 具有讽刺意味的是，竟然有那么多妇女是反对女权主义的 (feminist; feminism) |
| 讽刺的刻薄的言语 | acid/sarcastic/satirical/ironical/barbed words; acid/sarcastic/satirical/ironical/barbed remarks e.g. Her sarcastic/barbed words injured my self-esteem. |
| (带有讽刺挖苦）取笑 | poke fun at sb = laugh at sb with satire/irony/sarsam = mock sb. |
| 1. 假装自己看起来很重要； 2. 做作的不自然的 (unnatural) 3.自命不凡的 ； 4. 卖弄 | Sb/sth is pretentious: if you say that someone or something is pretentious, you mean that they try to pretend to make themselves seem important or significant, but actually you do not think that they are. 假装自己看起来很重要(但实际上不重要）； 做作的不自然的(pretentious = unnatural), 自命不凡的 ； e.g. She's travelling in London and she's pretentious to be a local person .... |
| [ 喜欢卖弄的人 a pretentious peacock; 夸夸其谈的演说 a pretentious speech; 卖弄的习惯 in a pretentious/showy manner ] e.g. He is such a pretentious/showy peacock, and always shows off his pedantry['ped(ə)ntrɪ](卖弄学问). Eg 他喜欢卖弄学问，刚刚作了一个夸夸其谈的演说 He likes to show off his pedantry['ped(ə)ntrɪ] and he just now addressed a pretentious/showy speech 夸夸其谈的演说; eg He is always behaving in a pretentious/showy manner, and I don't think he is a well-bred thoroughbred 受过良好教养的人. |
|  |  |
| 胡须 | A man's **beard** is the hair that grows on his chin and cheeks. 胡须 **[ 蓄胡须 grow a beard ]** He's decided to **grow a beard.** 他已经决定**蓄胡须** |
| 山羊胡子 | goatee /ɡəʊˈtiː/ A goatee is a very short, pointed beard that covers a man's chin but not his cheeks. 山羊胡子 [蓄山羊胡 grow a goatee ] e.g. How about growing a goatee? E.g. notice he has a goatee and a blue Lakers cap. 我注意到他留着山羊胡子，带着一个蓝色的湖人队帽子 //goat, scapegoat |
| 小胡子 (嘴唇以上) | moustache /məˈstɑːʃ/ N-COUNT A man's moustache is the hair that grows **on his upper lip**. If it is very long, it is sometimes referred to as his **moustaches.** 小胡子 (嘴唇以上) The thick **beard** had gone, replaced by a bushy **moustache.** 浓密的络腮胡子不见了，换成了一撇密匝匝的**小胡子** |
| 高翻领毛衣 | turtleneck /ˈtɜːtəlˌnɛk/ A turtleneck is a knitted shirt that pulls over your head, with a short round collar that fits closely around your neck. |
| 解开…的钮扣 | unbutton /ʌnˈbʌtən/ CET6 (unbuttoning,unbuttoned,unbuttons) 1. If you unbutton an item of clothing, you undo the buttons fastening it. 解开…的钮扣 e.g. She had begun to unbutton her shirt 她开始解她衬衫的钮扣 e.g. If you unbutton your collar, remove your tie. 。 2. Step aside here and unbutton your vest please. 请您到这边来一下，解开马夹纽扣 |
| 三局两胜 | [ two out of three ] e.g. How about "two out of three"? |
| 你能稍等我几分钟吗？ | Can you **excuse me** for just few minutes? Sorry, can you **excuse me** for just a minute? |
| 欲申请的学生，新生 | prospect => prospective [prə'spektɪv], a prospective student 欲申请的学生 |
| 提出不满 | file a complaint; file a charge against |
| 单相思的; 害相思病的 | lovesick /ˈlʌvˌsɪk/ If you describe someone as lovesick, you mean that they so fall in love with or have cruch on someone who does not love them, that they are behaving in a strange and foolish way. 单相思的 [ a lovesick girl ] ...a lovesick boy consumed with self-pity. ...一个顾影自怜的单相思男孩 |
| 托运行李 V.S. 随身携带的行李 | 托运行李 check-in luggage V.S. 随身携带的行李 carry-on luggage; cabin lugguage. e.g. The Airlines impose **a draconian policy** on passengers that each carry-on lugguage cannnot exceed 15 kg. E.g. The US and UK are banning laptops from cabin luggage/baggage on flights from certain countries in the Middle East and North Africa, as well as Turkey. // a draconian law; a draconian measure; a draconian policy; |
| 1. 重新适应 ; 校准; 重置 ( 仪器) | adjust => "re" readjust /ˌriːəˈdʒʌst/ V.S. fine-tune sth V.S. adjust  1. V-I When you readjust to a new situation, usually one you have been in before, you adapt to it. 重新适应 [ readjust to an environment; readjust to a situation ]  I can understand why astronauts find it difficult to readjust to life on earth. 我能明白为什么宇航员们发现难以重新适应地球上的生活。 2. V-T If you readjust the level of something/your attitude to something/the way you do something, you change it to make it more effective or appropriate. 调整(后使更有效）e.g. In the end you have to readjust your expectations. 最后你得重新调整你的期望值。 3. V-T If you readjust something such as a piece of clothing or a mechanical device, you correct or alter its position or setting. 校准; 重置 ( 仪器, 设备) = readjust a mechanical device = calibrate  Readjust/Calibrate your watch. You are now on Moscow time. 校准你的手表。你现在正处于莫斯科时间 |
| 校准(仪器，仪表，工具） | calibrate, /ˈkælɪˌbreɪt/ calibration 1.V-T If you calibrate an instrument, an equipment, a gauge /ei/, or tool, you regulate or adjust it so that you can use it to measure something accurately, calibrate = adjust or coordinate 校准(仪器，仪表，工具） e.g Readjust/Calibrate your watch. You are now on Moscow time. 校准你的手表。你现在正处于莫斯科时间e.g. Please check manuals on how to calibrate a thermometer.…校准温度计的说明。 [ 校准相机: calibrate the camera, 校准温度计: calibrate the thermometer, Calibrate color 校正颜色] e.g. For this technique to be robust, the tasks you perform must be bounded so you can predict and calibrate the amount of scoped memory required. 校准所需的作用域内存数量  //high-caliber employees; high-caliber university 高素质的… |
| 对(xxx e.g. 经济) 作微调/调整; 微调(仪器，仪表，工具） | fine-tune (fine-tuning,fine-tuned,fine-tunes) [ fine-tune their business models 调整他们的商业模式 ], fine-tune the economy 微调经济 ] V-T If you fine-tune something, you make very small or slight and precise changes to it in order to make it as successful or effective as it possibly can be. 微调 e.g. We do not try to fine-tune the economy on the basis of short-term predictions. 我们不会根据短期预测而试图对经济作微调 e.g. A research component means that technical and policy guidance is constantly不断的 fine-tuned in line with the latest evidence or innovations, such as the new diagnostic test. 来不断的微调/调整技术和政策指导。 e.g. It's a very thorough plan, we only need to fine-tune it according to each employee's workload. 我们只需根据每个雇员的工作量进行调整/微调就行了。 |
| 1. 校正：通过计算或调整来矫正; 2. 纠正, 改正 3. 【化学】提炼或提纯，尤指通过蒸馏的方法来提纯 | 纠正, 改正 rectify sth: to set right; correct; eg I will give you one more chance to **rectify the error/rectify your flight 轻浮的manner. V.S. ratify sth: [ (正式)批准条约** |
| 校正：通过计算或调整来矫正 rectify sth: to correct by calculation or **adjustment;**  校正历书:rectify/adjust the calendar |
| 【化学】提炼或提纯，尤指通过蒸馏的方法来提纯 [synonym: rectify/refine/purify] Chemistry: To refine or purify, especially by distillation. eg In refinery精炼厂, use a special sophisticated device/apparatus to rectify/refine/purify the crude oil. //sophisticated 1. 高精密的尖端的(仪器) e.g. a sophisticated gauge 2. She's a shrewd精明的 and sophisticated圆滑的 businesswoman. //crude oil(原油) V.S. fossil oil (化石燃料,石油 fossil fuel) |
| (正式)认可，正式允许 | ratify sth=officially approve sth, ratification [,rætifi'keiʃən]:  **[ (正式)批准一个条约ratify a treaty; (正式)批准一个书面协议) ratify a written statement; (正式)批准一个修正案：ratify an amendment]** When national leaders or organizations [ **ratify a treaty ] or [ ratify a written agreement]**, they make it official by giving their formal approval to it, usually by signing it or voting for it. (正式)批准/允许 (条约或书面协议) (正式)认可，正式允许;  e.g. The parliaments of Australia and Indonesia haven't yet to **ratify the treaty.** 还未 **批准该条约**  e.g. The parliments will finally ratify an amendment **(正式)批准一个修正案**to a constitution. |
| foul V.S. fool (make fool of sb) |  |
| recreation, recreational [,rekrɪ'eɪʃ(ə)n] |  |
| preach sb. V.S. poach sb. | 1.V-T/V-I When a member of the clergy preaches a sermon, he or she gives a talk on a religious or moral subject during a religious service. 布 (道); 布道 [ preach some infor; preach to sb ] e.g. At High Mass the priest preached a sermon on the devil. 牧师 布 (道) 了一次有关魔鬼的道。 E.g. The bishop preached to a crowd of several hundreds of local people. 主教 向<一群几百名当地人> 布道。 2.V-T/V-I When people preach a belief or a course of action, they try to persuade other people to accept the belief or to take the course of action. 宣扬(信仰) e.g. He said he was trying to preach peace and tolerance to his people. 向他的人民 宣扬 和平与宽容。E.g. Health experts are now preaching that even a little exercise is far better than none at all. 健康专家宣扬说，即使少量的运动也比一点不运动要好得多。 3.V-I If someone gives you advice in a very serious, boring way, you can say that they are preaching at you. 说教(表不满)  e.g. "Don't preach at me," he shouted. “不要对<我>说教，”他喊道 e.g. See, she’s again starting to preach at me perpetually 看，她又开始 不停的/反复的 对<我>说教了 //perpetual resources 永恒的资源; complain sth perpetually |
| 开掉/炒掉 sb. | 开除  **sack sb. = fire sb. = make sb. axed (被砍掉）= dismiss sb = make sb sacked.** 5. N-UNCOUNT the plundering of a place by an army or mob, usually involving destruction, slaughter, etc 洗劫 |
| 帆布背包 | rucksack ['rʌksæk]= backpack, a bag carried by a strap用带捆绑 on your back or shoulder V.S. A **backpack** is a bag with straps that go over your shoulders, so that you can carry things on your back when you are walking or climbing. 双肩包 |
| adj. 背着的,驮在背上; adv. 将xxx背在/驮在背上 n. 驮在肩上扛/驮在背上/；背负式运输 vt. 背负式装运 | piggyback /ˈpɪɡɪˌbæk/ (piggybacking,piggybacked,piggybacks) 1. N If you **[ give someone a piggyback ]**, you carry them high on your back, supporting them under their knees. 将sb背在/驮在背上  e.g They give each other piggyback rides. 他们将彼此背在背上。 2. ADV Piggyback is also an adverb. 驮  e.g My father carried me up the hill, piggyback. 爸爸把我驮在背上  3. V-I If you **[piggyback on something]** that someone else has thought of or done, you use it to your advantage. 借用,利用（别人已经发明的已有的技术，知识等）来做xxx, 站在巨人的肩膀上  e.g. I was just **[piggybacking on]** Stokes's idea. 我只是借用史都克的想法而已。  e.g. I was just  **[piggybacking on]** the powerful .sh and .css scripts written by Jeff and then customize it a little to fit for DP project. Thanks so much, Jeff.  e.g. They are  **[piggybacking on]**  the developed technology. 他们利用已发展的科技 |
| 重的，沉重的 (bill, burden) | 1)Of considerable weight; heavy. [ a hefty bill, pay such a hefty bill; hefy loans ] e.g.Russia faces a hefty bill/loans for supporting Crimea. 2) Rugged and powerful.强健的, 肌肉发达的 he is a hefty and strong guy, see his muscles. E.g. They had to mortgage their home to pay the hefty bills. 他们不得不抵押他们的房子来还账 // If you mortgage your house or land, you use it as a guarantee to a company (broker lender) in order to borrow money from them. 抵押 [ 抵押他们的房子 mortgate their house, mortgage their apartment/flat ] |
| 污物，污秽 | dirty matter: filth 污物，污秽; Disgusting garbage 令人厌恶的垃圾 ; A dirty or corrupt condition; 下流，猥亵, 淫猥 eg a film full of filth 充满猥亵内容的电影 Something, such as language or printed matter, considered obscene, prurient, or immoral. 猥亵的东西：被认为猥亵的、荒淫的或淫荡的东西，例如语言或印刷物 eg a novel full of filth |
| 肮脏的；污秽的；猥亵的] | filthy /ˈfɪlθɪ/ 1. Something that is filthy is very dirty. 污秽的 e.g. He never washed, and always wore a filthy old jacket. 他从不洗澡，而且总是穿着一件极脏的旧夹克。 2. If you describe something as filthy, you mean that you think it is morally very unpleasant and disgusting, sometimes in a sexual way. 淫秽的表不满 e.g. Apparently, well known actors were at these filthy parties. 很明显，著名的演员们参加过这些下流的聚会 dirty and nasty; [卑劣的背叛者: a filthy traitor/defector] [treason: 叛国罪; traitor: 叛国者; defector：背叛者, 叛离者] |
| slutty:淫秽的  **a filthy movie: 猥亵内容的电影; a filthy novel: 猥亵内容的小说** |
| v. 叙述; n 故事; 叙事 | narrate /nəˈreɪt/ TEM4 (narrating,narrated,narrates) 1. V-T If you narrate a story, you tell it from your own point of view. 叙述 [ 叙述xxx 事件 narrate an event ] e.g The three of them narrate the same events from three perspectives. 他们3个人从3个角度叙述同样那些事件。 2. N-UNCOUNT 叙述 narration e..g Its story-within-a-story method of narration is confusing. 它那故事里套故事的叙述方法令人迷惑。 3. V-T The person who narrates a film or programme speaks the words which accompany the pictures, but does not appear in it. 给 (电影或节目) 作解说 e.g. She also narrated a documentary about the Kirov Ballet School. 她还为一部关于基洛夫芭蕾舞学院的记录片作过解说。 4. N-UNCOUNT (电影或节目的) 解说 narration e .g As soon as the crew gets back from lunch, we can put your narration on it right away. 工作人员吃过午饭一回来，我们就能马上把你的解说加在上面 |
| narrate v) [ nə'reit] ['næreit] 叙述；给…作旁白 If you narrate a story, you tell it from your own point of view/perspective. (从自己的角度来）叙述 (a story or a tale) e.g. The three of them narrate the same events from three perspectives. 他们3个人从3个角度叙述同样那些事件  narrative ['nærətɪv] n) narrative poem叙事诗；叙述诗; narrative therapy叙事疗法 A narrative is a story or an account of a series of events. 故事; 叙事, a narrative is a message that tells the particulars of an act or occurrence or course of events; presented in writing or drama or cinema or as a radio or television program. e.g. ...a fast-moving narrative. …一个快节奏的叙事。 e.g. Neither reporters were very strong on narrative.两位作者在记叙方面都不强   narration n) [nə'reiʃən] n.叙述，讲述; (演说等的)叙事部分 e.g. I need some good pictures for narration. 我需要一些叙述时用的好镜头。  narrator: [nə'reitə; næ-] 叙述者；解说员 someone who tells a story |
| 长篇故事; 长篇记叙; 一长串事件 | saga ['sɑ:ɡə] : a narrative 叙事诗 telling the adventures of a hero or a family; originally a story of the families that settled Iceland and their descendants but now any prose narrative that resembles such an account 1. A saga is a long story, account, or sequence of events. 长篇故事; 长篇记叙; 一长串事件 e.g. ...a 600 page saga about 18th century slavery. …一个关于18世纪奴隶制的600页的长篇故事。 2. A saga is a long story composed in medieval times in Norway or Iceland. 萨迦 (中世纪挪威、冰岛的长篇传说) //gala: spring gala节日庆祝 |
| (对食物的） 讨厌; 恶心 | yuck, yucky; Some people say "yuck" when they think something (especially food) is very unpleasant or disgusting. 讨厌; 恶心 e.g "It's corned beef and cabbage," said Malone. "Yuck," said Maureen. 马伦说：“是咸牛肉和白菜”。“嗯，真恶心”，毛琳说。 E.g. That beef is so yucky... //it's disgusting/sickening |
| 香港国泰航空 | Cathay Pacific Airway |
| 卵石 | pebble /ˈpɛbəl/ A pebble is a small, smooth, round stone which is found on beaches and at the bottom of rivers. 卵石 |
| 大理石 | **marble** is a type of very hard rock which feels cold when you touch it and which shines when it is cut and polished. Statues and parts of buildings are sometimes made of marble. 大理石 |
| 圆形巨石 | **boulder** /ˈbəʊldə/ A boulder is a large **rounded** rock. 圆形巨石; e.g It is thought that the train hit a **boulder** that had fallen down a cliff on to the track. |
| 花岗岩 | **granite** /ˈɡrænɪt/ n) Granite is a very hard rock used in building. 花岗岩  **[ weathered granite风化花岗岩；风化石] => figurative meaning: 坚毅；冷酷无情** |
| 瓦砾; 碎石; 碎砖 | rubble /ˈrʌbəl/ V.S. rouble ['ruːb(ə)l] n. 卢布（前苏联货币单位） When a building is destroyed, the pieces of brick, stone, or other materials that remain are referred to as rubble. 瓦砾 e.g. Thousands of bodies are still buried under the debris and rubbles. 数千具尸体还埋在瓦砾下。N-UNCOUNT Rubble is used to refer to the small pieces of bricks and stones that are used as a bottom layer on which to build roads, paths, or houses. (铺路、建房用的) 碎石; 碎砖 |
| 损伤(fame, reputtion)；糟蹋；玷污 n. 污点；瑕疵 | mar /mɑː/(marring,marred,mars) To mar something means to spoil or damage it. 破坏 [ mar the peace in this city = destroy ] e.g. A number of problems **marred** the smooth running of this event. 许多问题**破坏**了该事件的顺利进行 to make something less attractive or enjoyable 玷污，损坏，毁坏 e.g. Their wedding was marred by the death of Jenny’s mother a week earlier. 周之前珍妮母亲的过世使他们的婚礼蒙上了一层阴影。 e.g. A frown marred his handsome features. 紧锁的眉头破坏了他俊美的面容。 |
| 玷污; 污渍 | stain /steɪn/ => stainless 没有污渍的， 不锈的；未被玷污的； stainless steel 1.N-COUNT A stain is a mark on something that is difficult to remove. 污渍 e.g. Remove stains by soaking in a mild solution of bleach. 用温和的漂白溶液浸泡以去除污渍。 2. V-T If a liquid stains something, the thing becomes coloured or marked by the liquid. (在某物上) 留下污渍 e.g Some foods can stain the teeth, as of course can smoking. 某些食物会使牙齿着色，吸烟当然也会。e.g. The watermelon juice stained my T-shirt...it's hard to remove these stain. 3. ADJ 沾了污渍的 stained .e.g His clothing was stained with mud. 他的衣服沾了泥 e.g. My white T-shirt was stained by watermelon juice. e.g. OMG, Jill got her **period/menstruatio**n and left stains on the sheet 床单, and we are fined by 6$ Singaporean dollars。 |
| tarnish | taint /teɪnt,tent/ v. [T usually passive 一般用被动态] 1. if something bad taints a situation or person, it makes the person or situation seem bad 使受负面影响；玷污，败坏 〔某人的名誉〕 e.g. Baker argues that his trial was tainted by negative publicity. 他的审判受到了负面宣传的影响。 2. taint sth: to damage something by adding an unwanted substance to it, like stains. 污染，沾污 taint sth with sth e.g The water had been tainted with a deadly toxin. 水被致命毒素污染。 taint 2 n. [singular 单数] 3. taint = stain, spot: the appearance of being related to something bad or morally wrong 污点，瑕疵；玷污 e.g. The city has suffered for many years under the taint of corruption. 该城市多年遭受腐败之苦。 tarnish: The condition of being stained or tainted 玷污; eg His reputation was tarnished/stained/tainted by the sexy scandal; and now he's a notorious/disreputable person. 他的声誉受到玷污 eFor decades, Bill Cosby was thought of in glowing terms as a perceptive comedian. His public personality made him more than rich -- it made him a role model, admired for his support of education and his no-nonsense talks on parenting and achievement. However, this week, his persona人格面貌 has been paired with another much darker image because of his sexy scandal. His reputation was tarnished/stained/tainted玷污 and now he became a notorious/disreputable person. |
| tarnish film (slang) 锈[氧化]膜 |
| 斑点; (皮肤上的) 小疙瘩; 斑; 地点; **一个固定节目档** | spot /spɒt/  1.N-COUNT Spots are small, round, coloured areas on a surface. 斑点 e.g. The leaves have yellow areas on the top and underneath are powdery orange spots. 橙色斑点。 2. N-COUNT Spots on a person's skin are small lumps or marks. (皮肤上的) 小疙瘩; 斑 My brother's face was covered with spots. 我弟弟曾满脸疙瘩。 //pimples, burst-out, flecks斑点 3. N-COUNT You can refer to a particular place as a spot or site 地点 e.g. They stayed at several of the island's top tourist spots. 他们在岛上几个最好的旅游景点呆过。 e.g. Though no airport has been able to knock Changi from the top spot, there's been a bit of movement in the rest of the top 10. Tokyo International Airport jumped two spots to push South Korea's Incheon International Airport from last year's second place position, moving Seoul's gateway to third.  4. N-COUNT A spot in a television or radio show is a part of it that is regularly reserved for a particular performer or type of entertainment. 固定节目档 e.g. He got a spot on a CNN show. 在CNN得到了一个固定节目档。 5. V-T If you spot something or someone, you notice them. 发现 E.G. Vicenzo failed to spot the error. 维森佐没能发现这个错误 E.g. Finally, after scouring the India ocean for 7 dats, searches finally spot the debris**(肉眼)发现** of MH370 fuselage机身 that ditched (飞机) 紧急迫降 into ocean last week e.g. Such atmospheric conditions are common in winter in Taipei's Yangmingshan mountain range, where the campus is located, making it an ideal place for **spotting肉眼)发现** long-lasting rainbows, Prof Chou said, which they have compelling/cogent evidences to apply for **Guinness World Record.** 6. N-COUNT A spot of a liquid is a small amount of it. 滴; 点 [雨点 spots of rain; 墨滴spots of ink] . Spots of rain雨点 had begun to fall. 雨点已经开始落下来了。 7. PHRASE If you do something on the spot, you do it immediately. 当即; 当场就(被录用了，斩首了，逮捕了) e.g.. james was called to see the producer and got the job on the spot. 詹姆斯被叫去见那个制片人，当即得到了那份工作。 |
| stigma; stigmata; stigmatic; stigmatize | A mark or token of **humiliation, disgrace, or disreputation:**  耻辱,恶名声、不名誉的标志 |
| A small mark; a scar or **birthmark.** 烙印：小的标记；伤疤或**胎记**  eg Orphans who were stigmatized/marked烙印 by Ebola are abandoned |
| Medicine:A mark or spot on the skin that bleeds as a symptom of hysteria[hɪ'stɪərɪə]. 皮肤上流血的伤痕或点，是歇斯底里的征兆 [ hysterical, hysterically 歇斯底里的experiencing strong emotions that are out of a person's control V.S. hilarious knee-slapper (funny)] //symptomatic ['sɪmptə'mætɪk] adj. 有症状的；症候的 |
| Archaic A mark burned into the skin of a criminal or slave; a brand. 【古语】 烙印：在罪犯或奴隶身上烙入皮肤的印记；烙印 |
| stigmatize | stigma: ['stɪɡmə] , stigmatize ['stɪɡmətaɪz]; stigmatization n /͵stɪgmətəˋzeɪʃən  N) stigma 1. [C usually singular, U,一般用单数] a strong feeling in society that being in a particular situation or having a particular illness is something to be ashamed of 耻辱，羞辱，见不得人的感觉 THESAURUS SHAME e.g. There is a social stigma attached to single parenthood. 单身父母在社会上的名声不光彩。 e.g. In the US, smoking carries a stigma . 在美国，吸烟是不光彩的。 the stigma of alcoholism/mental illness etc e.g. The stigma of alcoholism makes it difficult to treat. 酗酒的恶名令其很难治愈。 2. [C] technical the top of the centre part of a flower that receives the pollen which allows it to form new seeds 〔植物的〕柱头To characterize or brand as **disgraceful or humiliated** 诬蔑，污辱：使蒙受或被指控不名誉或耻辱 To mark with stigmata or a stigma. 打上烙印 V) stigmatize: be stigmatized['stɪɡmətaɪz]: to be treated by society as if you should feel ashamed of your situation or behaviour 被视为可耻，受到蔑视 e.g. Single mothers often feel that they are stigmatized by society. 单身母亲常常觉得自己受社会歧视。 |
| 处于危险中；模棱两可; (phone)在通话中 | [ be on the line = at stake, in danger, in jeopardy] e.g. The credibility of the world's biggest smartphone maker Samsung was on the line处于危险中；模棱两可after a series of missteps. It was forced to recall about 2.5 million Note 7s in early September, just two weeks after the phone was launched, saying faulty/glitchy batteries were causing some to burst into flames simultaneously自燃. |
| 1. 放射性核辐射 2. 附带(的不好的)结果 | fallout (n) 1. 放射性核辐射 2. 附带(的不好的)结果 1) [放射性核辐射 radioactive fallout ['redɪo'æktɪv]]; Fallout is the radiation that affects a particular place or area after a nuclear explosion has taken place. 核辐射 (radiation; radioactive) e.g They were exposed to radioactive fallout during nuclear weapons tests. 他们在核武器试验过程中暴露于放射性核辐射。 |
| 2) [附带,衍生出来(的不好的)结果 the fallout from sth = the unpleasant or bad ramifications衍生 or consequences deriving from sth] If you refer to the fallout from something that has happened, you mean the unpleasant （bad or negative) consequences that follow it. e.g. The fallout from Brexit, such as the tumbling pounds and U.S. dollars in stock market. e.g. Samsung has ditched/given up the Galaxy Note 7 in the hope of limiting the fallout from its exploding glitchy/faulty smartphone. //aftermath: the aftermath of the earthquake = the bad consequences caused by the earthquake |
| 激增; **核武器的**激增 | proliferate /prəˈlɪfəˌreɪt/  1. V-I If things proliferate, they increase in number very quickly. 激增 e.g. Computerized databases are proliferating fast. 计算机化的数据库在迅速激增。 2. N 激增 proliferation e..g ...the proliferation of nuclear weapons. …核武器的激增 e.g. “This resolution will give us new tools to impair North Korea’s ability to proliferate and threaten international stability,” DiCarlo said. 迪卡洛说："这项决议将给我们提供新的手段，削弱北韩扩散和威胁国际稳定的能力。 |
| 衍生出来结果 ((尤指最初并不明显的) 后果); 衍生物 | ramifications = the fallout from sth; The ramifications of a decision, plan, or event are all its consequences and effects, especially ones that are not obvious at first. (尤指最初并不明显的) 后果 eg UK voters decided they wanted out of the European Union, triggering major ramifications for the world. The first tremors to the financial markets have begun affecting European and Asian indexes. More fallout附带,衍生出来(的不好的)结果 is likely emerging when U.S. markets open tomorrow. [ramifications = the fallout from sth: 附带,衍生出来(的不好的)结果]] e.g. The book analyses the social and political ramifications of AIDS for the gay community. 这本书分析了同性恋团体中艾滋病引发的社会和政治后果 A development or consequence growing out of and sometimes complicating a problem, plan, or statement: |
| 在叫一声就能听得到的地方 | within shouting distance e.g. South Korean President Park Geun-hye's two apologies have not quelled some Koreans' anger over an abuse-of-power scandal engulfing her administration, which has already sparked international uproar。 People of all ages, including children with their families, held candles and signs in Saturday's peaceful demonstrations in Seoul and chanted for Park's resignation, easily within shouting distance of Blue House, the presidential palace. //青瓦台（韩国总统官邸）: Blue Houes //spark international uproar 在国际上引起轩然大波 |
| linger /ˈlɪŋɡə/ | is reluctant and unwillling to leave and wanna stay; If you linger somewhere, you stay there for a longer time than is necessary, for example, because you are enjoying yourself. 不愿离开而继续逗留 e.g. Customers are welcome to linger over coffee until around midnight. 顾客们可以慢慢品味咖啡到午夜 e.g. Even the concert has ended 0.5 hr ago, most of fans are still lingering around the stadium and don't wanna leave. Eg Winter lingered. 冬天迟迟不去 |
| linger on: To remain feebly alive for some time before dying. 苟延残喘：临死前无力地存活 |
| To pass (a period of time) in a leisurely or aimless manner. 无所事事：悠闲或无目的的度过（一段时间）Eg an aftertaste that lingers. 回味无穷; linger over one's work 磨洋工 ; I just feel non-enegetic, nonvigorous and am not active in work, I'm just lingering over my work sluggishly. ( sluggish: not active/enegetic/vigorous, do sth very slowly, sluggish economy 停滞/疲软的经济) eg Wo, this wine tastes so good and it has an aftertaste that lingers. 回味无穷 |
| lingering | is relunctant and willing to leave 逗留不去的; [ **a lingering disease 拖久的病; lingering concerns: 挥之不去的问题, 挥之不去的疑虑]**  Because of poverty, she cannot afford the hospital fee and does not see a doctor. Finally, her headche becomes a lingering disease. |
| （卖specific product)的柜台 | 卖鞋的柜台：eg.the shoes section； 卖帽子的柜台　the hats secion； the T-shirt section |
| 词汇的； 词汇库 | lexical /ˈlɛksɪkəl/ Lexical means relating to the words of a language. 词汇的 a lexical resource (LR) 词汇库 e.g. We chose a few of the commonest lexical items in the languages. 我们选取了各语言中最常见的几个词汇 A lexical resource (LR) is a database consisting of one or several dictionaries. |
| monologue V.S. narration | monologue /ˈmɒnəˌlɒɡ/ CET6+ TEM4 1. N-COUNT If you refer to a long speech by one person during a conversation as a monologue, you mean it prevents other people from talking or expressing their opinions. 长篇大论 例： Morris ignored the question and continued his monologue. 莫里斯不理会那个问题，继续他的长篇大论。 2. N-VAR A monologue is a long speech which is spoken by one person as an entertainment, or as part of an entertainment such as a play. 独白; 独角戏 例： ...a monologue based on the writing of Quentin Crisp. …根据昆廷·克里斯普的作品改编的一段独白。 |
| 灯笼 | A lantern is a lamp in a metal frame with multiple side (4, 6 sides), sort of polygon, that is made of glass or paper. Inside of the lamp, there is usually a light or candle, and with a handle or knob on top so you can carry it. 灯笼; 提灯; [ lantern festival 元宵节，灯节; Chinese lantern; palace lantern 宫灯; lanternfish 发光的鱼，灯笼鱼] Lantern riddles 灯谜; sticky rice balls 汤圆 with the filling馅 of red bean paste, black sesame, peanut paste |
| 灯(火) | glim: a light or lamp 灯(火) |
| 年轻 | young:  youth = adolescence; Someone's youth is the period of their life during which they are a child, before they are a fully mature adult; during which you grow/develop from being a child to a fully mature adult,. 年轻时期 adolescent: a juvenile between the onset of puberty and maturity 1. Adolescent is used to describe young people who are no longer children but who have not yet become fully mature adults. It also refers to their behaviour. 青春期的 (少年、行为) 2. An adolescent is an adolescent boy or girl. 青春期少年 e.g. Young adolescents are happiest with small groups of close friends. 年轻的青春期少年们和一小圈亲近的朋友在一起时最高兴 juvenile: A juvenile is a child or young person who is not yet old enough to be regarded as an adult. 青少年 e.g. The number of juveniles in the general population has fallen by a fifth in the past 10 years. a minor: 一个未成年的 A minor is a person who is still legally a child. In most states in the United States, people are minors until they reach the age of eighteen. 未成年者 |
| adj.青春期的 (少年、行为) N)青春期少年 ; 青春期 | adolescent /ˌædəˈlɛsənt/  1. Adolescent is used to describe young people who are no longer children but who have not yet become adults. It also refers to their behaviour. 青春期的 (少年、行为) e.g. It is important that an adolescent boy should have an adult in whom he can confide. 一个青春期男孩应该有一个他能倾吐心声的成年人，这是很重要的。 2. N-COUNT An adolescent is an adolescent boy or girl; a juvenile between the onset of puberty and maturity 青春期少年 e.g. Young adolescents are happiest with small groups of close friends. 年轻的青春期少年们和一小圈亲近的朋友在一起时最高兴 ==> adolescence /ˌædəˈlɛsəns/ N-UNCOUNT Adolescence is the period of your life in which you develop from being a child into being an adult. 青春期 [在青春期早期 in early adolescence ] e.g. Some young people suddenly become self-conscious and tongue-tied in early adolescence. 一些年青人在青春期早期突然变得害羞结舌。 |
| 幼稚肤浅的; 乏味的 | jejune: /dʒɪˈdʒuːn/ [幼稚肤浅的行为 puerile actions = jejune actions; a puerile and jejune action; 一个幼稚肤浅的想法：a jejune/dʒɪˈdʒuːn idea V.S. a thoughtful idea ] 1. If you describe something or someone as jejune or puerile, you are criticizing them for being very simple, naive, hollow空洞, superficial,肤浅的 and unsophisticated. 年少幼稚的；空洞,肤浅的,　(表不满） 2. If you describe something or someone as jejune, you mean they are dull and boring. 乏味的 e.g We knew we were in for a pretty long, jejune evening. 一个相当漫长而乏味的夜晚 |
| 幼稚肤浅的 | puerile:['pjʊərɪl] 美 ['pjʊəraɪl] [幼稚肤浅的行为 puerile actions = jejune actions; a puerial and jejune action; 一个幼稚肤浅的想法：a puerial and jejune idea ] If you describe someone or something as puerile or jejune, you mean that they are silly and childish; kind of very simple, hollow, and superficial. 空洞,肤浅的,幼稚的(表不满）) e.g. Concert organizers denounced the group's actions as puerile/jejune.强烈谴责了该乐团的幼稚行为。 e.g. ...puerile, schoolboy humour. ...幼稚的小男生幽默 ; e.g.These discussions have always seemed a bit puerile and jejune to me. 对我而言，这些讨论总是显得有些幼稚空洞肤浅h; Adolescence is the period of your life in which you develop from being a child into being an adult. 青春期 e.g. Some young people suddenly become self-conscious and tongue-tied in early adolescence. 一些年青人在青春期早期突然变得害羞结舌 |
| 青少年 | juvenile = the youth ['dʒu:vənail,] A juvenile is a child or young person who is not yet old enough to be regarded as an adult. 青少年 e.g The number of juveniles in the general population has fallen by a fifth in the past 10 years, which is recorded in the "attrition" system. 在过去的10年中，青少年在总人口中所占的比重下降了1/5。 2.ADJ Juvenile activity or behaviour involves young people who are not yet adults. 青少年的 [ juvenile deliquency / crime 青少年犯罪 ] e.g. Juvenile crime/deliquency is increasing at a terrifying rate. 青少年犯罪在以惊人的速度增加。 // attrition: at a university or place of work, attrition is the decrease in the number of students or employees caused by people leaving and not being replaced. (学生或雇员)人数减少 e..g The company cut its workforce through natural attrition and fewer hirings. |
| 青少年犯罪 | juvenile delinquency ['dʒu:vənail,] Delinquency is criminal behaviour, especially committed by juveniles ['dʒu:vənail,], that is, the young people. 违法行为; 少年犯罪 e.g. He had no history of delinquency.他没有犯罪记录 e.g. The perecent of juvenile delinquency is drastically increaesed by 5% this year. //A juvenile is a child or young person who is not yet old enough to be regarded as an adult. 青少年 e.g The number of juveniles in the general population has fallen by a fifth in the past 10 years, which is recorded in the "attrition" system. 在过去的10年中，青少年在总人口中所占的比重下降了1/5。 2.ADJ Juvenile activity or behaviour involves young people who are not yet adults. 青少年的 [ juvenile deliquency / crime 青少年犯罪 ] e.g. Juvenile crime/deliquency is increasing at a terrifying rate. 青少年犯罪在以惊人的速度增加。 |
| 弟子/学生; 瞳孔 | pupil /ˈpjuːpəl/  1. A pupil of a painter, musician, or other expert is someone who studies under that expert and learns his or her skills. (画家、音乐家等的) 弟子/学生 e.g. After his education, Goldschmidt became a pupil of the composer Franz 成了作曲家弗朗兹的弟子。 = > An apprentice is a young person who works for someone in order to learn their skill, sort of a pupil of that person 学徒弟子 e.g. I started off as an apprentice学徒弟子 and worked my way up. 我从学徒做起，然后一步一步做上来的 2. The pupils of a school are the children who go to it. 学生 e.g ...schools with over 1,000 pupils. …有1000多名学生的学校。 3. The pupils of your eyes are the small, round, **black holes** in the centre of them. 瞳孔 e.g. The sick man's pupils were dilated [daɪˈlet]. 病人的瞳孔放大了  **//black hole: 黑洞; 无底洞〔指极耗钱的事物〕 e.g. I’m worried that the project could become a financial black hole. 我担心这个项目会成为财政上的 大黑洞/无底洞。** |
| 1. 黑洞 2无底洞〔指极耗钱的事物〕 | black hole  • Literal meaning: an area in outer space into which everything near it, including light, is pulled黑洞〔指宇宙中包括光线在内的一切事物都会被吸入的区域〕 • **Figurative meaning: informal something that uses up/consumes a lot of money however without good return, like gambling 无底洞〔指极耗钱的事物〕**  e.g. I’m worried that the project could become a financial black hole. 我担心这个项目会成为财政上的 大黑洞/无底洞。 |
| the chicken and egg | e.g. Before the chicken and egg, there's still the outstanding question of "which" firmware contains the Tenant.xml mgmt-schema configuration? e.g. This solves the chicken-and-egg problem of how to authenticate and add entries before any entries yet exist. 这就解决了鸡和蛋的问题 |
| 拥抱；欣然接受(改变, 挑战) | embrace sb = hug sb; |
| embrace sth(an idea/changes/a proposal/challenges) 欣然接受（改变，挑战，一个想法） [ɪm'breɪs; em-] = accept sth willingly  e.g. The most heartening outcome from 2015 is the remarkable employee engagement scores. Your embrace of our strategic imperatives and commitment to our clients and to our great company are the reasons we will succeed, and why 2016 will prove to be a pivotal year in IBM history. // pivotal['pɪvətl]关键的/中枢的/枢轴的 //战略方针 strategic imperatives |
| |  | | --- | | 1.自己准备好来面对(不愉快或困难之事)； 2.(身体）抵住（一个东西）; 3. (身体腿的）支架; 4牙箍, 牙齿矫正器 | | brace /breɪs/  1. If you brace yourself for something unpleasant or difficult, you prepare yourself for it. (自己)准备好来面对(不愉快或困难之事) [ brace oneself for sth unpleasant or difficult ] e.g. He braced himself for the icy plunge into the black water. 他准备好跳入冰冷的黑水。e.g. I've already braced myself for an upcoming killer(very difficult) task with formidable challenges. 2.V-T If you brace yourself against something or brace part of your body (e.g. leg) against it, you press against something in order to steady your body or to avoid falling. (身体）抵住（一个东西),防止倒下 e.g. Elaine braced herself against the dresser and looked in the mirror. 伊莱恩身体抵住梳妆台，照了照镜子 => "Brace, brace, brace", the flight attendant (FA) shouted when the plane is crashing. e.g. Stevens said the pilot asked passengers to pray twice. And passengers were told to hold "the brace position" for about two minutes during the landing, he said, which was smooth. 3.V-T If you brace your shoulders or knees, you keep them stiffly in a particular position. 绷紧 (肩或膝盖) e.g. He braced his shoulders defiantly as another squall of wet snow slashed across his face. 当又一阵雨雪呼啸着划过他的脸庞时，他毫无畏惧地绷紧双肩。 4.V-T To brace something means to strengthen or support it with something else. 支撑 e.g. Overhead, the lights showed the old timbers, used to brace the roof. 在头顶上，光线照射出支撑屋顶的旧木头。 5. N-COUNT A brace is a device attached to a part of a person's body, for example, to a weak leg, in order to strengthen or support it. (身体，腿的）支架 [ leg braces ] e.g. He wore leg braces after he had polio ['pəuliəu] in childhood. 小时候患小儿麻痹症后，他使用了腿部支架。 6.N-PLURAL Braces are a metal device that can be fastened to a person's teeth in order to help them grow straight. 牙箍, 牙齿矫正器 [ tooth braces ] e.g. I used to have to wear (tooth) braces 戴牙箍。 //dental floss 牙线; tooth braces牙箍/牙齿矫正器; tooth pick[轻] 牙签; tooth brush 牙刷; tooth paste 牙膏;  7. braces = see curly brackets { }  8. N-PLURAL Braces are a pair of straps that pass over your shoulders and fasten to your trousers at the front and back in order to stop them from falling down. (裤子的) 背带 // wear the harness and leg straps for the sake of security before trying the extreme sports, such as zip-lining, sky-diving |
| |  | | --- | | (收入、年龄、价格等的) 范围; (固定在墙上的) 支架; 一起被归为(某一类）; (数学中用以表示整体的) 括号 | | bracket /ˈbrækɪt/ => curly brackets { } ; square brackets [ ] 1. If you say that someone or something is in a particular bracket, you mean that they come within a particular range, for example, a range of incomes, ages, or prices. (收入、年龄、价格等的) 范围 e.g ...a 33% top tax rate on everyone in these high-income brackets. …这些高收入范围内每个人的33%的最高税率。 2. Brackets are pieces of metal, wood, or plastic that are fastened to a wall in order to support something such as a shelf. (固定在墙上的) 支架 e..g Fix the beam with the brackets and screws. 用支架和螺丝固定横梁。e.g. You'd better install more brackets for shampoo, conditioner, body lotion, in the bathroom. [ mount a bracket 安装/固定支架 => a mounting brackt一个“安装支架”; a support bracket 一个支撑托架 ; a steel bracket 一个钢支架 ] 3. If two or more people or things are bracketed together, they are considered to be similar or related in some way. categorized or classified 归为一类, 一起被归为(某一类） e.g. The Magi, Brahmins, and Druids were bracketed together as men of wisdom. 三贤人、婆罗门、德鲁伊特教僧侣一起被归为智者。 4. Brackets are pair of marks ( ) that are placed around a series of symbols in a mathematical expression to indicate that those symbols function as one item within the expression. (数学中用以表示整体的) 括号 braces = curly brackets 5. N-COUNT Brackets are a pair of written marks ( ) that you place around a word, expression, or sentence in order to indicate that you are giving extra information. (用以给出额外信息的) 括号 |
|  |  |
| 1. sb's困境  **2.V. 保证; 宣誓做xxxx 3.(订婚的）誓言** | plight /plaɪt/ [ 难民的困境 refugees' plight; the plight of homeless perons; 庇佑寻求者的困境: asylum seekers' plight; my plight ] e.g. The lawyer hopes the film will bring fresh international attention to the plight of an estimated 14,500 asylum seekers living in Hong Kong. 1. N-COUNT If you refer to someone's plight, you mean that they are in a difficult or distressing situation that is full of problems. 困境 e.g. The nation saw the plight of the farmers, whose crops had died because of drougt. 该国看到了农民因庄稼死亡而陷入困境。 2. V to give or pledge or give you my words 保证;/宣誓做xxxx [ plight sb's words to do sth ] e.g. He plighted his word to attempt it  3. N a plight is a solemn promise, esp of engagement; pledge (订婚的）誓约; 婚约 //sign a pledge 签保证书 |
| 困境; 逆境 | adverse, adversity /ədˈvɜːsɪtɪ/ Adversity is a very difficult or unfavourable situation, sort of predicament, plight 困境; 逆境 [ 从逆境中反弹 get out of adversity; bounce back from adversity ] e.g. He showed courage in adversity/predicament/plight. 他在逆境中显示出了勇气 e.g. She bounces back from adversity/predicament/plight. She's very resilient. 她从困境中反弹，非常的 strongly adaptive, and recover quickly. |
| 困境 | predicament /prɪˈdɪkəmənt/ [ 处于困境窘境中 in a predicament => in trouble = in a pickle => = i[n a] tight spot => in a desperate situation, ] If you are i[n a] predicament, you are in an unpleasant situation that is difficult to get out of. 困境 e.g. Hank explained our predicament. 汉克说明了我们的困境。e.g. I am in the identical predicament with yourself. 我和你处于同样的窘境之中 E.g Currently, our project is trapped i[n a] predicament, with considerable formidable challenges.... OMG, this is a really killer project. // a killer task = such a difficulet task // a killer exam |
| 处于困境窘境中 (有麻烦或困难的局面) | if you are in a pickle, you are in trouble, in a predicament, or a difficult situation. 但是，如果你处于困境时，你就有麻烦或困难的局面 [ 处于困境窘境中 in a predicament = in a pickle => (more severe) = i[n a] tight spot => in a desperate situation, ] => pickle: An edible product, such as a cucumber or green pepper, that has been preserved/marinated腌 and flavored in a solution of marinade腌泡汁, eg brine盐水 or vinegar. 腌菜，泡菜. eg Can I have more pickles in my sandwich. |
| 处境(很）艰难； 于尴尬/艰难的处境 | in a tight spot [ in a predicament = in a pickle => (more server) => in a tight spot => in a despereate situation ] e.g. The Russia-Georgia conflict has put Turkey in a tight spot. 俄罗斯和格鲁吉亚的冲突把土耳其置于尴尬/艰难的处境。 E.g. The private schools without big investment are in a tight spot: they need tuition to pay their operating costs. 那些没有得到大规模捐助的私立学校处境艰难 e.g. The expected jump in prices puts the Bank of England in a tight spot. Higher interest rates could support the pound and limit price rises, but would risk making the slowdown worse and hurting consumers by jacking up/increase repayments on mortgages and other loans. NIESR expects the central bank will downplay the rise in inflation and leave interest rates unchanged for about two years, which is roughly how long it will take for the U.K. to negotiate its exit from the EU. // If you downplay a fact or feature, you try to make people think that it is less important or serious than it really is. 轻描淡写 e.g. Police sources yesterday downplayed the significance of the security breach. 警方昨天的消息对这次安全缺口的重要性轻描淡写 //增加(价钱、工资等) jack up (salary, payment, debt) |
| 1摆脱困境， 逃脱,脱身；脱离危险   2 电话响个不停 (电话一直忙着，占线） | (cellphone) ring off the hook 电话响个不停/电话一直忙着; lift off the hook 摘机 e.g. The dire situation has taken anti-pollution devices (e.g. masks, air purifier) from niche to mainstream, with a report by research firm TechSci predicting that the air purifier market in India will go from 40,000 units to 100,000 units over the next year and generate over $200 million in revenue by 2021. Jill, the air purifier manager, apologized for not getting back to me sooner because his phone has been ringing off the hook (电话一直忙着，占线). The low-cost masks are also flying off the shelves.   //我5分钟内回你电话：I’ll get back to you in 5 mins. //fly off the shelves 倾售一空 V.S. (product) hit the shelves 新品上架 |
| [ get you off the hook: 让你摆脱困境/让你脱身 ] e.g The blind date sucks, is so awkward...I'm in a desperate situaiton, please someone get me off the hook. e.g. At the end of her mother's birthday party, a bouquet/nosegay of flowers or some other last minute gift for her mother would be nice and probably get you off the hook 也许还让你摆脱困境/让你脱身 e.g. Do not declude youself that this solution can get us off the hook. 不要自欺欺人说这样就可以让我们摆脱困境/脱身了。  //['bæŋkwɪt] banquet = dinner/feast; [bʊ'keɪ; bəʊ'keɪ; 'bʊkeɪ]: a wedding bouquet/nosegay; a bouquet of flowers = a nosegay of flowers 一束鲜花 //[buː'tiːk] boutique 精品店；专卖流行衣服的小商店 boutique hotel //自欺欺人: delude youself /dɪˈluːd/ If you delude yourself, you let yourself believe that something is true, even though it is not true. |
| 炼狱；涤罪；暂时的苦难 | purgatory /ˈpɜːɡətərɪ/ 1. purgatory is a temporary condition of torment or suffering; You can describe a very unpleasant experience as purgatory. 炼狱般的经历(暂时的苦难 ) [ tide over that purgatory; how to get out of that purgatory; economic purgatory 经济炼狱之苦] e.g. Every step of my last years in my life was purgatory. 的每一步都是炼狱般的折磨; e.g. You cannot imagine how she tided over that purgatory during that gruelling time难熬的折磨人的时期. e.g Major transportation hubs have to be plunked down at the very periphery of city limits, leaving jetlagged travelers to deal with the confusion of how to get out of the purgatory that is western Queens or central New Jersey. On top of that/besides, all of the city's three major airports, JFK, Newark, and LaGuardia ranked dead last among major American airports for on-time arrival. //purge rivals, purge enemies; purgative ['pɜːgətɪv] 泻药/catharsis/purge medicines; purgatory /ˈpɜːɡətərɪ/: 炼狱般的经历(暂时的苦难 ) 2 N. Purgatory is the place where Roman Catholics believe the spirits of dead people are sent to suffer for their sin罪恶；罪孽 s before they go to heaven. (罗马天主教相信的)炼狱 [ in purgatory ] e.g Prayers were said for souls in purgatory. 为炼狱中的亡灵做的祷告。 |
| 前途未卜的境地; 僵局 | limbo: ['lɪmbəʊ] 监狱；地狱的边境；放置丢弃物的场所；处于中间的或不定的状态 [ be in limbo: 前途未卜的境地 ] If you say that someone or something is in limbo, you mean that they are in a situation where they seem to be caught between two stages and it is unclear what will happen next, be in limbo = kind of, in a dilemma or in a pickle/predicament/an adversity 困境, or trapped in a deadlock/a logjam/an impasse/a stalemate, 前途未卜的境地, 进退两难的局面 e.g. The negotiations have been in limbo since mid-December. 谈判陷入了前途未卜的境地, 进退两难的局面, 僵局。 // limbs = arms and legs; limo: large luxurious car; |
| 僵局 | stalemate / impasse['ɪmpæs] / deadlock/ logjam = be in limbo A tough situation that is so difficult that no progress can be made, no solutions can work well, and any futher action is blocked, all things pause; a deadlock or a stalemate:僵局; a deadlock/stalemate/impasse[im'pɑ:s]/logjam. 僵局; [ 使陷入僵局 bring sb/sth into a stalemate/an impasse/a deadlock/a logjam; sb is stalemated = be trapped in a deadlock/impasse/stalemate/logjam; break the deadlock/stalemate/impasse[im'pɑ:s]/jogjam 打开僵局 eg Now, our project is trapped into a stalemate; currently the key issue is how to break the stalemate/impasse/deadlock. e.g. Currently, we're stalemated = we're trapped in a stalemate. |
| Games: A drawing position in chess in which the king, although not in check, can move only into check and no other piece can move.【游戏】 王棋受困 eg We're playing chess now, his king **is trapped in stalemate.** |
| 僵局（拉锯战） | standoff /ˈstændˌɒf/ A standoff is a situation in which neither of two opposing groups or forces will make a move until the other one does something, so nothing can happen until one of them gives way. 僵局（拉锯战） [ a standoff between two persons; a standoff between two opposing parties; a standoff between two countries ] The grave situation he's referring to is the ongoing antagonism/hostility and standoff 僵局（拉锯战） between US President Donald Trump and Kim Jong Un. With Pyongyang's nuclear and ballistic missile programs making rapid progress, Trump has drawn a hard line 划清界限 on North Korea, sending warships to the region in a show of force, dispatching top aides to reassure allies of US commitment to the region, as well as engaging China's help |
| 1. 交通全面堵塞 2. 僵局 | gridlock /ˈɡrɪdˌlɒk/  1. Gridlock is the situation that exists when all the roads in a particular place are so full of vehicles that none of them can move; emphatically/flatly/categorically traffic jam, congestion 交通全面堵塞 e.g. The streets are wedged solid with the chaos of poorly regulated parking and near-constant traffic gridlock. 由于管理不当的乱停车以及不断的交通全面堵塞 2. You can use gridlock to refer to a situation in an argument or dispute when neither side is prepared to give in, so no agreement can be reached. 僵局 e.g. He agreed that these policies will lead to gridlock in the future. 他赞同这些政策将来会导致 僵局。   * **bring the traffic intot a standstill** |
| 进退两难的局面 | A dilemma is a difficult situation in which you have to choose between two or more alternatives. E.g. He was faced with the dilemma of whether or not to return to his country. f他面临着是否回国的艰难选择 |
| (逐渐的,逐步的)减少；削减 | pare down sth[peə]: reduce, curtail or abridge sth gradually or bit by bit; [ pare down the budget 逐渐的缩减预算 = curtail the budget step by step; pare down the disk space; pare down our benefits year by year 逐年减少/削减我们的福利] //pawn shop: 典当行 //prawn: 对虾 shrimp with two pairs of pincers //abridge: reduce or curtail in scope while retaining essential elements; abridge sth: lessen, diminish, or curtail |
| 缩减 (预算) | If you curtail something, you reduce, lessen, or limit it. 缩减 ; [ curtail budget 缩减预算; curtail the project budget; curtail the expenditures; curtail the number of troops 缩减部队数量 ] e.g. For parents, this means now is the time to curtail the cycle of debt and create a savings plan for your child’s future. 我们到了缩减债务周期 |
| 削减; 减低; 减少; 缩减 | **[ cut back on sth ]** [ **cut back on** carbon footprint; **cut back on** staff 削减员工 ; 削减工作人员; **cut back on** heating 节省暖气;  **cut back on** fat and sugar 减少脂肪的摄取 ] |
| (保留必要的）删节（不必要的）；缩短（不必要的）；节略 | abridge [ə'bridʒ]：If you abridge sth, you reduce or curtail in scope while retaining essential elements; lessen, diminish, or curtail, esp to shorten the length of (a written work) by condensing, rewriting, or deleting some informatio. 　e.g. The new law might abridge our freedom of expression e.g. As a TW, it's routines to abridge the document every day. |
| 删节本,缩写本; (电影,电视剧, 书,脚本的) 删节的版本; 删减版 | abridgement: a shortened version of a written work [ the abridgement (version) V.S. the original (version) ] e.g. Beginners are encouraged to read abridgement (version) of David Copperfield because the original is too difficult. 要鼓励初学者去读《 大卫· 科波菲尔》 的缩写本/删节本，因为原著太难了。  E.g. It's known that in CHINA, we have a draconian movie censorship严格的审查. Therefore, when a Hollywood blockbuster hit the big screen好来屋大片上映 in mainland CHINA, we audiences only watch the abridgement (version) 删减版, not the original. Compare with the original, all porn clips or erotic footages(色情的；性爱的) are deleted in the abridgement (version) . // Draconian laws or measures are extremely harsh and severe. 严酷的 (法令或措施)  //(movie) 上映: hit the big screen |
| V.证明; 游行示威 | demonstrate /ˈdɛmənˌstreɪt/  1. To demonstrate a fact means to make it clear to people. 证明 [ 向sb证明 demonstrate to sb. that xxx ] e.g. The study also demonstrated a direct link between obesity and mortality rate. 证明了肥胖和死亡率之间的直接关系。They are anxious to demonstrate to the voters that they have practical policies. 向选民证明他们有切实可行的政策。 //mortal, immortal 不死的;长生的, mortality rate 2. If you demonstrate a particular skill, quality, or feeling, you show by your actions that you have it. 展现 (才能、品质、感情) e.g Have they, for example, demonstrated a commitment to democracy?，他们展现了对民主的奉献吗？ 3.V-I When people demonstrate (against xxx) , they march or gather somewhere to show their opposition to something or their support for something. 游行示威 V.S. sit-in eg. Some 30,000 angry farmers arrived in Brussels yesterday to demonstrate against possible cuts in subsidies. 游行示威，反对可能的补贴削减。 4. V-T If you demonstrate something, you show people how it works or how to do it. 展示 E.G. A selection of cosmetic companies will be there to demonstrate their new products. 一些化妆品公司会在那里展示他们的新产品。 |
| 静坐示威; 占座抗议 | [ the sit-in, 静坐的示威者: the sit-in protesters ] 　An organized protest demonstration in which participants sit themselves peacefully in an appropriate place and refuse to move; "sit-in" is a classical type of "cival disobedience 非暴力但不合作运动" . eg The HK sit-ins静坐示威 become fierce since the HK cops violently dismantled the camps that are established by the sit-in protesters and unleashed "pepper spray" and "tear gas" to the defiers. ] e.g. Police used pepper spray to disperse thousands of sit-in protesters静坐示威者 that had gathered outside China's representative office in Hong Kong //催泪弹, 催泪瓦斯 tear gas; 胡椒喷雾剂；防狼喷雾: pepper spray //defy, defier: sb who defies: 违抗者反抗者 |
| (人) 有活力的; . ***(人) 有创新思维的,富有创新力;*** 一个具活力的(经济区 , team); 动态的,不断变化发展的 ; N) **(改变或前进的）动力** | dynamic /daɪˈnæmɪk/ => dynamics /daɪˈnæmɪks/ TEM8 the branch of mechanics concerned with the forces that change or produce the motions of bodies 动力学  1. ADJ If you describe someone as dynamic, you approve of them because they are full of energy and vigor; or full of new, exciting, or innovative ideas. (人) 有活力的; . (人) 有创新思维的,富有创新力 [ a dynamic person ] e.g.He seemed a dynamic and energetic leader, well, you know, full of charisma.他看来是个富有创新力与活力的领导, 充满了个人魅力 e.g Eddie is very creative, one of the most dynamic person in our team. //energetic = vigorous: A vigorous person does things with great energy and enthusiasm. A vigorous campaign or activity is done with great energy and enthusiasm. 精力充沛的 (人); 强有力的 (运动、活动) // charisma /kəˈrɪzmə/: A charismatic person attracts, influences, and inspires people by their personal qualities. 有魅力(个人魅力）的,  2. ADV 有活力活跃地; 有创新思维地 dynamically e.g. He's one of the most dynamically imaginative jazz pianists of our time. 他是我们这个时代最具活跃想像力的爵士乐钢琴演奏家之一。  3. ADJ If you describe something as dynamic, you approve of it because it is very active and energetic. (事物) 有活力的 [一个具活力的经济区 a dynamic economic region； 一个具活力的小组 a dynamic team ] e.g. South Asia continues to be the most dynamic economic region in the world. 南亚仍然是世界上最具活力的经济区。  4. ADJ A dynamic process is one that constantly changes and progresses. 动态的,不断变化发展的 e.g. ...a dynamic, evolving worldwide epidemic.…一次不断变化发展的、世界范围内的疾疫流行。  5. -COUNT The dynamic of a system or dynamic of a process is the force that causes it to change or progress. (改变或前进的）动力 [ 市场的动力 the dynamic of the market ] e.g. The dynamic of the market demands constant change and adjustment. 市场的动力要求有不断的变化和调整。 //V: 微调 If you fine-tune something, you make very small and precise changes to it in order to make it as successful or effective as it possibly can be.   6.N-PLURAL The dynamics of a situation or group of people are the opposing forces within it that cause it to change. (引发变革的) 反动力 e.g. What is needed is insight into the dynamics of the social system. 所需要的就是对社会制度反动力的洞悉。 |
| (有能量的有热情的）有活力的(人); 精力充沛的 (人); 强有力的 (运动、活动)； 用力地 | vigour /ˈvɪɡə/ Vigour is physical or mental energy and enthusiasm. (有能量的有热情的）活力 e.g. He has approached his job with renewed vigour. 他已带着重新焕发的活力投入了工作 => vigorous /ˈvɪɡərəs/ , vigorously 1. ADJ Vigorous physical activities (e.g. boxing) involve using a lot of energy, usually to do short and repeated actions. 用力的 [ vigorous exercise 用力的(耗费大量体力)练习; 耗费大量体力的运动 ] e.g. Very vigorous exercise, such as boxing, can increase the risk of heart/cardiac attacks. 耗费大量体力的运动会增加心脏病发作的风险。 e..g He shook his head vigorously. 他用力地摇了摇头。e,g, The police vigorously/emphatically denied that excessive force had been used.警方(用力地)坚决否认曾过度使用武力 //坚决否认 deny xxx emphatically/vigorously 3. ADJ A vigorous person does things with great energy and enthusiasm. 精力充沛的 (人); e..g He was a strong and vigorous politician. 是一位身体强壮、精力充沛的政治家。 4. A vigorous campaign or a vigorous activity is done with great energy and enthusiasm. 强有力的 (运动、活动) |
| 1。至关重要的 ,生死攸关的 2 活力生气；生命力 | vital, vitality [vai'tæləti] 1. 至关重要的 ,生死攸关的 2.If you say that someone or something has vitality, you mean that they have great energy and liveliness. 活力 e.g. Without continued learning, graduates will lose their intellectual vitality. 如果不继续学习，毕业生们就会失去他们的思维活力an energetic or vigorous style; a healthy capactiy for energetic or vigorous activity |
| 有生命的 => 有活力或精力的 | animate 形容词读作ˈænɪmət。动词读作ˈænɪmeɪt。 1. ADJ Something that is animate has life, in contrast to things like stones and machines which do not. 有生命的 animate V.S. inanimate (无生命体的) eg. Natural philosophy involved the study of all aspects of the material world, animate and inanimate. 自然哲学涉及到了对包括有生命体与无生命体的物质世界的全面研究。 2. V-T To animate something means to make it lively or more cheerful. 使有生气 e.g. There was precious little about the cricket to animate the crowd.这场板球比赛极少有让观众兴奋的地方 |
| 无生命的；无生气的(没有活力或精力的): | 无生命的；无生气的(没有活力或精力的): inanimate /ɪnˈænɪmɪt/ An inanimate object is one that has no life. Not having the qualities associated with active, living organisms; not animate. => Not animated or energetic; dull. 无生气的：没有活力或精力的；枯燥的; eg The working atmosphere in our team is inanimate. e.g. Many children become attached to some inanimate object, such as a blanket or soft toy. 很多儿童都对一些诸如毯子或柔软玩具这样没有生命的物品产生依恋 |
| 有魅力的; N.魅力; 感召力 [ 个人魅力/感召力 | charisma /kəˈrɪzmə/, charismatic /ˌkærɪzˈmætɪk/ A charismatic person attracts, influences, and inspires people by their personal qualities. 有魅力的,有个人魅力的 [ a charismatic leadership 魅力型领袖; a charismatic personality 有魅力的个性; a charismatic leader; a charismatic manger ] e.g. He seemed a dynamic and energetic leader, well, you know, full of charisma. 他看来是个富有创新力与活力的领导, 充满了个人魅力 e.g. With her striking looks and charismatic personality, she was noticed far and wide.她以出众的相貌和富有魅力的个性闻名遐迩 e.g. He was a charismatic /ˌkærɪzˈmætɪk/ campaigner, and when elected, a very visible leader who courted publicity. voice |
| charisma /kəˈrɪzmə/ You say that someone has charisma when they can attract, influence, and inspire people by their personal qualities. 魅力; 感召力 [ 个人魅力/感召力 the personal charisma; 领袖气质: the leadership charisma [kə'rizmə] ] e..g He has neither the policies nor the personal charisma to inspire people. 他既没有谋略也没有个人魅力去鼓舞人 Personal magnetism or charm 个人吸引力或魅力： eg The television news program is famous for the charisma of its anchors. 以主持人的个人魅力而闻名的一个电视新闻节目 eg He, the U.K. PM, showed his fantastic leadership charisma(领袖气质) in the bilateral meeting. |
| （什么东西有）魅力魔力; （某人）对xxx的痴迷(入迷，着迷）; (童话及传说中的)魔法; 魔咒 | enchantment /ɪnˈtʃɑːntmənt/ [ sth. have enchantment （什么东西有）魅力魔力 ] 1. If you say that something has enchantment, you mean that it makes you feel great delight or pleasure and you're fascinated with it or obsessed by it . （什么东西有）魅力魔力（使你对它着迷）； e.g. The wilderness campsite had its own peculiar enchantment. 此野营地有其自身独特的魅力。 // be fascinated with sth = be obsessed by 对 xxx 着迷/痴迷 2. Your enchantment with something is the fact of your feeling great delight and pleasure because of it and you're fascinatd with it. e.g. Her enchantment/fascination with orchids dates back to 1951. 对兰花的痴迷(入迷，着迷）可追溯到1951年。 e.g. She has strong enchantment with EXO who is one of the most sought-after singer group in Asia now. //吃香的，受欢迎的 sought-after 3 In fairy tales and legends, an enchantment is a magic spell. (童话及传说中的)魔法; 魔咒 e.g. Students can look at topics such as 'Muggles and magic: the escape from the treadmill and the recovery of enchantment' and 'Gryffindor and Slytherin: prejudice and intolerance in the classroom'. 学生研究的课题丰富多彩，比如“麻瓜与魔法：逃离喧嚣尘世，回归魔法世界”以及“格兰芬多和斯莱特林：论课堂的公平与包容”。 |
| 多余冗余的; **被裁减的** | redundant /rɪˈdʌndənt/  1. Something that is redundant is unnecessary or maybe useless, for example, because it is no longer needed or because its job is being done by something else. 多余冗余的 e.g. We need to overhaul the whole MQ book because there are considerable redundant information. Let's keep all topics as simple and minimum as possible, deleting the superfluous words. //If a piece of equipment is overhauled, it is cleaned, checked thoroughly, and repaired if necessary. 全面检修 overhaul the MQ document  2.ADJ If you are made redundant, your employer tells you to leave because your job is no longer necessary or because your employer cannot afford to keep paying you. 被裁减的  N) redundancy 冗余; 裁员 [ data redundancy数据冗余; redundancy check 冗余核对; cyclic redundancy check[计]循环冗赘核对] e.g. Thousands of bank employees are facing redundancy as their employers curtailed costs. 数千名银行职员面临裁员，因为他们的雇主要削减成本 |
| 多余的；不必要的 | superfluous [sju'pə:fluəs]: Something that is superfluous is unnecessary, useless, or is no longer needed, kind of redundant. 多余的, 过多的过剩的，不必要的 e.g. My presence at the afternoon's meeting was superfluous. 我在下午的活动中的出席是多余的(不必要的 ); e.g. We need to overhaul the whole MQ book because there are considerable redundant information. Let's keep all topics as simple and minimum as possible, deleting the superfluous words. |
| （奇迹一般,难以置信）美妙的; 异常美妙的 | marvel, marvellous /ˈmɑːvələs/  1. If you describe someone or something as marvellous, you are emphasizing that they are very good and pretty awesome, incredibly awesome（奇迹一般,难以置信）美妙的; 异常美妙的 e.g. It's the most marvellous piece of music. 这是最美妙的一篇乐曲。 e.g. This poem is so marvellous 这首诗实在是太美妙了 e.g. Welcome to the Picture Gallery where you can got a collection of marvellous paintings all by Australian artists. I think you can buy reproductions of some of these paintings in the museum shop. Well worth a good look.  2.ADV （奇迹一般）美妙地 marvellously e.g. We want people to think he's doing marvellously. 我们想让人们认为他做得真是很棒 // [古] 复制品: reproduction; reproduction of paintings //The tickets to 'West Side Story' were really expensive, but the show was well worth the money. |
| 奇迹般地 | miracle /ˈmɪrəkəl/ => miraculous, miraculously 1. If you say that a good event is a miracle, you mean that it is very surprising and unexpected. 奇迹 e.g. It is a miracle no one was killed in the 7.2-magnitude earthquake,没有人死亡真是个奇迹。eg He is the only survivor in the horrible air crash, so miraculously. 2.ADJ A miracle drug or product does something that was thought almost impossible. 神奇的 e.g. ...the miracle drugs that keep his 94-year-old mother healthy. 保持健康的神奇药物。 3. N-COUNT A miracle is a wonderful and surprising event that is believed to be caused by God. 上帝创造的奇迹 e.g ...Jesus's ability to perform miracles.…耶稣行神的能力 => /mɪˈrækjʊləs/ miraculous, miraculously 1. If you describe a good event as miraculous, you mean that it is very surprising and unexpected. 奇迹般的 e.g. The horse made a miraculous recovery to finish a close third. 马奇迹般地缓过劲来 e.g. Miraculously, the guards escaped death or serious injury. 警卫们奇迹般地逃脱了伤亡。 3. ADJ If someone describes a wonderful event as miraculous, they believe that the event was caused by God. 超自然的 e.g. ...miraculous healing. …奇迹般的治愈 |
| 标准准则 | criterion => criteria[kraɪ'tɪərɪə] (plura)（批评 判断的）标准准则；规范 A criterion is a standard or norm ( 官方）标准 based on which you judge or decide something; a criterion = a standard, a norm((官方）标准), touchstone (试金石; 标准) e.g. Practice is the sole criterion of truth. 实践是检验真理的惟一(判断)标准。  norm: A norm is an official standard or level that organizations are expected to reach. (官方）标准  touchstone: （衡量，评判另一个事情的）试金石; 标准 [ a touchstone of sth ] If you use one thing as a touchstone of another, you use it as a test, a standard, a norm, or a criterion by which you judge or decide the second thing. e.g. Job stability has become the touchstone of a good job for many employees. 工作的稳定性已经成了一份好工作的标准 // touchstone of sth V.S. the cornerstone of sth (xxx东西的）基石 |
| (xxx东西的）基石 | cornerstone /ˈkɔːnəˌstəʊn/ The cornerstone of something is the basic part of it on which its existence, success, or truth depends. 基石 e.g. The doctrine of surplus value is the cornerstone of Marx's economic theory. 剩余价值学说是马克思经济理论的基石 V.S. touchstone /ˈtʌtʃˌstəʊn/ If you use one thing as a touchstone of another, you use it as a test, standard, or criteria by which you judge the second thing. 试金石; 标准 e.g. Job stability has become the touchstone of a good job for many employees. 工作的稳定性已经成了一份好工作的标准。 |
| (同主菜一起上的)配菜) | side dishes: A side dish is a portion of food served at the same time as the main dish. (同主菜一起上的)配菜 E.G. These mushrooms would make a delicious side dish. 这些蘑菇将会是一道美味可口的配菜 e.g. In Korea cuisine, there're lots of delicious side-dishes, that is pickles, various pickles, e.g. raddish, cucumber, seaweed, cabbage. //side-effect(药物的) 副作用 //副业 sideline business |
| 两周 | fortnight /ˈfɔːtˌnaɪt/ A fortnight is a period of two weeks e.g. I hope to be back in a fortnight. 我希望两周后回来 |
| 小说；虚构，编造；谎言 | fiction ['fikʃən] V.S. Non-fiction (e.g. biography, autobiography) 1. a literary work based on the imagination and not necessarily on fact; 2. a **deliberately** false account 编造；谎言 |
| 1. 摩擦, 摩擦力 **2.figurative meaning: (人与人之间的) 摩擦(争执）** | friction /ˈfrɪkʃən/ [ friction loss 摩擦力损失; static friction 静摩擦力 ; friction bearing 滑动轴承 ; 摩擦轴承; reduce friction减少摩擦力] => frictional [力] 摩擦的；由摩擦而生的 frictioal electricity 由摩擦而生的静电] ; fricative 摩擦音的；由摩擦产生的; frictionless 无摩擦的；光滑的 1. If there is friction between people, there is disagreement, argument, or dispute between them. (人与人之间的) 摩擦(争执） e.g. Sara sensed that there had been friction between her children and she tried to sort it out and reconcile these two kids. 萨拉感觉到她的孩子们中间出现了摩擦; 并且努力使两个男生和解（重新成为朋友 V.S. If there is a rupture between people, relations between them get much worse or end completely. 双方的(关系) 破裂; 决裂 V.S. have a rift/crack/fissure with sb. 和某人不和／有间隙了 V.S. have friction with sb 和sb.有摩擦　　 // 调解,斡旋 mediate['miːdɪeɪt] If someone mediates between two groups of people, or mediates an agreement between them, they try to settle an argument or dispute between them by talking to both groups and trying to find things that they can both agree to and finally both can reach the consensus. //relieve/mitigate/alleviate pain, sadness // reconcile /ˈrɛkənˌsaɪl/: If you are reconciled with someone, you become friendly with them again after a quarrel or disagreement. (两个人）和解（重新成为朋友）=> If you reconcile two people, you make them become friends again after a quarrel or disagreement. 使（两个人）和解（重新成为朋友） e.g. ...my attempt to reconcile him with Toby. 2. friction is the force that makes it difficult for things to move freely when they are touching each other. 摩擦力 e.g. The pistons are graphite-coated to reduce friction. 活塞表面涂有石墨以减少摩擦 e.g. In most machines, friction consumes effort, with the result that less work is got out than is put in. 摩擦要消耗功，以致造成输出的功要小于输入的功 |
| 派系 | faction /ˈfækʃən/ 1.派系 A faction is an organized group of people within a larger group, which opposes some of the ideas of the larger group and fights for its own ideas. e.g. A peace agreement will be signed by the leaders of the country's warring factions. 一项和平协议将由该国交战各派领导们签署。 2. N a television programme, film, or literary work comprising a dramatized presentation of actual events (电视、电影、文学等的)纪实 |
| 1. 非常少量的 2.分数 | fraction /ˈfrækʃən/ [ a fraction of = a handful of 非常少量的] 1.A fractio[n o]f something is a tiny amount or proportion of it. e. g. She hesitated for a fractio[n o]f a second before responding. 她犹豫了一下才回应。 e.g. To keep fit, I only eat a fractio[n o]f food in lunch. 2. A fraction is a number that can be expressed as a proportion of two whole numbers. For example, 1/2 and 1/3 are both fractions. 分数 e.g The students had a grasp of decimals, percentages and fractions. 学生们掌握了小数、百分数和分数 |
| 破裂, 骨折 N/V => **分裂 (一个组织，社会组织, 联盟）** | fracture /ˈfræktʃə/  1. N. A fracture is a crack or break in something, especially a bone. (尤指骨头) 断裂 [ 骨折: a bone fracture; (臀部)髋骨骨折: a hip fracture (骨折的）;骨头愈合:The ruptured bones knit together ] e.g. At least one-third of all women over ninety have sustained a hip fracture. 90岁以上的妇女中至少有1/3遭受过(臀部)髋骨骨折。 e.g. I underwent a serious car accident and my legs have a bone fracture. e.g. For example, you got a bone fracture. When the ruptured bones knit (骨头) 愈合, the broken pieces grow together again. e.g. The ruptured bone hasn't knitted together properly. (骨折的）骨头还没有完全愈合 //A rupture is a severe injury in which an internal part of your body tears, ripps, or bursts open, especially the part between the bowels and the abdomen/'æbdəmən/. (体内组织) 破裂 ; 疝气 // abdomen [æb'dəʊmən] 腹部；腹腔 //knit: 1. weave 2. [ (骨头) 愈合  2. V-T/V-I If something such as a bone is fractured, it gets a crack or break in it. 折断 e.g. You've fractured a rib / My one rib is fractured, maybe more than one. 你断了一根肋骨，也许不止一根。 3. V-T/V-I If something such as an organization or society is fractured, it splits into several parts or stops existing. 分裂 (一个组织，社会组织, 联盟） [ 分裂联盟 fracture the football coalition; 分裂 一个小组 fracture the Compiler team ] e.g. His policy risks fracturing the coalition. 他的政策有分裂联盟的危险 |
| (体内组织) 破裂; 使患疝气；　**双方的(关系) 破裂; 决裂** | rupture /ˈrʌptʃə/  1. N-COUNT A rupture is a severe injury in which an internal part of your body tears, ripps, or bursts open, especially the part between the bowels and the abdomen /ˈæbdəmən/ . (体内组织) 破裂 [ 胃穿孔 a rupture of the stomach; 肌腱撕裂 tendon rupture ] e.g. He died of an abdominal /æbˈdɒmɪnəl/ infection caused by a rupture of his stomach. 他死于由一次胃穿孔引发的腹部感染。 //abdoment, abdominal 腹部腹腔，腹肌 2. V-T/V-I If a person or animal ruptures a part of their body or if it ruptures, it tears or bursts open. 使 (体内组织) 破裂; (体内组织) 破裂 ［撕裂韧带 rupture a ligament; a torn ligament, a torn tendon; tendon rupture ] e.g. His stomach might rupture from all the acid. 胃可能会因为所有这些酸而穿孔。e.g. While playing badminton, I ruptured my knee ligament韧带. 打羽毛球的时候，我把跟韧带撕裂了。 // /ˈlɪɡəmənt/ A ligament is a band of strong tissue in a person's body which connects bones. 韧带 3. V-T If you rupture yourself, you rupture a part of your body, usually because you have lifted something heavy. 使患疝气 e.g. He ruptured himself by playing football. 他因踢足球而发了疝气。 4.V-T/V-I If an object ruptures or if something ruptures it, it bursts open. 使爆裂; 爆裂 e.g. Certain petrol tanks in trucks can rupture and burn in a collision. 卡车内的某些油箱会在一次碰撞中爆裂起火。 5. N-COUNT If there is a rupture between people, relations between them get much worse or end completely. 双方的(关系) 破裂; 决裂 V.S. have a rift/crack/fissure with sb. 裂缝；不和 V.S. have friction with sb和sb.有摩擦　e.g. The incidents have not yet caused a major rupture in the political ties between countries. 这些事件尚未造成各国间政治联系的严重破裂。 6. V-T If someone or something ruptures relations between people, they damage them, causing them to become worse or to end. 使 (关系) 破裂; 使决裂 e.g. Brutal clashes between squatters and police yesterday ruptured the city's governing coalition. 昨天私自占地者与警察的野蛮冲突使这座城市的执政联盟破裂 |
| literal: (尤指岩石)裂缝; figurative: （人与人之间的）不和,失和：在良好的关系中的破裂 | rift: A narrow fissure or crack in rock 岩石上狭窄的裂口裂缝 [ fissure: crack, rift 裂缝裂沟; divergence (思想, 观点等的)分歧 )] // If there is a rupture between people, relations between them get much worse or end completely. 双方的(关系) 破裂; 决裂 V.S. have a rift/crack/fissure with sb. 和某人不和／有缝隙了 V.S. have friction with sb 和sb.有摩擦 |
| rift: the **divergence[dai'və:dʒəns, di-]/fissure** among different people's in idea, opinion, or other aspects.(思想, 观点等的)分歧 |
| fissure /ˈfɪʃə/ literal meaning: A fissure is a deep crack or rift in something, especially in rock, cliff, or in the ground. (尤指岩石)裂缝 => figurative meaning: the bad friendship between people normally because of a quarrel, fight, argument, dispute, or misunderstanding. |
| A break, rift, fissure, or crack in friendly relations: 裂痕失和：在良好的关系中的破裂 [ a rift/crack/fissure between siblings. 姐妹间的裂痕; heal the rift/crack/fissure between us 弥补我们之间的裂痕/不和; mitigate/alleviate the rift/crack/fissure between us ] eg She is so mad at me coz I gave her a stoodup放鸽子, I apologized and tried to heal the rifts/crack/fissure between us. e.g. There are some misunderstanding and rifts/cracks/fissures betweem us; and I'm here and try to clear the air and I'm keen to be reconciled with you. //clear the air 消除误会 // If you are reconciled with someone, you become friendly with them again after a quarrel or disagreement. 与…和解／和好 e.g. He never believed he and Susan would be reconciled. //You blow me off = You gave me a stoodup (放鸽子） |
| 鲁莽的; 不顾后果的 | reckless /ˈrɛklɪs/ [**鲁莽的(粗心大意，不记后果的)司机**a reckless driver; 莽撞驾驶: reckless driving ] 鲁莽地; 不计后果地 recklessly //打了就跑，肇事逃逸: hit and run ADJ If you say that someone is reckless, you mean that they act in a way which shows that they do not care about danger, terrible results, or dare consequences that their behaviour will have on other people. 鲁莽的; 不顾后果的 e.g. He is charged with reckless driving. 他被控莽撞驾驶。 e.g The Netherlands, Switzerland and Ireland are among the world's most damaging corporate tax havens, according to a new report by Oxfam. Oxfam researchers said governments around the world are slashing大幅度削减(V.S. jack up) corporate tax rates and allowing "extreme forms of tax dodging" in order to attract investment. They warned that this race to the bottom is "starving countries out of billions of dollars needed to tackle poverty and inequality [ɪnɪ'kwɒlɪtɪ]." "Ordinary people -- particularly the poorest -- are paying the price for this reckless race-to-the-down competition through increases in personal taxes and cuts to essential services, such as healthcare and education," The European Union, the G20 have all steppe[d u]p their efforts to/put in extra efforts to close corporate tax loopholes in the past year, but Oxfam is saying a lot more has to be done. "Governments must work together to stop this crazy race to the bottom on corporate tax and ensure companies pay their fair share," . e.g. He was leaning recklessly out of the open window. 他鲁莽地从开着的窗户探出身子。 //无底线式的竞争 ； 逐底竞争: race to the bottom //put in extra hours / efforts to do sth |
| 和sb.关系融洽; 和睦相处 | rapport /ræˈpɔː/ If two people or groups have a rapport, they have a good relationship in which they are able to understand each other's ideas or feelings very well. 和sb.关系融洽;和睦相处 [rapport sexuel 性交 ; 性交] [be on rapport with sb 跟...和睦相处] e.g. The success depends on good rapport between interviewer and interviewee. 成功取决于采访者和被采访者之间的融洽 Relationship, especially one of mutual trust or emotional affinity亲切感 ;; The bribery scandal affects the PM's rapport with their team members. Eg In marriage, a smart daughter-in-law should be on rapport with the mother-in-laws.婆媳 因该和睦相处。 e.g. At the moment, there seems to be a good rapport[ræ'pɔː] between the couple and the press but William does not pander to them. e.g. 这对夫妇和媒体间关系融洽，但是威廉并没有故意迎合他们（媒体） // affinity: 和 xxx有亲切感 (have an affinity with sb/sth) e.g He has a close affinity with the landscape and people he knew when he was growing up. 他对他成长过程中所熟悉的景色和人们有一种很强的亲切感 |
| N 重归于好; 和解 | rapprochement /ræˈprɒʃmɑ̃ːŋ, raˈprɔʃmɑ̃/ N-SING A rapprochement is an increase in friendliness between two countries, groups, or people, especially after a period of unfriendliness. 重归于好; 和解 e.g There have been growing signs of a rapprochement with Vietnam. 同越南恢复友好关系的迹象日益明显了。e.g. ...the process of political rapprochement between the two former foes. ...这两个仇敌之间的政治和解进程 |
| 1与…和好和解; 2.妥协将就,（不请愿的）接受一件事情 | reconcile /ˈrɛkənˌsaɪl/ (reconciling,reconciled,reconciles) => reconciliation [,rek(ə)nsɪlɪ'eɪʃ(ə)n] 1. V-T If you reconcile two beliefs, facts, or demands that seem to be opposed or completely different, you find a way in which they can both be true or both be successful. 使和谐一致; 调和 e.g. It's difficult to reconcile the demands of my job and the desire to be a good father. 协调/ 调和我工作的要求与我当个好父亲的愿望很难。 2.V-RECIP-PASSIVE If you are reconciled with someone 与…和好, you become friendly with them again after a quarrel or disagreement, clearing the air(消除误会). e.g. He never believed he and Susan would be reconciled. 他不认为他和苏珊会和好。 3. V-T If you reconcile two people, you make them become friends again after a quarrel or disagreement. 使和解 e..g ...my attempt to reconcile him with Toby. …我使他与托比和解的努力。 4. V-T If you reconcile yourself to an unpleasant situation, you accept it, although it does not make you happy to do so. 妥协; 将就,（不请愿的）接受一件事情 To convince (oneself) to accept: 使（自己）不请愿的去接受一件事情 reconcile yourself to stheg He finally reconciled himself to the change in management. 他最终使自己（不请愿的）接受了管理上的那个变化 e.g. She had reconciled herself to never seeing him again.她不请愿的接受再也不和他见面的事实。 5.　ADJ 妥协的; 将就的 reconciled　e.g. She felt, if not grateful for her own situation, at least a little more reconciled to it. 她觉得，即便对自己的处境不心存感激，至少能将就一些了。 |
| 亲切感 | affinity 和 xxx有亲切感 (have an affinity with sb/sth) V.S. vicinity n) 邻近附近: If you [ have an affinity with someone or something ], you feel that you are similar to them or that you know and understand them very well. 亲切感; e.g He has a close affinity with the landscape and people he knew when he was growing up. 他对他成长过程中所熟悉的景色和人们有一种很强的亲切感 |
| 你是做什么（工作）的？ | What do you do? What's your deal? |
| vt. 侵犯；违反 (人权， 肖像权，版权） | infringe / infringe on (infringing,infringed,infringes) [ 侵犯了版权copyright infringement; 侵犯了专利权 patent infringement; infringe (on) sb's copyright; infringe on sb's patent; 侵犯人权 infringe on sb's right ] 1. V-T If someone infringes a law or a rule, they break it or do something that disobeys it. 违反 e.g. He's one of the most sought-after actors in China. The film exploited (make good use of) his image and infringed his copyright. 该影片利用了他的肖像，侵犯了他的肖像权 //受欢迎的，吃香的 sought-after (actor, writer...) 2. V-T/V-I If something infringes (infringes on) people's rights, it interferes with these rights and does not allow people the freedom they are entitled to. 侵犯人权 e.g. They rob us, they infringe (on) our rights, they kill us. e.g. A jury has ordered Apple to pay $626 million in damages after finding that iMessage, FaceTime and other Apple software infringed on another company's patents 侵犯了专利权. 违反人权 =>[ infringe on people's rights/copyright infringement 侵犯版权； human right infringement 侵犯人权 ] e.g. Syed, a business adviser, is leading a pledge保证(书） that is signed by over 100 tech workers and investors to protect people from losing civil liberties公民自由 and to refuse the use of social platforms to infringe on people's rights. "We are saying that we want to protect civil liberties公民自由, and it is essential for business success and prosperity/flourishing. This is an agenda that is as much of a business community's agenda as it is one of folks who are activists, who are doing a great job of advancing rights." Meanwhile, hundreds of tech workers, a huge turnout, have signed another pledge to never build a database of people based on race or religion. It also promises to advocate for ethical data collection within their companies. //签署一个保证（书) sign a pledge //turnout: 出席者；参加人数 the number of people who join a particular event ; the number of participants |
| literal meaning: (用斧头）猛砍; figureative meaning: 大幅度裁减或削减 (headcounts, workforces, stock, welfares) => **另有个人的打算** | axe /æks [ sb. get the axe 被开除; have an axe to grind 另有所图；别有用心; xxx be axed (工作, 公共服务，福利）被砍掉，（电视节目，演员的镜头）被砍掉 ] 1. An axe is a tool used for cutting wood. It consists of a heavy metal blade刀刃 that is sharp at one edge and attached by its other edge to the end of a long handle. 斧子 2. V If someone's job or something such as a public service, some welfares, or a television programme is axed, it is ended suddenly and without discussion. (工作, 公共服务，福利）被砍掉，（电视节目，某种服务）被砍掉 e.g. Community projects are being axed by hard-pressed受困 social services departments. 社区项目正遭到 受困 社会服务部门的削减 e.g. Finally, in the spring gala 春晚, his solo dancing is axed. 他的独舞节目被砍掉了 e.g. Since two years ago, the only welfare in IBM, that is the gym card, was axed based on/in light of the new austerity measures because of plummeted/stumbled company revenue.... 唯一的福利也被砍掉 　　　e.g. Slammed by lower oil revenues, the Saudi Arabia's budget deficit swelled to 366 billion riyals [rɪ'jɑːl]. In response, the government has already slashed/axed energy subsidies and cut wages for officials. But in a new report, it warns of dire consequences if it doesn't press ahead with more austerity measures. //(尤其是国家，政府发放的)补贴，津贴：subsidies; V. subsidize the housing of middle-income groups //dire consequences = terrible results //austerity measures [财政] 紧缩措施 |
| have an axe to grind 磨磨: literal 一把要磨磨的斧头; figurative menaing: 另有所图；别有用心; 另有个人的打算 Like all politicians, he says he wants to do good for people, esp for civil liberties公民自由, but I think he has an axe to grind. 像所有政客一要，他说他要为人民做好事，可是我怀疑他是另有个人的打算 //grind, ground, ground: 1.If you grind a substance such as corn, you crush it between two hard surfaces or with a machine until it becomes a fine powder. 把(玉米，肉）磨碎 grind corns, grind meat e.g. ground meat 2. If you grind your teeth, you rub your upper and lower teeth together as though you are chewing something. 磨牙 3. If you grind something e.g. knife, axe, or balde, you make it smooth or sharp by rubbing it against a hard surface. 把…磨光; 把…磨锋利 |
| // => axis, reference axis 坐标轴: e.g. quadrant ['kwɒdr(ə)nt]象限 is any of the four areas into which a planet is divided by the reference axis 坐标轴 in a Cartesian coordinate system 坐标系, designated first quadrant, second quadrant, third quadrant,and fourth quadrant, counting counterclockwise from the area in which both coordinates (x&y coordinates) are positive. 象限：在笛卡尔坐标系中，被坐标轴分开的平面中的四个区域的任一个 eg the four-quadrant matrix |
| slash /slæʃ/ [ 割腕 slash sb's wrist; 　 朝sb/sth挥砍过去: slash at sb/sth; 　大幅度降价 slash prices; 大幅度的裁员 slash workforces　］ 1. V-T If you slash something, you make a long, deep cut in it normally by using an axe or knife 砍; 劈 e.g. He came within two minutes of bleeding to death after slashing his wrists. 他割腕后 2.N-COUNT Slash is also a noun. 劈砍; 砍击 e.g. He gave the tree stub a strong slash and finally rooted out the stub. //树桩 tree stub/stump; 票根 ticket stub; 烟头 cigarette stub //连根拔起: root out sth 3. V-I If you slash at a person or thing, you quickly hit at them with something such as a knife or axe. [ slash at sb; slash at sth 朝sb/sth挥砍过去 ] e.g. He slashed at her, aiming carefully. 他瞄得准准的，朝她挥砍过去。 4. V-T To slash something such as costs, workforces, or jobs means to reduce them by a large amount, sustantially, considerably 大幅度裁减或削减(headcounts, workforces, stock, welfares) slash = axe [ 大幅度降价 slash prices; 大幅度的裁员 slash workforces] e.g. Car makers could be forced to slash/axe prices.　汽车制造商可能会被迫大幅度降价。 5. N-COUNT A slash is a punctuation, a sloping line that separates letters, words, or numbers, for example, in 340/2/K. |
| [口语]急忙地，匆忙地，忙忙碌碌；**百忙之中(抽空)** | [ on the fly ] |
| N. 摄取量; 理解 | uptake: N) uptake of the mammography testing = undergo the mammography testing e.g. After the ObamaCare, the uptake of the mammography test skyrocketd, almost going through the roof at Q2, 2016.  1. A person's uptake of something is the amount of it that they take in or absorb. 摄取量 V.S. intake: Your intake of a particular kind of food, drink, or air is the amount that you eat, drink, or breathe in. 摄取量; 吸入量; 接受量 e.g. Your intake of alcohol should not exceed two units per day. 你每天酒精摄入量不能超过两个单位 e.g. The drug increases the number of red cells in the blood, enhancing oxygen uptake by 10 percent. 将氧气吸收量提高百分之十。 2. PHRASE You say that someone is quick on the uptake when they understand things quickly. You say that someone is slow on the uptake when they have difficulty understanding simple or obvious things. 理解 = apprehension e.g. She is not an intellectual, but is quick on the uptake. 她不是一个智力超群的人，但是理解事物却很快 |
| 海军上将；舰队司令； | admiral ['ædmərəl] An admiral is a very senior officer who commands a navy. 海军上将 e.g Turkey's President refuses to rule out the death penalty for thousands of people apprehended/arrested after a failed military coup Friday, despite warnings that reintroducing capital punishment could impede/hamper/hinder Turkey's chances of joining the European Union. Among the arrested are 103 generals and admirals['ædmərəl], a third of the general-rank command of the Turkish military. Finally, in Turkey, the military coup had been abortive/foiled/failed 失败. With arrests made in Turkey and eight soldiers who fled to Greece awaiting extradition引渡. //The sacrificed U.S. soilders will be repatriated back to their hometown |
| (陆军、空军或海军的) 上校 | colonel /ˈkɜːnəl/ A colonel is a senior officer in an army, air force, or the marines. (陆军、空军或海军的) 上校 //lieutenant [lef'tenənt, lu:'t-]中尉 //sergeant /ˈsɑːdʒənt/ sergeant is a non-commissioned officer of middle rank in the army, marines, or air force. 中士 |
| 人口统计学 | demography /dɪˈmɒɡrəfɪ/demographer V.S. Geography 地理；地形 Demography is the study of the changes in numbers of births, deaths, marriages, and cases of disease in a community over a period of time. 人口统计学; |
| Adj 人口统计学的； **N. 人口统计数据 ; （一个特定地方的）人口统计数据 ； （一个特定年龄层的）人口统计数据** | demographic [,demə'ɡræfik,-kəl] 1. N-PLURAL The demographics of a place or society are the statistics relating to the people who live there. （一个特定地方的）人口统计数据 ； （一个特定年龄层的）人口统计数据　e.g. ...the changing demographics of the United States. …变化的美国人口统计数据。 2. In business, a demographic is a group of people in a society, especially people in a particular age group. 特定年龄段的人口 　 e.g. The station has won more listeners in the 25-39 target demographic. 这个电台吸引了更多25-39岁年龄段的听众 e.g. "Rogue One", a new Hollywood blockbuster, hit the big screen last weekend, exceeded Disney's expectations. The studio projected that the film would debut in the range of $120 million to $150 million in box office. The audience demographics for "Rogue One" were 59% male and 41% female, while 26% were between the age of 26 and 34. The U.S. opening is roughly $100 million less than the record-breaking $248 million that "Star Wars: The Force Awakens" made its opening weekend last year. But with "Rogue One" being Disney's first "Star Wars" spinoff, the movie premiere['premɪeə] is a great start to what should be a successful theatrical run into January. 　//电视剧, 电影的）续集sequel, spinoff //电影首映: movie premiere ['premɪeə] //人口统计数据 ; 特定年龄段的人口 demographic //好莱芜大片Hollywood blockbuster //(电影）上映 hit the big screen |
| censor; censorship | censor: 检查员, 审查 [movie censorship 电影审查] A person authorized to examine and inspect books, films, or other material and to remove or suppress what is considered not being compliance with the national laws and regulations, normally from the point of ethical, ethnics, morally, politically, or otherwise objectionable. eg That movie is inhibited in China mainland coz it's not passing the "movie censorship 电影审查". eg In January 2010, Google threatened to shut down its Chinese search site at Google.cn, citing censorship rules and the discovery of a cyber attack on its network infrastructure. Two months later, the company said it would stop censoring searches on Google.cn and automatically redirect Chinese users to its uncensored Hong Kong site. eg The news, articles, social media images, any HK protest related posts are being heavily censored and clogged/blocked by CHINA's notorious/disreputable声名狼藉的，恶名昭彰的 internet firewall. |
| census | [ population census 人口普查 ] An official, usually periodic enumeration of a population, often including the collection of related demographic [,demə'ɡræfik] information. //demography /dɪˈmɒɡrəfɪ/ 人口统计学; demographer; demographic [,demə'ɡræfik,-kəl] 1. N-PLURAL The demographics of a place or society are the statistics relating to the people who live there. 人口统计数据; （一个特定地方的）人口统计数据 ； （一个特定年龄层的）人口统计数据 |
| consensus | General agreement or accord:大致上的同意或一致： **reach the consensus on xxx 达成一直意见 //concur with sb. = agree with sb.** |
| 不利的；有害的 | adverse, adversely; harmful, harmfully; be detrimental to // adversity /ədˈvɜːsɪtɪ/ N adversity is a very difficult or unfavourable situation, in a predicament, in a pickle, in a tight spot 困境; 逆境 [ bounce back from adversity /ədˈvɜːsɪtɪ/; run out of adversity /ədˈvɜːsɪtɪ/] e.g. He showed courage in adversity. 他在逆境中显示出了勇气 |
| 除那以外 | **[ On top of that] e.g. On top of that,** Russian officials from the Ministry of Sport or anyone **who is implicated in** the sports **doping** will be refused **accreditation**信赖；鉴定合格 for the Olympic Games in Rio.  **//sports doping: 兴奋剂** |
| 除…以外 | **apart from sth; aside from sth;** except for sth e.g. Um, **apart from** the language difficulties, do you have some questions regarding the course study? |
| 有望成功的; 前景很好的; 有前途的 | promising: Someone or something that is promising seems likely to be very good or successful, with pretty good prospects 前景or outlook 有望成功的; 前景很好的 [ 一个有前途的/有前景的学生 a promising student; 一个有前途的/有前景的项目 a promising project] e.g. Google said the Loon was seen as a more promising project, but concluded Loon was more economically and technically feasible/viable e.g A school has honoured one of its brightest and most promising former students. 最有前途的学生中的一位颁了奖。// V. prosper /ˈprɒspə/ => prosperous = flourishing/booming/thriving => N) prosperity V.S. prospect 前途,前景 V.S. 有前途的(学生，项目) a promising student/project |
| (活动，运动的） 终止终结告终　某人的 死亡 [ | demise /dɪˈmaɪz/ The demise of something or the demise of someone is their end or death.(活动，运动的） 终止终结告终　某人的 死亡 [文化大革命的终结 the demise of the intellectual reform；游行的终结 the demise of the anti-government protest; …改良运动的告终 the demise of the reform movement; 项目的终结 the demise of the project ] e.g. The demise of the project Titan came as Google underwent its Alphabet reorganization in 2015 and marked a new focus on curtailing costs. Google has long been a golden child of the digital age, offering a search engine and other online services that have generally enjoyed instant success. But the company's forays into hardware have proven to be a tougher go, including failures such as Google Glass. 　// 一个非常优秀的孩子　a golden child // If you make a foray into a new or unfamiliar type of activity, you start to become involved in it. 初次涉足 |
| 拔尖的(学生); | **a good cred:** good students with excellent credits in all curriculums in school, not only the required/mandatory/compulsory courses必修的 but also the selective courses and sports [ good creds = top-notch students ]  e.g. He's a **top-notch student** in our class, you know, **a good cred.** |
| "best of the best" | He is **a top-notch拔尖的 student**, actually the "best of the best" in our university. |
| 高质量的 ; 高素质的(人才，员工） | high-caliber talents 高层次人才 ; 高素质人才; high-caliber employees: 高质量的 ; 高素质的员工;  high-caliber university 高水平大学 = top-notch university = big-time univesrity一流的；拔尖的;  high-caliber 高质量的 ; 高素质的  e.g. Standford is the most **big-time**第一流的**, high-caliber高素质的, prestigious有声望的 university** in **ivy school league， where only top-notch一流的拔尖 students** are there. |
|  | big time  1.[ADJ](javascript:;)You can use big time to refer to the highest level of an activity or sport where you can achieve the greatest amount of success or importance. If you describe a person as big time, you mean they are successful and important. 第一流的; 最高级别的  e.g. Standford is the most **big-time**第一流的**, high-caliber高素质的, prestigious有声望的 university** in **ivy school league，where only top-notch一流的拔尖 students** are there.  e.g He took a long time to settle in to **big-time football team.**   他花了很长时间才在 第一流的足球运动中立足。  E.g. Let’s run a rehearsal, just as if you were **a big-time movie director** and you were in charge of a blockbuster movie  2.[N-SING](javascript:;)If someone **hits the big time**, they become famous or successful in a particular area of activity. (活动、职业等的) 顶峰  e.g He **hit the big time** with films such as Ghost and Dirty Dancing.   他因《人鬼情未了》和《热舞》两部影片而到 **达了顶峰**。  3.[ADV](javascript:;)You can use big time if you want to emphasize the importance or extent of something that has happened. 极度  e.g.   Mike Edwards has tasted success big time.  迈克·爱德华兹已尝过飞黄腾达的滋味。 |
| 一个非常优秀的孩子; 一个极优秀的孩子 | a golden child e.g. Tracy is a golden child, handsome and athletic. He's a good cred with good credits in all curriculum course, including compulsory/required courses, selective courses, and sports. Tracy是一个极优秀的孩子，英俊，擅长运动 e.g . The demise/dɪˈmaɪz/ of the project Titan came as Google underwent its Alphabet reorganization in 2015 and marked a new focus on curtailing costs. Google has long been a golden child of the digital age, offering a search engine and other online services that have generally enjoyed instant success. But the company's forays into hardware have proven to be a tougher blunder大错, including failures such as Google Glass.  // If you make a foray into a new or unfamiliar type of activity, you start to become involved in it. 初次涉足 // xxx的终结: the demise /dɪˈmaɪz/ of sth |
| N. 初次涉足（xxx领域,xxx事情）; (带有刺激性或冒险性的) 短程旅行; (对敌人领地的)突袭 | foray /ˈfɒreɪ/  1.N If you [ make a foray into a new or unfamiliar type of activity] , you start to become involved in it. 涉足，初次尝试（xxx领域,xxx事情）; eg.. Amazon is rolling into Singapore, marking its first foray 一nto Southeast Asia. E.g. Emporio Armani, the Italian fashion house, has made a discreet foray into furnishings. 时装公司恩波利·阿玛尼已谨慎地涉足室内装饰业。  2.N You can refer to a short trip that you make as a foray if it seems to involve excitement or risk, for example, because it is to an unfamiliar place or because you are looking for a particular thing. (带有刺激性或冒险性的) 短程旅行 [ make a foray into a place ] e.g. Most guests make at least one foray into the town. 大多数客人至少去过一次城里。  3.N If a group of soldiers [ make a foray into enemy territory ], they make a quick attack there or raid there by a quick invasion, and then return to their own territory. (对敌人领地的)突袭 e.g. These base camps were used by the PKK guerrillas to make forays into Turkey. 游击队用来对土耳其进行突袭 对土耳其进行突袭. |
|  | adequate /ˈædɪkwɪt/  1.ADJ If something is adequate, there is enough of it or it is good enough to be used or accepted. 足够的 e.g. One in four people worldwide are without adequate homes. 世界上1/4的人没有足够的住房。 She is prepared to offer me an amount adequate to purchase another house. 她准备好了给我一笔足以购买另一所房子的钱。 2. ADV 足够地 adequately e.g. Many students are not adequately prepared for higher education. 很多学生没有为高等教育做足准备。 |
|  | 1. abound v) -> abundant: 丰富的；充裕的富饶的； = ample e.g. The room abounded with screaming children 富于；充满 The meeting room abounds with passionate audiences. e.g. Our country is abundant in minerals['minərəl]矿物；. 我国矿产非常丰富 e.g. There is an abundant/ample supply of cheap labour in CHINA. 有丰富的廉价劳动力供应  丰富的营养：abundant nutrition = ample nutrition  2. ample: adj. 丰富的；足够的；宽敞的  e.g. There is ample足够的 disk space;  e.g. These fruits provide ample/abundant 丰富的 nutrition;  e.g. This bedroom is ample enough 宽敞的  3. plenty of = plentiful |
| 令人印象**极**深刻的；令人**极**震惊的 | If you describe something as mind-blowing, you mean that it is extremely impressive or surprising. 令人印象极深刻的; 令人极震惊的 e.g.Without trial and error, the Google factory won't be able to successfully launch mind-blowing "moonshot" technologies. During the development, despite some hiccups/obstacles, like high-profile executive who was poached, it has become a golden child in autonomous vehicles software. // You can refer to a small problem or difficulty as a hiccup, especially if it does not last very long or is easily corrected. 小难题; 打嗝 //一个极优秀的孩子: a golden child //If someone poaches fish, animals, or birds, they illegally catch them on someone else's property. 偷猎; 偷猎者 poacher //if an organization poaches members or customers from another organization, they secretly or dishonestly persuade them to join them or become their customers, normally by providing more benefits. (通过不正当的手段或秘密) 挖走 (其他组织的成员或顾客) e.g Companies sometimes poach employees from one another. |
| 某人解散（一个团体） | disband /dɪsˈbænd/ If someone disbands a group of people, or if a group is disbanded, it stops operating as a single unit. 解散 V.S. dismiss a meeting 解散一个会议　e.g. All the armed groups will be disbanded.所有武装团体将被解散 e.g. EXO, one of the most sought-after hip music groups in Korea, is reported to disband shortly. e.g. Google has shuttered its plan to use massive solar-powered drones to deliver/beam internet to rural and remote parts of the world. Alphabet, as Google is formally known, disbanded the drone project a year ago. But news of the decision first surfaced浮出水面 Wednesday. The drone project is now integrated with a group of robotics projects at Google's research and development factory, X. But this doesn't mean Google has given up on novel/creative ways of beaming/delivering internet to areas without access. It's still investing in Project Loon, which sends balloons to the edge of space to beam/deliver internet to the land below //sought-after 吃香的，受欢迎的 one of the most sought-after actors |
| 百叶窗 | shutter /ˈʃʌtə/  1. Shutters are wooden or metal covers fitted on the outside of a window. They can be opened to let in the light, or closed to keep out the sun or the cold. 百叶窗 shutters = blinds [ 打开了百叶窗 open the shutters = open the blinds ] e.g. She opened the shutters and gazed凝视 out over village roofs. 她打开了百叶窗，朝村里的房顶凝望去。 2. The shutter in a camera is the part which opens to allow light through the lens when a photograph is taken. (照相机的) 快门 [按快门 press the shutter ] e.g. There are a few things you should check before pressing the shutter release. 在按快门 |
| 百叶窗帘 | blind: N) A blind is a roll of cloth or paper which you can pull down over a window as a covering. 窗帘; 百叶窗帘 e.g. Pulling the blinds up, she let some of the bright sunlight in. Adj) If you are blind with something such as tears or a bright light, you are unable to see for a short time because of the tears or light. 因 (眼泪或强光) 而暂时看不见的 blinding light 刺眼的强光 |
| (闪瞎眼睛的）一道强光/眩目的光芒 | a blinding light eg Some report feeling as if they are hovering above their own bodies, while others find themselves drawn towards a blinding light. 或被眩目的光芒吸引而去。 eg Put on your sunshine grasses so that you needn't squint眯眼看 when driving against the sun blinding lights. |
| blindfold n/v blindfolded | [blindfold sb's eyes] literal meaning: （如用或似用绷带等）蒙住眼睛 To cover the eyes with a bandage. eg I **blindfolded the kid's eyes,** prevent him from watching the bloody and brutal scenes in the movie. |
| figurative meaning: [blindfold sb's eyes ] 蒙骗,蒙蔽某人的双眼，使思想不清; 蒙蔽人的事物[言行等]; To prevent from seeing and especially prevent from comprehending and understanding. eg His maneuvering words have blindfolded her eyes, preventing her from distinguishing the truth of facts. // 巧妙的计策；花招; n) maneuver = ruse [ruːz]= artifice ['ɑ:tifis] = tricks；[卑鄙的花招a shabby trick/maneuver/ruse] //maneuvering words 花言巧语 |
| n. 横梁；光线；电波；船宽； vt. 发送 deliver；以横梁支撑；用…照射；绽开笑容 | bean 1. If you say that someone is beaming (at somebody), you mean that they have a big smile on their face because they are happy, pleased, or proud about something, full of felicity /fɪˈlɪsɪtɪ/ 绽开笑容 e.g. Frances beamed at her friend with undisguised admiration.弗朗西丝用毫不掩饰的羡慕的神情朝她的朋友们绽开了笑容。 "Welcome back," she beamed. ”她笑容满面地说。 2. A beam is a line of energy, radiation, or particles sent in a particular direction. (能量、辐射、粒子) 束 [ 能量束 energy beams; 辐射束 radiation beams; 粒子束particle beams; 激光束 laser beams ] 3. If radio signals or television pictures are beamed somewhere, they are sent there by means of electronic equipment. 播送,传送 beam sth = deliver or broadcast sth => beam out sth: (Broadcasting) to divert or aim (a radio signal or broadcast, light, etc) in a certain direction e.g The interview was beamed live across America. 那场访谈同步播送至全美。 e.g. Google has shuttered its plan to use massive solar-powered drones to deliver/beam internet to rural and remote parts of the world.  4. A beam of light is a line of light that shines from an object such as a lamp. (光) 束 e.g. A beam of light slices through the darkness. 一道光束划破了黑暗。 5. A beam is a long thick bar of wood, metal, or concrete, especially one used to support the roof of a building. 梁, 横梁 e.g. The ceilings are supported/underpinned by oak beams. 天花板由橡木横梁支撑着 //underpin: If one thing underpins another, it helps the other thing to continue or succeed by supporting and strengthening it. 支撑; 加固 |
| v) (从底层的）支撑/支持(建筑物）; 加固; 有助于支持 | 1. underpin sth = support sth from beneath with evidence or authority or make more certain or confirm 1. If one thing underpins another, it helps the other thing to continue or succeed by supporting and strengthening it from beneath. (从底层）支撑/支持; 加固; 有助于支持 e.g. The ceilings are underpinned by oak beams. 天花板由橡木横梁支撑着e.g. Solving these issues requires change, and as the organization changes, so must the IT systems that underpin (support it) . |
| 2. **n) (xxx的底层）支撑基础 underpinning [ 经济（支撑）基础 economic underpinning ]**  e.g. ...**the economic underpinning** of ancient Mexican society. ...古代墨西哥社会的**经济基础** |
| (教堂等建筑物的) 尖顶; (螺旋形结构的)盘管或拐角 | spire /spaɪə/ 1. The spire of a building such as a church is the tall pointed structure on the top. (教堂等建筑物的) 尖顶 e.g. The building, which tops out at 605 feet with the spire, was not damaged. 2. any of the coils or turns in a spiral structure (螺旋形结构的)盘管或拐角 => spiral 螺旋 3. V to assume the shape of a spire; point up 猜想(塔尖的形状); 指向上 |
| 摆设酒宴者, 饮酒狂欢者 | revel ['rɛvl] V), reveller ['revələ] 饮酒狂欢者；摆设酒宴者 revel: vi. 狂欢；陶醉 n. 狂欢；闹饮；喜庆狂欢活动 e.g. Revellers are people who are enjoying themselves in a noisy way, often while they are drunk. 纵酒狂欢者 e.g. ...a crowd of Fourth of July revellers. ...一群在7月4日国庆日饮酒作乐的人 e..g A gunman opened fire in Reina nightclub at about 01:30 local time, as revellers welcomes the new year. "This was a massacre, a truly inhuman savagery. A manhunt for the terrorist is under way. Police have launched operations. We hope the assailant/əˈseɪlənt/ , who is still on the loose, will be captured soon. // 宿醉, 因余醉未醒感到难受的, 心里难受的 hangover from alcohol //massacre (NanJing massacre), carnage, holocaust; V)slaughter //A manhunt is a major search for someone, esp a fugitive suspect逃犯, who has escaped or disappeared. (对逃亡者或失踪者的)追捕 //(a fugitive criminal) is on the loose 逍遥法外 |
| (职位上的工作上）接替 | If you s**ucceed another person**, you are the next person to have their job or position, becoming the succesor of that person (职位上的工作上）接替 e.g. David is almost certain to succeed Jill as chairman on January 1. |
| Someone's **successor** is the person who takes their job after they have left. (职位上的工作上）继任者 e..g He set out several principles and ground rules that he hopes will guide his **successors.** |
| 继承 (财产) | If you **inherit sb's money or property**, you receive it from someone who has died. 继承 (财产) e.g. He has no son to inherit his land. 他没有儿子来继承他的土地 |
| 继承人 heir **/ɛə**/ An heir is someone who has the right to **inherit a person's money, property, or title** when that person dies. **[ the heir to somebody; the heir to the throne王位继承人; the heir / εə/ to the Samsung empire 三星帝国的继承人]** |
| n 遗产; 传统 | N. heritage => ['herɪtəb(ə)l] 可继承的 A country's heritage is all the qualities, traditions, or features of life there that have continued over many years and have been passed on from one generation to another. 遗产; 传统 e.g. The historic building is as much part of our heritage as the paintings. 这座历史建筑和这些绘画作品一样也是留给我们的遗产的组成部分 |
| 艰难难熬（的时期 ） | dismal adj. 凄凉的，忧郁的阴沉的，沉闷的 n. 低落的情绪 V.S. grueling 累垮人的；折磨人的(suffering, torturing) V.S. 令人毛骨悚然的；爬行的 creepy V.S. 拷问的；使受苦的；使痛苦的 torturing 苦斗的苦苦挣扎的 struggling [ a grueling time] [ tide over that grueling time 度过艰难难熬的时期 e.g. You cannot imagine how I did tide over that grueling time. |
| 企业集团 | conglomerate [kən'glɒm(ə)rət] 企业集团e.g. LG, SamSung e.g. e.g. Prosecutors have named the heir / εə/ to the Samsung empire as a suspect in the massive corruption and embezzlement挪用公款 scandal that has rocked South Korea. Samsung Vice Chairman Lee, who is expected to succeed his ailing/sick father at the top of the country's biggest conglomerate [kən'glɒm(ə)rət] 企业集团, has been summoned召唤/传召 for questioning over suspicions including bribery, corruption, and embezzlement. Samsung declined to comment on the prosecutors' announcement that Lee was a suspect in the investigation into the scandal. During a public grilling by lawmakers last month, Lee denied any wrongdoing emphatically. e.g. South Korean conglomerate Lotte said its duty free stores have taken a huge hit // [ 不怀好意的盘问/拷问 a hostile grilling; unfriendly grilling 公众的盘问,拷问: a public grilling ['griliŋ] ] |
| 财阀; 韩国财阀 | **chaebol /ˈtʃeɪbɒl/ 韩国财团 LG, Lotte and Hyundai V .S. conglomerate 企业集团e.g. LG, SamSung**  1.N a large, usually family-owned, business group in South Korea 韩国财团 [The chaebol 财阀; Korean Chaebol 韩国财阀; the family-run chaebol; Chaebol group 家族企业集团 ] e.g. The court in South Korea has sentenced Samsung's heir [ɛr] Lee Jae-yong to five years in prison for corruption, bribery, and embezzlement [ɪm'bɛzlmənt]挪用公款. Lee was convicted宣告…有罪 of bribery in a scandal that also saw the impeachment弹劾 of South Korea's former president. The case has gripped(抓住控制; 强烈地影响) the public amid growing anger against South Korea's biggest companies, known as Korea chaebols/ˈtʃeɪbɒl/ or conglomerate [kən'ɡlɑːmərət] 企业集团. What is a chaebol or conglomerate? • The word chaebol is a combination of the Korean words for clan and wealth • It is the name given to South Korea's massive family-run business empires that wield huge influence in the country • They normally own numerous international enterprises |
| 企业界大亨，巨头 | tycoon: A bloc is a group of countries that have similar political aims and interests and that act together over some issues. (具有相似政治目标和利益的国家结成的) 阵营 [...the former Soviet bloc.…前苏联阵营] |
| 小人物：被认为不重要的人, 虾兵蟹将 | shrimp: a person regarded as unimportant and unnecessary. shrimp 小人物：被认为不重要的人, 虾兵蟹将小人物 |
| pawn: one of the eight smallest and least valuable pieces which each player has in the game of chess [literal meaning (国际象棋 中的)兵, 卒;] [figurative meaning 喻] a trivial微不足道的 person who is not important and inessential, just with little significance and value 爪牙走卒, 可轻易牺牲、无足轻重的人或物 |
| 显赫的人物 | big fish: an important person normally with great fame and repuatation, who plays an importantand essential role in a specific event e.g. In my DP ID team, I'm just a shrimp but F is a big fish. |
| (政府或教会的) 显要人物,位高权重 | dignitary /ˈdɪɡnɪ**tər**ɪ/ : Dignitaries are people who are considered to be important because they have a high rank in government or in a church. (政府或教会的) 显要人物, 位高权重 • ...an office fund used to entertain visiting dignitaries.   …一笔用于招待来访要员的办公资金。 |
| (尤指新闻、影视界的)大人物; 大亨 | mogul ['məuɡəl, ,məu'ɡʌl]: A mogul is an important, rich, and powerful businessman, especially one in the news, film, or television industry; a businessman or businesswoman who has great power and influence in a particular industry] (尤指新闻、影视界的)大人物; 大亨  **[ 电影业/传媒业/赌博业等大亨[巨头] movie mogul e.g.华宜兄弟; media mogul, e.g. Modok; gambling mogul, e.g. 澳门赌王:** |
|  |  |
| 联合组织 | A syndicate is an association of people or organizations that is formed for business purposes or in order to carry out a project. 联合组织 **[ crime syndicate; IELTS syndicate ]** |
| V 盘问,拷问 | BBQ grill 烤架 => figurative: grilling ['griliŋ]盘问,拷问 [ 不怀好意的盘问/拷问 a hostile grilling; 公众的盘问,拷问: a public grilling ['griliŋ] ] grill: If you grill someone about something, you ask them a lot of questions for a long period of time; interrogate sb. 盘问 e.g Grill your travel agent about the facilities for families with children. 向旅行社多问问为有孩子随行的家庭提供的设施。 e.g. He faced a hostile grilling from the committee's Republicans.不怀好意的盘问  e.g. Hodgson knew his time was up, but it didn't save him from humiliation. It's a rite of passage仪式 that any England football coach who fails in a major tournament must face a public grilling 公众的盘问. But Hodgson resigned before most had caught their breath after his team's embarrassing 2-1 defeat by Iceland at Euro 2016. Hodgson had been in charge of the national team for four years but his squad's poor showing at the tournament in France was the **last straw.**  e.g. Prosecutors have named the heir / εə/ to the Samsung empire as a suspect in the massive corruption scandal that has rockedSouth Korea. Samsung Vice Chairman Lee, who is expected to succeed his ailing/sick father at the top of the country's biggest conglomerate [kən'glɒm(ə)rət] 企业集团, has been summoned召唤/传召 for questioning over suspicions including bribery and corruption. Samsung declined to comment on the prosecutors' announcement that Lee was a suspect in the investigation into the scandal. During a public grilling by lawmakers last month, Lee denied any wrongdoing emphatically. He said Park didn't directly ask him to support the two foundations controlled by Choi   |  |  | | --- | --- | | * **终于使人无法忍受的最后一击(压倒 sb.的最后一根稻草) the last straw /straw: 干稻草； 吸管** e.g. … Hodgson had been **in charge of** the national team for four years but his squad's poor showing at the tournament in France was the **last straw** and finally he resigned.e.g. "Our Christmas party this year was the **last straw** for me," said Castor, whose early departures to attend a scrapbooking class have resulted in the advertising firm losing two separate clients. “我们今年的圣诞晚会是我的 **最后一根稻草(终于使人无法忍受的最后一击)**” * **最后的手段/最后的办法/没办法中的办法: last resort [rɪ'zɔːt] e.g.** We **strongly recommend** that the company **lay off** additional low-performance workers only as **a last resort最后的手段/办法/没办法中的办法,** to preserve company morale气势. * **背水一战: the last stand**  e.g. There’s no space for us to step back/retreat. What left is “the last stand”. //retreat: A retreat is a quiet, isolated place that you go to in order to rest or to do things in private. 隐居处; 休养身心处 go for a retreat | | |  | | |
| LGTM | (Lood Good To Me |
| FWIW | for what it is worth; an abbreviation used in emails, to say that you are not sure if what you are writing is very useful 不论有没有用〔电子邮件中的缩写，表示不确定正在写的东西是否很有用〕 |
| 天鹅绒 | \* velvet: a/n天鹅绒  \* rope line: A rope line is a rope, often covered with velvet, that separates celebrities from a crowd.  e.g. Hillary Clinton regularly mentions her granddaughter, Charlotte, at political events and is often asked about the baby when she works the rope line after events, with people asking for updates on Charlotte's progress with walking and talking.  e.g. At the main Shanghai store of Louis Vuitton there is a queue to get in at weekends ? young women wait patiently in the rope line, as if they were trying to get into the hottest new LA club. |
| subsidies V.S. allowance V.S. stipends | (政府给的)补贴；津贴 A subsidy is money that is paid by a government or other authority in order to help an industry or business, or to pay for a public service. [ financial bailout; financial subsidies] e.g. European farmers are planning a massive demonstration against farm subsidy cuts. 欧洲的农场主们正在策划一场反对削减农场补贴的大游行 |
| subsidize /ˈsʌbsɪˌdaɪz/ [ 补贴xxx住房 subsidize the housing of somebody ] 1. V-T If a government or other authority subsidizes something, they pay part of the cost of it. 补贴 xxx e.g. Around the world, governments have subsidized the housing of middle- and upper-income groups. 全世界各政府都补贴过中高收入人群的住房。 2. ADJ 被补贴了的 subsidized e.g. ...heavily subsidized prices for housing, bread, and meat. …受到高额补贴的住房、面包和肉类价格 e.g. He is living on the food stamp, subsidized by government 他靠政府补贴的粮票为生 e.g. Saudis have long enjoyed heavily subsidized water, gas and other energy supplies. That began to change this year when a "marginal correction" was introduced, saving the government about 28 billion riyals. |
| allowance /əˈlaʊəns/  1. N-COUNT An allowance is money that is given to someone, usually on a regular basis, in order to help them pay for the things that they need. 补贴,津贴 [ 交通补贴 the transportation allowance; 电话补贴 the phone allowance; ] e.g. Sadly, the last welfare in IBM, that is the monthly transportation allowance, has been axed (被坎掉了） in 2016. 3. N-COUNT A particular type of allowance is an amount of something that you are allowed in particular circumstances. 限额 e.g. Most of our flights have a baggage allowance of 44 lbs per passenger. 我们大多数航班的行李限量是每位乘客44磅。 4. N-COUNT Your tax allowance is the amount of money that you are allowed to earn before you have to start paying income tax. 免税额 e.g. Changes for this year include an increase in the tax allowance. 今年的变化是免税额的增加。 Income taxes skyrocketed and tax allowances were lowered. 所得税急剧上升而免税额却下降了。 5. PHRASE If you make allowances for something, you take it into account in your decisions, plans, or actions. 考虑到某事 e.g They'll make allowances for the fact it's affecting our performance. 他们会将影响我们表现的因素考虑进去。 She tried to make allowances for his age. 她已经尽力考虑到他的年龄了。 6. PHRASE If you make allowances for someone, you accept behaviour from them that you would not normally accept, because of a problem that they have. 体谅某人 e.g. He's tired so I'll make allowances for him. 他累了，所以我会体谅他 |
| stipend /ˈstaɪpɛnd/  [HK] 助学金; 薪水; 生活津贴/综援 1. A stipend is a sum of money that is paid to a student or volunteer for their living expenses. 助学金， stipends = scholarship 2. A stipend is a sum of money that is paid regularly to someone, for example a member of the clergy, for their services or to cover their living expenses. 薪俸; 生活津贴 stipends = salary and allowance e.g. Hong Kong does not formally recognize the United Nations Refugees Convention. And the Hong Kong Security Bureau told CNN in an email that asylum seekers will not be allowed to settle here permanently. The city authorities do provide monthly rent payments, as well as additional stipends生活津贴 for utilities, transport and food coupons. |
| 古怪的，异乎寻常的; 反常的 n. 古怪的人 | 希奇古怪的, 异乎寻常的 bizarre, odd, weird, eccentric, and unusual eg This situation is bizarre . [weirdo: a person regarded as being very strange or eccentric. 怪人] e.g. what a such a weirdo. e.g I had a blind date with a man; well, he's such a weirdo. His mind is full of so outdated steretypes |
| eccentric /ɪkˈsɛntrɪk/  1. ADJ If you say that someone is eccentric, you mean that they behave in a strange or bizarre way, and have habits or opinions that are different from those of most people. 古怪的; 异乎寻常的 e.g. He is an eccentric character who likes wearing a beret and dark glasses. 他是个怪人，喜欢戴贝雷帽和墨镜。 2. N-COUNT An eccentric is an eccentric person = a weirdo 古怪的人 e.g. Askew used several names, and had a reputation as an eccentric/ weirdo 艾斯丘用过几个名字，并以“怪人”著称 |
|  | a dash of sth = a little e.g. Put a dash of lime juice in the fish. e.g Put the cocktail glass up side down; rim the glass with a dash of salt. |
|  | by a stint = for a short period of time //stink, stinky |
|  |  |
|  | an add-hoc meeting 临时加的会议 |
|  | the rat race |
|  | steadfast: [remain steadfast; keep steadfast] marked by firm determination or resolution; not shakable, especially in loyalty.  e.g He remained steadfast in his belief that he had done the right thing. |
| words of funeral | \* memorial, monument \* funeral  \* pallbearer  \* 火葬 cremate sb ['krimet]; cremation[krə'meʃən] \* 墓地；公墓 cemetery ['sɛmə'tɛri] \* （尤指对死者的）致敬，悼念，吊唁礼物 pay tribute to sb. \* eulogy, eulogies: 悼词； 颂词；颂扬 e. While organizers say they will not release a full list of dignitaries attending Friday's memorial service -- the cornerstone event -- they have said that former President Bill Clinton, actor and comedian Billy Crystal and journalist Bryant Gumbel are among those scheduled to give eulogies |
| 把 (玉米，肉）…磨碎,磨成粉; 磨牙; 把(刀， 斧头，刀刃，针） 磨光; 把…磨锋利； (机动车) 嘎嘎作响地缓慢移动； (经济或进程等) 渐渐地停止 ； (机动车) 轰隆隆地慢慢停了下来 | grind /ɡraɪnd/ ground, ground 1. If you grind a substance such as corn, you crush it between two hard surfaces or with a machine until it becomes a fine powder 粉. 把 (玉米，肉）…磨碎,磨成粉 [ ground meat: 肉末; ground beef ; a meat grinder = mincer] e.g. Store the peppercorns in an airtight container and grind the pepper as you need it. 将胡椒子储藏在密封容器里，当你需要的时候把它磨成粉。 e.g. Grind down the rice into flour. 这米要磨成粉。 3. If you grind something into a surface, you press and rub it hard into the surface using small circular or sideways movements. 碾压, 碾灭(烟头） e.g. "Well," I said, grinding my cigarette nervously into the granite step. “好吧，”我边说边紧张地把香烟在花岗岩台阶上碾灭。 4. If you grind your teeth, you rub your upper and lower teeth together as though/if you are chewing something. 磨牙 5. If you grind something (such as axe, knife), you make it smooth or sharp by rubbing it against a hard surface. 把(刀， 斧头，刀刃，针） 磨光; 把…磨锋利 [ grind the knife; grind the axe; 把刀刃磨锋利; grind the blade, grind th needle ] e.g. My knife becomes blunt, can you help me to grind it/grind the knife? 菜刀变钝了，能帮我磨一下吗? 6. If a vehicle grinds somewhere, it moves there very slowly and noisily, esp with considerable friction ( 摩擦). (机动车) 嘎嘎作响地缓慢移动 e..g Tanks had crossed the border at five fifteen and were grinding south. 坦克已在5点15分穿过边界，然后隆隆地向南开去。 7. N-SING The grind of a machine is the harsh, scraping noise that it makes, usually because it is old or is working too hard. (机器因年久或过度使用而发出的) 刺耳的磨擦声 [ 重型机器发出的嘎嘎磨擦声 the grind of heavy machines ] e.g. The grind of heavy machines could get on their nerves. 重型机器发出的嘎嘎磨擦声会让他们心烦意乱。 8. N-SING If you refer to routine tasks or activities as the grind, you mean they are boring and take up a lot of time and effort. 苦差事 [ a terrible grind ] e.g. Life continues to be a terrible grind for the ordinary person. 生活一直是个糟糕的苦差事。 9. If a country's economy or something such as a process grinds to a halt, it gradually becomes slower or less active until it stops. (经济或进程等) 渐渐地停止 e.g. The peace process has ground to a halt while Israel struggles to form a new government. 和平进程已逐渐停顿下来。 10. If a vehicle grinds to a halt, it stops slowly and noisily. (机动车) 轰隆隆地慢慢停了下来 e.g. The tanks ground to a halt after a hundred yards because the fuel had been siphoned out. 坦克在行驶100码后由于燃料被抽走而轰隆隆地慢慢停了下来 |
| 把（肉xxx) 切碎剁碎; 细分,把（如，土地）分成小块 | mince sth: to cut or chop sth (especially meat) into very small pieces or particles 把（肉xxx) 切碎剁碎 eg This knife is too blunt钝 to mince the meat. eg the mince-pie 碎肉馅饼 eg The minced beef/ground beef is a ground meat made of beef, finely chopped by a meat grinder. It is used in many recipes, such as mince-pie碎肉馅饼. In some parts of the world, a meat grinder is called a mincer. 绞细牛肉, 用绞肉机（mincer) 绞好的肉 //grind, ground, ground: 1.If you grind a substance such as corn, you crush it between two hard surfaces or with a machine until it becomes a fine powder. 把(玉米，肉）磨碎 e.g. ground meat 2. If you grind your teeth, you rub your upper and lower teeth together as though you are chewing something. 磨牙 3. If you grind something e.g. knife, axe, or balde, you make it smooth or sharp by rubbing it against a hard surface. 把…磨光; 把…磨锋利 |
| To subdivide (land, for example) into minute parts 细分：把（如，土地）分成小块 eg In the agile SW developing process, we must mince one story into specific tasks. |
| [mince words: 装腔作势地娇揉造的说话; 吞吞吐吐得说话; mince matters: 装腔作势地娇揉造作的干事；] To pronounce in an affected way, as with studied elegance, grace, and refinement. eg mince words/matters 假作高雅地说,装腔作势地娇揉造作的说话, 吞吞吐吐的说话 eg He never mince matters [his words]. 他很直爽, 从来不装腔作势地娇揉造的说话 eg A doctor at a government-run Ebola treatment center is too busy to mince words. 太忙了，没时间吞吞吐吐得说话； eg Don't mince words: say what you mean. 不要吞吞吐吐的(的说话)：把你的意思直说出来 |
| eg A woman minced up to them. 一位妇女**扭扭捏捏娇揉造作**地向他们走来。 |
| 绞肉机; 说话老是吞吞吐吐的人; 走路扭捏的人, 娇揉造作的人 | mincer: 1) [ **mincer = meat grinder 绞肉机 ]**; 2) 说话老是吞吞吐吐的人; 走路扭捏的人, 娇揉造作的人 |
| 削皮器; 剥皮器 | peeler /ˈpiːlə/ A peeler is a special tool used for removing the skin from fruit and vegetables.  **[ ..a potato peeler; a cucumber peeler; an apple pealer ...土豆削皮器 ]** 2. N →another word for policeman |
| 拼贴画; (把彩纸和布粘在纸上的) 拼贴法 | collage /kəˈlɑːʒ/ V.S. collateral [法] 担保品/抵押品；旁系亲属 1. N-COUNT A collage is a picture that has been made by sticking pieces of coloured paper and cloth onto paper. 拼贴画 e.g. ...a collage of words and pictures from magazines. …用杂志上的词语和图片做成的拼贴画。 2.N-UNCOUNT Collage is the method of making pictures by sticking pieces of coloured paper and cloth onto paper. (把彩纸和布粘在纸上的) 拼贴法 e.g. The illustrations make use of collage, watercolour, and other media. 这些插图用上了拼贴法、水彩以及其他的手法 |
| 大家庭 | **extended family;**  eg My grandparents live with us, so we are **an extended family** 因此我们有个**大家庭。** EG In the West, the basic economic and social unit is the individual; in Africa, it is **the extended family** or the **collective.** 而在非洲，这是属于大家庭或者是集体的。 |
| 家属 | depend on => dependents (plural form): a person who relies on another person for support (especially financial support) e.g. To the Sales department, a member is a subscriber and all dependents if that subscriber is eligible for renewal. 成员是订户和他们抚养的所有家属（如果订户需要续签合同的话) e.g. Your Confirmation of Permanent Residence will include identification information, your passport-sized photograph, as well as an expiry date by which you and your dependents must arrive in Canada. 永久居留地确认包括身份信息、照片和规定你和家属何时必须到达加拿大的有效期限 。 //eligible, eligi'bility: 1) qualified 2) an eligible person is sb. who is not married yet, and to be considered by most people to be their suitable partner 领人满意的结婚对象. |
| 直系亲属 v.s. 旁系亲属 | immediate family (members) V.S collateral family members [kə'lætərəl]  e.g. Unusually, Park said the diplomat had been with his entire immediate family overseas when he was posted in U.K. "That's quite rare ... a lot of the time there will be a son or an immediate family member that's still back in North Korea kind of as collateral旁系亲属 to make it harder for people to defect," he said. From January to July 814 North Koreans have defected to叛变 the South, according to South Korea's Unification Ministry, compared to 705 over the same period in 2015. //(宗教)皈依者；改变宗教信仰者: convert to Muslim; convert to Buddhism |
| 同父异母兄弟；同母异父兄弟 ; 同父异母或同母异父姐妹 | 同父异母兄弟；同母异父兄弟:half-brother; 同父异母或同母异父姐妹 half-sister; => 妻与前夫所生的孩子；夫与前妻所生子女；受到冷落的人或物: step child, step children; 亲生父母: biological parents /ˌbaɪəˈlɒdʒɪkəl/ = birth parents; 亲姐姐: biological sister/ˌbaɪəˈlɒdʒɪkəl/ ; 亲哥 biological brother; 养父母: foster parents / step parents |
| **1. 担保金; 抵押品; 担保抵押** 2. 旁系亲属 | collateral /kɒˈlætərəl/  1. Collateral is money or property which is used as a guarantee that sb. will repay a loan. (贷款的)担保金; 抵押品; 担保抵押 V.S. 定金 /押金 A deposit is a sum of money which is a small fraction/part of the full price of something, and which you pay when you agree to buy it. E.G. Many people use personal assets as collateral担保抵押 for small business loans. 用个人资产作抵押，办理小额商业贷款 2. "Collateral family members" are descendants 后裔 from a common ancestor but through different lines [ 直系亲属 immediate family members V.S. 旁系亲属 collateral family members ] |
| <start> clothes, dresses |
| (无袖的)斗篷 | cloak /kləʊk/ V.S. The cloakroom['kləukrum] at a public building such as a theatre, superstore, KTV, or club is sort of a cubicle格子间 where customers can leave their coats or bags, usually charged for a small fee. (指公共场所让顾客寄放的)衣帽间 ...a cloakroom attendant.…一名衣帽间服务员 1. A cloak is a long, loose, sleeveless piece of clothing which people used to wear to cover their other clothes when they went out. (无袖的)斗篷 2. A cloak of something such as mist, fog, smog, or snow completely covers and hides something. 在(雾雪, smog)的笼罩中, 笼罩在(雾雪, smog)中 [ a mantle of something is a layer of it covering a surface, for example a layer of snow on the ground. 覆盖物; 幕罩  a mantle of snow/ice 薄薄的一层  under a cloak/mantle of heavy smog; under a cloak/mantle of heavy fog/mist a film of (oil) = a thin layer of this thing 薄薄的一层 , e.g. The ocean is coated with a film of disgusting/sickening sewage and oil. e.g. The countertop is coated with a film of flour 厨房的面台上覆了一层薄薄的面粉. a blanket of snow/ice = a thick layer of sth 厚厚 的一层 ] e.g. Because of serious air pollution, xi'an is under a cloak/mantle of heavy smog, I have to buy an air purifier that can suck up the dirty air to some degree //suck up sth (抽油烟机）抽 (液体、气体). e.g. Today most of New England will be under a cloak/mantle of thick mist. 在浓雾的笼罩中. e.g. During winder, the whole North of China is completely under a cloak/mantle of hazy smog 笼罩在雾霾下. |
| 3. If you refer to something as a cloak, you mean that it is intended to hide the truth about something, esp. the disgusting/sickening things. (遮掩真相的)幌子 e.g. Do you really believe that the hazy smog is mainly caused by the car ejection/discharge 排出物? Well, I don't think so, to be honest, the car ejection is only a cloak(遮掩真相的)幌子 that is used to hide the truth about air pollution . The truth is that the goverment imported very cheap oil with poor quality from overseas, which generated harmful/detrimental particles.... e.g. This week, the whole city is under a cloak/mantle of heavy hazy smog. Due to the hazy smog, construction and demolition work were banned for the being time, the Delhi mayor announced emergency measures to protect the public from the terrible air pollution. He cautioned that a limitation policy of odd-even rationing for vehicles should be implemented if the situation does not improve. The policy means that cars would only be allowed to operate on alternating days交替 depending on their license plate numbers. What is more, you must affix your parking sticker to the front of windscreen/windshield. //车牌号 the license plate number, 停车许可 parking permit; 停车证 parking sticker; 车尾贴 bumper sticker // 把你的停车证贴到汽车挡风玻璃 affix the parking sticker to the windscreen/windshield. //Something that is detrimental to something else has a harmful or damaging effect on it. 有害的 |
| 长袍礼服; 睡袍; 浴衣 | robe /rəʊb/ [ dragon robe龙袍 ]  1 A robe is a loose piece of clothing that covers all of your body and reaches the ground. You can describe someone as wearing a robe or as wearing robes. 长袍 e.g Pope wears a white robe 教皇身着白色长袍 2. A robe is a piece of clothing, usually made of towelling, which people wear in the house, especially when they have just got up or taken a bath or take a shower 睡袍; 浴衣 e.g. Kyle put on a robe and went down to the kitchen. 凯尔穿上睡袍，下楼去了厨房 |
| 睡衣；宽长裤 | pajama [pə'dʒɑ:mə] 1. lightweight trousers worn in various eastern countries: pyjama 2. (usually plural) loose-fitting nightclothes worn for sleeping or lounging; have a jacket top and trousers /**/papaya [pə'pɑ:iə] n. 木瓜** |
| 人字拖鞋, 十字拖鞋; | thong /θɒŋ/ V.S. throng: A throng is a large crowd of people. 一大群人 [ a throng of people ]  1. A thong is a long thin strip of leather, plastic, or rubber. 皮带; 细长的塑料带子; 细长的橡胶带子 2. Thongs are open shoes which are held on your foot by a V-shaped strap that goes between your big toe and the toe next to it. 人字/十字拖鞋 wear thongs  3. A thong is a narrow band of cloth that is worn between a person's legs to cover up his or her sexual organs, and that is held up by a piece of string around the waist. 丁字裤 wear a thong e.g. She knows of 9-year-olds asking their mothers to buy them thong underwear. 她认识一些9岁的小女孩，她们让妈妈给她们买丁字裤 |
|  |  |
| <end> clothes, dresses |
| assailant | assailant /əˈseɪlənt/ = attacker an assailant is a person who has physically attacked another person 攻击者 攻击者：攻击他人的人 The assailant fail to stab the president and then detonate the bomb and committed suicide. e.g. A gunman opened fire in Reina nightclub at about 01:30 local time (22:30 GMT), as revellers welcomed the new year. "This was a massacre, a truly inhuman savagery.'' A manhunt for the terrorist is under way. Police have launched operations. We hope the assailant /əˈseɪlənt/ will be captured soon. //detonate the bomb V.S. defuse the bomb 去掉…的雷管 // N) massacre ( NanJing massacre ) ; holocaust; carnage; V) slaughter // A manhunt(对逃亡者或失踪者的)追捕 is a major search for someone who has escaped or disappeared, esp for the fugitive suspect who is on the loose (在逃，逍遥法外） |
| (从空间、容器中)被迫溢出; (从空间、容器中)被迫使出来 | spil[l o]ver =>[ 外溢效应，外溢效果 spill-over effect; Spill-over effect of human capital 人力资本溢出效应 ] 1. V to overflow or be forced out of an area, space, or a container, etc e.g. An unforeseen (but now documented) issue arose which made it necessary to restart the Perforce backup procedure. While it is still possible the upgrade will be finished today, it is more likely to spill over into tomorrow. 2. N the act of spilling over 溢出 3 [ 外溢效应，外溢效果 spill-over effect ] e.g. Advantage of its economy competition depends on developing the cooperative effect between the enterprise, competition effect, knowledge to spill over effect, suck get together reach derive action. .. 知识溢出效应 |
| 羊毛; 诈骗剥削某人 | fleece /fliːs/  1. A sheep's fleece is the coat of wool that covers it. 羊毛 e.g .a special protein which triggers the animal to shed its fleece 脱(羊)毛. 2. A fleece is the wool that is cut off one sheep in a single piece. (从一只羊身上剪下连在一起的) 羊毛 e.g. (羊毛；毛线)Wool can be spun from fleeces. 羊毛可以纺成毛线。 3. If you fleece someone, you get a lot of money from them by tricking them or charging them too much. 诈骗剥削某人（取走了羊毛，剥削）[ fleece sb; fleece sb out of <how much money> ] e.g. She claims he fleeced her out of thousands of dollars. 她声称他诈骗剥削了她几千美元。 4. Fleece is a soft warm artificial fabric. A fleece is also a jacket or other garment made from this fabric. 仿毛织物; 绒毛衣物 ...white leather slippers with fleece lining. …带有绒毛衬里的白色皮拖鞋 |
| 1, (意外的)有价值的收获; (意外的)有价值的效应 1.（电视剧, 电影的）续集； 2.（电视剧, 电影的） (来赚钱的）副产品；衍生作品 | spinoff /ˈspɪnɔːf/  1. A spinoff is an unexpected but useful or valuable result of an activity that was designed to achieve something else. (意外的)有价值的收获; (意外的)有价值的效应 [ 商业(意外的有价值的 )效应 commercial spinoff ] e.g. The company put out a report on commercial spinoffs from its research. 一份关于来自其研究的商业(意外的有价值的)效应的报告。 2. A spinoff is a book, album, film, or television series that comes after and is related to a previously successful book, album (esp. a charbuster畅销品(尤指唱片)), film, or television series, sort of "sequels" or something like ramifications from these books, chartbuster albums, films, or TV series (书、畅销品(尤指唱片),电影, 或电视连续剧的续集sequel; (书、畅销品(尤指唱片),电影, 或电视连续剧的）副产品；衍生作品 [ EXO's spinoff products 周边产品]  V.S. derivative  e.g. The film is a spinoff from the TV series "无间道". 这部电影是电视连续剧"无间道" 的续集／衍生作品  e.g. Unlike other films in the series, "Rogue One" that hit the big screen last weekend, did not focus on the Skywalker family, but instead introduced new characters. This should serve the company well as it heads into future spinoff films (电影的衍生作品).  //(movie)上映 hit the big screen //The ramifications of a decision, plan, or event are ALL its related consequences and effects, especially ones that are not obvious at first. (尤指最初并不明显的)衍生物，衍生出来的东西 // chartbuster 畅销品(尤指唱片) V.S. Hollywood blockbuster 好莱坞大片 |
| 纺纱；(silkworm) 吐丝, 晕眩 | spin /spɪn/ (spun, spun) 1.I If something spins or if you spin it, it turns quickly around a central point. (绕着中心）转动 e.g. The latest disks spin 3,600 times a minute. 转动3600次。[ 打转方向盘 spin the wheel; 猛打方向盘 spin the wheel sharply; (n)(车轮旋转/打滑) wheel-spin ] e.g. He spun the wheel sharply and made a U turn in the middle of the road. 他猛打方向盘，在路中间掉了个头。 Spin is also a noun. 旋转 e.g. This driving mode allows you to reduce wheel-spin (车轮旋转/打滑) in icy conditions. 3. If your head is spinning, you feel unsteady or confused, for example because you are drunk, ill, or over excited. （喝醉，生病，过于兴奋）头晕目眩 [ 感到眩晕 my head is spining = feel dizzy (生病) ] e.g. My head was spinning from the wine. 我因喝了酒而感到眩晕。 4. N. If someone puts a certain spin on an event or situation, they interpret it and try to present it in a particular way. (特意做的) 诠释与宣传 e.g. He interpreted the vote as support for the constitution and that is the spin that his supporters are putting on the results today. 是他的支持者们对今天的结果所做的诠释与宣传。 5.N In politics, spin is the way in which political parties try to present everything they do in a positive way in order to obtain support from the public and media. (政治) 粉饰策略 [ spin tactics ] e.g. The public is getting fed up with **spin (tactics)** and tired of promises. 公众厌倦了 (政治) 粉饰和许诺。e.g. spin a fact = fabrate a fact in order to persuade others to support you //厌倦 get fed up with = be sick/tired of 6. N. If you **[go for a spin or take a car for a spin]**, you make a short trip in a car just to enjoy yourself. 出去兜风 e.g. He celebrated his 99th birthday by going for a spin in his sporty Mazda. 开着他的车出去兜风以庆祝其99岁生日。 => 溜达 [ take a stroll ] e.g. After dinner, I took a stroll round the city. 晚饭后，我绕着城溜达了一圈  7. When people spin, they make thread by twisting together pieces of a fibre such as wool or cotton using a device or machine. 纺线 e.g spin a customer's wool fleece to specification at a cost of $2.25 an ounce. //fleece n. 羊毛，羊毛制的覆盖物 vt. 剪下羊毛；剥削 fleece sb  8. In a game such as tennis or baseball, if you put spin on a ball, you deliberately make it spin rapidly when you hit it or throw it. (击球或投球时故意使球做出的) 快速旋转 He threw it back again, putting a slight spin on the ball.他把球略带旋转地又投掷了回去silkworm: 8. spin: (silkworm) 吐丝, spins a cocoon 吐丝纺织出一个蚕茧 |
| 编织 | knit /nɪt/ 1. If you knit something, especially an article of clothing, you make it from wool 羊毛;绒线 or a similar thread by using two knitting needles or a machine. 编织 [ knit and sew 缝缝织织; knit clothes; knit a sweater] 2. COMB in ADJ Knit is also a combining form. 编织 (用于合成词中) e.g. Ferris wore a heavy knit sweater. [ a knit sweater 针织毛衣 ] //针织针，编织针: knitting needles 3. If someone or something knits things or people together, they make them fit or work together closely and successfully. 紧密连接 e.g The best thing about sports is that they knit the whole family close together. 好处就是将全家紧密连接在一起。 => ...a closer-knit famil…一个连接更为紧密的家庭。 5. For example, you got bone fracture/rupture骨折. When broken bones knit, the broken pieces grow together again. (骨头) 愈合 [ bones knit together ] e.g. The bone hasn't knitted together properly. 骨头还没有完全愈合 |
| weave /wiːv/ (wove,woven,weaves) V.S. waive sth(主动地) 弃权 V.S wave => waver = hesitate 1. V-T/V-I If you weave cloth/ a carpet/ gloves/hat/mat垫子/ rug小地毯, you make it by crossing threads over normally by using two knitting needles and under each other using a frame or machine called a loom(织布机）e.g. They would spin and weave cloth, cook and do housework/household chores [tʃɔː]. 他们纺纱、织布、做饭，还料理家务。  **//charwomane: 钟点工**  e.g. She sat at her loom and continued to weave. 她坐在织布机前，继续织布。 [ woven cotton fabrics 棉织物 ] 3. V-T If you weave something such as a basket, you make it by crossing long plant stems or fibers over and under each other. 编织 (篮子等) [ weave a basket] e.g. Jenny weaves baskets from willow柳条 she grows herself. e.g. The floors are covered with woven straw mats. 用草编织的垫子。 //straw n. 稻草；吸管 V.S. hay: n. 干草 vt. 把晒干 (find a needle in a haystack大海捞针) 5. V-T/V-I If you weave your way somewhere, you move between and around things as you go there. 迂回/穿梭行进 e..g The cars then weaved in and out of traffic at top speed. 汽车然后在车流中高速穿梭前进。 e.g. He weaved around the tables to where she sat with Bob. 他在桌子间穿梭走动，来到她和鲍勃坐的地方 |
| (主动地) 弃权, 自动地放弃一项权利、主张或特权; | V) waive N) 弃权; 弃权证书waiver ['weɪvə] V.) waive sth: intentional relinquishment of a right, claim, or privilege from sb's own wish and willingness. . 弃权, 主动地放弃一项权利、主张或特权; The document that evidences such relinquishment. 弃权书：证实这种放弃的文件 // wave => waver V) 踌躇/摆动 /迟疑 wavering attitde, wavering belief V.S. unwavering belief, unwavering mindset |
| (常以可怕的方式) 赫然出现; 隐约显现; **N 织布机** | loom /luːm/ (looming,loomed,looms) 1.V-I If something looms over you, it appears as a large or unclear shape, often in a frightening and creepy way. (常以可怕的方式) 赫然出现; 隐约显现 e.g. Vincent loomed over me, as pale and grey as a tombstone. 文森特赫然出现在我面前，脸色苍白阴沉得像块墓碑。 // 令人毛骨悚然的；爬行的: creepy, a creepy music 2. V-I If a worrying or threatening situation or event is looming, it seems likely to happen soon. (令人担忧的或危险的情形或事件) 可能发生; 逐渐逼近 e.g. Another government spending crisis is looming in the United States. 又一次政府开支危机正在美国酝酿。 //If a storm is brewing, large clouds are beginning to form and the sky is becoming dark because there is going to be a storm. (暴风雨) 酝酿 3. N-COUNT A loom is a machine that is used for weaving thread into cloth. 织布机 |
| 针织针，编织针 | **knitting needle:** are thin plastic or metal rods which you use when you are knitting. 编织针 e,g, Nina needs nine **knitting needle**s to knit naughty Nita's knickers nicely. 尼娜需要九根**织针**来编制淘气的尼特的漂亮灯笼裤 |
| 1. xxx的手感, xxx的质地质感，xxx的口感 ; 2. (尤指食品、土壤等的) 结构 | texture /ˈtɛkstʃə/  1. The texture of sth is the way that it feels when you touch it or taste it, for example, how smooth or rough it is. xxx的手感, 质地质感; xxx的口感 [ 真丝的手感/质地/质感 a silky texture; 拿铁的口感 the texture of Latte ['lɑːteɪ; 'læteɪ]; 有嚼劲的口感 chewy texture ]  e.g. How do you feel the texture of this Latte ['lɑːteɪ; 'læteɪ]? 你觉得这个 拿铁的口感 如何? Well, bittersweet (经历)苦乐参半的; (味道)又苦又甜的.  e.g. This cloth has a silky texture. 这种布具有真丝的手感/质感  e.g. Bagel is a ring-shaped roll with a tough, chewy texture (有嚼劲的口感/质感）, made from plain yeast[jiːst]酵母dough /dəʊ/生面团 that is dropped briefly into nearly boiling water and then baked. 　　　  // yeast is a kind of fungus which is used to make dough fermented发酵 and then swollen, and in making alcoholic[ælkə'hɒlɪk] drinks such as beer. |
| 2. The texture of something, especially food or soil, is its structure, for example, whether it is light with lots of holes (组织松,气孔多)， or very heavy and solid. (尤指食品、土壤等的) 结构,比如 是组织松,气孔多;或者是重,硬　　 e.g. Matured over 18 months, this cheese has an open, crumbly texture (松脆的组织结构) with a strong flavour. |
| 纺织品; 纺织业 | textile /ˈtɛkstaɪl/  1. Textiles are types of cloth or fabric, especially ones that have been woven or knit 纺织品 e.g. ...decorative textiles for the household. …家用的装饰性纺织品。 //knit (a sweater): 针织, 编织 If you knit something, especially an article of clothing, you make it from wool羊毛；毛线；绒线 or a similar thread by using two knitting needles or a machine called a loom织布机. //weave /wiːv/ (wove,woven) when you weave cloth, rug小地毯, or a carpet, you make it by crossing threads over and under each other using a frame or machine called a loom织布机.  2. Textiles are the industries concerned with the manufacture of cloth. 纺织业 e.g. Another 75,000 jobs will be lost in textiles and clothing. 纺织业又将失去7.5万个就业机会 |
| caliber | calibre /ˈkælɪbə/ TEM4 1. N-UNCOUNT The calibre of a person is the quality or standard of their ability or intelligence, especially when this is high. 能力; 才干 [ High-calibre person] e.g. I was impressed by the high calibre of the researchers and analysts. 对这些研究员和分析员的优秀才干印象深刻。 2.N-UNCOUNT The calibre of something is its quality, especially when it is good. 质量 e.g. The calibre of teaching was very high. 教学质量非常高。 3. N-COUNT The calibre of a gun is the width of the inside of its barrel. (枪、炮的) 口径 e.g. ...a small-calibre rifle. …一把小口径步枪。 4. N-COUNT The calibre of a bullet is its diameter. (子弹的) 直径 e.g. She was hit in the head by a .22-calibre bullet. 她的头部被一颗直径为0.22的子弹击中 // 3 rounds of ammunition 3发子弹； |
| N. [化学] 臭氧；新鲜的空气 | ozone /ˈəʊzəʊn / N-UNCOUNT Ozone is a colourless gas which is a form of oxygen. There is an ozone layer high above the Earth's surface, that protects us from harmful radiation from the sun. 臭氧 => V ozonize ['əʊzənaɪz]: to convert (oxygen) into ozone 使(氧)变成臭氧 e.g What they find could provide clues to what might happen worldwide if ozone depletion (the depletion of ozone) continues. 如果臭氧的损耗继续下去... [ Ozone troposphérique 对流层臭氧; ozone generator 臭氧产生器 ; 臭氧产生机; ozone depletion = depletion of ozone 臭氧层空洞 ; 臭氧消耗 臭氧损耗; an ozone layer 臭氧层 ] // deplete (fuel, energay), depletion, depleted: To deplete a stock or amount of something means to reduce it or even run out of it. 消耗, 耗尽用尽 (fuel, energy) . |
| 1.迎合某人 (表不满); 2.(淫乱之事的)勾引者；拉皮条的人，为妓女拉客者 | pander /ˈpændə/ (pandering,pandered,panders) pander to sb. = cater to sb; pander to sb's wishes V-I If you pander to someone or pander to their wishes, you do everything that they want, often to get some advantage for yourself. 迎合(表不满) sb. e.g. He has offended触犯 the party's traditional base by pandering to the rich and the middle classes. 他迎合富人和中产阶级，触犯了该党的传统基础 e.g. At the moment, there seems to be a good rapport[ræ'pɔː] between the couple and the press but William does not pander to them. e.g. 这对夫妇和媒体间关系融洽，但是威廉并没有故意迎合他们（媒体） |
| a pander or panderer (淫乱之事的)勾引者；拉皮条的人，为妓女拉客者；老鸨  **hoon拉皮条者, pimp:** A pimp/hoon/pander is a man who gets clients for prostitutes and takes some of the money the prostitutes earn. 皮条客 |
| 坚定自信的 | assertive /əˈsɜːtɪv/ N-UNCOUNT 坚定自信 assertiveness 1. ADJ Someone who is assertive states their needs and opinions clearly and confidently, so that people take notice. 坚定自信的 e.g. Women have become more assertive in the past decade. 妇女在过去十年已变得更坚定自信。 e.g Chantelle's assertiveness stirred up his deep-seated sense of inadequacy. 仙黛尔的坚定自信激起了他根深蒂固的自卑感 |
| 愤怒的 | irate /aɪˈreɪt/ ADJ If someone is irate, they are very angry about something. 愤怒的 e.g The owner was so irate he almost threw me out of the place. 主人那么生气，他差点儿把我从那个地方赶出去 |
| (山坡、高地上的)雪堆；融雪场; 积雪 | snowpack: a quantity of fallen snow that accumulate and finally become massed together 积雪; Snowpack forms from layers of snow that accumulate in geographic regions and high altitudes where the climate includes cold weather for extended periods during the year. Snowpacks are an important water resource that feed streams and rivers as they melt. eg "This historic drought demands unprecedented/all-time action," the mayor told reporters, standing on a patch of dry, brown grass in the Nevada mountains that is usually blanketed by up to 5 feet of snow. The unprecedented/all-time action comes because the Nevada snowpack, which Californians rely on heavily during the summer for their water needs, is near a record low/is near unprecedented low. eg Normally the avalanche is caused by heavey snowpack. //空前绝后的 unprecedented = all-time; unprecedentedly = all time //be blanketed by (snow) = be fully covered by sth; a blanket ban on sth 全面禁令 //到达一个前所未有的低点，创新低 an all-time/unprecedented/record low； （financial index)创新高,到达一个前所未有的高点 an unprecedented high; an all-time high; a record high e.g. The president's popularity and reputation have plummeted/plunged to an all-time/unprecedented/record low in recent weeks |
| 1. 被雪封住/困住；被雪覆盖 2. **在这里忙得不可开交 3. [美国俚语] 用毒品麻醉，使吸毒** 4. 被花言巧语蒙骗 | be snowed in. 被雪封住/困住；被雪覆盖 e.g. In winter, the station can be snowed in for several days, but even though the sun now covers the high slopes/ramp around us, the train itself was deep in shadow. E.g. We're snowed in the hillside for a week 被雪封在半山腰 // A ramp is a sloping surface between two places that are at different levels. 斜坡 |
| 被毒品所麻醉 [被大麻所麻醉 be snowed by marijuana; 被鸦片所麻醉 be snowed by opium = means that sb got stoned coz taking too much marijuana or opium] e.g. OMG, he's totally snowed by marijuana. // If someone is stoned, their mind is greatly affected by a drug such as marijuana or opium. (被毒品所麻醉, 吸毒而) 神智恍惚的 //(服用麻醉药后)产生幻觉，神魂颠倒=> 到幻觉世界去旅行[吸毒者用语]) trip out |
| be snowed under here [ I'm totally snowed under here 在这里忙得不可开交; 工作过多忙不过来 ] e.g. I'm terribly sorry. I'll be totally snowed under here this Friday. 本周五我会忙得一点空也没有的 e.g. I'm sorry I will give you a stoodup coz I will be totally snowed under here this Wed. //放鸽子 You blow me off = You gave me a stoodup |
| be snowed in = be cheated or deceived by using maneuvers/ruses/artifices/tricks 被花言巧语蒙骗 // **maneuvers/ruses [ru:z, ru:s]/artifices['ɑ:tifis]/tricks 花招伎俩;** [卑鄙的花招a shabby trick/maneuver/ruse] |
| 烂泥, 雪泥；污水；水泥砂浆；胡说八道 | slush /slʌʃ/ Slush is snow that has begun to melt and is therefore very wet and dirty. 雪泥 e.g. Front-drive cars work better in the snow and slush. 前轮驱动的汽车在雪中和雪泥中开得更好; eg The slush on the runway is very dangerous, which can place a plane in peril/jeopardy because the slush resistance might impede/hinder/hamper a plane from taking off succesfully. //处于危险中 in peril, in danger, in jeopardy //impede/hinder/hamper sb from doing; (言语) 障碍 speech impediment |
| 被毒品所麻醉 | [被大麻所麻醉 be snowed by marijuana; 被鸦片所麻醉 be snowed by opium ] e.g. OMG, he's totally snowed by marijuana |
| (被毒品所麻醉, 吸毒而) 神智恍惚的 | If someone **is stoned**, their mind is greatly affected by a drug such as marijuana or opium. |
| 脑子短路 (especially coz体验毒品(如致幻剂)所产生的幻觉效果，(服用麻醉药后)产生幻觉，神魂颠倒=> 到幻觉世界去旅行[吸毒者用语]) | (slang) trip out: cannot think as normal because of getting high, stoned, drugged, or be snowed by marijuana or opium e.g. The surfer is attacked by the shark."I had this thought, 'What if it comes around for another go at me?'" he said. "Before I knew it, the boat was there. ... I can't believe it, I was tripping out. I'm totally tripping out." It is not clear whether there was more than one shark, said the surfer. //被毒品所麻醉 be snowed by drugs (marijuana or opium) // 被毒品所麻醉，神智不清 If sb is stoned, his mind is greately affected by a drug, marijuana or opium. |
| N 强行入室的窃贼 ; V 强行入室的盗窃 | burgle /ˈbɜːɡəl/ or burglarize (burgling,burgled,burgles) [Burgle Eye 贼眼] V-T If a building is burgled or burglarized, a thief enters it by force and steals things. 遭入室行窃 e.g. I thought we had been burgled/burglarized. 我本以为我们被盗了。 E.g. Her home was burgled/burglarized. 她的家被盗了 |
| **burglar, burglars /ˈbɜːɡlə/** N-COUNT A burglar is a thief who enters a house or other building by force. 强行入室的窃贼 e.g. Burglars broke into their home. 窃贼闯进了他们家 |
| burglary /ˈbɜːɡlərɪ/ [ 犯了入室盗窃罪: commit a burglary; 防盗警钟系统: Burglary Alarm ] If someone commits a burglary, they enter a building by force and steal things. Burglary is the act of doing this. 入室盗窃罪 e..g An 11-year-old boy committed a burglary. 一个11岁的男孩犯了入室盗窃罪。 The act of entering a building or other **premises**楼宇/营业场所 with the intent to commit theft, especially at night.盗窃行为, 夜盗行为 ; eg Cars parked in the street or public parking lot are more likely to be burglarized. |
| 扼杀 (反动势力，起义, 敌对势力，敌对的想法) | snuff out sth (e.g. insurgents, rebellion, contratry ideas) [ snuff out insurgents 扼杀起义军; snuff out rebels 扼杀反叛者; snuff out contrary ideas扼杀相反的意见; 熄灭(蜡烛) snuff out candles］ To snuff out something such as a disagreement means to stop it or purge it, usually in a forceful or sudden way. 消除; 扼杀 e.g. Every time a new flame of resistance appeared, the government snuffed it out. 每当新的反抗苗头出现时，政府就迅速将其扑灭/发现 e.g. Despite his reliance on his smell factor, he didn't work quickly enough to sniff out 嗅闻 and snuff out扼杀 the scandal about the executive ladder at HP or the risky culture and behavior at News Corp. 尽管他信赖自己的嗅觉，但他却未能及时嗅闻/发现并扼杀惠普的窃听丑闻，或者新闻集团的冒险文化和行为 // 狼吞虎咽下 snarf down food= devour/engulf //sniff= smell, sniffer dog, sniff out sth 嗅闻（出什么味道）=> 发现 xxx //the executive ladder = the managerial[mænə'dʒiːrɪəl] ranking |
| 鼻烟; V: 通过鼻子吸入; 熄灭(蜡烛) | snuff /snʌf/  1.N-UNCOUNT Snuff is powdered tobacco which people take by breathing it in quickly through their nose. 鼻烟 [ take snuff 吸鼻烟 ] eg. ...the old man's habit of taking snuff. …那位老人吸鼻烟的习惯。 2. V to inhale through the nose 通过鼻子吸入 3.V to extinguish (a light from a naked flame, esp a candle) 熄灭(蜡烛) snuff out candles |
| [动物】海豚; 吸鼻烟者；**以鼻吸表示轻视者,嗤之以鼻者** | snuffer ['snʌfə] n.1. a cone-shaped tool with a handle; for extinguishing candles or snuffing out candes 熄灭(蜡烛)的工具 [ candle snuffer 烛花剪 ] e.g. She motioned with one hand, pointed to the long-handled candle snuffer 烛花剪 which had been in the room since before the candel had been electrified. 指着在烛台被换成电灯之前留在屋子里的长柄烛花剪。 2. a person who snuffs out candles 熄灭(蜡烛)的人 3. snuffer ['snʌfə] is a person who takes snuff 吸鼻烟的人 =>[ figurative meaning: a person who looks down upon sb. or despise sb, or shows contempt to others 表示轻视者,嗤之以鼻者 ] e.g. "Tourists from CHINA mainland!" that sales sniffed鄙夷地说, who is obviously a snuffer (轻视者,嗤之以鼻者) |
| 狼吞虎咽 | sn**ar**f down food [snɑrf] = devour/engulf/guzzle food: to eat or drink rapidly, eagerly, and greedily  eg Do not snarf quickly, not good for your health/soundness. eg He was so ravenous. He just snarfed down/devour three bowls of rices and one piece of pizza.  eg Do not snarf/devour so quickly, your stomach cannot secrete enough digestive juices分泌 液to digest the income. // snuff out (insurgents, rebels, contrary ideas) 扼杀 //分泌[sɪ'krit] secrete the milk; secrete digestive juices // scarf:围巾, 头巾领巾; ascot: a wide and thin scarf worn by men, foled into loop under chin //饥肠辘辘的; 饿极的 ravenous /ˈrævənəs/ ravenously |
| 抽鼻子 (用来忍住哭声或表示不赞同); V.嗤之以鼻/鄙夷地说 | sniff /snɪf/  1. V-I When you sniff, you breathe in air through your nose hard enough to make a sound, for example, when you are trying not to cry, or in order to show disapproval. 抽鼻子 (用来忍住哭声或表示不赞同) e.g. She wiped her face and sniffed loudly. 大声地抽着鼻子。 Then he sniffed. There was a smell of burning. 然后他抽了抽鼻子。空气里有一股烧焦的味道。 => N-COUNT Sniff is also a noun. 抽鼻子声 e.g. At last the sobs ceased, to be replaced by sniffs. 最后呜咽声终于停止了，取而代之的是抽鼻子的声音。 3. V-T/V-I If you sniff something or sniff at it, you smell it by sniffing. (吸着气) 闻 e.g. Suddenly, he stopped and sniffed the air. 嗅了嗅空气中的味道。 4. **V-T sniff /snɪf/: You can use sniff to indicate that someone says something in a way that shows their disapproval or contempt, despising sb 表示轻视, 嗤之以鼻地说 e.g. "Tourists from CHINA mainland!" that sales sniffed鄙夷地说, who is obviously a snuffer (轻视者,嗤之以鼻者)。** 5. V-T/V-I If you say that something is not to be sniffed at, you think it is very good or worth having. If someone sniffs at something, they do not think it is good enough, or they express their contempt for it. 轻视 e.g. The salary was not to be sniffed at either. 当时的工资也是不容轻视的。 6. V-T If someone sniffs a substance such as glue, they deliberately breathe in the substance or the gases from it as a drug. 用鼻子吸 e..g He felt light-headed, as if he'd sniffed glue. 他觉得头晕，好像吸了胶毒一样 [ A sniffer dog is a dog used by the police or army to find explosives or drugs by their smell. 嗅探犬； sniff out sth 嗅闻（出什么味道）=> 发现/发觉 xx V.S. snuff out (insurgents/rebel) ] e.g. Despite his reliance on his smell factor, he didn't work quickly enough to sniff out 嗅闻 and snuff out扼杀 the scandal about the executive ladder at HP or the risky culture and behavior at News Corp. 尽管他信赖自己的嗅觉，但他却未能及时嗅闻/发现并扼杀惠普的窃听丑闻，或者新闻集团的冒险文化和行为 // 狼吞虎咽下 snarf down food= devour/engulf //the executive ladder = the managerial[mænə'dʒiːrɪəl] ranking |
| (被火， 洪水，泥石流）吞噬， 狼吞虎咽 | 狼吞虎咽 engulf the food = devour the food = snarf down = guzzle the food e.g He was so raveous; and he devoured/snarfed down three bowls of noodle. eg Do not snarf/devour so quickly, your stomach cannot secrete分泌[sɪ'krit] enough digestive juices消化液to digest the income. //分泌 secrete the milk; // 饥肠辘辘的; 饿极的 ravenous /ˈrævənəs/ ravenously |
| (building) be enguled/devoured吞噬 by flood/fires/tsunami/mudslides eg Over the past week, the Keleti station had become a focal point of the crisis engulfing吞噬 parts of Europe as an unprecedented/all-time wave of people -- mostly influx of refugees 难民如洪水一般的 涌入 fleeing conflict in Syria, Iraq and Afghanistan, the war-ravaged/torn nation -- seek to reach Western Europe and request political asylum [ə'saɪləm]. eg The fireball completely devoured/engulfed吞噬 the whole building. e.g. The world's treacherous /ˈtrɛtʃərəs/ (危险的; 变化莫测的) weather with devastating blizzard暴风雪 and tornadoes/twsters wreaked havoc across the globe. Torrential rains in parts of South America, blamed/shattered on El Nino, have displaced转移 more than 150K people. In the U.S., a mammoth['mæməθ] storm巨大的风暴 system engulfing/devouring吞食 much of the country has claimed at least 24 lives, including four soldiers in Missouri. //(natural disaster) 对xxx 肆虐: wreak havoc ['hævək](on sth) //战争蹂躏的国家 war-ravaged/torn country; 债务蹂躏的国家 debt-ravaged nation 负债累累的国家 an indebted nation; 政治庇佑: political asylum, asylum seeker; 大赦，特赦: political amnesty |
| 狼吞虎咽； (汽车)费油 | guzzle /ˈɡʌzəl/ (guzzling,guzzled,guzzles) 1. V-T/V-I If you guzzle something, you drink it or eat it quickly and greedily. 狼吞虎咽 snarf down [snɑrf] /devour/engulf/guzzle food: to eat or drink rapidly, eagerly, and greedily  e.g. Melissa had guzzled gin and tonics like they were lemonade.  2. V-T If you say that a vehicle guzzles fuel, you mean that it uses a lot of it in a way that is wasteful and unnecessary. (汽车)费油 →see also gas guzzler 例： The plane was deafeningly noisy, guzzled fuel, and left a trail of smoke. 这架飞机噪音震耳，费油，还留下一屁股烟雾。 3. in ADJ -guzzling 费油的； 耗油的 eg.. It's an alternative to energy-guzzling transportation. e.g. The boom of the 1980s led to a taste for petrol-guzzling cars. 20世纪80年代的经济繁荣导致了对 高油耗/费油的 汽车的喜爱。 ...big, energy-guzzling houses. ...大的、浪费能源的房屋。 |
| (像猪)暴饮暴食;大吃特吃. | pig out (pigging,pigged,pigs) If you say that people are pigging out, you are criticizing them for eating a very large amount at one meal or over a short period of time. 暴饮暴食; 大吃特吃; e.g. She's a bulimic. Every time after she piggs out, she rushes to the toilet and starts to vomit. e.g. Some are so accustomed to pigging out, they can't cut back. 些人习惯暴饮暴食了，他们不可能缩减食量 eg. Well, we'll do your own Thx Giving; and pig out 大吃特吃. |
| 使爆炸 | set off = explode, blow oneself up e.g. Children wear pollution masks at a protest, against air pollution in New Delhi on Sunday. More than 5,000 schools will be closed. The emergency measures follow a week of unusually high smog levels in the city, which many people blamed on the firecracker爆竹 and fireworks烟花 that were set off/exploded last Sunday night in celebration of Diwali, a Hindu ['hindu:]ceremony. |
| 埋葬 | inter /ɪnˈtɜː/ (interring,interred,inters) //cemetery; cremate sb. ; cremation, ashes, inter=bury; tomb=grave 1. V-T When a dead person is interred, they are buried, normally in a cemetery(公墓） e.g. The team of archaeologists found the spot where his bones were originally interred. 这队考古学家发现了起初埋葬他骸骨的地方 e.g. On Monday two simultaneous 21-gun salutes will be fired in Cuba to pay tribute to Castro, who ruled Cuba for nearly five decades, according to Cuba's state news agency. On Wednesday Castro's ashes (after cremation火化) will begin a ceremonial journey east across the country and finally reach the Cuba cemetery墓地；公墓 . Castro took to seize power from dictator/autocrat/authoritarian独裁者 Fulgencio in 1959. On Sunday, Castro's ashes will be interred/buried in the same cemetery where Marti is buried after a 7 a.m. service. At 9 a.m. that day, another 21-gun salute will be fired simultaneously in Havana and Santiago de Cuba. |
| 拥有 | [ have **got** sth ]  American: I have a car.   British: I**'ve got** a car.     American: Do you have a cellphone?   British: **Have you got** a mobile phone? |
| 重大事件; 大型事件; 盛事 | [ mega-event; mega-event report 重大事件报道/盛事报道 ] e.g. The annual retail mega-event, well-known as Black Fri., began in many stores Thanksgiving evening and will continue well into Friday, with sales and deals throughout the weekend. The top-selling items, Adobe says, include a slew of ( [sluː] considerable) electronics and toys, like iPads, electric scooters (small motor) and Lego sets乐高积木. |
| 盛会；露天表演 | **pageant ['pædʒənt] a rich and spectacular ceremony [ 选美盛会 the beauty pageant; 世界小姐: The Miss Universe pageant ] e.g. The annual beauty pageant['pædʒənt] in HK takes place in TVB** //fete: e.g. the school fete 游园会 |
| [口语]V 管理家务，主持家政; N. 料理家务 | housekeep ['hauski:p]; housekeeping /ˈhaʊsˌkiːpɪŋ/ ; housekeeper (女)管家 housekeeping: is the work and organization involved in running a household, including the shopping, washing, sweeping, vacuuming吸尘, cleaning, ironing.   => 小时工/ 钟点工: charwomen  e.g I thought that cooking and housekeeping were mundane chores /tʃɔː/, easy tasks. 认为做饭和料理家务是平凡/日常家务琐事家务 |
| 家务(家务事） | housework /ˈhaʊsˌwɜːk/ Housework is the work such as cleaning, washing, vacuuming吸尘, and ironing that you do in your home for your household. [ housework = houseshold chores = mundane chores ] 家务(家务事), 家务活  e.g Well, I'm a feminist, so I think in a household一个家庭, the couple should share the housework/household chores/mundane chores /tʃɔː/ 平凡/日常家务琐事家务  //钟点工 charwoman |
| 琐事; 家务(家务事), 家务活 | chore /tʃɔː/ A chore is a task that you must do but that you find unpleasant or boring. 琐事 [ housework/household chores/mundane chores /tʃɔː/平凡/日常家务琐事家务]  e.g. She sees exercise primarily as an unavoidable chore琐事. 她把锻炼主要看作是不得不做的 琐事  e. .g Well, I'm a feminist, so I think in a household一个家庭, the couple should share the housework/household chores/mundane chores /tʃɔː/平凡/日常家务琐事家务。 e.g. At home and around the office, other kinds of robots can be found putting their programmed skills to work in order to help with more mundane chores [,mʌn'dein] 平凡的琐事 like vacuuming the room(吸尘) or **mowing [məʊ]/manicure the lawn割(草或谷类等)**. As they are designed to support people with their day-to-day needs, they are called service robots. |
| 1. 一个家庭;一家人 ; Adj: **家喻户晓的** | household /ˈhaʊsˌhəʊld/ => householder 一家之主 1. A household is all the people in a family or group who live together in a house. 一个家庭;一家人；  e.g. I'm growing up in a female-only household, therefore, I didn't touch any masculine ['mæskjʊlɪn] 男性的feeling when I was young. …在全体成员均为女性的家庭里长大。  e.g. Well, I'm a feminist女权主义者, so I think in a household, the couple should share the housework/household chores/ mundane chores /tʃɔː/平凡/日常家务琐事家务.  e.g. Nowadays, one household normally has two TV sets.   2. housework = household chores/tʃɔː/ =/ mundane chores /tʃɔː/ =平凡/日常家务琐事家务  3. ADJ Someone or something that is a household name or a household word is very well known. 家喻户晓的 [ become a household word/name 变的家喻户晓 ] e.g. Although once unknown outside of the American city of Seattle where the coffee company began, today the Starbucks brand has become a household word/name. 现在星巴克成了家喻户晓的品牌 e.g. The term, “Cloud”, has become such a household word/name. “云”这个术语已经成为一个家喻户晓的词了 e.g. He has become one of the most sought-after actors in CHINA, already a household word/name. 他的名字就家喻户晓了 //sought-after 吃香的，受欢迎的 |
| 乐高积木 | Lego bricks; Lego set e.g. The annual retail mega-event, well-known as Black Fri., began in many stores Thanksgiving evening and will continue well into Friday, with sales and deals throughout the weekend. The top-selling items, Adobe says, include a slew of ( [sluː] considerable number of /tons of/loads of) electronics and toys, like iPads, electric scooters (small motor) and Lego sets乐高积木. |
| 表面上看起来xxx(但是实际上不是这样） | ostensible /ɒˈstɛnsɪbəl/ , ostensibly V.S. superficial: If you describe someone as superficial, you disapprove of them because they do not think deeply, and have little understanding of anything serious or important. (人) 肤浅的表不满 Ostensible is used to describe something that seems to be true or is officially stated to be true, but about which you or other people cast doubts about sth. 表面上看起来的 e.g. The ostensible purpose of these meetings was to gather information on financial strategies. 这些会议声称旨在收集金融策略方面的信息。 e.g. ...ostensibly independent organizations. ...一些名义上独立的组织。 e.g. Xinjiang is an ethnically divided and resource rich province that is home to around 10 million predominantly Muslim Uyghurs and around eight million Han Chinese. Millions of residents in this province have been ordered to surrender their passports to local police, in a move rights groups say is an attack on personal freedom. "Although the regulations ostensibly表面上看起来 target all residents, Chinese authorities in the past have taken clear steps to limit mobility rights for the Uyghur community in particular," the Congress said in a statement. |
| convene | **convene, reconvene:**[kən'viːn]:if a group of people convene, or someone convenes them, they come together, especially for a formal meeting 聚集集合(开会了)；召开〔正式会议〕 e.g. a report by experts convened by the National Institutes of Health 由全国健康协会召集的专家提出的一份报告 e.g. But we'll be reconvening for the Brexit issue in Brussels later this week as we look ahead to the December European Council. e.g. All families of passengers onboard the missing jetlines convened in a briefing room and were debriefied by the Malaysian authorities about the latest airplane information. |
| N 集会 ; V聚集, 举行集会; N: **摩托车公路赛; (经济）反弹模式； (网球、羽毛球、壁球中的) 连续对打** | N-COUNT A rally is a large public meeting that is held in order to show support for something such as a political party. 集会 [举行集会 hold a rally] e.g. About three thousand people, a huge turnout, held a rally to mark international feminism day. 大约三千人举行集会以纪念国际女权日。 Eg The strong police response appeared to stir/stimuate thousands more people into joining the demonstrations, swelling/expanding the ranks of protesters around the government headquarters and holding new rallies in other key areas of the city, including the densely populated district of Kowloon 　　 //the densely populated area = the populous area 人口稠密的 V.S. sparsely populated area //A feminist is a person who believes in and supports feminism. 女权主义者 V.S. sexist (性别歧视者；男性至上主义者)= chauvinist ['ʃəuvinist] //turnout = the number of people mustered/gathered for a particular event or purpose; attendance: 到会者的人数，聚集的人的人数 |
| V-T/V-I When people rally to something or when something rallies them, they unite to support it. 一致支持; 团结起来 e.g. Her cabinet colleagues have continued to rally to her support. 继续团结一致地支持她 e.g. To come together or muster together for a common purpose. 聚集：为了一个共同的目的聚集到一起 eg But the protesters, rallying(muster together) against what many see as the growing negative influence of the Chinese Communist Party on the way Hong Kong is runing, are so far refusing to budge. |
| A rally is a competition in which vehicles are driven over public roads. 公路车赛 [ 摩托车公路赛 the motor rally; the motorcycle rally ] e.g. More than three hundreds of people, a huge turnout, joined the New Zealand Motor Rally. e.g. The average minimum temperature across the UAE has been 13.3 degrees Celsius (55.58 Fahrenheit) according to the National Center of Meteorology and Seismology /saɪzˈmɒlədʒɪ/ (NCMS). Despite the snow being welcomed and celebrated by many, elsewhere organizers for the Tour of Dubai were forced to cancel the motor rally摩托车公路赛 due to high winds causing dangerous conditions. The strong winds also toppled down推翻 a crane起重机, which destroyed several cars and caused a fire. //turnout = the number of people mustered/gathered for a particular event or purpose; attendance: 到会者的人数，聚集的人的人数 |
| [ finance: rally mode反弹模式, in rally mode ] e.g. Monday's rally反弹 allowed the S&P 500 to recover nearly three-quarters of the ground the market lost during the previous nine-day losing streak, according to S&P Dow Jones Indices. U.S. markets weren't the only ones in rally mode反弹模式 e.g. Stocks kicked back into rally mode Monday, ending a week-long slump/plummet/sluggish status. 股市周一大幅反弹，终止了一周的疲软 |
| A rally in tennis, badminton, or **squash壁球** is a continuous series of shots that the players exchange without stopping. (网球、羽毛球、壁球中的) 连续对打 e.g ...a long rally in the badminton semi-final. …一阵长时间的连续对打  **//壁球；南瓜属植物: squash** |
| n 记录, 给xxx作一个记录;  **V 与…相符 , 与xxxx 相吻合** | tally /ˈtælɪ/  1.N-COUNT A tally is a record of amounts or numbers which you keep changing and adding to as the activity which affects it progresses. 记录 [ 给xxx作一个记录 keep a tally of sth = keep a record of xxx ] e.g. They do not keep a tally of visitors to the palace, but it is very popular. e.g. Official results will be announced at a central counting location as they come in through the night, with a final tally/record expected early Friday. e.g. The Committee to Protect Journalists said 259 journalists were behind bars around the world as of Dec. That's the highest tally/record since the committee started keeping records in 1990. The number has risen mainly because of a crackdown/suppression on media in Turkey following a thwarted/foiled/failed/abortive military coup. //If you thwart or foil someone or thwart or foil their plans, you prevent them from doing or getting what they want. 阻挠; 挫败 |
| 2.V-RECIP If one number or statement tallies with another, they agree with each other or are exactly the same. You can also say that two numbers or statements tally. 与…相符 , 与xxxx 相吻合 [ tally with lifestyle 与生活方式相符; tally with the facts 与事实相符合] e.g Its own estimation tallies with that of another survey. 它自己的估计与另一项调查的结果相吻合。 e.g. Her wording doesn't tally with his. 她和他的口径不一致 e.g. My blind date is not good coz that boy's life style doesn't tally with mine at all. |
| 参加者; 到会者的人数，聚集的人的人数 | **turnout = the number of people** **mustered/**gathered for a particular event or purpose; attendance: 到会者的人数，聚集的人的人数 eg The peace march attracted a large **turnout.** 和平游行吸引了大量的**参加者;** The **turnout** of Q3 badminton participants reaches to 100. |
| **A number of** things produced; output. 产出，产量 The 1st **turnout** of Iphones in Q1 reaches to 30000 |
| 刮擦; | n: a tool with a rotating abrasive磨损/scrape tip for enlarging holes to precise dimensions. 磨孔机：带有可旋转并有磨损力的尖头的工具，可以把洞扩大到精确的尺寸 [abraser: a tool used to abrase or scrape刮擦 sth into small particles微粒] 磨料研磨剂 |
| scrape[skreɪp] ; scratch; rub e.g. The pistol used by the teen attacker seems to be obtained illegally because the serial number on the pistol has been scratched/scraped off刮擦, and 300 rounds of ammunication300发子弹 found in his rucksack ['rʌksæk]/backpack帆布背包. e.g. Vladimir said that she suffered only scratches 刮擦 and bruises on her arms and shoulder but her child was hit in the head so they were taken to the hospital for assessment. She says they've been given the all clear but that there are still people from the flight who remain at the medical facility. |
| scrap | scrap /skræp/  1. N-COUNT A scrap of something is a very small piece or amount of it. 小块; 碎片 e.g. A crumpled scrap of paper was found in her handbag.一张弄皱的小纸片。 2.N-PLURAL Scraps are pieces of unwanted food which are thrown away or given to animals. 残羹剩饭 e..g ...the scraps from the Sunday dinner table. 餐桌上的残羹剩饭。 3. V-T If you scrap something, you get rid of it or cancel it becuase it's useless at all. 取消; 放弃, 使报废 e.g. President called on all countries in the Middle East to scrap nuclear or chemical weapons.  侯赛因总统呼吁中东各国放弃核武器或化学武器。 e.g. My computer has been in service for 4 yrs, so it's time to scrap it. e.g. Indian has overtaken 赶超 China as the world's fastest growing major economy this year, but may fall behind again as the withdrawal of big rupee banknotes (paper money) hurts business activity. Analysts estimate that India's strikingly shock decision to scrap使报废 its 500 and 1,000 rupee banknotes (paper money) -- accounting for（比例）占 about 86% of cash in circulation -- will shave at least 1% (and possibly much more) off India's current GDP growth rate of 7.1% 4. ADJ Scrap metal (废铁,废金属) or scrap paper (废纸) is no longer wanted for its original purpose, but may have some other use. 废弃的; 剩余的 e.g There's always tons of scrap paper in Dad's office 大量的废纸。 5. N-UNCOUNT Scrap is metal from old or damaged machinery or cars. 废金属 e.g Thousands of tanks, artillery pieces and armoured vehicles will be cut up for scrap (scrap metal 废金属). 6. N-UNCOUNT You can refer to a fight or a quarrel as a scrap, especially if it is not very serious. 打架; 斗嘴 e.g. He had suffered a mild concussion轻度脑震荡 in a scrap/skirmish for a loose ball. 在一次争球引起的打架中他被打成轻度脑震荡。 // A skirmish is a minor battle. 小规模战斗; 小冲突 7. V-I Scrap is also a verb, fight, argue 打架; 斗嘴 e.g Our guys scrapped吵着 and competed and went right to the wire. 一边吵着，一边比赛，一直到比赛结束 |
| V. 回响, 产生反响 | reverberate /rɪˈvɜːbəˌreɪt/, reverberation [rɪ,vɜːbə'reɪʃn] (reverberating,reverberated,reverberates) 1. V-I When a loud sound reverberates through a place, it echoes through it. 回响 e.g. Day in and day out日复一日地, the flat crack of the tank guns reverberates through the little Bavarian town. 轰隆声在巴伐利亚的这个小镇上空回响着。 2. V-I You can say that an event or idea reverberates when it has a powerful effect which lasts a long time. 产生反响 e.g. The controversy surrounding the takeover yesterday continued to reverberate around the television industry. 争议继续在电视业产生反响 |
| N. 反响影响; 轰动; 回响 | reverberation /rɪˌvɜːbəˈreɪʃən/ 1. NT Reverberations are serious effects that follow a sudden, dramatic event, similar to repercussion 反响; 轰动 (sensation: 轰动) e.g In the end, the attempt failed, but the reverberations/repercussion still can be felt today. 虽然最后尝试以失败告终，但其反响至今依然存在 //eg The movie "Titanic" is a stunning Hollywood blockbuster 好莱坞大片, which had created a great sensation (轰动）in cinematic history. 在电影史上造成了一个巨大轰动 2. N-VAR A reverberation is the shaking and echoing effect that you hear after a loud sound has been made. 回响; 回声 eg. Jason heard the reverberation/echo of the slammed door. 杰森听到了门砰然关上的回响 |
| 1. (由某一事件或行为产生的、通常是间接的)反响影响 2. 反射，尤指回声 3.v碰撞之后的弹回或反向运动 | **Repercussions /ˌriːpə/**  If an action or event has repercussions /ˌriːpə/, it causes **unpleasant** things to happen some time after the original action or event； repercussion is an **indirect** effect, influence, or result that is produced by an event or action. (由某一事件或行为产生的、通常是间接的不好的)反响,影响/后果 **[ 深远的后果:further repercussions; 沉痛的后果 painful repercussions ; chain repercussion 连锁反应; foreign repercussion 国外的反响; ]**  e.g have **positive repercussions** all over the world 在全世界产生积极的反响; chain repercussion 连锁反应; foreign repercussion 国外的反响;  e.g. The work is also expected to **shed/throw light on/elaborate on阐明** these intriguing studies (有意思的吸引人的） that suggest how we live today can have striking repercussions for the health and behaviour of our grandchildren. xxx 具有非常重大的影响 (striking influences and repercussion) 。  e.g. China’s successful explosion of its first atomic bomb caused tremendous repercussion/reverberation反响/sensation throughout the world 在全世界引起了巨大的反响/轰动。  e.g. Now, the unilateral move by Rio Tinto not only greatly disappointed its Chinese partner, but also drew huge repercussion/reverberation among the Chinese industry and people. 在中国业界和民众中也引起了较大反响  // vertebrate /ˈvɜːtɪˌbreɪt/ 脊椎动物 A vertebrate is a living creature that has a spine. Mammals, birds, reptiles, and fish are vertebrates.  //percussion /pəˈkʌʃən/ **[Percussion instruments]** are musical instruments that you hit, such as drums. 打击乐器 percussor叩诊器  //concussion: /kənˈkʌʃən/: If you suffer a concussion after a blow to your head, you lose consciousness or feel sick or confused. 脑震荡 e.g. Nicky was rushed to the hospital with a concussion |
| echo: A reflection, especially of sound.反射，尤指回声 repercussion = echo = reverberation, A **reverberation** is the shaking and **echoing** effect that you hear after a loud sound has been made. 回响; 回声 |
| repercussion is a recoil, rebounding, or reciprocal motion after impact. (碰撞之后的) 弹回或反向运动 e.g. He **slammed the basketball/dun**k with too much power and was hurt by the ball **repercussion 弹回.** |
| lose crown to a competitor | lose sb's crown to a competitor = compared with our competitor, you might lose your strength and advantages, and fail to catch up with your competitor, not mention to overtake your competitor 赶超竞争对手. e.g. Indian has already overtaken China as the world's fastest growing major economy this year, but may fall behind again as the withdrawal of big rupee banknotes(paper money) hurts business activity. "A 3% dip/decrease in the growth rate [for the current financial year] wouldn't surprise me," Sen, India's former chief statistician, told CNNMoney. Sen is country director for India at the International Growth Centre in London. If that happens, India would almost certainly lose its crown to bigger rival China. |
| 赶超(某人，某个国家，竞争对手） | overtake a competitor (esp a country) ; overtook , overtaken = catch up with sb and go beyond that person 1. If someone or something overtakes a competitor, they become more successful, more imporant, more serious than them. [ overtake a competitor (超过; 赶超竞争对手) V.S. outnumber xxx （数目超过）] e.g. Lung cancer has now overtaken breast cancer as a cause of death for women in the U.S. 肺癌作为一种美国女性死亡原因现已 超过 了乳腺癌。E.g China's IT industry has leapt forward大跃进/飞速发展 in recent years, and China has already overtaken U.S. to become the largest beer consumer. e.g. Indian has already overtaken China as the world's fastest growing major economy this year ...  2. V-T If a feeling overtakes you, it affects you very strongly. 强烈影响 e.g. Something like panic overtook me and run me down 一种类似恐慌的感觉压倒了我,使我感觉不舒服。 3.V-T/V-I If you overtake a vehicle or overtake a person that is ahead of you and moving in the same direction, you pass them. 超(车）. e.g. Speed up, let's overtake that Porche. |
| 险胜sb, 微微胜过sb; 挤掉sb | edge out sb: e.g. Wuhan Greenland Center, Wuhan, China – China-based Greenland Group is developing five of the 100 tallest towers currently under construction, including the leader of the pack racing toward a 636-meter summit. Unless Jeddah Tower mounts a miraculous late surge, Wuhan Greenland will edge out Shanghai Tower for World #2 when it tops out next year. |
| **在数量**上超过xxx | outnumber sb. /ˌaʊtˈnʌmbə/ If one group of people or things outnumbers another, the first group has more people or things in it than the second group. 在数量上超过 e.g. ...a town where men outnumber women four to one. …一个男女比例为4比1的城镇 e.g. It's unfair, your team outnumbers mine. |
| 比 (某人) 重 | outweigh /ˌaʊtˈweɪ/  1.V-T If one thing outweighs another, the first thing is of greater importance, benefit, or significance than the second thing. (在重要性或意义上) 超过 [ 利远大于弊 The advantages largely outweigh the disadvantages ] e.g. The advantages of this deal largely outweigh the disadvantages. 这笔交易的利远大于弊。 e.g. My optimism outweighs the fear/phobia['fəubiə] 我的乐观 超过/战胜了恐惧 2.V-T If you outweigh someone, you are heavier than them. 比 (某人) 重 e.g. Young outweighed her opponent by about 60 pounds. 杨比她的对手重约60磅。 |
| 免费的东西；免费赠品（尤指戏院赠券) | A **freebie** is something that you are given, usually by a company, without having to pay for it. 免费赠品 e.g. I got some freebies from superstore. //best-> bestie 最好的朋友 闺蜜, food -> foodie 吃货，美食爱好者; 美食家 gourmet |
| N. (data, information xxx）保留； 记忆力/记性 | retention /rɪˈtɛnʃən/ The retention of something is the keeping of it. (数据，信息，客户的） 保留 [ data retention 数据的保留； user retention 用户的保留; the retention of sth 保留xxx] e.g. The Citizens' Forum supported special powers for Quebec but also argued for the retention of a strong central government. 也主张保留一个强有力的中央政府 e.g The original breach was initially viewed as a threat to Verizon's $4.8 billion deal to buy Yahoo, given the potential impact on Yahoo's brand and user retention. Verizon learned about the breach after agreeing to the acquisition and later said it could have a meaningful financial impact on the deal. "As we've said all along, we will continue to evaluate the situation as Yahoo continues its investigation," Verizon said in a statement Wednesday. "We will review the impact of this new development before reaching any final conclusions." Yahoo's stock plunged/plummeted/slumped暴跌 2.5% in after hours trading Wednesday following the disclosure. e.g. That laws limit data retention to only six months. e.g. Use that map to improve your retention of 记忆力 the ideas and concepts you wish to remember. e.g. Data security, data retention, and management will be part of your standards discussion as well as programming conventions. 数据安全性、数据保留和管理将是与标准有关的讨论以及编程约定的一部分 |
| 有着很好的记性； 记性很好 | retentive /rɪˈtɛntɪv/ => adv. retentively 记性好地；保持地; ADJ If you [ 有一个好记性 have a retentive memory = have good retentiveness ], you are able to remember things very well and keep that memory of a long time 记忆力强的; 记性好的 e.g. Luke had an amazingly retentive memory. 卢克记忆力惊人 |
| n. 好记性；保持能力; 保持性 | retentiveness or retentivity 1. the power of retaining and recalling past experience [ 有着很好的记性； 记性很好 have a retentive memory = have good retentiveness ] synonym: memory / retention / retentivity 2. the property of retaining possessions that have been acquired 保持力; 保留 V.S. Something that is durable is strong and lasts a long time without breaking or becoming weaker. 耐用的 3. the power of retaining liquid e.g. Deeply refined base stocks with high viscosity index can also improve energy economy effect and retentivity. xxx可以提高发动机油节能效果和保持能力 e.g. Only by adhesive power, thermally stable, retentivity good bond constitution, thick and transparent non-matrix material two-sided agglutination adhesive tapes. 仅以粘着力、耐热性、保持性均良好的粘合剂构成 |
| 轻描淡写，降低/贬低xxx重要性 | downplay xxx / play down xxx : (similar with "devalue, talk down") : If you downplay a fact or feature, you try to make people think that it is **less important or less serious** than it really is; to make sth seem less important than it really is. 淡化…的重要性，对…轻描淡写 E.g. Police sources yesterday downplayed the significance of the security breach. 警方昨天的消息对这次安全缺口的重要性轻描淡写 e.g Former Director of National Intelligence James Clapper said Sunday on CNN"s "State of the Union" that Trump's **downplaying** of the threat posed by Russia's **meddling in** 多管闲事 last year's election was dangerous to US national security and allows countries like Russia and China to "play" the President. Former CIA Director John Brennan said Trump is allowing Putin to get away with Russia's efforts to disrupt the presidential election. e.g. He also **downplayed** his ties to the Trump's team, merely saying he was a Trump donor and had met the President on only one occasion. |
| 与…合作 | team up with sb = play ball with sb = cooperate with, collaborate with E.g. Wells Fargo CEO John apologized to customers for more than 2 million fake/bogus accounts opened in their names, but denied any orchestrated business fraud/scam/shenanigan精心设计好的商业诈骗 by bank management. "I do want to make very clear that there was no orchestrated scheme/plot/conspiracy as some have called it, by the company.". Wells Fargo (WFC) employees have said they were pressured to meet unrealistic sales goals and that they opened the bogus/faked accounts so they wouldn't lose their jobs. The Wells Fargo hearing inspired a rare burst of bipartisanship from Republicans and Democrats who teamed up to hold the hearing. An analyst said Wells Fargo CEO's testimony is unlikely to satisfy/gratify either Democrats or Republicans. He said Wells Fargo has admitted it was aware of the problem since at least 2011, but was evidently unable to stop it despite increasingly aggressive steps to do so. //bogus account = faked account ['bəuɡəs] |
| 与…合作 | play ball with sb = team up with sb e.g. Facebook's latest signal that it's willing to play ball with China. e.g. Two years is an eternity and if consumers don’t play ball with Nokia and Microsoft, both companies could become irrelevant. 如果消费者不跟诺基亚和微软玩下去，2年后也许就是来世，这两家公司都有可能出局。 3. "If you play ball with us, we'll let you go , "said the police officer. “你只要与我们合作，就放你走，”警察说到 |
| 德国汉莎航空公司 | Lufthansa ['luft,hænsə] |
| (literal meaning) 上坡; 靠近山顶; 高的地方; (上坡的）; (figurative meaing): (上坡的,有阻力的）艰难的(任务，工作，奋斗) | 1. If something or someone is uphill or is moving uphill, they are near the top of a hill or are going up a slope坡地. 靠近山顶; 上坡地; 在高处 e.g He had been running uphill a long way. 他向上坡跑。 The man was no more than ten yards away and slightly uphill. 位置稍高一点的地方。 2. 在高处的; 上坡 a long, uphill journey. …一段漫长的上坡路。 e.g. F: Are the bananas hard to grow? M: Well, yes and no. To grow them in your garden, no, not really. You see you only get one bunch of bananas per tree and it can take up to three years for a tree to bear fruit if you don’t do anything special to it. But this period is greatly reduced with modern growing methods, only 15 months, particularly in plantations where you have perfect tropical conditions. Well, bananas are normally grown from suckers which spring up around the parent plant, usually just above the plant. They tend to like to grow uphill 靠近山顶; 高的地方. F: So thats why banana plantations are usually on hillsides, is it? M: Yes. They grow best like that. F: But how do they stop the bananas going bad before they reach the shops? M: Well, the banana bunches are picked well before the fruit is ripe. Once you cut the bunch, the bananas stop growing but they do continue to ripen['raɪpən]. The interesting thing is that once one banana ripens['raɪpən], it gives off a gas which then helps all the others to ripen['raɪpən] so they pretty much all ripen['raɪpən] within a few hours of each other. //没什么比得上有实践经验 There is nothing like the hands-on experience. //This is a daunting task 使人畏缩的. // do sth in moderation 适中 = neither too much nor too littler |
| [ an uphill battle ( (上坡的）艰难的奋斗) ; an uphill fighting, an uphill struggle ((上坡的）艰难的努力) ] 3. If you refer to something as an uphill battle (艰难的奋斗) or an uphill struggle (艰难的努力), you mean that it requires a lot of effort and determination, but it should be possible to achieve it. (战斗或斗争) 艰难的 e.g. The South Korean government screens the DPRK **defectors** for security risks and runs resettlement programs to **help them adapt to, integrate with, and assimilate同化into South Korean society** -- something that can be **an uphill struggle**. Lee is protective of his patient, and Oh remains under heavy security in the hospital so that nothing can compromise/destroy his treatment. e.g It had been an uphill battle to achieve what she had wanted. 她经过艰难的奋斗才达到她想要的目标 e.g. F: Are the bananas hard to grow? M: Well, yes and no. To grow them in your garden, no, not really. You see you only get one bunch of bananas per tree and it can take up to three years for a tree to bear fruit if you dont do anything special to it. But this period is greatly reduced with modern growing methods, only 15 months, particularly in plantations where you have perfect tropical conditions. Well, bananas are normally grown from suckers which spring up around the parent plant, usually just above the plant. They tend to like to grow uphill F: So that’s why banana plantations are usually on hillsides, is it? M: Yes. They grow best like that. F: But how do they stop the bananas going bad before they reach the shops? M: Well, the banana bunches are picked well before the fruit is ripe. Once you cut the bunch, the bananas stop growing but they do continue to ripen['raɪpən]. The interesting thing is that once one banana ripens['raɪpən], it gives off a gas which then helps all the others to ripen['raɪpən] so they pretty much all ripen['raɪpən] within a few hours of each other. //没什么比得上有实践经验 There is nothing like the hands-on experience. //e.g. We're just deluding ourselves自欺欺人 that the project is under control…but actually, we've potentiall有 foreseen some daunting使人畏缩的 obstacles… // in moderation 适中 = neither too much nor too littler //uphill: 上坡; 靠近山顶; 高的地方; an uphill battle (艰难的奋斗) or an uphill struggle 艰难的努力 |
| V. 增加(价钱、工资等); 用千斤顶托起 | jack up 1. V to increase (prices, salaries, etc) 增加(价钱、工资等, 进口税) [ jack up the price of sth, jack up the salary V.S. paycut降薪, jack up the import tariff, jack up the interest rate ] eg. U.K. jacks up/increases the minimum wage to $9.30. e.g. And, with the world sluggish economy in its current fragile脆弱的 state, they are rightly unwilling to jack up interest rates now. 面对如此脆弱的世界经济，他们不乐意提高利率，这是理智之举 2.N something that has been achieved or obtained by dishonest means 不正当行为获取物 3.用千斤顶托起 jack up (an object) e.g. The expected jump in prices puts the Bank of England in a tight spot/in a desperate situation 处于困境. Higher interest rates could support the pound and limit price rises, but would risk making the slowdown worse and hurting consumers by jacking up/increase repayments on mortgages and other loans. NIESR expects the central bank will downplay the rise in inflation and leave interest rates unchanged for about two years, which is roughly how long it will take for the U.K. to negotiate its exit from the EU. // If you downplay or play down a fact or feature, you try to make people think that it is less important or serious than it really is. 轻描淡写,降低重要性, 贬低重要性(devalue) e.g. Police sources yesterday downplayed the significance of the security breach. 对这次安全缺口的重要性轻描淡写 |
| 自升式平台  自升式钻塔  港府的托市  自升式钻井平台 | jackup rigs 自升式钻井/钻油平台 e.g.  The gangplank or stairway connecting a jackup drilling rig to a fixed platform. 跟读 把自升式钻井平台与固定钻井平台连接在一起的跳板或楼梯。 www.infopetro.com.cn 2. Jackup mast for marine drilling operation realizes hoisting of the mast by means of the pulley mechanism on the lower part of the mast. 跟读 自升式井架是目前海洋钻井工程中应用较多的新型井架，它利用井架底段的滑轮机构进行井架的起升操作。 www.dictall.com 3. After drilling, the jackup drilling rig with biggish pile shoes will produce a certain influence on foundation of bucket foundation platform during pile extracting. 跟读 在完成钻井作业后，桩靴较大的自升式钻井船在拔桩中会对筒型基础平台的地基产生一定的影响 |

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| --- | --- |
| 1. (人)出世出生；诞生 2. (product) 问世/大白于天下；(book, paper, dissertation, magazine) 发表出版；刊登 3 大白于天下；(news, bombshell) 公布 3 .[美国] 领悟；理解；赞同，接受别人的决定 4.入教，改宗 | See the light of day e.g. Apple may be nostalgic for the bygone过去的 days of the flip phone. Apple has been granted a patent for a flexible iPhone that can fold in half and grip紧握 /支配your clothes. This would potentially cut down/curtail on the need to stuff devices into pockets. While Apple often files for patents for technology that never see the light of day问世, it often provides a glimpse into what the company is thinking for the future. e.g. The electronics retailer thinks it can do something special with the music service though and now those plans will see the light of day. 而现在它的计划终于要问世/大白于天下。 |
| 把…考虑进去，考虑到 | take sth into consideration V.S. take sth into account eg In a press conference Tuesday, CDC Director cautioned that the current data model does not work well, bcause the data model does not take into account/consideration President Obama's announcement that the U.S. is sending troops and extra medical equipment to the area. Nor does it take into account/consideration the additional help from other countries promised. e.g. What design and architectural considerations should SOA developers take into account/consideration when using one or both of these SOA models in their applications? SOA开发者在设计和搭建架构时应该考虑哪些？ E.g. The U.K.'s minimum wage was last jacked up/increased in April, when it increased to £7.20 ($8.90 bucks). The government previously set itself the goal of hiking the minimum wage to £9 ($11.20) by 2020 -- but only if the economy continues to generate sustained growth. Businesses, meanwhile, have warned about the impact of a higher minimum wage. The head of business at British Chambers /ˈtʃeɪmbə/ of Commerce, said that an increase/jackup to £9 would force many firms to raise prices and lay off staff. "The government needs to take into consideration/account the current sluggish economic climate and level of uncertainty and burden facing U.K. businesses right now." //jack up v) 增加(价钱、工资等, 进口税, 利率) [ jack up the price, jack up the salary V.S. paycut降薪, jack up the import tariff, jack up the interest rate ] |
| 像专业人士 | like pros //pro = expert 像专业人士: e.g. While he was scared, he was mindful of留心的；记住的 the fact that Japan takes its earthquakes seriously. Everyone is very calm and collected as staffers checked in on everyone. “They seemed like pros (experts) about this," he said. Jonathan is from San Francisco and has felt his share of tremors over the years." But this was significantly bigger than anything I’ve experienced ever inn San Francisco. The swaying was significantly more than I'd ever felt." |
| 中伤， 诽谤; 诋毁 | v) smear sb = defame sb = malign sb = detract = slander sb. n) smear = defamation;  1) To smear sb. or defame sb means to spread unpleasant and untrue rumours, scandals, or accusations about them in order to damage their fame and reputation. 中伤， 诽谤; 诋毁;  eg These malicious detractors诋毁者/诽谤者 planned to smear/defame him by publishing negative rumor and scandal about his private life. 他们计划通过公开有关他私生活方面的信息来 诋毁他。 n) A smear/defamation is an unpleasant and untrue rumour or accusation that is intended to damage someone's reputation. 诽谤; 诋毁 |
| 1贬低/诽谤 2.减去 | detract 贬低/诽谤；减去 => detractive 诽谤的；减损的  => N) 贬低; xxx的减损(e.g.名声，声誉的减损) detraction = smear = defamation = detraction  => detractor /dɪˈtræktə/ 诋毁者/诽谤者 V.S. North Korea defector 背叛者  1. If one thing detracts from another thing, it makes it seem less good or impressive. 减损, 有损 xxx [ detract from sth] undervalue  e.g. They feared that the publicity surrounding him would detract from their own election campaigns. 他们担心围绕他的宣传会 有损他们自已的竞选活动   e.g. The spread-out rumor has already detracted from my fame and reputation 扩散的谣言已经 有损了我的名誉   N) The detractors of a person or thing are people who criticize that person or thing. 诋毁者  e.g. His performance will silence many of his detractors. 这次表演会让他的很多 诋毁者 哑口无言  e.g. He, even as one of the most sought-after actors in Korea, still have lots of detractors 诋毁者/诽谤者. //吃香的，受欢迎的 sought-after eg These malicious detractors诋毁者/诽谤者 planned to smear/defame/malign him by publishing negative rumor and scandal about his private life. 一些 诋毁者 计划通过公开有关他私生活方面的信息来 诋毁他。 |
| v) 诽谤,中伤 sb **Adj)有害的** | malign /məˈlaɪn/  1.V-T If you malign sb., you say unpleasant and untrue things about them in order to hurt sb's fame and reputation 诽谤,中伤 sb [ malign sb. = defame sb. = smear sb. = detract sb. = slander sb ]  e.g. We maligned/defamed him dreadfully in hindsight 回头想，我们当时很恶毒地中伤了他。 2. ADJ If something is malign, it causes harm 有害的 malign = harmful = detrimental [ the malign influence = the harmful influence 有害影响 ] //detrimental: causing harm or damage |
| 诽谤,中伤 | fame -> defame sb/malign sb/smear sb/detract sb => N) 诽谤 smear, malign= defamation[,defə'meɪʃ(ə)n] = detraction to damage sb's reputation, fame, character, or good name normally by spreading malicious/spiteful/venomed scandals or rumors. 用诽谤的手段损害…的名誉、人格或好名声 [defamation of sb's character 诽谤人格] //malice/spitevenum; malicious/spiteful/venomed |
| eg I will indict/accuse this correspondent for defamation. eg I will accuse this news press of defamation. eg He also challenged Roberts' attorneys to make their accusation/indictment in public, rather than through a "privileged legal document in a talkshow" "They will not state on your show, 'Alan Dershowitz had sex with this woman,' " Dershowitz said. "Because if they do that, they're in court the very next day being inditeced for defamation for $100 million." |
| (spoken, oral) 诽谤 | slander /ˈslɑːndə/  • 1.N Slander is an untrue **SPOKEN** statement about someone which is intended to damage their reputation. Compare . (spoken, oral) 言语口头的诽谤  e.g. Dr. Bach is now suing the company for slander / oral defamation. 控告该公司 犯(言语口头的)诽谤罪。 • 2.V To **slander sb.** means to **SAY** untrue things about them in order to damage their reputation; slander sb = defame sb 诋毁; 诽谤  e.g. He accused me of slandering him and trying to undermine his position. 他指控我 诽谤他 并想削弱他的地位。 |
| (书面写的） 诽谤 | libel /ˈlaɪbəl/ (libeling,libeled,libels)  N) Libel is a written statement which wrongly accuses someone of something, and which is therefore against the law. Compare . (书面写的） 诽谤   e.g. Warren sued him for libel over the remarks on newspaper. 因为他在 报纸上comment 诽谤 而起诉了他。 e.g. Some celebrities sued gossip columnists for libel in tabloids小报.  • 2.V-T To **libel someone** means to write or print something in a book, newspaper, or magazine which wrongly damages that person's reputation and is therefore against the law. (书面写的）诽谤  e.g. The newspaper which libelled him had already offered compensation. 那家 诽谤 他的报纸已经提出赔偿。 • adj **libel, libellous /ˈlaɪbələs/** (书报、杂志的言论)诽谤性的  If a statement in a book, newspaper, or magazine is libellous/ˈlaɪbələs/, it wrongly accuses someone of something, and is therefore against the law.  e.g. ...stories that are inaccurate or outright libellous/ˈlaɪbələs/. ...不准确或完全诽谤性的故事 |
| 诬蔑，中伤，诽谤 | vilify ['vɪlɪfaɪ], vilification /͵vɪləfəˋkeʃən/ [ vilify sb/sth for (doing) sth: to say (slander sb) or write (libel sb.) bad, malicious things about someone or something ] v) vilify sb for sth = libel sb (书面)诽谤 V.S. slander sb (口头诽谤); defame sb/malign/smear sb/detract sb N) vilification = defamation  e.g Johnson was vilified/defamed in the press for refusing to resign. 约翰逊因拒绝辞职而在报刊上遭到诋毁。 |
| (在网络论坛)故意发布煽动性文章来诽谤/黑sb., (网络)喷子 | troll  4. (在网络论坛)故意发布煽动性文章来诽谤/黑sb., (网络)喷子; V) [ a troll on internet ] N) You're such a troll 喷子 on internet. => troll somebody: to post deliberately inflammatory articles on an internet discussion board/internet forum, e.g. tweeter, FB, such as bad or sarcastic words in order to defame s/libel sb诽谤, making sb go ballistic (suddenly become very angry 生气，大发雷霆)  1. If you troll somewhere or stroll somewhere, you go there in a casual, slow, relaxed, and unhurried way. 溜达闲逛 e.g. I trolled/strolled along to see Michael Frayn's play, "Noises Off." 我溜达闲逛走着去看迈克尔·弗莱恩的戏剧。 2. If you troll through papers, files, photos, you look through them in a fairly casual way. 随便浏览(报纸,文件，照片) e.g. Trolling through the files revealed a photograph of me drinking coffee in Starbucks in Seoul. 我随便浏览这些文件时发现了一张我喝咖啡的照片。 |
| 很久以前的, 过去的(日子，时代） | bygone /ˈbaɪˌɡɒn/ ADJ Bygone means happening or existing a very long time ago.很久以前的, 过去的(日子，时代） [ 很久以前的日子, 过去的日子 bygone days; 很久以前的年代, 过去的年代 bygone age] e.g. The book recalls other memories of a bygone age. 这本书勾起了人们对遥远岁月的其他回忆 Apple may be nostalgic for the bygone过去的 days of the flip phone. Apple has been granted a patent for a flexible iPhone that can fold in half and grip紧握 your clothes. This would potentially cut down/curtail on the need to stuff devices into pockets. While Apple often files for patents for technology that never see the light of day问世, it often provides a glimpse into what the company is thinking for the future. The patent for "flexible display devices" -- which was filed in July 2014 -- features a touchscreen smartphone with a design popularized by clamshell蛤壳 phones. //clam, clamshell |
| 1. 魔杖，魔术棒 2. (security check) 探测棒 V.用探测棒来探测 | wand /wɒnd/  1. N-COUNT A wand is the same as a . 同 magic wand魔杖，魔术棒 [ 挥一挥魔杖 wave a magic wand; 做xxx事情，没有简易方法/捷径 There is no magic wand to do sth xxxx ] e.g. You can't simply wave a magic wand and get rid of nuclear weapons. 你们不可能一挥魔杖就消除核武器。 e.g. There is no magic wand to secure a peace. 要稳固正义的和平没有简易方法 e.g. There is no magic wand to get a success in any field. 在任何领域取得成功，都没有简易方法/捷径 2. N-COUNT A wand is a metal-detecting device shaped like a baton. 探测棒 e.g. Visitors can expect to be searched with a metal-detecting wand. 游客们可能会被用金属探测棒搜身 e.g. You can wand me in the private room. //[bə'tɑ:n] baton 指挥棒；接力棒；警棍 |
| literal meaning: 魔棒; **figurative meaning: 简易方法** | magic wand /wɒnd/ 1. A magic wand or a wand is a long, thin stick that magicians and fairies wave when they are performing tricks and magic. 魔棒 [挥一挥魔杖 wave a magic wand ]  2. N-COUNT You use magic wand to indicate that someone is dealing with a difficult problem which cannot be solved quickly and easily. 简易方法 [ There is no magic wand to do sth xxxx 做xxx事情，没有简易方法/捷径] e.g. There is no magic wand to secure a peace. 要稳固正义的和平没有简易方法 e.g. There is no magic wand to get a success in any field. 在任何领域取得成功，都没有简易方法/捷径 |
| 一回生二回熟 | "once raw, twice well-done" |
| 蛤；**(法)克朗,** 沉默寡言的人；钳子pincer(拨钉钳) vi. 捞蛤；保持沉默，闭嘴不言 | clam => 蛤壳: clamshell clam [klæm] n. 1. Clams are a kind of shellfish which can be eaten. 蛤蜊 [ 蛤蜊汤 a clam soup; clam chowder [/'tʃaudə/] 蛤蜊浓汤] e.g. Oh, really? Give me a clam soup. 哦,真的吗? 给我一个蛤蜊汤 e.g. At some point, restaurateurs got in the habit of adding flour to make chowder [/'tʃaudə/] thicker and thicker, and now this is what consumers have come to expect constitutes a bowl of “authentic” clam chowder [/'tʃaudə/].  2. a piece of paper money/banknote钞票 , 纸币 worth one dollar, the currency used in France (法)克朗 同义词： dollar / buck  v. gather clams, by digging in the sand by the ocean捞蛤 |
| （美）杂脍；海鲜杂烩浓汤 | chowder [/'tʃaudə/] a thick soup or stew made with milk and bacon and onions and potatoes **[ clam chowder 蛤蜊浓汤 ]** |
| 说到了**敏感话题** | Oops, **I hit the nerve** 糟糕，我说到了敏感话题 |
| 他两个很暧昧 | They're couch dancing 他两个很暧昧。。。。 //I'm a **couch potato** |
| 使困惑; 困惑 ,退缩 | boggle /ˈbɒɡəl/ TEM8 (boggling,boggled,boggles) V-T/V-I If you say that the mind boggles at something, or that something boggles the mind, you mean that it is so strange or amazing that it is difficult to imagine or understand. 使困惑; 困惑 e.g. The mind boggles at the possibilities that could be in store for us. 一想到我们将要面临的各种可能，脑子里就一片混乱 |
| 令人难以置信的 | mind-boggling: intellectually or emotionally overwhelming, normally affected by a big shock, astonishment, unbelievable and inconceivable (不可思议的 ,难以置信的；不能想象的) //it's conceivable that xxx 可以想像发生了xxx; it's inconceivable that xx 不能想象发生了xxx. //If you describe something as inconceivable, you think it is very unlikely to happen or be true. 不可思议的 ,难以置信的；不能想象的 |
| eg **[令人难以置信的数字: a mind-boggling number; 令人难以置信的境地a mind-boggling situation; 令人难以置信的奇迹：a mind-boggling miracle］** |
| literal: 稻草; 吸管; **figurative;: 压倒xxx的最后一根稻草,终于使人无法忍受的最后一击, 导火线** | straw; a **slender/slim** and soft tube used for sucking or sipping抿/小口喝 the liquid normally from a bottle. 吸管 eg Can I have a straw for the juice/yogurt? |
| (slang) "The last straw": Something with too little substance to provide support in a crisis:  e.g. "Our Christmas party this year was the **last straw** for me," said Deborah Castor, whose early departures to attend a scrapbooking class have resulted in the advertising firm losing two separate clients. “我们今年的圣诞晚会是我的 **最后一根稻草(终于使人无法忍受的最后一击)**”   |  |  | | --- | --- | | * **终于使人无法忍受的最后一击(压倒 sb.的最后一根稻草) the last straw /straw: 干稻草； 吸管** e.g. … Hodgson had been **in charge of** the national team for four years but his squad's poor showing at the tournament in France was the **last straw** and finally he resigned.e.g. "Our Christmas party this year was the **last straw** for me," said Castor, whose early departures to attend a scrapbooking class have resulted in the advertising firm losing two separate clients. “我们今年的圣诞晚会是我的 **最后一根稻草(终于使人无法忍受的最后一击)**” * **最后的手段/最后的办法/没办法中的办法: last resort [rɪ'zɔːt] e.g.** We **strongly recommend** that the company **lay off** additional low-performance workers only as **a last resort最后的手段/办法/没办法中的办法,** to preserve company morale气势. * **背水一战: the last stand**  e.g. There’s no space for us to step back/retreat. What left is “the last stand”. //retreat: A retreat is a quiet, isolated place that you go to in order to rest or to do things in private. 隐居处; 休养身心处 go for a retreat | | |  | | |
| 孤注一掷的行为; 最后的办法/手段; 没办法中的办法 | 1.V-I 不得不求助xxx If you resort to a course of action that you do not really approve of, you adopt it because you cannot see any other way of achieving what you want. [ V resort to sth; resort to doing sth ] eg. In APIC, we’ve resorted to using the readAsBuffer() API to deal with the payload issue because … . E.g. His punishing work schedule had made him resort to drugs. 不得不求助于(毒品)了。 V.S. have recourse to (不得不)求助于 e.g. I had recourse to Google map and finally got my location. 2.N) If you achieve something without resort to a particular course of action, you succeed without carrying out that action. To have resort to a particular course of action means to have to do that action in order to achieve something. **诉诸于(武力,法律) /不得不求助(武力,法律) [ resort to military; resort to laws ]**  e.g. Congress has a responsibility to ensure that all peaceful options are exhausted before resort to war. 之后再诉诸武力/不得不求助武力,。 3. 孤注一掷的行为; 最后的办法/手段; 没办法中的办法 If you do something as a last resort, you do it because you can find NO other way of getting out of a difficult situation, predicament 窘况，困境, or of solving a problem. e.g. Nuclear weapons should be used only as a last resort. 核武器应该只被用作 最后手段。 4.N-COUNT A resort is a place where a lot of people spend their holiday. (度假) 胜地 e.g. The ski resorts are expanding to meet the growing number of skiers that come here. 该滑雪胜地正在扩建以应付来这里滑雪的不断增长的人数   |  |  | | --- | --- | | * **终于使人无法忍受的最后一击(压倒 sb.的最后一根稻草) the last straw /straw: 干稻草； 吸管** e.g. … Hodgson had been **in charge of** the national team for four years but his squad's poor showing at the tournament in France was the **last straw** and finally he resigned.e.g. "Our Christmas party this year was the **last straw** for me," said Castor, whose early departures to attend a scrapbooking class have resulted in the advertising firm losing two separate clients. “我们今年的圣诞晚会是我的 **最后一根稻草(终于使人无法忍受的最后一击)**” * **最后的手段/最后的办法/没办法中的办法: last resort [rɪ'zɔːt] e.g.** We **strongly recommend** that the company **lay off** additional low-performance workers only as **a last resort最后的手段/办法/没办法中的办法,** to preserve company morale气势. * **背水一战: the last stand**  e.g. There’s no space for us to step back/retreat. What left is “the last stand”. //retreat: A retreat is a quiet, isolated place that you go to in order to rest or to do things in private. 隐居处; 休养身心处 go for a retreat | | |  | | |
| recourse | • recourse /rɪˈkɔːs/ [ have recourse to (不得不)求助于/借助于 ] [ recourse to military = resort to military; recourse to laws = resort to laws 诉诸(武力,法律) /不得不求助(武力,法律) ] N) To have recourse to a particular course of action means to have to do that action in order to achieve something. 依靠 e.g. It enabled its members to settle their differences without recourse/resort to war. 它使其成员不必 诉诸战争 来解决他们的分歧  e.g. FinallyI had recourse to Google map and finally got my location. eg It's very hard for human eyes to discern (distinguish and recognize) the nuance between the faked and true paintings, we must have a resort/recourse to凭借求助于 a sophisticated apparatus, such as microscope, to discern the subtle difference. // nuance: A subtle or slight degree of difference, as in meaning, feeling, or tone; a gradation. 细微差别; V.S. nuisance: a bother)　　　 //sophisticated 1. 高精密的尖端的(仪器) e.g. a sophisticated gauge/device 2. She's a shrewd精明的 and sophisticated圆滑的 businesswoman. |
| 背水一战 | the last stand. E.g. The European parliament will now be taking **the last stand背水一战** against software patents in a voting for which an absolute majority is needed. 跟读 欧洲议会将最后对软件专利权的法律作出投票表决，必须获得绝对多数才能通过 |
| 经理的; 管理上的 | managerial [mænə'dʒiːrɪəl] ADJ Managerial means relating to the work of a manager. ...his managerial skills. …他的管理技能。 ...a managerial career. …管理生涯 e.g. Another easier solution would be weekly managerial [mænə'dʒiːrɪəl] meetings. //enterpreneurial family |
| 糊；含糊 | You were just speaking earlier about clearer communication, but all I’ve heard so far is nothing but an **insane** amount o**f vagueness [veɪɡnəs]** |
| wither | 因失去水分而变干燥或枯萎 To dry up or **shrivel** coz of loss of moisture, such as water.; eg Fall is a **dismal/bleak/gloomy/somber凄凉** season: Leaves die and fall; the blossoms wither and shrivel. |
| To lose freshness; **droop, shrivel.变枯槁；萎缩**  eg 酷热使得未浇水的秧苗都枯萎了 The heat withered/shrivelled/drooped the unwatered seedlings. |
| To make shrunken and wrinkled, often by drying or being short of water 干燥,**(手等)尽是皱纹的,withered = shrivelled = wrinkled** eg他有一张满是皱纹的脸: He has a shrivelled/withered face. 皱纹 + 茧子 的手see my withered/shrivelled/wrinkled and **horny茧子的** hands |
| To render speechless or incapable of action; stun/astonish: 使说不出话，使不能行为；使目瞪口呆： The teacher withered the noisy student with a glance.扫视吵闹的学生使他们噤声不语 |
| 经受住xxx风吹雨打 | v) weather sth = withstand sth［weather a diffcult/tough time = withstand the difficult/tough time; weather a difficult/tough situation = withstand a tough situation] 经受住了xxx，抵御住了xxx, 经受住xxx风吹雨打 ] If you weather a difficult time or weather a tough situation, you survive it and are able to continue normally after it has passed or ended. 经受住; e.g The company has weathered/withstood the economic recession. 公司经受住了萧条期。e.g. Analysts estimate that ditching (abandon) the Note 7 could mean $9.5 billion in lost sales and wipe out $5.1 billion of profit. Nonetheless (however), Samsung, which has a market value of about $194 billion and annual sales of $179 billion, should be big and profitable enough to weather/withstand 经受住xxx风吹雨打 the loss of one model. "The majority of Samsung's profits are now generated outside of phones, predominantly from their strong component divisions. |
| 2) If you say that you are **under the weather**, you mean that you feel slightly ill. 身体不适 e.g. I was still feeling a bit **under the weather**. 我依然**感觉有些不适** |
| N 用鲜花、树枝或树叶**缠绕而成的花冠花圈花环**，戴于头上、放于纪念碑前或挂起来作装饰物 V. 用花环装饰；将…做成花环；包围 | wreath /riːθ/ 1. A wreath is an arrangement of flowers and leaves in the shape of a circle, which you put on a grave or by a statue to show that you remember a person who has died or people who have died. 花圈, garland / coronal / chaplet e.g.The coffin lying before the altar was bare, except for **a single wreath of white roses**. 有一个白玫瑰花圈。 e.g. Queen Elizabeth handed over royal duties to Prince Charles at London's Cenotaph ceremony as part of the Remembrance Day感恩节 **commemorations.** Prince Charles **deputized ['depjʊtaɪz] 指定…为代理；授权…为代表 for the** Queen last time during her trip to Kenya in 1983. The Queen, 91, watched from the balcony of the Foreign Office along with Prince Philip, as her son laid a **wreath** ***on her behalf.*** 2. A wreath is a circle of leaves that some people hang somewhere in their house or on the front door as decoration. (装饰用的) 花环 A Christmas wreath exclaiming PEACE ON EARTH hangs on the restaurant door. 一个写着“世界和平”的圣诞花环悬挂在饭店的门上 //coffin V.S. casket棺材；骨灰盒 |
| v. wreath = wreathe [ri**ːð**] 用花环装饰；将…做成花环；包围: encircle with or as if with a wreath e.g. Her head was wreathed with blossoms |
| v. wreath = wreathe [ri**ːð**] 用花环装饰；将…做成花环；包围: encircle with or as if with a wreath e.g. Her head was wreathed with blossoms |
| 愤怒 | wrath /rɒθ/ = anger. wrathful 愤怒的；激怒的 1. N-UNCOUNT Wrath means the same as 愤怒 例： He incurred the wrath/anger of the authorities in speaking out against government injustices. 他因为公开反对政府的不公正而引起当局的愤怒。 E.g. Puerto Rico sheltered many of the evacuees who fled Hurricane Irma's wrath in other Caribbean islands. Now those evacuees and native Puerto Ricans are bracing for another powerful hurricane. The governor ordered evacuations ahead of deteriorating conditions. |
| 最后一点 （但并不是不重要） | Last but not least, |
| 目光敏锐的; 眼尖的; 观察入微的 | shar[p-e]yed: A sharp-eyed person is good at noticing and observing things. e.g .A shar[p-e]yed shop clerk spotted/recognized the fake banknote. 一名眼尖的售货员发现了假钞 e.g. A shar[p-e]yed waitress spotted two burglars 窃贼. 一名眼尖的waitress发现了2个盗贼 //banknote: paper money 纸钞，钞票; fake banknote: 假钞 //a burglar = a thief; burglary = the act of stealing or burgling/burglarizing盗窃行为; burgle = burglarize = steal |
| 高潮 (climax, peak); 最精彩部分; (工作的) 最佳状态 | high point: The high point of an event or period of time is the most exciting, most amazing, or enjoyable part of it. [ The high point of this concert ] e.g. The high point of this trip was a day at the beach. 该旅途最精彩的部分是在海滩上渡过的一天 e.g. The high point高潮 of this concert is when the singer’s bosom friend appeared on the platform out of blue (suddenly, unexpected, abruptly) |
| 远见 | I have no **vision** actually 实际上，我没有啥远见 |
| 想象；预想 | envision [in'viʒən] v. 1. imagine; conceive of; see in one's mind; 2. picture to oneself; imagine possible, foresee e.g. I cannot envision him as President -elect e.g. "We began to envision a global community of passionate hosts and guests, " he said. e.g. Ibm helps client to prepare for the deploying of cloud computing and envision (foresee) the IT demands for future years. Eg I always envision the happy life in my family in future. |
| V 发挥擅长 | Well, we have a strong team. I think we’re successful because everyone is good at a certain thing and they’re allowed to excel发挥擅长 in that areas. Well, let’s take my project for example, it’s kind of a daunting task with formidable challenges. Then we split the project into multiple tasks, and found that every team member is good at a specific one, where they can excel in that area. areas of which I excel at. |
| 关于这一点, xxx | • On that note, I think xx ; Regarding xxxx = In terms of xxx = with respect of xxx |
| 梅赛德斯·奔驰（汽车）（德国知名汽车厂商） | Mercedes [mə'sidi:z] Benz |
| （学生）实地考察旅行(短途旅行); (学生)外出活动,外出短程旅游 | 1. A field trip is an trip made by students and a teacher to see or study something, for example a museum, a factory, or a historical site. (学生)外出活动 e..g Rachel enjoyed the class field trip to the aquarium in Boston. 很喜欢她班级去波士顿水族馆的外出活动 2. A field trip is a group excursion短途旅行 for the purpose of firsthand observation, as to a museum, the woods, or a historic place. 旅行考察：为了对博物馆、森林或有历史意义的地方做最直接的观察而进行的短途旅行 eg Over two-thirds of people on board were students on a high school field trip, many of whom remain missing. |
| 短途旅行/(尤指旅行社安排的) 短程旅游 | excursion /ɪkˈskɜːʃən/  1.N-COUNT You can refer to a short trip as an excursion, especially if it is taken for pleasure or enjoyment. 短途旅行 e.g. In Bermuda, Sam's father took him on an excursion to a coral barrier. 在百慕大，萨姆的父亲带他去了一趟到珊瑚堤的短途旅行。 2. N-COUNT An excursion is a trip or visit to an interesting place, especially one that is arranged or recommended by a travel agency or tourist organization. (尤指旅行社安排的) 短程旅游 e.g Another pleasant excursion is Matamoros, 18 miles away. 另一个怡人的短程旅游是18英里外的马塔莫罗斯 e.g. The feature, called Trips, allows travelers to book excursions with local residents within the Airbnb app. These excursions include anything from partaking in meals to participating in local activities, such as surfing, hiking, embroidery or concerts. Airbnb users pay locals to take part in their hobbies. |
| 兽医; (尤指曾在战争中服役的) 退伍军人; . (尤指将要从事军事或政治机密的工作人员) 受审查 | vet /vɛt/ (vetting,vetted,vets) 1. A vet is someone who is qualified to treat sick or injured animals. Vet is an abbreviation for veterinarian . 兽医 e.g. She's at the vet, with her dog, right now. 2. A vet is someone who has served in the armed forces of their country, especially during a war; and now he or she has mustered out (of service). Vet is an abbreviation for veterian . (尤指曾在战争中服役的) 退伍军人 e.g. The New England Shelter in Boston will serve Christmas dinner for 200 vets. 收容所将为200名老兵提供圣诞晚餐。 e.g. A crop of/tons of/loads of/a slew of veterians are hihgly encouraged to attend some induction trainings就职培训 so that they would be qualified to work in specific area out of military field. //muster in 入伍 V.S. muster out (of service) [美国英语] 【军事】使退伍，使退役 //大量的 a considerable number of = tons of = loads of = a slew[sluː] of sth = a crop of sth 3. V-T If someone is vetted, they are investigated fully before being given a particular job, role, or position, especially one that involves military or political secrets, or any job associated with confidential information. (尤指将要从事军事或政治机密的工作人员) 受审查 e.g. She was secretly vetted before she ever undertook any work for me. 她在为我承担任何工作之前受到了秘密审查。 4. 审查，检查（报告 xxx ) vetting, vet = check and examine e.g. The government is to make major changes to the procedure for carrying out security vetting/check. 安全审查. e.g. to vet and test your doc = to check |
| 跟你的家人相处的珍贵时间; 父亲、母亲或双亲保留来专门讨论与家庭和小孩有关之事务的时间 | [slang) quality time] Time during which one focuses on or dedicates oneself to a person or activity who or that is especially involved with familily: 珍贵时光 (当一个人专注于或将精力用于某个人或某个活动时所用的时间, or 父亲、母亲或双亲保留来专门讨论与家庭和小孩有关之事务的时间) eg “When you decide to turn on the TV, you decide not to spend the quality time with your family”“当你决定要打开电视时，你决定……不花珍贵时光跟你的家人相处” eg In the hospital, Mom and baby had plenty of quality time together since visitors couldn't hit the roads to come see them coz of the blizzard storm. |
| 1.(TV/radio)黄金时段/时间( 通常指晚间 七时至11时，电视观众最多的时段 ) 2. 黄金时代/年代 | [the prime time ] The evening hours, generally between 7 and 11p.m., when the largest television audience is available. Prime time television programme or prime time radio programmes are broadcast when the greatest number of people are watching television or listening to the radio, usually in the evenings between 7 pm and 11 pm (电视广播) 黄金时段 [ ...a prime-time television show. …一个黄金时段的电视节目 ; a prime time radio programme 个黄金时段的广播节目 ] e.g. In two hours of prime time TV you might see ads for two to three different brands of cars. 在观看电视的黄金时间中的两个小时里 e.g. a return to 1950s prime time ...到1950年的黄金时代 |
| induct, induction | 使正式就任 [induct sb to office]= to inaugurate sb to office, to place ceremoniously or formally in an office or a position; eg We will hold an inauguration ceremony to induct the new president of the university to office, with four-year tenure期限 . 那个大学的新校长正式的就任仪式 |
| sb is inducted into the army=sb muster in =sb is admitted to military service: 被征去服军役,征召入伍：muster in [into] [美]征召入伍; eg He was inducted into the army at age of 18 and muster out of the service at age of 50 eg 她18岁时入伍,50退伍; eg He mustered in at the age of 18 and mustered out when the war ended. (18 is the years of discretion责任年龄 in CHINA actually) //If someone in a position of authority uses their discretion or has the discretion to do something in a particular situation, they have the freedom and authority to judge or decide what to do. 酌情决定权 e.g. This committee may want to exercise its discretion to look into those charges. 这个委员会可能想行使其酌情决定权来调查那些指控 |
| To introduce, as to new experience or knowledge; initiate: 使入门：介绍，如新的经验或知识；使有初步了解： She was inducted into the ways of the legal profession. 她被引进法律这一行 |
| 入职培训；就职培训;　 就业培训 [ induction or induction training ] V.S. vocational training e.g. A crop of new students will attend the induction training 一批 新生参加入职培训 e.g. A crop of veterans are encouraged to attend induction training　就职培训;就业培训 so that they would be qualified to work in specific areas. //大量的 a considerable number of = tons of = loads of = a slew[sluː] of sth = a crop of sth |
| Physics To induce. 【物理学】 感应 |
| 这只是时间的问题 | I think **it's just a matter of time**. E.g. Don't hurry to drop hints to your boss that you wanna be promoted because **it's just a matter of time.** |
| 重要的是 xxx | [ What matters most is that xxx ] e.g. Getting a job at today’s IBM does not always require a college deg[ree; at some of our centers in the United States, as many as one third of employees have less than a four-year degree. What matters most is relevant skills, sometimes obtained through vocational training. |
|  | mirror /ˈmɪrə/ CET4 TEM4 (mirroring,mirrored,mirrors) 1. N-COUNT A mirror is a flat piece of glass which reflects light, so that when you look at it you can see yourself reflected in it. 镜子 He went into the bathroom absent-mindedly and looked at himself in the mirror. 他心不在焉地走进了浴室，照着镜子看了看自己。 2. V-T If something mirrors something else, it has similar features to it, and therefore seems like a copy or representation of it. 反映出xxDespite the fact that I have tried to be objective, the book inevitably mirrors my own interests and experiences. 尽管我曾努力做到客观，但这本书还是不可避免地反映出了我自己的兴趣和经历。 **3. V-T If you see something reflected in water, you can say that the water mirrors it. (水) 映出  ...the sudden glitter where a newly flooded field mirrors the sky. …那突然的闪光，使新近被水淹没的田地映出了天空** |
| 等价于，相当于 | V.) amount to sth; amount to doing sth  eg The 25% cut in usage **amounts to** roughly 1.5 million acre-feet of water (an acre foot of water equals about 325,000 gallons) over the next nine months, state officials said.  eg The way of your working **amounts to** **finding a needle in a haystack**大海捞针. I’m afraid it would be **in vain(without success in spite of your efforts 徒劳**).  //tantamount: Equivalent in effect or value [a request tantamount to a demand.] (be) tantamount to |
| 无异于, 等同于, 在效果或价值上相等的 | ['tæntəmaʊnt] tantamount [无异于, 相当于的 : be tantamount to sth]: Equivalent in effect or value [a request tantamount to a demand.] If you say that one thing is tantamount to another, more serious thing, you are **emphasizing how bad, unacceptable, or unfortunate** the first thing is by comparing it to the second thing.  e.g. What Bracey is saying **is tantamount to heresy['herɪsɪ].** 布里斯正在说的 无异于<异端邪说>  e.g What you're doing now **is tantamount to chronic suicide** 等同于／无异于慢性自杀 |
| Verb 1. (数量、比例上) 占 2. 解释 3.对…负责 4. 列入预算 | account for (accounting,accounted,accounts) 1. PHRASAL VERB If a particular thing accounts for a part or proportion of something, that part or proportion consists of that thing, or is used or produced by it. (数量、比例上) 占 e.g. Computers account for 5% of the country's commercial electricity consumption. 电脑占了这个国家商业用电的5%。e.g. The EcoSport, which is a small compact crossover SUV, has been built at a Ford's assembly plant in Chennai, India for more than 100 markets around the world since 2013. About a 15% of the plant's production sold in India. Subcompact SUVs are a huge business in the U.S., accounting for(数量，比例)占 the biggest segment of the auto market. e.g. So far, only 1 trillion rupees ($15 billion) have been replaced by new 500 and 2,000 banknotes (paper money) -- accounting for only 7% of the value of the defunct cash. //Compact Crossover SUV 小型跨界运动休旅车 2. PHRASAL VERB If something accounts for a particular fact or situation, it causes or explains it. 导致; 解释 .e.g The gene they discovered today doesn't account for all those cases. 他们今天发现的那种基因解释不了所有的那些情况。 3.PHRASAL VERB If you can account for something, you can explain it or give the necessary information about it. 解释 e.g. How do you account for the company's alarmingly high staff turnover? 你怎么解释这家公司高得惊人的人员流动率？ 4.PHRASAL VERB If someone has to account for an action or policy, they are responsible or accountable for it, and may be required to explain it to other people or be punished if it fails. 对…负责 e.g. The president and the president alone must account for his government's reforms.该总统并且只有总统一个人必须对他的这些政府改革负责。 5. PHRASAL VERB If a sum of money is accounted for in a budget, it has been included in that budget for a particular purpose. 列入预算 e.g. The really heavy costs have been accounted for. 这些确实巨大的花费已被列入预算 |
| 平淡朴素 | plain and simple |
| 惩罚性的 | punitive /ˈpjuːnɪtɪv/ ADJ **Punitive** actions are intended to punish people. 惩罚性的 e.g. ...a **punitive** bombing raid, which is a **retaliation** against Iraq…一场惩罚性的空袭 |
| adj. 惩罚的；刑罚的 | punitory ['pju:nətəri] |
| 大浪；汹涌澎湃； vi. 激增；汹涌 n) 剧增, 激增 | a surge is a sudden large increase or augment增加增大 in something that has previously been steady, or has only increased or developed slowly. 剧增; eg As for Baghdad, it has witnessed a surge 剧增 in the number of car bomb attacks in recent weeks, with ISIS claiming responsibility for many of them. eg.. Specialists see various reasons for the recent surge剧增, 激增 in inflation. 专家认为最近通货膨胀加剧有各种原因。 [(突然)涌向前去 surge forward: If a crowd of people surge forward, they suddenly move forward together. 涌动 eg The photographers and cameramen surged forward as soon as the famous celebrity appears 那些摄影和摄像师们涌向前去 ; ] [(water, electricity) surge through sth (水、电流等)涌过: If a physical force such as water or electricity surges through something, it moves through it suddenly and powerfully. eg Thousands of volts surged through his car after he careered into a lamp post灯柱, ripping out live wires. 撞向一个灯柱、扯断了通电的电线之后，几千伏的电流涌过他的汽车。 //围攻；包围一个城市 besiege a city = lay siege to a city |
| Nou. 包围，围攻(一个地方，城市） | siege Noun /siːdʒ/ V.S. besiege Verb /bɪˈsiːdʒ/［under siege 被包围, 被围攻; lay siege to a place= besiege a place　包围，围攻(一个地方，城市）；努力追求; 围攻；包围一个城市 besiege a city = lay siege to a city; raise the siege = lift the siege 停止围攻；解除包围, 解围　］ 1. N-COUNT A siege is a military or police operation in which soldiers or police surround a place in order to force the people there to come out or give up control of the place. 包围 e.g. We must do everything possible to lift/raise the siege.解除包围。 2.PHRASE If police, soldiers, or journalists lay siege to a place = besiege that place, they surround it in order to force the people there to come out or give up control of the place. 包围 e.g. The rebels besiged/laid siege to the governor's residence, the Blue House青瓦台. 叛乱者们包围了那座总督官邸 |
| **1. 不断的被sb/sth打扰** 2.围攻；包围(一个城市) | besiege /bɪˈsiːdʒ/ (besieging,besieged,besieges) 1.V-T If you are besieged by people, many people want something from you and continually bother you. 不断打扰　 e.g. She, as one the most sought-after吃香的 actresses in CHINA, was besieged by the press, the public, and espeically the crazy paparazzi. 她不断被媒体,公众,狗仔队打扰。 //ˌpæpəˈrætsɪ/ The paparazzi are photographers who follow famous people around, hoping to take candid photos or shocking photographs of them that they can sell to a newspaper. 狗仔队, parazzo[,pɑ:pə'rɑ:tsəu] 的复数  2. V-T If soldiers besiege a place/ lay siege to a place, they surround it and wait for the people in it to stop fighting or resisting. 围攻；包围(一个城市) besiege a city = lay siege to a city; raise the siege = lift the siege 停止围攻；解除包围, 解围　 e.g. The main part of the army moved to Sevastopol to besiege the town/lay siege to the town. 这支部队的主力前往塞瓦斯托波尔去围攻那个小镇 |
| V. 大量储备(食物) N. 大量储备的物资 | stockpile /ˈstɒkˌpaɪl/  1. V-T If people stockpile things such as food or weapons, they store large quantities of them for future use. 大量储备 e.g. People are stockpiling food for the coming winter. 人们正在为即将到来的冬天大量储备食物。e.g. "The next few hours should be placed on cleaning up around the house and on your properties rather than stockpiling weeks of foods and other supplies," 2. N-COUNT A stockpile of things is a large quantity of them that have been stored for future use. 大量储备的物资; e.g. The two leaders also approved treaties to cut stockpiles of chemical weapons. 赞同削减化学武器储备的条约 e.g. With millions of residents still lined up for ages around the country to withdraw new banknotes/paper currency and nearly half the country's 200,000 ATMs not working, the mobile bus is just **a drop in the bucket/ocean**沧海一粟；九牛一毛. In the meantime/Meanwhile, he hopes that new government-issued政府发行的 500 and 2,000 rupee banknotes will be available at ATMs this week. The machines need to be adjusted or fine-tuned微调b ecause the new banknotes are smaller than the old. Bank branches across the country reopened on Thursday after a surprise one-day shutdown to allow them to stockpile储备物资 the new 500 and 2,000 rupee banknotes. |
| 意想不到  出乎意料的  突然地  突然的 | [ do sth out of blue = suddenly, unexpectedly, or abruptly ] Tapescript: • Jill, I desperately need your help. The IBM Cloud clients just dropped on me out of blue/ (suddenly and unexpectedly出乎意料的；突然的). I barely know anything about them. • Well, I can keep track of their reports, if you would like to me do. //留意xx的变动 • It would be great. I know, it’s a sustainable housing company, but … • Well, right, it’s a corporation with a board of directors 董事会. And upper management answers to the board of directors. • Did Joey say that there would be a distribution center(分销中心) in ShangHai? • Yes, in 9 months. Anyway, the company is broken down into 7 departments, each of which is manged by the director, including marketing, operation, information services, human resources, um, sales, and um… • Don’t worry. I can find them later. Now, is Linda our direct contact interface? • Yes. She’s the director of sales. She’s directly reporting/answering to汇报于 the VP of sales. • And it’s a large company, right? • Yes, most of them are in England, with almost 3000 regular employees in total, not mention the outsourcing members. • Wow, no wonder that 难怪 their cost looks so high, even only for operation. • It’s probably because of the recent regulations. They try to do business as a general partnership. Just with too much concerns about their liability债务（法律）责任. //是指所有合伙人共同承担债务的企业: a general partnership • I totally get it. Liability 债务（法律）责任 is a huge concern for everyone in this day and age 在当今这个年代. |
| India's Prime Minister Modi abruptly banned the old 500 and 1,000 rupee banknotes/paper currency in an unscheduled speech on Tuesday night out of blue (suddenly and expectedly, abruptly). The blanket ban is aimed at fighting corruption and ta[x e]vasion/dodge/avoidance.. India's sudden switch to new banknotes/paper currency纸币 left millions of people lining up for ages to get their hands on the cash. Banks have been besieged/surrounded by crowds trying to exchange their defunct cash. All ATMs, stocked with囤积 only 100 rupee banknotes (about $1.50 bucks), are emptying within hours and tempers are fraying. //bad-tempered = grumpy = full of bile // If something is defunct, it no longer exists or has stopped functioning or operating. 1.不再存在的, 已不存在的; 2.不再起作用的 |
| 1.不再存在的, 已不存在的; 2.不再起作用的 | defunct /dɪˈfʌŋkt/ V.S. malfunctional defunct adj: If something is defunct, it no longer exists or has stopped functioning or operating. 1.不再存在的, 已不存在的; 2.不再起作用的 e.g. ...the leader of the now defunct Social Democratic Party. …现已不存在的社会民主党的领袖 e.g. So far, only 1 trillion rupees ($15 billion) have been replaced by new 500 and 2,000 banknotes (paper money) -- accounting for 占比例 just 7% of the value of the total defunct cash. The new notes are too small for ATMs, and refitting the machines will take weeks. e.g. India's Prime Minister Modi abruptly banned the old 500 and 1,000 rupee banknotes/paper currency in an unscheduled speech on Tuesday night out of blue (suddenly and expectedly, abruptly). The blanket ban is aimed at fighting corruption and tax evasion/dodge/avoidance.. India's sudden switch to new banknotes/paper currency纸币 left millions of people lining up for ages to get their hands on the cash. Banks have been besieged/surrounded by crowds trying to exchange their defunct cash. All ATMs, stocked with囤积 only 100 rupee banknotes (about $1.50 bucks), are emptying within hours and tempers are fraying. //bad-tempered = grumpy = full of bile With millions of residents still lined up for ages around the country to withdraw new banknotes/paper currency and nearly half the country's 200,000 ATMs not working, the mobile bus is just **a drop in the bucket/ocean.** In the meantime/Meanwhile, he hopes that new government-issued政府发行的 500 and 2,000 rupee banknotes will be available at ATMs this week. The machines need to be adjusted or fine-tuned微调b ecause the new banknotes are smaller than the old. Bank branches across the country reopened on Thursday after a surprise one-day shutdown to allow them to stockpile储备物资 the new 500 and 2,000 rupee banknotes. //I've been waiting for ages; line up for ages |
| 沧海一粟; 九牛一毛;  杯水车薪 | [沧海一粟; 九牛一毛; 杯水车薪a drop in the bucket, a drop in the ocean ]  e.g. But even this effort could prove to be **a drop in the bucket** compared to what's needed.  e.g. But the humanitarian assistance is only **a drop in the bucket/ocean**. The World Food Program estimates the storm destroyed 100% of the crops in this agricultural area. There are more than 468,000 people are displaced (homeless).  e.g. India's Prime Minister Modi **abruptly** banned the old 500 and 1,000 rupee **banknotes**/paper currency in an unscheduled speech on Tuesday night **out of blue** (suddenly and expectedly, abruptly). The blanket ban is aimed at fighting corruption and **tax evasion/dodge/avoidance**.. India's sudden switch to new banknotes/paper currency纸币 left millions of people lining up for ages to get their hands on the cash. Banks have been **besieged/surrounded** by crowds trying to exchange their defunct cash. All ATMs, stocked with囤积 only 100 rupee banknotes (about $1.50 bucks), are emptying within hours and tempers are fraying. With millions of residents still lined up for ages around the country to withdraw new banknotes/paper currency and nearly half the country's 200,000 ATMs not working, the mobile bus is just **a drop in the bucket/ocean**. |
| 冰山一角. | [ a tip of the iceberg] e.g. Well, this corruption & bribery issue is just a tip of the iceberg in Chinese legislation area. e.g. This tiny issue is only a tip of the iceberg in DP project. // a drop in the bucket, a drop in the ocean 沧海一粟, 九牛一毛 //statute /ˈstætjuːt/ N-VAR A statute is a rule or law which has been made by a government or other organization and formally written down. 法令; 规章 |
| station**a**ry | Not moving. 静止的; Not capable of being moved; fixed. 不能被移动的；固定的; Unchanging:不变的：a stationary sound.稳定的声音 |
| <start> station**e**ry | Writing paper and envelopes. 信纸信封; **Writing materials and office supplies.**文具和办公用品 station**E**ryV.S. station**A**ry: ['steɪʃ(ə)n(ə)rɪ] adj. 固定的；静止的；定居的；常备军的 n. 不动的人；驻军 |
| 订书机;  订书钉 | 订书机: stapler ['steplə]: paper fastener consisting of a short length of U-shaped wire that can fasten papers together => staples: Staples are small pieces of bent wire that are used mainly for fastening sheets of paper together firmly. You put the staples into the paper fastner using a device called a stapler. 订书钉 |
| 胶带 | the tape: Tape is **a sticky strip** of plastic that is used for **sticking things togethe**r. 胶带; e.g. ..strong adhesive tape. …黏性很强的胶带 |
| （塑料或金属的）夹子；**回纹针**；修剪 | clips 回纹针 V.S. binder clips装订夹; clip: A clip is a small device, usually made of metal or plastic, that is specially U-shaped for holding or fastening things together. 夹子; 回形针 //**brooch [brəʊtʃ]** or breast pin : A brooch is a piece of jewellery that has a pin at the back so it can be fastened on a dress, blouse, or coat, usually worn by women 胸针，饰针 |
| 装订夹; 长尾夹 | binder clips |
| |  | | --- | | 大头针，别针 | | pin: |
| |  | | --- | | 白板笔 | | board pen; e.g. In Agile method, there is a daily activitiy entitled "Stand up meeting", where a **squad** of members are standing up together before a board and we need to debrief our work by writing it down using the **board pen 白板笔**. |
| 荧光笔 | highlighter /ˈhaɪˌlaɪtə/ 1. A highlighter is a pen with brightly coloured ink that is used to mark parts of a document. 荧光笔 2. [ Cosmetics ] Highlighter is a pale-coloured cosmetic that someone puts above their eyes, in eyelid or on their cheeks to emphasize the shape of their face. (化妆用的)光影粉; 轮廓色; 眼影 or 腮上的光影粉 V.S. cheek color腮红 |
| 书挡 V.S.书签 | 书挡, 书立 bookends /ˈbʊkɛnd/ N-COUNT Bookends are **a pair of support**s used to hold a row of books **in an upright position** by placing one at each end of the row. 书立 |
| bookmark/bookmarker : A bookmark is a narrow, thin piece of card or leather that you put between the pages of a book so that you can find a particular page easily. 书签 |
| <end> station**e**ry |  |
| 难怪 ; 不足为奇 | It's no wonder that they wanna show off 炫耀。 E.g. You did offensive冒犯无礼的 things to them before; it's not wonder that they definitely catch this opportunity to show you up 使某人丢脸。 E.g She's very flighty轻浮的 and arrogant/cocky/big-headed. It's no wonder that they don't like you. //What you did is just to show me up使某人丢脸. |
| 很有可能发生的; so 易于…的; 负**法律责任**的 | 1. **be liable to do sth.**  When something is liable to happen, it **is mostly likely to** happen/ **apt to do (易于；有...倾向)**  很有可能发生的; so 易于…的 e.g. Only a small minority of the mentally ill **are liable to** harm themselves or others. **很有可能**伤害到自己或他人。 |
| 2. If people or things are liable to something **unpleasant,** they **are likely to** experience it or do it. 易于… **[ 易于消沉的 liable to depression ]**  e.g. She grows into a woman particularly **liable to depression**. 她变成一个特别**易于消沉的**女人 |
| 3. 负法律责任的 be liable for sth = liability 负法律责任 [ take liability for sth ] If you are liable for something such as a debt, you are legally responsible for it.  e.g. The airline's insurer is liable for damages to the victims' families. 航空公司投保的保险公司insurer为遇难者家庭的损失负法律责任. e.g. The company does not accept or take liability for fragile易碎, valuable or perishable articles. 公司对于易碎、贵重或易腐烂/易变质的物品不负(法律)责任 //Goods, such as food that are perishable, go bad or spoiled after a short length of time. (食物)易腐烂的; 易变质的 e.g ...perishable food like fruit, vegetables, and meat. ...水果、蔬菜、肉类等易变质的食品 |
| Tapescript • Jill, I desperately need your help. The IBM Cloud clients just dropped on me out of blue/ (suddenly, unexpectedly, abruptly 出乎意料的；突然的). I barely know anything about them. • Well, I can keep track of their reports, if you would like to me do. //留意xx的变动 • Thank you so much. Now, is Linda our direct contact interface? • Yes. She’s the director of sales. She’s directly reporting/answering to汇报于 the VP of sales. • And it’s a large company, right? • Yes, most of them are in England, with almost 3000 regular employees in total, not mention the outsourcing members. • Wow, no wonder that 难怪 their cost looks so high, even only for operation. • It’s probably because of the recent regulations. They try to do business as a general partnership. Just with too much concerns about their liability法律责任. //是指所有合伙人共同承担债务的企业: a general partnership • I totally get it. Liability法律责任 is a huge concern for everyone in this day and age 在当今这个年代. |

## Tense

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Present simple一般现在时 | e.g. I like watching movie. |
| [present **continuous**](file:///C:\Users\IBM_ADMIN\AppData\Local\Youdao\Dict\Application\7.5.2.0\resultui\dict\result.html?keyword=present%20continuous&lang=en) 现在进行时 | E.g. I’m eating now. |
| Present perfect (simple) 现在完成时 | e.g. I’ve lived here for 3 yrs. |
| Present perfect **continuous** 现在完成进行时：have been doing sth | e.g. The cellphone tech has been advancing at an incredible rate.  e.g. I have been studying in Xi’an for 3 yrs. |
| [Past simple](file:///C:\Users\IBM_ADMIN\AppData\Local\Youdao\Dict\Application\7.5.2.0\resultui\dict\result.html?keyword=Past%20Simple&lang=en) 一般过去时 | e.g. I eat noodles yesterday. |
| Past perfect (simple) 过去完成时 | e.g. I had notifi**ed** him of the bad news before he arriv**ed** in Xi’an. |
|  |  |
|  |  |

## Cosmetics & makedup

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| 洗面奶 | cleanser /ˈklɛnzə/  1.[N-MASS](javascript:;)A cleanser is a liquid or cream that you use for cleaning your skin, esp your face. 洁面乳 **[the foam cleanser 泡沫 洗面奶]**  •  ...an effective cleanser for dry and sensitive skins.  …一种对干燥和过敏性皮肤极为有效的洁面乳。  2.[N-MASS](javascript:;)A cleanser is a liquid or powder that you use in cleaning kitchens and bathrooms. 清洁剂; 去污粉c•  ...a certain kind of bathroom cleanser. c …某种浴室清洁剂。 |
| 磨砂膏； 去角质产品 | **scrub => facial scrub** : is a cleaning substance that you use to scrub or erase against your skin in order to remove the dirty substance from your body  e.g. I've been Looking or a good **facial scrub** for a while e.g. 这是我 一直都想要的一款**去角质产品** |
|  | shampoo /ʃæmˈpuː/     1. [N-MASS](javascript:;)Shampoo is a soapy liquid that you use for washing your hair. 洗发液   ...a bottle of shampoo.   …一瓶洗发水。 2. [V-T](javascript:;)When you **shampoo your hair**, you wash it using shampoo and hair conditioner. 用洗发水洗 e.g.  **Shampoo your hair** and dry it. |
|  | Hair conditioner is a hair care product that changes the texture质地, quality and appearance of hair.  e.g.  This **hair conditioner** is excellent for **revitalizing** dry, lifeless hair.  这种护发素对使干枯、无生气的头发 重新焕发光彩 非常有效。 |
|  | Toner ['təʊnə]   1. a type of ink that is used in machines that print or copy documents 〔打印机、复印机等用的〕墨粉，色粉 2. a liquid that you put on your face to make your skin feel soft and smooth 润肤水/爽肤水 e.g. Pat轻拍 the toner on our face evenly. |
| 精华 | serum ['sɪərəm]  1. [ the facial serum; 眼部精华 the eye serum ] cosmetics, looks like the phlegm粘液, 痰, used to make the skin smoothy, elastic, energetic, and young; especially keep your **face contour['kɔntuə]轮廓** tight.  E.g. Try this **face secrum** that can alleviate your **face puffiness ['pʌfi:nis] 虚胖, 虚肿**  2.Serum is the clear yellowish fluid obtained upon separating whole blood into its solid and liquid components.Also called blood serum 血浆：通过将全血分为固相和液相而得到的浅黄色澄清液也作 blood serum； 血清 |
|  | emulsion /ɪˈmʌlʃən/      1. Emulsion or emulsion paint is a water-based paint used for painting walls and ceilings. 乳化漆 •  ...an undercoat of white emulsion paint.  ...一种白色乳化漆底漆。  2. An emulsion is a liquid or cream which is a mixture of two or more liquids, such as oil and water, that do not naturally mix together. 精华乳液 |
| Anti-UV cream (BB or CC) |  |
| day cream V.S. night cream |  |
| Eye cream |  |
| Sunblock/sunscreen | a cream spread on the skin; contains a chemical (as PABA) to filter out ultraviolet light and so protect from sunburn e.g. Wear sunscreen/sunblocker防晒霜 SPF 15 or higher to protect your skin from harmful/detrimental UV(ultraviolet) radiation |
| Eyebrow | e.g. Every morning, I must **eyebrow** myself, then make up some **eye shadow**, finally the **eyeliner** |
| 眼影 | 你要不要试试看粉红色的眼影？Would you like to try pink **eye shadow**? E.g. 请选择一盒黑色眼影和一支扁平**眼线**笔刷。 Opt for a black **eye shadow** and a flat **eyeliner** brush. //眼线膏，眼线笔: the eyeliner |
| Eyelid | Eyelid is a piece of skin that covers your eye when it is closed 眼睑，眼皮 |
| [词条图片](javascript:;) | mascara 英 [mæ'skɑːrə];  [mæ'skærə]  n. 染眉毛油；染睫毛膏  vt. 在…上涂染眉毛膏  Mascara is a substance used as makeup to make eyelashes darker. 睫毛膏  e.g. 防水睫毛膏: water-proof mascara/water-resistant mascaras |
| 眼线膏，眼线笔 | eyeliner /ˈaɪˌlaɪnə/ In cosmetic, an **eyeliner** is a special kind of **pencil** which some women use on the edges of their **eyelids眼睑；眼皮** next to their **eyelashes睫毛** in order to look more attractive. 眼线笔 |
| [腮红](javascript:;)/胭脂 blusher/ˈblʌʃə/ | blusher/ˈblʌʃə/= cheek color: is a coloured substance that women put on their cheeks.  eg. Would you like to try to pink cheek color? |
| (化妆用的)光影粉; 轮廓色; | [ Cosmetics ] **Highlighter** is a pale-coloured cosmetic that someone puts **above their eyes, in eyelid** or on **their** **cheeks** to emphasize the shape of their face. (化妆用的)光影粉; 轮廓色; |
| [词条图片](javascript:;) | 口红: Lipstick is a coloured substance in the form of a stick which women put on their lips.  e.g.  She was wearing red lipstick. 她涂着红色唇膏。 |
|  | 防裂唇膏/润唇膏 chapstick /ˈtʃæpˌstɪk/: is a cylinder of a substance in the form of a stick that is put on lips for **preventing or soothing dry lips.**  //ch**o**pstick V.S. ch**a**pstick |
|  | A lotion is a liquid that you use to clean, improve, or protect your skin or hair. (涂在皮肤或头发以清洁或保护的)乳,  e.g. **body lotion**/cream 润肤露；身体乳液; moisturizing lotion保湿美颜乳；保湿营养乳液; hand lotion/cream 护手霜  e.g. Pat the body lotion evenly around your body after taking a shower. |
| 润肤霜; 保湿霜 | moisturizer /ˈmɔɪstʃəˌraɪzə/  A moisturizer is a cream that you put on your skin to make it feel softer and smoother. 润肤霜; 保湿霜 |
| vt. 修剪指甲，美甲； n. 修指甲，美甲 | manicure /'mænɪkjʊə / is a treatment for the hands that includes cutting and polishing the nails **[ manicure my nails; manicure set/kit 美甲套装; 修剪指甲全套用具; manicure accessories 修剪指甲套装里的杂件; 修剪草坪 mow[məʊ] the lawn = manicure the lawn ]**  e.g. Can I borrow your **nail clipper 指甲刀**to manicure/'mænɪkjʊə / my nails. **[ 指甲钳；指甲夹； nail clipper ]** manicured adj.) 整修的；修剪整齐的(nails, lawn) **[ 修剪整齐的草坪 the manicured lawn = the lawn that is manicured or mowed [məʊ]]** |
| 抗氧化剂 | antioxid**a**nt /ˌæntɪˈɒksɪdənt/ N-COUNT An antioxidant is a substance that slows down the damage that can be caused to other substances by the effects of oxygen. Foods that contain antioxidants are thought to be very good for you. 抗氧化剂 |
| 脸部轮廓 | face contour ['kɔntuə] |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| thoroughfare | A main road or public highway or motorway 大道或主道 eg No thoroughfare! (slang) 此路不通! 禁止通行! 此方法行不通 A heavily traveled passage, such as a waterway, strait, or channel. 干道：如水路、海峡或运河等繁忙的旅行通道 eg The sit-in protesters continue to occupy a major thoroughfare in Admiralty金钟, close to the city's financial district and government headquarters, but police have dismantled barricades and re-opened roads to traffic. |
| thoroughly | utterly, completely, 彻底的, 完全的 e.g. I'm thoroughly disappointed with your company service => I'm sorry that our service was unsatisfactory, and I'll do my best to make it up to you (我们会尽力去补偿您）. => I'm expecting a full refund. //underwhelm sb. = disappoint sb; sth is underwhelming/disappointing: underwhelm sb is to make no positive impact or impression on; disappoint sb. 未给...留下好印象; 使...失望 //补偿你的 E.g. I’m sorry, please give me a chance to make it up to you |
| thoroughbred / purebred | **purebred** stock; 纯种的; (指牲畜)纯种的良种的, a major driving factor was the need to attract the best **thoroughbred horses** to **Royal Ascot**/"horse racing"/turf. |
| e.g. A **thoroughbred**受过良好教育/有教养之人is a well-bred, well-nurtured, and well-educated person who is thorough and all-around全面的. The **thoroughbred** is trained with **holistic education**, cultivated and nurtured very well.  e.g. From his personality, traits and disposition 个性和性情, **it's manifest/obvious that** he is a **thoroughbred** gentleman who must accept a **holistic education** when he was young.  //**[holistic education: 全人教育；整体全面的教育]** Holistic education is a philosophy of education based **on the premise that前提** each person finds identity, meaning, and purpose in life **through connections to the community, to the natural world, and to humanitarian values** such as **compassion同情心, empathy同理心**, and peace. Holistic education aims to call forth from people an intrinsic reverence/respect for life and a passionate love of learning. |
| 马厩; 养马的地方; 马房 | horse stable;  e.g. Just days after a failed military coup that broke out into deadly violence, talks of reintroducing the death penalty have revived 复兴；复 and thousands who were implicated with卷入；涉及 the military coup have been arrested, many of whom were detained in **horse stables马房**, stripped to the waist in humiliation. |
| 商业行话 business jargon ['dʒɑːg(ə)n] | • 我希望谈谈重新聘请 Tara Vang 一事。我们什么时候可以同步交流一下？ E.g. I wanna talk about rehiring Tracy. When can we sync up?  • 谢谢你让我知道。Thanks for keeping me in the loop  • 一个正派人/诚实坦率的人 a straight shooter  e.g. She's a straight shooter. Even during the layoffs, she told the complete truth. 她是个正派人/诚实坦率的人。就连裁员的时候，她都实话实说。 E.g. I’m a straight shooter.  • 背着sb做了什么 (指秘密的行动或背叛): do something behind sb’s back. E.g. 她的助手背着她取消了会议 Her assistant canceled the meeting behind her back e.g. Don’t trust him. He’ll go behind your back.  • 背后中伤sb. (背后补刀) stab sb in the back e.g. 他背后中伤我，然后跟我说会做出补偿 e.g.He stabbed me in the back and then said he'd make it up to me. e.g. Our friendship ends, and I said “How can you stab me in the back? You’re my bosom friend”  • E.g. Rob 把那个项目彻底搞砸了 Rob really screwed up that project. 使用 screw up 谈论他人的错误。它们语气非常强烈，可能显得无礼，因此务必谨慎使用。  • 留意xx的变动: keep track of sth e.g. 销售团队留意客户账户的变动 The sales team keeps track of customer accounts.。e.g. Well, I can keep track of their reports, if you would like to me do.   • You have to pull your own weight. 你们必须各尽其力。  •  • I'm going to make you an offer that you can't refuse. 我要给你一个难以拒绝的开价。 |
|  | Explaining your company's structure 解释公司构成 基于法律和经济上的考虑，公司按照不同的方式构成。 • corporation 是指法律权利和责任独立于所有者或股东之外的大型企业。此类著名的法人公司有微软和谷歌。在公司名称后，你可能见到它的缩写形式 Corp. 或 Inc.。 • LLC（有限责任公司）与法人公司的不同在于所有者的责任。'limited liability责任'意思是公司负责的人并不负担公司全部的债务责任，而是“有限的责任 limited liability”。你可能看到 Ltd.、LC、LLC 或 Co 等缩写形式。  • general partnership: 是指所有合伙人共同承担债务的企业。e.g. With a general partnership, liability is a big concern. 普通合伙公司, 债务（法律）责任是需要担忧的大事 • sole proprietorship [prə'praɪətɚ,ʃɪp] 是指只有一位所有者的企业 |
| 就xx事情和sb接洽 | [ touch base with sb. about sth. Let's touch base later ] E.g. 我得就公司迁址一事接洽Jill e.g. I’ve got to touch base with Jill about relocation. E.g. I’ll touch base with my manager about my working relocation. eg A: I see. Let’s chat somewhere after this presentation. Do you have business card? B. Here you are. Let's touch base later |
| (the inferior)向(the superior) 汇报 | answer to sb.: if you answer to somebody, you report to that person who is normally your superior, such as your lead or manager, you normally debrief your work status or progress to your superior, especially if you have any riks. E.g. The business development manager answers to the COO, aka, the chief operations officer. 商务开发经理向首席运营官汇报。 E.g. Andrea has two service teams that answer to her. 手下有两支服务团队向她汇报。 |
| 布拉格 | Prague [prɑ:ɡ] n. 布拉格 e.g. The headquarter**s [,hed'kwɔ:təz]**  is located in Prague [prɑ:ɡ] . |
| 补偿你的 | I’ll make it up to you. E.g. I’m sorry, please give me a chance to make it up to you. E.g. I'm sorry that our service was unsatisfactory, and I'll do my best to make it up to you (我们会尽力去补偿您） e.g. 他背后中伤我，然后跟我说会做出补偿 e.g.He stabbed me in the back and then said he'd make it up to me. |
| 1. 没用的孬种的/废话的； 2. 胆小懦弱的, 没种/孬种的 | chickenshit /ˈtʃɪkɪnʃɪt/  1. ADJ If you say that someone or something is chickenshit, you mean that they are worthless. 没用的 e. g I don't want a bunch of nerds书呆子 telling me whether to take a limo['lɪməʊ］豪华轿车 or not. That's all chickenshit. 。那些都是废话。e.g. You think I'm chickenshit/worthless, don't you? 你认为我没用/分文不值/孬种？不是吗？ 2.ADJ If you say that someone is chickenshit, you mean that they are cowardly ['kaʊəd]／timid. 胆小的，懦弱的; 没种的; 孬种的 e.g. Come on, man. Don't be chickenshit. |
| (行为）太没种了, 太懦弱了 | That's a pussy ['p**ʊ**sɪ] move. //像猫一样的行为, => figurative meaning: such as a **coward,** be **chickenshit　　// If you say that someone is chickenshit, you mean that they are cowardly ['kaʊəd]／timid. 胆小的，懦弱的; 没种的; 孬种的** |
| 1.钻石 2。 (手拿的)小烟花棒 | **sparklers = 1. Diamond, gem; 2. A sparkler is a small firework that you can hold as it burns. It looks like a piece of thick wire and burns with a lot of small bright sparks. (手拿的)小烟花棒 //sparkle, sparkling/twinkling/bling-bling; e.g. A rare blue diamond has hit the auction market and could fetch $25 million. The 8.01 carat, square cut 'Sky Blue Gem宝石“, which is set to go under the hammer at the Noble Jewels sale on November 16 in Geneva, Switzerland, is one of the largest blue diamonds of its type ever to be sold at auction. "Blue is the color of trust, honesty, loyalty/allegiance, reliability and responsibility. This idealistic color inspires higher ideals, and evokes peace and tranquility," Sotheby's says in its catalog notes on the stone. Blue diamonds are especially rare, and demand for these blue-colored sparklers/diamonds has spiked/skyrocketed in recent years. //被拍卖；在拍卖 under the hammer** |
| bosom | **['buzəm] T**he chest of a human being: 人的胸部：He held the sleepy child to his bosom. 抱在怀里; A woman's breast or breasts. 女性乳房  **breast-breeding; bosom-breeding：母乳喂养 //blossom ['blɒs(ə)m] = flowers, a houquet of flowers, a nosegay of flowers** |
| The part of a garment covering the chest or breasts, **the garment bosom 衣服的胸襟** eg She wears a **bling-bling/twinkling brooch[brəʊtʃ] 胸针** on her **garment bosom**. **// twinkle, twinkling , sparkling 闪烁的；闪亮的** |
| Beloved; intimate: 心爱的；亲密的： **a ['buzəm] bosom friend. 一个亲密的朋友 confidant 知己；密友** |
| 苦心推敲一个（想法，设计， xxx); 绞尽脑汁想出/推敲一个（想法，设计， xxx) | hammer out (an idea, a proposal, a plan); hammer out an **creative/innovative/inventive/ingenious/ground**-**breaking** idea;  eg While the details of the bailout are being **hammered out**, Greece urgently needs cash to make debt repayments and pay other bills. |
| 被拍卖；在拍卖 | **under the hammer = sth. is old at the auction market e.g. A rare blue diamond has hit the auction market and could fetch $25 million. The 8.01 carat, square cut 'Sky Blue Gem宝石“, which is set to go under the hammer at the Noble Jewels sale on November 16 in Geneva, Switzerland, is one of the largest blue diamonds of its type ever to be sold at auction. "Blue is the color of trust, honesty, loyalty/allegiance, reliability and responsibility. This idealistic color inspires higher ideals, and evokes peace and tranquility," Sotheby's says in its catalog notes on the stone. Blue diamonds are especially rare, and demand for these blue-colored sparklers/diamonds has spiked/skyrocketed in recent years. //sparkle, sparkling/twinkling/bling-bling; sparklers = 1. Diamond, gem; 2. A sparkler is a small firework that you can hold as it burns. It looks like a piece of thick wire and burns with a lot of small bright sparks. (手拿的)小烟花棒** |
| 最顶端 | **extreme end 最顶端， high-end = upscale, low-end** |
| 回报 sb.; 报答sb. | Give back to sb. e.g. Profits come first, but we give back to回报 the community. 虽然利润第一，但是我们还是回报社区 |
| 道德观， 伦理意识 | **Sense of ethics, ethical 有道德的 V.S. ethnic adj. 种族的；人种的**  e.g 我自认是一个诚实有道德的人 I think of myself as an honest and ethical person. e.g. She has a strong sense of ethics and social responsibility. 她拥有很强的道德观和社会责任感 |
| 头等大事 | **[ the No.1 thing ]**  E.g. Currently, the No. 1 thing for me is to find a bf and get married asap because it's in my mum's bucket list(遗愿清单) E.g. 对我来说，环境是头等大事: The No. 1 thing for me is the environment |
| 人人为我，我为人人 | **Everyone is for everyone else, and we** think of ouselves as a big family. |
| (作为对朋友的)告别语 | some **parting words;** a **parting statement**  e.g (At the end of **the commencement speech** in Standford university) "Hi president, can you give these students some guidance as a **parting statement 告别语**" |

## Music, musical instrument

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| <start: musica**l in**struments; music> |  |
| 长笛 | **flute:** a high-pitched woodwind instrument; a slender tube closed at one end with finger holes on one end and an opening near the closed end across which the breath is blown  => **fluter**长笛吹奏者 |
| 交响乐，交响曲 | ['sɪmfəni] symphony; pl: symphonies **=> DERIVATIVE [dɪ'rɪvətɪv] symphonic adj /sɪm'fɒnɪk /**  1. 交响乐，交响曲 a long piece of music usually in four parts, written for an **orchestra['ɔːkɪstrə](〔大型的〕管弦乐队) [ symphony orchestra: 交响乐管弦乐]** e.g. Bruckner’s Fifth Symphony 布鲁克纳的《第五交响曲》 e.g.  She also **played the viola [vaɪ'əʊlə]**   in some amateur **orchestras**.   她也曾在一些业 余管弦乐队 拉过中提琴  2.a large group of classical musicians led by a conductor 乐团 |
| 〔大型的〕管弦乐队 | orchestra ['ɔːkɪstrə,'ɔːkəstrə] **DERIVATIVE [dɪ'rɪvətɪv]: orchestrate <an activity> 精心设计/安排** 1. a large group of musicians playing many different kinds of instruments and led by a conductor 〔大型的〕管弦乐队 the Berlin Symphony Orchestra 柏林交响乐团; the school orchestra 校管弦乐队 2. **〔剧院的〕正厅前排座位 [ orchestra section or orchestra seats]** is the area of seats in a theatre close to and on the same level as the stage |
| 喇叭，号角 | horn: a brass musical instrument with a brilliant tone; has a narrow tube and a flared bell and is played by means of valves **//thorn: 刺， 荆棘** |
| 喇叭，小号 | **trumpet ['trʌmpit]， trumpeter 小号手；号兵** a brass musical instrument with a brilliant tone; has a narrow tube and a flared bell and is played by means of valves |
| 鼓 | drum: a musical **percussion instrument;** usually consists of a hollow cylinder with a membrane stretched across each end  **//[ anatomy 解剖]耳膜 eardrum** |
| 打击乐器 | percussion /pəˈkʌʃən/ **[ Percussion instruments]** are musical instruments that you hit, such as drums. 打击乐器  e.g. ...a large symphony orchestra**交响乐管弦乐**, with a vast **percussion section**.  **V.S. repercussions /ˌriːpə/**  If an action or event has repercussions /ˌriːpə/, it causes **unpleasant** things to happen some time after the original action or event； repercussion is an **indirect** effect, influence, or result that is produced by an event or action. (由某一事件或行为产生的、通常是间接的不好的)反响,影响/后果 **[ 深远的后果:further repercussions; 沉痛的后果 painful repercussions ; chain repercussion 连锁反应; foreign repercussion 国外的反响; ]**  //percussion: [临床] 叩诊 => 打诊槌，叩诊器 percussor [pə'kju:sə] n. (medicine) a small hammer with a rubber head used in percussive examinations of the chest and in testing reflexes |
| 钢琴 | piano, pianist['p**ɪə**nɪst] |
| 小提琴 | violin, violinist /ˌvaɪəˈlɪnɪst/  A violin is a musical instrument. Violins are made of wood and have four strings. You play the violin by holding it under your chin and moving a bow across the strings. 小提琴  e.g  Lizzie used to **play the violin**. 莉齐过去常拉小提琴。  Eg. He decided to **debut** with several other **violinists**. 起首次登台演出。  e.g. Rose's father was a talented **violinist**. 罗斯的父亲是一位天才的小提琴手 |
| 中提琴 | viola  [vaɪ'əʊlə]  [vaɪ'olɚ]  n. 中提琴， **中提琴演奏者**  n. (**英)维奥拉，薇奥拉(女名)**  [词条图片](javascript:;)  1.[N-VAR](javascript:;)A viola [vaɪ'əʊlə]  is a musical instrument with four strings that is played with a **bow**. It is like a violin, but is slightly larger and can play lower notes. 中提琴 e.g.  She also **played the viola** [vaɪ'əʊlə]   in some amateur orchestras.   她也曾在一些业 余管弦乐队 拉过中提琴  2. [N](javascript:;)any temperate perennial herbaceous plant of the violaceous genus Viola, the flowers of which have showy irregular petals, white, yellow, blue, or mauve in colour 堇菜属植物 |
| 大提琴 | cello /ˈ**tʃɛ**ləʊ/, cellist /ˈ**tʃɛ**lɪst/  A cello is a musical instrument with four strings that looks like a large violin. You play the cello /ˈ**tʃɛ**ləʊ/ with a **bow** while sitting down and holding it upright between your legs.  => cellist /ˈ**tʃɛ**lɪst/  A cellist is someone who plays the cello. |
| 竖琴 | harp /hɑːp/   1. N-VAR A harp is a large musical instrument consisting of a row of strings stretched from the top to the bottom of a frame. You **play the harp** by **plucking( to pull something quickly in order to remove it 揪，扯，拉) the string**s with your fingers. 竖琴 2. (horoscope星相, astrology 占卜术)天琴座 |
| 低音管 | **bassoon /bəˈsuːn/**  A **bassoon** is a large musical instrument that is shaped like a **tube** and played by blowing into a reed attached to the end of a curved metal pipe. |
| 〔钢琴piano的〕脚踏板 | pedal  ['pɛdl]  vi. 踩踏板；骑车; n. 踏板；脚蹬子 vt. 骑（自行车）；踩……的踏板 adj. 脚的；脚踏的  过去式 pedaled或-alled过去分词 pedaled或-alled现在分词 pedaling或-alling   1. Pedal is one of the two parts of a bicycle that you push round with your feet to make the bicycle go forward〔自行车的〕踏板，脚蹬 2. pedal is a part in a car or on a machine that you press with your foot to control it〔汽车或机器的〕油门踏板 e.g. She put her foot down on the accelerator pedal/the throttle. 她踩下了油门踏板。 e.g. He held tightly to the **gearshift/gear stick** to slow down the car gently and kept his foot steady on the **throttle/pedal(汽车或机器的〕油门踏板** **)**.  紧紧地握着变速杆，脚固定在油门上 3. a pedal is a part on a piano or organ that you **press with your foot** to change the quality of the sound 〔钢琴piano的〕脚踏板 |
| 萨克斯管 | ['sæksəfəʊn] saxophone = 又作 sax is a curved musical instrument made of metal that you play by blowing into it and pressing buttons, used especially in popular music and jazz 萨克斯管 |
| (吉他/Uklele等)弦乐器指板上定音的) 音品 | fret /frɛt/  1.[V-T/V-I](javascript:;)If you **[ fret about something = worry about sth ]** 担心 e.g. I was working all hours and constantly **fretting about** everyone else's problems. e.g   But congressional staffers **fret that** the project will eventually cost billions more.  2.[N-COUNT](javascript:;)The **frets** on a musical instrument such as a guitar or Ukelele are the raised lines across its neck. (吉他/Uklele等)弦乐器指板上定音的) 音品 |
| 手风琴 | An accor**dion**[ə'kɔrdɪən] is a musical instrument in the shape of a fairly large box which you hold in your hands. You play the accordion by pressing keys or buttons on either side while moving the two sides together and apart. Accordions are used especially to play traditional popular music. 手风琴  => accordionist [ə'kɔ:**diənist]** n. a musician who plays the accordion |
| 迅速地移动; (用手或手指)轻 弹掉, 啪地打开或关掉 (开关或电器) ; 快速翻看 (书，杂志）， 迅速的切换电视频道 | flick /flɪk/ CET6+ TEM4 (flicking,flicked,flicks) 1.V-T/V-I If something flicks in a particular direction, or if someone flicks it, it moves with a short, sudden movement. 迅速地移动 e.g.His tongue flicked across his lips. 他的舌头在双唇间快速移动。 。2. N-COUNT Flick is also a noun. 快速的移动 ...a flick of a paintbrush. …画笔的一次快速移动。 3. V-T If you flick something away, or off something else, you remove it with a quick movement of your hand or finger. (用手或手指)轻 弹掉 e.g.. He flicked his cigarette out of the window. 他倏地一下把香烟弹出了窗外 e.g. Shirley flicked a piece of lint from the sleeve of her black suit. 轻弹掉了黑色套装袖子上的一块棉绒。 4. V-T If you flick something such as a whip or a towel, or flick something with it, you hold one end of it and move your hand quickly up and then forward, so that the other end moves. 抽打 e.g. She sighed and flicked a dishcloth at the counter. 她叹了口气，用一块洗碗布在柜台上抽打了一下。N-COUNT Flick is also a noun. 抽打 ...a flick of the whip. …鞭子的一下轻抽。 6. V-T If you flick a switch, or flick an electrical appliance on or off, you press the switch sharply so that it moves into a different position and works the equipment. 啪地打开或关掉 (开关或电器) e.g.Sam was flicking a flashlight/torch on and off. 萨姆正啪啪不停地开关着手电筒。 7. V-I If you flick through a book or magazine, you turn its pages quickly, for example, to get a general idea of its contents or to look for a particular item. If you flick through television channels, you continually change channels very quickly, usually using a remote control. 快速翻看 (书，杂志）， 迅速的切换电视频道 e.g.She was flicking through some magazines on a table. 她正在快速翻阅桌子上的一些杂志。 e.g. She is so boring that she's just flicking through television channels without a clear purpose. => N-SING Flick is also a noun. 快速翻看 e.g. I thought I'd have a quick flick through some recent issues. 我想我要快速浏览一下最近的几期杂志了。 9. a flick = a cinema film 一部影院放映的电影 |
| 发表少量的意见 | two cents = have few opinion or suggestions. e.g. Here comes my two cents. Can we change the patent title a little bit? E.g. I'm sorry for lag. I'm dealy busy in crazy APIc killer tasks. Well, I have two cents about your issue. Please check my Red comments. Thank you. e.g. I'm just providing my 2 cents here about whether |
| 火葬 | cremate, cremation. When someone is cremated, their dead body is burned, usually as part of a funeral service. 火化; e.g. She wants Chris to be cremated. 被火化. => 火化 cremation e..g At Miss Garbo's request, there was a cremation after a private ceremony. |
| 眉毛 V.S. 眼睑；眼皮 | eyebrow ['aibrau] n. 眉毛; shape the eyebrow and curl my eyelashes.  eyelid ['ai,lid] 眼睑；眼皮; i'm gonna to the "beauty salon/parlor" to shape my eyebrows curl eyelashes, and shadow my eyelid |
| [红外] 红外线 | infrared ray [ɪnfrə'red] 1. ADJ Infrared radiation is similar to light but has a longer wavelength, so we cannot see it without special equipment. 红外线的 2. ADJ Infrared equipment detects infrared radiation. 使用红外线的 e.g ...searching with infrared scanners for weapons and artillery. …用红外线扫描仪搜查武器和大炮 |
| 太阳的紫外线 | ultraviolet /ˌʌltrəˈvaɪəlɪt/ CET6 TEM4 1. ADJ Ultraviolet light or radiation is what causes your skin to become darker in colour after you have been in sunlight. In large amounts ultraviolet light is harmful. 紫外的 e.g. The sun's ultraviolet rays are responsible for both tanning and burning. 太阳的紫外线是皮肤晒黑和晒伤的原因。 e.g. Wear sunscreen/sunblocker防晒霜 SPF 15 or higher to protect your skin from harmful/detrimental UV(ultraviolet) radiation |
| 紫罗兰; . 紫罗兰色的; 紫色的 | violet /ˈvaɪəlɪt/ V.S. violent['vaɪəl(ə)nt] 1. N-COUNT A violet is a small plant that has purple or white flowers in the spring. 紫罗兰 2. COLOR Something that is violet is a bluish-purple colour. 紫罗兰色的 e.g. The light was beginning to drain from a violet sky. 线正开始从紫罗兰色的天空中渐渐消失。 //purple /ˈpɜːpəl/ Something that is purple is of a reddish-blue colour. 紫色的 3. HRASE If you say that someone is no shrinking violet, you mean that they are not at all shy. 羞涩的人 e.g. When it comes to expressing himself he is no shrinking violet. 他表达自己看法时一点都不羞涩 |
| 兰花；兰科植物；淡紫色 | orchid ['ɔ:kid] a type of flora: 兰花；兰科植物；淡紫色 purple 淡紫色的 |
| **< star: furniture >** |  |
| (椅子)扶手 | armrest /ˈɑːmˌrɛst/ The armrests on a chair are the two pieces on either side that support your arms when you are sitting down. (椅子)扶手 Moments later, he was being dragged down the aisle. At one point, passengers said, Dao hit his head on an armrest扶手. Dao is recovering in a Chicago hospital |
| 梳妆台; 服装师 | dresser /ˈdrɛsə/ 1. A dresser is a chest of drawers, sometimes with a mirror on the top. 梳妆台 2. N-COUNT You can use dresser to refer to the kind of clothes that a person wears. For example, if you say that someone is a casual dresser, you mean that they wear casual clothes. 穿着…衣服的 e.g.  Mr. Jorgensen was an immaculate dresser. 乔根森先生是个衣着考究的人。 3. N a person employed to assist actors in putting on and taking off their costumes 服装师 |
| 增湿器, 加湿器 | humid, **humidifier** [hju'mɪdɪfaɪɚ]  **[ steam humidifier 蒸汽加湿器 ]**  A humidifier is a machine for increasing the amount of moisture水分；湿度 or humidity湿度；湿气 in the air. |
| 真空吸尘器 | vacuum or vacuum cleaner /ˈvækjʊəm, -jʊʌm/  1. If someone or something creates a vacuum, they leave a place or position, or vacancy that then needs to be filled by another person or thing. (职位，职能的）空缺 e.g. Trump, his presence should fill the power vacuum/vacancy that has been developing over the past week in U.S. 他的出现应该能填补过去几天中形成的权力空缺。 2. If something is done in a vacuum, it is not affected by any outside influences or information. 在与世隔绝的状态中, insular, insularity['ɪnsə'lærəti]. e.g. Moral values cannot be taught in a vacuum/under insularity. 道德价值观不能在与世隔绝的状态中进行传授。 //insular /ˈɪnsjʊlə/, insularity ['ɪnsə'lærəti] If you say that someone is insular, you are being critical of them because they are unwilling to meet new people or to consider new ideas. 与世隔绝的 were an insular family. 3. A vacuum is a space that contains no air or other gas. 真空 e.g. vacuum flask [化]真空 烧瓶 e.g. Wind is a current of air caused by a vacuum caused by hot air rising. 4. A vacuum or a vaccum cleaner.真空吸尘器 5.V-T/V-I If you vacuum something (e.g. carpet, rug小地毯, floor), you clean it by using a vacuum cleaner. 用真空吸尘器清洁 e.g. I vacuumed the carpets/the rug today. 我今天用吸尘器清洁地毯了。 It's important to vacuum regularly. 定期用吸尘器清洁是很重要的 |
| 空气净化器 | air purifier is a machine for decontaminating the air, especially the indoor air. Th air purifier can remove germs, bacteria, dusts, or dangerouis particles from air, in order to increase the air quality. //To decontaminate something means to remove all germs or dangerous substances from it. 净化 //eg oil refinery 炼油厂; sugar refinery 精炼糖厂; oil purifier 油精制器, 滤[净]油器; water purifier 净水器 |
| 橱柜, 碗橱 | cupboard /ˈkʌbəd/ A cupboard is a piece of furniture that has one or two doors, usually contains shelves, and is used to store things. [fume cupboard 通风柜 ; 排烟柜; draught cupboard 通风橱 ; 通风柜; wall cupboard 餐厅吊柜 ; 壁式食橱; cupboard love（尤指小孩的）有所企图而假装的热情 ] E.g. Her kitchen wall cupboard /ˈkʌbəd/ was stocked with various cutlery/silverware(餐具，刀具) e.g. A pile of magazines tumbled out when he opened the cupboard /ˈkʌbəd/ . 当他打开橱柜时，一堆杂志掉了出来 |
| 餐具(总称); 刀具(总称) | cutlery = silverware (镀银餐具, epecially used in South Korea) e.g. bowls, plates, chopsticks, fork, butter knife (涂抹黄油用的餐刀) NT Cutlery consists of the knives, forks, and spoons that you eat your food with. 餐具(总称) e.g. There was a serving spoon missing when Nina put the cutlery back in its box. 当妮娜将银餐具装回盒子中时，少了一把分菜用的匙子。 2.N-UNCOUNT You can refer to knives and tools used for cutting as cutlery. 刀具(总称) e.g. The first catalogue featured speciality shavers剃须刀, accessories, and cutlery. 第一份目录主要介绍专业剃须刀、配件和刀具。 |
| 抽屉柜 | [ chest of drawer] e.g. Please stow/stəʊ/ your clean socks in the chest of drawers. //stow /stəʊ/ (stowing,stowed,stows) V-T If you stow something somewhere (e.g. chest of drawers, wardrobe['wɔːdrəʊb]], you carefully put it there until it is needed. 把 xxx 收起来，等用的时候再拿出来 |
| 抽油烟机 | **range hood** or **kitchen ventilator** e.g. It applies to cookers, wash pot, **countertop工作台面,** floor, **ceramic tile瓷砖**, **range hood抽油烟机**, **stainless steel不锈钢** cookers, etc |
| 烧水壶 | boil => boiler |
| 1. (某人的) 全部服装, 2. （演员的）全部行头；全部戏装 3. 衣柜 | wardrobe /ˈwɔːdrəʊb/ 1. N-COUNT Someone's wardrobe is the total collection of clothes that they have. 1. (某人的) 全部服装, 2. （演员的）全部行头；全部戏装; e.g. Her wardrobe consists primarily of huge cashmere sweaters and tiny Italian sandals. 她的衣服主要是宽大的开司米毛衣和纤小的意大利凉鞋。 2. N-COUNT A wardrobe is a tall closet or cabinet in which you can hang your clothes. 衣柜， wardrobe hooks 衣柜钩 |
| (厨房的) 工作台面 | A countertop is a flat surface in a kitchen which is easily cleaned and on which you can prepare food, such as cutting veg by using cutlery. (厨房的) 工作台面. e.g She reached for a cloth and began scouring the countertop. (费力地) 擦洗厨房的操作台面 e.g. I prefer my countertop to be clear off clutter/mess（整整齐齐）. // Clutter is a lot of things in a messy, out-of-order state, especially things that are not useful or necessary. 乱七八糟 [弄得整整齐 to be clear of clutter ] //scour /skaʊə/ If you scour sth such as a place or a book, you make a thorough search of it to try to find what you are looking for. 四处搜索 scour a place = comb through a place . 2. If you scour sth such as a sink, floor, countertop, or pan, you clean its surface by rubbing it hard with something rough. (费力地) 擦洗 |
| 电暖器 | A heater is a piece of equipment or a machine which is used to raise the temperature of something, especially of the air inside a room or a car. Each heater normally consists of multiple pieces of radiators(暖气片). e.g. There's an electric heater in the bedroom. 卧室里有一台电暖器 |
| 散热器; 暖气片; 水箱  取暖电炉(heater) | radiator /ˈreɪdɪˌeɪtə/  1. A radiator is a hollow metal device, usually connected by pipes to a central heating system, that is used to heat a room. 暖气片 2. radiator = heater 2. N-COUNT The radiator in a car is the part of the engine that is filled with water in order to cool the engine. (汽车引擎的) 水箱 |
| **<end: furniture>** |  |
| 1. 被赞颂为xxx 2. 冰雹， （像冰雹一般的）一阵子 3。出生于 4。 挥手呼叫。 热烈欢迎某人 | hail /heɪl/ V.S. heal [hiːl] 1. V-T If a person, event, or achievement is hailed as 被赞颂为important or successful, they are praised, commended publicly. 称赞 (praise sb. = commend sb., extol). e.g. LuXun has been hailed as the greatest Chinease novelist of his generation. 被赞颂为他那一代人中最伟大的小说家。 //If you commend someone or something, you praise them formally. 正式的表杨; 称赞 // extol /ɪkˈstəʊl/ (extolling,extolled,extols) If you extol something or someone, you praise them enthusiastically. 热情洋溢的表杨; 称赞，颂扬赞美sb/sth   8. hail = an exclamation of greeting 欢迎的喊叫声 |
| hail /heɪl/ V.S. heal [hiːl] 2. N-UNCOUNT Hail consists of small balls of ice that fall like rain from the sky. 冰雹 e.g. ...a sharp short-lived storm with heavy hail. 大冰雹。=> V-I When it hails, hail falls like rain from the sky. 下冰雹 e..g It started to hail, huge great stones 天空开始下冰雹，巨大的雹子。 4. [figurative meaning] A hail of things (连读）, usually small objects, is a large number of them that hit you at the same time and with great force. (象冰雹雹子般的) 一阵 e.g. The victim was hit by a hail of bullets during the barrage of attacks. 那名受害者被一阵弹雨击中了。 //A barrage['bærɑːʒ] is continuous firing on an area with large guns and tanks. 连续炮击,以密集炮火进攻 |
| hail /h**eɪ**l/ V.S. heal [h**iː**l] 5. V-I Someone who **hails from a particular place** was born there or lives there. 出生于 e.g. He hails from U.S. |
| hail /h**eɪ**l/ V.S. heal [h**iː**l] 6. V-T If you **hail a tax**i, you wave at it in order to stop it because you want the driver to take you somewhere. 挥手呼叫 **[ 挥手招了一辆出租车: hail a taxi ]** e.g. I hurried away to hai**l a** taxi. |
| hail /heɪl/ V.S. heal [hiːl] 7.V-T to greet, esp enthusiastically (热烈)欢迎 [ hail sb. ] e.g.The crowd hailed PiaoBoajian with joy, who is one of the most sought-after actors in South Korea. //sought-after: adj. 受欢迎的，很吃香的 one of the most sought-after careers/actors/books 8. hail = an exclamation of greeting 欢迎的喊叫声 |
| 对…产生成见; 某人被带着成见视为 xxxx | stereotype /ˈstɛrɪəˌtaɪp, ˈstɪə-/ CET4 TEM8 (stereotyping,stereotyped,stereotypes) 1. N-COUNT A stereotype is a fixed general image or set of characteristics that a lot of people believe represent a particular type of person or thing. 模式化形象; 成见 例： There's always been a stereotype about successful businessmen. 对成功的商人们总有一种成见。 2. V-T If someone is stereotyped as something, people form a fixed general idea or image of them, so that it is assumed that they will behave in a particular way. 把…模式化; 对…产生成 e.g. He was stereotyped by some as a renegade. 他被一些人带着成见视为一名叛逆者 e.g. I'm stereotyped as a grumpy old lady 我被人带着成见视为一个坏脾气的老女人. e.g 他被一些人带着成见视为 一个书呆子/宅男 He was stereotyped as a nerd 书呆子/宅男 // 坏脾气：脾气暴烈粗暴的脾性 [ full of bile = grumpy, bad-tempered] |
|  | • Hitchhike = have a free ride; a hitchhiker 搭便车的人; hunchback:  驼背;   • Contend, contentious= disputative  • Knock down sb. a blow that knocks the opponent off his feet  • in the gutter [美国俚语] 醉倒在水沟里 沉溺于淫秽生活中 名誉扫地； 绝望  • 大提琴演奏家 cellist; cello  • blasphemy(对上帝或宗教的) 亵渎, blasphemous: ['blæsfɪməs] adj. 亵渎神明的；不敬神的   • mistress e.g. Clinton's ex-mistress  • hunker down  • mock sb.  • 转换开关装置；改变者: changer: an automatic mechanical device on a record player that causes new records to be played without manual intervention  • grocery (grocery store) V.S. groceries 生活用品 (杂货食品)   • Evict/eviction; oust; deport/deportation: e.g. According to Rodel and her lawyers, she is about to be evicted/ousted/deported, after Hong Kong authorities allegedly refused to pay her electricity bills. The lawyer accuses the Hong Kong government of forcing thousands of asylum seekers to live in "inhuman and degrading circumstances." • Penguins waddle 摇摇摆摆地走；蹒跚而行/stagger; monkeys swing (v)  Liaison:  •  Liaison is cooperation and the exchange of information between different organizations or between different sections of an organization. 联络 例： Liaison between police forces and the art world is vital to combat art crime. 警方和艺术界之间的联络对于打击艺术犯罪是至关重要的。 • 2.N-UNCOUNT If someone acts as liaison with a particular group, orbetween two or more groups, their job is to encourage co-operation and the exchange of information. 联络员 例： He is acting as liaison with the film crew. 他担任拍摄组的联络员。 She acts as a liaison between patients and staff. 她担当病人和医务人员之间的联络员 • Acquit sb.  • actionable items.  • Outreach: e.g.  The momentum generated by this round of PMR reduction efforts is valuable and I hope to sustain it with an actionable result to benefit the entire process rather than individual IU's.   As the L2 and ID liaison's, Jim and I would not want to discourage your outreach to individuals to glean (collect slowly) any lessons learned, but do please understand that if the response is not immediate, there is likely a good reason that affects DataPower's 'bottom line'.  • Ointment  • Fanfare: e.g. fanfare Zuckerberg staged a surprise visit to Nigeria's capital Lagos on Tuesday and his first stop was a local innovation center and tech hub in Yaba, an area on the mainland of Lagos nicknamed Yabacon Valley. There was no fanfare amid tight security and some of those working at the Co-Creation Hub, called CHUB, didn't even know Zuckberg was coming.  He appeared nervous, a little startled/shocked even, as he launched into an impromptu speech即兴演讲 about why he was there. He said: "This is my first trip to sub-Saharan Africa. I'll be meeting with developers and entrepreneurs, and learning about the startup ecosystem in Nigeria. The energy here is amazing and I'm excited to learn as much as I can." Zuckerberg thrilled/excited Nigerians by walking around the streets without any signs of armed guards or heavy security. Figures released Wednesday show Nigeria has officially dipped into economic recession as its second quarter GDP fell by more than 2% compared to last year. Tijani told CNN that Zuckerberg's visit would give Nigeria's fledgling startup scene the shot in the arm it desperately needs.  • fledgling  • reap:  f you reap the benefits or the rewards of something, you enjoy the good things that happen as a result of it. 获得 例： You'll soon begin to reap the benefits of being fitter. 你很快就会获得身体更健康带来的好处 e.g.  He added that entrepreneurs like Zuckerberg were inspiring because his approach to Facebook has never been about making a lot of money.  "It's been about creating something that's going to change the world and obviously if you do that, you are bound to reap the benefit," Tijani said.    • Burgeon, burgeoning industry v.s. the emerging market  //explore, exploration: [,ɛksplə'reʃən]  • Constellation v.s horoscope. Terrestrial v.s. celestial terrestrial v.s. celestial body A constellation is a group of stars which form a pattern and have a name. 星座 例： ...a planet orbiting a star in the constellation of Cepheus. …绕仙王星座内一颗恒星运转的一颗行星  • Eponymous: An eponymous hero or heroine is the character in a play or book whose name is the title of that play or book. (戏剧、书中男女主角)与作品同名的    Hefty means large in size, weight, or amount. 庞大的; 沉重 hefty tax; tax evasion = tax dodge = tax avoidance [税收] 漏税，逃税 • Iron out: e.g.  "We look forward to ironing out differences arising out of national priorities and perceptions," the statement released on Tuesday read. But Duterte's derogatory comments and a spike in extrajudicial killings of suspected drug dealers put the relationship in stormier waters. • Quarterback: In American football, a quarterback is the player on the attacking team who begins each play and who decides which play to use. (美式橄榄球中的)四分卫  • erecting a tripod  From <http://edition.cnn.com/2016/09/06/europe/uk-london-airport-blm-protest/index.html> •   • 【网络】上证综指 Shanghai composite • over capacity • paraphrase • decumulation  • Surf v.s. scuba diving v.s. snorkeling • Meander:  The storm was expected to spend the next several days meandering in the Atlantic, gaining some strength.  • overthrow sb's power/right v.s overturn v.s. capsized (ship/boat/vessel) e.g. One person died Saturday when a tractor-trailer overturned while crossing a bridge in eastern North Carolina amid high winds from Hermine |
| 我的心一沉; 感觉大事不妙 | **My heart dropped down to my feet** |
| 1. **利用(自然资源等, water, wind);**  2.背带; 安全带 3. 马具 | harness /ˈhɑːnɪs/ harnessing,harnessed,harnesses) 1.V-T If you harness something such as an emotion or harness the natural source of energy, you bring it under your control and use it or exploit. 利用(自然资源，人类的智慧/天分等) [ 利用水资源harness the water; 利用风资源 harness the wind ， 利用人类的创造力：harness the creative talent of people] e.g. Turkey plans to harness the waters of the Tigris for big hydro-electric power projects, such as building a powerful barrage /ˈbærɑːʒ/ /dam/weir. 利用水来建造大型水力发电工程。e.g. Harnessing the wind 利用风 would facilitate the generator to produce more electricity with very low cost, very beneficial to the State Grids 国家电网. e.g. Last Tuesday night you spoke about bringing the country together to build a better future, and the opportunity to harness the creative talent of people for the benefit of all. I know that you are committed to help America’s economy grow in ways that are good for all its people.  2. N-COUNT A harness is a set of straps which fit under a person's arms and fasten around their body in order to keep a piece of equipment in place or to prevent the person moving from a place. 背带; 安全带 e.g. We must wear harness and leg straps before we try zip-lining or sky diving, extreme sports.  3. N-COUNT A harness is a set of leather straps and metal links fastened around a horse's head or body so that the horse can have a carriage, cart, or plough fastened to it. 马具; 挽具  4. V-T If a horse or other animal is harnessed, a harness is put on it, especially so that it can pull a carriage, cart, or plough. 给…套上挽具 e.g. On Sunday the horses were harnessed to a heavy wagon for a day-long ride over the border. 星期天这些马被套在一辆沉重的货车上，踏上长达一天的旅程越过边境 |
| 1.羁绊; 枷锁 2. 轭; 牛轭 | yoke /jəʊk=youk/ V.S. 蛋黄 egg yolk ([jəʊk]= youK), egg white 1. If you say that people are under the yoke of a bad thing or under the yoke of a bad person, you mean they are forced to live in a difficult or unhappy state because of that thing or person. 羁绊; 枷锁 [ live under the yoke of sth/sb 生活在xxx的枷锁/羁绊之下 ] e.g. People are still suffering under the yoke of slavery. 人们仍然生活在奴隶制的枷锁之下。  2. A yoke轭; 牛轭 is a long piece of wood tied across the necks of two animals such as cattle, in order to make them walk close together when they are pulling a plow ([农机]犁).  V-T If two or more people or things are yoked together, they are forced to be closely linked with each other. 把…硬拼凑在一起, 把...硬捆绑在了一起, 使强行结合; e.g. The introduction attempts to yoke the pieces together. 引言试图将各部分硬拼凑在一起。 Farmers and politicians are yoked together by money and votes. 农场主和政客被金钱和选票绑在了一起 |
| 1. 沟渠，排水沟水道 2.作水上迫降。用于飞机或驾驶员 3.抛弃 | n) ditch: is a long narrow trench or furrow dug or **excavation** in the ground, as for **irrigation灌溉,** **drainage排水**, or a boundary line. 沟渠，排水沟水道 eg To dig a ditch.开沟，筑渠 |
| **v) ditch on the water=** emergency landing on the water, to crash-land in water. Used of an aircraft or a pilot.**作水上迫降。用于飞机或驾驶员**  eg The plane crashed and finally succesfully **ditched on the water**. |
| v) 抛弃 ditch sb./sth = abandon sb/sth 抛弃, get rid of sth, desert sth, discard sth. e.g. Samsung has entirely ditched 抛弃 the Galaxy Note 7 in the hope of limiting the fallout from (aftermath from）its glitchy/faulty smartphone that bursts in to fires simultaneously自燃. E.g. My bestie got a call form his BF; and then she ditched me and gave me a stoodup(放鸽子）, and ran for his BF 抛弃了我，重色轻友. e.g Analysts estimate that ditching (abandon) the Note 7 could mean $9.5 billion in lost sales and wipe out $5.1 billion of profit. Nonetheless (however), Samsung, which has a market value of about $194 billion, should be big and profitable enough to weather/withstand 经受住xxx风吹雨打 the loss of one model. //不好的结果 the fallout from sth, eg. the fallout from the economic recession; the fallout from Brexit; the bad or unpleasant ramifications衍生出来的结果 or consequence form sth V.S. the aftermath of the earthquake; the radioactive fallout ([核] 放射性尘降物) // You blow me off = You gave me a stoodup (放鸽子） |
| 针锋相对的; 以牙还牙的 一报还一报的 | tit-for-tat (TFT) [ tit-for-tat strategy 一报还一报策略 ; 针锋相对; tit-for-tat giving 以礼还礼 ]  1. ADJ A tit-for-tat action is one where someone takes revenge on another person for what they have done by doing something similar to them. 以牙还牙的 e.g. Starting a tit-for-tat trade war 针锋相对的贸易之战 would leave Europe worse off: consumers would pay higher prices, taxpayers would suffer and firms would lose markets. The whole Europe would be trapped into economic recession. 进行针锋相对的贸易之战会使欧洲更糟 e.g. It fears that anti-China sentiment abroad could fuel nationalism at home, which in turn could pressure on policymakers to engage in a vicious cycle恶性循环 of tit-for-tat responses. 使他们陷入“针锋相对、以牙还牙”的恶性循环 e.g. If so, the world can expect a process of tit-for-tat diplomacy 针锋相对的外交进程 in coming months to establish trust between the US and North Korea, as well as between the two Koreas. 将有一个针锋相对的外交进程 |

## Finance, investment, money

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| (公共的） 便利设施 e.g. Hotel/library/metro/shopping center 里面的边民设施 | amenity /əˈmiːnɪtɪ/ N-COUNT Amenities are things such as shopping centres, Metro, hotel, or sports facilities that are provided for people's convenience, enjoyment, or comfort. (公共的） 便利设施 e.g.这家旅馆的设施包括健身俱乐部、会议设备和宴会厅 The hotel amenities include health clubs, conference facilities, sauna['sɔːnə] clubs 桑拿, and banqueting rooms宴会厅. e.g. Why N.Y. decided to use the new map solely as a weekend amenity? 可为什么纽约市决定把这个地图仅仅用于周末的便利设施？ e..g Since then, however, land has become more valuable, not just for timber['timbə]木材 but for providing "environmental services" such as flood control, climate change measures and some amenities 林地变得越来越有价值，不仅是因为伐木业，而且因为它所提供的环境服务，例如控制洪水，调节气候,　和一些 (公共的） 便利设施等。 |
| business amenities [ə'mi:nəti, ə'men-] = business etiquette [ 'etiket ] ; social courtesies or social etiquette 社交礼仪; 社交商务礼仪 eg All IBM employees (eg sales) who are in a position to offer any business amenities (eg gifts) to an external party must comply with the company business principles. e.g. A business meal is defined as an employee having a face-to-face, sit down in a restaurant to have a business meal with the client. It doesn’t cover purchase of foodstuffs, events in a sauna['sɔːnə]桑拿 , KTV club and so on, which are mistakenly deemed as business amenities before in IBM. eg To comply with the company principles, we must ensure that proper approvals are in place before offering any business amenities (eg a gift card, wine) to a client or other external party |
| amenities 令人愉快之事物 eg With management approval, it may be appropriate to provide customary business amenities in conjunction with these visits, such as reasonable meals,wines,and gifts. However, any extravagant/excessive demands过分 from customers do not comply with the IBM business amenity rules. |
| 礼仪 | Etiquette: /ˈɛtɪˌkɛt/ Etiquette is a set of customs and rules for polite behaviour, especially among a particular class of people or in a particular profession. (尤指特定阶层的) 礼仪; (尤指特定行业的) 规矩 [ 商务礼仪 business etiquette = business amenities; 社交礼节 social etiquette ['etiket]; 网络礼仪 network etiquette ; 办公室礼节: office etiquette; 外交礼节:diplomatic etiquette; 进餐时的礼节:eating etiquette; 文化的礼节 the cultural etiquette; 筷子的礼仪: the chopstick etiquette ] e.g. It's a business etiquette that visitors should wear the business attire商务套装 when attending a formal banquet/feast 宴会;. e.g. In office, when you wear skirt or one-piece dress, you should wear hoses/pantyhoses长筒袜 as well, which is the office etiquette 办公室礼节.  e.g. How well do you know your chopstick etiquette? 对于这些关于筷子的礼仪，你知道多少呢？  e.g No different from anywhere else. I find if you give money with one finger up, whatever the cultural etiquette, it will be snapped out of your hands. 如果你竖起一个指头给别人钱，无论什么文化的礼节，你的手都将被打断。 e.g. Before you have a dinner date with a beautiful girl, you should learn some eating etiquette. 在你与一个漂亮女孩约会之前，你应该 学习了解一些进餐时的礼节 |
| Etiquette classes 礼仪课程； 礼节课程  e.g. Based on the eating etiquette in South Korea, you’re supposed to sit and wait until the hostess女主人 comes together. And you, if a youth, can start eating only after the elders start it. If you wanna learn more about the cultural etiquette about Korea, I recommend the etiquette classes in Seoul. |
| 在当今这个年代 | in this day and age e.g. In this day and age, most young people are very flighty 轻浮的；轻狂的. e.g. Uh, you know, when the hostess seats you, you’re supposed to sit and wait until the hostess comes and sits down to start eating. And then also the typical napkin in your lap. When it comes to the cutlery/silveware, you know, eat with the right fork, um, use the “butter knife” correctly – that kind of stuff or something like that. Man: A lot of it has to do with the cutlery['kʌtlərɪ] and how to use that, different plates, knifes, and forks, especially the butter knife. Um, so we feel like a lot of times in this day and age, maybe that’s not taught as much, but these are etiquette classes that young people take and you still see out there to teach the manners and something like that I guess when we were young, our parents and grandparents would teach us that, and you know, how to open a door for a lady, and things like that or that kind of stuff. |
| 讨好sb; 奉承sb | 黄油 butter the bread；**讨好奉承话 butter sb up** = flatter sb/kiss sb'ass/compliement sb./ butter sb up coz you're gonna convince sb help you do sth **N) compliment = flattery** **// butter knife** |
| 掷铜板来解决问题 | Heads or tails . “ Heads or tails?” 正面还是反面？用掷铜板来解决问题 e.g. How about "heads or tails". The **heads** go to Jill's and the **tails** go to tracy's . // Halloween's day: "Trick or treat"? // headwind逆风, tailwind 顺风 |
| 石头剪刀布 | "rock paper scissors" e.g Don't "flip the coin", but "rock paper scissors" to make the final decision. |
| 非正式告别称谓，表示期待与某人**短期内**再度相见 | ciao /tʃaʊ/ CONVENTION Some people say "Ciao" as an informal way of saying goodbye to someone who they expect to see again soon. 再见; |
| [对问题的一种两可的回答] 是也不是； 既是又不是；既肯定又否定；既好又不好 | **[ Well, yes and no ] e.g A: Do you think this task is hard? B: Well, yes and no. If you don't have hands-on experience实践经验 before, it would be very challenging and daunting 使人畏缩的. However, if you did the similar task in previous project, you might think the diffculty in in moderation适中. e.g. F: Are the bananas hard to grow? M: Well, yes and no. To grow them in your garden, no, it's really hard to breed bananas. You see you only get one bunch of bananas per tree and it can take up to three years for a tree to bear fruit if you don’t do anything special to it. But this period is greatly reduced with modern growing methods, only 15 months, particularly in plantations where you have perfect tropical conditions. Well, bananas are normally grown from suckers which spring up around the parent plant, usually just above the plant. They tend to like to grow uphill F: So that’s why banana plantations are usually on hillsides, is it? M: Yes. They grow best like that. //没什么比得上有实践经验 There is nothing like the hands-on experience. // in moderation 适中 = neither too much nor too littler //uphill: literal meaning 上坡; 靠近山顶 高的地方; figurative meaing: an uphill battle (艰难的奋斗) or an uphill struggle 艰难的努力** |
| (因成绩太差) 被退学/被当掉 | [ sb flunk out of school/college/university] (注意“连读”） If you flunk out (of college), you are dismissed from a school or college because your grades are not satisfactory. (因成绩太差) 被退学/被当掉 : to be forced to leave a school or college because your work is not good enough.〔因学业不好而〕被迫退学 e.g. Ben flunked out of college. 本〔因学业不好而〕被迫大学退学。  e.g He flunked out, a school official told CNN. 他. (因成绩太差) 被退学了。 E.g. If he doesn't find a solution to his problem soon, he'll surely flunk out of college . 他肯定要被学院退学 e.g. I just had some killer exams (very difficult exams), I’m afraid I would flunk out. // A killer exam (非常难的考试)  V.S. [ drop out of school (自己主动)退学,辍学 ] e.g. Actually, I **dropped out of** university in my 2nd year and I wanted to see the world. But I regretted later. That’s why I went to **night school** to complete my degree in Accounting and Finance. |
| 超越了自己／超常发挥 | outdo /ˌaʊtˈduː/ (outdid,outdone) 1. V-T If you outdo someone, you are a lot more successful than they are at a particular activity. 超过 = overtake an competitor e.g.It was important for me to outdo/overtake them, to feel better than they were. 对我来说重要的是超过他们，感觉比他们更好。e.g. You've really outdone yourself this time. 你这次真的是超常发挥 [ outdo/outdid/outdone yourself 超越了自己／超常发挥]。 2.PHRASE You use not to be outdone to introduce an action which someone takes in response to a previous action. 不甘落，不甘示弱　e.g. She wore a lovely tiara but the groom, not to be outdone, had on a very smart embroidered waistcoat. 她戴着一个漂亮的冕状头饰，而新郎也不甘示弱，穿了一件很潇洒的刺绣马甲 |
| • Hey Tracy, here you are. Well, can I talk to you in my office for a moment? • Sure, of course. • I wanna say thank you for your great contribution on this successful project. I’m very impressed 你太了不起. You really outdid yourself this time. 你这次真的是超越了自己/超常发挥。//outdo, outdid, outdone, outdo oneself • Thank you for saying so. Actually, I had a lot of help from my team. • Sure, You have a great team. But you shouldn’t be so modest. Take the credits you deserve. You did an amazing job. • It was nothing really. We had a lot of luck. • Well, every project needs a bit of luck. I’m very impressed by you. You should be proud of yourself. You know, we couldn’t have done that without you. • Thank you for saying so and thanks for giving me this precious chance to work on this project. I enjoyed it. • Great. Please keep up your good work. • I will. Thank you again. |
| 人际距离学；亲近性 | • approximate; approximately; [ə'prɒksɪmət] • proximity [prɒk'sɪmɪtɪ] proximity to a place or person is nearness to that place or person. 接近 • proxemics [prɒk'siːmɪks]人际距离学；亲近性. the study of spatial interrelationships in humans or in populations of animals of the same species. For example, whether you would feel comfortable or uncomfortable if I keep very close to you or keep proper distance from you? Or do you feel OK if I hug you or even kiss u. => proxemic [prɔk'si:mik] adj. 空间关系学的 proxemic difference 身体距离 ; 身体接触; proxemic behavior 体距行为; Handbook for Proxemic Research 空间关系学研究手册. e.g. Proxemics[prɒk'siːmɪks] has to do with the amount of space and physical contact between people that is comfortable in different cultures. In other words, how close do people ordinarily stand or sit next to one another, and how much physical contact is there? As you might imagine, this can vary widely among cultures. At the risk of stereotyping people, we generally think of southern Europeans as needing a lot less personal space and having more physical contact than in some northern European cultures. Or we can compare French and Japanese cultures, and argue that French people are a lot more physical – for example, often kissing on the cheek when they meet – than Japanese people, who might bow when they meet. The thing that's important to remember is that different people can have different levels of comfort in the same situation. A person from one country might stand very close to someone from another country and put a hand on the other person's shoulder while talking. While this might feel perfectly fine for one person, the other might feel a bit confined and want to step back a bit. Finding a comfortable balance between people of different cultures can be challenging, but it's important to make sure everyone feels at ease.  • f you have an affinity [ə'fɪnɪtɪ] with someone or something, you feel that you are similar to them or that you know and understand them very well. 和sb/sth有亲切感 |
| mobbist; thug; villain | gang, thug, mobbist; villain (恶棍；流氓; 反面角色). Mobbist= thug, You can refer to a violent person or criminal as a thug or mobbist . 暴徒; 罪犯 e.g...the cowardly thugs who mug old people.…那些抢劫老人的懦夫暴徒 // mug: a mug of sparkling coffee 马克杯; mug = rob, she's a mugger/robber |
| villain | villain /ˈvɪlən/  1. A villain is someone who deliberately harms other people or breaks the law in order to get what he or she wants. 恶棍; e.g. He was stereotyped a villain. 人们把他看成一个恶棍的成见已无法改变 2. The villain in a novel, movie, or play is the main bad character, a dramatic or fictional character who is typically at odds with the hero.反面角色(小说、电影、戏剧中的) 反面主角 e.g. He also played a villain opposite Stallone in Demolition Man. 他在影片《超级战警》中扮演了一个与史泰龙敌对的反面主角。 //be at odds with sb = in disagreement |
| 砍头；斩首 | **behead sb./ decapitate[dɪ'kæpɪteɪt] sb:** cut the head from body 砍头；斩首 eg The U.S. correspondent is beheaded by ISIS terrorist, as a **retaliation/revenge** for U.S. airstikes. |
| sb is beheaded: (slang) be fired [美俚]被解雇的 eg You're beheaded/fired! |
| beheaded river (slang) : Geology 指使其它河川的水流入自己的河中 |
| 斩首; [美国英语](由于政治原因)把…强行解雇，把…强行免职 | decapitate /dɪˈkæpɪˌteɪt/ , decapitation [dɪ,kæ**pə**'teʃən] 1.V-T If someone is decapitated, their head is cut off or they're **beheaded.** 斩首 e.g. There were nine **corpses尸体.** Two of them had been **decapitated/beheaded.** 2具是被斩首的。 |
| **切去鱼头 decapitate the fish** e.g. Before you start cooking the fish, you'd better decapitate the fish. |
| [美国英语](由于政治原因)把…强行解雇，把…强行免职 decapitate somebody from the office = sack/fire sb. e.g. The political scandal in South Korea has sparked international uproar. After the parliament has officially lodged impeachment of the president, the prime minster was decapitated from their offices as well. |
| 无可争辩的；无异议的一致的；毫无疑问的 | undisputed [ʌndɪ'spjuːtɪd]: non-controverstial [无可争议的王者 an undisputed king; 无可争议的领导人 an undisputed leader] V.S. a controversial plan eg Samsung and Apple are the undisputed/non-controversial kings of the smartphone world, and both own right approximately 20 percent of the global market, eg This is an undisputed victory： 无可争辩的胜利 [This is a non-controversial mater： 无争议问题] eg Google is the undisputed king of finding answers to questions, owing to its super powerful search engine. 在寻找问题的答案方面，谷歌是无可争议的王者 eg In past years, she was the undisputed leader of Myanmar's civil disobedience, which exerted significant influence in Washington and other Western capitals. 她是无可争议的领导人, 发挥了重要的影响力  //非暴力, 不合作主义(运动)：civil disobedience //发挥xxx影响力: exert sb's power and influence |
| 1, 可证实的; 可论证的 | arguable /ˈɑːɡjʊəbəl/ arguably ['ɑːɡjʊəblɪ] 1. ADJ If you say that it is arguable that something is true, you believe that it can be supported by evidence and that many people would agree with it. 可证实的; 可论证的 例： It is arguable that this was not as grave a handicap as it might appear. 有证据证明，这一残障不像看上去那么严重。 2. ADJ An idea, point, or comment that is arguable is not obviously true or correct and should be questioned. (观点、论点或意见)不确定的; 无把握的; 应存疑的 e.g. It is arguable whether he ever had much control over the real economic power. 仍无法确定他是否曾经较强地控制过真正的经济力量 |
| 可以说, 可以说是xxx | You can use arguably when you are stating your opinion or belief, as a way of giving more authority to it. 可以说, 可以说是 e.g. They are **arguably** the most important band since The Rolling Stones. 他们**可以说是**自滚石以来最重要的乐队 |
| 剃；修面; 刮胡子 | [刮胡子 shave the beard by using the shaver 电动剃刀; 修面 shave the face with the shaver 电动剃刀; shave the head;] //shove and push; "If push comes to shove" or "when push comes to shove, xxx: 如果情况不妙, 情非得以的话/  到最后紧要关头的时候， 面临最后紧要关头的时候"... razor = shaver 剃，用剃刀刮 |
| 猛推 sb/sth; 乱塞 xxx | shove V.S. shovel V.S. shave: [ shove and push; push and shove V.S. shave the hair/beard/moustache If you shove someone or something, you push them with a quick and violent movement. e.g. He shoved her out of the way. 他把她推开。He's the one who shoved me. 他是推我的那个人。 2. Shove is also a noun. 猛推 She gave Gracie a strong shove toward the house. 她把格雷西向那所房子猛地一推。 |
| If you shove something somewhere, you push it there quickly and carelessly. 乱塞 e.g. My mum always **shoves乱塞** my socks in the corner of the **chest of drawer or in the wardrobe.** |
| slang [ 如果情况不妙, 情非得以的话/ 到最后紧要关头的时候， 面临最后紧要关头的时候: If push comes to shove, xxxx ; When push comes to shove, xxx] If you talk about what you think will happen if push comes to shove, you are talking about what you think will happen if a situation becomes very bad or difficult. 情况不妙时 e..g If push comes to shove and if you should lose your case in the court, what will you do? 如果情况不妙，你在法庭上输了官司，你会怎么办？ e.g. If push comes to shove, we'll fight it in Court. 如果情况不妙, 情非得以的话,我们会到法庭上为之抗争的 |
| 催泪弹  催泪瓦斯; (胡椒喷雾剂；防狼喷雾) | tear gas & pepper spray e.g. To crack down/repress/suppress protesters, the cops unleashed释放 the tear gas and pepper spray at the crowd. Eg The cops crackdown/repression/suppression on demonstrators this Sun. morning - unleash the tear gas and pepper spray-has injured lots of protesters; most of demontrators, when confronting with the tear gas and pepper spray, wear the protective goggles and home-made masks to protect themselves . e.g. The HK sit-ins静坐示威 become fierce since the HK cops violently dismantled the camps that are established by the sit-in protesters and unleashed "pepper spray" and "tear gas" to the defiers. // unleash: release or vent; unleash one's anger; release from a leash unleash the dogs in the park; 3. turn loose or free from restraint |
| hallmark | A mark indicating quality or excellence. 纯正标记：一种指明质量或品质的标记 e.g. **Beheadings** and mass graves have become a **hallmark** of the Sunni terror group. // **hull:** the main body of the ship. 船体; **fuselage:** the main body of the plane |
| A conspicuous feature or characteristic: 标志：显而易见的特点或特征： “The sense of guilt is the hallmark of civilized humanity” e.g. It's a technique that has become the hallmark of Amber Films. 这是一项已成为安伯电影公司标志的技术 e.g.The Business Analyst identifies business requirements and processes across geographies, as global uniformity is the hallmark of this approach. 全球统一是这种方法的特点 |
| A mark used in England to stamp gold and silver articles that meet established standards of purity. 纯度标记：用于英国的标在金、银制品上的同设立的纯度标准相符的标记 e.g. Early pieces of Scottish silver carry the **hallmarks** of individual **silversmiths银匠.** 早期的苏格兰银器上都有各个银匠的标记 |
| 决定参加(计划等) | **opt-in**  V to choose to be involved in or part of a scheme, etc e.g. UT has already achieved 61% **Opt-in** in the China Performance Bonus program. Very good progress, which means UT members are confidence in our future performance. |
| 人口众多的 | populous /ˈpɒpjʊləs/ ADJ A populous country or area has a lot of people living in it. **[ a populous country; a populous city; a densely populated area = a densely populous area V.S. a sparsely populated area ]**  e.g. Indonesia, with 216 million people, is the fourth most **populous country** in the world. 是人口占世界第4位的国家。 e.g. After Baghdad, Mosul is Iraq's second-most-**populous city,** with 1.2 million residents. However,34,038 people have been displaced(like "homeless") by the military operations. E.g In Bel-Air on Wedn esday, firefighters were seen removing artwork from opulent homes as they attempted to **contain the fire控制火势**. Another blaze north of Los Angeles, was also only 5% **contained控制火势** and covered some 12,600 acres. But it has only destroyed four buildings in the more **sparsely populated area.** |
| 电话的总线 | **the main switch board**  e.g. A: OK, I'll **get back to you** in 5 mins(回你电话）. Can I know your phone number? B: Sure, 0011 is **the main switch board;** and 0011-33 is my direct line. |
| 持续了几十年的 | decades-old e.g. The draconian, decades-old state of emergency must be lifted解除. Otherwise the freedom of speech and assembly won't be resumed. 持续了几十年、严厉的紧急状态必须被解除，言论自由才有可能被恢复. //Draconian/stringent laws or draconian measures are very harsh, strict, and severe.严酷的 (法令或措施) |
| n. 报应；惩罚 V | retribution / ˌrɛtrɪˈbjuːʃən/ [ Determined Retribution 第七关; retribution karmique 行为的因果报应 ] Retribution is punishment for a crime, especially punishment that is carried out by specific person other than the official authorities. 惩罚; 报应 e.g. He didn't want any further involvement because of fear of retribution. 由于害怕遭到惩罚，报应，他不想进一步卷进去 e.g. Happiness/Felicity and courage, retribution or justice are secondary ends for them. 幸福和勇气，报应或正义都是次要他们的目的。 e.g. They thought it would do no good, someone else would deal with it, or that there would be retribution. 他们觉得这样做没什么用处，会有人处理的，或者觉得这些人迟早会得到报应的 |
| 支持，维护 (xxx law, sb's opinion) | uphold /ʌpˈhəʊld/ CET6 TEM4 (upholding,upheld,upholds) 1. V-T If you uphold something such as a law, a principle, or a decision, you support and maintain it. 支持，维护 [ uphold e.g. Our policy has been to uphold the law. 我们的政策一直是维护法律。It is the responsibility of every government to uphold certain basic principles. 每个政府都有责任维护某些基本原则。 2. V-T If a court of law upholds a legal decision that has already been made, it decides that it was the correct decision. 维持 (原判) e.g. The State Supreme Court upheld the Superior Court judge's decision. 国家最高法院维持了高级法院法官的判决 "However you voted on 23 June, we all owe it to our country to uphold the highest standards of transparency and democratic accountability that we are admired and respected for around the world." |
| 同种抗免疫球蛋白 | allotype /ˈæləˌtaɪp/ N an additional type specimen selected because of differences from the original type specimen, such as opposite sex or morphological details 同种异型标本, n. 同种抗免疫球蛋白 |
| (人，动物，植物）生育; 繁殖 | **offspring /ˈɒfˌsprɪŋ/** You can refer to a person's children or to an animal's young as their offspring. 子女; 幼崽 e.g. Jill was now less anxious about her offspring than she had once been. 这时，埃莉诺已不像以前那样为子女担忧了 |
| reproduce /ˌriːprəˈdjuːs/, reproduction [riːprə'dʌkʃ(ə)n], reproductive /ˌriːprəˈdʌktɪv/ 1. V-T If you try to reproduce something, you try to copy it. 复制; 再造 e.g. The effect has proved it's hard to reproduce that good 这种效果经证实很难再造。 2.V-T If you reproduce a picture, speech, or piece of writing, you make a photograph or printed copy of it. 复制; 复印 e.g We are grateful to you for permission to reproduce this article. 允许我们复印这篇文章。  3.V-T If you reproduce an action or an achievement, you repeat it. 重演(过去的一个行为） e.g. If we can reproduce the team morale we have shown in the last couple of months we will be successful. 如果我们能够重演上两个月表现出来的状态，我们就会成功。 e.g. It's fairly hard to reproduce the history.  4.V-T/V-I When people, animals, or plants reproduce, they procreate /ˈprəʊkrɪˌeɪt/ and produce young or offspring. (人，动物，植物）生育; 繁殖 e.g ...a society where women are defined by their ability to reproduce or procreate. …一个以生育能力来定位妇女角色的社会。 e.g We are reproducing ourselves at such a rate that our numbers threaten the ecology of the planet. 我们繁衍得如此之快，以至于人口数量威胁到地球的生态系统。=> N-UNCOUNT 生育; 繁殖 reproduction, reproductive e.g. Treatments using assisted reproduction techniques (生育疗法) skyrocketed by 30 percent. 使用辅助技术的生育疗法猛增了30％ [ 生育疗法 reproduction techniques/procreation techniques; 早婚早育 early marriage and procreation; early marriage and reproduction ] reproductive /ˌriːprəˈdʌktɪv/ Reproductive processes and organs are concerned with the reproduction of living things. 生殖的; 繁殖的 ...the female reproductive system …雌性生殖系统; reproductive age生育年龄; reproductive organs; reproductive tract[医]生殖系统；[生]生殖系 |
| fertilize /ˈfɜːtɪˌlaɪz/ 施与 肥料，使肥沃； 使受精; 使授粉 , fertilizer /ˈfɜːtɪˌlaɪzə/ [肥料] 肥料；受精媒介物；促进发展者 V-T For human or animal: when an egg from the womb/uterus of a woman or female animal is fertilized, a sperm from the male joins with the egg, causing a baby or young animal to begin forming. e.g. ...the normal sperm levels needed to fertilize the egg. …使卵子受精所需的正常精子水平。  V. For plants, a female plant雌性植物 is fertilized when its reproductive生殖的 parts come into contact with pollen ['pɒlən] from the male plant. 使受精; 使授粉 e.g. Certain varieties of plants cannot be fertilized with their own pollen. 某些品种不能自花授粉。 //pollen /ˈpɒlən/ Pollen is a fine powder produced by flowers. It fertilizes other flowers of the same species so that they produce seeds. 花粉  N-UNCOUNT 受精; 授粉 fertilization e.g. From fertilization受精 until birth is about 266 days. 从受精到出生大约是266天。  V-T To fertilize land or soil means to improve its quality in order to make plants grow well on it, enriching the land or soil by spreading solid animal waste, faeces['fiːsiːz], or evacuation排泄物 or a chemical mixture on it. 施与 肥料，使肥沃 e.g. The faeces contain nitrogen which fertilizes/enriches the soil. 粪便含有肥沃土壤的氮。 //['fiːsiːz] faeces = evacuation from bowels [生理] 粪便,排泄物  fertilizer /ˈfɜːtɪˌlaɪzə/ [肥料] 肥料；受精媒介物；促进发展者 Fertilizer is a substance such as solid animal waste, faeces['fiːsiːz], or evacuations, or a chemical mixture that you spread on the ground in order to make plants grow more successfully. 肥料 [ chemical fertilizer化学肥料; compound fertilizer复合肥料; organic fertilizer有机肥；有机肥料] e.g. ...farming without any purchased chemical, fertilizer or pesticide.…不使用任何购买的化学品、肥料或杀虫剂的耕作 //['fiːsiːz] faeces = the evacuation from bowels [生理] 粪便,排泄物 |
| procreate /ˈprəʊkrɪˌeɪt/, procreation [,prokrɪ'eʃən], procreative ['prokrɪ,etɪv] 1.V-I When animals or people procreate or reproduce, they produce offspring or babies. 生育; 生殖 e.g. Most young women feel a biological need to procreate/reproduce. 大多数年轻妇女觉得生儿育女是一种生理需要。 V.S. reproduce: When people, animals, or plants reproduce, they procreate /ˈprəʊkrɪˌeɪt/ and produce young or offspring. (人，动物，植物）生育; 繁殖   2. N-UNCOUNT procreation [,prokrɪ'eʃən] e.g. Early marriage and procreation are no longer discouraged there. 早婚早育在那里不再遭到反对了 [ 生育疗法 reproduction techniques/procreation techniques; 早婚早育 early marriage and procreation; early marriage and reproduction ]  3. Adj. reproduce, reproduction, reproductive. [ reproductive system 生殖系统; reproductive age生育年龄; reproductive tract[医]生殖系统；[生]生殖系; reproductive organs 生殖器官 ] |
| breed 养殖(animal); (动物）繁殖生育xxx => interbreed, interbred 杂交 V-I When animals breed, they procreate['prəʊkrɪeɪt] and have offsprings. (动物）繁殖生育 e.g. Frogs will usually breed in any convenient pond. 青蛙通常在任何适宜的水塘里繁殖。 e.g. During the breeding繁殖 season, the birds come ashore.  N-COUNT A breed of a pet animal or farm animal is a particular type of it. For example, terriers are a breed of dog. (动物的) 品种 e.g ...rare breeds of cattle. …稀有牛种, a new breed of computer. 新型的计算机; various poultry/fowl breeds 家禽种类 breed sb. To bring up sb, raise sb, and cultivate sb, nurture sb 培养, 抚养教养: eg a well-bred person, a well-nurtured (thoroughbred，良驹) is normally cultivated with good education 有教养之人  V-T If you breed animals or plants, you keep them for the purpose of reproducing more animals or plants with particular qualities, in a controlled way. 养殖(动物，植物) e.g. He lived alone, breeding horses and dogs. 他独自生活,养殖马和狗。 He used to breed sniffer dogs for the police. 他过去为警察部门养殖狗。 [ selective breeding精选养殖 ] //o **fowl** /faʊl/ A fowl is a bird, especially one that is raised/bred to be eaten as food, such as a duck or a chicken 饲养（用来食用）的飞禽. |
| propagate ['prɔpəɡeit] 1. propaganda 宣传 V.S. The blurb (N) about a new book, film, product, or exhibition is information about it that is written in order to attract people's interest. (商品信息 ; 产品信息)推介, 大肆宣传；吹捧性广告； e.g. Can you please just write some blurb first in rel7601 What’s new. 2. 繁殖增殖 Most plants propagate by seed 大多数植物靠种子繁殖 |
| conceive /kənˈsiːv/ ; conceivable, conceivably; inconceivable无法/难以想像的, inconceivably 1. If you cannot conceive of something, you cannot imagine it or believe it. 想像; 相信 [ 无法想像xxx cannot conceive of sth; cannot conceive that xxx = it's inconceivable that xxx ] e.g.I just can't even conceive of that quantity of money 无法想像那样一笔数量的钱 eg It's inconceivable that he committed suicide even. eg It sounds inconceivable but is the naked truth. 这听起来不可思议/无法想像的，但却绝对是事实 e.g. We could not conceive that he might be dead soon. 无法相信他可能很快就会死去。 [ 可以想像(发生了xxx); It's conceivable that xxx] eg It's concevivable that the new project would be a daunting task, full of formidable challenges艰难的挑战. ]  2. If you [ conceive a plan or idea ] , you think of it and work out how it can be done. 构想 [ conceive a good idea/plan/frame ] 3. When a woman [conceives a child] or conceives, she becomes pregnant e..g. conceive a BB e.g. Women and men who have traveled to the virus affected area should wait eight weeks to conceive after their return, while men with symptoms should wait a full six months because of the long incubation [医] 潜伏. //symptomatic ['sɪmptə'mætɪk] adj. 有症状的；症候的 |
| (商品信息 ; 产品信息)推介, 大肆宣传；吹捧性广告 | blurb /blɜːb/ 1.N-COUNT The blurb about a new book, film, product, or exhibition is information about it that is written in order to promote it and attract people's interest. (商品信息 ; 产品信息)推介, 大肆宣传；吹捧性广告； e.g. Can you please just write some blurb first in rel7601 What’s new. V.S. propagate /ˈprɒpəˌɡeɪt/ , N) ['prɑpə'gændə] n. 宣传 |
| (大量人员/职工的）离开; n. （同时）大批离去 | exodus ['eksədəs ] n. a journey by a large group to escape from a hostile environment; If there is an exodus of people from a place, a lot of people leave that place at the same time. （人员/职工 ...同时）大批离去 [ 大量精英的(同时）离开 an exodus of elites from the compnay; 大量员工的（同时）离开 an exodus of employees from the company; 大量医生的（同时）离开: an exodus of doctors from the hospital ] e.g. The medical system is facing collapse because of an exodus of doctors and nurses from hospitals, especially in desperate need. 由于医生大批离去，该医疗体系正面临崩溃。 e.g. The DP project is facing collapse because of an exodus of exellent developers and elites from this project.. e.g. With an exodus of tech elites from IBM, the attrition rate 职工的流失率 rises unexpectely high in 4Q this year. // At a university or place of work, attrition is the decrease in the number of students or employees caused by people leaving and not being replaced. (学生或雇员)人数减少 [ attrition rate 损耗率；学生退学率; 职工的减少率/流失率； catalyst attrition 催化剂耗损 ； attrition value 磨损值 ] |
|  | • futuristic /ˌfjuːtʃəˈrɪstɪk/  1. Sth that is futuristic looks or seems very modern and unusual, like something from the future. 未来派的 e.g. The theatre is a futuristic steel and glass structure. 是一座未来派的钢筋玻璃结构建筑。 2. A futuristic film/ book tells a story that is set in the future, when things are different. 科幻 (影片,小说，书) = science fiction e.g. ...the futuristic hit/sensation film, "Terminator 2." …轰动一时的科幻电影《终结者2》。   • thought-provoking (书籍、电影等)发人深省的; 引人深思的 1.ADJ If something such as a book or a movie is thought-provoking, it contains interesting ideas that make people think seriously. e.g. This is an entertaining yet thought-provoking film. 这部电影令人捧腹，却又发人深省。  • A livable city, an inhabitable city e.g. "We've seen a skyrocketing/hiking rise in property prices, there's an increasing population and people tend to live on their own, not in big families. This all requires architects to look at how small houses can be made more livable/inhabitable适于居住."   • 非正统的; 另类的 Unorthodox: if you describe someone's behaviour, beliefs, or customs as unorthodox, you mean that they are different from what is generally accepted. E.g. The reality-based show followed the unorthodox lives of Ozzy, his wife Sharon, daughter Kelly, and son, Jack. 另类生活  e.g. The lack of available land suitable for building on, coupled with notoriously/disreputably restrictive building regulations, means that unorthodox [ʌn'ɔrθə'dɑks]非正统的; 另类的 architectural visions are rarely realized in Hong Kong.  • envisage[in'vizidʒ] sth/envision sth/imagine sth  e.g. In second place, "Vertical Village" saw French architect Maria envisages[in'vizidʒ]/envision/imagine multi-story homes with internal roofs and large glass fronts. "Sometimes (in Hong Kong) you find very tiny apartments where the toilet and kitchen are in the same place. It can be better to live vertically. We wanted to give people more space -- and more open space." |
| V. 未给...留下好印象; 使...失望 Adj.未留下好印象的; 令人失望的 | underwhelm V.S. overwhelm. Underwhelm sb., underwhelming/ˌʌndəˈwɛlm/ V. underwhelm sb = disappoint sb, is to make no positive impact or impression on 未给...留下好印象; 使...失望 => If you use underwhelming to describe the response or reaction to something, you mean that people were not very impressed or excited by it, so "underwhelming" means something is disappointing 令人失望的 e.g. ...the underwhelming response to their second album....明显的对他们第二张专辑的冷淡失望的反应 e.g. His dull speeches often underwhelm/disappoint his audiences. 他的枯燥的讲话常常使听众感到失望 e.g. America finally got some good economic boost. The U.S. economy expanded at a 2.9% annual rate from July through September compared with the same time a year ago. It was the last reading on economic growth before the election, and it came as welcome news: Growth was sluggish/slow in the first half of the year, averaging just above 1%. "This shows that the U.S. is roughly on track步入正轨. It's a natural bounce back following a pretty underwhelming/disappointing year so far," says the fixed income investment manager. |
| 1. 沉思的; 2. 体贴的,考虑周到的 3。(书籍、想法，电影或讲话等) 有思想的深度的 | Thoughtful  1.ADJ If you are thoughtful or deliberate, you are quiet and serious because you are thinking about something carefully for a long time. 沉思的, thoughtful = deliberate e.g. Nancy, who had been thoughtful for some time, suddenly spoke. 南希沉思半晌后，突然开口说话 e.g. Daniel nodded thoughtfully. 丹尼尔若有所思/沉思的地点点头。 3.ADJ If you describe someone as thoughtful, you approve of them because they remember what other people want, need, or feel, and try not to upset them, thoughtful = considerate体贴的,考虑周到的 e.g. ...a thoughtful/considerate and caring man. 一个考虑周到、关心体贴的男人。考虑周到地 thoughtfully/considerately  5.ADJ If you describe something such as a book, film, or speech as thoughtful, you mean that it is serious and well thought out. (书籍、想法，电影或讲话等) 有思想的深度的 [ a thoughtful book, a thoughtful movie, a thoughtful speech; a jejune[dʒɪ'dʒuːn] idea (一个幼稚肤浅的想法) V.S. a thoughtful idea 一个有思想深度的想法] e.g. ...a thoughtful and scholarly book. …一本既有思想深度又有学术价值的书。有思想深度地 thoughtfully e.g. ...these thoughtfully designed machines. …这些经缜密思考而设计的机器 |
|  |  |
| (深呼吸）令人惊叹的(极其美丽，极其了不起) | 令人惊叹的(e.g. stunning beautiful, amazing) [ breathtaking views 极其美丽的景色 ; a breathtaking record = a jaw-dropping record 惊人的/太了不起的记录 ]　If you say that something is breathtaking, you are emphasizing that it is strikingly beautiful or amazing (极其美丽，极其了不起） eg Standing on the top of Nansam Mountain in Seoul, you can get a breathtaking panoramic view of Seoul . e.g. He got a breathtaking/jaw-dropping record 令人惊叹的/太了不起的记录 // [,pænə'ræmɪk]　panoramic view: 全景 |
| 爆炸性消息/惊天动地的大消息/爆炸性新闻 | A bombshell is a sudden piece of bad or unexpected news. 爆炸性消息/惊天动地的大消息/爆炸性新闻 e.g. His resignation is a political bombshell. 他的辞职是一件政治上的爆炸性新闻。 E.g. The families and their lawyer are coming forward as their brush with history与历史擦肩而过 is immortalized [ɪ'mɔrtəlaɪz] 使名垂千古 in a new Hollywood blockbuster 好莱屋大片. The film "Snowden" depicts the tense days when the NSA whistleblower/debunker告发者 went underground in Hong Kong, in a bid to evade/dodge/avoid US and Hong Kong authorities, as well as the world media. Snowden made his first bombshell爆炸性消息 revelations about controversial US surveillance programs in an interview with the Guardian newspaper in a room in Hong Kong's Mira Hotel. //a Hollywood blockbuster 好莱屋大片; a chartbuster: 畅销品(尤指唱片); tax dodge/avoidance/evasion. //['saizmik] a seimic change/shift is a sudden and dramatic change that happens out of blue (unexpectedly) |
| 吓掉下巴的， 令人目瞪口呆的，触目惊心的 | jaw-dropping； 1. ADJ Something that is jaw-dropping is extremely surprising, impressive, or shocking. [ a jaw-dropping news 令人目瞪口呆的消息; a jaw-dropping/breathtaking record 惊人的/太了不起的记录; a jaw-dropping criminal scene 触目惊心的犯罪现场] e.g. The criminal scene is so jaw-dropping. E.g. On single's day in CHINA, the Taobao sells account was dramatically skyrocketing, going up through the roof, reaching a jaw-dropping/breathtaking record. e.g. The total value of orders reported by e-commerce giant Alibaba during this year's online shopping bonanza hit $17.8 billion. That's more than Black Friday and Cyber Monday combined. Here are some of the other jaw-dropping numbers from the online shopping festival //dislocated jaw, dislocated shoulder脱臼的 |
| 使惊愕的, 令人震惊的, 骇人听闻的(新闻，报道) | appalling, appallingly [ə'pɔ:liŋ]: Causing overwhelming, terrible situation, or dismay; [appalling = frightful or dreadful ] [ 一个骇人听闻的新闻 an appalling news = a frightful/dreadful news; 骇人的暴行 an appalling violence/atrocity ] e.g. Here comes an appalling/frightful news that a terrroist group intruded to the Pentagon. |
| 惊人的,令人吃惊的 | **startling:** so remarkably different or sudden as to cause momentary shock, alert, or alarm. **[ 令人吃惊的新闻 a startling news; a startling report, a startling scandal ]** |
| **stunning 惊人的美丽:** causing great astonishment, shock, and consternation. // **strikingly** beautiful or attractive **[惊人的美人a stunning beauty; a startling news; a staggering news]** |
| staggering: so surprisingly impressive as to stun or overwhelm; eg: The amount of ransom 赎金 required by the kidnapper was staggering. [a staggering news, a staggering number] Causing great astonishment, amazement, or dismay 令人大为吃惊、惊讶或沮丧的; The cost is staggering. 费用大得惊人 eg Only a handful of people have traveled to such staggering depths. One of them is movie director James Cameron, who using a state-of-the-art vessel, dropped 35,000 feet, or about 7 miles, to the deepest place on Earth. e.g. Emergency crews scrambled to what witnesses described as a staggering scene of death and utter/completely destruction |
| **显著的，突出的，惊人的 a striking surprise e.g. The most striking最显著的 feature of those statistics is the high proportion of suicides.** |
| 借得的(羽毛)漂亮衣服来硬装门面；靠别人得来的声望; | **borrowed plumes**  e.g. |
| 兄弟情； 兄弟的义气 | Bromance: A bromance is a close non-sexual relationship between two (or more) men, a form of **affectional** or **homosocial** **intimacy(亲密；亲昵行为). V.S. bestie; girls' net** |
| (事业，生意, 商业） 兴隆; 成功; 繁荣 | boom /buːm/ (booming,boomed,booms) [ n) 经济繁荣，经济腾飞: economic boom/prosperity ; 繁荣的时代: boom years; 婴儿潮；出生于婴儿潮时期的人，尤指二次大战后生育高峰出生的人: baby boom, babay boomer; 商业繁荣，生意兴隆: business boom/prosperity ]  1. N If there is a boom/prosperity in the economy (经济繁荣，经济腾飞), there is an increase in economic activity, for example, in the number of things that are being bought and sold. e.g. An economic boom followed, especially in housing and construction. e.g. The 1980s were indeed boom years. 20世纪80年代确实是繁荣的时代。  2. N A boom in something is an increase in its amount, frequency, or success. 大幅提高/增长 e.g The boom(大幅提高) in the sport's popularity has meant more calls for stricter safety regulations.  3. V If the economy or a business is booming/thriving/flourishing/prospering, the number of things being bought or sold is increasing. 大幅提高/增长激增 e.g. By 1988 the economy was booming. 到1988年为止经济一直很繁荣。 Sales are booming. 销售量在激增。  4. V When something such as someone's voice, a cannon, or a big drum booms, it makes a loud, deep sound that lasts for several seconds. 发出低沉洪亮的声音, 轰鸣 e.g. "Ladies," boomed Helena, without a microphone, "we all know why we're here tonight." e.g. Thunder boomed over the Mountain. 雷声在山上空轰鸣。 5. Boom out . 发出低沉洪亮的声音, 轰鸣 e.g.Music boomed out from loudspeakers. 扬声器传出了低沉响亮的音乐。 e.g A speaker boomed out, "This is the police." 扩音器传出了低沉而响亮的声音：“我们是警察。” 6. Boom is also a noun. 轰鸣声 e.g. The stillness of the night was broken by the boom of a cannon. 大炮的轰鸣声打破了。 |
| (事业，生意, 商业） 兴隆; 成功; 繁荣 | flourish /ˈflʌrɪʃ/ [ in full flourish 在全盛时，盛极一时 ] 1.V-I If something flourishes, it is successful, active, or common, and developing quickly and strongly; V. ) flourish/boom/prosper/thrive 繁荣; 兴旺 e.g. Business flourished/boomed/thrived/prospered, and within six months they were earning 18,000 roubles a day. 生意兴隆，6个月中他们每天挣18000卢布。 e.g If the economy or a business is booming/thriving/flourishing/prospering, the number of things being bought or sold is increasing. 大幅提高/增长激增 e.g. By 1988 the economy was booming. 到1988年为止经济一直很繁荣。 Sales are booming/thriving/flourishing/prospering . 销售量在激增。 2. 繁荣的; 兴旺的 flourishing = prosperous = booming e.g. Boston quickly became a flourishing/prosperous port. 波斯顿迅速成为一个繁荣的港口。  3.V-I If a plant or animal flourishes, it grows well with large reproduction繁殖，生殖 or is healthy because the conditions are right for it. (动植物因环境适宜而) 旺盛 生长　e.g The plant flourishes particularly well in slightly harsher climes. 这种植物在较为恶劣一点的气候中长得特别茂盛。=> 繁盛的 flourishing e.g. ...a flourishing fox population. …不断繁衍的狐狸群。  5.V-T If you flourish an object, you wave it about in a way that makes people notice it. 挥舞 xxx （为了引起注意）e .g. He flourished his pen to emphasize the point. e.g. He flourished his cap in the crowds. => N-COUNT Flourish is also a noun. 挥动（为了引起注意） e.g. He took his cap from under his arm with a flourish and pulled it low over his eyes. 他挥手从腋下取出帽子，拉低帽檐盖住眼睛。 |
| (事业，生意, 商业） 兴隆; 成功; 繁荣 | thrive /θraɪv/  1.V-I If someone or something thrives, they do well and are successful, healthy, or strong, thrive = boom = propser = flourish 兴旺发达; 茁壮成长 e.g He appears to be thriving. 他看起来兴旺发达蒸蒸日上。 Today her company continues to thrive/boom/prosper/flourish. 如今，她的公司继续蓬勃发展。 A business cannot thrive without good management. 企业没有良好的管理不会兴旺。 2.V-I If you say that someone thrives on a particular situation, you mean that they enjoy it or that they can deal with it very well, especially when other people find it unpleasant or difficult. 从容应对 (尤指别人不喜欢或认为困难的事) e.g Vivian is good at thriving on a stressful work under tense timeline. |
| (事业，生意, 商业） 兴隆; 成功; 繁荣 | prosper /ˈprɒspə/ => prosperous = flourishing/booming/thriving => N) prosperity V.S. prospect 前途 V.S. 有前途的(学生，项目) a promising student/project 1.V-I If people or businesses prosper, they are successful and do well, thrive, flourish, boom (事业，生意） 兴隆; 成功 e.g. His business continued to prosper/thrive. 他的生意持续兴隆 |
| burgeon / sprout (pigeon=dove) | To put forth new **buds芽蓓蕾,** leaves, or **greenery 绿叶;** [synonym: sprout].发**芽**：长出新芽、叶子或绿叶 **[ burgeoning market 新兴的市场; the emerging market ]** |
| To begin to grow or **blossom.** 长出花蕾：开始生长或开花 |
| To grow, thrive/flourish/boom quickly, become prosperous 迅速茁壮成长,繁茂 eg The e-commmerce is a burgeoning industry; eg The economy is recovered from the financial crisis and starts to burgeon/sprout quickly; eg While her makeup artist career was burgeoning/sprouting, she was frustrated by the lack of fund investment. |

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| 自鸣得意的；自以为是的； n. 自以为是/自命不凡的家伙 ；　[英国俚语] 不喜活动死用功的学生 | a) 自鸣得意的；自以为是的 smug = complacent, If you say that someone is **smug**, you are criticizing the fact they seem very pleased or **arrogant** with how good, clever, or lucky they are. 自鸣得意的(表不满)  **[ smug V.S. mug sb. V.S. smuggle ]**  e.g. Thomas and his wife looked at each other in **smug** satisfaction. 托马斯和他妻子互相看着对方，面带着自鸣得意的满足  e.g. but don't be smug until you xxxx 不要太自以为是    n) a smugness 一个 自命不凡的家伙; 自以为是的家伙 , [英国俚语] 不喜活动死用功的学生(书呆子), a smugness/bookworm/nerd　smug: marked by excessive complacency ( 自满；自鸣得意), who is big-headed, arrogant, cocky, or self-satisfaction.  e.g. **She needs taking down a peg or two.** => which is an **idiomatic expression地道的惯用表**达，indicates she has become too arrogant or big-headed/arrogant/cocky/complacent or sb is a smugness.  **[ smug V.S. mug sb. V.S. smuggle ]** //mug (a mug of sparkling coffee 马克杯, she's a mugger/robber行凶抢劫者 V.S. smuggle, smuggler |
| 自满的; 盲目乐观的(表不满) | [kəm'pleɪs(ə)nt] complacement, complacency [kəm'pleisənsi]:  A complacent [kəm'pleisənt] person is very pleased or satisfied with themselves or feels that they do not need to do anything about a situation, even though the situation may be uncertain or dangerous. 自满的; 盲目乐观的(表不满) = arrogant, cocky, big-headed, complacement [kəm'pleisənt] , smug.    e.g. She **needs taking down a peg or two**. => which is an **idiomatic expression地道的惯用表达**，indicates she has become too big-headed/arrogant/cocky/complacent.  e.g. Australia has refused to apologize after an Olympic swimmer **sparked national outrage/fury暴怒** by **accusing China's Sun Yang of** being a "drug cheat." Speaking to the media after beating Sun by a mere , Horton said Sun, who served a three-month ban for testing positive for a banned Sports **doping兴奋剂** in 2014, was a "drug cheat." , this rude words **sparked international outrage/fury** among CHINA **netizens**. Horton's Facebook and Instagram posts were **flooded/deluged** with comments attacking him and demanding he apologize to Sun. "You are too **complacent[kəm'pleɪs(ə)nt] 自满的/big-headed/cocky**”.  e.g. Some celebrities realize that their dream and becoming famous just wasn’t as amazing as they thought it would be. However, some other celebrities **get so carried away(too complacent/big-headed/cocky得意忘形)**, they begin to believe their own **hype炒作** and become totally arrogant/big-headed/cocky/complacent, thinking they are really superhuman. Well, I don’t wanna **back-mouth someone背后说别人的坏话**, but I’d like to give them a piece of my mind , blar bar. Additionally, I think she **needs taking down a peg or two**, which is **an idiomatic expression [,ɪdɪə'mætɪk]** 地道的惯用表达 to indicate that she has become too **big-headed/arrogant/cocky/complacent**.  e.g. "If you see a little bit of success. You can get **cocky/arrogant/big-headed or complacent/smug(自鸣得意的，沾沾自喜的〔含贬义〕)** and I think it's when people get the head rush and lose that clinical or rational assessment, that's when people make mistakes."  [ 激起国际社会的愤怒 spark/trigger international/national outrage; spark international/national fury ] [freestyle, breaststroke蛙式, butterfly蝶泳; backstroke:仰泳; medley混合泳; Men's 4x200m freestyle relay 接力] |
| 大头症/自满的/自以为是，骄傲自打的 | **[get so carried away得意忘形)]**  e.g. Some celebrities realize that their dream and becoming famous just wasn’t as amazing as they thought it would be. However, some other celebrities **get so carried away (too complacent/big-headed/cocky得意忘形)**, they begin to believe their own **hype炒作** and become totally arrogant/big-headed/cocky/complacent, thinking they are really superhuman. Well, I don’t wanna **back-mouth someone背后说别人的坏话**, but I’d like to give them a piece of my mind , blar bar. Additionally, I think she **needs taking down a peg or two**, which is **an idiomatic expression [,ɪdɪə'mætɪk]** 地道的惯用表达 to indicate that she has become too **big-headed/arrogant/cocky/complacent**. |
| 骄傲自大的，趾高气扬的 | cocky; cockily; cockiness n [U] too confident about yourself and your abilities, especially in a way that annoys other people 骄傲自大的，趾高气扬的 e.g. He’s a cocky little man and I don’t like him. 他是个傲慢自大的小子，我不喜欢他  e.g. Some celebrities realize that their dream and becoming famous just wasn’t as amazing as they thought it would be. However, some other celebrities **get so carried away (too complacent/big-headed/cocky得意忘形)**, they begin to believe their own **hype炒作** and become totally arrogant/big-headed/cocky/complacent, thinking they are really superhuman. Well, I don’t wanna **back-mouth someone背后说别人的坏话**, but I’d like to give them a piece of my mind , blar bar. Additionally, I think she **needs taking down a peg or two**, which is **an idiomatic expression [,ɪdɪə'mætɪk]** 地道的惯用表达 to indicate that she has become too **big-headed/arrogant/cocky/complacent**. |
| 自大的，自负的〔含贬义〕 | big-headed: someone who is big-headed thinks they are very important, clever etc – used to show disapproval 自大的，自负的〔含贬义〕  •  ...an arrogant, **big-headed/cocky** man.  ...一个傲慢自负的男人。 |
| 自负的，骄傲自满的，自高自大的〔含贬义〕 ；狂想的；逞能的 | [kən'siːtɪd] conceited adj. 自负的，骄傲自满的，自高自大的〔含贬义〕 ；狂想的；逞能的 someone who is conceited thinks they are very clever, skilful, beautiful etc – used to show disapproval •You’re the most conceited/big-headed/cocky, selfish person I’ve ever known. 你是我认识的人当中最自负、最自私的。 |
| 粗鲁傲慢的; 张狂无礼的(的凝视,的语气) | Adj) insolent, insolently ['ɪns(ə)l(ə)nt] : ADJ insolent: If you say that someone is being insolent, you mean they are being rude to someone they ought to be respectful to; be rude without respect and reverence to sb. 粗鲁傲慢的; 张狂无礼的(的凝视,的语气)  [ her insolent stare.她那傲慢无礼的凝视; an insolent tone of voice 傲慢无礼的语气; You insolent child! 你这个没礼貌的孩子 insolence (N) ['ɪns(ə)l(ə)ns] n. 傲慢；傲慢无礼的行为 |

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| 缺点是 xxxx, 不利的一面是xxx | On the down side, xxx = here come the disadvantages or **drawback, downsides,**  e.g. On the down side, utilizing this function is somewhat/a little less concise, and considerably less elegant. 不利的一面是，利用这个函数有点不够简练，且相当不灵活 //缺点 downsides = disadvantages = drawback //正反两方面 pros and cons: The good aspect is xxx. On the down side, xxx |
| [昆]茧；卵囊 | cocoon /kəˈkuːn/ (cocooning,cocooned,cocoons) //浣熊raccoon /rəˈkuːn/ is a small animal that has dark-coloured fur with white stripes on its face and on its long tail.   1. A cocoon is a covering of silky threads that the larvae/caterpillars of moths and other insects make to protect themselves before they grow into adults. 茧 ; [ 蚕茧 silk cocoon; silkworm] e.g. ...like a butterfly emerging from a cocoon [kə'ku:n]. …好似 蝴蝶破茧而出   2. 被xxx包围着 , 被xxx笼罩着 If you are in a cocoon of something, you are wrapped up in it or surrounded by it.  e.g. He stood there in a cocoon of golden light. 被一圈金色光环笼罩着。 e.g. ...her innocent desire to envelop her beloved in a cocoon of love. … 把自己的挚爱用爱包围着。  3.If you are living in a cocoon茧居, you are in an insular/ˈɪnsjʊlə/ 孤立的/与世隔绝的 environment in which you feel protected and safe, and sometimes isolated from everyday life.  e.g. The last thing he wants to do is to cocoon all weekend in that same house. e.g. 他最不愿意做的事是整个周末呆在同一幢房子里 茧居  4.V-T If something cocoons you from something, it protects you or isolates you from it. 把…保护或隔离起来  E.G. There is nowhere to hide when things go wrong, no organization to cocoon you from blame. 出了差错无处可躲，没有组织会庇护你免于责难 |
| insulate | ['ɪnsjʊleɪt] insulate, insulation [ɪnsjʊ'leɪʃ(ə)n], insulating materials : To prevent the passage of heat, electricity, or sound into or out of, especially by surrounding with a nonconducting material.绝缘：防止热，电或声音的进出，特别是通过在外面包上不传导物质来达到 [insulator: 绝缘体, 绝热器] |
| **insulate sb= isolate sb**, to cause sb to be in a detached or isolated position: 使处于孤立或隔绝的位置 |
| adj. 孤立的；与世隔绝的；海岛的；岛民的; 思想狭隘封闭的/眼界和经验狭隘封闭的 | insular /ˈɪnsjʊlə/ , insularity ['ɪnsə'lærəti] 1. ADJ If you say that someone is insular, you are being critical of them because they are unwilling to meet new people or to consider new ideas. 与世隔绝的; 保守的(表不满) e.g. They were an insular family. 他们一家人与世隔绝。 2. N-UNCOUNT 保守, 保守状态 insularity ['ɪnsə'lærəti] e.g. But at least they have started to break out of their old insularity. 但他们至少已经开始打破以前的保守状态了。 3. Circumscribed限制 and detached in outlook, and experience; narrow or provincial outlook, view, and experience 思想狭隘的：眼界和经验受限制和孤立的 [狭隘的眼界 an insular view and outlook ] e.g I have to break out of my insular views and outlook and I wanna expand my horizontal views. |
| n 孤立的状态／封闭自首的状态；与世隔绝的状态；　　岛国性质（或状态）；岛屿生活状况；　　　　　　　**狭隘封闭的思想/狭隘的眼界和经验;（思想、观点等）偏狭，性僵化** | insular => insularity ['ɪnsə'lærəti] Suggestive of the isolated life of an island, living in reclusion/seclusion 隐居 in an island: [figurative meaning: rigid and stiff mindset and thinking (思想, 观点等的)偏狭, 性僵化] 　e.g. Though son preference is often seen as "backwards"—a product of poverty and insularity封闭—sex-selective abortion is actually independent of wealth and income. 虽然“重男轻女”往往被看作是“倒退”——一个贫穷与封闭的产物 eg Don't allow the insularity思想狭隘to affect the development of your team; you must encourage teammembers to expand their horizontal views. |
| 独处的独自的; 孤独的 n独居者；隐士 | solitary /ˈsɒlɪtərɪ/ adj. n.独居者；隐士 1.ADJ A person or animal that is solitary spends a lot of time alone. 独处的 e.g I'm a shy, solitary man. 是个腼腆的、惯于独处的人。 2. ADJ A solitary activity is one that you do alone. 独自（完成的事情） e.g His evenings were spent in solitary drinking. 独自饮酒中度过。 3. ADJ A solitary person or object is alone, with no others near them. 孤独的 　e.g. He cited the case of five booksellers who disappeared in late 2015, only to later reemerge in mainland China, including Lee, who holds British citizenship. One bookseller who returned to the city, told CNN how he was detained by "special forces" officers during a visit to mainland China and kept in solitary/alone confinement for months |
| recluse, reclusive, reclusion; seclusive, seclusion | recluse: a/n; a person who withdraws from the world to **live in seclusion** and often in isolation 隐士, 隐遁者; Withdrawn from the world; reclusive or seclusive 隐居的；偏僻的：遁世的 |
| reclusion: The condition of being a recluse who **lives in seclusion**. 隐居遁世, 隐居生活：处于做隐士的状况 |
| eg North Korea releases a photo of Miller, the American who ripped up his visa upon arrival in the country, as he starts his six-year hard labor sentence in the reclusive state. Events in North Korea have left the world wondering: Where's leader Kim Jong Un and is he still running perhaps the most isolated reclusive 隐遁的,隐居的; country on Earth //reclusive, seclusion |
| 封闭, 隔离某人/某个国家，使隐蔽 | seclude /sɪˈkluːd/, seclusionn. 隔离；隐退；隐蔽的地方 TEM8 V to remove from contact with others, seclude = isolate, quarantine(检疫)隔离 ［封闭/隔离自己 seclude oneself ] e.g. This place is very secluded. 隐蔽的 e.g In the early 1990’s an extreme form of isolation emerged, where young Japanese people seclude themselves in their homes for months or even years at a time. 自己隔离在家中。e.g. No one can seclude himself from the outside, or he could not survive. 没有人可以封闭自己，否则他就无法生存下去 |
| **seclusive; seclusion: a policy of seclusion/reclusion 闭关自守政策**; |
| **live in seclusion过着隐居生活**: She lives in seclusion apart from her friends. 她远离朋友, 过着隐居生活 |
| 锁国主义 seclusionism |
| 幸福 | felicity /fɪˈlɪsɪtɪ/ 1. N Felicity is great happiness and pleasure. (非常的的）幸福 e.g. ...joy and felicity. ...快乐和幸福。 2.N Felicity is the quality of being good, pleasant, or desirable. 恰当; 巧妙 eg. ...his conversational manner and easy verbal felicity. ...他的谈话方式和从容巧妙措词 |
| 新颖的;创新的 | ingenious /ɪnˈdʒiːnjəs/ ADJ Something that is ingenious is very clever and involves new ideas, methods, or equipment; ingenious = creative, innovative, inventive 灵巧的; 新颖的;创新的 e.g. ...a truly ingenious invention. …一项的确新颖的发明  groundbreaking: Characterized by originality and innovation 以创造力和创新为特征的 innovative and creative： a groundbreaking technology 极富创造力的技术 eg The IBM Watson is a groundbreaking platform that represents a new era of computing based on its ability to interact in natural language, process vast amounts of Big Data to uncover patterns and insights, and learn from each interaction. eg OUR IBM groundbreaking alliance with Apple in mobile.   [out-of-the-box ideas; out-of-the-box technology] eg I look forward to all of your innovative and out-of-the-box ideas for bringing IBM Systems into the future.We have come this far because of your hard work, collaboration, and proactive engagement. Let’s continue that momentum.   creative, innovative, inventive: ...a truly ingenious invention. …一项的确新颖的发明 |
| n 单一; 唯一 , | oneness /ˈwʌnnɪs/ the state or quality of being one; singleness 单一; 唯一 oneness = singleton |
| n. 一次性事物 adj. 一次性的 | one-off ['wʌnɔf] : a happening that occurs only once and is not repeated; [ a one-off charge 一次性收费 ] e.g. Our survey revealed that these allergies were mainly one-offs. 大多是一次性反应. E.g. Customers need networking 101 information -- for most are questions of "how do I do this for my environment". This is mainly one-off questions. |
| 以不变应万变, 通用型 , 大小通吃的通用的 | one-size-fits-all "One size fits all" is a description for a product that would fit in all instances. The term has been extended to mean one style or procedure would fit in all related applications. [ a one-size-fits-all solution 通用型解决方案 ] e.g "Because (the Internet of Things) is so vast and varied, it will be hard to come up with a 'one size fits all' standard," said Bartleson. "Instead of a single, dominant communication standard for IoT, there will likely be several that serve different purposes." |
| 暂时的 | transient V.S. transit zone transient /ˈtrænzɪənt/  1.ADJ Transient is used to describe a situation that lasts only a short time (similar to "transitory") or is constantly changing. 短暂(瞬时)的 transient = temporary, transitory (Something that is temporary lasts for only a limited time) [ transient current 瞬时电流 ; 过渡电流; transient fault 瞬时故障 ; 瞬时失效; transient distortion 瞬时失真 ]   2.N-COUNT Transients are people who stay in a place for only a short time and then move somewhere else. 流动人员  ...a dormitory for transients. …一个流动人员的宿舍。      transitory /ˈtrænsɪtərɪ/ TEM8 ADJ If you say that something is transitoxry, you mean that it lasts only for a short time. 短暂的 e.g. Most teenage romances are transitory/temporary/transient. 大多数少年时代的罗曼史都转瞬即逝   temporal /ˈtɛmpərəl/ CET6 TEM8 1.ADJ Temporal powers or matters relate to ordinary institutions and activities rather than to religious or spiritual ones. 凡尘的; 普通的俗世的 e.g. I'm just a temporal person (我是一个凡人，俗人） e.g ...the spiritual and temporal leader of the people. 俗世领袖。  2. ADJ Temporal means relating to time. 时间的 e.g.One is also able to see how specific acts are related to a temporal and spatial context. 如何与时间和空间背景相关联。  3.ADJ of, relating to, or near the temple or temples 颞部的; 太阳穴的 |
| provisional; provisionally adj.临时(决定）的; 暂时的(可能后面有变化的 [ provisional specification 临时说明书; provisional tax 暂缴税 ] You use provisional to describe something that has been arranged, decicided, or appointed for the present, but may be changed in the future. 临时(决定，安排）的; 暂时(决定，安排）的 (可能后面有变化的) e.g ...the possibility of setting up a provisional coalition government 一个临时的联合政府. e.g. These due times are provisional and subject to confirmation. 这些期限是暂定的，还有待确认。e.g. For the next project release, the proposed GA date is still provisional and would be subject to confirmation from Sonali . e.g The U.S.and Japan provisionally agreed to add new chartered flights包机 to serve their major cities. 临时同意 xxx ==> provisions: n) 规定/条款；预备(供应的粮食及必需品); v. 供应补给品；供应粮食 |
| impermanent /ɪmˈpɜːmənənt/ (permanent -> impermanent) 非永久的; 短暂的暂时的 (temporary or transient) 1. ADJ Something that is impermanent does not last forever. e.g. We are reminded just how small and how impermanent we are. 我们的生命又是多么短暂。[ impermanent connection非永久连接; impermanent storage 非持久化存储; impermanent policy 临时性政策 ]  2. the impermanence of the work. 工作是暂时的 |
| **transitory /ˈtrænsɪtərɪ/** TEM8 ADJ If you say that something is **transitory,** you mean that it lasts **only for a short time, transitory = transient** 短暂/转瞬即逝的 e.g. Most teenage romances are transitory/transient. 大多数少年时代的罗曼史都**转瞬即逝** |
| 1. 规定/条款； 2. 预备(供应的粮食及必需品); v. 供应补给品；供应粮食 | provision; provisions  e.g. The Royal Thai Navy air dropped provisions to sea where people are floating off the capsized boat, who are in desperate situation 预备(供应的粮食及必需品), eg food and water to hundreds of desperate migrants stranded on a capsized倾覆（特指船) boat off southern Thailand. Hungry migrants were jumping from the boat into the water to recover the precious provisions供应补给品 dropped from a Thai military chopper/helicopter in wee hours在凌晨很早的时候 tody. //provisional: sth that is provisional is arranged or appointed for the present, but might be changed in the future |
| eg Athens['æθinz] was supposed to pay the IMF about 300 million euros on Friday, but said Thursday it would bundle all payments due this month into one. IMF rules allow borrowers to combine payments of principal due in a calendar month, but this provision规定/条款 has been used only once before -- by Zambia in the mid-1980s. eg Each measure corresponds to at least one provision规定/条款 of the WHO Framework Convention on Tobacco Control. 每项措施都与一个条款相对应  eg This provision is meant to protect investors in the event of a down round. 这个条款  e.g. Violating the provisions条款 on traffic control to pass by force, without listening to the dissuasion 违反交通管制的规定强行通行，不听劝阻的 |
| 凡尘的; 普通的,俗世的((我是一个凡人，俗人）); 时间的; 太阳穴的 | temporal /ˈtɛmpərəl/ CET6 TEM8 1.ADJ Temporal powers or matters relate to ordinary institutions and activities rather than to religious or spiritual ones. 凡尘的; 普通的,俗世的 e.g. I'm just a temporal person (我是一个凡人，俗人） e.g ...the spiritual and temporal leader of the people. 俗世领袖。  2. ADJ Temporal means relating to time. 时间的 e.g.One is also able to see how specific acts are related to a temporal and spatial context. 如何与时间和空间背景相关联。  3.ADJ of, relating to, or near the temple or temples => temporal 太阳穴的 |
| Literal meaning: (赛跑时)偷跑，抢跑; figurative meaning: 过早行动, 操之过急. | jump the gun: literal meaning: (赛跑时)偷跑，抢跑 (信号未发前就开始行动) figurative meaning: 过早行动,操之过急. e.g Don't jump the gun before you really know what's going on. 在你真正知道发生什么事之前别太早行动 e.g. That athlete is fined out of the rely race接力赛 because he jumped the gun抢跑 for three times. e.g. Don't jump the gun before you're really well-prepared.  V.S. 主要指确凿的犯罪证据, 确凿的证据smoking gun= indisputable and solid evidence or proof smoking gun = indisputable and solid evidence or proof |
| (slang)确凿的犯罪证据, 确凿的证据 | smoking gun = indisputable and solid evidence or proof, is something that serves as **indisputable**毫无辩驳余地 **and solid evidence or proof,** especially of a crime.  eg An ongoing FBI review of the missing jetliner pilots' hard drives, including the captain's flight simulator飞行模拟器, however, has not turned up a "**smoking gun**," a U.S. official with knowledge of the investigation told CNN. 但是还没有找到“**确凿的证据**”  eg “There is no **smoking gun** or paper trail to[the CIA] ”“没有获得任何**确凿的证据**或可以肯定的痕迹能提供给[中央情报局] ”  V.S. smokery: the place to smoke  V.S. Literal meaning: (赛跑时)抢跑; figurative meaning: 过早行动, 操之过急.: jump the gun |
|  |  |
| 走上正轨; 步入正轨 | be on track e.g. My life is on track. e.g. America finally got some good economic growth. The U.S. economy expanded at a 2.9% annual rate from July through September compared with the same time a year ago. It was the last reading on economic growth before the U.S. election, and it came as welcome news: Growth was sluggish in the first half of the year, averaging just above 1%. "This shows that the U.S. is roughly on track步入正轨. |
| (plan, solution) 为了稳妥/安全着想; 为了妥当 | **to be on the safe side**  e.g. A) Any definite head accounts you've got for the Xmas party? B. Well, from 40 - 42 maybe A. Well, Let's say 45, **to be on the safe side 为了稳妥/安全着想** |
| (日、月) 食; figurative meaning: 抢…的风头, 使sb/sth 黯然失色, 使sb/sth 相形见绌 | eclipse /ɪˈklɪps/  1. N-COUNT An eclipse of the sun is an occasion when the moon is between the earth and the sun, so that for a short time you cannot see part or all of the sun. An eclipse of the moon is an occasion when the earth is between the sun and the moon, so that for a short time you cannot see part or all of the moon. (日、月) 食 ...an eclipse of the sun. …一次日食。 ...the solar eclipse on May 21. …5月21日的日食。 2. V-T If one thing is eclipsed by a second thing that is bigger, newer, or more important than it, the first thing is no longer noticed because the second thing gets all the attention. 使sb/sth 黯然失色 V.S. upstage sb. = steal sb's thunder = If someone upstages you, they draw attention away from you by being more attractive or interesting. 抢…的风头, 使sb/sth 黯然失色, 使sb/sth 相形见绌 e.g. ...the space programme has been eclipsed by other desperate needs. …这项太空计划和其他的紧迫需要相比已经黯然失色了。 |
| 椭圆形 | ellipse /ɪˈlɪps/ , **elliptical shape , oval** 1.N-COUNT An ellipse is an **oval shape** similar to a circle but longer and flatter. 椭圆形 e.g. The Earth orbits in an ellipse/oval shape. 地球沿**椭圆形**轨道运动 |
| 省略号 | ellipsis /ɪˈlɪpsɪs/ N-UNCOUNT In linguistics, ellipsis means leaving out words rather than repeating them unnecessarily; for example, saying "I want to go but I can't" instead of "I want to go but I can't go." (语言学中的)省略; N-UNCOUNT a sequence of three dots (…) indicating an omission in text 省略号 |
| (时间) 流逝 | elapse /ɪˈlæps/ (elapsing,elapsed,elapses) V-I When time elapses, it passes. (时间) 流逝 e..g Forty-eight hours have **elapsed** since his arrest. 他被捕后48小时已经过去了 |
| 无计划的随便的无安排的(TB, meeting, activity, party) (表不满) n. 偶然；偶然事件 | haphazard /hæpˈhæzəd/ adj 无计划的随便的无安排的(TB, meeting, activity, party) (表不满) n. 偶然；偶然事件  1.If you describe something as haphazard, you are critical of it because it is not organized, disorganized, or planned at all or is not arranged according to a plan. You're unsatisfactory or not gratified by it. e.g. The investigation does seem haphazard. 这次调查似乎的确没有计划性/无安排的。e.g. How come this wedding party is so haphazard? e.g. His work is totally haphazard.他的工作简直是无计划的无安排 // sb. be gratified by sth = feel satisfactory about sth  2. haphazardly = accidentally, occasionally 偶然的; 杂乱无章地 e.g. She looked at the books jammed haphazardly in the shelves. 她看了看杂乱无章地塞进书架里的书   3. haphazard, similar to "random" [ haphazard investment 随机/盲目投资 = random investment; haphazard evaluation = random evaluation 随机评价; haphazard weighting = random weighting 任意指数 ]  hazard / peril => hazardous = dicey['daɪsɪ] / dangerous |
| adj. 触觉的; 触感的 | ***hap*tic or tactile** ['hæptik] of or relating to or proceeding from the **sense of touch //tactile ['tæktail, -til] 1. of or relating to or proceeding from the sense of touch** |
| 赎金 | ransom /ˈrænsəm/ V.S. random 1. A ransom is the money that has to be paid to someone (esp the kidnapper) so that they will set free a person they have abducted. 赎金 e.g. Her kidnapper successfully extorted敲诈 [ik'stɔ:t] a $250,000 ransom for her release. 绑架者们成功地勒索了25万美元的赎金才释放她。 // extort a xxx ransom V.S. blackmail somebody: He told her their affair would have to stop, because Jack Smith was blackmailing him.  2. V-T If you ransom someone who has been kidnapped, you pay the money to set them free. 赎出 e.g. Well, 5 million U.S. dollars are paid for ransoming or exchanging captives. 同一系统也被用来赎回或交换俘虏。  3.[hold sb for ransom] If a kidnapper is holding a person for ransom, they keep that person prisoner or detained until they are given what they want, especially a large sum of money 劫持某人以勒取赎金 e.g.He is indicted for kidnapping a businessman last year and holding him for ransom. 并挟持他以勒索赎金 |
| 主持人; 司仪 | master of ceremonies (MC) MC (音乐); 司仪; 大会司仪; 节目主持人 N-COUNT At events such as formal dinners, award ceremonies, and variety shows, the master of ceremonies is the person who introduces the speakers or performers, and who announces what is going to happen next. //celestial /sɪˈlɛstɪəl/ or [sə'lɛstʃəl] [天体 celestial bodies; celestial mechanics 天体力学; Celestial stem 天干; Celestial Master 张天师 ; 天师道 V.S. terrestrial |
| 注意力,持久度 | concentration span is length of time you can focus on a topic e.g. She is such a scatterbrain 思想不集中的人, 爱走神的人 and she cannot focus on one topic for more than 10 mins...with such a short concentration span. // a scatterbrain is a person, who is apt易于 to get distracted, cannot focus on the current topic for long time, with very short concentration span. 思想不集中的人, 爱走神的人, 糊里糊涂的人 [ 真是个糊涂虫,真是一个糊里糊涂的人 what a such scatterbrain ! ] |
| **陈词滥调(的陈述，演讲，发表） ；陈腐思想陈腐思想**(表不满), 老生常谈，平凡单调(尤指陈腐无味) | platitudes = cliches /ˈplætɪˌtjuːd/, platitudinous [,plætə'tjʊdnəs] **V.S. heartfelt gratitude 由衷的感谢 V.S. gratuities/tips /ɡrəˈtjuːɪtɪ/ V.S. gratify sb=satifsy, gratification=satisfaction**  [ a platitude = a cliche; some platitudes = some cliches ] A platitude is a statement that is considered meaningless, tedious, and boring because it has been made many times before in similar situations. 陈词滥调(表不满), 老生常谈，平凡单调(尤指陈腐无味)；platitudinous = dull and tiresome but with pretensions of significance or originality e.g. Why couldn't he say something interesting and vital instead of just pouring out the same old platitudes? 他为什么不能说点重要的、有新意的东西，而不只是喋喋不休地讲些陈词滥调呢？ e.g. 表达慰问时，尽量避免使用陈词滥调 Try to avoid platitudes, or cliches, when expressing sympathy or condolences. E.g. The U.S. president just gave the speech full of clichés and platitudes during his inauguration ceremony “陈词滥调”. // if you are gratified by something, it gives you pleasure or satisfaction. 使sb高兴; 使sb满意 //platitude = cliche n 陈词滥调(的陈述，演讲，发表） ；陈腐思想 // show my gratitude (thank you) |
| cliche ['kli:**ʃ**ei], a cliché, some clichés N) or Adj) a cliché is a platitude, a statement that is considered meaningless, boring, tedious, out of date because it has been made many times before in a similar situation. [ Very Cliche 很老套; cliche stereotype 陈腔滥调] E.g. We’ve all heard this cliché/platitude before, “actions speak louder than words”; but it has real truth in business. 我们都听过这句“陈词滥调”——行动胜于言语. E.g. The U.S. president just gave the speech full of clichés and platitudes during his inauguration ceremony “陈词滥调”. e.g. When you hear sb's loss, and when you express sympathy or deep condolences to somebody, try to avoid cliches['kli:ʃei] or platitudes“陈词滥调”. |
| 使sb.满意 | gratify sb. ['grætə'fai] = satisfy sb； [,ɡrætifi'keiʃən] gratification= satisfaction; sb. be graifitied by sth = sb be sastified by sth = sb. feels satisfied. if you are gratified by something, it gives you pleasure or satisfaction. 使sb高兴; 使sb满意 e.g. Mr. Dambar was gratified by his response. 他的答复使丹巴尔先生感到满意/高兴 e.g. I find my work gratified = i'm gratified by my current work. e.g I'm sorry that our service is not satistfactory = unsatisfactory. // Something that is satisfactory is acceptable to you or fulfils a particular need or purpose. 令人满意的; 合适的 //姑息sb (表不满) appease sb. //platitude = cliche n 陈词滥调(的陈述，演讲，发表） ；陈腐思想 // show my gratitude (thank you) |
| 1. 额外费用,附加费； 2. 奖金bonu 3. 保险费 4. (商)溢价 adj. 高价的；高端的优质的 | premium /ˈpriːmɪəm/ n. 额外费用；奖金bonus；保险费;(商)溢价 adj. 高价的；优质的 premium V.S. premise V.S premier [ gross premium 毛保险费 ; 总保费; initial premium 初期保险费; 开始的一段时间保费; insurance premiums保险费 ] 1. N A premium is a sum of money that you pay regularly to an insurance company for an insurance policy. 保险费 [ insurance premiums 保险费; risk premium 风险溢价；风险酬金；风险报酬 ] It is too early to say whether insurance premiums保险费 will be affected. 保险费会不会受到影响现在判定还为时过早。  2.N A premium is a sum of money that you have to pay for something in addition to the normal cost. 附加费 e.g. Even if customers want "solutions," most are not willing to pay a premium for them. 不愿意为此支付附加费。  3. ADJ Premium products are of a higher than usual quality and are often expensive. 高端的优质的(high-end; upscale ) [Home Premium 家庭高级版/优质版／晋级版] e.g. At the premium end 高端区 of the market, business is booming/floushing/thriving. 在市场的高端销售区，生意火暴/繁荣。  4. [ at a premium] If something is at a premium, it is wanted or needed, but is difficult to get or achieve. （需要，但是）很难得到 (因为很贵，很 rare, sparse) “at a premium”  e.g. With space at a premium in HK.  e.g. If space is at a premium, choose adaptable furniture that won't fill the room. 如果空间很求之难得，就选购不太占地方的可改装家具。  e.g. The MQ input is at a premium currently.  e.g. The houses with good quality and env, especially accompanying a good school, are quiet at a premium because it's not only rare, but also too expensive. 学区房很难的到  5. PHRASE If you buy or sell something at a premium, you buy or sell it at a higher price than usual, for example, because it is in short supply. (因为短缺）以高价 (买、卖) e.g He eventually sold the shares back to the bank at a premium.他最终以高价将股票返售给了银行。 e.g. Even though living in a metropolitan大城市, such as the 1st tier city in CHINA, SH, is very convenient, such as transportation network and multiculural environment, everything comes at a premium (too expensive) |
| 电影/话剧的首映式；戏剧的首演 | premiere / ˈprɛmɪə/  1.N The premiere of a new play or movie is the first public performance of it. 首次公演 e.g. Four astronauts visited for last week's premiere of the movie Space Station. 上个星期举行的电影《空间站》的首映式。 2. V-T/V-I When a movie or show premieres or is premiered, it is shown to an audience for the first time. 首次上映; 首映 e.g. The documentary premiered at the Jerusalem Film Festival. 那部记录片在耶路撒冷电影节上首映.　电影/话剧的首映式；戏剧的首演　[ the movie premier电影的首映式]　eg We premiered the opera of the young composer and it was a critical success　进行了戏剧的首演　eg; I got six tickets for the movie premier 我有六张电影首映的门票 => V.S. sb's debut 首秀，出道，处女作 = sb's public performance for the 1st time |
| the person who holds the position of head of the government in England; **premier=prime minister 首**相 |
| 楼宇, 特指 营业场所 | premises['premɪs], e.g. bars, cafe houses, restaurants, hotels, KTVs. The premises of a business or an institution are all the buildings and land that it occupies in one place. 经营场所; 办公场所 e.g. The Zika virus is **on a rampage**横冲直撞/乱闹 in Singapore. Tuesday the MOH reported 26 new cases that showed how the Zika virus had spread to nearby **premises**营业场所, raising concerns that the virus could travel even further/farther afield. Singapore is known to suffer widely from dengue virus, a mosquito-**borne**承载传播的 tropical disease that triggers high fevers, headaches, vomiting and **skin rashes**皮疹 in those infected. Zika is very closely related to dengue. It has all the **genetic trait**s/characteristics基因特征 that would allow it to spread where dengue thrives 繁荣，兴旺. In Singapore, many people live in **densely populated apartment blocks** so it's easy for high numbers of people to get infected even if /whereas/though there are only a few mosquitoes flying around. As of August 29, Singapore's MOH had screened roughly 5,000 **premises**营业场所 (including cafeteria, KTVs, restaurants) to check for mosquito breeding grounds. So far, the agency has detected and destroyed 39 **breeding habitats**繁殖栖息地.  // a densely populated area = a populous ['pɒpjʊləs] area //school rampage; // air-borne virus 空气承载传播的病毒; mosquito-borne virus 蚊子承载传播的病毒； skin rashes 皮疹, chicken box水痘, small box 天花, flecks 雀斑； pimples = burst-out痘痘; pockmarks 脸上的麻子；凹坑； mole: 痣；胎块；内鬼间谍 //thrive v); prosperity (n), prosperous (a); flourish n/v |
| **预置的（软件/硬件环境）** | [on-prem] It dispenses those environments into an **on-premise** cloud, and once they are out and running, the appliance is not a part of the critical path for that application. 跟读 它将这些环境分配到一个**预置**云中，并且一旦环境启动并运行，那么该设备将不再成为应用程序的关键部分 |
| 耗尽用尽(fuel, energy)；使衰竭，使空虚 | deplete /dɪˈpliːt/ => 消耗损耗(燃料，能量）；放血 => depletion N(燃料，能量） 耗尽 => adj 衰耗尽的 衰竭的, 精疲力竭的 depleted [ a depletio[n of] fuel (燃油耗尽损耗) ; a depletio[n o]f energy 能量耗尽损耗; deplete fuel 耗尽燃油, deplete sb's energy 耗尽能量，精疲力竭 = I'm totally depleted = I'm totally burned out/overwhelmingly exhausted] 1. To deplete a stock or amount of something means to reduce it or even run out of it. 消耗, 耗尽用尽 (fuel, energy) e.g. ...substances that deplete the ozone['əuzəun] layer.…消耗臭氧层的物质。 2. 耗尽的 衰竭 耗尽的 depleted; depleted army…李的精疲力竭的军队 e.g. They also add further evidence supporting investigators' suspicions that the jet had depleted its fuel during its charter flight from Santa to Medel. Investigators were considering a depletio[n o]f fuel (燃油耗尽） as a significant contributing factor to Monday's crash. Photos showed debris strewn sporadically across a hillside with no apparent charring(n烧焦) among the wreckage. // charter flight 包机 V.S. scheduled flight; the budget flight, the budget airline 廉价航空 // Ozone troposphérique 对流层臭氧; ozone depletion = depletion of ozone 臭氧层空洞 ; 臭氧损耗; an ozone layer 臭氧层 //strew, strew, strewn: scatter, To strew things somewhere, or to strew a place with things, means to scatter or disperse them there in a careless way // char: n. 炭 vi. 烧焦; 做家务小时工/钟点工 charwoman |
| 被 xxx 搞得精疲力竭 | frazzle: ['fræz ə l]  N) 被 xxx 搞得精疲力竭If you [ wear yourself to a frazzle], or if **[ you are worn[wɔːn] to a frazzle with sth**], you feel mentally and physically exhausted or depleted(耗尽) because you have been working too hard without good relaxation or because you have been constantly worrying about something. You are sort of burnt out or depleted(被/燃尽/耗尽了能量)精疲力竭的  adj ['fræz ə ld] feel frazzled: feeling tired and anxious, for example after a journey or because you are very hectic/super busy.  e.g. The meeting left me feeling completely frazzled. 这会开得我精疲力竭、烦躁不安。 E.g. By the time you get to work, you’re already feeling frazzled – and then your boss dumps an “urgent” project on your desk.   e.g. She's worn[wɔːn] to a frazzle with her silly speech competition. 她 被<自己愚蠢的演讲比赛>搞得精疲力竭。 E.g. Frankly, I’m getting fe[d u]p with/sick of/tired of/weary of the DP project. I’m worn to a frazzle with unlimited daunting killer tasks. 被<DP没完没了的killer tasks>搞得精疲力竭.  1. be burnt to a frazzle: literal mening: to be completely burnt被烧个精光; figurative meaning: I’m totally burnt out/exhausted/depleted/frazzled. 2. Sb. be worn to a frazzle with sb被<DP没完没了的killer tasks>搞得精疲力竭 |
| 疲倦的；厌烦的/令人厌烦的 | weary: ['wɪərɪ] (wearier,weariest) => N. weariness = tiredness = fatigue = exhaustion 1. If you are weary, you are very tired with fatigue, feel exhausted 疲惫的 e.g Rachel looked pale and weary/tired/exhausted 看起来苍白而疲惫。 =>(燃烧带尽）筋疲力尽: I'm totally burned out = I'm overwhelmingly exhausted = I'm totally depleted (能量耗尽损耗) 2. If you [are weary of something] = be tired of = be sick of = get fed up with stht and have lost your enthusiasm or patience for it. 对…感到厌倦; E.g. Frankly, I’m **getting fe[d u]p with/sick of/tired of/weary of** the DP project. I**’m worn to a frazzle with** unlimited daunting killer tasks. 被 <DP没完没了的killer tasks> 搞得精疲力竭. e.g. They're getting awfully weary/tired of this silly war. 他们对这场愚蠢的战争感到极其厌倦 e.g. She **slumped into a chair** because she's totally weary/burned out/depleted. 她(筋疲力尽的)瘫倒在一张椅子上 //If you slump somewhere, you fall or sit down there heavily, for example, because you are very tired/weary/exhausted or you feel ill. 瘫倒; (因劳累或生病等) 跌坐 |
| N) 1.非常容易受（不好东西的）影响(或损害); 2. 很容易受 (伤) 的; 易患 (病) 的 3. 一个人感情的痛处/敏感性/敏感带 | susceptible; susceptibility /səˌsɛptəˈbɪlɪtɪ/  1. If you [ are susceptible to sth or have a susceptibility to something] unpleasant, you are VERY likely to be affected by it. 易受（不好东西的）影响(或损害)  2. If you [ are sus'ceptible to a disease/injury or have a susceptibility to a disease/injury], you are very likely to get that disease or be hurt很容易受 (伤) 的; 易患 (病) 的 [ 很容易受伤 be susceptible to injury =have a susceptibility to injury; 很容易生病 be susceptible to a disease==have a susceptibility to a disease; 很容易受感染的 be susceptible to infections = have a susceptibility to infections]  e.g...his increased susceptibility to infections. ...他越来越容易受感染的体质。  2. A person's susceptibilities are feelings which can be easily hurt. 一个人感情的痛处/敏感性/敏感带 [刺激到一些人感情的痛处stimulate sb`s susceptibilities; 戳到一些人感情的痛处: outrage sb`s susceptibilities ]   e.g. I am well aware that by saying this, I shall outrage someone's a few susceptibilities. 这样说会 戳到一些人感情的痛处/感情的敏感性/敏感带 |
| 易受(不好东西的)影响的; 容易受伤的; 很容易生病的; 很容易受感染的 | susceptible /səˈsɛptəbəl/ => susceptibility V.S. [ I'm somewhat/a little skeptical about sth = I have some doubts about sth ]  1. If you are sus'ceptible to sth or have a susceptibility to sth unpleasant, you are very likely to be influenced or affected by them. 很容易受((不好东西的))影响 e.g.年轻人 最容易受(广告)影响 Young people are the most sus’ceptible to advertisements. e.g. 他 非常容易受(奉承话)的影响 He was extremely susceptible to flatter/compliments/butter-up奉承话. //奉承sb,拍马屁: flatter/compliment/butter sb. up/kiss sb`s ass e.g.我的情绪 很容易受天气的影响 My mood is always susceptible to the weather, which means how good or bad the weather is can affect me so much.  2 If you [ are sus'ceptible to a disease/injury or have a susceptibility to a disease/injury], you are very likely to get that disease or be hurt很容易受 (伤) 的; 易患 (病) 的 [ 很容易受伤 be susceptible to injury =have a susceptibility to injury; 很容易生病 be susceptible to a disease=have a susceptibility to a disease; 很容易受感染的 be susceptible to infections = have a susceptibility to infections]  e.g. When I was a child, I was so susceptible to a disease, esp. getting a cold and fever.  e.g. Walking with weights(负重行走) makes the shoulders very susceptible to injury (使(肩膀)很容易受伤), or even dislocated脱臼. When your shoulders are dislocated脱臼, you have to seek for the doctor who treats you by using manipulation推拿术治疗 |
| 易受影响的(年青人，观众，女性） | impressionable /ɪmˈprɛʃənəbəl/ V.S. impress sb; impressive; impression;  Someone who is impressionable, usually a young person, is not very critical and is therefore easy to influence or affect 易受影响的(年青人，观众，女性） [ 易受影响的年青女性 impressionable young girls; 易受影响的观众impressionable audiences ]  e.g. We will have a situation where senior, richer women are preying on very young and impressionable girls /ɪmˈprɛʃənəbəl/ who may not fully appreciate the risks involved. 易受影响的女孩  e.g. This movie law is intended to protect young and impressionable viewers/ɪmˈprɛʃənəbəl/. 该法律旨在保护 年轻和 易受影响的观众 |
|  |  |
| 假设的 | hypothetical /ˌhaɪpəˈθɛtɪkəl/ => hypothetically = assume, under assumption => n. hypothesis [haɪ'pɒθɪsɪs] V.S. 歇斯底里的（兴奋，伤心.) hysterical, hysterically 1. ADJ If something is hypothetical, it is based on possible ideas or situations with assumption rather than actual ones. 假设的 e.g. Let's look at a hypothetical situation in which xxx. 我们来假设一下这样一个情景 xxx。 2. ADV 以假设方式 hypothetically e.g to discuss the possibilities hypothetically. 以假设方式讨论各种可能性 [ 假设推理 hypothetico-deductive /ˌhaɪpəˈθɛtɪkəʊdɪˈdʌktɪv/ => 假设推理/推断方法 a hypothetico-deductive method; hypothetico-deductive algorithm 假设推理算法] ADJ pertaining to or governed by the supposed method of scientific progress whereby(by which) a general hypothesis [haɪ'pɒθɪsɪs] is tested by deducing predictions that may be experimentally tested. When such a prediction is falsified the theory is rejected and a new hypothesis is required. e.g. This is called the hypothetico-deductive 推论推断 method. 这一方法被称为假设——演绎方法 //whereby = by which 凭借此东西，借此xxx |
| 歇斯底里的（兴奋，伤心..); 突然狂笑; 疯狂失控的(笑) ; 非常滑稽的,诙谐风趣 | hysterical, hysterically, hysteria[hɪ'stɪərɪə] in hysterical manner; cry hysterically  1. Someone who is hysterical is in a state of uncontrolled excitement, anger, or panic... it's too over 歇斯底里的（兴奋，伤心..) e.g.Police and bodyguards had to form a human shield人墙 around him as the almost hysterical crowds struggled to approach him. 当近乎歇斯底里的人群奋力接近他时。e.g. She's crying hysterically. 2. Hysterical laughter is loud and uncontrolled. 突然狂笑; 歇斯底里的/疯狂失控的(笑) [ burst into hysterical laughter = laugh hysterically ]; e.g. The young woman burst into hysterical laughter. 那个少妇突然狂笑起来。She says she hasn't laughed as hysterically since she was 13. 她说自己从13岁起就没有像这样狂笑过。 3. If you describe something or someone as hysterical, you think that they are very funny and amusing and they make you laugh a lot. 非常滑稽的,诙谐风趣 [ 一个诙谐风趣的人 a hysterical and amusing person] e.g Paul was the Master of Ceremonies (MC) 司仪, and he was pretty hysterical and amusing. 担任司仪，他相当诙谐风趣. e.g. It wasn't supposed to be a comedy but I found it hysterically funny. 它本不是个喜剧，可我觉得它非常滑稽。 //master of ceremonies (MC) MC (音乐); 司仪; 大会司仪; 节目主持人 |
| assume | **take sth as granted**, presume, suppose, **hypothetically假设地假想地** 想当然；以为：we assumed that housing prices **would** rise. //use the **subjunctive mood. 虚拟语气** |
| **assume the role/position as xxx**= to take the duties of (an office):担任…的职务（官职) Kobi will **assume the role o**f XL release manager, and Vicky will **assume the XL C/C++ release manager role.** |
| 废弃不用的 | disused /dɪsˈjuːzd/ A disused place or building is empty and is no longer used. 废弃的 e.g. ...a disused air field near the village of Ive. 一个废弃的机场 e.g A medieval castle is rising in a disused quarry开采场 in north Berlin e.g. Lourve Palace was constructed in th 12th century, before when, it was a disused fortress. //A fortress is a castle or other large strong building, or a well-protected place, which is intended to be difficult for enemies to enter. (防御敌人的） 城堡; 堡垒; 要塞 |
| 采石场; 矿场； V. 在…处开采(石头，矿石） | quarry /ˈkwɒrɪ/  1. N A quarry is an area that is dug out from a piece of land or the side of a mountain in order to get stone or minerals['mɪin(ə)r(ə)l]. 采石场; 矿场 [ a limestone quarry 一处石灰岩 开采场 ] 2.V-T When stone or minerals are quarried or when an area is quarried for them, the stone or minerals are removed from the area by digging, drilling, or using explosives. 开采; 在…处开采(石头，矿石; 水泥） e.g. The large limestone caves are also quarried for cement. 这些大石灰岩洞也用来开采水泥原料。e.g A medieval castle is rising in a disused废弃不用的 quarry in north Berlin 3. a quarry is an animal, bird, or fish that is hunted by other animals; prey(捕食；掠夺) (被其他动物捕食的)动物、鸟或鱼 4. a quarry a square or diamond shape 正方形; 菱形 |
| 庸医; 江湖医生; (鸭子)发出嘎嘎声 | quack /kwæk/  1. When a duck quacks, it makes the noise that ducks typically make, esp a high-pitched voice (鸭子)发出嘎嘎声 e.g. There were ducks quacking on the lawn. 有鸭子在草坪上发出嘎嘎的叫着。n) 嘎嘎声 [ 鸭子)嘎的一声 a duck quack ] e.g. Suddenly he heard a duck quack. 他听到(鸭子)嘎的一声. 3. If you call someone a quack or a quack doctor, you mean that they claim to be skilled in "general medicine" but are not. 庸医; 江湖医生(表不满) e.g. I went everywhere for treatment, tried all sorts of quacks. 尝试了所有江湖医生的疗法。I'm not a quack. I'm a certified resident住院医师 in this hospital. 4. Quack remedies or quack cures are medical treatments that you think are unlikely to work because they are not scientific. 江湖疗法的 |
| 好的方面 V.S. 不利的一面,不足之处 | upside /ˈʌpˌsaɪd/ The upside of an unpleasant situation is the aspect of it that is more pleasant or positive. 好的方面 e.g. Residents said the only upside would be a boost to the island's economy. 说惟一好的方面会是对该岛经济的促进  downside: The downside of a situation is the aspect of it which is less positive, pleasant, or useful than its other aspects. 不利的一面,不足之处 e.g. The downside of this approach is a lack of clear leadership. 这种方式的不足之处是缺乏明确的指挥 e.g. Living here is very convenient. However, the downside 不足之处 is that the cost of living is too high. You can buy anything you need in SH, but everything comes at a premium. //at a premium: of high value (usually because of scarcity) or above par value |
| ration V.S. rational V.S. ratinale | ration:  1. N-COUNT When there is not enough of something, your ration of it is the limited amount that you are allowed to have. (物资紧缺时的) 配给量 e.g. The meat ration was down to one pound per person per week. 肉类的配给量降到了每人每周一磅。 2.V-T When something (e.g. food, fruit, eggs) is rationed by a person or government, you are only allowed to have a limited amount of it, usually because there is not enough of it, shortage of sth. (常指因紧缺) 定量配给 e.g. Staples such as bread, rice, and tea are already being rationed after the earthquake and ensuing tsunami 面包、米、茶等主要食品已经是定量配给。 e.g The City Council of Moscow has decided that it will begin rationing bread, butter, and meat. 莫斯科市议会已经决定开始定量配给面包、黄油和肉。 3. N-plural Rations are the food (of limited amount) that is given to people who do not have enough food, especially with desperate need, or to soldiers, rations = provisionals (给食物不足者的) 配给品; (给士兵的) 给养 e.g. Aid officials said that the first emergency food rations/provisions of wheat and oil were handed out here last month. 援助官员们说第一批面粉和食用油等紧急救援食品/ 配给品 配给已于上月在此发放。 4. N-COUNT Your ration of something is the amount of it that you normally have. 应得份额; e.g. ..after consuming his ration of junk food and two cigarettes. …吃完他那份垃圾食品、抽完两支烟后。   rationale = fundamental reasons 根本原因 [,ræʃə'nɑ:li, -'næ-] (law) an explanation of the fundamental reasons (especially an explanation of the working of some device in terms of laws of nature) e.g. However, the rationale (an explanation of the fundamental reasons) for such initiatives is not, of course, solely economic. 这些积极行动的 根本原因 当然不全是出于经济目的 e.g. Harvey brings 'life-threatening' flooding. The US Army Corps of Engineers began releasing water west Houston early Monday, said Jeff Linder, Harris County flood control district meteorologist. "The rationale((an explanation of the fundamental reasons) is it is better to start with controlled releases using the outlet structures than to allow uncontrolled release to go over the edge of the dam. So we have more capability to control the downstream effects," e.g. The following sections elaborate on详细阐述 each of the above coexistence situations, and the rationale( fundamental reasons 根本原因 ) for the actions you should take. |
|  | rational => rationalist 理性主义 = sensible = sane => a level-headed person:头脑冷静的,头脑清醒的 A rational person is someone who is sensible and sane 理智的 and is able to make decisions based on intelligent thinking or reasons rather than on emotion. 理智的 [ 理性的明智的(行为，决定）[ rational/sane/sensible actions = sensible action; rational/sane/sensible decisions] => ADV 理性地 rationally sensibly e.g. It can be very hard to think rationally when you're feeling so vulnerable and alone. 很难理性地思考问题。 e.g. He's asking you to look at both sides of the case (upside and downside) and come to a rational decision.理性的决定。 e.g. Did he come across as a sane, rational person? 他看上去是不是一个头脑清醒而理智的人？ //upside: 优势; downside: 缺点劣势 |
| 理性的明智的(行为，决定） | sensible /ˈsɛnsɪbəl/ sensibly V.S. sensitive 1.ADJ Sensible actions or decisions are good because they are based on reasons rather than emotions, sensible = rational 理性的明智的(行为，决定）sensible actions = rational actions; sensible decisions = rational decision => rationalist 理智主义者 e.g. He sensibly decided to lie low for a while. 他明智地决定先躲避一段时间。 She was a sensible girl and did not panic. 她是个理智的女孩子，并没有惊慌失措。 e.g .Oh come on, let's be sensible about this. 哦，得了吧，关于这事我们还是理智一点吧。  2.ADJ Sensible shoes or sensible clothes are practical and strong rather than fashionable and attractive. 实用耐穿的 e.g. Wear loose clothing and sensible sneakers. 穿宽松的衣服和实用耐穿的鞋子. e.g. They were not dressed sensibly.他们穿得不实用。 |
| 1. 心智健全的; 神志正常的 2理智的; 合乎情理的 | sane: 1. 心智健全的; 神志正常的 Someone who is sane is able to think and behave normally and reasonably, and is not mentally ill. e.g. Don't worry, your child seemed perfectly sane. 他看来心智非常健全。 2. If you refer to a sane person/action/system, you mean one that you think is reasonable and sensible. 理智的; 合乎情理的 [理智的人 a sane/rational/sensible person; 理智的行为 a sane/rational/sensible action; a sane/rational/sensible decision ] e.g. No sane person wishes to see conflict or casualties. 理智的人都不希望看到冲突或伤亡 |
| 1. 精神病的; 精神失常的 2. 疯狂的; 愚蠢的 | insane /ɪnˈseɪn/  1. ADJ Someone who is insane is severely mentally ill. 精神病的; 精神失常的 e.g. Some people simply can't take the brutality of the truth and they just go insane. 一些人就是接受不了，于是便变得精神错乱。 e.g. I would be insanely jealous if Bill left me for another woman. 如果比尔为了另一个女人而离开我，我会妒忌得发疯的 2.ADJ If you describe a decision or action as insane, you think it is very foolish, stupid, or excessive. 疯狂的; 愚蠢的(表不满) e..g He asked me what I thought and I said, "Listen, this is completely insane." “听着，这十分愚蠢。” |
| 头脑冷静的; 头脑清醒的 | level-headed If you describe a person as level-headed, you mean that they are calm, rational/sensible/sane even in difficult situations or trapped in predicament/adversity /ədˈvɜːsɪtɪ/困境; 逆境 e.g. 西蒙头脑冷静，讲求实际 Simon is level-headed and practical. e.g. His level-headed approach suggests he will do what is necessary. 他的冷静态度表明他会采取必要的行动 //困境; 逆境 in a predicament/adversity; in a pickle; in a tight spot |
| 1. 不寻常的, 异乎寻常的; 2.(专属于某个群体，组织，情况）特有的; 独特的 | peculiar /pɪˈkjuːlɪə/ V.S. particular 1. If you describe someone or something as peculiar, you think that they are strange, weird, odd, or unusual, sometimes in an unpleasant way. 不寻常的, 异乎寻常的 ; 古怪的（让人不舒服的） Mr. Kennet has a rather peculiar sense of humour. 一种相当不寻常的幽默感。e.g. She gave me a peculiar smile. 2. 不寻常地; 奇怪地 peculiarly e.g. His face had become peculiarly expressionless. 他的脸变得异乎寻常地毫无表情。 3. If something is peculiar to a particular group, person, or situation, it belongs or relates ONLY to that group person, or situation. (专属于某个群体，组织，情况）特有的; 独特的 e.g Punks, soldiers, hippies, and Sumo wrestlers['suːməʊ] 相扑手 all have distinct hair styles, peculiar to their group. 都留着他们只属于那个群体特有的独特发型。 e.g DP associates/colleagues are all workaholics and excel at/be good at digging into the bottom for everything. These characters are peculiar to DP project. |
| n. 一个反常现象, 一个反常的事物; 怪人/畸形 | normal => abnormal => an anomaly [ə'nɔməli] n. 异常不规则；一个反常现象, 一个反常的事物; 怪人/畸形 1. deviation from the normal or common order or form or rule = anomaly 异常, 异常情况 e.g. The space shuttle had stopped transmitting data, a very serious anomaly [ə'nɔməli] for the mission. 一个十分严重的反常现象。 2. a person who is unusual or peculiar, an unusual person 反常的一个人， 怪人 an anomaly = a weirdo //If you describe someone or something as peculiar, you think that they are strange, weird, or unusual, sometimes in an unpleasant way. 不寻常的; 古怪的（让人不舒服的） 3. (astronomy) position of a planet as defined by its angular distance from its perihelion (as observed from the sun) 天文学的异常 4. One that is peculiar /pɪˈkjuːlɪə/, irregular, abnormal, or difficult to classify 畸形 |
| 1. 异常的(叫人有点害怕） 2. 不自然的(做作地); 不正常的; 不真实的(行为） | unnatural /ʌnˈnætʃərəl/  1.If you describe something as unnatural, you mean that it is abnormal, weird, odd, peculiar, or strange and often frightening, because it is different from what you normally expect, deviating from the normal way 异常的(叫人有点害怕） e.g. The aircraft rose with unnatural speed on takeoff, which is an anomaly. 飞机以异常之速起飞升空, 一个反常现象。 e.g. The house was unnaturally/abnormally silent. 房子异常地寂静。  2. Behaviour that is unnatural seems artificial, pretentious, and not normal or genuine. 不自然的, 装的做作地, 不真实的(行为 unnatural = artificial and pretentious [　不自然的微笑: an unnatural smile; 不自然的/装的做作地,姿势 an unnatural posture ] e.g. She gave him a bright, determined smile which seemed unnatural. 她给了他一个快乐、坚定、看似不自然的微笑。 e.g. Try to avoid shouting or speaking unnaturally. 尽量避免做作地喊叫或讲话。 //pretentious: you pretend to make yourself seem important or significant; but actually others don't think so 假装自己看起来很重要(但实际上不重要）；不自然的, 装的做作地, |
| 杀无赦 | e.g. The army **is now empowered to** operate on a shoot-to-kill basis. 军队现在**被授权**依据“杀无赦”原则行动 **// sb. be empowered to do = has authority and right to do sth 某人被授权做 xxx** |
| 无根据的；　无理由的，无端的；　无保证的 | unwarranted /ʌnˈwɒrəntɪd/ 　ADJ If you describe something as unwarranted, you are critical of it because there is no need, no reasonable justification, or reason for it. 无根据的；无理由的，无端的；无保证的 **[无端的干涉: unwarranted interference; 无根据的指控；无端的指控：the unwarranted accusations ]**  e.g. The intelligence community released an unclassified version of its assessment in January, saying Putin ordered the election **meddling** 多管闲事 to hurt Hillary Clinton's candidacy and bolster Trump's successful bid. Putin denies **the unwarranted accusations.** e.g Any attempt to discuss the issue of human rights was rejected as an unwarranted interference in the country's internal affairs. 任何希望讨论人权问题的要求都被视为对该国内政的无端干涉而被拒绝了。 e.g China has reacted angrily to a British report voicing concerns over Beijing influence on Hong Kong's legal affairs, demanding that London stop meddling in China's internal issues. Chinese Foreign Ministry spokesman/mouthpiece said. "We by no means决不 accept the unwarranted [ʌn'wɒr(ə)ntɪd] accusations无端的指控 against China." In the report, British foreign secretary says there are "specific concerns about the integrity of Hong Kong's law enforcement执法机构."  //多管闲事　meddle in sth = be nosy in sth; Stop meddling in =keep your nose away from me. |
| 阻碍；妨碍；阻止 | \* hamper sb/sth: to prevent the free movement, action, or progress of “限制…的自由活动或自由行动; Key infrastructure, such as bridges and roads, has been destroyed, hampering the army's relief efforts. Eg a swim \* barricade: 路障；阻碍 a barrier set up by police to stop traffic on a street or road in order to catch a fugitive or inspect traffic etc. synonym: roadblock; 2. a barrier (usually thrown up hastily so as to impede the advance of an enemy) e.g. they stormed the barricade \* roadblock n); \* hurdle: n. 障碍；栏；跳栏 ( hurdler 跳栏运动员) V. If you hurdle, you jump over something while you are running. (奔跑中) 跨越 \* hinder: v) vi. 成为阻碍 vt. 阻碍 impede；打扰 hinder sb. from doing \* obstruct sb. from doing v) ; obstacle n) 1. hinder, impede, or prevent the progress or accomplishment of 2. block passage through; e.g. obstruct the path = roadblock |
| impede /ɪmˈpiːd/ f you impede someone or something, you make their movement, development, or progress difficult. 阻碍 e.g. Debris and fallen rock are impeding the progress of the rescue workers. 瓦砾和落下的岩石正阻碍着救援人员的进程 [ 口吃 (stutter, stammer) 语言障碍: speech impediment = language barrier] |
| barrier /ˈbærɪə/ [ trade barrier 贸易壁垒; language barrier 语言障碍 V.S. speech impediment ; barrier reef 堡礁；堤礁] 1 N-COUNT A barrier is something such as a rule, law, or policy that makes it difficult or impossible for something to happen or be achieved. 障碍 e.g. Duties and taxes are the most obvious barrier/obstacle to free trade. 关税及其他各种税是自由贸易最明显的障碍。 2.N-COUNT A barrier is a problem that prevents two people or groups from agreeing, communicating, or working with each other. 障碍; 隔阂 e.g. There is no reason why love shouldn't cross the age barrier. 爱情没有理由不应跨越年龄障碍。 She had been waiting for Simon to break down the barrier between them. 她一直在等着西蒙来破除他们之间的隔阂。 3. N-COUNT A barrier is something such as a fence or wall that is put in place to prevent people from moving easily from one area to another. 栅栏; 围墙 The demonstrators broke through heavy police barriers. 示威者们冲破了警方的重重关卡。 4. N-COUNT A barrier is an object or layer that physically prevents something from moving from one place to another. 屏障 e.g. A severe storm demolished a natural barrier between the house and the lake. 摧毁了房屋和湖泊之间的天然屏障。 5. You can refer to a particular number or amount as a barrier when you think it is significant, because it is difficult or unusual to go above it. (数量) 大关 [ break the barrier of a specific number ] e.g. They are fearful that unemployment will soon break the barrier of three million. 他们担心失业人数不久将突破300万大关。 |
| 跳栏, 跨栏 vi.进行跨栏赛; (奔跑中) 跨越 | hurdle, hudler跳栏比赛选手； [ clear the hurdle/obstacle/barrier 障碍物 ] hurdle: is a track and field 田径 game in Olympics, a light movable barrier/obstacle that competitors must leap over (jump forwards over) in certain racese. e.g LiuXiang is one of the most world-renowned[rɪ'naʊnd] hurdlers 跨栏选手. V) If you hurdle, you jump over something while you are running. (奔跑中) 跨越 //renown, renowned: A person of renown is well known, usually because they do or have done something good. 名望; 声誉 //田径: track and field; the track and field team 田径队; the track and field athlete 田径运动员 ; the (running) track跑道, track shoes跑鞋, the spiked track shoes 带铆钉的跑鞋; the track suit |
| 分泌 | secrete, secretion, secretor　v) secrete n) secretion: To generate and separate (a substance) from cells or bodily fluids (such as blood): 分泌： ［分泌消化液 secrete digestive juices; 分泌荷尔蒙/激素 secrete hormones; 乳腺分泌奶汁: the mammary glands can secrete the milk］ eg During my special period, normally the hormone secretion is abnormal. eg During the female's pregnancy, the females usually secrete the hormone abnormally. |
| n) secretion 1) Secretion is the process of secreting a substance, especially one that is not a waste, from the blood, cells, or other bodily fluids: 分泌：从血液或细胞中分泌物质的过程，尤指非废物的排泄 e.g. secretion of hormones; secretion of milk by the mammary glands. 荷尔蒙的分泌；乳腺的奶汁分泌; 2) secretion:分泌物 (被分泌的物质，如唾液、黏液、眼泪、胆汁或一种荷尔蒙) The secretion is a substance, such as saliva, mucus, tears, bile胆汁, or a hormone, that is secreted. // evacuation: discharge of waste materials from the bowels. 排泄 //bile [bail] a digestive juice消化液 secreted by the liver and stored in the gallbladder |
| secretor [si'kri:tə] n). Secretor = gland 分泌器；分泌腺, is any of various organs that synthesize substances needed by the body and release it through ducts or directly into the bloodstream. //synthesize合成: to combine sth together in order to form or generate a more complex product |
| (使)缠绕, 交织在一起 | entwine [ɪn'twaɪn; en-] V.S. wind [waɪnd]] entwine /ɪnˈtwaɪn/ TEM8 (entwining,entwined,entwines) 1. V-RECIP [ be entwined with sth 和xxx交织在一起； 和xxx缠绕在一起] If one thing is entwined with another thing, or if you entwine two things, the two things are twisted around each other. (使)缠绕 e.g His dazed eyes stare at the eels, which still entwine. 缠绕的鳗鱼。e.g. Facing each other, the giraffes [dʒə'rɑ:f]长颈鹿 entwine their necks in the most astonishing manner以令人无比惊骇的姿势将脖子缠绕到了一起。 e.g. ...before media manipulation became entwined with management. ...在媒体操纵交织到管理中之前 e.g.He entwined his fingers with hers. 他和她十指相扣。 ...with silk ribbons and flowers entwined in their hair. ...她们的头发里缠绕着丝带和花朵。  2. V-T/V-I If two things entwine or are entwined, they closely resemble or are linked to each other, and they are difficult to separate or identify. (使)纠缠; (使)紧密结合 e.g. The book entwines the personal and the political to chart the history of four generations of the family. 这本书交织描述了这个家族四代人的个人及政治的历史。 Once, years ago, he told me that our lives should entwine. 多年前他曾跟我说，我们的生命应该交织在一起。(灵魂交织) |
| 往(线轴上)绕线;缠绕; 给 (钟表等) 上发条 | wind [waɪnd]], wound, wound V.S. entwine 1. to wrap (sth,such as wire, cable, thread, cord绳索) around a center (such as spool线轴, axis轴, or cylinderical object) or another object once or repeatedly,normally making it tighter and thicker 绕，卷绕 [往线轴上绕线;缠绕 wind string/thread around a spool] eg If you wanna withdraw the kite back, you must wind thread around the spool gradually. //[spool:线轴 a cylinder圆柱 of wood, plastic, cardboard, or other material on which wire, thread,cord, or string is wound] 2. When you wind something flexible around something else, you wrap it around it several times. e.g. xxx wind the rope around her waist. 把绳子缠在她的腰际。 3. V-T When you wind a mechanical device, for example, a watch or a clock, you turn a knob, key, or handle on it several times in order to make it operate. 给 (钟表等) 上发条; [ wind the clock] I still hadn't wound my watch so I didn't know the time. 我还没给手表上发条  **=> unwind = relax** 4. PHRASAL VERB Wind up means the same as wind. 给 (钟表等) 上发条 e.g. I wound up the watch and listened to it tick. 我给手表上好发条，听着它滴答作响。 |
| . 驾轻就熟地使用（如武器、工具等） | **wield sth [wiːld] manipulate**: To handle (a weapon or tool) with skill and ease. 驾轻就熟地使用（如武器、工具等）**wield the sword 挥舞(剑等); wield the gun熟练的使用枪支; wield the weapon 熟练的使用武器； wields the knife 熟练的使用刀** e.g. The chef **wields the knife** to cut vegetables. |
| To exercise (authority or influence) effectively 有效地行使、运用（如权力或影响) eg wield the power 行使权力; wield the authority; wield the control [influence] on sth 施加控制[影响]; eg The PM can wield his power to fire an employee during the probation time (试用期). As a manager, it's your responsibility to wield the control/influence on project process. 施加控制[影响] |
| falsehood | 谎言：不真实的声明; An untrue statement; a lie. 说谎;The practice of lying. Lack of conformity to truth or fact; inaccuracy. 谬误：缺少真实性和实在性；错误 |
| falsify | falsify sth= to make sth false by changing, altering, adding, forging/fabricating/counterfeiting deliberately/intentionally 故意的 (伪造虚构) 做假：通过增加或改变来作假：  eg伪造证词; falsify/forge/fabricate/countefeit the testimony  eg The witness falsified/forge/fabricate/counterfeit the testimony (伪造证词) during the court hearing, and the defendent is set up/framed 被陷害 and sentenced to prison, actually, he is innocent. |
| falsify sth: to counterfeit/forge/fabricate sth 捏造仿造:  eg falsify/counterfeit/forge the visa/passport 伪造护照；falsify the financial account: 造假帐; falsify/forge/counterfeit certificates 伪造执照; falsify records 窜改记录;  eg falsify the truth, falsify the fact eg falsify/forge/counterfeit my signature 伪造我的签名 [ manipulate/falsify accounts and create fake/bogus account窜改(帐目等); manipulate files = falsify file 窜改文件； manipulate the testimony = falsify the testimony 窜改证词 => perjury: 作伪证]  //fake accounts = bogus['bəuɡəs] accounts |
| falsification | the practice of counterfeiting, forging, or **fabricating 伪造虚构** sth, 弄虚作假, 串改伪造, falsification of accounts 造假帐; eg The CFO committed the business fraud by conducting the **falsification of accounts造假帐**; He had a falsification of the visa 伪造护照 |
| the practice of distorting the truth by making false with adding/altering/fabricating; 歪曲事实 eg falsification of facts 事实的歪曲 (distort the facts); |
| eg You made the **falsification of facts** in the court, didn't you? The witness has **affirmed to** the facts. 证人证明这些确是事实; He is such a big **villain坏人恶根**, he made the **falsification of facts** in the court hearing and distorted the facts. |
| 谎报; 错误的陈述 | misstatement: a misstatement is an incorrect statement, or the giving of false information. 错误的陈述; 谎报  e.g. She is accused of business fraud/scam and sentenced to prision for 5 years. The Fraud/Scam Bureau said it discovered "misstatements谎报 and omissions遗漏" in information that it provided about the consultants in applications for export financing for some of its customers. Finally, during the interrogation, she conceded that she falsified some finacial report.  //concede sth=to acknowledge or admit sth often reluctantly or unwillingly as being true, just, or proper 通常是不情愿地承认 xxx 是真的、公正或合适的; |
| 询问; 对…提出疑问/提出质疑 | inquire = enquire [ɪn'kwaɪə] V.S. query ['kwɪərɪ] V.S. interrogate inquiry = enquiry; 1. An inquiry/enquiry [ɪn'kwaɪə] is a question you ask in order to get some information about a specific thing, 询问 e.g. He made some inquiries about Tracy and discovered Tracy had gone to MIT 他询问了一番，发现她已去了MIT。  2.N-COUNT An inquiry/enquiry [ɪn'kwaɪə] is an official investigation. (官方的) 调查 ...a shocking murder inquiry. …一例令人震惊的谋杀案调查。  3.N-UNCOUNT Inquiry/enquiry [ɪn'kwaɪə] is the process of asking about or investigating something in order to find out more about it. 调查 e.g.The investigation has suddenly switched to a new line of inquiry. 调查突然改用一种新的探询方法 |
| query ['kwɪərɪ] CET6+ TEM4 (querying,queried,queries) 1. N-COUNT A query ['kwɪərɪ] is a question, especially one that you ask an organization, publication, or expert about. 疑问 [ 对xxx有疑问 have any queries ['kwɪərɪ] about sth ] e.g. If you have any queries about this insurance, please contact our call centre. 如果你对此项保险有任何疑问 2.V-T 对sth提出疑问/提出质疑 If you query something, you check it by asking about it because you are not sure if it is correct. e.g. Here's a number that you can call to query your bill. 对账单提出质疑。 3. V-T To query means to ask a question. 询问 e.g"Is there something else?" Ray queried as Helen stopped speaking. 海伦话音刚落，雷便问道：“还有别的什么吗？” |
| （警察，立法机关）审问 interrogate, interrogation: If someone, especially a police officer or law enforcement officials, interrogates someone (such as a suspect), they question them thoroughly for a long time in order to get some information from them, especially for a crime. e.g. I interrogated everyone even slightly involved. 我审问了每个人，即便是稍有关联的人也在其中 To examine by questioning formally or officially.讯问：通过正式或官方的提问来检查; eg The detainee claimed during interrogation that he conceived构思, masterminded 策划, and conducted the bloody conspiracy/plot. //conceive (a baby) = to be pregnant |
| 熔化（状态）的 | molten['məʊlt(ə)n] V.S. melt: molten熔化（状态）的, semi-molten: 半熔化（状态）的 The molten rock熔岩, molten metal熔化的金属, or molten glass熔化的玻璃 has been heated to a very high temperature and has become a very hot, thick liquid. 熔化的 e.g. The molten metal is poured into the mould. 这块熔化了的金属被倒入模子 e.g. A new Spanish project will use molten salts to store heat from the Sun for up to 15 hours, so that the plant could potentially operate through the night. 用熔化的盐来存储来自太阳的能量 e.g. The world’s deepest drill is about to get taller—tall enough to dig into Earth's semi-molten interior. 高到足以钻进处于半溶化状态的地球内部 |
| |  | | --- | | 1. (雷达等仪器上的)小光点 2. [(直线上的)转折点; 跳点 3. (局势)突然而暂时的变化; | | blip /blɪp/  1. [ literal meaning: (雷达等仪器上的)小光点 blips on the radar screen; 电视机上的亮点: blips on the television => Figurative meaning: a blip of sth: 一丁点儿 xxx ] A blip is a small spot of light, sometimes occurring with a short and high-pitched sound (高音频的尖锐声音）, which flashes on and off regularly on a piece of equipment, such as a radar screen, TV screen, or monitor. e.g. Because from the perspective of the universe, any pain, misfortune, or misery is just a blip of discomfort in the grand scheme of things. 一丁点儿不适   2.[(直线上的)转折点; 跳点 a blip in a straight line ] A blip in a straight line, such as the line on a graph or chart, is a point at which the line suddenly makes a sharp change of direction before returning to its original direction.    3. A blip in a situation is a sudden but temporary change or interruption in it. (局势)突然而暂时的变化; 暂时的不正常现象或不重要的现象，esp. 短时间偏离正常 e.g. Interest rates have been generally declining since last spring, despite a few upward blips in recent weeks. 突然出现了几次突然而短暂回升 4. e.g. (slang) blips: a temporary or insignificant phenomenon, especially a brief or short departure/deviation from the normal. eg About the issue of internet outage停网, usually there are some blips(暂时的不正常现象), not continuous 9-hour disconnectivity problems. //停电 power outage; 停水water outage; 停网 Internet outage |
| 高音声音 | blip: a **high-pitched** sound. |
| 乱七八糟 | clutter /ˈklʌtə/  1. N Clutter is a lot of things in a messy, out-of-order state, especially things that are not useful or necessary. 乱七八糟 [弄得整整齐齐 clear of clutter ] e.g. Tracy prefers her countertops厨房台面 to be clear of clutter.把厨房台面弄得整整齐齐。 2. V-T If things or people clutter a place, they fill it in a messy way. 堆满了(什么地方）; (物或人) 拥塞（在一个乱七八糟的状态）; e.g. Empty soft-drink cans lie everywhere, cluttering the desks and are strewn across the floor. 软饮料空罐到处都是，堆满了桌面，还扔了一地。 //strew, strew, strewn: To strew things somewhere means to scatter them there distributively. 散播 3. PHRASAL VERB Clutter up a place means the same as congestion. 拥塞; 堆满了(什么地方） e.g. The vehicles cluttered up the parking lot. 车辆停满了停车场。 |
| 1. 认清了xxx, 清楚的意识到/了解到; 2. 隐约看见 3. 识别/辨别/觉察到不同或差异/是非/好坏 | discern /dɪˈsɜːn/  1. [ 认清这一趋势: discern such a trend; 认清这一残酷的现实 discern such terrible reality] If you can discern something, you are aware of it really and know what it is. 认清了xxx, 清楚的意识到/了解到 e.g. You need a long series of data to be able to discern such a trend. 你需要一大串数据才能认清这一趋势。 2.If you can discern something, you can just see it, but not clearly. 隐约看见 e.g. Below the bridge we could just discern a narrow ditch. 仅可隐约看见一条狭窄沟壑 3. V If you can discern sth, you can recognize and distinguish as being different or distinct 识别/辨别/觉察到不同或差异/是非/好坏 [ discern/distinguish right and wrong 辨别是非; discern fancy and reality 识别想象和现实; discern the road in the dark 在黑暗中认路 ] e.g. It's very hard for human eyes to discern the nuance['njuːɑːns] between the faked and true paintings, we must have a resort/recourse to a sophisticated apparatus, such as microscope, to discern (recogonize and distinguish) the subtle difference. 　//nuance ['njuːɑːns] : A subtle or slight degree of difference, as in meaning, feeling, or tone (含意，感觉，音调上的）细微差别 V.S. nuisance 讨厌的人/事； 不受欢迎的人: persona non grata : a bother //求助于/借助于sth: have a resort to sth = have a recourse to sth //sophisticated devie 高精密的(仪器) 2. She's a shrewd精明的 and sophisticated圆滑的 businesswoman. |
| n) discernment: (对是非/好坏的)识别； (对是非/好坏的)洞察力； (对是非/好坏的)眼力; 认清楚 (对是非/好坏的): Discernment is the ability to judge which things of a particular kind are good and which are bad. |
| a) discernible, discernibly = can be recognized and distinguished 可辨别的/可识别的 . Eg In spite of the nuance between the two almost the same paintings, well, you know, one is faked/bogus and the other is genuine, the subtle difference is still discernible可辨别的. We just have a resort/recourse to a sophisticated apparatus such as a microscope, and the nuance can be discerned/distinguished. 细微的差别还是可辨别的.　//bogus /ˈbəʊɡəs/ If you describe something as bogus, you mean that it is not genuine. 伪造的 bogus account = faked account |
| discerning:眼力好的,**有洞察力的**  the ability of discerning 辨别(力); 眼力洞察力 ; eg A successful business man normally have **discerning insight** on the marketing and catch the opportunity to make fortune |
| 1 行动的自由，判断的自由; 2. 酌情(决定权); 3. 某人的决定/决断能力 | discretion: [dis'kreʃən] Synonym: prudence, caution 谨慎周详 ; do sth with discretion, prudence = prudently 慎重地, 审慎地 [proverb] Discretion is the better part of valor. [谚]谨慎为勇敢之本; 好汉不吃眼前亏　　//prudence, prudent, prudently: Somebody who is prudent is sensible and careful when making decisions or taking actions, in order to avoid mistakes 谨慎 e.g Western businessmen are showing remarkable prudence (异常的谨慎) in investing in the region. |
| 酌情决定权 If someone in a position of authority uses their discretion or has the discretion to do something in a particular situation, they have the freedom, right, or authority to judeg or decide what to do; e.g. This committee may want to exercise its discretion to look into those charges. 这个委员会可能想行使其酌情决定权来调查那些指 |
| freedom to act or judge on one's own: n 自由行动，自由判断. [(做...)是某人的自由: be in sb.'s discretion to do = it's sb's discretion to do] e.g. All decisions were left to our discretion. 所有的决定都由我们自由判断; e.g. I'm in my discretion to enjoy my annual leave = it's my discretion to enjoy my annual leave. e.g I'm in my discretion to squander money extravagantly/lavishly (挥霍） coz I earn that money, and it's none of your business/keep your nose away from me 浪费花钱是我的自由, 不关你的事情, 别多管闲事　//You're so nosy好管闲事的; Keep your nose away from me = Stop meddling 别多管闲事 = meddle in sth　多管闲事; meddlesome |
| Ability or power to judge or decide responsibly. 决定能力，决断能力 [ (裁判的判断力/决定力: the discretion of the referee; 经理的判断力/决定力: the discretion of the manager ] eg The duration of stoppage time is at the sole discretion of the referee (裁判的判断力). The referee alone signals the end of the match. In matches where a fourth official is appointed, toward the end of each half, the referee signals how many minutes of stoppage time he intends to add. The fourth official then informs the players and spectators观众(指比赛或表演) by holding up a board showing this number. The signalled stoppage time may be further extended by the referee. eg. I'ts important to note that as an international student youll not necessarily be eligible for all the facilities offered to resident students. Now, as an international student you will need to provide evidence that you can fund yourself for however long your course lasts. Banks have different policies and the services that theyll offer you, which will depend on your individual circumstances and on the discretion of the bank manager 经理的判断力/决定力 involved. |
| **决断能力的年龄 =法定成年的年龄(英国法律规定为十四岁): age of discretion; the years of discretion ;** e.g. In CHINA, the years of discretion is 18 based on Chinese law. Before that age, normally your parents are your **guardian是 ['gɑːdɪən] or custodian[kʌ'stəʊdɪən] [法] 监护人 //[法] 监护人 custodian[kʌ'stəʊdɪən]= guardian = warden = curator** |
| 渐渐地到来, 陆陆续续地到来 | trickle in; eg Reports of death toll across the country trickle in almost every day.每天都陆陆续续传来。E.g. The trees were the first casualties caused by the horrible hurricane. Entire forests in Haiti's peninsula have been leveled/flattened夷为平地. Furthermore, doctors are expecting many more patients in the days ahead, as people injured in the deadly storm trickle in陆陆续续地到来 from the countryside. |
| 渐渐传出, 慢慢出现 | trickle out; eg Only a little information has so far **trickled out** from beyond the capital渐渐传出 |
| deluge | n) A great flood. 泛洪水; A heavy downpour 暴雨; V) deluge sth = flood sth, to overrun sth with water; inundate or submerge 被(flood)淹没；使泛滥 eg The capital of Indian was also deluged/submerged/inundated/flooded by the monsoon flood, with residents evacuating on rooftops and other high ground awaiting rescue. e.g The Australian's comments sparked national fury/outrage in China after an emotional Sun bursted into tears in the post-race press conference, indicting Horton for deliberately trying to psych him out. Horton's Facebook, Twitter and Instagram posts were flooded/deluged with comments attacking him and demanding he apologize to Sun. "You are too **complacent/big-headed**” read a comment on one of Horton's Instagram posts. e.g. Houston police had rescued 1,000 people since Monday morning, bringing the total number rescued to more than 3,000 since the storm flooded/deluged/submerged/inundated/ the city. ... State, local and military rescue units have plucked(pull sharply 摘；拔) thousands of stranded residents from the water and deluged/flooded homes (被(flood)淹没). //[A **complacent [kəm'pleɪs(ə)nt]/ big-headed/arrogant/ cocky or smug person** is very pleased with themselves or feels that they do not need to do anything about a situation, even though/whereas the situation may be uncertain or dangerous. 盲目自满的; 盲目乐观的(表不满) = arrogant, cocky, big-headed, complacement |
| Something that overwhelms as if by a great flood or downpour 纷至沓来,接踵而来的：某事物过多（如同洪水淹没一样）： a deluge of fan mails.纷至沓来的追星族来信; a deluge of workloads 接踵而来的工作; The press secretary was deluged with requests for information. 新闻秘书被接踵而来的提供信息的需求 eg I just got a deluge of working emails after the National Day holiday. |
| spate: a spate of: huge massive, extremely considerable 如洪水一般多的；a spate of laughing 一阵大笑; a spate of words 一大串话; eg“It issues a spate of words 一大串话 from the loudspeakers and the politicians“; eg His joke is so hilarious/funny that we all burst into a spate of laughting一阵大笑 [spat: a brief and minor quarrel/altercation, skirmish. 小争吵 口角; eg the lover's spat 口角; the couple's spat 夫妻间的小争吵 eg After their "lover's spat", they become so grody肉麻的 again. e.g. Well-wishers in Thailand are praying for the health of their beloved King, Bhumibol Adulyadej, who has been hospitalized and is in an "unstable" condition, according to the palace. The 88-year-old, who is the world's longest-serving monarch['mɒnək] 君主帝王；最高统治者, is being closely monitored after undergoing medical procedures over the weekend. Messages of support have been flooding/deluging使泛滥 onto social media sites including Facebook. People are being urged to wear pink shirts on social media, a custom which Thais believe can help people recover from illnesses. |
| 通风；换气; | vent: （感情的）发泄；出口；通风孔 vt. 发泄感情 ; ventilation [,venti'leiʃən] n.1. the act of supplying fresh air and getting rid of foul air 2. a mechanical system in a building that provides fresh air she was continually adjusting the ventilation 同义词： ventilation system / ventilating system 3. free and open discussion of (or debate on) some question of public interest; 同义词： public discussion 4. the bodily process of inhalation and exhalation; the process of taking in oxygen from inhaled air and releasing carbon dioxide by exhalation |
| 通风设备；换气扇；【医】呼吸机 | [ʌn'ventɪleɪtɪd] unventilated adj. 不通风的；没有通风设备的（房间/地方）  e.g. Unventilated rooms are a health hazard and you may need to pay compensation  e.g. That explosion was set off by an accumulation of gas in an unventilated tunnel通风不良的矿井.  e.g. But lighting many paraffin candles every day for years or lighting them frequently in an unventilated bathroom 不透风的房间around a tub, for example, may cause problems.  N) 通风设备；换气扇；【医】呼吸机 ['ventɪleɪtə] ventilator: A ventilator is a machine that helps people breathe when they cannot breathe naturally, for example,because they are very ill or have been seriously injured. 人工呼吸器  e,g, Doctors at the Siriraj hospital in Bangkok said that the King was having problems with his kidneys, blood flow to the left side of his heart and blood pressure. He was also put on a ventilator and his general condition "remains unstable," |
| 在…方面，就…来说 | in terms of sth; with respect to sth; [ in the terms of preferences 在喜好的条款 ; 在首选项的条款 ; in terms of performance 在性能方面 ; 在表现方面; in terms of me 就我而言 ] |
| 无法控制，失去控制 | out of hand = out of control |
| 起作用的，发挥了(重要)作用的; 用乐器演奏的; 仪器/器械的; | [ instrumental analysis仪器分析；器械分析; instrumental error仪器误差；仪表误差; instrumental music 器乐;] 1.Someone or something that is instrumental in a process or event helps to make it happen. 起作用的 e.g. In his first years as chairman he was instrumental in raising the company's wider profile. 在刚担任董事长的头几年，他在提升公司形象方面发挥了(重要)作用。 2. Instrumental music is performed by instruments and not by voices. 用乐器演奏的； e.g. ...a CD of vocal and instrumental music. …一张声乐和器乐光盘。 3. Instrumentals are pieces of instrumental music. 器乐曲 e.g. After a couple of brief instrumentals, he puts his guitar down. 演奏了几首简短的器乐曲之后，他放下了吉他 |
| instrumentality | **[apparatus= (slang) an instrumentality of a government政府机关]:** A **subsidiary/subordinate branch of** a government, by means of which functions or policies are carried out. Eg the National security **apparatus政府机关** |
| 将…排成队; 排队 | line up (lining,lined,lines) 1. If people line up or if you line them up, they move so that they are standing in a line and waiting to do sth one by one in a good order. 将…排成队; 排队 e.g. The senior leaders lined up behind him in orderly rows. 高级领导人有序地排列在他身后。 The gym teachers lined us up against the cement walls. 体操老师们让我们靠水泥墙排成队。 2. If you line things up, you move them into a straight row. 将…排成行 e.g. I would line up my toys on this windowsill and play. 我要把玩具在这个窗台上排成一行来玩。 |
| 吸收，吸入。。。 | soak /səʊk/  v. If you soak something or leave it to soak, you put it into a liquid and leave it there for some while. 浸泡 [ soak sth in the water ] e.g.把豆子泡上两个小时 Soak the beans in the warm water for 2 hours. e.g. Because of sucked food health problems in China, before we cook, we usually soak all vegetables in water for a while.   v. 长时间泡浴 [ 在浴盆里(浸泡）泡个热水澡 soak in a hot tub; soak in a hot bathtub] If sb. soaks, they spend a long time in a hot bath, normally in bathtub/tub浴盆, because they enjoy it. e.g. 我需要的是在浴盆里泡个热水澡 What I need is to soak in a hot tub => soak is also a noun. 泡浴 e.g.我当时正在浴室里长时间地泡浴 I was having a long soak in the bathtub/tub.  v. If a liquid soaks something or if you soak something with a liquid, the liquid makes the thing very wet. 使(clothes/body)浸湿 e.g. 水浸湿了他的夹克和衬衣 The water had soaked his jacket and shirt. //[drench sth: make sth completely wet, drenching rains 磅礴大雨, torrential rains= downpour e.g. The torrential rains/downpour drenched me completely. 暴雨把我淋成了落汤鸡/彻底湿透了。  v. If a liquid soaks through something, it passes through or penetrate it. 渗透 e.g.血出得太多，都渗透了我的平脚短裤 There was so much blood bleeding, it had soaked through my shoes.  6 soak up sth: (大量而迅速地) 吸取 quickly absorb or sponge sth in large quantities [ soak up radiation 吸收辐射 ] e.g. These green plantations, such as aloe [ˈæloʊ], can soak up radiation (吸收辐射) generated from the new furnitures |
| absorb, absorption; [ absorb sth = sponge sth = soak up sth ( 大量而迅速地吸取 quickly absorb or sponge sth in large quantities) ] e.g. This technique eases assimilation/absorption of knowledge. 并使知识的吸收更加容易 \* absorbing (吸引人的；极有趣的): attractive and interesting, intriguing, capable of arousing and holding the attention or curiosity e.g. an absorbing battle; an aborbing game \* \* 使全神贯注/专注 sb. be absorbed/immersed/engrossed /ɪnˈɡrəʊssed/ |
| **engross /ɪnˈɡrəʊs/:** to occupy one's attention completely; absorb 使全神贯注,专注于 sb. **be absorbed/immersed/engrossed in sth** |
| **sponge:** v) 海绵般地吸收 sponge sth = absorb or **soak up sth** with a sponge //**soak up sth** = to absorb or sponge sth quickly, esp in large quantities. |
| suck /sʌk/  1. v. If you suck something, you hold it in your mouth and pull at it with the muscles in your cheeks and tongue, for example in order to get liquid out of it. 吮吸 e.g. The BB is sucking milk (that is secreted from the mammary gland) from mum's nipples. e.g 他吸了吸他的香烟 He sucked on his cigarette. e.g. I need a straw 吸管 to suck the coconut juic  2. v. If something (e.g. a electirical device ) sucks up a liquid, oil, gas, or object in a particular direction, it draws it there with a powerful force. (抽油烟机; 吸尘器；空气净化器）抽 (液体、气体) e.g. The pollution-control system starts sucking up oil any time now. 开始抽油。 e.g In a kitchen, we have a special device to suck up the oil when we're cooking. e.g. Because of serious air pollution, xi'an is under a cloak of heavy smog, I have to buy an air purifier that can suck up the dirty air to some degree. e.g. You can use a vacuum cleaner to suck up the dirties on the ground or rug //under a cloak of heavy smog 笼罩在雾霾之下 // a small rug 小地毯；毛皮地毯  3. v. passive voice. [ be sucked in to a bad situation] If you are sucked into a bad situation, you are unable to prevent yourself from becoming involved or embroiled in it. （无力抗拒）使卷入 [ be involved in => be embroiled in 深深的卷入（丑闻） => be sucked in to a bad situation ] e.g. He, the de facto leader in Samsung, was sucked into a sexual scandal and will face accusation. |
| sucker: /ˈsʌkə/  1. If you call someone a silly sucker, you mean that it is very easy to cheat them because that person is very naive, silly, or stupid. 容易上当受骗的傻瓜/笨蛋 e.g. She looks like a silly sucker. // moron: very stupid  2. [ 一个难以抗拒xxx的人, a sucker for sth; 一个难以抗别人请求的人 a suck for sb's requests ] If you describe someone as a sucker for sth, you mean that they find it very difficult to resist it or reject it.　 e.g. 我完全无法抵挡浪漫 I'm such a sucker for romance. e.g. Ashley is a suck for other peoples' requests. e.g. 我完全无法抵抗“美食 " I'm a total sucker for any delicious food even though/if/whereas I'm so full, so I'm a foodie吃货 //gourmet  3.v. If you sucker a person into doing something = deceive sb into doing, you deceive or cheat them, usually so that they do something that is against their own interests. 欺骗 e.g. If you tell those folks the truth, they won't vote for you. But if you sucker them, they'll vote for you twice over。但是如果你骗骗他们，他们会投你两次票。  4. The suckers on some animals and insects are the parts on the outside of their body which they use in order to stick to a surface. (动物和昆虫的)吸盘 5. A sucker is a small device used for attaching things to surfaces. It consists of a cup-shaped piece of rubber that sticks to a surface when it is pressed flat. 吸盘; ...sucker pads. ...吸盘防滑垫 |
| 同化/融入(到一个新环境,文化）　assimilate /əˈsɪmɪˌleɪt/ (assimilating,assimilated,assimilates) 1. V-T/V-I When people such as immigrants assimilate into a community or into a culture or when that community or that culture assimilates them, they become an accepted part of it. 使sb同化(文化上的国度的）; n 同化 assimilation 例：There is every sign that new Asian-Americans are just as willing to assimilate. 各种迹象表明新的亚裔美籍人简直一样愿意被同化。 His family tried to assimilate into the white communities.他的家人努力融入到白人社区。 They promote social integration and assimilation of minority ethnic groups into the culture. 他们提倡少数民族团体与该文化的社会融合及同化。  3.V-T If you assimilate new ideas, customs, or techniques, you learn them or adopt them. （通过学习来）吸纳，采纳 e.g. My mind could only assimilate one MUST-done-mission at a time. 我的头脑一次只能吸纳一件必须要做的的事情。 N-UNCOUNT 吸纳 assimilation e..g This technique brings life to instruction and eases assimilation of knowledge. 这种技术给教学带来活力，并使知识的吸收更加容易 (absorption of knowledge) |
| 慢慢地收集(information, knowledge) | [ glean information; glean knowledge ] If you glean something such as information or knowledge, you learn or collect it slowly and patiently, and perhaps indirectly. 慢慢地收集（信息，zhishi) e.g. At present we're gleaning information from all sources. 目前我们正从所有渠道慢慢收集信息。 |
|  |  |
| 巨大的 | immense: unusually great in size or amount or degree or especially extent or scope V.S. immerse onself in sth 沉浸在 (happiness, sadness, alcohol) 之中 be immersed/absorbed/engrossed in sth 专心致志；专注 enormous: extraordinarily large in size or extent, scope, or amount or power or degree;  tremendous: You use tremendous to emphasize how strong a feeling or quality is, or how large an amount is. 非常的; 巨大的强调 |
| 大量; 各种各样 | myriad /ˈmɪrɪəd/  1. A myriad or myriads of people or things is a very large number or great variety of them, lots of and various of 大量; 各种各样 e.g. They face a myriad of problems bringing up children. 他们在抚养孩子上面临着各种问题。 2.ADJ Myriad means having a large number or great variety. 大量的; 各种各样的 e.g. The magazine has been celebrating pop in all its myriad forms.该杂志一直在赞美各种形式的流行音乐 |
| 公休假 | sabbatical [sə'bætɪkl]; sabbatical leave. e.g. Employees who are sick, on maternity leave, on sabbatical leave or any other kind of absence should have their bluepages updated to indicate it. Ask your HR to update the information, it is the only way to stop the notifications //maternity leave. |
| n. 女权主义者/男女平等主义者 adj. 主张女权的 | n. 女权主义者/男女平等主义者 adj. 主张女权的 feminist ['femənɪst]; A feminist is a person who believes in, advocates, and supports feminism(女权主义). e.g. Only 16 percent of young women in a 1990 survey considered themselves feminists. 只有16%的年轻女性在1990年的一次调查中认为自己是女权主义者。 adj) [ ['femənɪst] a feminist group, a feminist idea, a feminist activity ] Feminist groups, ideas, and activities are involved in feminism. 女权主义的 e.g. The radical feminist group ['femənɪst] claimed responsibility for this attacks.  e. .g Well, I'm a feminist, so I think in a household一个家庭, the couple should share the **housework/household chores/mundane chores /tʃɔː/**平凡/日常家务琐事家务。 |
| n) 女权主义 | n) 女权主义: feminism ['femɪnɪz(ə)m] ; Feminism is the belief and aim that women should have the same rights, power, importance, social status, and opportunities as men regardless where they are, in family, in company, in society. Basically, women and men should be treated equally in all aspects. There should not be any gender discrimination. E.g. ...Barbara Johnson, that champion of radical feminism. …芭芭拉·约翰逊，激进女权主义的拥护者 |
| 性别歧视者；男性至上主义者 adj. 性别歧视者的 | 性别歧视者: sexist; 性别歧视: sexism [ 性别歧视的态度 sexist attitudes ] 1.If you describe people or their behaviour as sexist, you mean that they are influenced by the superstitious belief that the members of one sex, usually women, are less intelligent or less capable than those of the other sex and need not be treated equally. (尤指对女性) 性别歧视的表不满; e.g. Old-fashioned sexist attitudes are still common in CHINA. 老套的性别歧视的态度仍然很普遍。 2. A sexist is someone with sexist views or behaviour. 性别歧视者 e.g. It's got nothing to do with sexism. You know I'm not a sexist. 这与性别歧视毫无关系. 我不是个性别歧视者 |
| 1. (沙文主义的)盲目爱国的; 2. 大男子主义的 | chauvinistic /ʃəʊvɪnˈɪstɪk/ 1. If you describe a man or his behaviour as chauvinistic, you disapprove of him for believing that men are naturally better, more important, more intelligent, and more capable than women. Basically they treat men and women unequally[ʌn'ikwəli], with gender discrimination. 大男子主义的表不满 e.g. My ex-boyfriend was very chauvinistic. 我的前男友非常之大男子主义。 2. If you describe someone as chauvinistic, you believe that they think their own country is more important and morally better than any other. (沙文主义的)盲目爱国的,表不满 e.g. ...national narrow-mindedness and chauvinistic arrogance. ...民族主义的狭隘和大国沙文主义的傲慢 |
| 免触式付款 ; 公共交通无接触智能卡 (电子式无接触的刷卡） | • contactless payment 免触支付 ; 免触式付款  • Contactless Smartcard  无接触智能卡 ; 公共交通无接触智能卡 (电子式无接触的刷卡） ; 智能卡 |
| 自拍照 | selfie; [snap a selfie; the selfie stick 自拍杆] eg I wanna snap a selfie.  **//生活照: candid photos** |
| 上照的上相的 | photogenic /ˌfəʊtəˈdʒɛnɪk/: looking attractive and gorgeous as a subject for photography at camera shooting. [a candid snapshot.一张偷拍的生活照] eg The paparazzi狗仔队 is so skilled at taking the candid snapshots for celebrities, especially the stars who are not photogenic. Eg if you are going to be an actress or a supermodel, you should have a preparation for not being photogenic. e.g. She, as one the most sought-after吃香的 actresses in CHINA, was besieged by the press, the public, and espeically the crazy paparazzi. 她不断被媒体,公众,狗仔队打扰。 //ˌpæpəˈrætsɪ/ The paparazzi are photographers who follow famous people around, hoping to take candid photos生活照 or shocking photographs of them that they can sell to a newspaper. 狗仔队 paparazzo[,pɑ:pə'rɑ:tsəu] 的复数 |
| １。（衣服，布料，绳子）的线给磨损了　 ２ (脾气）开始暴躁了,开始烦躁起来 | fray /freɪ/ (fraying,frayed,frays) 1. If something such as cloth or rope frays, or if something frays it, its threads or fibres start to come apart from each other and spoil its appearance. （衣服，布料，绳子，纤维）的线／纤维给磨损了 [ (cloth, rope, fiber, stitching) begin to fray ] e.g. The fabric is very fine or frays easily.　这种布料很细，或者说是容易磨损。e.g. The stitching had begun to fray at the edges. 边缘处的针脚已经开始磨损了。 2. If your nerves or your temper fray, or if something frays them, you become nervous or easily annoyed because of mental strain and anxiety. (脾气）开始暴躁了,开始烦躁起来 [ Temper began to fray; Nerves began to fray ; get on my nerves ] e.g.Tempers began to fray as the two teams failed to score. 两队都没有得分，人们开始烦躁起来。 e.g. India's sudden switch to new banknotes/paper currency left millions of people lining up for ages to get their hands on the cash. Since Prime Minister banned rupee banknotes with denomination面额 of 500 and 1000 -a shock/rock move aimed at combating corruption and ta[x e]vasion/dodge/avoidance-banks have been besieged/surrounded by throngs of people trying to exchange their defunct cash. All ATMs, stocked with only 100 rupee banknotes (about $1.50 bucks), are emptying within hours and tempers are fraying烦躁 //bad temper = grumpy, grumpily 3. N, a fray = a noisy quarrel 大声争论 4. N, a fray 打架; 争吵 = a fight, quarrel, conflict, dispute ,scuffle or tussle混战; a heated dispute or contest. 激烈争执或辩论 eg Those thugs and mobbist are scuffling 扭打, causing fray/fight/conflict and chaos. |
| 脾气很坏的 | grumpy, grumpily: grumpy= bad tempered;  If you say that someone is grumpy, you mean that they are bad tempered and miserable. 脾气坏的 e.g. Some folks think I'm a grumpy old man. e.g. She's a such grumpy manager. 我是个脾气很坏的老头儿 // temperament 气质，性情，性格 = disposition // 脾气开始暴躁起来: Temper began to fray; Temper is fraying. If your nerves or your temper fray, or if something frays them, you become nervous or easily annoyed because of mental strain and anxiety. 烦躁 |
| n 气质，性情，性格; 喜怒无常的性情 | temper, temperament ['tɛmprəmənt]: Your temperament is your basic nature, especially as it is shown in the way that you react to situations or to other people. 性格, 性情 = disposition [冲动的性格 impulsive temperament; artistic temperament 艺术气质 ] e.g. His impulsive temperament regularly got him into difficulties. 他容易冲动的性格经常使他陷入困境; e.g. He has an artistic temperament. 有艺术家的气质 e.g. For people who earn that much or more, individual temperament and life circumstances have much more sway over their lightness of heart than money. 跟读 对于赚到这个数目或更多的人来说，个性气质和生活情况对心情畅快的影响比金钱的影响要大得多 // Someone's disposition is the way that they tend to behave or feel. 性情 e..g The rides are unsuitable for people of a nervous disposition. 这种骑乘不适合紧张型性格的人 //grumpy = bad-tempered = full of bile胆汁 |
| Temperament is the tendency to behave in an uncontrolled, bad-tempered, or unreasonable way**. 喜怒无常的性情** e.g. Some of the models were given to fits of temperament. 模特中有些人喜怒无常 |
| 与历史擦肩而过(的经历） | e.g. The families and their lawyer are coming forward as their brush with history与历史擦肩而过 is immortalized使名垂千古 in a new Hollywood blockbuster 好莱屋大片. The film "Snowden" depicts the tense days when the NSA whistleblower/debunker告发者 went underground in Hong Kong, in a bid to evade/dodge/avoid US and Hong Kong authorities, as well as the world media. Snowden made his first bombshell爆炸性消息 revelations about controversial US surveillance programs in an interview with the Guardian newspaper in a room in Hong Kong's Mira Hotel. e.g. That was our brush with history. 就这样我们曾与历史擦肩而过 //告发者；检举者 (揭穿真面目者 ) : whistleblower = debunker; 爆炸性消息/惊天动地的大消息/爆炸性新闻: a bombshell |
| 贫困的； 使xxx质量下降 | impoverish (v) => impoverished (a)； Something that impoverishes a person or a country makes them poor. 使xxx贫困 e.g. We need to reduce the burden of taxes that impoverish the economy. 我们需要减少使经济贫困的租税负担。 e.g. 贫困的 impoverished e.g. The goal is to lure businesses into impoverished areas by offering them tax breaks. 目的是通过提供减税优惠把企业吸引到贫困地区。 |
| A person or thing that impoverishes something makes it worse in quality. 使xxx质量下降 e.g. A top dressing of fertilizer should be added to improve growth as mint impoverishes the soil quickly. 应施顶肥以促进生长，因为薄荷会**使土壤迅速变得贫瘠/使土壤质量下降**。 |
| 取消…的律师资格; 吊销律师执照 | disbar sb (by revoking sb's lawyer license) //revoke the lawyer license; revoke the driver license; revoke the business license 吊销营业执照 e.g The Turkish government continues to take action against soldiers and institutions after this month's abortive/foiled/failed military coup attempt. Amid a state of emergency紧急状态, 45 newspapers, 16 television stations and three news agencies have been closed, state-run news agency Anadolu said Wednesday. Officials have fired or suspended tens of thousands implicated with牵涉其中的 the foiled/failed/thwarted失败的挫败的 coup as the government intensifies its vast purge (军事，政治的）清洗运动 . Turkey's top broadcasting authority last week revoked the licenses for two dozen radio and television companies that it said are linked to Gulen, whom Erdogan blames for masterminding the coup 策划了这个政变, Anadolu reported. //牵涉其中的 be implicated with sth; foil 铝箔； foil sth= 使失败to prevent sth from being succesful; //清洗 purge enemies/foes; purge medicine = purgative=catharsis for constipation便秘 //thwart sth = foil sth = make sth fail |
| (对xxx的一种）肯定 | affirm, affirmation: e.g. On the other hand, when he/she is being positive, reply in affirmation and enthusiasm. 另一方面，当他处于积极状态时，要用肯定和热情的话语来答复 e.g. But when you’re wondering whether to press onward or give up entirely, what you need is affirmation. 但是当你已经知道是否向前推进或彻底放弃的时候，你需要的是一个肯定。 |
| 划船；使……成排 vi. 划船；争吵; 连续（n)年/天… | [ row the boat across the lake; rower: sb who rows the boat 划船者, row the paddle浆 ] e.g. Th ICO has decided not to impose the blanket ban on the whole Russian teams. "About 135 track-and-field athletes are going to compete," the head coach of the Russian athletics squad小分队, told TASS about Stars 2016. "They include Olympic champions and medal holders as well as less renowned athletes forbidden to compete in Rio. By the start of Wednesday, dozens of Russian athletes ranging from rowers划船者 to gymnasts to boxers were still in the dark about their participation in the Olympics. Still awaiting their fate at the time of writing on Thursday eight weightlifters举重, four badminton players and one golfer. //the track-and-field team 田径队； track-and-field athletes. |
| [ in a row ] e.g He has been working OT around midnight 4 days in a row/consecutively. 连续4天 E.g For the sixth year in a row/consecutively 连续6年, the Australian city has topped the Economist Intelligence Unit's ranking of the world's most livable/habitable/inhabitable cities. The list, which considers stability, healthcare, culture and environment, education and infrastructure to arrive at a rating out of 100. Inevitably, the world's least livable/uninhabitable [,ʌnɪn'hæbɪtəbl] cities are those that are blighted by祸起于 war, poverty and political turmoil/ferment/unrest -- or all three. Syria's capital, the mos war-torn/ravaged city, ranks bottom of the 140 cities |
| 樟宜机场（新加坡 | Singapore Changi Airport [tʃandʒi] took the No. 1 spot, followed by Incheon International Airport in Seoul. E.g. Singapore's reign/domination continues. For the fourth year in a row/consecutively, Singapore Changi [tʃandʒi]Airport樟宜机场 has clinched the World's Best Airport title at the annual World Airport Awards. Many of those passing through the island city-state are clearly pleased with and impressed by the airport's innovations, such as two 24-hour movie theaters screening the latest Hollywood blockbuster好莱坞大片) for free, a rooftop swimming pool and a butterfly garden. //blockbuster = chartbuster: the most popular or hottest masterpiece, such as movie, book, music album with widespread popularity and successful sales 流行佳作 (受到广泛普及和销售量巨大的事物，例如电影或书); |
| 畅销品(e.g. album, books, magazine, 尤指唱片album) | chartbuster = blockbuster: the hottest music album, books, such as novel, with widespread popularity and successful sales. e.g. In 1989 Steven wrote a business book, which is the most best-seller that time. It became a chartbuster畅销品 that influenced millions to believe that those seven habits would make them better leaders. After that, Steven becomes one of the most sought-after最吃香的 writers in the world. // a charter plane 包机; a charter cruise ship 包船; charter bus 包车 // one of the most sought-after actors/singers |
| 流行佳作 (一些受到广泛普及和销售量巨大的事物，例如电影或书); 一鸣惊人者,轰动,黑马 | (slang 一鸣惊人者,轰动,黑马) blockbuster: an unusually successful hit with widespread popularity and huge sales (especially a movie or play or recording or novel) [好莱坞大片: a Hollywood blockbuster] [a blockbuster movie; a blockbuster book; a blockbuster novel] eg Something, such as a film or book, that sustains widespread and extensive popularity and prevalence流行, and achieves enormous sales. eg Just a week after the Virgin spacecraft crashed, then came the new blockbuster movie "Interstellar" . It is setting the "box office" records, reinforcing space as the subject on people's minds. eg The movie "Titanic" is a stunning Hollywood blockbuster好莱坞大片, which had created a great sensation (轰动）in cinematic history. 在电影史上造成了一个巨大轰动 E.g. It's known that in CHINA, we have a draconian movie censorship. Therefore, when that Holllywood blockbuster hit the big screen in mainland CHINA, we audiences only watch the abridgement (version), not the original. Compare with the original, all porn clips 视频剪辑 are deleted in the abridgement (version) . // Draconian laws or measures are extremely harsh and severe. 严酷的 (法令或措施) //video clips 视频剪辑 //电影上映 (movie) hit the big screen //abridgement: a shortened version of a written work (电影,电视剧, 书,脚本的) 删节的版本 |
| blockbuster = chartbuster: the most popular or hottest masterpiece, such as movie, book, music album with widespread popularity and successful sales 流行佳作 (受到广泛普及和销售量巨大的事物，例如电影或书); e.g. Singapore's reign/domination continues. For the fourth year in a row/consecutively, Singapore Changi [tʃandʒi] Airport樟宜机场 has clinched the World's Best Airport title at the annual World Airport Awards. Many of those passing through the island city-state are clearly pleased with and impressed by the airport's innovations, such as two 24-hour movie theaters screening the latest blockbusters (流行佳作影片) for free, a rooftop swimming pool and a butterfly garden. |
| 巨型炸弹 (爆破力强的炸弹：用于破坏目的的烈性爆弹 ) A high-explosive bomb used for **sabotage** purposes. eg The Muslim terrorists erupted a blast by igniting a heavey **blockbuster/bomb**. |
| 轰动(效应): sensation [因特网界的一个轰动 an Internet sensation/blockbuster; IT界的一个轰动 an IT senstaion/blockbuster] e.g. She, as the youngest rhythmic gymnast艺术体操, was just 14 when she caused a greate sensation/blockbuster at the Montreal Olympics. 她在蒙特利尔奥运会上引起一个巨大轰动 //一个巨大轰动: a greate sensation/blockbuster |
| (身体的)感觉; 引起轰动的人或事物 | 1. A sensation is a physical feeling. (身体的)感觉 [ 愉快的感觉: pleasant sensation; 有趣的感觉 interesting sensation ]  e.g. Floating can be a very pleasant sensation. 漂浮会给人一种非常愉快的感觉。 E.g. Sky diving, well, can be an amazingly interesting sensation. 2. Sensation is your ability to feel things physically, especially through your sense of touch. （身体的）感觉能力e.g. The pain was so bad that she lost all sensation. 疼得太厉害了，她失去了感觉能力。 3. You can use sensation to refer to the general feeling or impression caused by a particular experience. (某种经历所产生的) 整体感觉 e.g. It's a funny sensation to know someone's talking about you in a language you don't understand. 知道有人正用一种你不懂的语言谈论你，这种感觉真奇怪。 4. If a person, event, or situation is a sensation, it causes great excitement or interest. 引起轰动的人或事物 [ an IT sensation 一个IT轰动; 引起轰动 cause a sensation; a social media sensation ]  eg. ...the film that turned her into an overnight sensation. …让她一夜成名的影片。 e.g. She was just 14 when she caused a sensation at the Montreal Olympics. 她在蒙特利尔奥运会上引起轰动时  e.g. Well, drone, it causes such a sensation in air industry 无人机是航天行业的一个轰动 |
| (被砍下的树的)树桩; | stump 树桩 [stʌmp] ( = stub) V.S. trunk 树干 (trunks, or swimming trunks泳裤）  e.g This white oak is one of the most famous trees in cinematic history在电影史上, from the move ShawnShank Redemption. This oak made its debut首秀 in 1994 in that movie. However, the oak fell down because of strong gale/gusts last Fri., now only the stump(被砍下的树的)树桩/stub is left there.  //stub: (ticket, receipt) 存根 the ticket stub；烟蒂 cigarette stub；the stub of a pencil 铅笔头; the check stub (支票的) 存根; 树桩 stub=stump 树桩 //swimming costume = > swimming cap; swimming goggles, trunks or swimming trunks (for male), swimming suit (for ladies) |
| v) 连根拔除; n) (ticket, receipt) 存根；烟蒂；树桩 | /stʌb/ stub, past simple: stubbed; past perfect: stubbed;  1.N) The stub of a cigarette or a pencil is the last short piece of it which remains when the rest has been used. (香烟或铅笔的) 残端 **[the cigarette stub 烟蒂; the stub of a pencil 铅笔头 , (铅笔的) 残端 ]**  e.g. He pulled **the stub of a pencil** from behind his ear.  他从他的耳朵后面抽出了一个 **铅笔头**。  e.g. He throwed **the cigarette stub** in the rubbish bin.  2. [N)](javascript:;)A ticket stub is the part that you keep when you go in to watch a performance. 票根  **[ the ticket stub 票根; the movie ticket stub; the concert ticket stub]**  e.g. Fans who still have their **ticket stubs** should contact **the box office** by July 3.  3. [N)](javascript:;)A cheque stub is the small part that you keep as a record of what you have paid. (支票的) 存根  **[ the check stub (支票的) 存根 ]**  e.g.  I have every **cheque stub**支票存根 we've written since 1959.    4.[V-T](javascript:;)If you **[stub your toe against sth],** you hurt it by accidentally kicking something. 不小心踢到xxx, 不小心把我的脚趾踢到 xxx  e.g. I **stubbed my toes against** a table leg. 我**不小心把我的脚趾踢到**一条桌腿上  5. **stub=stump 树桩[stʌmp] V.S. trunk 树干**  e.g This white oak is one of the most famous trees in **cinematic history在电影史上**, from the mov一e ShawnShank Redemption. This oak **made its debut首秀** in 1994 in that movie. However, the oak fell down because of strong gale/gusts last Fri., now only the **stump(被砍下的树的)树桩/stub** is left there.  6．v) **stub sth = root out sth = poll weeds from the root 连根拔除 xxx**  e.g. The DP network has lots of stuff. So if you wanna stub连根拔除, we can tweak to capture everything. There was a lot of "confusing" and "deep" information discussed of as pain points and some basic problems/resolutions/improvement areas.  7.V. 把〔香烟〕捻灭: **stub sth (like stub the cigarette):** to stop a cigarette from burning by pressing the end of it against something  8. N. **stub = skeleton/frame**  e.g. If these structures were not defined then the use of **a stub (or skeleton)** would require one of two scenarios. 如果这些结构不加以定义的话，存根（或骨架）的使用将需要一个或两个方案  e.g. F “I needed a stub/skeleton for ‘what’s new’” |
| (世界)末日的 | [ə'pɑkə'lɪptɪk] apocalyptic, Apocalyptic means relating to the total destruction of something, especially of the world. (世界)末日的 [ in an apocalyptic situation] e.g. ...the reformer's apocalyptic warnings that the nation was running out of natural resources. ...改革者的末日警告是，该国家正在耗尽自然资源。 2. ADJ Apocalyptic means relating to or involving predictions about future disasters and the destruction of the world. (世界)末日启示的 e.g...a gloomy and apocalyptic vision of a world hastening toward ruin. ...一种世界正加速走向毁灭的阴郁和末日启示的想法 |
| 货币化 xxx; 使xxx 成为合法货币；铸造成货币 | ['mʌnə,taɪz] monetize sth: 货币化 xxx; 使xxx 成为合法货币; 2. monetize sth 利用xxx来赚钱 e.g. Do you actually want to monetize ['mʌnə,taɪz] your blog? 你真的想利用你的博客来赚钱吗 e.g. I'm just trying to monetize the patent 我想利用专利来赚钱 e.g So I’ve put a lot of blame on the Fed美联储 because they monetize ['mʌnə,taɪz] these debts. 他们货币化了这些债务 e.g If you are a country like the US, the UK, or Japan that can monetize its fiscal deficits, then you won’t have a sovereign debt event but high inflation that erodes the value of public debt. 可以货币化自身的u，那么，你将不会发生主权债务问题，取而代之的是稀释公债价值的高通货膨 |
| 杏仁 | (Almond); I love the almond cookies with **chestnut栗子** and **cashews** (腰果). |
| 违反；与…背道而驰 | run counter to sb/sth e.g. The Wells Fargo said the fake/bogus accounts cost the bank both money and satisfied customers. He said the scandal goes against "our values, ethics and culture and runs counter to our business strategy. E.g. California's ban seems to run counter to polls that show rising support overall for same-sex marriage. |
| 背道而驰者; 叛逆的人; 做法与一般大众想法相反的投资人（如买冷门股票）；（与其他人）持相反意见者 | contrary ['kɔntrəri], contrarian /kənˈtrɛərɪən/: A contrarian背道而驰者 is a person who deliberately behaves in a way that is different from the people around them, running counter to sb/sth (violate, ；与…背道而驰 ) . e.g. He is by nature a contrarian. 他本质上就是个叛逆的人。e.g. ...the young contrarian intellectual. ...这个年轻而叛逆的知识分子 e.g. Maxfield says she's a contrarian by nature. |
| 传票 vt传唤,传审传讯 | subpoena [sə'piːnə] [ issue a subpoena; issue subpoenas, the subpoena from the court ]; eg He has been served with a subpoena to answer the charges in court. 他被送达了一张出庭应诉的传票。E.g. For Wells Fargo's hearing, analysts believe lawmakers may take the hearing as an opportunity to pressure the Justice Department to prosecute senior Wells Fargo executives for the orchestrated精心设计的 business fraud/scam/shenanigan. The Justice Department has issued subpoenas to Wells Fargo over the scandal. James Clark is the deputy Los Angeles city attorney who brought the lawsuit that helped bring the scandal to light. //bring sth to light = expose, reveal, disclose 揭露(丑闻，不可告人的秘密, xxx) ；公开 |
| [,ʌnək'sɛptəbl]: | **Unac**ceptable: e.g. Swiss police guidelines for passport and ID cards state that covering the head and face are unacceptable except for medical or religious reasons. |
| 使sb.取保候审; 羁押 | Sb be remanded in custody: If a person who is accused of a crime is remanded in custody, they are kept in prison until their trial begins. If a person is remanded on bail, they are told to return to the court at a later date, when their trial will take place. 使sb.取保候审; 羁押 e.g. Carter was remanded in custody (取保候审) for seven days and finally was released on bail(保释) |
| 短跑, (尤指短距离)冲刺，全速奔跑(或划船等)： | sprint: dash = run very fast, usually for a short distance, sprint race; sprinter e.g. He is the only Olympian who could have an entire stadium chanting his name. Bolt's position as the greatest sprinter in the world was confirmed once again on a wet, humid night inside Rio's Olympic Stadium, as he took 200 meters gold for the third Games in succession. //hurdle 跳栏比赛, hurdler['hɝdlɚ] 跳栏比赛选手 |
| n)（快速）短跑； 一个飞剑快速短跑； v. 使(hope, expectation) 破灭 | dash = a quick short run, like "sprint" //sprint: dash = run very fast, usually for a short distance, sprint race; sprinter |
| [ 希望破灭 hope dashes ; 期待破灭 expectation dashes ]　 If an event or person dashes someone's hopes or expectations, it destroys them by making it impossible that the thing that is hoped for or expected will ever happen. 使（希望，愿望）破灭 e.g. Renewed fighting has dashed hopes for a United Nations-organized interim government. 重燃的战火粉碎/破灭了在联合国的组织下建立临时政府的希望 e.g. With economic growth already sluggish, hopes of a Fed rate hike in September were all but dashed. |
| 百岁老人 | A centenarian[,sɛntɪ'nɛrɪən] is someone who is a hundred years old or older. 百岁老人 e.g. Japan has more than 4,000 centenarians. 日本有超过4,000 位百岁老人 E.g. We had come to his hometown of Acciaroli, south of Naples, for a report on the amazing longevity of its inhabitants, one in ten of whom is classed as a centenarian. |
| 1. (对敌人持久攻击, 使其力量)削弱, 损耗； 削弱/减少sb's损耗; . 2. (学生或雇员)人数减少 | Attrition is a process in which you steadily reduce the strength of an enemy by continually attacking them. (对敌人持久攻击,使其力量)削弱 e.g The rebels have declared a cease-fire/truce/armistice in their war of attrition against the government. 在与政府的消耗战中，叛军已宣布停火。 |
| At a university or place of work, attrition is the decrease in the number of students or employees caused by people leaving and not being replaced. (学生或雇员)人数减少 [attrition rate 损耗率；退学率; 职工的减少率/流失率； catalyst attrition 催化剂耗损 ； attrition value 磨损值 ] e.g The company cut its workforce through natural attrition and fewer hirings. 该公司通过自然(职工）流失及减少招聘缩减了员工数量 e.g. Prepare new contract/sign new contract with employee, inform on-board concern parties and attrition concern parties e.g. With an exodus of tech elites from IBM, the attrition rate rises unexpectely high in 4Q this year. //exodus /ˈɛksədəs/ If there is an exodus of people from a place, a lot of people leave that place at the same time. 大批离开 e.g. The medical system is facing collapse because of an exodus of doctors 由于医生大批离去，该医疗体系正面临崩溃 |
|  |  |
| 澳大利亚人 | Aussie ['ɔ:si:; 'ɔzi] a native or inhabitant of Australia |
| 一段时间 slang | spell一段时间 e.g. It was a very difficult decision" chef said in the joint statement. "It's terrible for Yuri, but this sort of behavior is unacceptable." he admitted the departure of the grand slam winner was "a bloodletting放血流血" for the Dutch team for Olympic. But, he stressed, "our athletes are role models.". Yuri wants to bide his time before commenting on his dramatic/theatrical 戏剧性的exit from his first Olympic Games. Van has been anything but a role model since then. He tested positive for cocaine use in 2009, which cost him a spot/stain污点 on the Dutch Olympic team for the 2012 London Olympics. After an 11-week spell一段时间 in a rehab clinic in Scotland, his return to competition was chaotic. “Van is sensitive to the use of stimulants [药] 兴奋剂doping；刺激物；酒精饮料" his former coach told newspaper on Tuesday. //rehab, rehabilitation ['ri:hə,bili'teiʃən]复原; spell一段时间 //If you bide your time, you wait for a good opportunity before doing sth 耐心守候，等待好时机 |
| 1. 血拼; 流血事件 2. (同一个组织内部两队人马之间发生的)互不相让的激烈争吵 | bloodletting e.g. Bloodletting is violence or killing between groups of people, especially between rival armies or foes/enemies, bloodletting = bloodshed 血拼; 流血事件, 血腥杀戮事件 (bloodshed) ; 尤指敌对军队双方的暴力或杀戮; Once again there's been gravely horrible bloodletting/bloodshed in the township. 血腥杀戮事件。 |
| 2. (同一个组织内部两队人马之间发生的)互不相让的激烈争吵 Journalists sometimes refer to a bitter quarrel/altercation/spat/skirmish 口角争执 between two groups of people from within the same organization as bloodletting. (同一个组织内部两队人马之间发生的)互不相让的激烈争吵 　　e.g. Hopefully a satisfactory solution can be reached without much bloodletting. 不需要经过激烈的争吵 |
| 药] 兴奋剂doping；刺激物(spicy food)；酒精饮料 | stimulate, stimulant; A stimulant is a drug that makes your body work faster, often increasing your heart rate and making you less likely to sleep. 兴奋剂 (sports doping) e.g. It is not a good idea to fight fatigue by taking stimulants. 服兴奋剂来抗疲劳不是个好主意 e.g . An immensely talented athlete who was named Dutch Sportsman of the Year in 2005 for winning the rings world title, Van has been anything but a role model since then. He tested positive for cocaine use in 2009, which cost him a spot/stain污点 on the Dutch Olympic team for the 2012 London Olympics and ended his career in the Dutch army as well as leading to a suspension from his sport for a year. After an 11-week spell in a rehab/rehabilitation ['ri:hə,bili'teiʃən]复原 clinic in Scotland, his return to competition was chaotic. “Van is sensitive to the use of stimulants [药] 兴奋剂doping；刺激物(e.g. spicy food)；酒精饮料" his former coach told newspaper on Tuesday. |
| 夜生活 | a night out = an evening out; e.g. Yuri lived up to his reputation/fame as the bad boy of gymnastics after he was thrown out of the Rio Olympics by the Dutch team for an unauthorized night out/evening out 夜生活 drinking. Having reached the men's rings finals on Saturday, the two times of grand slam大满贯 winner-- left the Athletes' Village a few hours later to celebrate. When he returned, he admitted he'd consumed alcohol. The Dutch gymnastics association said in a joint statement一份联合声明: Van, 33, had " 严重地gravely violated " team rules and that they had "no other choice" but to put him on the first plane home. The Dutch chef admitted that the departure of this grand slam winner was a bloodletting放血流血 for the Dutch team. Yuri wants to bide his time before commenting on his dramatic/theatrical 戏剧性的 exit from his first Olympic Games. //大满贯: grand slam winner; a night out/ an evening out夜生活 // If you bide your time, you wait for a good opportunity before doing something. 耐心守候，以待好时机 bide sb's time before doing sth |
| 小争吵口角; 幼牡蛎 | spat [spæt]: A brief and minor quarrel/atercation, skirmish 小争吵 口角; altercate with sb about sth= have a spat with sb about sth; [ 贸易口水战 a trade spat; the lover's spat 口角; the couple's spat 夫妻间的小争吵 ] eg After their "lover's spat", they become so grody肉麻的 again. E.g. Boeing executives are more worried about his antagonism of Beijing. If a trade spat results, Boeing's business in China could be in jeopardy. |
| A slight **pat轻拍,** **slap拍击,** **flick轻弹,** or smack. 【informal】 轻拍或轻打; // If you **flick** something away, or off something else, you remove it with a quick movement of your hand or finger. (用手或手指) 弹掉 |
| a young **oyster,** especially when it settles to the bottom and begins to develop a **shell.** 幼牡蛎 //幼牡蛎: spat; mussel青口, crab螃蟹; squid 鱿鱼; octopus['ɔktəpəs]章鱼; prawn: 对虾 with two pairs of **pincers钳** |
| spat V.S. spate[speit] : a spate of : huge massive, extremely considerable 如洪水一般多的；a spate of laughing 一阵大笑 “It issues a spate of words from the loudspeakers and the politicians“ “通过喇叭从政治家嘴里突然传出一大串话; eg His joke is so hilarious/funny that we all burst into a spate of laughting 一阵大笑 [a deluge of emails 如同洪水淹没一样,纷至沓来的来信; a deluge of workload: 纷至沓来：某事物过多（如同洪水淹没一样） |
| 大量的连续的（报道，丑闻，工作 xxx) ; 倾泻一场突发的洪水 slang | spate [speit] [ a spate of sth: huge massive, extremely considerable or tremendous sth 如洪水一般多的, 大量的连续的（报道，丑闻，工作 xxx) a spate of reports 大量的连续的报道; a spate of laughing 一阵连续的大笑; a spate of words, burst into a spate of words 突然说了一大堆话 , burst into a spate of laughing, a spate of orders 一大批连续的定货单; a spate of terror attacks; ] e.g “It issues a spate of words from the loudspeakers and the politicians“ “通过喇叭从政治家嘴里突然传出一大串话; eg His job is so hilarious/funny so that all of us burst into a spate of laughing. [a deluge of junk emails 纷至沓来的来信; a deluge of workload: 纷至沓来：某事物过多（如同洪水淹没一样） [spat: a brief and minor quarrel/altercation, skirmish. 小争吵 口角; eg the lover's spat 口角; the couple's spat 夫妻间的小争吵 eg After their "lover's spat", they become so grody肉麻的 again. |
| spate: 1. a sudden flood, freshet(河水猛涨,涨水) , deluge, rush, or downpouring: 倾泻一场突发的洪水 2. spate: a sudden heavy fall of rain= downpour, deluge 突然的暴雨或降水, 倾盆大雨 The heavy spate/downpour block the road. // deluge:a freshet(河水猛涨,涨水) resulting from a downpour of rain or melting of snow.河水猛涨：因暴雨或融雪造成的河水猛涨或泛滥; The river is in spate/freshet.河水猛涨。 |
| spate V.S. spat: [ spat[spæt]: a minor and brief quarrel, **altercation,** or skirmish 小争吵 口角 have a spat with sb about sth = altercate with sb about sth] |
|  |  |
| (文章、学说等的)剽窃, 抄袭 | plagiarism; plagiarize ['pleidʒəraiz] e.g The act of plagiarizing ; Something plagiarized. (文章、学说等的)剽窃, 抄袭 eg Before the exam, let's emphasize the ground rules: prohibit the plagiarism. Eg He, a famous literature master, is accused of a novel plagiarism. |
| **pirate 海盗； 盗版 the faked；侵犯专利权者 sb who infringes patent or copyright -> piracy: 海盗行为；剽窃 plagiarism；著作权侵害；非法翻印 //infringe on peoples' right 违反人权** |
| 前提是如果 (你xxx)…才会… slang | [ 前提是如果 xxx, provided that xxx. ] If you say that something will happen provided or provided that something else happens, you mean that the first thing will happen only if the second thing also happens. 前提是如果…才会… eg The other banks are going to be very eager to help, provided that they see that he has a specific financial and payback plan. 前提是如果他有一个具体的计划，其他的银行才会非常渴望提供资助 e.g. A) Does that mean that I can get a nice job after graducation B) Well yes, provided that your performance in university is pretty good. //考虑到 xxxx: given that xxx |
|  |  |
| 患病的；受挫折的；受…(干旱, 洪水)侵袭而遭殃的sb slang | stricken ['strikən] **[ the drought stricken farmers 受干旱袭击而遭殃的农民； the flood/deluge stricken citizens 受洪水袭击而遭殃的市民; the earthquake stricken citizens 受地震袭击而遭殃的市民， the famine stricken people 受饥荒袭击而遭殃的农民]** |
| 电车轨道； vt. 用煤车运载； vi. 乘电车 | tram; I'm waiting for my tram, which **is due to arrive** at the train station at 5:10. //按理 (按预期）该做某事 |
| 按理 (按预期）该做某事 | be due to do sth. E.g Passengers on Twitter reported problems -- including the inability to check in or being stranded on the tarmac/apron -- from airports around the world, including San Francisco, Rome and Athens. Jackie, who was due to travel按理 (按预期)该做某事 from Las Vegas to Minneapolis, tweeted that the airline set up a makeshift shelter and handed out blankets to passengers who wanted to get some sleep on the floor of the terminal. //应该干…: be supposed to do sth //一串头发a strand of hairs; 一串线 a strand of threads |
| 手重的粗暴的; 暴虐的(表不满) | heavy-handed. If you say that someone's behaviour is heavy-handed, you mean that they are too forceful or too rough. 手重的粗暴的; 暴虐的(表不满) e.g. ...heavy-handed police tactics …警察的粗暴手段 e.g. Duterte insisted that those accused have access to a fair trial, although/whereas the same protection has not been afforded to many victims of the country's month-long war on drugs. "(The accusations) might be true, it might not be true ... They should have due process, presumption of innocence," he said. Human rights groups have repeatedly denounced公然抨击 the Duterte administration's heavy-handed手重的,暴虐的 approach and say that the methods apparently sanctioned by the government have resulted in hundreds of extrajudicial killings. //在通常法律程序以外的：extrajudicial [,ɛkstrədʒu'dɪʃl] //非法交易（尤指毒）贩卖; the drug trafficking; the human trafficking; children trafficking |
| 泥瓦匠 | mason ['meisən] 泥瓦匠 e.g. I had a friend who helped plumb his sink and I have to hire a mason ['meisən] 泥瓦匠 to repair other imcomplete areas of this building, especially the puddles水坑/水潭 in the living room.... 安装他的下水管道； //['meisən] mason 泥瓦匠 V.S. mansion ['mænʃən] n. 大厦；宅邸；府邸 GuoJingjing's mansion in HK //水管 plumb [plʌm]; plumbing, plumber 水管工； 水坑/水潭/泥潭: puddles; 泥潭 muddy puddles; the paddling pool: a paddling pool is a shallow artificial pool for children to play in. 嬉水池 |
| 手册，小册子 | brochure [ ʃur ] [ 旅游指南/旅游小册子 travel brochure/booklet ] A brochure/booklet is a thin and small magazine(弹药库） with pictures that gives you information about a product or service， or city, such as tour guide. 小册子 e.g. When you're visiting the museum, pls remember to fetch a free brochure [ ʃur ]/booklet in reception desk. //In supermarket: flyer = leaflet: a leaflet or flyer is a little book or a piece of paper containing information about a particular subject. 传单 |
| 上缴 xxx | **turn in sth;**  e.g. If he refuses to turn in the gun, he'll be charged with a **felony/serious/grave crime.**  **//没收；充公；查抄: confiscate, confiscation** |
|  |  |
|  |
| 旗手 ; 护旗手 | flag-bearer //（丧礼中的）抬棺人 pall bearer |
| debut | **make sb's debut;**  present or perform for the first time to the public 在公众场合初次登台,登场; 出道;处女作/首秀; [首张/处女作专辑 (slang): the debut album; 出道首秀: the debut performance] |
| eg He decided to **debut** with several other violinists. 起首次登台演出。 eg After little more than a year of work, Jones released her **debut album**, Come Away With Me.**首张/处女作专辑**《远走高飞》。 |
| appear for the first time in public; eg The Cabridge dutchess公爵夫人 chooses CHINA as her political debut platform. 政治平台的首秀 |
| 在电影史上 | cinema, cinematic [,sɪnə'mætɪk] of or pertaining to or characteristic of the cinema; [ in cinematic history] This white oak is one of the most famous trees in cinematic history, from the move ShawnShank Redemption. This oak made its debut首秀 in 1994 in that movie. However, the oak fell down because of strong gale/gusts last Fri., now only the stump(被砍下的树的)树桩 is left there. //theater [θɪ'ætrɪkl], theatrical arts, theatrical performance |
| charter flight v.s. scheduled flight | The hiring or leasing of an aircraft, a vessel, or other vehicle, especially for the exclusive, temporary use of a group of travelers. 包租，包船 (the charter boat)，包机 (the charter flight) eg A CDC staff member was recently flown home on a private charter after spending time in close proximity with another health care worker who tested positive for Ebola virus. e.g With just hours to spare, the Nigerian Olympic football team will travel to Brazil on Thursday to make its match against Japan in Manaus. Thanks to a tab temporarily picked up by Delta Air Lines for the charter flight, the stranded搁浅的 team is expected to land in Brazil at 2 p.m. local time. This gives the team just enough time to clear customs and stretch before kickoff at 9 p.m. e.g Originally, the team was supposed to fly out July 29, manager said. But an unpaid charter flight bill kept the team grounded in Atlanta, according to CNN Atlanta affiliate CBS 46. //A strand of something such as a strand of hair, a strand of wire, or a strand of thread is a single thin piece of it. (头发、电线或纱线的) 缕 |
| strand | To drive or run ashore or aground. 使搁浅：使冲上岸或冲上陆地 eg a whale stranded on the shore 搁浅在岸边的鲸鱼; eg A huge relief operation is continuing across northern India amid devastating monsoon floods and the ensuing tsunami接踵而来 that have caused hundreds of death toll and left tens of thousands more stranded搁浅. |
| To bring into or leave in a difficult or helpless position: 使处于困境 eg The convoy was stranded in the desert. 使团在沙漠中陷入了困境; eg I was stranded in the strange town without money or friends.我困在那陌生的城市; He went away leaving his family stranded 留下家人毫无办法。 [strand sb = corner sb: 使陷入绝境, 把...难住] |
| A complex of fibers or **filaments细丝** that have been twisted together to form a cable, rope, thread, or **yarn纱线**. 一股细线 A single **filament,** such as a fiber or thread, of a woven or braided material. 一丝：织或编成的材料的单独一细丝，如纤维或细线 一缕或一束头发  **a strand of hairs.** |
| 帮倒忙的行为, 帮倒忙 slang | disservice; disserviceable n 有害行为伤害 harmful/detrimental/injurious action; an injury. [disserviceable = be detrimental/harmful/injurious to]+B850; 帮倒忙: an act intended to help that turns out badly A |
| eg The spreading of such rumor is of great disservice to the state = The spreading of such ideas **is detrimental/harmful/injurious to** the state. ; eg The **scattering/dispersing** of FaLunGong is such a great disservice to the state; **散布**xxx思想, 对国家极为不利 |
| literal: 美味的 => figurative: 娇小漂亮的/娇美的 | dainty ['deinti] dainty taste 美味的; If you describe a movement, person, or object as dainty, you mean that they are small, delicate, and pretty. 娇小漂亮的 e.g The girls are pretty dainty and feminine.　这些女子们娇美/娇小漂亮的而又温柔　 e.g. She walked down the steps daintily (elegantly) . 她优雅轻盈/娇美的地走下台阶 |
| （日）柔道; adj. 柔道的；柔道术的 | judo ['dʒu:dəu] a sport adapted from jujitsu (using principles of not resisting) and similar to wrestling; developed in Japan e.g. Judo is a sports in Olympic. |
| 空手道（日本的一种徒手武术） | karate [kə'rɑ:te] a traditional Japanese system of unarmed combat; sharp blows and kicks are given to pressure-sensitive points on the body of the opponent/foe //friends or foes |
| 观测所，气象台，天文台 | observe, observatory [əb'zɜːvət(ə)rɪ] : A building, a place, or an institution designed and equipped for making observations of astronomical, meteorological, or other natural phenomena. E.g. e.g. Fierce winds lashed 鞭打 Hong Kong in the early hours of Tuesday morning, but no major damage was reported as Typhoon Nida hit the city and moved onto mainland China. Winds of up to 145 kilometers per hour (90 miles per hour) were reported in some parts of the city, according to the Hong Kong Observatory 气象台, which also warned of the potential risks of flooding. The Observatory issued the year's first No. 8 warning signal, the third-most severe, on Monday evening. Speaking to reporters, an Observatory spokeswoman warned Hong Kongers "not to let their guard down" as the storm moved across the city. |
| A structure overlooking an extensive view, especially for **panoramic[,pænə'ræmɪk] view(全景).**观察台，了望台，望楼 |
| 鞭打 | lash sb: a quick blow delivered with a whip or whiplike object e.g. Fierce winds lashed Hong Kong in the early hours of Tuesday morning, but no major damage was reported as Typhoon Nida hit the city and moved onto mainland China. Winds of up to 145 kilometers per hour (90 miles per hour) were reported in some parts of the city, according to the Hong Kong Observatory 气象台, which also warned of the potential risks of flooding. The Observatory issued the year's first No. 8 warning signal, the third-most severe, on Monday evening. Speaking to reporters, an Observatory spokeswoman warned Hong Kongers "not to let their guard down" as the storm moved across the city. |
| 死水 slang | [ standing water] On-the-ground testing could take several weeks, Frieden said, stressing that precautions should continue to be taken by everyone living in the area or traveling to and from it. Those precautions include applying insect or bug repellent 驱虫剂 containing 25% DEET to uncovered skin, wearing long-sleeved shirts and long pants that are thick enough to repel a mosquito bite, using air conditioning and screens on doors, and removing standing water死水 where mosquitoes lay eggs to hatch/incubate孵化. //incubate: 1) hatch 2)incubation period [病毒][医] 潜伏 |
| 增加 | augment [ɔɡ'mɛnt]: augment sth = enlarge and increase sth e.g. The finding not only points to a promising way有前景的一个方式 to augment practicing增加练习 when learning a new physical skill, it could also help people regain skills after injuries such as stroke中风. 　 //stroke中风, sunstroke, 中暑; breaskstroke. 蛙式; backstroke仰泳; buttterfly, freestyle  e.g. Their team will consist of public health experts whose role is to augment our response efforts to control local transmissions of the Zika virus." //Someone or something that is promising seems likely to be very good or successful, with pretty good prospect 有望成功的; 前景很好的 [ 一个有前途的学生 a promising student; 一个有前景的项目 a promising project] |
| (自我克制地)戒除，戒绝 (smoking, alcohol, coffee); 有意避开/不参与;  3. (投票时)弃权 slang： | (自我克制地)戒除，戒绝 abstain from smoking; abstain from coffee; abstain from alcohol. // forgo sth: To abstain from sth = to waive sth, relinquish sth, abandon sth, renounce sth 弃绝；放弃 eg Maybe all girls will forgo the trendy things that come out every season, they don't need it; however, they never forgo the makeups. [cargo: The freight carried by a ship, an aircraft, or another vehicle. 船舶、飞机或其它交通工具运载的货物] |
| (投票时)弃权 [ abstain from voting] e.g 有意避开/不参与 He abstained from speaking ill of others. 他不讲别人的坏话。 e.g The leaders asked their representatives to abstain from voting. (投票时)弃权 => you waive your right to something, such as legal representation, you choose not to have it or do it. 放弃 (权利) |
| 弃权: (投票时)弃权 [ abstain from voting] V.S. e.g He announced officially that he will waive his right as a king. E.g If you renounce a belief or a way of behaving, you decide and declare publicly that you no longer have that belief or will no longer behave in that way. 公开宣布放弃 (信仰、行为方式) |
| relinquish; relinquisher; relinquishment | To give up, abandon, waive or renounce, forgo sth 离开；放弃或抛弃; To let it go; surrender. 放开；放弃 eg relinquish the promotion opportunity 放弃了升值的机会 eg relinquish a claim 放弃要求; relinquish/abandon bad habits 戒除不良习惯; The small dog relinquished his bone to the big dog.小狗把它的骨头让给那只大狗。 Eg abandoned/relinquish all hope; |
| To **put sth aside** 作罢断念：把xxx 放在一边 eg Can you pls relinquish your work for a moment and come to take care of your BB, he is crying? |
| To cease holding physically; release and loosen sth: 松开；放开：eg relinquish/loosen a grip/grasp. 松开掌握; Calm down, pls relinquish/loosen your fist. |
| waive | waive sth = to give up or relinquish sth voluntarily, implying a voluntary decision to abandon sth,such as a claim or right 意味着自愿地放弃某事物的决定，如权力或要求 eg waive all privileges as a king. 放弃所有的特权; waive his heritage right 自愿地放弃继承权. V.S 投票时弃权： abstain from voting |
| eg The self-made billionaire/ millionaire who built their business from scratch said he was filing提起诉讼 a [sworn affidavit宣誓陈词] that denies the accusations/indictment flatly/categorically/emphatically, and was filing提起诉讼a motion "to intervene in the case." He challenged Roberts to charge him with rape, the "most crime anyone can imagine. If she does, she will go to jail for filing a false rape charge." Dershowitz offered to waive the statute of limitations and "any political immunity/exemption." //status; statue of liberty; statute/statutory = of law; a self-made millionaire 白手起家的 V.S. the emerging affluents 暴发户; 直截了当的断然的(deny): deny sth flatly/emphatically/categorically |
| renounce | **formally and officially** annouce to relinquish or abandon sth, usually as a matter of principle 是**正式宣布**地放弃（信仰belief or 某种行为）　 eg renounce his heritage right 正式放弃继承权; renounce his all privileges as a king 正式放弃所有的特权. |
| (声明） 与... 断绝关系/脱离关系 renounce with sb = disown sb.　　eg He eventually renounced with his son (disowned his son ) who is so addicted to drugs. V.S. If you disown someone or something, you say or show that you no longer want to have any connection with them or any responsibility for them. 声明与…断绝/脱离关系 e.g. The man who murdered the girl is no son of mine. I disown him = I renounced with him 谋杀那个女孩的人不配做我的儿子，我和他脱离关系 |
| To **revoke** in cards. 有牌不跟, 在牌戏中垫牌 eg Renounce! / Revoke! 有牌不跟 [showdown: Games: The laying down of the players' cards face up to determine the winner of the pot in poker. 【游戏】 摊牌：在扑克牌戏中牌手的牌面向上放下以决定一局牌的胜者] |
| **denounce/decry sb: t**o condemn, criticize, or **excoriate[ɪk'sgɔːrɪeɪt]** sb **gravely** **in public (公开场合) 强烈谴责/抨击**  //严重地gravely |
| 钝的不锋利的 (pen, knife); | Having a dull edge or end; obtuse and not sharp eg This knife is too blunt/obtuse钝 to mince the meat, finally we don't have the ground beef/pork绞肉 E.g The scissors are too blunt/obtuse 不锋利的 to cut anything. [mincer, meat mincer 绞肉机 v.s 螯钳；拨钉钳: pincer => prawn: shrimp with two pairs of pincers] // 圆头的不锋利的；反应迟钝的 obtuse [əb'tjuːs] |
| Abrupt and often disconcertingly frank in speech, candid (坦白率直的): 直言的说话率直的，不转弯抹角的 [(slang) 一个直言不讳、一针见血的人: a blunt talker and straight shooter ] Eg Frankly/bluntly speaking, I don't like SH, a kind of concrete jungles, making me suffocated/smothered/stifled['staɪfl] 窒息. |
| 承受打击/冲击 slang | brunt [brʌnt] (糟糕事情，自然灾害的）打击/冲击 [ 承受打击/冲击 bear the brunt of sth = take the brunt of sth ] To bear the brunt or take the brunt of something unpleasant means to suffer the main part or force of it. 承受主要冲击 e.g Young people are bearing the brunt of unemployment. 失业对年轻人的冲击/打击/刺激 最大 e.g You might will take the brunt of "why can't I have the feature I want, I'm paying IBM $xxxx" from our customers. Then please press us to explain why we're not adding in a given feature into the roadmap so that your teams can relay the message with one voice from IBM. e.g. That's about two-and-a-half days of tropical storm winds, and on Wednesday we will feel the brunt of sustained category four or five hurricane. //a big blunder; bluntly speaking |
| 大错(典型地由于无知和粗心造成的大错 ) v. 犯大错 | blunder: n) a usually serious/grave mistake typically caused by ignorance无知, negligence/oversight疏忽 or carelessness. V) blunder v) make a serious mistake because of carelessness, negligence or oversight, or ignorance. eg a serious error and blunder // 严重地gravely |
| To move or walk blindly or **staggering**ly, unstably 跌跌撞撞地走，踉踉跄跄地走; eg Withoug glasses, I blundered into the room and fell; 踉踉跄跄走进屋子，跌倒了； |
| blunder sth: To utter (something) stupidly or thoughtlessly, without careful consideration. 笨口笨舌, 很愚蠢地且欠考虑的说出（某事） |
| 反应迟钝的； 圆头的不锋利的 (knife); | obtuse [əb'tjuːs] eg I'm seeming obtuse[əb'tjuːs] about this math problem 迟钝的 eg This knife is too blunt/obtuse钝 to mince the meat, finally we don't have the ground beef/pork绞肉 E.g The scissors are too blunt/obtuse不锋利的 to cut anything. //mincer, meat mincer 绞肉机 v.s 螯钳；拨钉钳: pincer => prawn: shrimp with two pairs of pincers //大错: such a blunder |
| 大风，狂风: | [ strong gale [ɡel] ; gale-force winds] gale v.s. gust; Gale-force winds, large waves, heavy rain and low clouds forecast for the area "would make any air and sea search activities hazardous (n peril )and pose a risk to crew," e.g. Gusts of up to 145 kilometers (90 miles) per hour were recorded at Ngong Ping on Lantau Island, near the airport, while outlying Cheng Chau island was lashed by sustained 78 kilometer-per hour winds. |
| 铅工业; 水管工,铅管工 | plumb [plʌm] ; plumbing ['plʌmiŋ]， plumber ['plʌmɚ] plumb: When someone plumbs a building, they put in all the pipes or channels for carrying water. (herein, not "water hose") 铺设水管 => plumbing ['plʌmiŋ]: utility consisting of the pipes and fixtures固定装置 for the distribution of water or gas in a building and for the disposal of sewage => plumber 水管工,铅管工: a craftsman who installs and repairs pipes and fixtures and appliances; e.g She learned to wire and plumb the house herself e.g. 给房子排线和铺设水管 e.g. I had a friend who helped plumb his sink and I have to hire a mason['meisən] to repair other imcomplete areas of this building, especially the puddles水潭/坑/泥潭 in the living room.... 安装他的下水管道； //['meisən] mason 泥瓦匠 V.S. mansion ['mænʃən] n. 大厦；宅邸；府邸 GuoJingjing's mansion in HK; 水坑/水潭/泥潭: puddles; 泥潭 muddy puddles; the paddling pool: a paddling pool is a shallow artificial pool for children to play in. 嬉水池 |
| plumb[plʌm] adj: exactly vertical垂直地 v) 用铅锤测量：plumb: measure the depth of something by lead e.g. The ocean scanner, equipped with highly sophisticated 高精密 devices, has plumbed the depth of the Indian Ocean. 探测印度洋的深度。 // sophisticated: 1.高精密的(仪器) 2. She's a shrewd精明的 and sophisticated圆滑的 businesswoman. |
| plumber: [美国口语](防止政府人员泄密的)堵漏人员，防漏人员；泄密调查和防范人员; [美国俚语]弄糟 screw it up = mess it up => lumber: lumber consists of trees and large pieces of wood that have been roughly cut up. 木材 e.g.：It was made of soft lumber软木, spruce by the look of it. 2.V-I If someone or something lumbers from one place to another, they move there very slowly and clumsily. 缓慢笨拙地移动 e.g. The disabled older lumbered back to his chair. 他缓慢笨拙地坐回到椅子上 |
| 1. 酿酒酿造, 2. (以冲泡、煮沸等方法)调制(tea, coffee)；沏(茶)，泡(茶) 3. 酝酿/策划阴谋 (叛乱、动乱、恶作剧等), 酝酿(某个事件) | [酿酒 brew beer; brew wine; brew tea 泡茶] brew: the drink that is made by boiling and fermenting酵素/发酵 rather than distilling蒸馏 eg People have been brewing beer for thousands of years in France; e.g. She brewed some coffee for me. 她为我煮了些咖啡。 He brewed a pot of tea for us. 泡了一壶茶。 e.g. My mum has been brewing red wine by her own for 5 years in a row 连续5年. |
| 3. 酝酿/策划阴谋 (叛乱、动乱、恶作剧等), 酝酿(某个事件) brew sth = ferment sth or conspire sth, such as rebellion, military coup, political turmoil/ferment, prank/hoax/mischief/gag/hoax. [ 酝酿恶作剧 brew a prank/hoax/mischief; 酝酿/策划阴谋一个军事政变 brew/conspire a military coup; 酝酿/策划阴谋一个叛变 brew/conspire a rebellion叛乱; 酝酿/策划阴谋一场政治动乱 brew/conspire a political turmoil/ferment ] e.g.The naughty boy is brewing a prank/mischief/hoax. //恶作剧: a prank/hoax call, mischief, shenanigan |
| n) 酵素；发酵; 动乱; v) 酝酿(某个事件),使动乱 slang | ferment [fɚ'mɛnt]: a state of agitation骚动煽动 or turbulent change or development; [柠檬酵素 the lemon ferment] [政治动乱 political turmoil/chaos = political ferment]: a state of agitation or turbulent change or development, chaos, unrest, or turmoil; eg The political ferment/turmoil produced new leadership in Greece during the financial crisis. eg The country was in ferment/turmoil. 那个国家处于动乱中 |
| 酵素；发酵  **[柠檬酵素 the lemon ferment]** ferment: a process in which a **catalyst催化剂** causes an organic substance to break down into simpler substances; especially, the anaerobic厌气的[,æneə'rəʊbɪk] breakdown of sugar into alcohol. |
| v) 酝酿(某个事件) /策划阴谋,使动乱: ferment sth = brew sth = conspire sth (in the womb of xx) [酝酿xxx阴谋 ferment/brew a bomb plot; ferment/brew a bomb conspiracy; 酝酿一个军事政变 ferment/brew a military coup; 策划 mastermind a military coup ] eg Six months after the end of the massive "Central Occupy" protests in HK- a civil disobedience非暴力不合做运动, that paralyzed使瘫痪 the city's main streets and almost **brought the whole city traffic into a standstill使(交通)瘫痪**, another pivotal关键的 demonstration against Chinese Communist is brewing/fermenting酝酿发酵 in the former British colony. eg The ISIS acknowledged that they're fermenting a bomb conspiracy and U.S. might be their target. // Main street in U.S. V.S. Wall street 美国中低产阶级的人民 eg A radical minority of them go as far as to advocate/endorse for an independent HK. Localists found themselves under scrutiny after police arrested/apprehended 10 people who are suspected to brew/ferment 酝酿 an alleged bomb plot/conspiracy. // 使(交通)瘫痪bring (the traffic) into a standstil = paralyze the traffic // apprehend sth: get the meaning of something, understand sth; apprehend sb = arrest sb |
|  | Gestation /dʒe'steɪʃ ə n,dʒɛsˋteʃən/ n. [singular 单数, U] 1. medical the process by which a child or young animal develops inside its mother’s body before birth, or the period of time when this happens [ gestation period妊娠；怀孕期;妊娠期 ] e.g. The gestation period of a horse is about 11 months. 马的妊娠期为11个月左右。 2. formal the process by which a new idea, piece of work etc is developed, or the period of time when this happens 〔新的思想、作品等的〕构思，酝酿，孕育 [ in gestation 在酝酿中] e.g. The report was a very long time in gestation. 这份报告酝酿了很长时间。  e.g. For mammals, the gestation period怀孕期;妊娠期 is the time in which a fetus /i:/胎儿develops, beginning with fertilization and ending at birth. The duration of this period varies between species.  e.g. If a salesperson promises huge returns高回报, short gestation periods and no risk, it’s likely that the investment is a fraud/scam/shenanigan and that person might be a con artist/con man/confident artist/grifter骗钱的人.  e.g. Mating occurs all year long with the gestation period of approximately 2 years. 母象的怀孕期大约2年。 e.g. Keepers said Asian elephants have the longest gestation period - at 22 months - of any animal in the world. 亚洲象有最长的怀孕期——22个月 |
| decoupage slang |  |
| 间谍行为 | espionage [,espiə'nɑ:ʒ]: The act of spying or of using spies to obtain secret, confidential,and classified机密的 information, as about another government or a business competitor. 间谍行为：密探或使用间谍去得到一个政府或商业竞争者的秘密信息 eg Thursday marks one year since the first revelations from leaker Edward Snowden were revealed. Alexander led the espionage organization until earlier this year, and has since founded a cybersecurity company, Ironnet. |
| 清除（不喜欢的人); (军事，政治的）清洗运动 slang | [ purged his enemies/foes/rivals 清洗掉敌人] To get rid of or eliminate people considered undesirable, especially foes/enemies. 清除（不喜欢的人); (军事，政治的）清洗运动 eliminate;  eg He purged his enemies/foes from the Party. 他把他的敌人从党内清洗出去。  Eg "Such a coordinated attack is not possible without inside information, we really have to think very seriously of purging the insiders from the nationa security apparatus (the instrumentality of government 政府机构  e.g. The Turkish government continues to take action against soldiers and institutions after this month's abortive/foiled/failed/thwarted挫败的 military coup attempt. Amid a state of emergency紧急状态, 45 newspapers, 16 television stations and three news agencies have been closed, state-run news agency Anadolu said Wednesday. Officials have fired or suspended tens of thousands implicated with牵涉其中的 the foiled/failed coup as the government intensifies its vast purge(军事，政治的）清洗运动 . Turkey's top broadcasting authority last week revoked the licenses for two dozen radio and television companies that it said are linked to Gulen, whom Erdogan blames for masterminding the coup 策划了这个政变. Turkey has formally requested the extradition引渡 of Gulen from the United States, where he lives in self-imposed exile/deportation 放逐流放. He has denied any involvement in the plot/conspiracy flatly/emphatically/categorically //牵涉其中的 be implicated with sth; foil 铝箔； foil sth= to prevent sth from being succesful; deny sth emphatically/flatly/categorically 坚决/直截了当的否认 |
| To cause evacuation排泄 of (the bowels). 导致（下消化道的）腹泻; //evacuate: 疏散; 排泄; Something that purges, especially a medical **purgative /ˈpɜːɡətɪv/ 泻药**  eg I suffer from serious **constipation**['kɑnstə'peʃən]便秘 and have to prescribe some **purge medicine/purgative/catharsis** to cause evacuation排泄 of my bowels.  Medicine: [药] 泻药；[药] 通便药   * catharsis/kəˈθɑːsɪs/ :  [药] 泻药；[药] 通便药 * purgative /ˈpɜːɡətɪv/ [N-COUNT](javascript:;)A purgative is a medicine that causes you to get rid of/discharge unwanted waste from your bowel. 泻药; [ADJ](javascript:;)A purgative substance acts as a purgative. 通便的purgative oils通便油; a purgative tea. ...通便茶。 * purge medicine: a substance used to make your bowel empty by getting rid of/discharging waste from it.泻药 * 拉肚子: have the trots = lose my bowels * 便秘constipation /ˌkɒnstɪˈpeɪʃən/: Constipation is a medical condition which causes people to have difficulty getting rid of/discharing solid waste from their bowel.   Do you suffer from constipation? 你便秘吗？   //purgatory /ˈpɜːɡətərɪ/: 炼狱般的经历(暂时的苦难 ) get out of purgatory; tide over that purgatory during that gruelling time. |
| To remove (the dirties) by cleansing. 净化,用清洗的方法去掉（不干净的东西或其他东西） eg **air purge/refresh 空气净化** |
| to destroy something that is no longer needed销毁，除去，删除〔不需要的东西〕, esp 清除内存数据  e.g. IBM IoT-Automotive is down today. It happened while we were trying **to purge the analytic records** using the steps suggested by IBM RnD team. The attempt to purge the analytics records started in the window  e.g. The system automatically **purges unread emails** after two weeks. 这个系统会于两周后把未读的电子邮件自动删除 |
|  | **[ purge sb./oneself of a charge/an accusation/indictement 洗清某人[自已]的罪名 ]**  **purge sb's sin/guilt= To get rid of sin, guilt 使洗雪：使脱离罪恶、错误**  eg The **defence laywer** helped the **defendant/indictee被告** to **purge him of** the assassination accusation. |
| 5年前的今天 | five years to the day |
| 高精密尖瑞的( device); 圆滑的久经世故的；富有经验的 | e.g The reconnaissance[ri'kɔnisəns] plane 侦察机 equiped with highly sophisticated精密尖瑞的 night vision devices, worked through the night to pinpoint passengers who fell into the water from the capsized ferry, one by one. An Italian navy medical team boarded the ship to aid passengers, some of whom had been suffering hypothermia and smoke suffocation/smother/choke, the navy said. The already cold conditions were worsened by the spray of plume of heavy smokes from tugboat/towboat拖船 hoses as authorities attempted to douse the flames. //renaissance ['rɛnəsɑns] . 文艺复兴（欧洲14至17世纪） V.S. reconnaissance plane [ri'kɔnisəns] 侦察机 |
| e.g. He is an exceptionally shrewd and sophisticated business man. 特别 精明的+圆滑的商人 e.g. Granted诚然, you have to be unbelievably thick-skinned厚脸皮 to succeed, particularly to become a successful shrewd and sophisticated business man圆滑的商人. //A shrewd person is able to understand and judge a situation quickly and to use this understanding to their own advantage. 精明的 |
| 特别的； 相当的 (for emphasize sth) | exceptional, exceptionally =far beyond what is usual in magnitude or degree  e.g. He is an **exceptionally** experienced captain 特别/相当的 有经验.  E.g He is **exceptionally** diligent. 特别的/相当的 勤勉  e.g. 46 **exceptionally** excellent performers are rewarded with China Discretionary Performance Bonus for their outstanding achievements and contribution on nomination basis.  e.g. We could not achieve this kind of performance without exceptional client engagement. Clients across industries recognize that you and IBM are uniquely positioned to help them become smarter businesses. |
| 使劲的磨擦洗净、擦亮或者洗 (dishes, bowl, pan, oven) | scour ['skaʊ**ɚ**]: To clean, polish, or wash sth (especially dishes or bowls) by **scrubbing vigorously**： eg, scour grease from the oily pan. 把油垢从锅上擦掉; scour a dirty oven炉，灶: 使劲的擦洗脏炉灶; scour the greasy pan |
| scour an area = comb through an area eg A growing number of airplanes scoured/combed through the south Indian Ocean in the search for Malaysia Airlines Flight 370. Last week, few flotsam and jetsam were found in the xxx island. //flotsam and jetsam: the wreckage or cargo that remains afloat漂着 after a ship has sunk. 漂浮物：沉船后仍漂浮在水面上的残片或货物 eg, The location recorded by the satellite was within the search area and it has been scoured Wednesday by a dozen aircraft from six nations. |
| To remove dirt or grease from (cloth or fibers) by means of a **detergent.** 用**洗涤剂**把（衣服上或纤维）上的脏物和油垢洗掉; eg,Wo, this **detergent** is so powerful and it can completely **scour the grease from clothes**. |
| forensic | Relating to courts of law 与法庭或公众论争有关的；用于或适于法庭或公众论争的 eg forensic chemistry 刑事侦破化学; forensic medicine 法医学; forensic psychiatry 法医心理分析学 E.. An FBI forensic examination shows the MH370 pilot conducted a flight simulation on his home computer that closely match the suspected route of the missing Boeing 777 in the southern Indean Sea. It's reported that the FDB analyzed the hard drives from a flight simulator飞行模拟器 the pilot had built by using MS Flight Simlator X software. However, there is no smoking gun确凿的犯罪证据 emering yet. |
| used in debate for public discussion or argumentation.; rhetorical. 辩论的, 与辩论相关的，用于辩论的 **forensic ability 辩才** |
| (religious belief) 亵渎行为; 不敬的行为 slang | profanity [prə'fænəti] e.g Profanity is an act that shows disrespect or irreverence[ɪ'rɛvərəns] for a religion or religious beliefs. 渎神的行为 e.g To spit in a holy spring is considered profanity. 亵渎神灵的行为。 2) Profanities are swear words or curse words. 谩骂, 诅咒；咒骂 //Stop cursing: 别骂脏话 // revere sb = respect, reverence ['rɛvərəns], irreverence |
| 拥护; 支持 | 1. [ espouse an ideology; espouse a rule, espouse a faith ] => If you espouse a particular policy, ideology, rule, cause, or belief, you become very interested in it and give your support to it, advocating it 拥护; 支持 2. take sb in marriage (spouse配偶 => espouse 把 sb 变成配偶 )  e.g She ran away with him to Mexico and espoused the revolutionary cause. 支持革命事业 e.g The terrorist appeared to the shooter who was saying a spate of insulting words about Turkey, apparently, he didn't espouse jihadist ideology. e.g. spouse: The act of adultery by having extramarital sex with another person who is not your legal spouse配偶 // 和...通奸 commit the misconduct/adultery [ə'dʌltəri] with sb ; miscondut with sb |
| 自首 | **[ turn oneself into the police station ]** eg. About 3 a.m., Uematsu **turned himself in** at the Sagamihara police station, carrying a a bloodstained knife and cloth, officials said. |
| n/v 抖动，[电子] 跳动；战战兢兢；神经过敏 | jitter: 1. small rapid variations/change in a waveform resulting from fluctuations in the voltage supply or mechanical vibrations or other sources 2. to be anxious or nervous 感觉焦虑紧张, 战战兢兢；神经过敏 //jerk: 1) what such jerks真是混蛋/混球 ! 2) I got jerk 抽筋 on my leg |
| (尤指某个地区的) 植物群 | flora ['flɔrə]; You can refer to plants as flora, especially the plants growing in a particular area. (尤指某个地区的) 植物群 e.g ...the variety of food crops and flora which now exists in Dominica. …目前存在于多米尼加的各种粮食作物和植物群。 //crop: a crop of xxx; e.g. A crop of veterans are encouraged to attend induction/ induction training就职培训;就业培训 so that they would be qualified to work in specific areas beyong the military field. |
| 花店; 花商; 种花人；花卉研究者; | florist ['flɔrɪst] ; A florist花商 is a shopkeeper who arranges and sells flowers and sells houseplants室内盆栽花草; A florist or a florist's is a shop where flowers, ornamental plants, or houseplants室内盆栽花草 are sold. 花店 e.g He bought her some roses at the florist's in the mall. 花店里为她买了一些玫瑰。 floricultural 种花的；养花的; 花卉栽培；花卉园艺学 |
| 自己造成的 | [ self-inflicted, a self-inflicted wound 自己造成的伤; a self-inflicted problem ] E.g Polices engaged in参与 the shootout枪战 with the assailant/attacker whose body was later found near the attack venue. An autopsy/postmortem indicated that the attacker died of a self-inflicted自己造成的 gunshot wound, aka committing a suicide. E.g Luckily, these are all self-inflicted problems that we can sort out. 幸亏这些都是自己造成的问题 ,我们能够处理的 e.g. I got 7 stitches on this self-inflicted wound自己造成的伤, see the gauze 纱布 [ɡɔ:z] still with blood. //解决（问题） sort the problem out, sort it out = iron out problems = skin a cat; e.g. There are many ways to skin a cat/sort a problem out. |
| 枪战; 点球大战 (slang) | [ penalty shootout 点球大战 ], shootout: a fight involving shooting small arms with the intent to kill or frighten; e.g During the shootout枪战 with the criminal syndicate黑社会, the cops fired back开火还击 and killed all gangs finally. E .g Polices engaged in参与 the shootout with the attacker, whose body was later found near the attack venue. An autopsy/postmortem indicated that the attacker died of a self-inflicted自己造成的 gunshot wound, aka committing a suicide. |
| (政治犯受到) 特赦, (全国性的）大赦，特赦；　　　　 生活福利设施；便利设施 | A feature that increases attractiveness or value, especially of a piece of real estate or a geographic location. 生活福利设施；便利设施：能够增加吸引力或价值的事物，特别是不动产或地理位置　　eg A school with excellent facilities and public amenities for students. 为学生提供良好设施的学校 //If a country or government brokers an agreement/ a ceasefire/ or a round of talks, they try to negotiate or arrange it. (中间) 斡旋(协议，停火协议，谈判） [ broker an agreement; broker a ceasefire; broker a peace deal ] |
| 政治犯受到特赦 political amnesty; a general pardon/forgiveness/condone granted by a government, especially for political offenses. 政治犯的大赦,(尤指对反政府政治犯的)特赦 eg Some political criminals were freed with political amnesty. [political asylum/protection 政治庇护] [condone, condonation:The act of condoning, especially the implied forgiveness of an offense by ignoring it.宽恕] |
| 避难所 / 收容所，救济院，精神病院 / （政治）庇护 | A place offering protection and safety; a shelter. 避难所 eg Because of the terrible tsunami and the ensuing跟着发生 earthquake, the healthcare givers set up a makeshift asylum/shelters for homeless person. [makeshift: 权宜之计的, 临时的凑合的; a makeshift shelter; a makeshift clinic] |
| An institution for the care of people, especially those with **physical or mental impairments/wounds损害**, who require organized supervision or assistance. 收容所，救济院，精神病院 |
| **[ political asylum 政治庇护; the asylum seeker 庇护请求者] 　e.g Later, the autopsy/postmortem indicated that the bloodshed attacker died of a self-inflicted gunshot wound. Well, it's reported that the attack is an asylum seeker, who came from Iran two years ago. e.g Protection and immunity豁免/exemption from the extradition引渡 that is normally granted by a government to a political refugee from another country. 庇护：一国政府对他国政治难民提供的保护和豁免 e.g. The Turkish government continues to take action against soldiers and institutions after this month's abortive/foiled/failed/thwarted military coup attempt. Amid a state of emergency紧急状态, 45 newspapers, 16 television stations and three news agencies have been closed, state-run news agency Anadolu said Wednesday. Officials have fired or suspended tens of thousands implicated with牵涉其中的 the foiled/failed coup as the government intensifies its vast purge(军事，政治的）清洗运动 . Turkey's top broadcasting authority last week revoked the licenses for two dozen radio and television companies that it said are linked to Gulen, whom Erdogan blames for masterminding the coup 策划了这个政变. Gulen is now an asylum seeker and liveing in self-imposed exile/deportation 放逐流放 in U.S. . Turkey has formally requested the extradition引渡 of Gulen from the United States. He has denied any involvement in the plot/conspiracy emphatically/flatly/ categorically. //牵涉其中的 be implicated with sth; foil 铝箔； foil sth= to prevent sth from being succesful; deny sth emphatically/categorically坚决/直截了当的否认 // extradite, extradition:引渡（逃犯等); repatriate:To return to the country of birth, citizenship, or origin:把…遣返回国; 直截了当的断然的(deny): deny sth flatly/emphatically/categorically** |
| 充公没收：没收（私人财产）来作为公共财物 | [ confiscate, confiscation, confiscator] To seize (private property) for the public treasury; **confiscator 没收者** |
| eg In the Custom of House, his passport and alll belongs are confiscated because of drug smuggling/trafficking. Eg His current assets are frozen; his fixed assets and properties are confiscated by financial burea bzo of his bribery. Eg His house is confiscated by bank as a forfeit bz of a breach of business contract. //smug, smugness: 自鸣得意的；自以为是的 |
| 咨询；磋商；[临床] 会诊 | consultation  **[,kɔnsəl'teiʃən]** |
| 危害 (国土安全），危害军力 | **compromise/destroy** the national security; **compromise/destroy** the military force |
| 预先了解 | pre-knowledge. E.g One source in Turkey said the U.S. military had pre-knowledge about the Turkish military coup[kʊ]. Then one U.S. military spokesman denied this accusation emphatically/flatly/ categorically. / //emphasize, emphatic, emphatically[ɪmˈfætɪkəlɪ] , categorically [,kæti'gɔrikli] 直截了当地; an emphatic denial, 直截了当的断然的(deny): deny sth flatly/emphatically/categorically |
| (国家进入的） 紧急状态 | a state of emergency; if a government or other authority declares a state of emergency in an area, it introduces special measures such as increased powers for the police or army, usually because of civil disorder or because of a natural disaster such as an earthquake. 紧急状态 eg San Francisco mayor declared a state of emergency in the city as the looting抢劫 continued into the night. 市进入紧急状态 e.g Because of the horrible military coup in Turkey, the government has declared a state of emergency last Mon, additionally with curfew宵禁令. e.g The Turkish government continues to take action against soldiers and institutions after this month's abortive/foiled/failed/thwarted military coup attempt. Amid a state of emergency紧急状态, 45 newspapers, 16 television stations and three news agencies have been closed, state-run news agency Anadolu said Wednesday. Officials have fired or suspended tens of thousands implicated with牵涉其中的 the foiled/failed coup as the government intensifies its vast purge. (军事，政治的）清洗运动 . Turkey's top broadcasting authority last week revoked the licenses for two dozen radio and television companies that it said are linked to Gulen, whom Erdogan blames for masterminding the coup 策划了这个政变, Anadolu reported. //牵涉其中的 be implicated with sth; foil 铝箔； foil sth= to prevent sth from being succesful; //清洗 purge enemies/foes; purge medicine = purgative |
| 生活照 slang | [candid photos] e.g Prince George, Britain's future king, the 3rd in line to the throne, is celebrating his third birthday Friday -- and new series of adorable candid photos of the young royal have been released by Kensington Palace to mark the occasion. The relaxed, candid photos生活照, posted on Twitter, show the barefoot toddler/kid playing on a swing[swɪŋ]秋千 and sitting on a picnic blanket while feeding the family dog, Lupo. His parents, Prince William and Kate Middleton, said they were delighted to share the photos. A spokesperson/mouthpiece for Kensington Palace said: "The Duke and Duchess hope that people will enjoy seeing these new candid photos生活照. They would like to thank everyone for all the lovely messages they have received as Prince George celebrates his third birthday." The photographer, Matt Porteous, said in a statement that he was honored to be part of the occasion: "I really enjoyed the opportunity to take these candid photographs of Prince George. It was a very relaxed and enjoyable [ɪn'dʒɔɪəbl]令人愉快的 atmosphere." //thankless: 吃力不讨好 a thankless job |
| 恐怖的,令人毛骨悚然的 | creepy/gruesome: of or producing a sensation of fear or phobia 恐惧, horrible feeling, as of things crawling/creeping on one's skin: 恐怖的：具有或产生不安或恐惧的感觉的，就象有东西在人皮肤上爬行; [令人毛骨悚然的感觉 a creepy/gruesome feeling] [令人毛骨悚然的故事 a creepy/gruesome story] [令人毛骨悚然的音乐: a creepy/gruesome music] ge.g The idea of printing a human kidney or liver in a lab may seem incomprehensible, even creepy/gruesome. e.g. A creepy/gruesome video footage emerging on FB showed that a boy was brutally beheaded by a terrorist. //behead sb. = cut sb's head |
| 电影的；影片的 | cinematic [,sɪnə'mætɪk]电影的；影片的 in cinematic history: 在电影史上 //theater/big screen, theatrical[θɪ'ætrɪkl]: 剧场的; theatrical arts, 戏剧性的夸张地(表演): theatrical facial expression; theatrically, dramatically e.g One of the most famous trees in cinematic影片的 history is gone. The white oak橡树 from the movie "The Shawshank Redemption" has fallen near Mansfield, Ohio. Five years ago, lightning hit the oak and some of the tree was damaged. Thanks to the film, the field and tree have become an international tourist destination. Fans quickly took to Twitter to express their condolences, including one user who expressed hope that something good is made of the wood. |
| 动漫展; 圣地亚哥国际动漫展 | [Comic-con => con is for "conference"] It's not easy to stand out during the hype machine that is San Diego Comic-Con. But Lionsgate found a way: The studio announced a surprise sequel to 1999's "The Blair Witch Project." //n.（电视剧, 电影的）续集；副产品；附带的利益 spinoff; （电视剧, 电影的）续集sequel |
| 对虾，明虾 | prawn [prɔ**n**]: a **shrimp** having two pairs of **pincers 螯；拨钉钳**  //pawn shop 当铺 |
| 全面禁止令 | [ a blanket ban ] e.g. Russia's athletes face a nervous wait to see if a blanket ban will be imposed with the IOC announcing it will retest all of its athletes who competed at the 2014 Winter Olympics. E.g. A ban is being considered after Russia was indicted for a shocking and unprecedented/all-time空前的 attack on the integrity of sport and on the Olympic Game, following an independent World Anti-Doping反兴奋剂 Agency commissioned report. IOC spokesman said in a statement that his organization "will not hesitate to take the toughest sanctions available against any individual or organization implicated with 牵连 sports doping." The Russian track and field田径 team has already been imposed by that sanction -- but that decision is contested at the Court of Arbitration仲裁 for Sport with a decision likely to be announced by the end of the week. Russia's athletes face a nervous wait to see if a blanket ban全面禁止令 will be imposed with the IOC announcing it will retest all of its athletes which competed at the 2014 Winter Olympics. Around 80 athletes have filed petitions请愿书 to compete under the Olympic flag. //accuse sb of sth; charge sb with; indict sb. for sth; indictment; indictor = plaintiff = the accuser; indictee= the defendant = the accused //track and field田径 team => the (running) track跑道, track shoes跑鞋, the spiked track shoes 带铆钉的跑鞋 (sneakers) ; the track suit, the track and field athlete 田径运动员 |
| 田径；田径赛 | [the track and field; the track and field team: 田径队] participating in athletic sports performed on a running track跑道 or on the field associated with it] e.g. A ban is being considered after Russia was accused Monday of "a shocking and unprecedented/all-time空前的 attack on the integrity of sport and on the Olympic Games" following an independent World Anti-Doping反兴奋剂 Agency commissioned report. IOC president said in a statement that his organization "will not hesitate to take the toughest sanctions available against any individual or organization implicated with sports doping." The Russian track and field田径 team has already been imposed by that sanction -- but that decision is contested at the Court of Arbitration仲裁 for Sport with a decision likely to be announced by the end of the week 　　　　　 // the (running) track跑道, track shoes跑鞋, the spiked track shoes 带铆钉的跑鞋 (sneakers); the tracksuit; the track and field athlete 田径运动员 |
| 商业的敏锐力 | **[business acumen [ˈækjʊˌmɛn]]**  improve your business acumen. **acumen: Quickness, accuracy, and keenness of judgment or insight. 敏锐，聪明** |
| dope | A **narcotic,** especially an addictive narcotic. 麻药：一种麻醉剂 (anesthetic) |
| dope = "street names for marijuana"; An addictive drug, especially opium or marijuana. 一种毒品，尤指大麻； |
| A narcotic preparation used to stimulate a racehorse.Now in sports, dope is mentioned as a prohibited medicine to stimulate athletes, making them feel extravagantly excited and vigourous. [sports doping; 兴奋剂; anti-doping 反兴奋剂 slang)； eg Along with the general administration of the sport, football associations and competition organisers also enforce good conduct in wider aspects of the game, dealing with issues such as comments to the press, clubs' financial management, doping 兴奋剂, age fraud and match fixing. e.g. A ban is being considered after Russia was accused Monday of "a shocking and unprecedented/all-time空前的 attack on the integrity of sport and on the Olympic Games" following an independent World Anti-Doping反兴奋剂 Agency commissioned report. The Russian track and field田径 team has already been banned -- but that decision is contested at the Court of Arbitration仲裁 for Sport with a decision likely to be announced by the end of the week //accuse sb. of sth = charge sb with sth = indict sb for sth　　　 //track and field田径 team => the (running) track跑道, track shoes跑鞋, the spiked track shoes 带铆钉的跑鞋 v.s sneakers; the track suit; the track and field athlete 田径运动员 |
| Informal笨蛋，白痴: a person regarded as stupid.【非正式用语】 **idiot, moron** |
| Informal内幕消息: Factual information, especially of a private nature. secrets from the insider/source. |
| 麻醉剂, 镇静剂 | [nɑr'kɑtɪk] narcotic: An addictive drug, such as opium or marijuana, that can alleviate and mitigate/relieve your pain, alters mood and behavior, and usually induces/causes sleepy or numb feeling. [medical] 麻醉剂, 镇静剂 (tranquilizer/sedative)：一种能使人上瘾的药剂，如鸦片，能够减轻疼痛，改变心情和行为，通常导致沉睡或麻木。 |
| 麻醉感 | anesthetic or anaesthetic [,ænɪs'θɛtɪk] An agent that causes loss of sensation with or without the loss of consciousness. 麻醉剂：一种导致感觉缺失但知觉或有或无的药剂  **[anesthesia]:麻醉感 [ 全身麻醉 a general anaesthetic]** |
| 镇定剂, 安定物 | tranquilize: free from anxiety, tension, or **restlessness不安宁**; 宁静的：没有焦虑、紧张或不**安的(restlessness)**；镇定的 eg Calm down, stay in tranquil **state of being; [tranquilize; tranquilizer = sedative ['sɛdətɪv] : 镇定剂, 安定物：用来起镇定作用的东西，如平静的音乐]** |
| 医] 镇定剂 | mitigative, mitigatory //mitigate pain = alleviate pain, mitigate |
| 医] 镇定剂 [药] 镇静剂; 止痛药 | sedative ['sedətɪv] 1) tranquilizer in medicine; 2) sedative= pain-killer |
| 制服 | All athletes are wearing their formal uniform 制服. |
| 政变； 军事政变 | military coup [kʊ];  **coup plotter: 政变策划者** |
|  |  |
| 根据我以上所说的 | **With this stated,** is the problem resolved? With the previous stated, xxx |
| all-in-fare (slang) | 含机票, 机场税和燃油附加的最低售价 |
| (slang)(公司的) 战略规则/任务 | [strategic imperative; strategic imperatives;] eg Aligning our expertise and resources against these opportunities paid off in the first quarter, with our strategic imperatives战略规则 delivering constant currency growth of more than 30 percent, excluding our recent divestitures（部门的）剥离/出售, eg divestiture of x86 servers to Lenovo. Within this, our Cloud business grew more than 75 percent. This revenue acceleration in our strategic imperatives战略规则 helped drive a 2 point improvement in revenue growth over the fourth quarter of last year. As a result, our overall revenue performance returned to flat growth year-to-year.  e.g. e.g. IBM delivered $22.5 billion in revenue for the quarter, up nearly 4 percent as reported, and $5.18 in operating earnings-per-share. We achieved 17 percent growth in our strategic imperatives, and the as-a-service annual exit run rate grew 20 percent. For the full year, our strategic imperatives represented 46 percent of IBM revenue and our cloud business delivered more than $17 billion |
| eg Our strategic imperatives战略规则 delivered growth of more than 30 percent for the second quarter and the first half of the year, excluding the impact of currency and divested business 剥离/出售的业务, eg the divesture of X86 server to Lenovo. Our cloud business grew more than 70 percent in the quarter, and we have delivered $8.7 billion in cloud revenue over the last 12 months. Our mobile business quadrupled, and our security business returned to double-digit growth. Taken together, the strategic imperatives战略规则 are becoming a substantial part of our total business, and their continued rapid growth gives us confidence in our strategic path forward. |
| (业务/组织/部门的）剥离/出售（给其他公司; 公司部门或子公司的出售、清算或资产分派 | divest, divesture, divestiture [dai'vestitʃə]: The sale, liquidation, or spinoff of a corporate division or subsidiary. if a company divests, it sells some of its assets, investments etc. normally to another company. 公司部门或子公司的出售、清算或资产分派 //n.续集（电视剧的）；副产品；附带的利益 spinoff |
| eg IBM has finished its first phase of enterprise transformation转型, such as carrying out the divestiture of X86server to Lenovo and achievingthe acquisition of Softlayer.  eg As you also know, a core element of IBM strategic imperatives战略规则 is our commitment to climb to higher value. We have announced the divestiture业务的出售 of our semiconductor manufacturing business to another company GlobalFoundries and the divesture of x86 servers to ThinkPad. |
| eg Our strategic imperatives战略规则 delivered growth of more than 30 percent for the second quarter and the first half of the year, excluding the impact of currency and divested business 剥离/出售的业务, eg the divesture of X86 server to Lenovo. Our cloud business grew more than 70 percent in the quarter, and we have delivered $8.7 billion in cloud revenue over the last 12 months. Our mobile business quadrupled, and our security business returned to double-digit growth. Taken together, the strategic imperatives战略规则 are becoming a substantial part of our total business, and their continued rapid growth gives us confidence in our strategic path forward. |
| 为stb 付出代价 | [ pay a price for sth; 为xxx付出沉痛的代价 pay a heavy price for sth ] e.g. The Turkish president is wasting no time to purge the country's security forces of rivials, as he put it, vowing that those behind the attempt to overthrow his government "will pay a very heavy price for this act of treason['trizn] [法] 叛国罪；不忠." //pledge allegiance to sb: 发誓向sb 忠诚; oath of allegiance //推翻sb's 证词 topple down sb's testimonies = overthrow/refute/talk down |
| 复兴 | revive = resume, resumption e.g. The 6 party talks -- between the US, Russia, China, Japan, South Korea and North Korea -- were an effort to prevent Pyongyang from advancing its nuclear program, but they broke down in 2008 and attempts to revive them have failed. "We call on all the countries involved in regional issues to **refrain from** military rhetoric 华丽的词藻 and strive for calm and constructive dialogue. We see, as a common task, the early resumption of six-party talks," |
| (无感谢的）不领情的；吃力不讨好的 | **thankless;** not feeling or showing **gratitude**; If you describe a job or task as **thankless,** you mean that it is hard work and brings very few or no rewards or gratitude 费力不讨好的  e.g. DP project is such as **a thankless task** that I’ve been **hesitant about** leaving IBM.  e.g. Football **referees** have **a thankless task**. 足球**裁判**的工作**费力不讨好**。 |
| 本质上；其实 | In essence |
| 完整性检查; 合理性检查; 体检模式; 健康检查 (slang) | sanity check (it seems that this phrase is usually used in "computing science".) e.g. Beyond this one command, it looks like all the other ebMS3 commands are the ebMS2 ones with a version change. If that's all, then no editorial (by me) is required. Vivian can do that sanity check. e.g First, I'm going to do a sanity check strlen so we've used string length, strlen, before. 首先，我先做一个检查,我们以前使用过字符串长度(strlen) 函数 |
| 解决问题 (slang) | **skin a cat = sort the problem out**  E.g There are many ways to **skin a cat** / sort the problem out. 条条大道通罗马 |
| 煤烟，烟灰 vt. 用煤烟熏黑；以煤烟弄脏 | soot [su:t, sut]: a black colloidal substance consisting wholly or principally of amorphous carbon and used to make pigments and ink. e.g. a wall blackened by soot. …一堵被煤烟灰熏黑了的墙 e.g. The doors and windows were blurred with soot. 那些门窗被煤烟弄得很脏 e.g There could have been smoke in a lavatory and in the plane's avionics, according to the flight data recorder. The wreckage from the plane's front section showed "signs of high temperature damage and soot, |
| stun | [ stun sb. = shock sb.; astonish sb; surprise sb with striking shock] If you are stunned by something, you are extremely shocked, astonished, or surprised by it and are therefore unable to speak or do anything, speechless . 使震惊 eg.He's stunned by today's resignation of his longtime ally. eg The impudent/brazen黄铜制的, 厚颜无耻的/shameless terrorist assault on Pakistan's largest Airport that began near midnight Sunday left almost everybody stunned/astonished. e.g. Johnson was the face of the Brexit campaign and the favorite to the lead the nation after the Leave vote. But Johnson stunned the world when he announced he would not be pursuing the top job. When Johnson revealed June 30 that he would not be seeking to become Prime Minister, there was shock, anger and disbelief //brazen or shameless: 厚颜无耻的 You're so brazen/shameless |
| 一个仪式 | [a rite of passage] Hodgson knew his time was up, but it didn't save him from humiliation. It's a rite of passage仪式 that any England football coach who fails in a major tournament must face a public grilling 公众的盘问. But Hodgson resigned before most had caught their breath after his team's embarrassing 2-1 defeat by Iceland at Euro 2016. Hodgson had been in charge of the national team for four years but his squad小队's poor showing at the tournament in France was the last straw. //吸管 (when i'm drinking juice) ；**(slang)压倒 xxx的最后一击the last straw**; **最后的手段/办法/没办法中的办法: last resort** ; **背水一战: the last stand** // 公众的盘问,拷问 a public grilling ['griliŋ] ; 不怀好意的盘问，拷问 a hostile grilling |
| 保留 | To retain something means to continue to have that thing. 保留 e.g. The interior of the shop still retains a nineteenth-century atmosphere. 那家商店内部依然保持着19世纪的格调。 |
| 梦想者；有眼力的人,有远见的人 | visionary: 1. 梦想者 a person given to fanciful speculations and enthusiasms with little regard for what is actually possible 2. 有眼力的人,有远见的人 a person with unusual powers of foresight and insight. If you refer to someone as a visionary, you mean that they have strong, original ideas about how things might be different in the future, especially about how things might be improved. e.g An entrepreneur is more than just a risk taker. He is a visionary. 企业家不仅是个冒险者，还是一个有远见的人 //地位尊荣的人： dignitary |
| 斋月（伊斯兰教) | ISIS claimed responsibility for the terrorist attack. It was the latest in a string of assaults during Ramadan [,ræmə'dæn; -'dɑ:n] 斋月（伊斯兰教) a period of fasting and prayer for Muslims and also a time when jihadists launch operations against those they regard as their enemies |
| 连根拔起 | [root out sth e.g. root out traitors 把叛徒们连根拔起 If you root out a person, you find them and force them from the place they are in, usually in order to punish them. e.g The generals have to root out traitors 叛徒们; If you root out a problem or an unpleasant situation, you find out who or what is the cause of it and put an end to it. 根除 e.g There would be a major drive to root out corruption. 根除腐败的大规模的运动 The White House issued发布 a statement saying, "These attacks only strengthen our resolve to support Iraqi security forces as they continue to take back territory from ISIL, just as we continue to intensify our efforts to root out ISIL's terrorist network and leaders." ISIL is also another name for ISIS. |
| 猛烈爆炸 | rip through (an area): eg. The attack comes nearly a week after a car bomb ripped through a bustling ['bʌslɪŋ]熙熙攘攘的 square in the capital of Ankara on March 13. e.g. A suicide truck bomb ripped through a busy shopping district in Baghdad over the weekend, killing more than 100 in what was the deadliest single attack in the war-torn/ravaged country in years. The brazen/shameless 厚颜无耻的；黄铜制的 attack killed at least 125 people, including 25 children and 20 women. Omar Mateen, the killer, and the attacker both pledged allegiance to ISIS |
| 开拓者；开路的人,领路人；先驱者 | trail-blazer / forerunner V.S. the forefront of sth (前沿）A trailblazer is a person who is the leader in a particular field, especially a person who does a particular thing before anyone else does. 先驱, someone who helps to open up a new line of research or technology or art ; Great job on being a trail-blazer and tying all the new and loose ends on this 'first of a kind' PSIRT only Fixpack and its related Security Bulletin! Kudos for having the patience to go through complex processes, meet with multiple stakeholders and build consensus -- to do the right thing for our customers. Thank you for your efforts!　// the forefront the IT tech前沿 ; 　the forefront of sb's mind; the forefront of sb's attention　关注的重心 |
| 使(交通, 电力, 电网)瘫痪: | paralyze; paralyzed; paralysis [pə'rælɪsɪs] [ paralyze the traffic = bring traffic to a standstill 停顿停止; 使(电力)瘫痪 paralyze the power system; 使(电网)瘫痪 paralyze the electricity grid ] eg The "Central Occupy" protests in HK- a civil disobedience- paralyzed the city's main streets last fall and almost **brought the core hub into a standstill停顿停止**, another pivotal关键的 confrontation with Chinese Communist is brewing酝酿 in the former British colony.  e.g. 'A lot of confusion': Images shared on **social media (“interation, e.g. weichat, FB, twitter)** showed passengers waiting in darkness because of the **paralyzed power system瘫痪的电力系统.** Some reported being stuck on board aircraft for six hours. Another passenger was **stranded** on the **tarmac/apron** on a Delta flight from Sacramento, California. //paralyisis = polio // Main street in U.S. 美国中低产阶级的人民 V.S. Wall street |
| 政治无力 | **[ political paralysis]**  paralyze; paralyzed; paralysis e.g But David Cameron faces **political paralysis** of his own, and his Labour Party is offering no more certainty to the British public than the ruling Conservatives. |
| 截瘫者, 半身不遂者 | Paraplegics 截瘫者, 半身不遂者 disabled person with **paralyzed legs**. (the **amputation** surgery: 【医】截肢(术)) |
| 争执（不一致; 存在分歧) | be at odds[ɑdz] with sb = in disagreement; have divergence分歧 with sb. E.g. But it was clear from her expression that whatever group she thought I belonged to, it was at odds with her own. 都会与她自己所属的群体存在分歧。 E.g. A vote last week to pull out of the European Union has left Britain with a nasty hangover残留物；遗物, sending the currency spiraling螺旋, dampening markets, creating a leadership vacuum['vækjʊəm] 真空 and triggering talks of Scottish secession/seperation from Britain, forcing the government into damage control. But the divorce is already looking messy, with Prime Minister David Cameron and key EU leaders are at odds on how to even begin. Cameron, who resigned after the vote and plans to step down in October, said he would not yet officially inform the EU of Britain's withdrawal from the bloc集团. |
| 再约 (约定以后再补邀请); 专用免费票 (eg 因备货卖光可用当日价格以后再购买的卡片;因故可再凭以入场的球赛票根)﻿ | a rain check: a promise that an unaccepted offer will be renewed in the future; eg Jill: Tracy, would u like to join my party tonight? Tracy: I'd love to, but I might not finish the work by lunch time , can I take a rain check? 你能改天再请我吗 eg "Hi Tracy, here comes an impromptu party即兴的party, would u like to go with me together?" "O,i'd like to, but I cannot finish my work till 7 pm, can I take a rain check约定以后再补邀请?" //即兴的聚会 an impromptu party; 即席邀约 an impromptu invitation |
| eg a rain check= a ticket stub票根 entitling the holder to admission to a future event if the scheduled event was cancelled due to rain; 因故 (e.g.下雨）取消后，可再凭以入场的球赛票根 //stub: stump 树桩, the ticket stub; the cigarette stub eg In addition, all customers who are present at the time of opening will receive a rain check for one Black Friday promotional product if they purchase at least $100 worth of other products. 可以买到特价商品的凭证 //因备货卖光可用当日价格以后再购买的卡片; |
| “让行, 避让”的交通指示牌 | **Yield sign/Give way sign V.S. Stop sign. yield sign: in road transport, a yield (Canada, Ireland, South Africa, South Korea and the United States) or give way (UK) traffic sign indicates that each driver must prepare to stop if necessary to let a driver on another approach proceed. A driver (who stops) has yielded让行, 避让 the right of way to another** |
|  |  |
| 使麻木的；使失去感觉的 | The numbing['nʌmɪŋ] news that Britain has voted to leave the European Union is the worst step backward for Europe -- and for Western civilization -- since the end of World War II |
| 嗤之以鼻 (slang) | [ thumb sb's nose at sb ] [θʌm] A look at Brexit: Why are the Brits thumbing their noses at Europe? E.g. In school, some students thumb their nose at their teacher. 一些学生可能会朝他们的老师拇指鼻子 e.g. North Korea put on a muscle-flexing display of artillery power Tuesday to mark a national holiday and thumb its nose at US President Donald Trump's declaration that the country has "gotta behave." |
| n. 暗流； | undercurr**ent** ['ʌndɚ'**kɝənt**] The suspension of referendum campaigning for two days after the street murder of an MP was a potential admission that dark and dangerous **undercurrents** had been released by the public arguments |
| 编校 | redact sth: formulate sth in a particular style or language e.g. But after news organizations and public officials like Republican House Leader Paul complained, the agency released the full, **unredacted transcript** of the call in the afternoon |
| 非主要的因素或部分的; 来自外界的不相关的影响 | extraneous [ik'streɪnɪəs; ek'**streɪ**nɪəs] Not constituting a vital element or the essential part; **[an extraneous factor 非主要的因素];** |
| not belonging to that in which it is contained; introduced from an outside source; coming from the outside, irrelevant to the topic or the matter at hand要紧事 来自体外的,外来的,没有关联的,　不关你要紧事的东西(slang); eg the extraneous interferences and factors = the interferences and factors are coming from outside, irrelevant to the topic or the matter at hands. [来自外界的不相关的干涉影响 the extraneous interferences; 来自外界的不相关的因素　the extraneous factor; 第三元素,外来元素the extraneous element; 外力 the extraneous force]: eg You should only focus on what you're sticking with and ignore all extraneous interferences 外界的不相关的影响 |
| modifier | A word, phrase, or clause that **limits or qualifies** the sense of another word or word group, such as the **misplaced modifier** "only", the **dangling modifier,** and the **squinting modifier** |
| squinting modifier: | a type of modifier, seems to modify the both forward and backward, which normally make reader confused, eg completely, frequently these adverbs //squint: 斜眼看; squint, squint-eyed: be cross-eyed or have strabismus[strə'bɪzməs] He has a squint-eyed disease 斜眼病 |
| dangling modifer | the subject of independent clause does not match with that of the main clause. |
| preposition: 【语】前置词; 介词 | in some languages, a word placed before a **substantive** and indicating the relation of that **substantive** ([语]实词名词)to a verb, an adjective, or another substantive, as Englishat, by, in, to, from, and with. |
| 自然增长 (因获得、附加或增加而成为一体); 属于xx人 | accure, accruement[ə'kruː] To come to one or integrity as a gain, an addition, accumulation, or an increment naturally; To increase, accumulate, or come about as a result of growth naturally: 增加积累 (作为增长的结果而增加、积累或产生) [slang 常识是经验的积累 Common sense accrues with your experiences; 眼界是经验的积累 Horizontal view accrues with travelling and experience. [eg The interest accrues in my savings/check account.我存款帐户中的利息在自然增长] |
| [accrue to sb 属于xx人=belong to sb] sb come into the possession of; eg The house accrues to the oldest son; eg Moreover, if you are a successful entrepreneur, your ideas and innovations generate benefits for everyone. Ironically/sarcastically/satirically, the bulk of the benefit is likely to accrue to people other than you. 大部分的利润可能属于别人而不是你 //[accrue to sb 属于xx人=belong to sb] |
| substantive (slang( ['sʌbst(ə)ntɪv] v.s. substantial | substantial; considerable, tremendous 巨额的，大量的 |
| **Independent in existence or function; not subordinate. 独立的，独立存在的非从属的** |
| Not imaginary; actual; real. 真实的，实际的 |
| relating to the essence or substance; essential: 本质的，主要的 [substantive information. 主要信息] eg [这将是一次实质性的，严肃的会谈 (slang)This is a substantive, serious meeting] <antonym> extraneous: Inessential or unrelated to the topic or the matter at hand; coming from the outside,irrelevant to the matter at hand. 非本质的，不主要的 |
| 严格准时的; 精确的；确切的 | Punctual, punctually: acting or arriving exactly at the time appointed 严格准时的; pls be punctual for the meeting; be punctual for class. |
| Precise, accurate, exact.精确的；确切的; In mechanical field, the technical engineer must measure the device with punctual precision and accuracy by using highly sophisticated gauge [geɪdʒ] //sophisticated 1. 高精密的(仪器) e.g. a sophisticated gauge 2. She's a shrewd精明的 and sophisticated圆滑的 businesswoman. |
| **局限于空间上一点的或具有空间上点的性质的 Confined to or having the nature of a point in space.** |
| 简洁的, 扼要的 | **terse [(slang) a terse one-word answer ]**  terse: brief, concise, **and to the point** effectively; **eg Pls reply me with "a terse one-word answer".** |
| 肉麻的; | You're so grody. This couple is so grody. eg This couple had a serious lovers'spat 口水战 just now, but finally the spat/altercation is ended with a truce/ceasefire; and now they return to be grody肉麻的 again. eg You're so grody [小情侣间的口水战;the lover's spat/altercation/quarrel; the couple's spat/altercation: 夫妻间的口水战] [truce/ceasefire/armistice] |
| 太恶心了 slang | It's gross, gross, gross! |
| 自来水 | the tap water (slang); eg Pls turn on **the water faucet/tap 水龙头** and I wanna directly drink the **"tap water"自来水** eg In western countries, people are used to drinking **the tap water** directly. |
| faucet | **the water faucet/tap 水龙头,** a device for regulating the flow of a liquid from a reservoir such as a pipe or drum. 龙头：一种用来控制液体从管子或桶流出来的装置; |
| 凸出物：向外延伸超出一条主线或主平面以外的事物或部份; [美]放映室 | projection: a thing or part that extends outward or bulges使凸起 beyond a prevailing line or surface: eg the spiky尖 projections on top of a fence 伸出围墙顶的大而尖的凸出物; a projection of land along the coast 海岸**伸出**海洋里的部份 |
| **a projection booth (room) [美]放映室**; **projector放映机** |
| 细微差别; (体会并鉴赏艺术平的意义、感情或音调等的)微妙的不同之处, 玄妙之处 slang | nuance ['nju:ɑ:ns] A subtle, tiny, or slight degree of difference, as in meaning, feeling, or tone; a gradation of difference 渐进渐变的细微差别：意义、感情或音调等的细微差别; eg You must be sensitive to the nuance of his tone 音调的细微差别, which expresses different meaning to some degree. [Sense my tone pls: 注意我的口气] eg It's very hard for human eyes to discern (distinguish and recognize) the nuance between the faked and true paintings, we must have a resort/recourse to凭借求助于 a sophisticated apparatus, such as microscope, to discern the subtle difference. 　 //sophisticated 1. 高精密的尖端的(仪器) e.g. a sophisticated gauge/device 2. She's a shrewd精明的 and sophisticated圆滑的 businesswoman. 　 //gradation: （色彩、颜色、次序、音调等的）渐变；分等级；（各种状态、性质等的）分阶段渐变 //nuisance: One that is inconvenient, annoying, disgusting; a bother or a bug:令人讨厌的东西/人 |
| Expression or appreciation of the subtle shades of meaning, feeling, or tone: 体会并鉴赏(意义、感情或音调等)的微妙的不同之处： eg　Wo, it's a rich artistic performance, full of nuance.一场意味深长的艺术表演充满了微妙的不同之处; You should try to appreciate the subtle nuance of those two poems 鉴赏这两首诗歌意义上微妙的不同 |
| 讨厌的人；讨厌的东西 | nuisance ['njuːs(ə)ns] or menace ['menəs]: One that is inconvenient, annoying, disgusting; a bother or a bug:令人讨厌的东西/人： [nuisance tax (slang) [美]小额消费品税; What a such nuisance/bother! 真讨厌! = It really bugs. [a blessed/damned nuisance 该死的讨厌东西] Commit no nuisance! 此处不准大小便! 不得在此倒垃圾! [nuisance-free 无公害的]; noise nuisance 噪声危[公]害; pollution nuisance 公害 [menace['menəs]:a troublesome or annoying person,a nuisance 可厌的人：讨厌的人] |
| eg Don't make yourself a nuisance or persona non-grata/pɜːˈsəʊnə nɒn ˈɡrɑːtə/ to others. 不要做一个令人讨厌的人; eg He is such a troublesome menace/nuisance/bug. //不受欢迎的人不受欢迎的人, 不速之客: a persona non-grata //细微差别; (体会并鉴赏艺术平的意义、感情或音调等的)微妙的不同之处, 玄妙之处: nuance ['njuːɑːns] |
| 听我说完 slang | Just hear me out! Pls hear me out! |
| 我不值得你的原谅 | I don't deserve your forgiveness. |
| 亲密的；私人的； 精通的 (adept, proficient); n. 至交；知己 | intimate ['intimət], intimacy eg Charlotte, the newest princess, fourth in line to the UK throne, was christened at St. Mary church. The christening['krisəniŋ] itself was a small, intimate私人的 family affair with tributes to a much-missed member of the family. Princess Charlotte arrived at her christening in a royal pram 婴儿车 pushed by her mother. In the past, christenings were magnificent affairs, but Kate and William prefer intimacy私人. In a break from tradition, they didn't choose members of the royal family as godparents教父或教母. Instead they asked three of their intimate/bosom friends and a cousin from both sides. //毕业舞会: prom |
| slang) 至交；知己,知心朋友 an intimate friend = a bosom friend = a confidant (密友；知己) eg I have an intimate friend/bosom friend 有一个知己的朋友 |
| 时髦；别致的款式; adj. 别致的 | chic [ʃiːk] eg I love this chic sneakers 时髦的跑鞋. |
| 双面的；虚伪的 | slang) two-faced ['tu:'feist] eg I know how to handle two-faced people and can even tell at the first glance who are in the habit of running with the hare and hunting with the hounds. 我知道怎样对付两面派，而且一眼就能看出谁是一贯两面讨好的人。 |
| 交叉手指, 祈祷好运 | slang) cross fingers; cross your fingers (to pray for good luck) eg Make/keep your fingers crossed! // wishbone |
| 赏钱小费 | gratuity, gratuities [grə'tjuːɪtɪ]: A favor or gift, usually in the form of cash, given in return only for good services 赏钱小费　tips/bonus; eg It's western's engrained根生蒂固的 convention/tradition that the customers must pay proper gratuities/tips for meals, especially with good service. [engrain: 使根深蒂固, [喻]使遍体渗透; an engrained habit 积习, 积癖] |
| 遵守,遵照 | [abide by laws/rules= comply with the laws/riules/regulations/descipline = conform to the law/rules = obey, obedience, disobedience [dɪsə'biːdɪəns]] eg We expect Business Partners and suppliers to abide by the law and act with integrity/honesty regulation廉正，诚实. [the civil disobedience:文明抵制，非暴力不合作运动] |
| account | account: 1) address 记述 2)To provide an explanation or **justification:** 做出解释，提出理由 eg This documentary is restructured by eye witnesses' accounts |
| (实际) 就意味着xxx | (实际) 就意味着 amount to sth = means sth actually, e.g. 这等于/意味着拒绝 This **amounts to** a refusal. His attitude amounts to a refusal manifestly/obviously. eg The new Greece PM elected on a promise to end the austerity measures in Greece said the demand by the financial bailout lenders for more labor market reform, cuts to pensions, and tax increases on food are amounting to an attempt to humiliate "the entire Greek people.". // A tariff is a tax that a government collects on goods coming into a country. (政府对进口货物征收的) 关税 |
| 无异于的, 等同于 | tantamount ['tæntə'maʊnt]; be tantamount to sth = being essentially equal to something, coequal to sth; If you say that one thing is tantamount to another, more serious thing, you are emphasizing how bad, unacceptable, or unfortunate the first thing is by comparing it to the second thing. 无异于的 e.g. His statement was tantamount to an admission of guilt. e.g. What Bracey is saying is tantamount to heresy. 布里斯正在说的无异于异端邪说 |
| rhythm | Movement or variation characterized by the regular recurrence: 节奏，律动 [the rhythm of the tides 潮汐的循环节奏]j; The patterned, recurring alternations of contrasting elements of sound or speech. 有规律的变动; Music:A regular pattern or tempo formed by a series of notes of differing duration and stress格律韵律 [a waltz rhythm 华尔兹节奏], the rhythmic gymnastics 艺术体操 |
| qualitative['kwɒlɪtətɪv]; quantitative | based on SMART policy |
| slay sb (slang) | (slang) slay sb: To overwhelm sb, as with laughter or love: 【俚语】（被笑或爱）淹没 eg Mark Zuckerberg, the Facebook CEO just did a Q&A in mandarin astonishingly in China, which slain crowded audiences." （被笑）淹没; eg She is a such a lucky girl that she found her Mr. right; and now her husband's love slays her so much （被爱）淹没 |
| 心灵相通,好感,良好的氛围; 良好的氛围 | (slang) **good vibes 心灵相通; bad vibes 心灵不相通**  vibes: vibes are the good or bad **atmosphere or mood** that you sense with a person or in a place. 感应; 气氛 e.g. Sorry, Chris, but I have bad vibes about this guy.对不起，克里斯，但我对这家伙感觉不太好  **[ Don't kill the vibe 别破坏气氛 ]** |
| eg Good news should be trickled out slowly. If you can prolong the good vibes, do it.另一方面 ，应该慢慢地一点一滴地透露好消息，如果您能延长好的信息起到的效果 eg By following rules of positive communication, we can indeed spread a lot of good vibes好的氛围 in the spaces that we move around everyday. eg The expert said laughing away problems will promote a healthier mindset, and he has embarked on开始着手做 a mission to spread the laughter and the good vibes良好的氛围. |
| 女巫 | witch (female): a woman popularly believed to have supernatural or magical powers,and often believed to be aided by spirits. eg In Halloween's party: Kids are knocking at the door and shouting "Trick or treat?" ; Wo, you're a cute witch and here comes your candies:) |
| One particularly skilled or competent at one's craft, expert, **savvy专家 //savory: Appetizing to the taste or smell: 可口的好吃的为每** |
| 男巫或魔术师 | **wizard (male)**  a male who practices magic; magician. |
| A skilled or clever person，talent 天才：有技巧或聪明的人：[**a wizard at math/a math wizard 数学天才; a wizard at computer/a computer wizard 计算机天才; 谈话天才 a conversational wizard; ]** |
| 妖怪 | **goblin;** A grotesque, elfin creature of folklore, thought to work **mischief/hoax/prank or** evil 妖怪：民间传说中的一种面貌丑陋的小精灵般的动物，被认为常恶作剧或调皮  **//恶作剧play a hoax/mischief, a prank/hoax call, shenanigan (1. prank/hoax/mischief 2. business fraud/scam/shenanigan)** |
| （有魔法的）妖怪；鬼: | genie ['dʒiːnɪ]（有魔法的）妖怪；鬼: ghost, monster, goblin(妖怪 1. In stories from Arabia and Persia, a genie is a spirit which appears and disappears by magic and obeys the person who controls it. (阿拉伯和波斯神话故事中的)魔仆 2. 魔仆出瓶(尤指产生不良影响的事件的发生): If you say that the genie is out of the bottle or that someone has let the genie out of the bottle, you mean that something has happened which has made a great and permanent change in people's lives, especially a bad change |
| 小精灵 | elf; elfves A small, often mischievous恶作剧的 creature considered to have magical powers. //恶作剧 play a hoax/mischief, a prank call A lively, mischievous child 喜欢恶作剧的孩子 |
| 模糊的；失真的 | blur, blurry, fuzzy; cannot see clearly, normally because of low eye vision, especially in long distance; eg I take off my **contact lenses**; now everything is **blurry/fuzzy** in front me. |
| 纪念物/碑/馆；纪念仪式 adj. 记忆的；纪念的，追悼的 | memorial [mi'mɔ:riəl, -'məu-]: monument; eg The gunman was killed after two shooting incidents -- one at the Canada War Memorial/monument, and another just minutes later nearby inside the Parliament. eg [the Canada War Memorial] [the NanJing Massacre memorial] |
| 大事记；值得纪念的事物 | memorabilia [,mem(ə)rə'bɪlɪə] Objects valued for their connection with historical events, culture, or entertainment, especially deserved being remembered: 值得纪念的事物：posters, publicity photographs, and other movie memorabilia.海报，宣传画及其它电影纪念品; eg a book containing the memorabilia of a life in the theater.一本记述了戏剧生涯中难忘经历的书 eg Let's record your impressive memorabilia in IBM. |
| 年代学 | chronology /krəˈnɒlədʒɪ/  1. The chronology of a series of past events is the times at which they happened in the order in which they happened. (年代)大事记 e.g. She gave him a factual account of the chronology of her brief liaison联络. 她就自己在短时间内的联络给了我一个确凿的大事记。 2. A chronology is an account or record of the times and the order in which a series of past events took place. 年表; 年代学 e.g. The second part of Duffy's book is a detailed chronology of the Reformation. 黛菲书的第二部分是关于改革的一个详细年表 |
| 海洋学 | oceanography /ˌəʊʃəˈnɒɡrəfɪ/  1. Oceanography is the scientific study of sea currents, the ocean floor, and the fish and animals that live in the sea. 海洋学 2. oceanographer ...an oceanographer working on an environmental protection programme. ...一位正在制定环境保护计划的海洋学家 |
| 电影制作术 | cinema**tography** /ˌsɪnɪməˈtɒɡrəfɪ/ Cinema’tography is the technique of making movies. 电影制作术  ...an admirer of Arthur Jafa's **breathtaking** **cinematography.** ..亚瑟·贾法怦然心动电影技巧的一位崇拜者 |
| 地震学 | seismology /saɪzˈmɒlədʒɪ/, seismologist /saiz'mɔlədʒist; sais-/ **地震学家**  1. Seismology is the scientific study of earthquakes. 地震学 2. seismological ..the Seismological Society of America....美国地震学协会  => seismic /ˈsaɪzmɪk/  1. Seismic means caused by or relating to an earthquake. 地震的; 地震引起的 [ the seismic activity; 地震波: seismic waves ]  e.g. Earthquakes produce two types of seismic /ˈsaɪzmɪk/ waves. 地震产生两种类型的地震波。  e.g. Emiratis frolicked in the snow 嬉戏 over the weekend, as temperatures plummeted/slumped/stumbled across the United Arab Emirates. The UAE's weather service, the National Center of Meteorology/ˌmiːtɪəˈrɒlədʒɪ/ and Seismology /saɪzˈmɒlədʒɪ/ (NCMS), reported that the usually warm and arid['ærɪd]干燥的 region experienced temperatures as low as -5 degrees Celsius (23 Fahrenheit ['færən'haɪt]) on Friday evening. E.g. Seismic activity is also on the rise in certain energy-intensive states after a relatively/comparatively 相对的 stable period of about 30 years. 2. **[ A seismic shift or a seismic change ]** is a very sudden or dramatic change. 突然的戏剧性的(转变，改变）  e.g. I have never seen such a seismic shift in public opinion in such a short period of time. 发生如此突然的戏剧性的转变。 |
| (传说中的)美人鱼; <美>女子游泳健将 | mermaid: a legendary sea **creature生物** having the head and upper body of a woman and the tail of a fish. eg Mermaid is a legendary sea creature. |
| a woman is so good at swimming <美>女子游泳健将; eg In swimming, she's such a skilled mermaid 游泳健将. |
|  |  |
|  |
| coffee size | grande (large); venti (super large) |
| 1) 完整无缺的，完整或未损伤的; 2) 身体各部分完整的，尤指：保持童贞的，处女膜hymen完好的 or 未经阉割的 | intact; intactness; Remaining sound/healthy, entire, or uninjured; not impaired in any way. 完整无缺的，完整或未损伤的; To our surprise, the plane crashed on the **apron/tarmac**停机坪, even **keeping intact**. Eg His honor **remained intact.** 他的名誉完整无损。  **//helipad** /ˈhɛlɪˌpæd/ A helipad is a special apron ['eɪpr(ə)n] or tarmac where helicopters can land and take off. 直升机升降坪 e.g Each house had a helipad for a fast evacuation. 每所房子都有一个供快速撤离用的直升机升降坪 |
| Having all physical parts unbroken or uninjured, especially having t**he hymen['haɪmən]处女膜 unbroken**: 完好无缺的：身体各部分完整的，尤指： 保持童贞的，处女膜hymen完好的 |
| Not be **castrated.** 未经阉割的 **[castrate, castration:** to remove the testicles of (a male) from penis; geld or emasculate阉割**]** |
| 免税的 | duty-free; The international airlines only allow passengers to take at most 2000 ml duty-free liquer. |
| in vain; fruitless | Not yielding the desired outcome; fruitless: 没有结果的,徒劳毫无收益的 eg People die each day waiting in vain for organ transplants because of a shortage/deficiency of donated organs. eg The plane failed to ditch on the water水上迫降 finally. There is rare/sparse hope to find suvivors. Finally, the rescue teams said all effort is in vain/fruitless. //ditch sb./sth = abandon sb/sth 抛弃 e.g. Samsung has ditched/abandoned the Galaxy Note 7 in the hope of limiting the fallout from（不好的结果） its exploding glitchy/faulty smartphone that bursts in to fires simultaneously. |
| 1.腐蚀 (慢慢破坏金属或合金，尤指通过氧化或化学变化); 2.削弱：稳定地削弱；变坏 | corrode, corrosion. To destroy a metal or **alloy合金['ælɒɪ]**  gradually, especially by oxidation or chemical action [the acid corroding metal. 酸腐蚀的金属 eg Rust corroded the steel rails. 锈侵蚀了钢轨。] |
| To impair steadily; deteriorate: 削弱：稳定地削弱；变坏：eg嫉妒自大损伤了他的**人格和品性** **Jealousy and arrogance corroded his characters and disposition品性.** |
| 腐烂：尤指器官的分解 | rot/decay/decompose: To undergo **decomposition分解,** especially organic decomposition,decay. eg The wooden beams had rotted away/decayed. 横梁已经腐朽了 |
| To decline; To decay **morally;** become **degenerate 堕落退化** .堕落：道德上腐败；变得颓废消瘦，憔悴：失去活力；走向毁灭 |
| 1. 分解 2.使腐烂: | compose => decompose 1) separate or break (substances) into constituent elements or parts; 2) rot, decay, corrode eg The water is to be decomposed into oxygen and hidrogen in certain given situaiton. |
| 短路 | shortcut: a more direct route than the customary one. 捷径;近路 [short circuit 短路 slang] |
| detour ['diːtʊə] **a roundabout way** or course, especially a road used temporarily instead of a main route.  **Loop around, take a detour]绕路** 弯路：一条迂回曲折的路 **[roundabout: 绕圈子的; 兜圈子; 旋转木马] //吞噬，狼吞虎咽 devour/engulf the food=snarf the food 狼吞虎咽** |
| 月经来潮 | menses, menstruation (period); The process or an instance of discharging the **menses.** E.g. I got my period this week //中国女孩子们在每个月特殊的日子的里，总是喜欢喝一杯红糖水，但是如果你把红糖说成"Red sugar"，老外多半会认为你疯了，为什么？  NO.1) 红糖 ≠ red sugar; **红糖=brown sugar** |
| 令人不安的一通电话 | 令人不安的: distributing; I got **a disturbing call** that my grandma collapsed and was sent to hospital 5 min ago. |
| heal (restore, rehab, rehabilitate) | To restore to health/**soundness/wholeness** by therapy or medicine**;** 恢复**健康的**状态； **[heal of sb's sickness 病已痊愈] [Time heals all sorrows and sadness. 时间会治愈一切忧伤] eg I've healed of my sickness and returned to health/soundness/wholeness;** |
| To repair and set right 使恢复正常；修缮 [heal the rift/crack/fissure between us 弥补我们姐妹间之间的裂痕] eg She is so mad at me coz I gave her a stoodup放鸽子 and some cracks/rifts/fissures appear between us, I apologized and tried to heal the rift/crack between us. e.g. There are some misunderstanding and rifts/cracks/fissures 裂缝不和 betweem us; and I'm here and try to clear the air消除误会. // I stood her up = I gave her a stoodup 放鸽子 // If there is a rupture between people, relations between them get much worse or end completely. 双方的(关系) 破裂; 决裂 V.S. have a rift/crack/fissure with sb. 和某人不和／有缝隙了 V.S. have friction with sb 和sb.有摩擦 //You blow me off = You gave me a stoodup (放鸽子） |
| heal-all (slang) ['hi:**lɔ**:l] 万灵药, 百宝丹 For the people who just broke apart from BF or GF, time is a heal-all百宝丹, which can heal all sorrows and sadness. |
| To become **whole** and **sound;** return to **health.** 变得完整和健全；重返健康 |
| 使恢复；使复原 | reinstate [reinstate sb, make sb reinstated　使某人官复原职,恢复原职,恢复原来的级别］: 1 restore to the previous state or rank 2. bring back into original existence, use, function, or position eg I can exert运用 my power and authority to make you reinstated. Eg "Reinstated her", this is an order. "恢复她的原职" |
| 康复恢复健康或有用的生活，如通过治疗或教育 | rehab, rehabilitate, rehabilitation ['ri:hæb] ['riːhə,bɪlɪ'teɪʃən] 　［the rehab cener; the rehab clinic ] 　康复恢复健康或有用的生活，如通过治疗或教育 to reinstate/restore/heal to previous good health, soundness/wholeness or useful life, as through therapy and education.eg He was addicted/enslasved to marijuana and spent one year in abandoning/getting rid of it utterly/completely, now he has rehabbed to health/soundness/wholeness. eg He went through a serious amputation截肢 operation last year, and spent almost one year in rehabilitation/healing. It was a ordeal/suffer for him last year. [be enslaved/addicted to:使成为奴隶,沉溺于 be enslaved to drugs/drinking/marijuana/opium] [reinstate: restore or heal to previous condition or situaiton] |
| 恢复良好的状态，运行或能力; To **reinstate/restore/heal** to the previous good condition, operation, or capacity |
| 恢复…的良好名誉 to reinstate or restore to the previous good fame or reputation; eg [ 恢复名誉,沉冤昭雪 (slang) clear sb's name; , rehab/rehabilitate oneself; sb is rehabbed]; He has been rehabilitated in public esteem. 公众已恢复对他的敬重。 / 辩护,洗脱罪名; (用有支持力的论点或论据)澄清指控/指责/嫌疑/怀疑, 证明无辜(或无罪), 从而维护权益+名誉 [ 维护权益vindicate sb's right; 维护名誉: vindicate sb's reputation; 维护权益+名誉 vindicate sb's right and reputation: To clear sb of/from accusation, indictment, blame, condemnation, suspicion, doubt, or defamation诽谤 with supporting solid and compelling arguments, evidence, or proof] |
| 恢复…的以前的地位，特权或权力 To **restore or reinstate** the former rank, privileges, or rights, or authority of. eg The fired CEO has been **rehabbed to his previous position.** |
| **(slang) 修复计划 the rehab programs; the rehabbed historical sites.修复的遗址** |
| CNN Comet |  |
| 累赘的繁重的, 费力的 | taxing = burdensome; A taxing task or a taxing problem is one that requires a lot of mental or physical effort. 费劲的(任务，活） e.g. It's known that DP is such a taxing project 很费劲的项目 eg After all毕竟, bearing and raising twins in a Chinese familty is taxing费力的, both for the mother and for the children.  //滑行 taxiing = gliding; taxi way滑行道 The plane is taxiing/gliding on the runway; tax; a tariff is a tax that a government collects on goods coming into a country. (政府对进口货物征收的) 关税 |
| 1. 费力的(工作，任务); 2. 艰难的 | arduous /ˈɑːdjʊəs/ Something that is arduous is difficult and tiring, and involves a lot of effort. 艰难的 **[ arduous and menial work 费力的仆人一般的工作; a long and arduous trip 一段漫长, 艰难的旅程 ]** |
| 救生衣 | life jacket; life vest eg Don't **inflate** your **life jacket** when you are still trapped in the plane. Only **inflate** your **life vest** when you're afloat out of the crashed plane |
| 救生船 | life boat |
| 给...壮胆, 增加勇气 | **embolden sb to do [ɛm'boldən]** = encourage sb by providing **guts** . **[no guts: 没胆量]**  eg Jack was emboldened to ask Helen to marry him. 杰克鼓起勇气向海伦求婚。 |
| n. 围场；小牧场; | paddock ['pædək] //围场: enclosure of the zoo; 大农场；大牧场: ranch eg A paddock小牧场 in the English countryside -- more used to stampeding cows than people -- opened its gates Sunday to royal well-wishers hoping to catch a glimpse of the country's newest princess. |
| 牧马人 | wrangler ['ræŋɡlə]: a cowboy who takes care of the **saddle鞍座** horses; eg The wrangler牧马人 is managing **herds of畜群** horses on the **ranch大农场；大牧场 //herds of horses and cows on the ranch; a flock of birds 一群**. //graze |
| 大牧场 | ranch: a large and extensive farm, especially in the western United States, on which large herds/flocks of cattle, sheep, or horses are raised. An extensive farm, especially in the western United States, on which large herds of cattle, sheep, or horses are raised. 大牧场：大片的农场; //crop. A crop of sth e.g. A crop of veterans are encouraged to attend induction / induction training就职培训;就业培训 so that they would be qualified to work in specific areas out of the military field. E.g Wow, there are herds of horses grazing吃草 the ranch. //成群的 flocks of birds; herds of horses/sheeps/cows/cattles; swarms of bees; a throng of people; //graze |
|  |  |
| CNN Comet | <http://edition.cnn.com/2014/11/12/opinion/chiao-philae-comet/index.html?hpt=hp_c1> |
| 多事之秋; 发生许多事情的 | eventful 发生许多事情的, full of events: [多事之秋, 多事的一年: **an eventful year (slang) ; It's really an eventful year 多事之秋多事的一年]**  eg It's an eventful week 多事的一周; |
| very important; eg It's an eventful decision 重大的决定 |
| 铁面无私的; 无动于衷的;不可动摇的 slang | **inexorable[ɪn'eks(ə)rəb(ə)l] 铁面无私的; 无动于衷的;不可动摇的 Not capable of being persuaded by** entreaty/beg/plea and petition;[an inexorable will 不可动摇的意志; he is a candid and inexorable judge 公正的，铁面无私的法官] |
| relentless (unrelenting) and cold-blooded: 无情的,残酷无情的 [an inexorable opponent 一个冷漠的对手] **[relent sb's attitude 变得更加温和; relentless: 无情的,不宽容的; unrelenting 毫不留情的（暴风雨） ]** |
| 误解，错误想法 | misconception; 误解，错误想法 synonym: misunderstanding; a mistaken thought, idea, or notion; **eg It is a misconception on your part.这是你的误解** |
| US. Soap opera | Homeland |
| 肇事逃逸 | hit-and-run; eg He was involved/**implicated牵连** in a hit-and-run and will face a trial. |
| 繁文缛节,官样文章 | red tape slang) 繁文缛节,官样文章：官方的形式和过程，尤指当其令人感到难以忍受的复杂且浪费时间时 Official forms and procedures, especially when oppressively complex and time consuming. Eg I feel suffocated/stifled when dealing with the red tapes of Communist. [feel suffocated/stifled: To become or feel suppressed; be stifled. 感觉被抑制，窒息] |
| 进来吧. | colloquial: Come on in. |
| 他看穿了我 | **He looked me through = He's on to me** |
| 到时间为此付出代价了 | It's time to pay for that. eg It's time for you to pay for that. |
| 使转变；转换…； 使皈依 | To persuade or **entice诱使／lure sb into** adopting a particular religion, faith, or belief: 使皈依 **[皈依佛教convert to Buddahism; convert to Isam]** |
| eg Bibeau, who was born in 1982, was a convert to Islam and had a history of drug use before he converted皈依, two sources said. eg We converted to Buddahism several years ago. 我们在几年前皈依佛教 eg The suspect in Monday's vehicle attack, reportedly converted to Islam皈依 about a year ago. Police apprehended/arrested him last July and confiscated his passport, but lacked enough evidence to keep him in custody, said the Royal Canadian Mounted Police (RCMP). [confiscated sth = to deprive sth from sb] |
|  |  |
| We're gonna give each other some **breathing room/space** |
| slang) 宅男 | a home guy; eg He is so **introverted/introvertive 内向的** and he's such a home-guy. |
| (slang) 无立身之处，无容身之所 | (slang) 无立身之处，无容身之所 I lost my place in the world. //我在生活中找到了自我　I find my **niche** in the life //为商品寻找商机 to find a **niche** (market) for a product |
| slang: 错的太过分 | slang: 错的太过分 out of line; eg I know, I'm really **out of line** this time. I'm really sorry for it. |
| (slang) 仁者见仁智者见智； 青菜萝卜各有所爱 | That's the matter of opinion |
| I don't buy you 我不买你的账 | slang) I don't buy you (at all); He didn't buy me. //[为你争取更多的时间 I will try my best to buy you more time] Central authorities have warned this may be HK's last chance to have "democracy." However, the activists aren't buying it不买账. They're determined to fight for "real universal suffrage" - an election in which anyone can run and anyone can vote. They'll continue to try a mix of negotiation, campaigning, and civil disobedience非暴力不合作 again and again. |
| It's my call | slang) it's my decision. [It's your call this time = it's your decision this time] To declare in the capacity of an umpire or referee: 判定：以促裁人或裁判员的资格宣布： |
| 闺蜜 | bestie slang) |
| 抗生素 | antibiotics |
| classified v.s. declassified | Arranged in classes or categories. 分门别类的 |
| **confidential** information, available to only the authorized persons, as for reasons of national security: 机密保密的：只提供给获得授权的人的，如因国家安全的原因：**[机密文件 slang) a classified document; a classified information about the national security]** |
| 解密的 | declassified: having had security classification removed [解密的文件　a declassified document ] eg Portions of the documents occasionally are declassified for public release to explain pressing policy issues to the general public.报告的部分内容有时会在解密后公诸于众　　eg A declassified document from 1949 tells how three men, on patrols miles apart, each reported seeing a UFO break up over mountains north of Salt Lake City. |
| CNN | "CNN http://edition.cnn.com/2014/11/23/travel/worlds-best-metro-stations/index.html?hpt=hp\_c3" |
| 耸肩膀，尤其作为一种表示怀疑、蔑视或漠然的姿式 | shrug sb's shoulder: 耸肩膀，尤其作为一种表示怀疑、蔑视或漠然的姿式To raise (shoulders), especially as a gesture of doubt, **contemptation/scorn轻蔑,** or indifference. [contempt: despise, scorn, look down upon] |
| 对…不屑一顾：缩小…的重要性 | * **shrug off** sth: To minimize the importance of sth： **[对失败不屑一顾: shrug off the defeat/the failure; 对财富不屑一顾 shrug off the fortune]** * **shrug off** sb = contempt sb. |
| To get rid of: 摆脱 [摆脱负担 **shrug off a burden=get rid of a burden]** |
| **扭动身子脱掉（衣服）shrug off sb's clothes**: To wriggle out of (clothing) eg The naughty boy shrugged off his muddy clothes. |
| 夜间, 发生于夜间的 | nocturnal [nɔk'tə:nəl] occurr in the night: 夜间, 发生于夜间的 **[夜间的寂静: nocturnal stillness/silence; nocturnal tranquilization]** |
| **【植物学】 夜间开花的; Botany, botanical:** to blossom flowers only during the night.  **[夜间开花的植物: nocturnal plants]** eg YeLaiXiang is a species of **nocturnal plants**.  **[botany; botanical garden 植物园]** |
| Zoology [zəu'ɔlədʒi, zu:-] : Most active at night: [动物学] 夜晚最活跃的：[夜间活动的动物 nocturnal animals.] v.s. [(slang) 熬夜的人, 夜猫子 nocturnal person = night owl[aʊl]] eg A bookstore in Taiwan is shrugging off/getting rid of the pressures of the digital age from Western countries by providing a sanctuary/shelter避难所 for nocturnal bookworms (night owl bookworms). |
| 传染性的; 易于传授的；可传达的 ;健谈的; | communicable: Transmittable between persons or species; infectious and contagious: 传染性的 [传染性疾病 a communicable disease: an infectious/contagious disease] eg Ebola is a communicable disease, which can be infected by body fluid, such as saliva口水唾液 and spit唾液. eg Metro stations get a bad reputation as dark, grimy places where travelers are as likely to catch a "communicable disease" as they are a train. [infection, infectious; contagion, contagious] |
| Readily communicated: 易于传授的；可传达的 [**可交流的思想 communicable ideas.]** eg The basic qualification for me to choose a B.F. is we must have **"communicable ideas"可交流的思想**. |
| Talkative.健谈的; He is **extroverted外向的;** and he is a communicable/talktive guy. |
| 剪裁；使合适 n. 裁缝 | tailor: a skilled person who is professional in **stitching缝** and making clothes. Eg What does your father do? He's a tailor. Eg My dream is to become a famous tailor in **haute couture ['autku:'tju:r] .高级女子时装业** |
| 护卫(队),护送,陪同(人员) | escort: One or more persons accompanying another to guide, protect, or show honor. 护卫(队),护送,陪同(人员); escort [实行护航任务 conduct the escort operation/mission; 在... 护送下under the escort of] ; eg The bodies of soldiers who sacrificed in Afghanistan will be repatriated遣返 to their hometown, under the escort of U.S. military and convoy cruise护航驱逐舰; eg Jacky Chen, one of the most famous martial arts actors in world, will give a performance in U.S., during this trip, he is under the escort of ten people, including his agency, chef, nurses, and translators. eg A CHINA navy ship is conducting the escort operation/mission护航任务, to protect an important business ship from the pirates海盗' attack when it's pasing through Somali. |
| (slang) 护花使者; A man who is the companion of a woman, especially on a social occasion: escort Eg Huangxiaoming is always **an escort** for Zhao wei in any occasion. |
| 宽领带 | ascot: a thin wide **scarf** worn by men that is folded into a loop around the chin and neck; eg The German football coach LeFu wears an blue ascot, so gorgeous and handsome. |
| the Royal Ascot 英国爱斯科赛马会 = the Jockey club in HK = horse racing= turf: eg In Britain, a major driving factor was the need to attract the best thoroughbreds纯种 horses to the "Royal Ascot"/"horse racing"/the turfing club. [thoroughbred: A well-bred person(指人)高尚的受过良好教养的; (指牲畜)纯种的良种; thoroughfare康庄大道: No thoroughfare! 此路不通! 禁止通行!] |
| 护航：陪伴或护送的行为 | The act of **accompanying or escorting**, especially for protective purposes. 护航：陪伴或护送的行为，尤指为了保护性目的: convoy **eg 护航驱逐舰 the convoy cruise** |
| 吉祥物，吉祥符 | mascot: A person, an animal, or an object believed to bring your good luck or fortunes, especially one kept as the symbol/emblem of an organization or special event such as a sports game, eg Olympic game. eg The mascot of the Beijing Olympics Game is "fu wa". Eg I believe that this jade碧玉翡翠 is my mascot coz every time when I was trapped in difficulties, I hold it and it released me from the trap. |
| 护身符, 辟邪物 | An object marked with magic signs and power, which is believed to protect body from the evil or ghost: **talisman, talismanical**  护身符, 辟邪物; |
| CNN | CNN http://edition.cnn.com/2014/12/03/justice/new-york-grand-jury-chokehold/index.html?hpt=hp\_t1 |
| 正直的 (道德上正直的；没有罪恶或过错的) | morally upright, without sin or guilt: **righteous [正直的女人: a righteous woman; 正直的警察 a righteous police]** |
| 正义的正当的：与情操或美德相一致的： | In accordance with **virtue情操美德** and morality, **candid and fair [公正的判决 a righteous judgment= a candid judgement; 公正的反馈 a candid feedback = a righteous feedback]** |
| 帽子戏法 | slang) hat-trick: Three consecutive wins, hits, or goals made by one player in one game, as in ice hockey or football 连续三胜的成绩 |
| Fukushima | A city of north-central Honshu, Japan, north-northeast of Tokyo. It is a trade and transportation center. Population, 270,752. 福岛 **eg The nuclear radiation plant in Fukushima.** |
| 工人罢工, 学生罢课 | walkout: a labor strike eg "What we're hearing is that the hospital is worried about staffing issues and a possible walkout of nurses," the official said. Some nurses at the hospital have slammed/criticized/excoriated/denounced/condemn conditions telling a union they felt "unsupported, unprepared,and deserted/abandoned." when facing Ebola crisis. //denounce: To condemn openly as being evil or reprehensible.公开指责 |
| 退场 (尤指为表示抗议离开或退出会议、团体或组织的行为) The act of leaving or quitting a meeting, a company, or an organization, especially as a sign of protest to express their unhappiness, anger, and disagreement. **[从会议中退场 walkout of the meeting ]** |
| hold accountable for | Eg "He should be here, celebrating Christmas and Thanksgiving and everything else, with his children and his grandchildren. And he can't. Why? Because a cop did wrong. Somebody who gets paid to do right did wrong and he has not held accountable for it. But my husband's death will not be in vain/fuitless. As long as I have a breath in my body I will fight till the end." //in vain: 徒然; vein: blood vein: 静脉, artery. |
| 掐脖子 | **chokehold: a restraining move in which one person seizes another around the neck in a tight grip, typically from behind. Eg The U.S. Justice Department will investigate at length after a New York grand jury decided not to indict/accuse/charge a white police officer in the chokehold death of an unarmed black teenager.  Eg Garner, an unarmed black man, died in July after a white officer, Daniel, put him in a chokehold. Garner's death was later ruled a homicide and caused a national ethnic chaos/turmoil/unrest in U.S.** |
| 喊口号(单调而有节奏的喊叫) | chant: n/v : A monotonous单调 rhythmic call or shout, as of a slogan, normally in a rally; [集会群众喊口号: the chant of the crowds at the rally; the crowds at the rally are chanting "we need human right"] Eg Garner, an unarmed black man, died in July after a white officer, Daniel, put him in a chokehold掐脖子 . Garner's death was later ruled a homicide and caused a national ethnic chaos/turmoil in U.S. because the grand jury announced the decision not to indict the cop for this killing incident. The protesters called for labor walkout and students walkout. "No Justice. No peace," protesters chanted集会群众喊口号 in New York. "No racist police." //rally: 1.集会 2. 公路车赛 e.g. 摩托车公路赛 the motor rally; the motorcycle rally ; 3(网球、羽毛球、壁球中的) 连续对打 a long rally in the badminton semi-final |
| //slogan; battle cry (slang) |
| 人行道 | (U.S. slang) pavement, sidewalk, pedestrian walk, pedestrian way Eg During the fatal encounter July 17 on Staten Island, Garner raised both hands in the air and told the officers not to touch him. Seconds later, a video shows an officer behind Garner grab him in a chokehold and pull him to the sidewalk/pavement, rolling him onto his stomach. The New York City Police Department prohibits chokeholds. |
| 象征的,象征(性) | emblem, emblematic: symbolic,iconic, relating to an emblem/symbol; [sth is emblematic of xxx; sth becomes emblematic of xxx] eg 白色是纯洁的象征 Whiteness is emblematic of purity. eg This case became emblematic of longstanding ethnic tensions between white and black, even the minorities in U.S. |
| iconic: Paris' iconic/symbolic/emblematic Eiffel Tower went dark Thursday night in remembrance of the victims of Wednesday's massacre attack. All people rallying集合 around the Eiffel Tower showed their deep condolence and grief to the victims. //大屠杀 NanJing massacre; carnage; holocaust;slaughter 杀戮 |
| system, **systematic** |
| problem, **problematic** |
| 消除误会 | clear the air; eg There are some misunderstanding and rifts/cracks/fissures 裂缝不和 betweem us; and I'm here and try to clear the air so that I wanna be reconciled with you 　// be reconciled with sb 和解(重新成为好朋友） // If there is a rupture between people, relations between them get much worse or end completely. 双方的(关系) 破裂; 决裂 V.S. have a rift/crack/fissure with sb. 和某人不和／有缝隙了 V.S. have friction with sb 和sb.有摩擦 |
| 审判不公，误判; 难产 | miscarriage: Premature discharge of a nonviable fetus[[i:胎儿] from the uterus/womb. miscarriage= spontaneous abortion 流产 // sb is to be confined: confinement = BB delivery, give sb a birth; [difficult confinement: 难产] eg 她预计五月末分娩, She expects to be confined at the end of May = She is going to deliver a BB |
| Bad administration; mismanagement: 处理不当；执法不当 |
| **审判不公，误判(law slang) a miscarriage of justice. //\* (law slang) 审判不公，误判 a miscarriage of justice. \* (law slang) 绳制于法 bring sb to justice; \* (law slang) 藐视法庭的命令 contempt of court orders/charges \* (law slang) 法律禁止令 a court injuction** |
| Failure to attain the right or desired end: 失败：未能获得真正的或想要的结果： [the miscarriage of a cherished plan. 一个满怀希望的计划的落空] |
| 主观臆测 | allegation: A statement asserting something without proof: 主观臆测：在没有证据的情况下对某事所下的判断：eg **I wouldn't *dignify* your insuling allegation questions in the press conference. 对你有侮辱性的主观臆测的问题，我*不于回应dignify*  //**alleged criminal 嫌疑犯 |
| CNN | http://edition.cnn.com/2014/12/08/living/internet-acronyms-every-parent-should-know/index.html?hpt=hp\_c3 28 Internet acronyms every parent should know |
| 换行, 移行 | line feed |
| 速记法 | shorthand. eg Acronyms are widely popular across the Internet, especially on social media and texting apps, because, in some cases, they offer a shorthand简略的表达方法 for communication that is meant to be instant.eg TTFN is a shorthand for Ta Ta For Now. [shorthand for communcation: 简略的表达方法] |
| A system of rapid handwriting employing symbols to represent words, phrases, and letters. 速记法 A system, a form, or an instance of abbreviated or formulaic reference: 简略的表达方法：一种缩略 |
| 捷径近路 | shortcut: a more direct route than the customary one. **//detour/roundabout: 绕路而行** |
| 留心的注意的；关注的 | Giving care or attention; watchful: [be attentive to sth: 留心细节 be attentive to detail] attention, attentive eg I'm so attentive to detail. eg The acronyms, kind of shorthand for communication, can be used by kids to hide certain parts of their conversations from attentive parents," [shorthand for communcation: 简略的表达方法] |
| 关心的，体贴的：留心，给予完全的、殷勤的注意使他人愉悦和舒适 | offering devoted and assiduous attention to the pleasure or comfort of others.See Synonyms at thoughtful, considerate |
| 殷勤的：通过热切的关注及殷勤的举止表达爱慕情感 | Expressing affectionate interest through close observation and gallant gestures: eg他以玫瑰花扮演了一个殷勤的求婚者 He played the attentive proposer, complete with **nosegays** of roses [nosegay of flowers/roses/lilies= bouquet] |
| （食用）肝：动物体内分泌胆汁的器官，可用作食物 | liver: The **bile/gall-secreting分泌** organ of an animal, used as food.  **//bile: 胆汁 bile= gall** |
| 【解剖学】 肾脏,腰子：位于脊椎腹腔背部区的一个或一对器官，作用是保持水和电解质平衡，调整酸碱浓度，过滤代谢产物中  的血液，然后以尿的形式排出 | kidney: Anatomy: Either one of a pair of organs in the dorsal region of the vertebrate abdominal cavity, functioning to maintain proper water and electrolyte balance, regulate acid-base concentration, and filter the blood of metabolic代谢 wastes, which are then excreted as urine. [metabolic wastes: 代谢垃圾] |
| 肺：大多数脊椎的物的两个海绵状的，囊状的呼吸器官，它和心脏一起占据胸腔，作用是从血液中排出二氧化碳和使血液吸收氧  气 | lung: Either of two spongy, saclike respiratory organs in most vertebrates, occupying the chest cavity together with the heart and functioning to remove carbon dioxide from the blood and provide it with oxygen. |
| 因余醉未醒感到难受的, 心里难受的 | hungover adj: feel uncomfortable, such as nauseous, because of drunk. slang) Hungover from alcohol |
| CNN prince-andrew-sex-abuse-allegations | http://edition.cnn.com/2015/01/05/europe/prince-andrew-sex-abuse-allegations/index.html |
| conclusive; conclusively | Serving to put an end to doubt, question, or uncertainty; decisive (对疑问、难题或不定因素)具有决定意义的,决定性的；decisively [真凭实据， 结论性的证据 conclusive evidence [proof] ]  eg She said I had sex with her on Epstein's airplanes. The flight manifests旅客清单/名单 will prove conclusively/decisively I was never on any airplanes with her. She's making it up/fabricated out of whole cloth |
| sideshow | A small show offered in addition to the main attraction, as at a **circus马戏表.** 穿插表演：除了主要的吸引物外附加提供的小表演，如在马戏表演中的 |
| A diversion that **is incidental to** a larger set of circumstances or a bigger issue of concern: 附带事件，小事 //incidence; incidental: 伴随某个事件发生的 |
| graffiti (sing为graffito) | A drawing or an inscription made on a wall or other surface, usually so as to be seen by the public. Often used in the plural. 涂鸦 |
| manifest ['mænəfɛ'steʃən] | n) a list of cargo carried on a ship, train, or plane载货单; a list of passengers onboard a train, ship, or plane 旅客名单;  **[the cargo manifest:【经贸】货物舱单; the customs manifest:报关单; the passenger manifest: 旅客名单; the flight manifest: 航班人员名单; ships manifest仓单]**  eg OK, pls check the cargo manifest before we're shipping outbound 开往外地. |
| eg "She said I had sex with her on Epstein's island. I was on his island once," the self-made billionaire/ millionaire who built their business from scratch said, adding that he was "never out of my wife and daughter's sight for the 24 hours I was on the island. She said I had sex with her on airplanes. The flight manifests/passenger manifest旅客名单 will prove conclusively 总结的/决定性地 that I was never on any airplanes with her. She's making it up/fabricated out of whole cloth."  //the emerging affluents 暴发户 V.S. a self-made millionaire ...一位白手起家的百万富翁 |
| adj) to show, demonstrate, or reveal obviously and apparently; Clearly apparent/evident to the sight or understanding 显然的, 明白; prove 表明证明;  **[(slang)一目了然: It's manifest at a glance.] [It’s manifest that xxx ]**  eg **It's manifest at** a glance that he is such a big liar. 一目了然,他显然是个说谎的人; He is a manifest liar obviously  e.g. From his personality, traits and disposition 个性和性情, **it's manifest/obvious that** he is a **thoroughbred** 受过良好教育/有教养之人gentleman who must accept a **holistic education** when he was young.  **// [holistic education: 全人教育；整体全面的教育]** Holistic education is a philosophy of education based **on the premise that前提** each person finds identity, meaning, and purpose in life **through connections to the community, to the natural world, and to humanitarian values** such as **compassion同情心, empathy同理心**, and peace. Holistic education aims to call forth from people an intrinsic reverence/respect for life and a passionate love of learning. |
| manifestation | 表现形式 ['mænəfɛ'steʃən]; A manifestation of something is one of the different ways in which it can appear. Eg Different animals in the colony had different manifestations of the same disease. 同一群体的不同动物对同一疾病有不同的表现形式。 **[pulse manifestation 脉象]** |
|  |  |
| solicit, solicitation | solicit sb for sth: to petition or beg sb for sth persistently; 持续恳求请求 eg solicited the neighbors for donations.不断向邻居们恳求捐赠 e.g. The case contributed to President Park's eventual impeachment 弹劾 and she now faces trial for corruption herself, something she denies, including bribery and embezzlement 挪用公款. Her confidante Choi has already been jailed for three years after being found guilty of using her position of influence to solicit favours (请求给予好处)for her daughter. |
| To approach or accost someone with an offer of sexual services in return for payment.拉客;【律】教唆(罪); (妓女等 的)拉客 prostitution/whore solicitation (slang) eg Roberts and another woman are seeking to join two other women who are arguing in a federal court filing法院的诉讼申请 for the U.S. government to take a fresh look at its case involving Jeffrey, a self-made billionaire/ millionaire who built their business from scratch., who pleaded guilty some years ago in Florida to a state charge of prostitution/whore solicitation. //the emerging affluents 暴发户 V.S. a self-made millionaire ...一位白手起家的百万富翁 |
| n. 皮条客；男妓 vi. 拉皮条 | pimp e.g. There have been a few scandals of airline employees behaving badly this year, including incidents involving pimping皮条客, and drug smuggling, currency smuggling, and money laundering洗钱. In March, an American Airlines co-pilot was arrested/apprehended at Detroit Metropolitan大都市的 Airport after failing the alcohol tests, police said. //[,mɛtrə'pɑlɪtən] metropolitan大都市的 ; //prostitution; a whore = a hooker; // Money laundering is the crime of processing stolen money through a legitimate business or sending it abroad to a foreign bank, to hide the fact that the money was illegally obtained. 洗钱 //smug, smugness; 自鸣得意的；自以为是的 |
| bully sb | To treat sb in an overbearing or intimidating manner. 欺凌弱小者, 欺负 eg "I am looking forward to vindicating my rights and reputation as an innocent victim and pursuing all available recourse. It appears that I am now being unjustly victimized again. These types of aggressive attacks on me are exactly the reason why sexual abuse victims typically remain silent and the reason why I did for a long time. That trend should change. I'm not going to be bullied back into silence." //belly: 腹部, 胃 |
| n) thug, mobbist: a person who is habitually cruel or overbearing, especially to smaller or weaker people. 恶棍，暴徒 eg The lieutenant aid. "ISIS is the bully/thug/mobbist, and we just punched him in the nose." //colonel /ˈkɜːnəl/ A colonel is a senior officer in an army, air force, or the marines. (陆军、空军或海军的) 上校 //lieutenant [lef'tenənt, lu:'t-]中尉 //sergeant /ˈsɑːdʒənt/ sergeant is a non-commissioned officer of middle rank in the army, marines, or air force. 中士 |
| disbar sb | To expel (an attorney) from the practice of law by official action or procedure by revoking the lawyer license. 取消…的律师资格; 吊销律师执照 //revoke the lawyer license; revoke the driver license; revoke the business license 吊销营业执照 Eg The accuser/indictor/plaintiff charged me with sexual abuse, which the Prince denied emphatically/flatly/categorically. "The whole story is catogorically/absolutely made up/fabricated. The accuser should go to jail for a false claim and the lawyer reprensenting her should be disbarred. |
| vindicate | To clear sb of/from accusation, indictment, blame, condemnation, suspicion, doubt, or defamation诽谤 with supporting solid and compelling arguments, evidence, or proof: 辩护,洗脱罪名; (用有支持力的论点或论据)澄清指控/指责/嫌疑/怀疑, 证明无辜(或无罪), 从而维护权益+名誉 [ 维护权益vindicate sb's right; 维护名誉: vindicate sb's reputation; 维护权益+名誉 vindicate sb's right and reputation.] |
| To provide justification or support for: 为…而辩护：为…提供正义或支持： **[vindicate one's claim 支持某人的声言]** |
| eg Through Edwards' office, Jane Doe #3 issued a statement saying she is "looking forward to vindicating my rights and repuations as an innocent victim and pursuing all available recourse. It appears that I am now being unjustly victimized again." eg Our society permits people to sue for liberty so that they may vindicate their reputations” 维护他们的名誉 |
| 证明无辜(或无罪) 从而维护权益+名誉 n, | **vindication [,vindi'keiʃən] 1.** the act of vindicating or defending against criticism or censure etc. E.g. friends provided a vindication of his position; 同义词： exoneration; 2. the justification for some act or belief 同义词： defense / defence |
| accuse; charge, indict | accuse sb of/charge sb with/indicte sb for; accusation/charge/indictment; accuser/plaintiff/indicter; defendant/indictee; defense lawyer |
| 未成年人 minor, under-aged; 成年的 then-minor; | underage ['ʌndəredʒ] : eg Prince Andrew was one of those named, with the filing claiming that Jane Doe #3 "was forced to have sexual relations with him when she was a **minor"** |
| drug trafficker 毒品走私贩; children trafficker | eg The court filing makes claims against others allegedly involved "in Epstein's sexual abuse ring," saying, "Epstein also sexually trafficked the then-minor Jane Doe, forceing her available for sex to politically-connected and financially-powerful people." |
| exert, exerted | [exert influence and power on sth 对…施加影响] eg exerted all my strength to move the box. 使出我全身力气去搬这个箱子 eg It also claims the royal member James **exerted "powerful political and social connections to** secure a favorable plea deal." |
| eg The self-made millionaire said he was filing提起诉讼 a [sworn affidavit [,æfi'deivit]宣誓陈词] that denies the accusations/indictment flatly/categorically/emphatically, and was filing提起诉讼a motion "to intervene in the case." He challenged Roberts to charge him with rape, the "most serious crime anyone can imagine. If she does, she will go to jail for filing a false rape charge." Dershowitz offered to waive the statute of limitations and "any political immunity/exemption." He won't exert his powerful political and economical influence on this indictment. //status; statue of liberty; stone statue; statute/statutory = of law; a self-made billionaire/ millionaire who built their business from scratch. |
| CNN Taliban slaughtered 145 children 12.18 | <http://edition.cnn.com/2014/12/16/world/asia/pakistan-peshawar-school-attack/index.html?hpt=hp_t1> |
| recount sth to sb 向某人倾诉 | To narrate what happened to you to sb: Normally when you feel unhappy or depressed/dismal, just go to talk with sb and tell your story to her, narrate what happened to you to your friends; after discharging/venting your stress发泄, you will feel happier and kind of release/liberate yourself from the pent-up emotions/sentiments. 向某人倾诉 eg If you feel depressed/dismal, just go to friends you trust and recount your story to them, which can release/liberate your from the pent-up emotion/sentiment 压抑的感情 and help discharge/vent your depressed mood. |
| To enumerate.依次数说 列举; She recounted his sins. 她**依次数说列举**她的罪恶。 |
| Friends 8x 13 |  |
| horny | Having horns or **hornlike** **projections.** 有角的：生有角或角状**凸出物**的;　 The deer has horns on head. |
| Made of horn or a similar substance; 角制的：用动物角或类似物质制成的; the horny substance 角制的物质; the horny coat=cornea (眼睛的)角膜 eg This old person's dying wish临终嘱托 is to transplant his "horny coats/cornea" to that little blind kid. |
| feel tough 粗硬起老茧的 [**horny skin 起茧的皮肤;horny hands 粗硬起老茧的手]** See your **horny hands**, here comes the cream. |
| **[sexually horny; slang 好色的; 淫乱的]**  渴望性活动的 Sexually aroused.性冲动的 eg This dirty book/**erotica** arouses the human's horny sexual characters. **[erotica:色情作品 = porn ] erotica: erotica novel; erotica movie = porn movie //prostitution,whore,hooker** |
| 盆,浴盆, | tub: An open, flat-bottomed vessel or basin, usually round and typically wider than it is deep, used for washing, packing, or storing. 盆,浴盆, **[colloquial: have a tub [口]洗个澡= take a shower淋浴; take/have a bath沐浴]** |
| slang [old tub：老爷船, 旧船; 老爷车, 破汽车] |
| 浴缸澡盆 | bathtub: 浴缸澡盆，尤指固定设置在浴室内, A tub浴盆 for **having a bath沐浴**, especially one installed in a bathroom. **[take a shower 淋浴; take a bath 沐浴; bathing suit]** |
| 水龙头 | the water tap= faucet 水龙头, A device for regulating the flow of a liquid from a reservoir such as a pipe or hose软管水龙带. eg Pls turn on the water tap/faucet. eg "The tap water"自来水 flows out of the water tap/faucet. [the gas hose; the fire hose; hoses/stockings: 长筒袜; pantyhose:女用裤袜] |
| (slang) 自来水 | the tap water: (slang) 自来水, eg In western countries, we can directly drink the "tap water" flowing out the faucet/water tap 水龙头. |
| (slang) 油精 | essential oils v.s. serum ['sɪrəm]: (slang) 油精, a volatile易挥发的 oil, usually having the odor or flavor of the plant from which it is obtained, used to make perfumes and flavorings香精或香料. eg When i'm taking the bath沐浴, I like putting some essential oils in the bathtub浴缸.  [serum: in cosmetics 精华素] //volatile: unstable, opt to change不稳定，易变的；容易挥发的 |
| serum | 血浆 **blood serum,血浆,** the clear yellowish fluid obtained upon separating whole blood into its solid and liquid components. |
| (cosmetics) 乳浆, 精华素 eg The Oreal's serum is so good, make your skin smooth and tender. |
| (slang)他看穿了我们 | (slang) She may be onto us = she may looked us through. |
| 什么时候电视播出？ | (slang) When is it gonna on air? [be gonna do sth; wanna do] |
| 加湿器 | humidifier [hju'mɪdɪfaɪɚ] |
| 对我很重要,对我意义重大 | (slang) It means a lot to me. |
| slang | **for God's sakes** |
| 一时的触电 | I didn't fall in love with her. It's just a **crush.** |
| pulp | The soft, moist part of fruit. 果肉：水果柔软而潮湿的部分  **eg I don't like the pulp in yogurt, especially the cranberry pulp蔓越蔓的果肉 .** |
| A mass of pressed or smashed/shattered vegetable or fruit matter, jam: 泥酱：一团压紧的植物： **苹果酱: apple pulp/jam** |
| Friends 8 X 14 |  |
| 把（事业）弄糟 | **screw it up= mess it up**  eg我不想把它搞砸　I don't wanna screw it up/mess it up |
| 腌泡浸泡 v 腌泡汁 n | marinate sth: To soak or preserve腌 (meat, for example) in a marinade腌泡汁(such as brine盐水 or vinegar). 腌泡浸泡：把（例如肉）泡于腌泡汁中 eg The meat have been marinated in the brine盐水 for two days. 这块肉在盐水里泡了两天; eg It's a common sense that before you eat the pineapple, you'd better marinate it in the brine盐水 for minutes. Then it won't taste bitter. |
| 走，聊天去 | hang out eg Do you **wanna** hang out? Let's go to starbucks. I'**m gonna** hang out with some friends in starbucks. |
| 就随它吧 | (slang) Come on, just let it go |
| 寻呼机 | **pager: beeper**, **page sb**: To call (a person) by means of a pager/beeper. 通过呼叫或叫（一个人） eg I will page him. |
| (研究海流的)声波[脉冲]发射[送]器 | (研究海流的)声波[脉冲]发射[送]器 置于水下产生声脉冲的装置，如回音器中的装置 **pinger:** A device used underwater to produce pulses of sound, as for an echo sounder. **[sonar pinger: 声纳脉冲发射器] eg The flight data recorder must be equipped with a pinger** |
| 扁平发夹 | (slang) bobby pin: A small metal hair clip with the ends pressed tightly together. |
| feel bummed | (slang) feel unhappy or unpleasant |
| 快看我的杰作 | (slang) see, check it out. |
| 喜孤独的人 | loner: One who avoids the company of other people. ：不愿与别人在一起的人 |
| Friends 8 X 15 |  |
| get over sb | (slang) get over sb= forget sb; He even dumped甩了我me without any predication, I will get over him. |
| 华夫饼 | waffle: A light, **crispy** battercake baked in a "**waffle iron**". **[waffle iron: 烤奶蛋饼的夹板铁模]** |
| slang: bullshit, craps 胡扯：胡乱地说废话或写 [不想听你胡扯了 I don't wanna listen your waffles/craps, keep me quiet pls.] |
| 硬面包圈 | bagel: A glazed, ring-shaped roll with a tough, chewy **texture** (有嚼劲的**口感/质感**）, made from plain **yeast酵母** **dough生面团** that is dropped briefly into nearly boiling water and then baked. **//textile纺织品 V.S. texture 口感，质感，手感** |
| 蜂蜜面包 | **scone: Yeast** bread **dough生面团,** deep-fried and served with honey and butter or with a **savory/tasty** filling.  **// savory['seivəri]adj. 可口味美的；n. 开胃菜** |
| savory | Appetizing to the taste or smell, delicious and tasty 好吃的：有滋味的或好闻的 eg a savory dish e.g.As further proof that you can now 3D-print anything, a company called Natural Machines has introduced a 3D printer for food. The "Foodie," as it's called, isn't too different from a regular 3D printer, but instead of printing with plastics, it deploys edible['edibl] ingredients that are squeezed out of stainless steel capsules: "It's the same technology," says the co-founder of Natural Machines, "but with plastics there's just one melting point, whereas相比之下 with food it has different temperatures, consistencies稠度，相容性 and textures(口感；质地；纹理). The Barelona-based startup behind the machine says it's the only one of its kind capable of printing a wide range of dishes, from sweet to savory['seivəri]adj. 可口味美的；n. 开胃菜 |
| (slang) savories 【复数】a dish of pungent taste, such as anchovies on toast or pickled fruit, sometimes served in Great Britain as a replacement/substitution of the appetizer or instead of a sweet dessert. 美味小盘菜肴：如土司上的鲵鱼或腌制水果等辣味，在美国可以代替饭前开胃菜或作为饭后甜点 |
| 生面团 | dough: A soft, thick mixture of dry ingredients, such as flour or meal, and liquid, such as water, that is kneaded, shaped, and baked, especially as bread or pastry. 生面团：用面粉或粗磨粉等干原料与水等液体和起来用于做面包或油酥糕点的软、稠混合物 |
| 甜甜圈 | doughnut: a small ring-shaped cake made of rich, light **dough生面团** that is fried in deep fat. Also called **Regional olicook**  甜甜圈，圈饼;  Something whose form is reminiscent of a ring-shaped cake. 汽车轮胎：形如甜甜圈的环状物 |
| 碎屑, 面包屑 | (slang) bread crumbs [krʌ**m**] => bread crust 面包皮. Eg I like putting some bread crumbs in yogourt; and I don't like the果肉 in yogourt. |
| 面包皮 | bread crust => the earth crust |
| 混凝土建成的野兽世界 slang | (slang) “混凝土建成的野兽世界”(指资本主义国家弱肉强食的大城市) **concrete jungle,** such as SH, NY. Eg Frankly/bluntly speaking, I don't like SH, a kind of **concrete jungle**, making me **suffocated/smothered/stifled 窒息.** |
| 头皮屑 | dandruff ['dændrʌf] |
| 你让我啼笑皆非 | (slang) crack sb up: You crack me up. Eg Joey cracks me up. |
| dilate, dilation | dilate sth: to make sth wider or larger; cause to expand or swell [**look at sth with dilated eyes 瞪着眼睛 = goggle at sth 瞪眼看]**  eg Gas dilates the balloon. 气体使汽球膨胀 |
| slang) 详述,细说：就一个话题详细地说或写, dilate on/upon [a subject]= expatiate on/upon [a subject]: To speak or write at great length on a subject; expatiate. //repatriate sb home把…遣返回国 |
| //dilute: To make thinner or less concentrated by adding a liquid such as water.稀释 |
| 拉上窗帘 | close the **drape/curtain** |
| cheer sb up | make sb feel happy; What I do is just wanna cheer you up. |
| bum sb out (slang) | make sb feel unhappy and sad eg He feels bummed/happy |
| 我刚甩了他 | (slang) He just dumped me. Where's your BF? We just broke up; I dumped him and I will get over/forget him |
| CNN Bill Cosby's rape allegation | <http://edition.cnn.com/2014/11/19/showbiz/celebrity-news-gossip/bill-cosby-allegations/index.html?hpt=hp_c1> |
| fatherly | like, or **appropriate to** a father: 父亲般的;**适合于**做父亲的  **[fatherly love 父亲般的爱; fatherly duties 做父亲的职责]** |
| Showing the affection of a father. 父亲般慈爱的; **a fatherly smile 父亲般慈爱的笑容** |
| persona | The characters that the actors/actress play in a dramatic or literary work. 戏剧或文学作品中的角色 eg In this spooky幽灵般的怪异的 movie, the persona角色 that LiuYe acts is a crazy moron/idiot. Eg In this movie, the persona角色 that the famous martial art actor Jacky chen casts is a hitman. [hitman: a man hired by a crime syndicate as a professional killer 职业杀手; A hatchet man.走狗：受雇写谩骂文章的人] |
| The role that one assumes or displays in public or society; one's public image or personality, as distinguished from the inner self. 人格面貌; 某人公开场合的形象或性格，与其内在的个人明显不同  eg For decades, Bill Cosby was thought of in glowing terms as a perceptive comedian. His public personality made him more than rich -- it made him a role model, admired for his support of education and his no-nonsense talks on parenting and achievement. However, this week, his persona人格面貌 has been paired with another much darker image because of his sexy scandal. His reputation was tarnished/stained/tainted and now he's a notorious/disreputable person. |
| **不受欢迎的人 a persona non-grata /pɜːˈsəʊnə nɒn ˈɡrɑːtə/; eg Don't make urself a nuisance讨厌的人 or persona non-grata. If someone becomes or is declared persona non grata, they become unwelcome or unacceptable because of something they have said or done. 不受欢迎的人 e.g The government has declared the French ambassador persona non grata and deported him from U.S. 该政府已经宣布法国大使为不受欢迎的人，勒令其离境** |
| 人格化化身；拟人法（一种修辞手法); | **personify, personification [pə:,sɔnifi'keiʃən, pə-] personify /pɜːˈsɒnɪˌfaɪ/ 1.V-T If you say that someone personifies a particular thing or quality, you mean that they seem to be a perfect example of that thing, or to have that quality to a very large degree. 是…的化身; 体现 e.g. She seemed to personify goodness and nobility. 她似乎是善良和高贵的化身 personification /pɜːˌsɒnɪfɪˈkeɪʃən/: 1. If you say that someone is the personification of a particular thing or quality, you mean that they are a perfect example of that thing or that they have a lot of that quality. 典型; xxx的化身 e.g. Janis was the personification of the '60s female rock singer. 是60年代女摇滚歌手的典型。 2. N-SING the representation of an abstract quality or idea in the form of a person, creature, etc, as in art and literature 象征 //To embody an idea or quality means to be a symbol or expression of that idea or quality. 体现; 具体象征** |
| impersonate 假扮身份 | To assume sb's character or appearance, especially **fraudulently/deceitfully** 欺骗性地假装…的性格或容貌; eg impersonate a police officer 假扮一位警官; **ID impersonation 身份假冒模仿** |
| impersonator | impersonate sb =to imitate/mimic sb's appearance, voice, or manner of; mimic: 模仿…的容貌、声音或仪态；an entertainer who impersonates/mimics celebrities. 模仿名人的娱乐节目表演者 eg Chen Handian is renowed for his vivid impersonation. //不受欢迎的人 a persona non-grata /pɜːˈsəʊnə nɒn ˈɡrɑːtə/; eg Don't make urself a nuisance讨厌的人 or persona non-grata. If someone becomes or is declared persona non grata, they become unwelcome or unacceptable because of something they have said or done. 不受欢迎的人  V.S. slang) a mimic: 东施效颦者  \* mimic a person/an animal to be amusing or entertaining  \* imitate a person/an animal  \* simulate (对环境/设备状态的)仿真模拟, simulation, sumilator |
| 模拟(名人等的)艺人 eg Chen Handian is a famous impersonator. |
| parenting | （父母）对孩子的**养育**(尤指父母对孩子的关心、爱护和教) The **rearing培养/cultivation** of a child, especially the care, love, and guidance given by a parent. **[The rearing and cultivation 培养]** |
| eg For my achievements nowadays, I must **attribute my success to m**y parenting from my mother. She made me an excellent **thoroughbred受过良好教养的人.** |
| pitchman | pitchman: is a **hawker** of small wares, as on the streets or at a carnival. 摊贩：街头或狂欢节上卖小玩意儿的商贩 **[hawker: 1 训练鹰的人； 2.**  someone who carries goods from place to place and tries to sell them, especially by calling out. 沿街的叫卖小贩/沿街的小吃店; **hawker center** 小贩中心熟食中心食中心大排档] |
| One who makes aggressive selling or promotional efforts. 推销员，宣传员：做出大力推销努力的人 |
| (slang) One, especially the showbiz stars, who delivers commercials on radio or television. 广告（明星）（ 广告推销员：在电视或广播里推销商品的人);eg Wangfei，a famous singer, is one of most sought-after最吃香 pitchmen in the past 2 years. 最吃香的广告明星之一 |
| hitman | (slang) a man hired by **a crime syndicate** as a professional killer **职业杀手**; A hatchet man.走狗：受雇写谩骂文章的人] //crime syndicate: 犯罪团伙, 黑帮 |
| 1 训练鹰的人; 沿街的叫卖小贩/沿街的小吃店 | [hawker: 1 训练鹰的人； 2. someone who carries goods from place to place and tries to sell them, especially by calling out. 沿街的叫卖小贩/沿街的小吃店; **hawker center 小贩中心, 熟食中心; 大排档**] |
| dignity; dignify | To confer dignity or honor on sb; 授…以荣誉：dignified him with a title 授于他的荣誉称号 |
| To raise the status of (something unworthy or lowly); make honorable: 把…夸大为： (slang) 对无礼的问题不予以答复: I would not dignify you insulting questions with a response. Eg I'm not intending to dignify these allegations主观臆测 with any comment. 对主观臆测不予以答复 |
| meme | (slang) A unit of cultural information, such as a cultural practice or idea, that is transmitted verbally or by repeated action from one mind to another. 谜米：文化信息的单位，诸如文化做法或想法，以口头或重复性行为从一个人的思想传递到另一个人的思想 |
| eg The Bill Cosby's accusations have received wide publicity in recent weeks, which is spurred/stimulated in particular by two events: a viral video where Bill Cosby is called a "rapist," and an attempt to create a Cosby meme sponsored by Cosby's Twitter account. The latter led to many images of Cosby with the rape accusations emblazoned over his picture. |
| special | 专车; 专刊; (比如电影）特辑； 特产specials eg Netflix announced that a Bill Cosby's special特辑, set to **debut首演/首秀** November 28, would be **postponed/procrastinated. //make sb's debut** |
| 荒谬的；可笑的 | preposterous [pri'p**ɔ**stərəs] Contrary to nature, reason, or common sense; **absurd and ridiculous. E.g. 岂有此理!十分荒谬! It's so preposterous = absurd and ridiculous** **[/ˈpɒstjʊməs/ posthumous: 死后的身后的; posthumous award: 死后荣身， 身后名]** |
| savvy, guru权威, master, expert | If she/he is a technology **savvy,** a marketplace **guru,** a platform master, or a business expert in the Cloud area; **[gala:** the Spring Festival Gala节日庆祝活动] |
| 熟练的精通的；擅长…的; n. (精通)内行；专家，能手 | [ be adept sth] ['ædept, ə'dept] v.s. proficient [prəu'fiʃənt] adj. 熟练的精通的; 专家，能手；精通 //技术大拿(technical savvy ['sævɪ] /guru ['gʊruː]) eg我的老师对设计机器人是个内行 My teacher is adept at designing robots. eg客户对那些工具和技术更熟练 our customers became more adept with the tools and technologies than we were. |
| tech savvy | (slang) 技术大拿 V.S. guru (expert, leader) Enligh guru V.S tycoon: 大君 |
| n /v 策划者; 出谋划策的人; 智多星 | mastermind n) 智多星, 出谋划策的人或指挥的人 v) 谋划 xxx mastermind sth (e.g. military coup, event)： A highly intelligent person, especially one who plans and directs a complex or difficult project; e..g The advertising manager is the mastermind of our new marketing policy. 广告制作商是我们新市场政策的策划人 e.g Zhu Geliang is a famous military mastermind in Chinese history. e.g. The Turkish government continues to take action against soldiers and institutions after this month's abortive/foiled/failed military coup attempt. Amid a state of emergency紧急状态, 45 newspapers, 16 television stations and three news agencies have been closed, state-run news agency Anadolu said Wednesday. Officials have fired or suspended tens of thousands implicated with牵涉其中的 the abortive/foiled/failed coup as the government intensifies its vast purge(军事，政治的）清洗运动 . Turkey's top broadcasting authority last week revoked the licenses for two dozen radio and television companies that it said are linked to Gulen, whom Erdogan blames for masterminding the coup 策划了这个政变, Anadolu reported. //牵涉其中的 be implicated with sth; foil 铝箔； foil sth= to prevent sth from being successful [expert, guru领袖；专家大牛; tech savvy:技术大牛] |
| **"Stop curisng!"** | （slang)别说脏话 Dana: "He's such a fucking dick/bastard/asshole混蛋王八蛋. All Bullshit". Hey, Dana, stop curisng 别说脏话 |
|  |  |
| wintry | wintry weather |
| mosque v.s. morgue | mosque: the Muslim mosque; morgue:太平间,停尸房 |
| CNN Comet | <http://edition.cnn.com/2014/11/12/opinion/chiao-philae-comet/index.html?hpt=hp_c1> |
| chunk | A thick mass or piece 厚块或大片：a chunk of ice 一块厚冰 [ just a tip of the iceberg: 只是冰山一角 => a drop in the bucket: 沧海一粟, 九牛一毛, 冰山一角] eg.. Evacuations are underway after a massive fire engulfed a 27-story apartment block in West London. "Chunks of the building are falling off in flames,"  Informal A substantial amount, considerable: 【非正式用语】 相当大的数量：won quite a chunk of money相当多的钱 A strong, stocky horse. 强壮、结实的马 |
| runoff | An extra competition held to break a tie. 决赛：打平手者之间另加的比赛 [presidential runoff/final; the election runoff] eg Brazilian president Dilma thanks voters for their support after clinching just over 51% of the vote-Universal Suffrage普选- in a hotly contested presidential runoff. |
| Monopolize, monopoly, | monopolize /məˈnɒpəˌlaɪz/  1.[V-T](javascript:;)If you say that someone monopolizes something, you mean that they have a very large share of it and prevent other people from having a share. 垄断 e.g. They are controlling so much cocoa that they are virtually **monopolizing the market**.  实际上是在垄断市场。 eg The CHINA mobile **monopolized the telecom services** in north of CHINA.  2.[N-UNCOUNT](javascript:;)垄断monopolization/mə,nɔpəlai'zeiʃən/ e.g....the monopolization/mə,nɔpəlai'zeiʃən/ of a market by a single supplier.  …单一供货商对一个市场的垄断。  3. [V-T](javascript:;)If something or someone monopolizes you, they demand a lot of your time and attention, so that there is very little time left for anything or anyone else. 独占  e.g. Even this is a bilateral discussion, groupA **monopolized the conversation**.控制了谈话;  e.g.  He would **monopolize her** totally, to the exclusion of her brothers and sisters.  他要完全独占她，甚至排斥她的兄弟和姐妹。 |
| monopoly /məˈnɒpəlɪ/  1. [N-VAR](javascript:;)If a company, person, or state has a monopoly on something such as an industry, they have complete control over it, so that it is impossible for others to become involved in it. 垄断 e.g. ...Russian moves to end a state **monopoly** on land ownership.  …俄罗斯人提议结束国家对土地所有权的垄断。  2.[N-COUNT](javascript:;)A monopoly is a company which is the only one providing a particular product or service; is a company or group having exclusive control over a commercial. 垄断企业; 垄断者  e.g. a state-owned monopoly 一个国有垄断企业  3.[N-SING](javascript:;)If you say that someone **does not have a monopoly on something**, you mean that they are not the only person who has that thing. 并非 独有/独占xxx |
| scrutiny, scrutinize | To examine, check, or observe with great care; inspect **critically** .详细检查或仔细观察；很**挑剔**地检查; eg The **jeweler** is scrutinizing the diamond for flaws so carefully and critically. 宝石商人仔细察看钻石有无瑕庇 eg The auditors scrunitzed our products so carefully and critically. |
| prix [pri:] | bonus 奖金, 价格; prixfixe [fi:ks]: (一客)份饭公司餐 eg **a lunch set　一份午饭套餐** |
| reciprocal | Mathematics Of or relating to the reciprocal of a quantity. 【数学】 相反的，倒数的：属于或关于某一量的倒数的 |
| quintessence | In ancient and medieval philosophy, the fifth and highest essence after the four elements of earth, air, fire, and water, thought to be the substance of the heavenly bodies and latent/potential in all things.第五种要素：在古代和中世纪的哲学中，除了土、空气、火和水四大基本元素以外的第五种也是最高的精髓; eg the quintessence of evil/sin. 罪恶的化身 eg in the movie X-man, that mutate变异 guy is the quintessence of evil 罪恶的化身 [double, triple, quadruple, quintuple] |
| The pure, highly concentrated essence of a thing.(quintessence= essence) 精华精髓：事物纯正的、高度浓缩的精粹; The purest or most typical instance: 典型：最纯正或最典型的例子 eg The fantastic alliteration头韵 is the quintessence of this poem.完美的押头韵是这首诗的精髓 (literate, literature; illiterate;文盲; alliteration: 头韵) eg The time mgmt is the quintessence of the project management. |
| latent /dormant | potential: present or potential but not evident/manifest or active: 潜在的：存在或潜在的，但是不明显或不活跃的：discover/exploit my latent/dormant talent 发掘潜在的才能; exploit my latent/dormant energy; 发掘潜在的能量；exploit my latent/dormant ability.发掘潜在的能力; the latent/dormant volcano休眠火山; His critical remark immediately aroused all her latent/dormant hostility/antagonism.他的批评立刻引起了她潜在的敌意 eg The latent/dormant volcano becomes active and starts to disgorge/erupt lava. (disgorge: to bring up or expel sth from throat); exert my latent energy and power 发挥潜在的能量 |
| **Pathology** : In a **dormant** or hidden stage: 【病理学】 潜伏的：处于蜇伏的或隐藏的阶段的：a latent infection.潜伏；的传染; **latent period =incubation period 【医】潜伏期** eg The AID has a very long latend period, normally several year. |
| Biology: Undeveloped but capable of normal growth under the proper conditions: 【生物学】 休眠的：不发展的，但是在适当的条件下能够正长生长的 eg a latent bud. 休眠芽; Many animals are in a dormant/latent state during winter. 在冬天许多动物都处于睡眠状态; Many animals lied dormant/latent during winter.潜伏, 冬眠 |
| Psychology Present in the **unconscious mind** but not consciously expressed.【心理学】 潜意识的：存在于潜意识中，但没有有意识地表达出来的; In my latent mind, I feel unsafe. |
| dorm, dormitory宿舍; dormant/latent | a dormant/latent volcano 休眠火山; the dormant/sluggish economy 停滞/疲软的经济; to exploit/discove my dormant/latent talent 潜在的才能; to expolit/discover the dormant/latent energy and talents.发掘潜在的能力; lie dormant/latent 潜伏, 冬眠 eg The squirrels need to hoard enough food for the coming winter coz they will lie dormant/latent during winter.潜伏, 冬眠 |
| hoard n/v | A hidden fund or supply stored for future use; a cache. 积聚囤积：为备将来使用而藏起来的钱或物；To gather or accumulate a hoard. 贮藏：收集或积累入贮藏处; **(知识等)宝库 a hoard of knowledge; a hoard of money 积蓄** |
| In desert, we usually need to hoard the rainwater in case of water shortage in summer. eg The squirrels need to hoard enough food for the coming winter coz they will **lie dormant/latent** during winter.潜伏, 冬眠 |
| sentinel | 哨兵, To watch over as a guard. To provide with a guard. To post as a guard. **stand sentinel (over) 站岗; 放哨** |
| blunder | A blunder = A usually serious mistake typically caused by ignorance or carelessness. 大错：典型地由于无知和粗心造成的大错 eg a serious error and blunder  V.S. **oversight疏忽, a minor oversight 一个小疏忽** |
| To move or walk blindly or **staggering**ly, unstably 跌跌撞撞地走，踉踉跄跄地走; eg Withoug glasses, I blundered into the room and fell; 踉踉跄跄走进屋子，跌倒了； |
| blunder sth: To utter (something) stupidly or thoughtlessly, without careful consideration. 笨口笨舌, 很愚蠢地且欠考虑的说出（某事） |
| trait | A **distinguishing** feature, as of a person's character:显著的特点, 特性; **//traits; traitor叛徒；卖国贼; treason** |
| **eg What traits distinguish you from other excellent elites in your team?** |
| **national traits 民族性; eg character trait 性格特征; family trait 家庭品质; mental trait 心理特征; moral trait 道德品质; native trait 先天特性; objective trait 客观特性; performance trait; 生产性能; personality trait 个性品质(人品); psychic trait 心理性状; eg From his personality trait 个性品质, it's manifest/obvious that he is a thoroughbred gentleman. 受过良好教育的有教养之人** |
| A **genetically** determined characteristic or condition: 遗传特征：由基因决定的特征或情况; I grow so short, which is a genetical **family trait**. 家庭品质 |
| a trait of = a little bit 一点点, 少许, 微量 |
| polymorphic | 多态的, 多形态的; morph: n |
| consonant sound. a vowel sound |  |
| preposition | 前置词 In some languages, a word placed before a substantive and indicating the relation of that substantive to a verb, an adjective, or another substantive, as Englishat, by, in, to, from, and with. |
| scalar | A quantity, such as mass, length, or speed, that is completely specified by **its magnitude and has no direction. Mathematics: Having only magnitude and has no direction. Used of numbers or quantities.** |
| vector | A quantity, such as velocity, completely specified by a **magnitude and a direction.** |
| lexical | 词汇的Of or relating to the vocabulary, words, or morphemes of a language. |
| syntatic | check the programming statement is legal or illegal |
| semantic | Of or relating to meaning, especially meaning in language |
| allocator | 分配程序 连接编辑程序 |
| coordinating conjunction | 并列［对等］连词, ? And, or, neither xxx nor, either xxx or xxx". ***Then*** is not a coordinating conjunction. You cannot join independent clauses with then unless you add a semicolon or a coordinating conjunction. |
| subordinate conjunction | 从属连词 such as after, although, because, before, how, if, than, that, though, until, when, where, whether, and while |
| infinitive | A verb form that functions as a substantive while retaining certain verbal characteristics, such as modification by adverbs, and that in English may be preceded by to, as in To go willingly is to show strength or We want him to work harder, or may also occur without to, as in She had them read the letter or We may finish today |
| wary | wary: characterized as being alert and cautious, **prudent** 谨慎的机警的; **be wary of sth/sb提防 [ 提防陌生人 be wary of strangers] e.g. I'm taught to [be wary of strangers]. 被教知 提防陌生人 e.g. Since I was young, my mother taught me to [be wary of strangers].** |
| vary, various | vary: to change sth in order to give **variety** to; make **diverse:** 使变化使多样化; |
| dependent/ subordinate clause | A clause that **cannot stand alone as a full sentence** and functions as a noun, adjective, or adverb within a sentence. 从句：不能作为一个完整句子独立存在的子句，它在一个句子中起一个名词、形容词或副词的作用 |
| independent/main clause | A clause in a complex sentence that contains at least a subject and a verb and can stand alone syntactically as a complete sentence.Also called independent clause  主句：在复合句中至少含有一个主语和一个动词，并且在句法上能够独立成为一个完整句子的从句 |
| nonrestrictive clause v.s. restrictive clause | Always use a comma before a nonrestrictive clause, which begins with the word which. Do not use a comma before a restrictive clause, which begins with the word that. |
| indefinite article | "a", such as "a .exe file" |
| roundabout/ circuitous / detour | Indirect and circuitous; 迂回路线, 兜圈子的话转弯抹角的 eg I don't like his roundabout/circuitous expression; eg Do not be roundabout, pls be straightforward. eg He is such a cunning/foxy狡猾 businessman, always anwering my questions in a roundabout/circuitous way, such a nuisance讨厌的人 |
| eg take a circuitous/roundabout route 绕着走= take a detour绕路 eg The taxi driver thought we were strangers, and took a circuitous/roundabout route /detour for us; finally, it costs us $100 and we were ripped off被宰了. Eg He, namely a guide, has such a bad sense of direction and took a roundabout route/detour for us 这导游带着我们绕圈子 |
| A short, close-fitting jacket. 紧身短上衣 |
| British: roundabout: A merry-go-round旋转木马; (ferry's wheel: 摩天轮; the roller coaster: 过山车；the ice skating; the roller-skating rink 旱冰场; the lift缆车; amusement park游乐场） |
| British: A traffic circle & hub.【多用于英国】 环形交叉，环形交通枢纽 |
| patron n | sb who supports, protects, or sponsors someone or something, such as an institutuion ( patron=sponsor=supporter=benefactor): 支持、保护或维护某人或某事如机构、事件或事业的人;赞助者或捐助者：a patron of the arts. 艺术事业的赞助者; Bill Gate is the patron of this tech institution; he donoted $2000 and built up this school. |
| A customer, especially a regular customer. 顾客，尤指老主顾; The Susi restaurant boss said: He is our **regular patron老主顾 and he can have some discount;** eg Come on, I'm your **regular patron老主顾**, can I have some discount? |
| **A patron saint. 保护圣徒，守护神 eg Mothers are the** patron saint for their children. |
| patronize | To act as a patron to; support or sponsor：做…赞助人；支持或赞助 ; Bill gates is the sponsor of this primary school, he patronized this school by donating $2000. |
| To go to as a customer, especially **on a regular basis**. 光顾惠顾：尤指经常的主顾; I usually patronize this Susi restaurant and I'm its **"regualr patron"老主顾**. I always patronize GAP, one of my favorite clothers store. |
| **(slang) don't patroniz me like this 少来这套** |
| simile v.s. metaphor | simile [修辞]明喻, 明喻的说法; metaphor 修辞]隐喻, 暗喻,A figure of speech in which a word or phrase that ordinarily designates one thing is used to designate another, thus making an implicit comparison, as in“a sea of troubles” |
| (电子邮件中表示开心的) 笑脸符号:-) | smiley /ˈsmaɪlɪ/ 1. ADJ A smiley person smiles a lot or is smiling. 总带着笑脸的; 笑着的 e.g. Two smiley babies are waiting for their lunch. 两个笑着的婴儿在等着午餐。 2. N-COUNT A smiley or a smiley face is a symbol used in e-mail to show how someone is feeling. :-) is a smiley showing happiness. (电子邮件中表示开心的) 笑脸符号:-) The tech giant announced on Friday that next week's iOS update will include more expressive smiley ['smaɪli] faces, gender-neutral options, mythical creatures, clothing, food and animals. |
| literal meaning; figurative meaning | 表面的书面上的意思； 引申的比喻仪 |
| homonym (synonym, antonym) | words with the same pronounciation have the different meanings 同音异义字, 同名异物; One of two or more words that have the same sound and often the same spelling but differ in meaning. 同音异义字 |
| drone | A male bee, especially a **honeybee,** that is characteristically **stingless无刺的,** the drone performs no work and produces no honey. Its only function is to sexually mate with **the queen bee** (to have intersexual course with queen bee) 尤指雄性蜜蜂 |
| 嗡嗡的声音 eg The mosquitoes droned without end, which annoys/irritate/bother me a lot, such a **nuisance**讨厌东西**.** 蚊子不停的嗡嗡 |
| An **habitually习惯性** idle person who lives off others and very lazy; **习惯性懒汉混日子; idler/ loafer.** 无所事事游手好闲的人; eg Just fire him, he is such a drone/loafer/idler in work. I don't like the loaf on the job |
| A **pilotless/unmanned** aircraft that is operated by remote control. 无飞行员的遥控飞机; The U.S. drones were shot down by Afghanistan **snipers狙击兵.** |
| loaf, loafer (idle, idler) | **a habitually** idle person, idler/drone: 游手好闲的人：**习惯性**懒散的, eg Just fire him coz he is such a loafer/idler/drone on the job. 对工作游手好闲的人; I don't like the loafer on the job. |
| emirate | 阿拉伯酋长(贵族、王公)之职位或阶级, 酋长国; eg **Fly Emirate** is a main **patron/sponsor** for FIFA |
| aloe | 芦荟, 芦荟油 (vanilla) |
| self-esteem /self-respect | pride in oneself; self-respect 自豪, 自负自大, 自尊心; Her **acid/sarcastic/barbed words讽刺的刻薄的** injured my self-esteem.伤害的自尊; **injure/hurt one's self-esteem 伤害一个人的自尊;** |
| colloquial | informmally conversational, informal oral speaking 口语的, 通俗的; **colloquialism** |
| Characteristic of or appropriate to the spoken language or to writing that seeks the effect of speech; informal. 口语的; Relating to conversation; conversational. 谈话的：与谈话有关的；谈话的 |
| boilerplate | formulaic or stereotypical language: 刻板的公式化、刻板陈腐的的语言陈词滥调 eg The provisions of the lease included no new elements,nothing more than boilerplates and stereotypes. 租约的条文规定没有什么新内容，用的都是陈词滥调 eg The modified meeting rules just consist of outdated boilerplates and stereotypes. |
| 样板文件 kind of template eg As an information architect, I need to set up a boilerplate / template for the project document set |
| talisman; talismanical | 护符的; 有神奇魔力的; This jade is talismanical, which is said to protect you from the evil. |
| nervy | arrogantly **impudent/brazen/shameless.** 傲慢无礼的；厚颜无耻的 |
| requiring **courage，guts, boldess, bravery 勇气**; bold and brave. 显出或需要有勇气的和坚韧的；大胆的 |
| Full of muscular force; strong【古语】 肌肉发达的；健壮的 |
| [多用于英国] nervous.激动的；神经质的 |
| cannon | v: To fire with cannon. 炮轰; [炮坑 the cannon crater] [figurative meaning: critize sb fiercely and seriously]. eg Replays inside the stadium led to boos嘘声 from some spectators/audiences, as the big screen flashed up 'no goal' for the initial effort that hit the upright, then 'goal' after the ball had cannoned off Valladares |
| parenthesize | 将...加上括弧, 加插入语于 |
| addressable | 可设定地址的; this memory cell is addressable. |
| food stamp | a stamp or coupon, subsidized by the government to persons with low incomes, such as the unemployed or refugees, that can be redeemed兑换 for food at stores with ration定量. 发给失业者或贫民的粮票; eg He is living on the food stamp, subsidized by government 他靠政府补贴的粮票为生 //redeem; redemption (a chance of redemption: 恕罪的机会） |
| haggle | To bargain, as over the price of something; 讨价还价; eg I'm so good at haggling, finally, I bought this **bargain 便宜货** |
| To argue in an attempt to come to terms. 为达成协议而进行争论; We've haggled about this issue for 1 hour and didn't reach consensus. |
| biometrics | 生物测定学 |
| be on for <time> | (slang) We**'re on for** 10am tomorrow morning and will head for bejing. 我们定在了明儿 |
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| inbred/inborn /innate | Produced by inbreeding. 近亲繁殖的：通过近亲交配产生的 **(hybrid:杂种, 混血儿, 混合物)** |
| inborn/innate: Fixed in the **character or disposition气质性情** as if inherited at birth 天生的内在的：固定在好象与生俱来的**性格与气质**上的； This baby girl has the inbred/inborn graceful **disposition** 天生的优雅的**气质**. |
| sth is firmly established and deeply growing in your mind and it's very difficult for you to change it; deep-seated/ingrained 根深蒂固的 eg The gratuities/tips convention is ingrained/inbred/deep-seated in American's mind. Eg The superstitious迷信的 convention, such as women must wrap feet, is so ingrained/inbred/deep-seated in old Chinese's mind. |
| hose | hoses: long socks worn by lady when they are wearing skirt/dresses.长筒袜; In office, when you wear skirt or one-piece dress, you should wear hoses as well, which is a **business etiquette商务礼节.** |
| clothes (such as **stockings长袜/**long socks, and **pantyhose女用裤袜)** that are worn on the legs and feet |
| hose=tube=pipe; A flexible tube or pipes for navigating and regulating flow of liquids or gases under pressure .在压力之下能输送液体或气体的软管 **[a fire hose 救火水管; hosepipe 水管；the gas hose/pipe 天然气管, a water hose]** |
| 冲动 | impulse, impulsive: A sudden wish or urge that prompts sb to do sth without careful consideration, just an unmature act or feeling ; abrupt inclination/tendency:冲动 eg I lamented for my thoughtless, flighty轻浮的 , and impulsive action. (lament: 1) mourn 2)regret deeply so much) |
| creed | A formal statement of religious belief or faith 宗教信条; A system of belief, principles, or opinions:宗教 e**g all races and creeds 各种族和宗教信仰** ; The olympics welcome all people of all **races and creeds** 包括各**种族和宗教信仰**的人们 |
| numerator 分子 and denominator 分母 |  |

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| meditate, meditation / ponder / ruminate/ deliberate | meditate, meditation, meditative 1.V-I 仔细考虑或思索/深思xxx : If you meditate on sth, you ruminate on it, ponder, or think about it very carefully and deeply for a long time. e.g. She meditated/ruminate on the uncertainties of her future. 她深思了未来的种种不确定 V.S. dwel[l o]n sth: to think, speak, or write at length 细想xxx; 详述xxx |
| (尤指宗教上的)打坐沉思, 冥想 To engage in contemplation, especially of a spiritual or devotional nature. |
| When you feel depressed or dismal, think about the following ways to discharge/vent your feeling: many people find it helpful to engage in aggressive exercises, such as kickboxing or martial arts. Others meditate打坐冥想 and chant或吟颂 to return themself to a tranquil state of being. Perform whatever activity is best-suited to you in order to liberate/release you from the pent-up sentiments/emotion. Tip: too much heavy aggressive exercise may be detrimental/harmful/injurious to your health/soundness. |
| ponder | pon‧der /'pɒndə,ˋpɑndɚ/ **[仔细考虑，深思/琢磨xxx ponder on/about/over sth ]** to spend time thinking carefully and seriously about a problem, a difficult question, or something that has happened e.g. He continued to ponder the problem as he walked home. 他一边往家走一边继续思考那个问题。 e.g. The university board is still **pondering on/about/over** the matter. 大学董事会仍在考虑那个问题。 e.g. Jay stood still for a moment, pondering whether to go or not. 琢磨着要不要去。 |
| ruminate; rumination | [ **ruminate over sth;** rumination**n /͵ruməˋneʃən ]**  1. **[ ruminate over/on sth]** formal to think carefully and deeply about something; To turn a matter over and over again in the mind. The act of pondering or meditating, deliberating, contemplating something deeply, carefully, at length.g仔细思考，沉思  •He sat alone, ruminating on the injustice of the world. 他独自坐着，思考世事的不公。  2.technical if animals such as cows ruminate, they bring food back into their mouths from their stomachs and chew it again 〔动物〕反刍  eg I carefully ruminate the matter about whether I should quit;however, hesitant to make a decision. |
| **[slang]在心里反复琢磨一件事** ruminate sth= **chew the cud [slang]在心里反复琢磨一件事**.; I'm carefully ruminating this tricky matter. **[cud: 咀嚼物,反刍的事情]**  eg I'm **chewing the cud** about whether I should have the advanced studies overseas. |
| 沉思 | • muse [mjuːz] 1. [T] to say something in a way that shows you are thinking about it carefully 沉思着说  e.g. 'Somewhere,’ he **mused,** ‘I’ve heard your name before.’ ”他沉思着说，“听说过你的名字。”  2. [I] **[ muse on/about/over sth]** to think about something for a long time 沉思，冥想，默想 PONDER, ruminate, rumination; meditation  •He mused on how different his life would have been, had he not met Louisa. 他默默地想 musing n [C,U]; musingly adv •her gloomy musings 她忧郁的沉思 |
| deliberate | [ deliberate on/about sth ] to think about something very carefully 仔细考虑，反复思考 e.g. The jury deliberated for four days before acquitting him. 陪审团斟酌了四天之后裁断他无罪。 e.g. There was silence while she deliberated on his words. 她掂量着他的话，四周一片沉默 |
| 1。 思考，考虑(未来的一些事情) 2 | contem'**plate**, /'kɒntəm'pleɪt,ˋkɑntəm͵plet/ => contem'plation [,kɑntəm'pleʃən] 1. contem'plate sth; contem'plate doing sth = [T] to think about something that you might do in the future 思考，考虑(未来的一些事情) e.g. He had even contemplated suicide. 他甚至想过自杀。 e.g. Did you ever contemplate resigning? 你有没有考虑过辞职？ 2. [T] to accept the possibility that something is true 考虑接受“xxx会成真的可能性”  **[ xxx太可怕, 让人都不敢想下去 too terrible to contemplate; too dreadful to contemplate ]** e.g. The thought that she might be dead was **too terrible to contemplate**. 她可能已经死了的想法真是太可怕了，让人都不敢想下去。 3. contem'plate sth: to think about something seriously for a period of time 深思；细想 e.g. Jack went on vacation to contemplate his future. 仔细思考一下他的未来。 e.g. She sat down and contemplated what she had done. 她坐下来细想自己所做的事。 **[ contemplate your navel ]=think so much about your own life that you do not notice other important things – used humorously) 〔以至于忽略了其他重要的事情，幽默用法〕** |
|  | 英 [dwel] dwell in somewhere; dwell on sth  literary  pp: dwelt dwelled   pt: dwelt dwelled  MEANINGS 义项  to live in a particular place  〔在某一地方〕居住  •They dwelt in the forest. 他们住在森林里。  PHRVB 短语动词  dwell on/upon sthphr v  to think or talk for too long about something, especially something unpleasant; If you dwell on something, especially something unpleasant, you think, speak, or write about it a lot or for quite a long time. 细想; 详述  •  "I'd rather not dwell on the past," he told me.   “我宁愿不多想过去，”他告诉我  老是想着[详述，唠叨]某事〔尤指令人不快之事〕 |

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| pent-up | hide your feeling of depression or repression压抑, not express it 不表现出来的；压抑的：eg pent-up emotions.压抑的感情; pent-up sentiments.  eg When you feel depressed/dismal, doing exercises is helpful to literate/release you from the pent-up emotions/sentiments; however, too aggressive heavy exercise may be detrimental/harmful/injurious to your body health/soundness, just choose whatever is most-suited for you. eg I'm always full of self-loathing/hatred and feel so sorry for my mother. So I feel depressed and cannot find a vent出口(感情等的)发泄 to liberate/release myself from the pent-up emtions. |
| self-loathing/hatred | self-hatred.自我怨恨, self-loathing /ləʊθ]/ : N-UNCOUNT If someone feels self-loathing, they feel great dislike and disgust for themselves. 自我讨厌 hate,disregard,blame,or contempt/despise yourself (self-esteem/ self-respect 自尊; loafer = idler); eg I'm always full of self-loathing/hatred and feel so sorry for my mother. So I feel depressed and cannot find a vent出口(感情等的)发泄 to liberate/release myself from the pent-up emtions. |
| ardent | Expressing or characterized by warmth of feeling; **passionate and enthusiastic** 热心的, 热情洋溢的；热烈的；多情的： an ardent lover. 多情的爱人 [**antonym: tepid**: 慢热的， 微温的， Lacking in emotional warmth or enthusiasm] |
| eg ardent eyes. 热情的双眼; He **have a strong crush on** the girl in their first meet; now he is looking at her with ardent eyes; ardent passion 热情; |
| an ardent lover of art 酷爱艺术的赞美者; an ardent lover of gourmet; ardent supporter 热心的支持者; an ardent protest 强烈的抗议; He is ardent in temper. 他性情急躁。 **//美食家: gourmet/foodie** |
| showdown | An event, especially a confrontation, that forces an issue to a conclusion. 决战：迫使一问题终了的事件，尤指一冲突; In 2014 FIFA, Argentina and German competes in the showdown. eg While Brazil had leaked goals in its shambolic/chaotic defeat by Germany, Argentina displayed true grit/guts/courage/boldness/bravery勇气勇敢 and then calm down under pressure in a penalty shootout点球 to book its place in the World Cup final showdown. |
| **runoff:** An extra competition held to break the ice if two teams reached a **draw平局**. 决赛：打平手者之间另加的比赛 |
| Poker games: The laying down of the players' cards face up to determine the winner of the pot in poker. 【游戏】 摊牌：在扑克牌戏中牌手的牌面向上放下以决定一局牌的胜者 Poker: **[ Renounce/Revoke!: 有牌不跟]** |
| shambolic | **Disorderly, chaotic**, or **undisciplined** in procedure, behavior, or manner: 在程序、行为或方式上混乱的、纷乱的或无组织的： eg The formation 队形 of Brazil team is organized shambolicly. |
| grit | Minute rough granules, as of sand or stone. 砂砾，砂粒：eg steel grit 钢砂(形状不规则, 带有棱角的钢砂); The texture or fineness of sand or stone used in grinding. 质地粒度，硬度：用作磨料的砂或石的精细度 //textile纺织品 V.S. texture 口感，质感，手感 //grind, ground, ground: 1.If you grind a substance such as corn, you crush it between two hard surfaces or with a machine until it becomes a fine powder. 把…磨碎 e.g. ground meat 2. If you grind your teeth, you rub your upper and lower teeth together as though you are chewing something. 磨牙 3. If you grind something e.g. knife, axe, or balde, you make it smooth or sharp by rubbing it against a hard surface. 把…磨光; 把…磨锋利 |
| Informal: non-surrendered spirit, **perseverance;** **guts/courage/boldness** 【非正式用语】 勇气，竖毅：不屈服的精神；勇气; eg The soldiers showed that they had plenty of **grit/guts.**士兵们表现得很有勇气。 |
| **grit sb's teeth to do sth: 咬咬牙决定做什么事情** eg He gritted his teeth and plunged into the cold weather. 他咬咬牙, 冲向寒冷的天气。 |

## Types of construction

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| 高级公寓 | condo ['kɑndo], condominium [,kɑndə'mɪnɪəm] [condone/forgive sb; cordon off the criminal scene 警戒线; condom: a plastic rubber used to prevent sperms from mating with egss, that is for **contraception** 避孕] |
| 官邸,豪宅 | mansion; GuoJingjing's mansion in HK ; e.g. Mansions with too many **embellishments** 装饰 can be usually very large and **ornately** decorated in grand style. However, on the other hand, mansions with too many expensive **embellishments装饰** can be **tacky 俗气的** and tasteless.  **//['meisən] 泥瓦匠 mason V.S. mansion ['mænʃən] n. 大厦；宅邸** |
| 乡村小屋；村舍 | /'kɒtɪdʒ,ˋkɑtɪdʒ/ cottage a small house in the country |
| 别墅 | villa /'vɪlə,ˋvɪlə/ n. [C ]1. house that you use or rent while you are on holiday 〔自用或供出租的〕度假别墅 2. a big house in the country with a large garden 〔带有大花园的〕乡间别墅 |
| 一层的别墅 | bungalow ['bʌŋgələʊ] A small house or cottage usually having a single story and sometimes an additional attic story |

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| insipid | Lacking flavor or **zest调味**; not tasty, **tasteless没味道的**; 乏味的：缺少味道或滋味； |
| Lacking excitement or interest; dull, boring, tedious 枯燥无味的：缺乏激情、刺激或兴趣的；枯燥的 |
| algebraic | 代数的, 关于代数学的 |
| aliasing | [数]混淆现象 The appearance of jagged distortions in curves and diagonal lines in computer graphics because the resolution is limited or diminished. 图形失真，锯齿效应：分辨率限制或分辨率降低造成计算机图形中的曲线和斜线出现参差不齐的失真现象 The static distortion in digital sound caused by a low sampling rate. 声音失真：由低采样率引起的数字声音静态失真 |
| errand | A short trip taken to perform a specified task, usually for another person. **Run errands for sb 为人跑腿**; eg I will take one-day leave to **run errands for** our manager. I will run some personal errands. |
| The purpose or object of such a short trip 这种差事的目的或意图 eg Your errand was to mail this letter for your boss. 你的差事是去寄这封信; I've got a few errands to run in the town. 我有几件事要进城办。 |
| An oral message that has been entrusted to one. 口信：委托某人捎带的口信 |
| A mission; an embassy.使命；重任; |
| V-nect T-shirt | the deep V-neck T-shirt  **(sweatshirt: 汗衫）** |
| boy scout | (slang) A member of a worldwide organization of young men and boys, for **character and disposition素质气质** development and citizenship training.　童子军目的是进行性格发展和**素质**品德训练 |
| [Slang] A man whose attitudes and behavior are felt to be naive.【俚语】 行为举止给人感觉极天真的男子;eg he is a**boy scout** in politics 单纯的政治家 |
| battle cry slang | A loud rallying集结 shout that is uttered by soilders in battlefield, especially while attacking or in combat. 战斗中发出的一致集结的呐喊，特别是在进攻的时候; During attacking, all soilders are shouting the battle cry "we will win"; Before the football match starts, the Spain team shouted their battle cry loudly "we will be the final winner". //rally: 1.集会 2. 公路车赛 e.g. 摩托车公路赛 the motor rally; the motorcycle rally ; 3(网球、羽毛球、壁球中的) 连续对打 a long rally in the badminton semi-final |
| A slogan **uttered** by supporters. 呼口号：事业的支持者发出的口号; "Never give up" is my "battle cry". (**motto**: 座右铭格言 a brief sentence/phrase/word that can inspire somebody to keep optimistic and active to achieve their goals） |
| inaugurate; inauguration | To induct使正式就任 sb into office by a formal ceremony.正式就职; Inauguration Day 美国总统就职日(即每隔四年 March.20); Obama took the oath and inaugurated as U.S. president, with 4-year tenure; then he will gain formal celebration with 24-gun salutes 呜24响礼炮 following the national anthem. |
| To open sth or begin to use sth formally with a ceremony; 开幕, 举行落成仪式： eg inaugurate a community center. 举行一个社区中心的落成仪式; IBM will inaugurate a "cloud center" in shanghai next week. Eg Many awesomme celebrities attended the inauguration ceremony 开幕仪式 of SH International Movie Festival/Gala. |
| chat -> chatterbox | An extravagantly/extremely **talkative** person,especially like **nagging/grumbling** for a long time **唠叨**话匣子：一个特别健谈的人; 喋喋不休者, 话唠 eg My mum is such as chatterbox. |
| bedroom eyes | 色迷迷的眼睛; eg See my bedroom eyes. eg a bedroom comedy = a porn comedy 色情喜剧 |
| ginger | Informal: Spirit and liveliness; vigor. 【非正式用语】 精力，活力；精神; Wo, you're full of ginger/vigor活力充沛. Eg Hi Ginger！ |
| ginger ale 姜汁无酒精饮料 (ale: a **fermented** alcoholic beverage containing malt and hops, similar to but **heavier than b**eer. 一种**发酵**酒精饮料，同啤酒类似但酒精浓度高于啤酒) |
| the deputy caucus | A meeting of the local members of a political party especially to select delegates to a convention or register preferences for candidates running for office. 政党会议：一个政党地方成员的会议，尤指选择换届代表或记录竞选人的优先权的会议; A closed meeting of party members within a legislative body to decide on questions of policy or leadership. 秘密会议：立法机构的党派成员决定政策或领导权的不公开会议 |
| gripe / complain/grumble | gripe sth= to hold sth firmly and tightly; n: a firm hold, a grasp. 紧抓紧握; eg When climbing the steep rock, pls **gripe the rope绳索** firmly. Eg **Gripe my hands** firmly; otherwise you will fall down to ground. |
| a grip or handle. 把手柄把：手柄；**(doorknob: 门把手)** eg turn the gripe to right 向右转动把手 |
| Informal: To complain naggingly, grumble n/v 唠叨生气地抱怨发牢骚; griper [slang] a person who is used to complaining naggingly and grumbling so much [美俚]爱发牢骚的人 eg My mum is such a griper, used to complaining naggingly. [chatterbox: an extravagantly talkative person]; (nag -> nagging 唠叨的 -> naggingly) |
| To have sharp pains in bowels or stomach. 患肠绞痛,肚子绞痛 I **had serious gripes** in my bowels/stomach.肚子绞痛 |
| gripe sb: Informal, To irritate sb or annoy sb 惹火激怒某人：Her **nagging** complaints and grumbles really griped/irriated me so much. 她**唠叨的**抱怨牢骚真的弄得我心烦 |
| curator | Curator: sb who manages or oversees (inspect, monitors and supervises), as the administrative director of a museum collection, gallery collection, school, or a library. (博物馆、图书馆等的)馆长; 保管员; [英](大学)学监; (校董事会中的)财务保管员; (公共艺术收藏机构的)管理人 //oversee, oversaw, overseen; oversight = negligence疏忽 |
| (未成年者等的)保护人, 监护人 curator=custody; In CHINA, the years of discretion法定年龄 is 18. Before that, normally parents are your legal curators/custodian 监护人 eg After his parents' divorce, his mother got his curator/custody right. //discretion: If someone in a position of authority uses their discretion or has the discretion to do something in a particular situation, they have the freedom and authority to decide what to do. 酌情决定权 e.g. This committee may want to exercise its discretion to look into those charges. 这个委员会可能想行使其酌情决定权来调查那些指控  **// [法] 监护人 custodian[kʌ'stəʊdɪən]= guardian = warden = curator** |
| shred | 切割或撕下来的一条长而不规则的带子,碎片 a long, irregular strip条带 or **tatter碎布** cut or torn off.  E.g. Put the useless, but confidential paper, in a secure shred bin or shred the paper by yourself and then notify your supervisor |
| 很少的量；极小量： An extremely small amount; a particle (粒子,极小量): |
| v: tear sth to shreds 扯碎撕毁撕成碎片; **[ paper shredder 切废纸机; vegetable shredder 蔬菜切丝机]** eg I was so angry that I torn the paper into shreds. |
| [ tear sth to shreds => 把一个论点驳得体无完肤: tear an argument to shreds; 把证词驳得体无完肤: tear the testimony to shreds ] [ refute/demolish/overthrow/talk down the argument; 驳倒/推翻证据: refute/overthrow/demolish/talk down the evidence; 驳倒/推翻证词: refute/overthrow/demolish/talk down the testimony; 驳倒/推翻对某人的控诉: refute/overthrow/demolish/talk down the accusation against sb.; 驳倒/推翻谣言: refute the scandal]; eg The defence lawyer torn the testimony证词 to shreds. // demolish: If you demolish/refute someone's ideas, arguments, an accusation, a rumor, theory, you prove that they are completely wrong or unreasonable with solid evidence. 驳倒/推翻 e.g. to demolish rumours that have surrounded him since he took office. 粉碎/驳倒 自他就职以来就缠着他的谣言; // overthrow: [推翻/颠覆当前的政府 overthrow/topple down the current government, overthrow/topple down the current leader, overthrow/topple down the current power ] When a government or leader is overthrown, they are removed from power by force. 推翻/颠覆(政府，政权） e.g. That government was overthrown in a military coup three years ago. 该政府在3年前的一次军事政变中被推翻/颠覆了 //推翻sb's 证词 topple down sb's testimonies = overthrow/refute/talk down |
| 破烂不堪衣衫褴褛 wear in shreds and tatters eg The beggar wear in shreds and tatters； 破破烂烂的拼凑的; of shreds and patches eg This clothes is said as a fashionable art. Maybe I cannot appreciate the art nuance微妙之处,so from my point, it is just of shreds and patches. |
| 一点也没有: not a shred (of) sth; 毫无证据没有一丝证据:not a shred of evidence； 没有一丝羞耻: not a shred of shame eg We all feel so humiliated/disgraceful for it, but he is not a shred of shame even. Eg We all know that he is the exact culprit/criminal, but we're not a shred of evidence. |
| **一丝不挂:** without a shred of clothing on body； The king wears without a shred of clothing on his body. |
| Germany which had **torn Brazil's dreams to shreds** in the semifinals, won its fourth World Cup after a tense 1-0 victory over Argentina Sunday. |
| knob | \* knob: A rounded handle, as on a drawer or door.圆形把手 doorknob; press the doorknob; turn the knob to right \* gripe: a grip; a handle 手柄；把手 \* grip: A part, such as a handle, that is designed to be grasped and held. 柄把; 如把手 hold the grip/gripe |
| glory | 经**一致同意**给予极大的荣誉，表扬或荣耀；声誉; 荣耀的事 Great honor, praise, or reputation awarded based on common **consent/approval/agreement/consensus**; renown |
| eg Mario Gotze's strike, seven minutes from the end of **extra time加时赛**, ensured Germany ended its 24-year wait for glory/honor/renown荣誉光荣 at Maracana Stadium. |
| on the way 在途中 | I will pick up my friends on the way |
| psyche | 精神或灵魂 The spirit or soul. The sight of Bastian Schweinsteiger, bloodied and **bruised瘀伤,** provided all the insight you needed into the **psyche/spirit/soul** of this German team. |
| psychic | 通灵的,能够进行超常心理活动的，比如超感知觉和心灵感应： Capable of extraordinary mental processes, such as extrasensory perception and mental telepathy. eg通灵的男巫 a psychic wizard; eg He is a psychic wizard, and he uses a talisman to protect him from the evil [talisman: an object marked with magic power and to prevent human being from the evil 护身符,辟邪物; mascot: an object that is said to bring good luck and fortune.吉祥物] |
| [bɪ'grʌdʒ]  begrudge | [bɪ'grʌdʒ] 羡慕：嫉妒拥有…或享受 begrudge sth= To envy the possession of or enjoyment of:  eg羡慕嫉妒他的青春 Frankly, I begrudged[bɪ'grʌdʒ] her youth and beauty = I'm envious/jealous of her youth and beauty  eg I certainly don't begrudge[bɪ'grʌdʒ] him the Nobel Prize.   我肯定不会妒忌他得了获诺贝尔奖  eg Why do you begrudge her success? 你为什么嫉妒她的成功? |
| 吝啬小气 unwilling or reluctant to spend money = stingy and cheap, eg 吝惜花出的每一分钱: begrudge every penny spent.  e.g. They did not **begrudge the money** spent on their child's education.不吝惜把钱花在孩子受教育上  e.g.她对用在孩子们教育上的费用从不吝啬: She never **begrudge any money** spent on her children's education.  e.g.我对父母花钱从不吝啬: I never **begrudge any moeny** spent for my parents.  e.g. He is so **stingy and cheap**吝啬的小气的 that he even **begrudged the money**吝惜花出的钱spent for his girlfriend; we just call him "**cheapskate**/cheap mit" |
| **[美俚] 小气鬼，守财奴，吝啬鬼〔含贬义〕： a cheapskate**  someone who spends as little money as possible, very stingy – used to show disapproval  e.g. The **cheapskate** didn’t even pay for the cab. 这个小气鬼甚至没有付出租车费。  eg He is so **stingy and cheap**吝啬的小气的 that he even **begrudged the money**吝惜花出的钱spent for his girlfriend; we just call him "**cheapskate**/cheap mit" |
| stingy / sting刺, 螫 | 1) Giving or spending reluctantlyand unwillingly; stingy=cheap= begrudge any penny spent 吝啬的小气的 (cheapskate)：非常不情愿地给予或花费的  **[ sb is stingy and cheap = a cheapskate ]**  Noun) **[美俚] 小气鬼，守财奴，吝啬鬼〔含贬义〕： a cheapskate:** someone who spends as little money as possible, very stingy – used to show disapproval  e.g. The **cheapskate** didn’t even pay for the cab. 这个小气鬼甚至没有付出租车费。  eg He is so **stingy and cheap**吝啬的小气的 that he even **begrudged the money**吝惜花出的钱spent for his girlfriend; we just call him "**cheapskate**/cheap mit"  2) sting, stung, stung: e.g. He was stung by a bee. 他被蜜蜂蜇了  => stingy有刺的 eg He is such a stingy guy who is even reluctant to spend money for his gf, so we call him "cheapskate"<美俚>守财奴,吝啬鬼; eg The honeybee is stingy, but the drone (male bee) is stingless |
|  |  |
| gut | **[复]内脏, A person's or animal's guts are all the organs inside them. 内脏 [ fish guts鱼内脏 ]** |
| The gut is the tube inside the body of a person or animal through which food passes while it is being digested. 肠 (幽门到直肠间的)肠子 **( gut = intestine; colon, colonic, colon cancer结肠) //intestine, intestinal /ɪnˈtɛstənəl/ means relating to the intestines. 肠的** |
| Guts is the will and courage to do something that is difficult or unpleasant, or which might have unpleasant results. 勇气胆量 [ guts/courage/boldness/bravery; have the guts/bravery to do sth 有胆量做xxx; No guts! 没胆量 ] e.g. The new governor has the guts to push through unpopular tax increases. 新任州长 有胆量 强制通过不得人心的增税方案通过。 |
| A gut feeling/thinking is based on instinct or emotion rather than reason. 直觉的  **[ 我有一个直觉　I have a gut feeling that = I have an instinct that = have an intuition that; 我的直觉是说xxx: My gut/instinct says xxx ]** e.g. My gut/intuition/instinct says No and I believe you didn't commit a misconduct/adultery; however, we're not a shred of evidence to proof that you're innocent 丝毫没有证据 e.g. I have a gut feeling that/I have an instinct that DP project will sunset soon and most of us will be fired. |
| If you **hate someone's guts**, you dislike them very much. 对某人恨之入骨 .e.g We hate each other's guts. 我们对彼此恨之入骨 |
| 拼命工作 If you say that **[ you are working your guts out ]**, you are emphasizing that you are working as hard as you can. e.g. Most have worked their guts out and made sacrifices. 大多数人都拼命工作并做出了牺牲 e.g. In DP, almost everyone is working their guts out. E.g. I'm working my guts out to earn money. |
| 本能; 本能反应/在<xxx 方面>有天分天赋/ 直觉 | 1. Instinct is the natural tendency that a person or animal has to behave or react in a particular way. 本能 [母性本能 maternal instinct ] e.g. I didn't have as strong a maternal instinct as some other mothers. 我不像其他一些母亲那样有那么强烈的 母性本能。 2. 在<xxx 方面>有天分天赋 If you [ have an instinct for sth = have talents ], you are naturally good at it or able to do it, having talent 天分天赋/ => Talent is the natural ability to do something well. 天赋  e.g. He seems to have an instinct for smart advertising and marketing. 他在广告方面 有天分天赋。 E.g. She seems to have an instinct for business. 他好像在做生意上有天分天赋 3.N If it is your instinct to do something, you feel that it is natural and right to do it. 本能的反应 [ 我的本能反应 my first instinct V.S. 第二天性， 第二本能 my second nature ] e.g. I should've gone with my first instinct, which was not to do the interview. 我应该凭我的本能反应行事，那就是，不去面试。 4.N Instinct is a gut feeling or emotional feeling, rather than an opinion or idea based on facts, that something is the case. 直觉 [ instinct = gut, e.g. I have a gut feeling that xxx = I have an instinct that 我的直觉是] e.g. There is scientific evidence to support our instinct/gut/intuition that being surrounded by plants is good for health. 有科学证据表明我们的直觉是正确的 |
| 直觉 | • intuition /ˌɪntjʊˈɪʃən/ Your intuition or your intuitions are unexplained feelings that something is true even when you have no evidence or proof of it.  E.g. Her intuition/gut/instinct was telling her that something was wrong. 她的直觉在告诉xxx e.g. Her gut/instinct/intuition was telling her that DP project will end its life maybe soon because of exodus of clients, esp. with the desperately sluggish economy. However, I beg to differ (恕我不能赞同; 恕我不敢苟同 ) eg Rules of thumb, or heuristics, can assist you in making good decisions in situations that defy/challenge statistical analysis. People use rules of thumb/heuristics consciously and unconsciously. When used unconsciously, rules of thumb or heuristics result in judgments that are actually based on intuition. Conscious calculation may be sufficient in situations with known risks, but in situations with unknown risks, “intuition/gut/instinct is indispensable (absolutely essential and vital 不可缺少的；绝对必要的).” |
| volley | 一定数目枪弹的**同时**射击, 齐射 A simultaneous discharge or eruption of a number of missiles, rifles, or **muskets步枪**.  **[volley the missiles/rifles/muskets]**  Eg Soldiers volley the muskets/rifles shots at the **assailants.** 用步枪向来敌**群射齐射 => riddle sth with bullets/gunsfire (用子弹) 把…打得千疮百孔 e.g. Unknown attackers riddled two homes with gunfire.   不明来路的袭击者用枪把两座房屋打得千疮百孔** |
| [Sports]【体育运动】在球触地以前击 [volley the ball]= to strike a ball before it touches the ground. eg With the game deadlocked/stalemated/ at 0-0 after 90 minutes, substitute替补 Gotze provided the game's decisive moment with a touch of magic. The Bayern Munich star took Schurrle's pass on his chest before displaying exquisite technique to volley the ball past Sergio Romero. |
| musket / rifle | 步枪 eg Soldiers **volley** the **muskets/rifles** shots at the **assailants** 用步枪向来敌**群射齐射 [ammunition; cannon; artillery; hand grenade; landmine地雷; rifle/musket]** |
| converge, convergence | To come together from different directions and meet in the same place:会合：从不同方向汇聚到一起 eg Let's converge in the airport station, terminal 2, at 10:00, OK? Deal, we**'re on for** 10:00 tomorrow morning at the airport station.我们**定在了**明早 |
| restropect; retrospective | 对过去事情的回顾、审度或反思反省 A review, survey, or contemplation /pondering/meditation of things in the past. [In retrospect 回顾] 简单的历史回顾: a brief historical retrospect; eg回想起来, 那是她一生最幸福的日子 In retrospect, the time in Vancouver is the happiest day of her life. Eg In Agile, we have a "retrospective meeting" to conclude the experiences and lesson we learnt. |
| speaking with the devil | 说曹操曹cojiudao |
| trophy | A prize or **memento/souvenir/keepsake** 纪念品**,** such as a **cup奖杯, medal,** or **plaque奖牌,匾,奖章,** received as a symbol of victory and success, especially in sports. 作为胜利的象征而授予的奖品或纪念品，例如奖杯cup 或 plaque 奖牌,匾,奖章 |
| A **memento or keepsake**, as of one's personal achievements. 如个人成就的纪念品 eg I was awarded with an IBM fantastic trophy as the final winner in the Toaster Master presentation contest. |
| [Architecture]: An **ornamental marble** carving or bronze casting depicting a group of weapons or armor placed upon a square or **circular** base. 【建筑学】 战利品雕饰：置于一正方形或圆形底座之上的，图形为一堆武器或盔甲的装饰性大理石石雕或铜雕 |
| clerk | A person who works in an office performing such tasks as keeping records, attending to correspondence, or filing. 职员：在办公室工作的人员，从事诸如保管档案记录、保持通信联系或归档备案等工作 <美> 店员 A person who works at a sales counter or service desk, as at a store or hotel. A cleric.教士 |
| hone | A fine-grained whetstone for giving a sharp edge to a cutting tool. 细磨刀石：纹理细密的磨刀，可使切削工具刀刃锋利; A tool with a rotating abrasive tip for enlarging holes to precise dimensions.磨孔机 |
| 磨练训练：使完美，使更强烈或有效：To make more perfect, intense or effective by long exercise  eg 一个演讲者通过长期练习来磨练提高她的口才 a perfect speaker normally honed her presentation skills by long practice.; I wanna attend the "Toaster master" to hone my presentation skills, specially in English. |
| on the ground | **到底**发生了什么了 (to emphasize the tone) what's **on the ground** happening? what's happening on the ground? [What's **the hell** happening? What **the hell** happened?] |
| set sb up | set sb up = frame sb 陷害: trap sb in a **pitfall陷阱** intentionally with **malicious** purpose恶意的; You're an evil; you **set me up/framed me**..I'm innocent |
| speaker | A: Lily is calling in/ Lily is waiting on the line B: **Connect her**, and **put her on the speaker //**on the line: 处于危险中；模棱两可. |
| see through | 看穿了什么; I made this **pitfall/conspiracy** and wanna **set her up陷害**, but I'm afraid that she has seen through it. |
| son of a bitch |  |
| source/insider | 内线; I got one **classified机密的** document from a source/insider in FBI; eg I got the **dope** from a source/insider in FBI.  **[dope: <美口>内幕, 消息]** |
| pinpoint | To locate or identify with precision. 精确地定位或确认 pinpoint the location in the map exactly; eg My eyes have low vision, and I cannot pinpoint the location exactly in the map. |
| obsolete | a) out of date and no longer in use; eg This wearing style is obsolete and u'd better get rid of it. |
| ranking | 你现在是老大了 You're the ranking now = you're the most boss now |
| status | What's your status now? |
|  |  |
| apprehend; apprehension | apprehend sb = arrest sb: to take sb into custody or jail; [synonym: arrest:逮捕：置于监禁中]; apprehended the murderer.逮捕凶手; the culprit/criminal has been apprehended/arrested |
| 从精神上把握,了解，领悟： To grasp and gripe sth mentally; understand: a president-select candidate must apprehend the significance of geopolitical issues. |
| post | 请随时通知到我 pls **keep me posted** = pls keep me notified in real time. **[goal post: 【体育运动】 球门柱]** |
| turn oneself in | 自首 Try to convince/**induce** her to turn herself in. |
| surrender oneself to | He **gave me his words/promised** that he will **surrender himself to** the police eventually = he will turn himself into the police |
| taxonomy | The classification of organisms in an ordered system that indicates natural relationships. 分类系统：显示自然界关联的生物体系统分类法 The science, laws, or principles of classification; systematics. 分类学：分类法的学科、规则或原则；分类法 |
| ethic, ethical | 伦理：一套道德原则 a set of principles of right conduct,especially from the point of **morality** |
| ethnic | 种族的 relating to sizable groups of people sharing a common and **distinctive独特的** racial, national, religious, linguistic, or cultural heritage. |
| redeem, redemption | 解救赎回 redeem sb = rescue sb by **ransom赎金;** The rich's son was kidnapped by bandits; and finally the family redeemed the boy by paying a large sum of **ransom** |
| 兑换成(现金) To convert sth into another format of substance, especially the cash. Eg 把股票兑换成现金:redeem stocks to cash; eg The "**food stamp 粮票**" is a coupon subsized by government for the low incomers, which can be **redeemed for兑换 food** |
| 救赎：从罪恶及其后果的状况中解救出来 　**[ a chance of redemption　一个恕罪的机会]** To save sb from a state of **sinfulness** and its consequences. Movie "ShawShack's redemption" [**sinful**: Marked by or full of sin 有罪的, 罪孽深重的] |
| second-guess；second guess n/v | 马后炮：结果知晓后的批评或指责 To criticize a decision after its outcome is known. Eg I hate your second-guess. Don't second-guess my decision. |
| 预言或预期： To predict or anticipate: |
| 因犯罪、犯法、犯错或违约 而丧失或被没收的物品 | Sth lost, confiscated, or surrendered or subject as punishment for a crime, an offense, an error, or a breach of contract. eg Her health was the forfeit she paid for working too hard. 她的健康的丧失是辛劳过度所致; eg His house is confiscated by bank as a forfeit bz of a breach of business contract. |
| A game in which forfeits are demanded. 罚物游戏：一种游戏，必须有惩罚物; Something placed in escrow and then **redeemed** after payment of a fine.罚物游戏的抵押物：写于契据之上在付清罚金之后**赎回**的物品 |
| v confiscate: forfeit/confiscate a motor licence 汽车执照被没收 **[吊销驾驶执照** revoke the driver/lawyer license] eg The police confiscated/forfeited my driver license and revoked it bz of my **breach of** traffic rules. [**bleach**: To make white or colorless.漂白] |
|  | 作为惩罚丧失某物的行为,(地位、权利, 生命等的)丧失 The act of surrendering or lossing sth as a forfeit for crime, offense, error, or breach of contract, a punishment. |
| forfeiture | 没收物；罚金 Something that is forfeited or confiscated; a penalty. a forfeiture = fine as the punishment |
| courageous | Having courage, guts,and boldness; [synonym: brave] eg He, who sacrificed, is the most courageous man I've never met; his body will be **repatriated**遣返 back home. |
| beckon | 发信号或召唤招呼，如通过点头或挥手表示 To signal or **summon,** as by nodding or waving hands. eg He beckoned with his hand. 他用手招呼; **命运呼唤** Destiny beckoned. **[beacon: 灯塔; bacon:熏肉]** |
| To make a signaling or summoning gesture. 打手势：做一个发信号或召唤的姿势 n:一个召唤的姿势, 招手: **a gesture of summons/beckon** |
| bewilder | 使为难，使迷惑, To confuse especially with numerous conflicting situations [Synonyms: confuse, puzzle] eg I feel bewildered by the current conflicting situation,and I don't know how to draw the course/orbit of my life. My gut told me that I should quit. 我的直觉告诉我 |
| 使迷失方向 bewilder sb=disorient sb,to cause sb to lose the sensen of direction; [synonym: disorient] eg蜿蜒弯曲的洞穴使我们很快便失去了方向 The twists and turns in the cave bewildered/disoriented us soon. eg我被市里错综复杂的街道弄糊涂了,失去了方向 I was totally bewildered/disoriented by the maze/labyrinth 迷宫 of streets in the city. //(literal meaning ) 迷宫；迷路；(figurative meaning) 像迷宫一样难解的事物: labyrinth ['læbərɪnθ] |
| bewildering; bewilderment: the state of being bewildered 迷惑不解的性质[状态]; 令人迷惑的纠纷[混乱] |
| disorient, disorientation | eg 酩酊大醉, 东南西北全然不辨 I got heavily drunk and totally disoriented. |
| slumber n/v | To sleep. 睡觉; To be dormant or quiescent. 静止：处于休眠的或静止的 |
| dissect | 解剖 [**anatomy: 剖析, 解剖学, anatomical**] To cut apart or separate (tissue or organ) from body, especially for **anatomical** study and research. Eg My friend is a doctor, as a **houseman/intern,** he must dissect animals's organ for **anatomical study**. |
| **[figurative meaning] 瓦解** Eg Kroos' **corner kick** dissected/overwhelm the Argentine defense. |
| 仔细剖析, 仔细检查、分析或详细评论 dissect sth= to examine, analyze, or criticize **in minute detail**: eg In **retrospective meeting,** we need to dissect the project plan afterward to learn the lessons why it had failed. [Synonyms at analyze] |
| degenerate; degeneration | 从先前或最初的状态**衰落**的，如在功能或性质方面, 走下坡的，衰退的： Having declined, as in function or nature, from a former or original state: eg a degenerate life form. 一种退化了的生命形式 eg Her health degenerates rapidly. = her health is aggravated 她的健康状况迅速恶化 |
| 在质量方面下降,退化，变质： to decline in quality:： The quality of his writing degenerated as he is addicted to drinks.他的写作质量随着他的酗喝而变质 |
| 堕落的：降到**低等的**或不合社会道德标准的状态的，尤指在精神或道德品质方面 Having fallen to an **inferior** or undesirable state, especially in mental, spiritual, **moral and ethical** qualities. Eg He has **abandoned himself** and allow himself to degenerate to an inferior state. |
| sail | 启航, 开船; n.帆, 篷, 航行 voyage; **[proverb] I can't change the direction of the wind, but I can adjust my sails to always reach my destination.** - Jimmy Dean |
| adorn | 使增色,为…增添美；装饰 adorn sb=to enhance the beauty, **splendor, glamor迷人的美, or glory** of, to ornament sb (n/v); **Bobby Brown**'s cosmetics **adorn** the faces of VIPs such as Michelle Obama and the **Duchess of Cambridge**, who wore the brand on her wedding day. |
| synonym: decorate/ornament/embellish sth; decoration/ornament/embellishment; renovate 装修: my house is under renovation. |
| mail-order | **Bobbi Brown**, with stores in 68 countries today, the company has grown from a **mail-order邮购的** business in the early 90s to a **staple** in women's makeup bags from London to Beijing. Eg We provide the free mail-order services. |
| forgo | forgo sth: To abstain from; relinquish, abandon, waive, renounce 弃绝；放弃 eg Maybe all girls will forgo the trendy things that come out every season, they don't need it; however, they never forgo the makeups. [cargo: The freight carried by a ship, an aircraft, or another vehicle.船舶、飞机或其它交通工具运载的货物] //abstain from smoking; abstain from coffee; abstain from alcohol |
| greasy | Containing grease, especially too much grease: 油腻的：含有油脂的; a greasy hamburger. 油腻的汉堡包 |
| Suggestive of grease in slickness or slipperiness:滑溜的；油滑的; a greasy character.滑头滑脑的角色 |
| "When I started the company, my mission was to make a lipstick that looked like lips naturally, because most of the lipsticks on the market looked **artificial,** they were **greasy** and they smelled bad," |
| course/orbit | 轨道;　**determine/change the course/orbit of my life; [proverb]** I cannot change the direction of the wind, but I can adjust my sails/voyage always to my own destination. I can determine the course/orbit of my life |
| 24: on your knees/ on the ground | on your knees = on the ground = crouch ; eg **[police] On your knees right now, put hands behind your head. On the ground right now, put hands behind your head.** |
| out of the way | 借过。 警察办事， 请借过 police emergency, out of the way. Move! ; Out of the way pls! |
| treason; traitor | Violation of allegiance/fidelity忠诚 toward one's country or sovereign, especially the betrayal of one's country by waging war against it or by consciously and purposely acting to aid its enemies. 叛国罪 eg He committed the treason and will be under official interrogation审问; finally he will be transferred to another custody羁押 //pledge allegience to sb. //patriot, patriotic |
| keep me posted | pls keep me posted = keep me notified of the latest information in real time. |
| apprehend | 1) understand 2)apprehend sb = arrest sb; sb is apprehended/arrested; eg The **culprit** has been apprehended/arrested. |
| you read my mind | 你很懂我 |
| speak of the devil | 说曹操曹操就道 |
| set sb up | 诬陷 I was set up…I swear to the God, I'm innocent; eg He was set up as a traitor |
| demilitarization zone | 非军事化qu |
| psychoanalyze | 用心理分析治疗 |
| footprint | 脚印：脚在表面上留下的轮廓或凹痕 An outline or **indentation** left by a foot on a surface. **[synonym] footmark ,footstep** |
| 宇航飞船的**预定**着陆点 A **designated** area within which a spacecraft ***is supposed to应该*** land. |
| 被器械或某现象伪装或遮盖的指定区域,通信的覆盖区： A designated area affected or covered by a device or phenomenon, especially the telecommunication coverage通信的覆盖区. [synonym: footprint = coverage] eg the footprint of a microcomputer 微型电子计算机的覆盖区； the footprint of a communications satellite. 通信卫星的覆盖区 eg Self-run data centers are generally capital intensive. They have a significant physical footprint, requiring allocations of space, hardware (eg server rack), and environmental controls (eg temperature, humidity, anti-static). |
| entice | 被希望或欲望所吸引；诱惑 [Synonyms lure,tempt, temptation/bait诱惑物,]: entice sb = to attract sb by arousing hope, desire, bait or temptation 诱惑物, lure;： entice/lure/allure sb. into doing sth; entice sb. to do sth. 诱惑怂恿某人做某事 eg The promise of higher pay and working overseas enticed me into the new job. eg The slutty hooker enticed/lured him into prostitution. eg The drug trafficker毒品走私贩 enticed him into smuggling the marijuana by luring him that he can earn lots of money. |
| induce | 用影响或劝告来引导，劝导， 劝诱某人或行动 To lead sb to do sth by influence or persuasion. [Synonyms persuade] induce sb. to do sth.= persuade sb to do 劝导劝诱某人做某事 eg The father finally induced his son, the suspected culprit/perpetrator, to turn himself in/ surrender himself to cops 劝导自首. |
| **引起,导致** induce sth= to bring about sth or stimulate the **occurrence** of sth; [Synonyms:induce=cause] eg **催产药** a drug used to induce the labor分娩; eg **人工流产** induced abortion |
| gross sb out | [slang] To make sb fill with disgust and nausea; and wanna vomit/disgorge/throw up 令人充满厌恶想吐，使恶心; eg His dirty bathroom really grossed me out, I just feel disgusted with nausea and wanna vomit/disgorge; (nuisance:讨厌的人或东西 sb makes u feel disgusted and annoyed, a bother that you do not like; nuance:细微差别) eg His stinky vomits呕吐物 really grossed me out. eg The disgusting carrion (腐肉 dead and decaying flesh)that the vulture秃鹰 is eating really grossed me out/disgorge |
| potty = trivial | Of little or minor importance or significance; trivial (trivia -> trivial). 不重要的；微不足道的 eg Compared with her task, mine is potty/trivial. Eg Compared with her sacrifice, my contribution is potty/trivial 微不足道的; eg We're so potty that we're just shrimps. [ 虾兵蟹将小人物 shrimp; big fish 显赫的人物 V.S. tycoon 企业界大亨，巨头；巨富 = mogul V.S. dignitary ['dɪɡnɪtɛri] 位高权重的人 |
| A small pot used as a toilet by an infant or young child, for holding **the evacuations排泄物 from bowels**. 供婴儿或小孩大小便用的小便盆; [pottery/ceramics] |
| debate; debation; debatable | Being such that formal argument or discussion is possible.可争辩的; eg This is a detabable issue. Open to dispute; questionable.成问题的；有疑问的 |
| soundproof; waterproof; shakeproof; fireproof | soundproof: Not penetrable by audible sound.隔音的; waterproof: Not penetrable by water or other liquids; shakeproof: prevent from shaking eg We can speak loud coz this room is soundproof隔音的;, thanks to the thick wall and the soundproof window. Eg This camera is particularly designed for scuba diving, it's waterproof and shakeproof防震 ; eg The firefighters must wear the fireproof clothes |
| distress call / mayday | 遇险的飞机、船只等使用的国际无线电呼救信号, 求救呼号 An international radiotelephone signal word used by aircraft and ships in distress/in jeopardy. Eg the plane never made a distress call/mayday before it disappeared. Eg Mayday! Mayday! The plane is confronting serious turbulence and we require the emergency landing. |
| trajectory | The path or course of a moving body (eg aircraft, missile, bullet) through space. 轨迹，弹道：抛射物或其它在空间运动的物体的运动路 eg The United States is analyzing the trajectory of the missile to try to learn where the attack came from. Eg the trajectory of the bullet弹道; the trajectory of the missile |
| truce | 停战 a temporary pause or suspension of controversy, hostilities, or war by opposing sides reaching an agreement/consensus; [synonnym: an armistice/truce/cease-fire] eg end sth with a truce.以停战而告终 eg For all the talk of a possible cease-fire/truce/armistice, residents of Israel and Palestinians in Gaza are living under a daily barrage of attacks. More than 1,200 Palestinians death-toll now. eg This couple is having a serious love's spat 口水战 right now, but finally ended with a truce.以停战缓和而告终 //barrage: 齐射式攻击；vt. 以密集炮火进攻  ; 拦河坝 dam, weir; 弹幕 |
| 不快事态的暂时**缓和 (适度的)** temorarily **moderate** sth from a **disagreeable不快** state of affairs. //缓和 (适度的) : moderate, moderately; **do sth in moderation: 适度，适中** |
| protract | lengthen in time; **prolong:** 延长，拖延 eg protract/prolong the negotiations. Eg protract a war 延长战争 |
| **Anatomy:** To extend a body part.【解剖学】 （身体的一部分）延长或突出 The cat protracted its paws. 猫伸出了爪子。 |
| collocate | collocate sth: to place sth together or in proper order; arrange side by side. 把…并置排列：放在一起或按顺序排放；并列排置 The cloud service providers (CSP) perfer to collocating physical servers in the data center. |
| vulture | a large bird, belongs to the predator食肉动物, characteristically having dark feathers and a bald head and neck and generally feeding on the carrion (dead and decaying flesh.腐肉). (eg The disgusting carrion that the vulture is eating really grossed me out/vomit/disgorge) 兀鹫，食用腐肉 //predator V.S. prey (被捕食的动物, 猎物） |
| A person of a greedy, rapacious, predatory, or profiteering nature. 贪婪的人：具有贪婪、凶残或逐利性格的人 |
| double take | a delayed reaction to an **unusual** remark or circumstance, often used as a comic device. 后来反应：对特殊评论或情况的迟后反应，常用作喜剧手段; 心不在焉后突然注意而恍然大悟 eg He bursted into laughing 10 min after my jokes, just giving a "double take". |
| tropical fruit | Dragon fruit, Jackfruit, Papaya, Melon fruit: 哈密瓜, passion fruit 百香果,Mangosteen: 山竹, 马来语称Manggis; **citronella: [植]香茅** |
|  |  |
| hedge | 1. A hedge is a row of bushes or small trees, usually along the edge of a lawn, garden, field, or road. 树篱 2. A hedge fund is an investment fund that invests large amounts of money using methods that involve a lot of risk. 避险基金, 对冲基金, can use high-risk techniques (not allowed for mutual funds) such as short-selling and heavy leveraging V.S. mutual fund: [会计] 共有基金a regulated investment company with a pool of assets that regularly sells and redeems its shares 3. (n) 避免作正面答复 hedges e.g. Words like 'perhaps' and 'seem' are called “hedges”, used to avoid a directness, esp. to avoid throwing a direct question or making a direct statement |
| 2.V-I If you hedge against something unpleasant or unwanted that might affect you, especially losing money, you do something which will protect you from it. 防备 (尤指金钱损失) e.g. You can hedge against illness with medical insurance. 你可以买保险以备治疗患病之需。 E.g. You can hedge against car accident with car insurance. 3. Something that is a hedge against something unpleasant will protect you from its effects. 一种防备/防范 (通货膨胀) 的手段 e.g. Gold is traditionally a hedge against economic inflation. 黄金传统上是 一种防备/防范通货膨胀的手段。 E.g. Medical insurance is a traditional hedge against illness. 4.PHRASE If you hedge your bets, you reduce the risk of losing a lot by supporting more than one person or thing in a situation where they are opposed to each other. (为了减少投资风险)在对立面下注 e.g. The company tried to hedge its bets by diversifying into other fields. 该公司试图通过兼营其他领域几面下注。 |
|  | **hedge-born; 生于树篱,篱下的,下贱的= sb who is born with the inferior social status**  [full-fledged: 羽翼丰满的，翅膀长硬了的； 有充分资格的; fledge: 长羽毛] |
| jurisprudential | 精通法律的; 专攻法学的; jurisprudent: 法学家 |
| No stone will be left unturned;  kill two birds with one stone | We will **get to the bottom of** this issue and we will **pinpoint** precisely what happened to this flight. **"No stone will be left unturned" is our "battle cry"呐喊, 战斗口号** |
| contour n/v | 形体、身体或大块物体的轮廓 ; The outline of a figure, body,face,or mass. eg the facial contour:脸部轮廓, you can use the facial serum精华 to keep your face contour:脸部轮廓 more outstanding and solid立体的. A contour line 等高线，轮廓线 eg The Europeans normally have outstanding and solid 立体的 facial contour lines. V)To make or shape the outline of; represent in contour. 画轮廓：勾画或塑造…的轮廓 |
| wipe, wiper | A device designed for wiping,such as the dirty dust,the liquid flows, as on an automobile **windshield/windscreen** 雨刷：汽车**挡风玻璃**上用来擦拭的装置 |
| athletic | Physically strong; **muscular; [Anthropology]:** Having a large skeletal structure and well-developed muscles. 【人类学】 适于运动的 |
| Maldives | ['mɔ:ldaiv]马尔代夫(群岛)[亚洲岛国] |
| bloc | A group of nations, parties, or persons united for common action: 集团， 财阀：The arms transaction industry武装贸易 is heavily regulated and EU figures track the bloc's arms trade by licenses approved |
| get to the bottom of sth | figure out the root cause. Eg We insist our battle cry about "No stone will be left unturned"; and we accept the help from U.S. and see whether we can get to the bottom of this tragedy. eg We will get to the bottom of this issue and we will pinpoint precisely what happened to this flight. No stone will be left unturned |
| nuggets | nugget ['nʌɡit] 天然金块，矿块, 尤指金子 A small, solid lump团/块, especially of gold.  **chicken nuggets**  eg chicken nuggets; coconut nuggets 椰子牛轧糖; the sugar **lump/nugget** 小方糖; the gold nugget 金块 |
| **nuggets of information. 有价值情报 ; nuggets of wisdom 至理名言; 金言(集) [motto:座右铭, 格言]** |
| nudge | [nudge sb]: to push against sb gently, especially in order to grab sb's attention or give a signal, or give a reminder 尤指为引起注意或发出信号的轻推; A gentle nudge. 轻推; give sb a gentle nudge; eg I fell asleep in meeting just now, thanks to Lucy's gentle nudge and give me a signal when boss was coming. e.g Need to nudge the client yet again. |
| To come close to; near: 靠近；接近：eg The temperature was nudging 105 degrees in the shade |
| expropriate; exproriation | To deprive of sb's possession: 没收或征用财产 [synonym: expropriate=confiscate, deprive of; expropriation= confiscation] Yukos was one of Russia's oil giants through the 1990s and until the early 2000s, when its assets were expropriated by the state after a political battle with Khodorkovsky. [battle cry]呐喊, 战斗口号; eg expropriate sb. from an estate = deprive of sb's estate 没收某人的财产 |
| claimant v.s. defendant | A party that makes a claim. 要求权利的一方; （根据权利）提出要求者, 原告 eg The three judge panels called the National Federation's action as an "equivalent of expropriation/confiscation of claimants' investments." Those claimants, include former Yukos CEO who was seeking damage redemption补偿 of up to $114 billion. |
| confidant | 心腹朋友, 知己 [bosom friend 心腹之交, 密友, 知己 v.s 知己；至交 intimate; somebody to whom you feel free to expose your secrets and private matters, without hesitation. eg The main asset of Yukos was auctioned in late 2004 for just $9.3 billion and purchased by state-run company国企, which is now run by Putin confidant Igor Sechin 心腹朋友, 知己. //缺乏自信的: diffident, diffidence |
| arbitrary | Determined by chance or impulse, and not by necessity, reason, or principle: 由偶然、一时兴致或冲动而非由必然、推理或原则决定的：任意的，武断的 stopped at the first motel we passed, an arbitrary choice; arbitrary division of the group into halves. 在我们经过的第一个汽车旅馆处停下，一种随意的选择；将小组分为两等分的一时兴起的分派 The diet imposes overall calorie limits, but daily menus are arbitrary. 食谱规定了总的卡路里限制，但每天的菜单可据爱好自定 |
| Based on or subject to individual judgment or preference: 专制的，专断的：基于或遵从于个人判断或喜好：Established by a court or judge rather than by a specific law or **statute:** 由法庭的法官而非专业法律或法官决定的 |
| propel | propel: To cause or push to move forward or onward. Synonyms at push. eg The propeller plane went down shortly after leaving the runway at the International Airport after an engine failed, the state-run news agency reported [repel;击退或赶回驱除, repellent:排斥的 the bug repellent/spay 驱虫药： expel: 驱逐expel an invader.把侵略者赶出去; eject/expel a rocket发射] |
| life-threatening | In the plane crash, all crews (including **captain, co-pilot, attendants/stewards)**, and passengers were killed. Two more civilians on the group were injuried,in critically **life-threatening** situation. |
| crouch | bow,especially with the knees bent 尤指膝盖弯曲时的蹲伏弯腰; I crouched and then knelt down to the ground to find my diamond earings. [synonym: crouch = on your knees/ on the ground] eg [Police] On your knees/On the ground right now, and put your hands behind your head. |
| To compress and squeeze the entire body close to the ground with all limbs四肢, bow and bend 蜷伏; eg I got a fever and feel so cold that I crouched myself in the bed corner缩在角落里, and ask "can I have a pillow to snuggle搂抱"? [snuggle: 舒适地蜷伏; 搂抱; smuggle:走私] // mug (a mug of sparkling coffee 马克杯, a mug of sparkling beer; she's a mugger/robber行凶抢劫者 V.S. smuggle, smuggler // smug, smugness: marked by excessive complacency[kəm'pleisənsi]/big-head/arrogancy or self-satisfaction. Complacent: big-headed, arrogant, or cocky. // smugness: 自命不凡的家伙; 自以为是的家伙 //[A complacent [kəm'pleɪs(ə)nt]/ big-headed/arrogant/ cocky or smug person is very pleased with themselves or feels that they do not need to do anything about a situation, even though/whereas the situation may be uncertain or dangerous. 盲目自满的; 盲目乐观的(表不满) = arrogant, cocky, big-headed, complacement |
| [sports]; crouching start 【体】蹲踞式起跑法 eg 'Crouching start' is a professional way for atheletes to start running in the 'relay race'接力赛。 [relay: an act of passing sth along from one person, group, or station to another.传递] |
| protein | [生化]蛋白质; protein compounds 蛋白质化合物; protein diets 蛋白质丰富的膳食 |
| |  | | --- | | particles V.S. molecules V.S. Proton V.S.  atom | | | N) **molecule ['mɒlɪkjuːl] => adj) molecular /məʊˈlɛkjʊlə/** ADJ Molecular means relating to or involving molecules. 分子的 [分子结构 molecular structure ] [ the molecular structure of fuel …燃料的分子结构] |
| particle ['pɑːtɪk ə l]  1. a very small piece of something 微粒 •dust particles 尘埃 [+ of] •tiny particles of soil 细小的土壤颗粒 2**. not a particle of truth 没有一点真实性(没有半点是真的); not a particle of evidence: 没有一点证据 e.g. There’s not a particle of truth in what he says. 他说的话 没有半点是真的。** 3. technical one of the very small pieces of matter that an atom consists of粒子，质点 |
| proton **['prəʊtɒn]** : a very small piece of matter with a positive electrical charge that is in the central part of an atom质子 |
| atom [ˈætəm]: the smallest part of an element that can exist alone or can combine with other substances to form a molecule 原子 |
| resilient | 表示有随时readily恢复的能力特征的，如从灾难中恢复 characteristically, marked by the ability to recover and restore readily eg from misfortune or disaster; eg The current data center must have strong resilient ability so that they can be restored or recovered from an unexpected disaster without data loss. |
| 能够回到原先的形状或位置的，如在被压缩后 capable of returning to an original shape or position, as after having been compressed or squeezed [ Synonyms: flexible] The sponge is a resilient material, it can be compressed and squeezed heavily, but it can quickly return to its original shape without too much distortion. |
| coordinates | 坐标(用复数) the x and y coordinates |
| demon | 罪恶的超自然的人物；魔鬼 An evil **supernatural being;** a devil. [evil:邪恶的; devil:魔鬼, 恶棍; supernatual being:超自然的人物] |
| A persistently tormenting force or passion: 驱使人情感的邪念; the demon of drug addiction.吸毒成瘾 |
| 特别热情、熟练或勤奋的人, 特别热情、熟练或勤奋的人 One who is extremely zealous/passionate, skillful, or diligent; eg work like a demon象玩命一样不断努力地工作; a real demon at math 数学天才; Robin William one of the most famous comedians in the world, was full of talent, demons天才, and heart [zeal = passion; zealous = passionate] |
| DEMON:=Debug Monitor 调试监督程序; daemon: [计] Internet中用于邮件收发的后台程序, Variant of demon |
| martyr | eg "The pope will beatify 100 Catholic martyrs" 殉教者，烈士 One who chooses to suffer death rather than surrender to enemy or renounce his religious principles (eg the communism religion). Eg The pope will meet with more youth at a shrine for Catholic martyrs and he will beatify 100 Catholic martyrs, many of whom were persecuted in a religious chaos. [renounce sth: formally announce to abandon or relinquish sth 正式声明放弃; shrine: 神殿; pilgrim, pilgrimage: 朝圣] eg The bodies of soilders who sacrificed in Afghanistan will be repatriated back to their hometown in U.S. and will be regarded as martyr烈士 posthumously死后的. |
| beatify; beatification | Roman Catholic Church: To proclaim a deceased person to be one of the blessed and thus worthy of public religious reverence ['rɛvərəns] and respect in a particular region or religious congregation. 【罗马天主教】宣告（死亡者）成为受上帝祝福的一个,行宣福礼 eg The Pope will beatify 100 Catholic martyrs, many of whom were persecuted in a religious chaos. [revere, reverence: respect] |
| pollster | 民意测验专家, 整理民意测验结果的人 One that takes public-opinion surveys |
| sitcom; sit-com | 情景戏剧 situation comedy: one type of U.S. TV series: eg **soap opera,eg Friends** |
| sooner or later | 迟早 He is so **naughty** that he will do some faults sooner or later. |
| blur | State broadcaster CCTV aired a **footage** of FangZuming **apprehended/arrested**, his face **blurred,** showing police where the drugs were hidden at his home 朦胧，模糊 ; **fuzzy:有绒毛的, 模糊的, 失真的; [apprehend: 1) understand; 2) arrest]** |
| meth | a medicine that makes human-being feel super excited, energetic, and vigorous [美俚]甲安菲他明(一种兴奋剂): eg The **pot/marijuana** is classified as a meth. |
|  |  |
| narcissism | 自我陶醉, 自恋; eg He is full of narcissism eg The flower daffodil水仙花 means "narcissism" |
| windmill | A machine that runs on the energy generated by a wheel of adjustable blades or slats rotated by the wind. 风车; eg In Holland, we normally associate the tulips with the windmill. |
| treadmill | An exercise device consisting of an endless moving belt on which a person can walk or jog while remaining in one place. "running belt" 踏车：一种由一根不断运动的皮带组成的锻炼装置; **I'm running on the treadmill.** |
| **A monotonous task or set of tasks seeming to have no end. 令人厌烦的工作：一种单调的工作或一系列似乎永不完结的工作 eg My daily work is a kind of treadmill** |
| adventure; | adventurous 喜欢冒险的 |
| patriotism | patriot; patriotic; **patriotism;** eg We lost this hero when Brazil most needed his patriotism, his selflessness, his fearlessness and his competence |
| coroner | 验尸官 a public officer whose primary function is to investigate by inquest any death thought to be of other than natural causes, normally by ways of autopsy/necropsy/postmortem： Coroner investigators suspect "the death to be a suicide due to asphyxia/choke [A condition in which an extreme decrease in the amount of oxygen in the body accompanied by an increase of carbon dioxide leads to loss of consciousness or death. Asphyxia can be induced by choking, drowning, electric shock, injury, or the inhalation of toxic gases. 窒息] |
| utter; utterly= absolutely | "This morning, I lost my husband and my best friend, while the world lost one of its most beloved artists and beautiful human beings. I am **utterly/absolutely** **heartbroken.** **[utter:** to articulate (words); pronounce or speak.] |
| countless | Incapable of being counted; innumerable 无数的, 数不尽的; "On behalf of Robin's family, we are asking for privacy during our time of profound grief. As he is remembered, it is our hope that the focus will not be on Robin's death, but on the countless/unlimited/innumerable数不尽的; moments of joy and laughter he gave to millions." eg Hardly anyone is a natural storyteller. The best public speakers developed their skills by practicing. Even a “natural” public speaker like Steve Jobs reviewed his speeches countless/inumerable times before he delivered them. |
| Why Beijing is courting trouble in Hong Kong |
| decry | **公开谴责; decry sb = criticize it strongly; denounce sb = decry or critize sb in public公开强烈谴责 ; slam, criticize, excoriate[,ɛks'kɔrɪet] 严厉的责难 sb openly; condemn, condemnation; If someone decries an idea or action, they criticize it strongly. [ a salvo of angry words, decry = criticize, denounce = decry strongly in public ]  e.g. He is impatient with those who decry the plan. 批评这项计划的人。 E.g. People decried the campaign as a waste of money. 人民谴责这项运动只是浪费金钱。** |
| To depreciate (currency, for example) by official proclamation or by rumor. 贬低：通过官方声明或谣言贬低（例如货币） |
| denounce | denounce: decry or critize sb in public 公开强烈谴责 |
| 谴责；训斥 | **reprimand: ['rɛprɪmænd]** to complain reprove severely, especially in a formal or official way. 申斥谴责 eg If you Cc someone’s boss on a complaint email, it makes the reprimand申斥谴责 much worse. |
| (公开)严厉指责 | **1) (公开)严厉指责 2). [医]表皮脱落；剥皮**  1. excoriate /ɪkˈs**g**ɔːrɪˌeɪt/, excoriation[**ɛk**,s**g**orɪ'eʃən]: excoriate sb = criticize, denounce, decry, slam them s**everely and very harshly,** usually in public. E.g. He proceeded to **excoriate me** in front of the nurses. 他继续在这些护士们面前指责我。E.g. The G7 group of leading industrialized countries has **condemned/decried/denounced/slamed/excoriated** both the Crimean vote to secede and Russia's **annexation[,ænək'seɪʃn;]**of Crimea. Russia has now been excluded from what was the G8. Additionally, the G7 annouced they may impose a sanction on Russia.  **//[,ænək'seɪʃn;] annexation of someplace 对xxx地方的吞并** |
| 强烈谴责 | 强烈谴责: condemn sb; condemnation |
| renounce | formally annouce to **relinquish or abandon sth**, usually as a matter of principle 是正式宣布地放弃某事物 eg renounced his claim to the real-estate. 正式宣布放弃了他对房产的要求; renounce his heritage right 正式宣布放弃继承权; renounce his all privileges as a king 正式放弃所有的特权. V.S. **waive** sth: to state officially that a right, rule etc can be ignored 宣布放弃〔权利〕；宣布取消〔规则等〕; **waiver弃权者** |
| **与... 断绝关系 renounce with sb**; eg He eventually **renounced with** his son who **is so addicted to** drugs. |
| To revoke in cards. 有牌不跟, 在牌戏中垫牌  **eg Renounce! / Revoke! 有牌不跟** |
| suffrage | The right or privilege of voting/balloting ['bælət]; the franchise. 投票的权利或特权；投票权; A vote cast in deciding a disputed or controversial question or in electing a person to office. 投的票  [ the universal suffrage/franchise（HK）普选 ]  eg In 2012, China announced that in 2017 Hong Kong could elect its chief executive through "universal suffrage普选". But, the True universal suffrage would not have solved all governance problems of what is becoming a more unequal and polarized society. |
| franchise , disenfranchise, | 1) A franchise is an authority that is given by an organization to someone, esp. business man or merchant商人, allowing them to sell its goods or services or to take part in an activity which the organization controls. (机构授予某人(商人)的商业) 特许经营权 [ fast-food franchises 快餐 特许经营; the franchise to build and operate the tunnel. …建造、运营隧道的 特许权 ]  1) V) If a company franchises its business, it sells franchises to other companies, allowing them to sell its goods or services. 出售(公司)的(商业)特许经营权 [ franchise sb’s business出售了某人(商业) 特许经营权] e.g. she has recently franchised her business. 出售了其的(商业)特许经营权。 2) N) Franchise is the right to vote in an election. （公民的）选举权; The constitutional or statutory /ˈstætjʊtərɪ/法定的 right to vote or ballot['bælət]= suffrage (宪法或法律规定的)选举权 = suffrage [ the introduction of universal franchise/suffrage 普选权的采用 ] eg In 2012, China announced that in 2017 Hong Kong could elect its chief executive through "the universal suffrage/franchise普选". But, the True universal suffrage/franchise would not have solved all governance problems of what is becoming a more unequal and polarized society   //the statue of liberty: 自由女神像； statute['stætʃut] 法令-> statutory /ˈstætjʊtərɪ/ e.g. statutory holiday 法定假期] |
| 草率的仓促 的选举 | **[ a snap election = a hasty election 草率的仓促 的选举]**  e.g. Seoul's policy on North Korea is about to get a major overhaul 全面改革/大换血. Liberal reformer Moon Jae-in was swor after winning **a snap/hasty election草率的仓促选举** to replace impeached President Park Geun-hye. Moon has advocated dialogue with North Korean leader Kim Jong Un, in stark contrast to (对比) 鲜明的 Park's approach of tough sanctions, imposing hard-line, and aggressive rhetoric. e.g. A decision by Japanese Prime Minister Shinzo Abe to call **a snap election草率的仓促选举** appears to have **paid off(带来了好结果，有了好的回报).** Abe's ruling coalition has won a clear majority with more than two-thirds of Parliament's 465 seats, with the Liberal Democratic Party holding a majority even without its coalition partner, the Komeito party, he told reporters Monday. |
| clog/block | n: A heavy, usually wooden-soled shoe, especially worn by Japanese 木屐：通常为笨重的木底鞋 |
| To obstruct and hinder the movement on or in; block up: 堵塞，阻碍 Heavy traffic clogged/obstructed/blocked the motorway 拥挤的交通堵塞了高速公路 |
| notorious; disreputable | Known widely and usually unfavorably; infamous and disreputable 声名狼藉的，恶名昭彰的 eg a district notorious for the prostitution, drug, and crimes. Eg All HK protest related posts on social medias are heavily censored and clogged/blocked by the CHINA's notorious/disreputable internet firewall. eg Some famous commentators, who requires anonymous, not to be identified, said they see little hope of compromise between BeiJing and HK protesters coz BeiJing remains notorious/disreputable history for his ruthless/brutal crackdown/suppression/repression on the pro-democracy protesters in Tiananmen Square 10 years ago. |
| Guam | an unincorporated territory of the U.S., the largest and most southerly of the Mariana Islands in the western Pacific Ocean.关岛： |
| out of service | 退职[役]; 营运业务结束 eg This Boe 777 will be out of service in two weeks. |
| apron | A **garment or just a piece of cloth,** usually fastened in the back, worn over all or part of the front of the body to protect clothing from dirties, especially when cooking or cleaning. 围裙 eg "pls wear the apron when cooking" |
| **tarmac or runway.** the paved strip in front of and around airport hangars and terminal buildings.停机坪; eg The plane is gliding/**taxing滑行** on the **runway/apron,** **rotating 抬轮,** and then take off. [**taxi/glide on the runway; taxi/glide on the apron] 在跑道上滑行** |
| muster | muster soldiers/troops/military: to call and collect (troops) together,especially for inspection. [eg Muster soldiers for inspection集合起来进行检阅; and the lieutenant will check the "muster roll"/roster.] //colonel /ˈkɜːnəl/ A colonel is a senior officer in an army, air force, or the marines. (陆军、空军或海军的) 上校 //lieutenant [lef'tenənt, lu:'t-]中尉 //sergeant /ˈsɑːdʒənt/ sergeant is a non-commissioned officer of middle rank in the army, marines, or air force. 中士 |
| 召集聚集；收集 muster sb=to call,gather,and collect people together eg 把你能够**召集**的所有志愿者都带来 Bring all volunteers you can muster, gather, and collect. |
| [攒足鼓起（力量勇气）做某事 muster up sb's guts/grits/courage/boldness to do sth]； eg攒足力量迎接考验 I will muster up my strength for the challenges; eg I muster up my guts and grits/courage to tell him that I have a crush on him since the first meet with him. 我鼓足勇气告诉他，我对他一见钟情 |
| **muster in [into] [美]征召入伍;** eg 她18岁时入伍; She mustered in at the age of 18 (18 is the **years of discretion责任年龄** in CHINA actually) |
| **muster out (of service) [美]使退役;** eg 战争结束时他退伍了 He mustered out when the war ended. |
| [a muster roll 官兵总名册,花名册 = roster['rɒstə], a list, especially of names. Eg Muster all troops for inspection, and the lieutenant will check the muster roll/roster. [roast, roaster/baker/grill v.s. roster] [roll:spring roll;roller coaster 过山车;跌宕起伏的心情; 旱冰场: the roller-skating rink] [muster roll/roster['rɒstə] //colonel /ˈkɜːnəl/ A colonel is a senior officer in an army, air force, or the marines. (陆军、空军或海军的) 上校 //lieutenant [lef'tenənt, lu:'t-]中尉 //sergeant /ˈsɑːdʒənt/ sergeant is a non-commissioned officer of middle rank in the army, marines, or air force. 中士 |
| percentile | 百分点; One of a set of points on a scale arrived at by dividing a group into parts in order of **magnitude量值.** For example, a score higher than 97 percent of those attained on an examination is said to be in the 97th percentile. **[earthquake of magnitude of 7]** |
| ground rules | Sports: a rule governing the playing of a game on a particular field, course跑道, or court球场. a basic rule of procedure or behavior.基本规则：程序或行为的基本规则 eg Before starting the game, we must establish ground rules. Eg Ground rules in the meeting room: after the meeting, the host must obliterate/erase/rub off all wording on the board; especially the words written by the grease pencil油笔 [grease= lubrication/lubricating oil:润滑油] |
| 关键的；枢轴的；中枢的 n. 关键事物；中心事物 | be pivotal to sth; 起中心的或极重要作用的；关键的 Of, relating to, or serving as a pivot. 枢轴的; Being of vital or central importance; crucial: eg Building trust is a smart strategic move that benefits your company internally and externally. Trust aids recruitment, facilitates teamwork and engagement, and is pivotal to innovation;  eg Six months after the end of the massive "Occupy" protests that paralyzed使(交通)瘫痪+p HK's streets last fall, another pivotal confrontation is brewing/fermenting酝酿 in the former British colony. It comes down to a Beijing-backed bill that could decide Hong Kong's future. |
| overarching | Extending over or throughout: 延及全部的或包罗万象的：eg Identify your company’s purpose – its **overarching** goal – and communicate it clearly to employees. Tell them how their work benefits their customers, society and themselves. |
| lever; leverage | A simple machine consisting of a rigid bar pivoted on a fixed point and used to transmit force, as in raising or moving a weight at one end by pushing down on the other. 杠杆; A projecting突出的 handle/knob used to adjust or operate a mechanism.操作杆：用来调节或操作某一机械装置的突出的把手 |
| bolt; latch | A fastening, as for a door or gate, typically consisting of a bar that fits into a notch or slot and is lifted from either side by a lever or string. 门闩 |
| synergy | The interaction of two or more agents or forces, so that their combined effect is greater than the sum of their individual effects. 协同作用：两种或多种动力或力量的相互作用，以便其**联合效果大于各单独作用之和** |
| Cooperative interaction among groups, especially among the **acquired subsidiaries or merged** parts of a corporation, that creates an enhanced **combined effect**. 增效作用：组织，尤指得到附属机构或某公司已合并的部门之间的合作性相互作用，创造出更大的**联合效果** |
| crystallize | To cause to form crystals or assume a **crystalline** structure. 结晶，晶化：使形成晶体或采取晶体的结构 |
| crystallize sth= formalize sth: to give a definite, precise, and usually permanent form to 具体化,明确; eg It only took a week for her to crystallize/formalize her design for the decorations. 她只花了一个星期就为装璜确定明确了设计方案 eg to crystallize/formalize one's ideas into a practical plan 把想法具体形成为实际计划 [formalize: To give a definite form or shape to. 使定形,具体化,明确] |
| To **coat with涂** crystals, as of sugar. 包糖，涂糖霜 eg The tip of cooking the dish "古老肉“ is to crystallize meat balls with melted sugar. **[the crystallized sugar 冰糖; crystallize the fruit 沾糖水果]** |
| grit, guts | Informal: guts, boldness, persevere spirits不屈服的精神; perseverance. 【非正式用语】 勇气，竖毅：不屈服的精神；勇气 eg The soldiers showed that they had plenty of grits/guts. 士兵们表现得很有勇气; [muster up sb's guts/grits/boldness to do sth 鼓起（勇气)] I mustered up my guts to tell the boy that I had crush on him since the first meet with him |
| baffle; baffling | 使困惑的, 令人莫名其妙的; **baffle sb = confuse sb;** eg U.S. investigators are **baffled/confused** by the plane's sudden disappearance, "We don't have any sign or indication about where the vanished plane is going."; eg This puzzle baffles/confuses me. 这个谜使我困惑不解。 |
| onlooker | 旁观者; One that looks on; a **spectator.** 旁观者：一旁观望者，一位观众 |
| like-minded | adj: have the same turn of mind or mindset 有同样的想法; eg Among my friends, she is the like-minded with me. eg under the plan, Hong Kong voters would have a choice, but the pro-democracy camp suspects that the choice will be among two or three like-minded and Beijing-friendly candidates. eg I wanna with with some boy who has the like-minded thinking with me. |
| disobedience | [obey -> **obedience to sth; disobedience to sth**=refusal or failure to obey. 不服从，不顺从，违抗]; eg disobedience to the command 违抗命令; |
| [the civil disobedience 非暴力反抗, 不合作运动] eg In the short-term, Hong Kong faces the prospect of major disruption, because the more radical elements of the pan-democratic camp, which have insisted on nomination of candidates through citizen petition 请愿, have now promised to mount a campaign to "Occupy Central," the major business district, through large demonstrations and even civil disobedience非暴力反抗, 不合作运动. |
| rigid; rigidity | Marked by a lack of flexibility; fixed and stiff 刚性，坚硬;严厉严格，刻板僵化死板的事例 [rigidity of manner or opinion 刻板僵化态度或意见] eg whatever one thinks of Occupy Central's goals and tactics, it has given HKness voice to the more general public desire for genuine democracy and to frustration at Beijing's rigidity of manner 刻板僵化的态度 eg The rigid principles and obsolete stereotypes in this workin g place really suffocated/stifled me. 这个地方呆板的礼节和过时的城墙滥调压制使她快要窒息了。 [feel suffocated/smothered/stifled ] |
| sympatheic | expressing, feeling from **sympathy, compassion, mercy or pity: 同情的**： a sympathetic glance 同情的一瞥 **[show sympathy/mercy/pity to/on sb]** |
| **Favorably inclined to sb's opinion: 赞同的 [be sympathetic to sth/sb = agree wth sb 赞同某人的建议]： not at all sympathetic to her proposal. 一点也不赞同她的建议 eg In HK, the new voting committee would be composed mainly of people who are sympathetic to赞同 Beijing's desire for order and who don't want to see Hong Kong's economic growth.** |
| Agreeably suited to one's disposition&characteristics, or mood; 与某人的性情或情绪相符合的意气相投的： sympathetic surroundings. 合意的环境 [agreeable: make sb happy and comfortable 使人愉快的, 惬意的, 适合的] |
| Friends: 8 x 10 |  |
| compliment | praise, acclaim 称赞, 恭维; B**TW, I love your compliments and thanks. 称赞恭维** |
| grease pen | Eg **Ground rules** in the meeting room: after the meeting, you must **obliterate and erase/abrase** all writings on the board; especially the words written by the **grease pencil油笔** |
| panoramic | 全景的, 全貌的; [a panoramic camera 全景照相机; a panoramic novel 包罗万象的长篇小说; panoramic perspective 全景透视; panoramic view:全景; a panoramic sight 【军】全景瞄准镜 e.g. You can take a full photo by using the panoramic view; eg Those who manage the steep ascent at energy-sapping high altitude to the Mount Everest珠峰 are normally rewarded with breathtaking panoramic views 全景. eg Standing on the top of Nansam Mountain in Seoul, you can get a breathtaking panoramic view of Seoul 全景. //If you say that something is breathtaking, you are emphasizing that it is extremely beautiful or amazing. 令人惊叹的 |
| erotica | erotic; erotica[i'rɔti**kə**] : erotica novel; erotica movie = porn movie (n)=porn, literature or art intended to arouse sexual or **horny** desire, 色情作品 //prostitution,whore,hooker eg This is **an erotica movie/porn movie.** This is **an erotica novel**. |
| erotical; | a) sexually horny n) slang 好色之徒, 色狼 pervert ; erotically eg Jacky chen has bad reputation/fame in private life because he kinds of womanized玩女人 and he is a very erotical/pervert 好色之徒,色狼. //pervert; 使堕落堕落者;色狼性欲反常者; He's such a disguisting pervert.色狼; If you say that someone is a pervert, you mean that you consider their behaviour, especially their sexual behaviour, to be immoral or unacceptable. (尤在性行为方面) 变态的人 |
| owl | 【动】猫头鹰, night owl (slang) 夜猫子;夜生活者 sb who is used to joining activities only at night and does not sleep until very late. |
| CNN alibaba-singles-day | [http://money.cnn.com/2014/11/09/investing/alibaba-singles-day/index.html?  iid=HP\_LN&hpt=hp\_t3](http://money.cnn.com/2014/11/09/investing/alibaba-singles-day/index.html?iid=HP_LN&hpt=hp_t3) |
| verbatim | 逐字的一字不差的； adj or adv, Using exactly the same words, word by word; a verbatim report of the conversation 对该谈话的一字不差的汇报 eg repeated their dialogue verbatim. 一字不差地重复他们的对话 **eg As a tech writer, do not just copy R&D's input verbatim.** |
|  |  |
| on deck | 准备齐全 (slang) well prepared with all required equipments; eg We were all decked out for the party 我们都打扮好准备去赴宴 eg We've all well prepared for the Technical Contest on deck. |
| gear up | 使换快档, accelerate, prompt, and drive, push 促进, 增加 eg Chinese consumers are **gearing up** for the country's biggest online "shopping bonanza" of the year, on 11.11. |
| lure | To attract by **baits诱饵 or temptation; entice**; **[lure sb to do = entice sb into doing 诱使怂恿某人做某事]** 诱惑来吸引；诱惑 eg The promise of higher pay and bonus **enticed/lured me into** the new job. 高薪诱使我从事了这个新工作 |
| bonanza | A rich mine, vein, or pocket of ore. 富矿脉 A source of great wealth or prosperity. 巨大的财富之源, 富源 [shopping bonanza (slang)] eg Get ready, set, shop! Chinese consumers are gearing up for the country's biggest online "shopping bonanza" of the year, 11.11. Alibaba is on firm footing --  revenue soared/increase dramatically 54% in the three months. But experts say the one-day "shopping bonanza" is gradually having less impact on its annual e-commerce sales. |
| antidote | A remedy used to neutralize/**counteract抵消中和** the effects of a poison or toxin. 解毒药; |
| An agent that relieves or neatralize/counteracts抵消中和 , counter measure对策: (figurative meaning, slang) 对抗手段矫正方法：可减轻或抵消的药剂良药：eg Jogging is taken as an antidote to nervous tension. 慢跑是消除精神紧张的一剂良药 eg The idea of "Singles Day" began as a cheeky antidote to Valentine's Day, and falls on Nov. 11, or 11/11, which represents four single people. |
| morph; polymorphic; polymorphism | Linguistics: 语子, 语素; primary morph 基本语子; alternation morph 交替语子 |
| Biology: One of various distinct forms of an organism or a species. 【生物学】形态; (动植物的)变种, 变体 eg Get ready, set, shop! Chinese consumers are "gearing up" for the country's biggest online "shopping bonanza" of the year, 11.11. The holiday is called "Singles Day," and started as a way to celebrate single people. It's now morphed变种 into a multi-billion dollar e-shopping frenzy that attracts buyers both single and paired. |
| cardinal | \* Of foremost importance; paramount: 基本的：最重要的；首要的：[a cardinal rule 基本准则; cardinal sins 七大罪] \* Color Dark to deep or vivid red. 【色彩】 大红的：颜色深至深红或鲜红的 \* Roman: Catholic Church: A high church official, ranking just below the pope, who has been appointed by a pope to membership in the College of Cardinals.【罗马天主教】 红衣主教 egPope demotes/downgrades American cardinal \* A cardinal number 基数 |
| CNN 11.11 APEC IN CHINA | <http://edition.cnn.com/2014/11/09/world/obama-china-news-conference-uncertainty/index.html?hpt=hp_c1> |
| balk | To put **obstacles, obstructionss, or barricades** in the way of, to set sb feel **frustrated;** 阻碍，阻挠, 阻碍或使受挫; hinder, eg The horse balked at the jump. 这匹马突然停下来不前进 |
| balk at sth: to refuse sth stubbornly or abruptly: 固执地或突然地拒绝： eg 她固执地拒绝妥协的想法 she balked at the very idea of any compromise. eg The U.S. counterparts said that during the APEC summit, the CHINA leaders is still balking at the U.S. proposal about bileral joint conference联合会议 between U.S and CHINA counterparts.　　　　／／a joint statement一份联合声明 |
| norm | 作为典型的标准，模型，或式样 a standard, model, or pattern regarded as typical: eg The "Joint news conferences" are a norm for U.S. presidents as they travel much of the world. Generally, Obama and foreign leaders will engage in a news conference described as "2+2" with journalists, meaning two questions each from U.S. and foreign reporters. But there are rare exceptions, such as Obama's visit to Saudi Arabia earlier this year. |
| sticking point | (slang) 关键症结(可能造成僵局的要点、问题或形势), a point, an issue, or a situation that is likely to cause an impasse/deadlock/logjam/stalemate |
| flash point | The lowest temperature at which the vapor of a combustible liquid can be made to **ignite** momentarily in air. 燃点，引火点 |
| (slang) The point at which the eruption into significant action, creation, or violence occurs: 重大事件爆发、产生或暴力事件发生的爆发点触发点; eg “The shootdown did not increase international tensions to the flash point”(Seymour M. Hersh) “枪杀事件并没有使国际上对此事的爆发点增加压力” |
| pinpoint | To locate or identify with precision and accuracy 精确地定位或确认; eg This "reconnaissance airplane" [ri'kɔnisəns] is equipped with sophisticated非常精密尖瑞的 monitor devices and appliances so that it can exacatly pinpoint the location of the wrecakge/flotsam & jetsam in the sea. e.g The reconnaissance plane 侦察机 equiped with sophisticated night vision devices, worked through the night to pinpoint passengers who fell into the water from the capsized ferry, one by one. An Italian navy medical team boarded the ship to aid passengers, some of whom had been suffering hypothermia and smoke suffocation/smother/choke, the navy said. The already cold conditions were worsened by the spray of plume of heavy smokes. from tugboat/towboat拖船 hoses as authorities attempted to douse the flames. 侦察；勘察：对某块地区进行的视察或探察，尤指为收集军事信息而进行的这种活动] //sophisticated 1. 高精密的尖端的(仪器) e.g. a sophisticated gauge 2. She's a shrewd精明的 and sophisticated圆滑的 businesswoman. // reconnaissance plane 侦察 V.S. renaissance ['rɛnəsɑns] 文艺复兴（欧洲14至17世纪 |
| cyber-attack; cyber-security; cyber-espionage/spy | "With respect to关于，至于；就…而言 China", clearly the issues of cybersecurity and cyber-espionage/spy will be prominent/noticeable on our bilateral agenda. This is a source of gave/serious concern to the United States". "We have reiterated on every occasion the fact that we oppose any efforts to engage in cyber-espionage for commercial gain or other purposes". "China is a victim of cyber attacks, and we hope that earnest measures can be taken to resolve this matter," Xi said last year. [espionage: The act or practice of spying or of using spies to obtain secret information, as about another government or a business competitor.间谍行为] |
| cybersecurity: e.g. Yahoo is working with law enforcement to learn more about the breach. "The FBI is aware of the data intrusion and investigating the matter," an FBI spokesperson said. "We take these types of breaches very seriously and will determine how this occurred and who is responsible. We will continue to work with the private sector and share information so they can safeguard their systems against the actions of persistent cyber criminals." A large-scale data breach was first rumored in August when a hacker who goes by the name of "Peace" claimed to be selling data from 200 million Yahoo users online. The same hacker has previously claimed to sell stolen accounts from LinkedIn (LNKD, Tech30) and MySpace. Yahoo originally said it was "aware of a claim" and was investigating the situation. Nearly two months later, it turns out the situation is even worse. "This is massive," said cybersecurity expert Per on the scale of the hack. "It will cause ripples波纹；涟漪 online for years to come." //ripples, rippling effect: 涟漪作用; 屏幕不应有水波效益; 涟漪效应 |
| CNN 11.3 CNN: habits-ineffective-leaders | [**http://edition.cnn.com/2014/10/31/business/habits-ineffective-leaders/index.html?hpt=hp\_mid**](http://edition.cnn.com/2014/10/31/business/habits-ineffective-leaders/index.html?hpt=hp_mid) |
| ineffective |  |
| echelon | A level of responsibility or authority in a hierarchy; a rank or tier 等级，阶层 eg officials in lower echelon下级官员 eg We found that when a manager possessed just one of these fatal/lethal flaws/defects, they had an extremely slim chance of making it into the top tier of leadership in their organization. Possessing two or more defects virtually guaranteed that they would not be in the top echelon/rank/tier of leaders. |
| A formation of troops in which each unit is positioned successively to the left or right of the rear unit to form an oblique or steplike line. 梯队：军队的一种队形，其中每个编群都相继排列在后一编群的左边或右边，形成斜线或梯形线 [terrace: 梯田的一层, 梯田; 房屋之平顶露台, 阳台balcony; 倾斜的平地] |
| A flight formation or arrangement of craft in this manner, especially for **stunt flying (特技)** 梯形飞行队：以此方式编排的飞行队形 **[fly in echelon 梯队飞行]** |
| myopic | 近视的; shortsighted, nearsighted; shortsightedness, nearsightedness; eg I took off my "contact lenses" and everything is so **blurry/fuzzy模糊的**. That's because my eyes are shortsighted/nearsighted/myopic. 近视 |
| Lack of foresight, deficient of foresight 缺乏远见的; [myopic/shortsighted/nearsighted view 目光短浅，短见 slang] eg Ineffective leaders develop the habit of only looking down -- they fail to look up or out. They are less comfortable in considering the bigger picture or peering over a three-to-five year horizon. Having become comfortable in this small arena, it is hard to break away from their myopic/shortsighted/nearsighted view. This shortsightedness/nearsightedness causes team members to focus only on the task at hand rather than the vision and mission of the organization. |
| build a silo | eg Ineffective leaders get into the habit of working independently, not collectively集体的. It requires less effort than  collaborating with their peers. "They enjoy having their own turf草皮 and building a silo" 地窖,竖井 where to live so muchthat they fail to see the most important work occurs horizontally in an organization. |
| evil; devil; demon | 魔鬼恶魔 [elf, elves: 小精灵; 淘气鬼恶作剧的人; goblin: 小妖精; fairy:仙女, 精灵] eg The twin demons/devils of ineffective leaders are arrogance and complacency. These leaders develop a terrible habit of avoiding any personal development. They believe they must be wonderful or they wouldn't have been promoted into a position of leadership. Worse yet, they conclude that they have reached their "peak" and self-development or stretch goals aren't needed. //play a prank/hoax/mischief/shenanigan [ʃɪ'nænɪɡən]/gag on sb.; shenanigan (1. a prank/hoax/mischielf call 2. business fraud/hoax/shenanigan ) |
| candid | 公正的：不偏见 Free from prejudice and bias; impartial and fair [candid judgement公正的裁决; candid feedback公正的反馈] eg In retrospec, it is time to analyze if I possess any of these fatal flaws/defects during my leadership management and ask for candid公正的 feedback on your performance in these specific areas. eg During the APEC summit, the counterparts Obama and Xi will have "candid公正的坦率的 and in-depth conversations" on a range of issues. In addition to their meeting, both leaders will deliver statements to the media. But the possibility of taking questions remains the "sticking point.关键症结" [sticking point: a point, issue, or situation that is likely to cause deadlock/stalemate/logjam/impasse] |
| 以开朗和诚挚为特征的,坦率的说话率直的，不转弯抹角的： Characterized by openness and sincerity of expression; unreservedly straightforward, frank and blunt: [In private, I gave them my candid opinion. 私下里，我对他们直言相告]; [Please allow me to be blunt/candid 请允许我坦白说= frankly speaking; ] eg I will be quite candid with you, I think you acted foolishly. 我要坦率地对你说, 你做得很愚蠢。 Eg Frankly/bluntly speaking, I don't like SH, a kind of concrete jungle, making me feel suffocated/smothered窒息. |
| [ candid photos 生活照 ] Not posed or rehearsed: 偷拍的照片：未摆好姿势的或事先未安排好的：[a candid snapshot.一张偷拍的快照(slang) candid camera (趁人不备时)快拍用的小照相机;] eg The paparazzi狗仔队 is so skilled at taking candid snapshots for celebrities, especially for those who are not photogenic上照的. [photogenic: 易上镜头的,上相的]　e.g. She, as one the most sought-after吃香的 actresses in CHINA, was besieged by the press, the public, and espeically the crazy paparazzi. 她不断被媒体,公众,狗仔队打扰。//ˌpæpəˈrætsɪ/ The paparazzi are photographers who follow famous people around, hoping to take candid photos生活照 or shocking photographs of them that they can sell to a newspaper. 狗仔队 paparazzi [,pɑːpə'rɑːtsiː] n. 仔队（专门追逐名人偷拍照片的摄影者或记者，paparazzo[,pɑ:pə'rɑ:tsəu] 的复数 |
| CNN 11.3 CNN "halloween-deaths" | <http://edition.cnn.com/2014/11/01/us/halloween-deaths/index.html?hpt=hp_t1> |
| "trick or treat?" | slang) Used as a greeting by children when they are asking for candies during the Halloween's day 不请客就捣蛋：指孩子们在万圣节前夕玩“不请客就捣蛋”的游戏时用的问候语; eg The boy was trick-or-treating for the candy. eg Kids are knocking at the door "trick or treat"? Adults opened th door "sure, here are candies" |
| trick-or-treater | friends 8 x 04 Halloween's day; eg In the Halloween's party, 3 young trick-or-treaters run out of the street for picking up candies, killed by speeding car in California, authorities say |
| Santa | Santa Claus 圣诞老人 |
| pedestrian | 行人 eg Halloween is one of the deadliest nights of the year because of the high number of drunken drivers and pedestrians on the road, according to the National Highway Traffic Safety Administration. [slang: a pedestrian bridge人行桥; pedestrian walk [way] 人行道; pedestrian crossing 人行横道] For safety, walks can only be allowed to go through the pedestrian crossing when they're crossing the road. eg By compliance with traffic rules, the motor is not allowed in the pedestrian way/way人行道, but only in the motorway汽车高速公路. |
| CNN 11.3 baby-boomer | <http://money.cnn.com/2014/10/30/real_estate/baby-boomers-homes/?hpt=hp_t3> |
| stay put | (slang) 安装牢固, 原位不动 To continue to be in the same place or same condition for a long time. eg Instead of flocking聚结 to sunny beach havens or downsizing to a condo公寓中的独立单位 in the city during their retirement years, a majority of Baby Boomers say they're just going to "stay put" in their old home. eg Not everyone is planning on "staying put"原位不动 after their retirement, however; 37% of the "Baby Boomers" surveyed said they were planning to make a move. |
| nest egg | (slang) a sum of money stored as a reservation for usage after retirement or for emergency. 储备金; 为养老, 应变等用的储蓄; With the financial crisis and **economic recession**, the **baby boomers**' **nest eggs** are dramatically decreasing.  “nest egg” an amount of money that you have saved so that you can use it for something special in the future 个人储蓄金，储备金 e.g. They had to use part of their retirement nest egg to pay for their son’s college fees. 他们得动用部分退休金来支付儿子念大学的费用。 |
| luxurious |  |
| CNN 11.5 Australia-melbourne-cup (horserace) | <http://edition.cnn.com/2014/11/04/sport/australia-melbourne-cup/index.html?hpt=hp_t4> |
| damp, dampen | **[dampen sb = frustrate sb and depress sb 使沮丧]**; Eg The bad news dampened our spirits. 这恶耗使得我们**精神沮丧**。 |
| To make damp.使潮湿 eg The camp supplies **dampened** during the **monsoon** season. 营地补给品在漫长的雨季里**变潮湿**了。 |
| stall | A **compartment** for one domestic animal in a barn or shed 棚畜栏 eg The Japanese-trained **stallion牡马** collapsed and died in his **stall畜栏**, minutes after crossing the post in last place. The death **dampened/frustrated** the Melbourne cup. |
| 熄火，抛锚 eg The engine flamed out/stalled熄火, the propeller螺旋桨 stopped working. The plane crashed and faild to ditch on the water. Finally the plane pitched into the ocean, I see "a spiral of black smokes" and then a fireball. //ditch sb. = abandon sb抛弃 |
| [the stall warning 失速告警 slang] a waring sent by airplane when plane is flying so low that it is very close to the land, ocean, water, or mountain. A condition in which an aircraft experiences an interruption of airflow resulting in loss of lift and a tendency to drop. 失速 |
| stallion | An adult male horse that has not been castrated 阉割, especially one kept for breeding.牡马 eg The stallion牡马 was reportedly collapsed after being spooked/frightened by a naughty boy with a flag on his way back to the stalls棚畜栏, causing the stallion to suffer a serious right hind后面的 leg injury. Minutes later, the stallion died. The veterinary/veterinarian said a postmortem/autopsy would be conducted. |
| post; postmortem | 事后分析;事后总结检讨 discussion of an event after it has occurred, especially for learing lessons, retrospective analysis  [事后分析;事后总结检讨: postmortem analysis = **In retropect 回顾往事；检讨过去; retrospective meeting;]** |
| Informal: An analysis or review of a completed event, retrospective review 事后剖析检讨,回顾事后的调查分析; [the postmortem investigation 事后的调查分析; the postmortem criticism 事后批评; the postmortem review 事后回顾检讨] eg After the GA release, in the retrospective meeting, we conducted a postmortem review to conclude all lessons learnt. [post -> posthumous 死后的, 身后的, a posthumous award 死后荣身] |
| the postmortem examination = **autopsy, postmortem,necropsy** 尸体解剖, 验尸; Examination of a cadaver to determine or confirm the cause of death. |
| post -> posthumous | ['pɒstjʊməs] posthumous, posthumously, Occurring or continuing after one's death 死后的, 身后的; a posthumous honour/award 死后荣身 (slang); a posthumous child.遗腹子; eg He sacrificed in the Afghanistan war. After his body is repatriated遣返 back home, he got a posthumous award. |
| knackery | (马等)老弱家畜屠宰场 [go to the knackers (马)被屠宰 slang] eg "A recent study found that 125 horses died on Australian racetracks over a 12 month period," added the horse protection organization. "Thousands more are also sent to the knackery when no longer profitable. knacker: (屠马业者) |
| pin down sb (slang) | Confine sb within limited bounds, normally by setting limitation and restriction on sb, especially lessening sb's power and authorization 使受约束, 压制 eg A Republican tide took the U.S. Senate, according to CNN projections, giving Republicans full control of Congress and the power to pin down President Barack Obama during his last two-year tenure in office |
| namesick | **同名的人, 同名物** |
| static; ecstatic, ecstasy | Marked by or expressing ecstasy. 狂喜的： Being in a state of ecstasy; 欣喜若狂的；出神的：陷于狂喜状态中的 |
| CNN | <http://edition.cnn.com/2014/09/09/world/europe/netherlands-ukraine-mh17-report/index.html?hpt=hp_t2> |
| penetrate | To enter or force a way into; pierce. 刺入，穿透：eg The Boeing 777 "broke apart in the air probably as the result of structural damage caused by a large number of high-energy objects that penetrated the aircraft from outside; finally, the plane pitched坠落 into the ocean. |
| To enter into and **permeate:** 渗入渗透： The perfume penetrates/permeates the whole bedroom |
| puncture | To pierce or penetrate with a pointed object.刺：用带尖的物体穿透; eg His lung is punctured by a knife and now in the **life-threatening situation.** |
| To make (a hole) by piercing/penetrating. 戳：通过刺穿弄（一个洞）eg He punctured a hole on the wall |
| punctual | Acting or arriving exactly at the time appointed; prompt. 准时的 |
| pierce | To cut or pass through with or as if with a sharp instrument or a pointed object; stab or penetrate. **Eg I wanna pierce/puncture my ears for ear rings.** |
| **To succeed in penetrating or punctureing (something) with the eyes or the intellect: 洞悉，穿透：用目光或洞察力看穿（某事）：eg He successfully pierced the terrorists' consipiracy and set the** preventive measures ahead of time. |
| permeate | To spread or flow throughout; 渗入或弥漫 eg The perfume permeated/penetrated the whole bedroom. |
| Water will permeate **blotting paper**.水能渗透吸**水纸** |
| investigative | investigate; investigation; investigator, investigative; investigative journalism.调查新闻业 eg Malaysian Prime Minister Najib Razak said the report "leads to the strong suspicion that a surface to air missile brought MH17 down, but further investigative work is needed before we can be certain." |
| intentionally | do sth intentionally/on purpose/**deliberately:** 有意地,故意地 **[intend to do = be meant to do; intention; intentionally]** |
| CNN | <http://edition.cnn.com/2014/09/09/world/asia/india-pakistan-monsoon-floods/index.html?hpt=hp_t3> |
| monsoon | A wind system that influences large climatic regions and reverses direction seasonally 季风 [the moonsoon rain; the moonsoon flood]; A wind from the southwest or south that brings heavy rainfall to southern Asia in the summer. 夏季季风 eg A huge relief operation is continuing across northern India amid devastating monsoon floods that have caused hundreds of death toll and left tens of thousands more stranded搁浅. // A strand of something such as hair, wire, or thread is a single thin piece of it. (头发、电线或纱线的) 缕 a strand of hair; a strand of thread; a strand of wires |
| high-pitched | high in pitch, as a voice or musical tone. 声调高的, 声音尖锐的 Eg **high-pitched voice/noise/sound** eg The dolphin can sound a super **high-pitched voice**; eg The **siren** 汽笛警报器 can voice a high-pitched noise. |
| Steeply sloped 斜坡斜面; eg high-pitched roof 有陡坡地屋顶 |
| Marked by or indicating intense emotion, fierce 激烈的：**a high-pitched/fierce debate.激烈的辩论** |
| CNN ISIS 10.14 | <http://edition.cnn.com/2014/10/12/world/meast/isis-justification-slavery/index.html?hpt=hp_c3> |
| battle-scarred; war-torn | eg ISIS releases a new video of British hostage John showing him in the battle-scarred/worn-torn city of Kobani and "reporting" for ISIS on the fighting there. |
| Tehran | 德黑兰 The capital and largest city of Iran, in the north-central part of the country south of the Caspian Sea黑海 |
| call it even? | 我们扯平了？ |
| play the fool | 干蠢事, 演滑稽角色; 扮丑角 |
| (男女)同居(尤指未婚而同居者) | cohabit; cohabitation; a couple of lovers live together, especially before the marriage; inhabit:居住 eg If marriage was meant to be 'til death do us part, ' cohabitation同居 is a little more like 'til life drives us apart. 如果婚姻意味着“直到死亡将彼此分离”，那么同居就有那么点“直到生活将彼此分离”的意思。 |
| concubine | In certain societies, such as imperial China, a woman contracted to a man as a secondary wife, often having few legal rights and low social status. 妾，小老婆, 情妇 |
| perfunctory; malfunction | Do sth **routinely** and with little interest or care: 循序而做，没有什么兴趣或关注：eg The operator answered the phone with a perfunctory greeting. 接线员接通电话，象征性的打了招呼 |
| Acting with indifference; showing little interest or care. 敷衍塞责的：冷漠做某事的马马虎虎的；没有多少兴趣的 eg Obviously, he does not have much interest in the handcraft making; so he just finished it perfunctorily. Eg He just finished his work in a perfunctory manner. 敷衍了事的把工作作了。 |
| tradeoff | An exchange of one thing in return for another, especially **relinquishment** of one benefit or advantage for another that is regarded as more desirable: (公平)交易，交换：**一物换另一物**，尤指放弃一种利益或优势以换取另一种被认为更有价值的物品 |
| humble (a) humility (n) | The quality or condition of being **humble or modest.** 谦逊：谦逊的品质或情况; eg Even we win, we will still give everything as usual, with **humility,** work and 100% effort **[humiliate; humiliation: disgrace, lose face羞辱, 使丢脸]** |
| CNN 10.22 Haute couture died | http://edition.cnn.com/2014/10/20/living/oscar-de-la-renta-death/index.html?hpt=hp\_bn1 |
| haute | Fashionable and elegant: 流行而精美的：eg “In Washington, haute gastronomy is at least as important as the national economy”(Ann L. Trebbe) 精美烹调技术 |
| haute couture (French) | The leading establishments or designers for the creation of exclusive fashions for women. 高级女子时装业：为女性制造高级时装的居领导地位的商业机构或设计师 eg Designer Oscar de la Renta, who spent half a century putting high society in **haute couture**, has died. |
| ordeal | a terrible or painful experience that continues for a period of time 痛苦的经验, 折磨 eg Teresa had a heart transplant and was just recovering/healing from that ordeal when she suffered a brain hemorrhage ['hemərɪdʒ][病理] 出血. (脑溢血) eg Oscar, one of the most sought-after最吃香的 haute coutures in 1990s, suffered a terrible disease. After that 3-year ordeal, he finally died at his 80th, leaving behind留下了 his wife and son. [one of the most sought-after <plural noun> 最吃香最受欢迎的xxx之一]] |
| pawn | one of the eight smallest and least valuable pieces which each player has in the game of chess [literal meaning (国际象棋 中的)兵, 卒;] [figurative meaning 喻] a trivial微不足道的 person who is not important and inessential, just with little significance and value 爪牙走卒, 可轻易牺牲、无足轻重的人或物 [ 虾兵蟹将小人物 shrimp; big fish 显赫的人物 e.g. In DP team, I'm just a shrimp; and F is the big fish. V.S. tycoon 企业界大亨，巨头巨富 = mogul V.S. dignitary ['dɪɡnɪtɛri] 位高权重的人 ] |
| Sth given as security for a loan; a pledge or guaranty. 抵押品，典当物 eg **pawn shop 典当行; jewels in pawn 典押的珠宝** |
| A person serving as security; **a hostage.** 人质 eg The kidnapped Nigerian girls are taken as pawns/hostages |
| To risk; hazard/peril : 冒险；赌：**pawn one's honor 以名誉作赌注** eg Pawing my honor, I believe he is innocent in this business fraud case. 我以我的名誉作赌注，相信他是无辜的。 |
| jazz up V.S. jack up | 使活泼 eg Oscar, a legendary designer, named one of the most sought-after haute coutures, - often described as the "sultan of suave" -- dressed every first lady since Jacqueline Kennedy. Among those whose glamor迷人美 factor his dresses jazzed up: Oprah Winfrey, Anne Hathaway 安妮海斯维 and, most recently, George Clooney's 乔治布鲁尼 bride Amal Alamuddin. |
| inspire, inpiration | inspire, inpiration, inspirational; 鼓舞人心的, 励志的 **[励志的歌曲　an inspirational song;　励志的演讲 an inspirational speech]** |
| aspire, aspiration for | An object of such desire; an ambition 渴望达到的目标；雄心 eg I have strong aspiration/ambition for promoting myself as a  senior manager. |
| **aspire to sth; aspire to do sth**= have great ambition and passion for a goal, strongly desire 渴望追求，有志于：有雄心大志; A strong desire for high achievement or performance 建立丰功伟绩的强烈愿望 |
| aspire to/after great knowledge. 追求渊博的知识; aspire to/after truth 追求真理; aspire to/after fame 追求名誉或地位;  aspire to become an author/scientist 热望成为作家; aspire to/after wealth 渴望发财; aspire to health |
| mecca / resort | A place that is regarded as the center of an activity or interest. 作为活动或兴趣中心的地方, 胜地 [the fasion mecca 时尚的圣地； the music mecca 音乐的圣地天堂； the art mecca 艺术胜地; the literature mecca 文学的圣地; 滑雪胜地:　ski resort; the holiday resort; the shopping paradise] eg Oscar was in the fashion mecca, Paris, on vacation. Eg Austria is the most famous "music mecca", where lots of musicians host their concerts every year. It's specially visited by students who is aspiring to become a musician. |
| A goal to which adherents of a religious faith or practice fervently aspire. 向往的目标 |
| A place visited by many people. synonym: resort 胜地：eg HK is a mecca for tourists, a kind of shopping paradise 旅游者们的游览胜地; eg Puket island is one of most sought-after vacation resorts/meccas.最吃香的旅游胜地之一。  //**(slang)压倒 xxx的最后一击the last straw**;  **最后手段/的办法 last resort** ; (if you do something as a last resort, you do it because you can find no other way of getting out of a difficult situation or of solving a problem. 作为最后手段 eg Nuclear weapons should be used only as a last resort. 核武器应该只被用作最后手段。  **//背水一战: the last stand** |
|  |  |
| contemporary | n/a Belonging to the same period of time or same generation 属于同时期的同时代的人 Of about the same age. （大约）同年龄的; Lucy and I are of contemporaries. 我们是同年龄的人 |
| **current and modern: 当前的；现代（派）的**：contemporary trends in design. 现代（派）设计倾向 eg Admired by contemporaries同时代的人, adored by consumers, Oscar had a long, successful run. He was the winner of numerous Cody awards, the fashion equivalent of the Oscars. |
| Oval Office | The office of the President of the United States, situated in the White House 总统办公室：美国白宫里的总统办公室 |
| The office, authority, or executive power of the President of the United States; the **tenure** of the presidency 总统任期： eg Oscar's fashion creations were a **fixture固定位置** on the red carpet and in the **Oval Office**. |
| holdout (slang) | （n) sb who never compromise or concede. 坚持不让步的人，坚持自我的人 //concede: admit sth **unwillingly** |
| leave behind sb/sth | 留下xxx, 遗留xxx eg Oscar, one of the most sought-after最吃香的 haute coutures in 1990s, suffered a terrible disease. After that 3-year ordeal痛苦折磨, he finally died at his 80th, leaving behind留下了 his wife and son. [one of the most sought-after <plural noun> 最吃香最受欢迎的xxx之一]] |
| mouthwatering; appetizing | of triggering your aspiration for food, making you feel hungry, especially with **saliva口水** in mouth 令人垂涎的;开胃的：eg the mouthwatering roasted turkey in the Thanks Giving party |
| mouthpiece | Informal: such as a spokesperson, spokesman, through which views are expressed. 【非正式用语】 代言人：发言者，通过他表达观点; |
| Slang: A defense lawyer 辩护律师; // 代理律师：an acting lawyer, an acting attorney |
| Sports: A protective rubber device worn over the teeth, as by boxers.【体育运动】 嘴的保护性装置：戴在牙上的橡胶的保护性装置，如拳击运动员所用的牙套 |
| CNN slavery in Africa 10.21 | http://edition.cnn.com/2014/10/20/opinion/sutter-mauritania-slave-charged/index.html?hpt=hp\_c1 |
| turnaround | A space, as in a driveway, permitting the turning around of a vehicle. 回车场，回车道：公路上的一块地方，允许车辆回旋 |
| The act or an instance of turning about and facing or moving **in the opposite direction**; a reversal: 转身，转向：转过头 eg Stock prices fell in the morning but rallied in a dramatic afternoon turnaround.股票价格在早上下跌，但在下午又戏剧性的爬升 |
| enslave; enslavement | **enslave sb =** to make sb into a slave. 使成为奴隶：使成为奴隶或使变得象奴隶一样 eg In a new publication, ISIS states that **enslaving** families and taking their women as **concubines 妾小老婆** is a "firmly established aspect of the Shariah, or Islamic law." |
| **be enslaved to sth= be addicted to (变得象奴隶一样)沉溺;** be enslaved to a bad habit 改不掉坏习惯; He was enslaved to drinking and drug. 他沉溺于酒。 Eg He **is enslaved to** the **opium poppy** and marijuana. |
| eg Mauritania, the country with the world's highest incidence of modern slavery奴隶制. Located in North Africa, on the edge of the Sahara Desert撒哈拉沙漠, an estimated 4% to 20% of people there remain enslaved. I visited the country in 2011 to produce a documentary on modern slavery for CNN. I've witnessed these horrors first hand -- met the victims of slavery and the slave owners. But the government also has created an agency specifically dedicated to trying to end the vestiges of slavery. |
|  |  |
| bigamy; bigamies (plural) | the crime of being married to two people at the same time 重婚罪  eg The CNN columnist told me she hasn't heard of other cases of women who were liberated from slavery being charged with similar adultery crimes. But in a highly publicized case, a woman in Niger, successfully sued for her freedom/liberation after escaping slavery and initially being sentenced to six months in prison for the crime of bigamy.重婚罪 |
| vestige | a small part or amount of sth that remains when most of it no longer exists 丝毫的残余 [the vestige of slavery 残余的奴隶制; the vestige of the supertition 残余的迷信想法] eg "The fact that a girl rescued from a situation of slavery should face this adultery charge is particularly deplorable, given the Mauritanian government's recent commitments ... to strengthen the legal and policy framework against the vestiges of slavery and to increase support for victims," says a letter to the Mauritanian minister of justice on Mbeirika Mint M'bareck's behalf. eg The vestige of supertition still exists in some part of CHINA. 残余的迷信想法仍在中国某些地方存在。 |
| CNN 10.20 Ebola outbreak | [http://edition.cnn.com/2014/10/19/world/africa/west-africa-ebola-outbreak/index.html?hpt=hp\_c1 http://edition.cnn.com/2014/10/15/health/texas-ebola-outbreak/index.html?hpt=hp\_t1](http://edition.cnn.com/2014/10/15/health/texas-ebola-outbreak/index.html?hpt=hp_t1) |
| plasma | Medicine: Cell-free, blood plasma without bacteria, used in blood **transfusions输血**. 【医学】 血浆 eg She thanked Dr. Kent, the American physician who also survived Ebola, for donating his plasma to her while she was sick. |
| Physics: An electrically neutral, highly ionized gas composed of ions, electrons, and neutral particles. It is a phase of matter distinct from solids, liquids, and normal gases. 【物理学】 等离子体 |
| out of the woods (slang) | (slang) out of the danger or jeopardy 出森林, 脱离危险 eg Even she has been released from the Ebola quarantine, she's not entirely out of the woods. |
| out of the way (slang) | 请借过; 警察办事， 请借过 Police emergency, out of the way. Move! ; Out of the way pls! |
| restless; restlessly | Marked by a lack of quiet or rest: 不平静的; 不休息或睡眠的： spent a restless night. 打发了一个不眠之夜 eg One must **restlessly** learn and pick one industry to study **thoroughly** and sharpen knowledge **restlessly** if he wants to continue to be successful. |
| Not able to rest, relax, or be still: 好动的不能休息或安静的：**a restless child.好动的孩子** |
| writhe | [writhe in pain: 痛苦地扭动] To twist, as in pain, struggle, or embarrassment 扭动，挣扎，如在痛苦、斗争中或在尴尬的状态下 eg At the Ebola center, one patient, who contracted Ebola染病 one week ago, is too weak to hold up his own head. He writhes in pain as he's given water to drink. [wreath: 花圈, 花冠] |
| To move with a twisting motion. 苦恼不安：伴随着扭曲或歪曲的动作移动 |
| worrisome | Causing worry or anxiety, **disturbing** 烦心的; eg The Ebola outbreak in Liberia is by far the most worrisome. |
| incubate; incubation; | hatch: To sit on (eggs) to provide heat, so as to promote embryonic进胚胎 development and the hatching of young; brood. 孵化 eg Wo, the eggs are hatching/incubating. |
| Medicine: The development of an infection from the time the pathogen enters the body until signs or symptoms first appear.【医学】 潜伏. [the incubation period: 孵化期; 疾病的潜伏期] eg So far, prospects for the nationwide control for Ebola looked good and the countdown倒计时 for the 21-day "incubation period" just began," said WHO. //symptomatic ['sɪmptə'mætɪk] adj. 有症状的；症候的 |
| incubator | An apparatus in which environmental conditions, such as temperature and humidity, can be controlled, often used for growing bacterial cultures, hatching eggs artificially, or providing suitable conditions for a chemical or biological reaction. 孵育器 eg the incubation period: 孵化期; 疾病的潜伏期; (接种后的微生物)保温培养期; 发酵周期 |
| Medicine: An apparatus for maintaining an infant, especially a premature infant, in an environment of controlled temperature, humidity, and oxygen concentration. 【医学】 早产婴儿保育箱 |
| A place or situation that permits or encourages the formation and development, as of new ideas: 温床：允许或鼓励新的想法产生并发展的地方或形势：eg the college campus as an incubator of radical new sociological concepts. |
| agony; agonize sb | agonize sb: to make sb suffer extreme pain, agony, or great anguish. eg Why do you agonize yourself with the thought of your failure? 使自己烦恼, 使苦恼 |
| sainthood | The status, character, or condition of being a saint. 圣徒品位（或身份、品德） Saints considered as a group. ［总称］圣徒 **[hood: 头巾兜帽, protective hood; clothes with hood]** |
| cricket | 蟋蟀 The **"crickets fighting**" is an **intriguing** game in ancient CHINA **[intrigue; intriguing: 引起兴趣(或好奇心)的]** |
| [运动]板球 Cricket is one of most **sought-after** sports in Australia. [sought-after: widely prevalent 很吃香的；广受欢迎的] |
| optimism; pessimism | eg Ebola is **outrunning/going beyond/exceeding** all efforts to contain it but there is progress on **vaccines,** a virus expert says. Even under an **optimistic** scenario, a **vaccine** may not be available until mid-2015 |
| aquatic; aquarium | 水的, 水上的, 水生的, 水栖的; aquarium: 玻璃缸, 水族馆 |
| outrun | To run faster than; To go beyond; exceed: 超过；超出：“Man's ingenuity has outrun his intelligence”“人类的独创性已超出了自身的理解力” eg Ebola is spreading as such a rate that it is outrunning all efforts to contain it, Roy, professor of infectious disease epidemiology told CNN’s Christiane Amanpour on Thursday. |
| To escape from: 从…逃脱： outrun one's creditors. 逃脱了债权人的纠缠 |
| epidemic; epidemiology | Spreading rapidly and extensively by infection and affecting many individuals in an area or a population at the same time: 流行性的：能够在一个地区或人群中迅速广泛地蔓延： an epidemic outbreak of influenza.流行性感冒的爆发性蔓延; eg A Dallas nurse has set a similar milestone, becoming the first person known to have contracted the disease 染上病毒inside the U.S. She was wearing the proscribed protective gear -- protective hood/hat, protective/safety goggle,a mask and shield and gown -- while recently caring for Liberian national Thomas Eric Duncan at a Dallas hospital. eg The World Health Organization said Monday that 200 health care workers have been infected by the Ebola virus, that is deadly/fatal/lethal/mortal. The doctors wrote that personal protective gears that are made to shield health care workers from Ebola-contaminated fluids are not being used properly. |
| episode | eg the episode 1 of Friends |
| 使 (遗传基因等) 突变; 经受突变 | mutate /mjuːˈteɪt/ (mutating,mutated,mutates) mutant 突变的 mutagenic 诱变的；致突变的 mutational 突变的 mutative 变化的；生物突变的 n. mutation [遗] 突变；变化；元音变化 1. V-T/V-I If an animal or plant mutates, or something mutates it, it develops different characteristics as the result of a change in its genes. 使 (遗传基因等) 突变; 经受突变 例： The virus mutates in the carrier's body. 该病毒在携带者体内发生突变。 HIV has proven to possess an ability to mutate into drug-resistant forms. 艾滋病病毒经证实能突变成抗药型病毒。 2. N-VAR 突变 mutation 例： Scientists have found a genetic mutation that appears to be the cause of Huntington's disease. 科学家们已经发现一个似乎是亨廷顿病病因的遗传突变。 3. V-I If something mutates into something different, it changes into that thing. 变成 例： Overnight, the gossip begins to mutate into headlines. 一夜之间，流言蜚语开始变成头条新闻了 e.g. he suggested that the virus could mutate and become even more pernicious. “This virus is a little bit different from the viruses that were causing sporadic epidemics way back in 2004 and the previous forty years, |
| out of proportion | 不成比例 eg Some have suggested that reaction in the Western world to the Ebola outbreak has been **out of proportion** to the threat, and that attention should really be paid to Liberia where medical resources are **sparse.** |
| walk-in medical clinic | a clinic where you can directly go to for a doctor, without any appointment ahead of time/**beforehand预先** |
| hood | A loose pliable covering for the head and neck, either attached to a robe or jacket or separate. 风帽，兜帽 eg the smokehood; the protecive hood; the t-shirt with hood |
| bee[f u]p | enhance/strengthen/reinforce/consolidate eg As the death of the first patient diagnosed with Ebola in the U.S. sparks more fears, airports are beefing up screening and scrutinize people from affected nations. eg beef up/strengthen the air force 加强空军 e.g. IBM is also **beefing up** a number of other benefits for parents. It is increasing financial assistance for parents adopting children to up to $20,000 bucks to cover those costs, from the previous $5,000 bucks benefit, and it is making that benefit available to parents who use a **surrogate** (代理孕母)to have a child. |
| portfolio: | eg IBM X-Force research consistently reveals that a significant percentage of security vulnerabilities pertain to web and mobile applications. To address   application security challenges effectively, organizations need to test software and applications across their entire portfolio |
| relation; correlation: | A causal, complementary, parallel, or reciprocal relationship, especially a structural, functional, or qualitative correspondence between two comparable entities: 相互关联：一种互为因果的、互相补充的、平行或互惠的关系，尤指结构上、功能上数量上两个可比方面之间的相应关系： a correlation between drug abuse and crime. 吸毒和犯罪之间的相互关联 |
| conducive | (conductive:有传导性的) **be conducive/favorable to sth 有助于有益于...的 (to)**  eg Fresh air is conducive to health 新鲜空气有助于健康。 eg This working conditions are not conducive/favorable to productivity 工作条件不利于生产 |
| prevail, prevalent, prevalence: | The condition of being prevalent 盛行流行 Medicine: The total number of cases of a disease in a given population at a specific time.【医学】 疾病的流行程度 eg The severe prevalence of the Ebola virus **sparks fear** in the whole country. |
| seesaw | A long plank balanced on a central fulcrum so that with a person riding on each end, one end goes up as the other goes down.Also called Regional dandle board 跷跷板 |
| 秋千, swing |
| A back-and-forth or up-and-down movement, as of the lead between two contesting parties.拉锯式的动作，一起一伏的交替过程：上下或前后交替移动的动作，如比赛或竞争双方交替占优势 |
| whereabouts | n: 下落行踪, 所在之处; North Korean state media has attempted to end the international speculation about the whereabouts of leader Kim Jong Un by publishing the first photos of him in more than a month. Eg With the resort/recourse to在地图的帮助下 the map, I finally found his whereabouts. eg His whereabouts is a matter of conjecture/inference/speculation. Her whereabouts are still unknown. 他的所在地是个大家 猜测 的问题。她在什么地方依旧还没人知道 |
|  |  |
| provocateur: | An agent provocateur 坐探，奸细 |
| surgent;  insurgent;  resurgent |  |
|  |  |
| parallelism | ['pærəlɛl'ɪzəm] |
| bolster | A long, narrow pillow or cushion 长枕，垫枕，靠垫 eg Can I have your pillow/**bolster靠垫** to **snuggle.依偎搂抱 eg Pls place the bolsters on sofa.** |
| v: To support, especially with a long, narrow pillow or cushion 如用长枕靠垫支撑或支承 eg He bolstered his plea with new evidence. 他举出新的证据来支持他的抗 辩。 Can I have that pillow to bolster my sore back? v: To buoy up sb to do, to encourage 鼓励 eg Visitors bolstered the patient's morale斗志.  eg bolster the economy |
| sonogram; echogram; sonograph ,ultrasonogram | An image, as of an unborn **fetus** or an internal body organ, produced by ultrasonography.Also called echogram ,sonograph ,ultrasonogram 超声波扫描图：由超声波扫描所产生的未出生的胎儿或某一体内器官的图像 |
| mammograph; mammogram | [医]乳腺X线照片 An x-ray image of the breast produced by mammography |
| mammary | Of or relating to a breast or mamma.乳房的，乳腺的 |
| indignant; indignation | to be filled with anger **[dignity:** The quality or state of being worthy of esteem or respect.尊贵] |
| 筛选 | sift through: To put (flour, for example) through a sieve or other straining device in order to separate the fine from the coarse particles. 筛分：将（如面粉）放入筛子或其它过滤装置中以便把精细的颗粒从粗颗粒中分离出来 eg Do not allow the insularity偏狭思想 to affect your team development; but elevating and expanding your strategical view. This elevated view demands mental agility and the ability to sift through floods/deluge of information. [ a deluge of mails; a deluge of workload 像洪水一般多的 xxx ] |
| To distinguish as if separating with a sieve: 选拔，精选：似用筛子分离般分类： sifted the candidates for the job. 筛选该职务的候选人; eg: sift the flour筛面 sift through: distinguish and separate out by checking and sorting carefully, normally to exclude the unqualified information eg You can request people to fill in questionnaires or take interviews, sift through them and retain whatever is necessary. eg Due to the vast amounts of data stored, technology is needed to sift through it, make sense of it, and draw conclusions from it. |
| To apply by scattering with or as if with a sieve: 撒：用或似用筛子般撒以使用： **sift sugar on a dessert.把糖撒在甜食上; sift sugar on the duck skin, so delicious.** |
| To examine and sort carefully: 审查：仔细检查和挑选： sift the evidence. 审查证据 |
| tuned | 调谐的, 已调谐的 be adjusted to meet specific requirements or demands. eg With IBM, you can have a robust, security-rich cloud **tuned** to your specific needs. |
| pronged | have branches on the top 尖端分叉的 She picked up the prototype , a pronged branch. 她拾起了原型，一根尖端分叉的树枝。 |
| apparatus | an instrumentality of government 政府机关机构 eg the security apparatus/official 政府安全机关; egIt was the Pakistani Taliban's biggest strike on the state security apparatus 政府安全机关 -- in terms of human casualties -- and is a reminder of the massive security challenge that comes from affiliates of al Qaeda holed up in the mountainous Pakistan-Afghanistan border terrain. //在xxx方面, 就…而言 in terms of = with respect to sth |
| A political organization or an underground political movement. 政治组织或地下政治活动 |
| An **appliance** or device for a particular purpose, such as for medical usage 仪器，装置：有某种特殊用途的器具或装置：**an x-ray apparatus/appliance X光透视仪; the** **dental apparatus/appliance.牙科器械** |
| appliance | A device or instrument/tool designed to perform a specific function, especially an electrical device, such as a toaster, roaster, for household use. 器具，用具，装置：设计用来执行特殊功能的装置或器具，尤指如家庭用烤箱的电器设备 eg The toaster is a household apparatus. Eg IBM Security’s approach to identity and access management combines industry-leading software, services and appliances with security analytics and identity governance tools. These solutions help detect anomalies, prevent fraud, and protect user access in today's multi-perimeter environments. |
| A dental or surgical device designed to perform a therapeutic or corrective function. 医疗器械：设计用来进行治病或具有矫正功能的牙科或外科医疗器械 **eg the X-ray appliance/apparatus; the dental appliance/apparatus** |
| apparel | Clothing, especially outer **garments; attire**.衣服 eg If you will attend the formal busiess party, you must wear the **business attire商务正装　,** eg garment |
| orchestration | Arrangement of music for performance by an orchestra. 配乐法：为管弦乐的演出配合音乐 ; symphony orchestra; be orchestrated/elaborated. |
| **Arrangement or control: 安排或控制： orchestration of events.控制事态** |
| prestige; prestigious | A person's high standing among others; be highly worthy of honor, esteem, respect, and **reverence** 威望,在其它人中所具有的崇高名望敬佩; Widely recognized prominence, fame, reputation, or importance: 享有声望的, 声望很高 **a position of prestige in diplomatic circles 在外交界具有重要的一席之地** |
| heterosexual / straight | Sexually oriented to persons of the opposite sex/gender; **straight** |
| homosexual | Sexually oriented to persons of the same sex/gender |
| transgender |  |
| acumen | Quickness, accuracy, and agility of judgment or insight. 敏锐，聪明：判断或洞察力的快速，准确及敏捷; eg The IBM Deeper Insight program is designed to help you improve your **business acumen.商务判断或洞察力 //dexterity[dek'sterəti] 灵巧；敏捷机敏/ agility [ə'dʒiləti]** |
| 灵巧；敏捷机敏 | dexterity[dek'sterəti] 灵巧；敏捷机敏/ agility [ə'dʒiləti] |
| heal | recover or restore 恢复; **heal the rift between us. 弥补我们之间的裂痕 [rift:裂缝裂口;不和]** |
| To restore sb to health /soundness/ wholeness. 恢复健康 eg How's mother going? She just finished a surgery and is on the healing process 在恢复健康的过程中. My mother has healed from a serious disease; 已经恢复健康 eg The person, within the 30 days limitation of any surgery or operation healing, cannot donate blood. |
| comb through | The rescue team is **combing through/scour** the wreckage site, to find thd flight data recorder |
| acclaim | praisal and applause 喝彩, 欢呼v.欢呼, 称赞; eg he received great acclaims |
| vicinity | 1. [ in the vicinity 就在附近; in the vicinity **of** xxx在xxx的附近] in the area around a particular place  e.g. The **fugitive criminal** was found **in the vicinity of** the **landing fill**. 逃犯在”垃圾场”附近被发现。  e.g. There used to be a **mill**磨坊 **in the vicinity**. 附近曾有一座磨坊  e.g. We chose the house for its **proximity to** the school / because it’s **in the vicinity of** that school 我们选中这所房子是因为它离学校近。  //mill: a building containing a large machine for crushing grain into flour磨坊 |
| 1. The state of being near in space or relationship; proximity: 附近邻近：关系上相邻 e.g. two restaurants are in close vicinity. E.g. Our two families are in so close vicinity 两家关系很近 |
| proximity | /prɒkˈsɪmɪtɪ/  [proximity **to** a place or person ] is nearness to that place or person. (地理位置上)邻近接近；（和人的）关系上近  e.g. Part of the attraction is Darwin's **proximity to** Asia. 达尔文港的部分吸引力在于她与亚洲比邻。  e.g. We chose the house for its **proximity to** the school / because it’s **in the vicinity of** that school 我们选中这所房子是因为它离学校近。 |
| CNN 10.17 Trekker in Nepal, Hamalayas | [http://edition.cnn.com/2014/10/16/world/asia/nepal-snowstorm/index.html?hpt=hp\_t3 http://edition.cnn.com/2014/10/15/world/asia/nepal-mountaineers-killed/index.html?hpt=hp\_c3](http://edition.cnn.com/2014/10/15/world/asia/nepal-mountaineers-killed/index.html?hpt=hp_c3) |
| trek; trekker | To make a slow, sluggish, or arduous journey 缓慢或艰难地旅行 (sluggish economy 停滞/疲软的经济)　; To journey on foot, especially to hike through mountainous areas. 步行，尤指长途步行越过山区 ; trekker = hiker eg Tragedy strikes Nepal again as 17 trekkers die in heavy Himalayas snow; eg The grim comb-through search for missing hikers, trekkers, and bodies buried under snow continued Thursday against the dramatic backdrop of Nepal's Himalayas, as officials confirmed that at least 27 trekkers had died in an exceptionally特别的 heavy snowfall. eg 'Trekking is adventurous' |
| Himalayas | 喜马拉雅山脉;  **Himalayan: (a) 喜玛拉雅的**; eg The **trekkers'** group said it deployed helicopters to rescue hikers **stranded** by snow, floodwaters and **avalanches** **unleashed** along the popular **Himalayan** trekking trails by heavy snow Tuesday. |
| The Mount Everest | A mountain, 8,853.5 m (29,028 ft) high, of the central Himalaya Mountains on the border of Tibet and Nepal. The highest elevation in the world, it was first scaled in 1953 by members of an expedition including Sir Edmund Hillary and Tenzing Norgay.珠穆朗玛峰 eg The deaths come only six months after tragedy last struck Nepal, on the slopes of Mount Everest. |
| Consortion; consortium | 联盟, 结合; 协会或社团; <美>大学联盟协定 |
| mountainous | 多山的, 山一般的 ; mountaineer: who climbs mountains for sport【体育运动】 爬山运动员; eg Almost 10 **mountaineers,** including 3 Canadian **trekkers**, were buried under snow coz of terrible **avalanche.** |
| wallclock time |  |
| pass | 经过, 关口 eg Rescue crews combed through/critically search the high altitude paths and passes of the popular Annapurna region for missing trekkers; however, there has been no search at all yet on the other side of the pass, which falls in Manang district, Thapaliya said. |
| CNN 10.14 Japan tropical storm | <http://edition.cnn.com/2014/10/12/world/asia/tropical-storm-vongfong-japan/index.html?hpt=hp_t3> |
| ensue; ensuing | The tropical storm, with the ensuing earthquake, slamed Japan seriously and horribly. To closely follow as a consequence or result 相继发生; To take place subsequently.接踵发生 eg the 7.0 magnitude earthquake and the ensuing tsunami eg Liberian President Ellen Johnson Sirleaf on Thursday acknowledged the human and economic toll that Ebola has taken on her country since beginning in March and during the ensuing intensifying weeks, before adding, "We are a bit more confident (now) that our collective response will turn the curve away from the dire projections." |
| crane | a large bird having a long neck, long legs, and a long mouth.鹤 |
| A heavy machine for **hoisting/lifting** and moving heavy objects by means of cables attached to a movable boom. 起重机 |
| cane | The stem of a raspberry, blackberry, certain roses, or similar plants植物的茎,主茎; eg **the cane of the raspberry/blackberry.** **Sugar cane. 蔗糖; crystalized sugar: 冰糖** |
| A stick used as an aid in walking or carried as an accessory. 拐杖 [walking with a cane; limping with a cane] eg He got a surgery on his right leg, he has to walk with the help of a cane. So he is staggering 蹒跚行动不便 eg In the undated photos, Kim was surrounded by officials and could be seen limping跛行 with a cane, prompting theories that he was suffering everything from weight gain to gout 关节炎. //accessory: If sb is guilty of being an accessory to a crime, they helped the person who committed the crime, or knew it was being committed but did not tell the police. 从犯 |
| CNN HK protest 10.20 | [http://edition.cnn.com/2014/10/20/world/asia/hong-kong-protests-cy-leung/index.html?hpt=hp\_t1 http://edition.cnn.com/2014/10/12/world/asia/china-hong-kong-protest/index.html?hpt=hp\_t3](http://edition.cnn.com/2014/10/12/world/asia/china-hong-kong-protest/index.html?hpt=hp_t3) |
| CNN HK 'universal suffrage' | <http://edition.cnn.com/2014/11/25/world/asia/hong-kong-protests-mong-kok-clearance/index.html?hpt=hp_t2> |
| brace for sth | (slang) get ready for sth; eg Hundreds of protesters were holding a sit-in along four city blocks in Hong Kong on Wednesday morning, bracing for/getting ready for another day of clashes with cops who plan on clearing more of the pro-democracy protest site in the bustling熙熙攘攘的 Mong Kok district. On Tuesday, 86 protesters were apprehended/arrested in scuffles/fight with police. |
| scuffle n/v | scuffle = tussle (在封闭的区域) 扭打或混战 To fight or struggle confusedly at close or confined quarters. eg Those thugs and mobbists are scuffling扭打 in the street, causing fray/conflict and chaos. eg The sit-in number at the protest site swelled dramatically during the day, prompting police to issue a "final warning" to disperse at about 2:45 p.m. Scuffles/fight then broke out, and a number of protesters could be seen being taken away by polic [scaffold: 脚手架] [skirmish: a minor battle, fight, conflict, dispute: 小冲突] |
| scaffold | A temporary platform, either supported from below or suspended from above, on which workers sit or stand when performing tasks at heights above the ground. 脚手架； eg The **martial art** **stuntman** is standing on the scaffold and ready to jump. E.g. In Fukuoka, a city on the southern island prefecture of Kyushu, a 63-year-old man died when falling construction scaffolding struck him, police in the city told CNN. |
| entrust sb with sth | 委托（某人）做某事  **entrust sb with sth:** To give sb a trust and authority for a task： eg他把这项任务**委托给了**他的助手们 He has **entrusted his aides with** the task. |
| conduct a raid | 突然袭击 A surprise and unexpected attack by a small armed force. eg Violence erupted after police conducted a dawn raid Friday on a student protest camp in the commercial and residential area of Kowloon. Authorities then moved to clear a major intersection occupied by the pro-democracy movement, tearing down tents and dismantling barricades. |
| lukewarm | indifferent/halfhearted/tepid, lack of interest or care 冷淡的漠然的; 漠不关心的： |
| tepid | **Moderately** warm; **lukewarm/indifferent冷淡的不关心的.** 略有些热的；微温的; //缓和 (适度的) : moderately； do sth in moderation: 适中，适度 |
| 慢热型的 characterized as being getting warm and friendly slowly. Eg She is shy and **introvertive;** she is a tepid girl.**慢热型的** |
| Lacking in emotional warmth or enthusiasm; **halfhearted, indifferent, lukewarm:** 不热情的：缺乏热烈情感或激情的；**halfhearted 不热心的**  [**antonym: ardent** = passionate and enthusiastic] |
| 金钱无法衡量的 | (slang) We couldn't put price on that. It's invaluable. |
| wonder | An event inexplicable by the laws of nature; a miracle. 奇迹  **[miracle; marvel]** |
| To be filled with curiosity or doubt.充满好奇或疑问 eg I wonder whether you've got married? Eg I wonder what was happening? Eg I wonder why this happpened? //on tiptoe with curiosity = be full of curiosity |
| A monumental human creation regarded with awe敬畏, especially one of seven monuments of the ancient world that appeared on various lists of late antiquity. 近古代世界七大奇观之一 eg Terra Cotta Warroris, with spectacular views, is one of eight fantastic wonders/miracles 奇迹 as the historical sites in the world. eg Niagara Fall is one of the seven awesome wonders/miracles奇迹 in Canada. |
| CNN 10.13 HK protest | china-hong-kong-protest http://edition.cnn.com/2014/10/12/world/asia/china-hong-kong-protest/index.html?hpt=hp\_t1 ; http://edition.cnn.com/2014/09/29/world/asia/china-hong-kong-protests/index.html?hpt=hp\_t1 |
| dismantle | Police in Hong Kong started to dismantle barricades from protest sites in the city's financial center early Monday. |
| call off | Last week, the Hong Kong government **called off** talks with protesters who required for the **universal suffrage/franchise** in HK, after they encouraged their supporters to continue occupying the city's streets. |
| simmer | To be cooked gently or remain just at or below the boiling point. 炖：用文火慢慢地煮或把温度维持在沸点或稍低于沸点; I'm simmering the pork. Eg The pork needs to be simmered for 1 hr. |
| To be filled with **pent-up emotion;** seethe. 内心充满一种被**压抑的情感**；骚动 |
| To be in a state of gentle **ferment** that a state of agitation or of turbulent change or development. **酝酿一种骚动的(情绪,思想) eg** thoughts simmering in the back of her mind. 在她脑海中酝酿的各种思想 eg Tensions simmer in Hong Kong |
| voice | v: 表达, 吐露 eg The organizer of Occupy Central said demonstrators would be asked to stop the protest if it gets out of control, Hong Kong Chief Executive told reporters. "I respect how the public voice their political opinions, but I would like you to take care of the safety of the public." |
| crack down; suppress; repress | eg In HK, Tthousands of demonstrators bracing for the possibility of a police crackdown/suppression/repression镇压 stood their ground in the heart of Hong Kong early Tuesday. Eg To crack down/suppress/repress the protesters, the cops fired tear gas and pepper spray at the crowd. |
| boycott; civil disobedience | eg In HK, the large-scale demonstrations now taking place grew out of student-led boycotts and protests that began last week. The demonstrations increased in size after gaining the support of Occupy Central with Love and Peace-a protest group that was already planning to lead a campaign of civil disobedience非暴力反抗, 不合作运动 later this week against the Chinese government's decision. |
| CNN 10.13 CHINA stand-up comedy | [http://edition.cnn.com/2014/10/07/world/asia/china-stand-up-comedy/index.html?hpt=hp\_c1 china-stand-up-comedy](http://edition.cnn.com/2014/10/07/world/asia/china-stand-up-comedy/index.html?hpt=hp_c1%20%20%20%20%20china-stand-up-comedy) |
| exile; expat; expatriate | One who has taken up residence in a foreign country. 移居国外者：居住在国外的人 eg both locals and expats eg At the show time, the Chinese mainland's first and only full-time stand-up comedy club becomes a carefully-honed weapon of mass hilarity directed at the audience of locals, expats and tourists that frequently packs the room. |
| sb who is exiled/ousted/banished/deported from his motherland and is forced to live in another country 被逐出国外的人 e.g. The Turkish government continues to take action against soldiers and institutions after this month's abortive/foiled/failed military coup attempt. Amid a state of emergency紧急状态, 45 newspapers, 16 television stations and three news agencies have been closed, state-run news agency Anadolu said Wednesday. Officials have fired or suspended tens of thousands implicated with牵涉其中的 the abortive/foiled/failed coup as the government intensifies its vast purge(军事，政治的）清洗运动 . Turkey's top broadcasting authority last week revoked the licenses for two dozen radio and television companies that it said are linked to Gulen, whom Erdogan blames for masterminding the coup 策划了这个政变. Gulen is now an asylum seeker and liveing in self-imposed exile/deportation 放逐流放 in U.S. . Turkey has formally requested the extradition引渡 of Gulen from the United States. He has denied any involvement in the plot/conspiracy emphatically/categorically/flatly 坚决/直截了当的否认. //牵涉其中的 be implicated with sth; foil 铝箔； foil sth= to prevent sth from being succesful; deny sth emphatically/categorically坚决/直截了当的否认 // extradite, extradition:引渡（逃犯等); repatriate:To return to the country of birth, citizenship, or origin:把…遣返回国 |
| Eiffel Tower | The Eiffel Tower is renovated with **dizzy** glass floor.**[dizzy: 使人晕眩的]** |
| mic; microphone | eg The stand-up comedy group holds three open mics a week, plus weekend showcases, and also brings in professionals from across the world. In its wake, other open mics have sprung up涌出, giving comedians -both locals and expats- stage time in which to develop. |
| real; surreal; surrealism | Having qualities attributed to or associated with **surrealism:** 超现实主义的： Having an oddly dreamlike quality. 离奇的，梦幻般的：具有古怪梦幻般性质的 |
| s | eg "Doing stand-up comedy helps me, a very introverted person, express my weird thoughts," she says. "When I'm telling a joke, I'm not really trying to be funny, I'm trying to express ideas that the audience might find amusing. Additionally, it's a good way to relieve/release/liberate myself from the pent-up emotions 压抑的感情." |
| hilarious; hilarity | Characterized by great merriment, excitement, fun and enjoyment;欢闹的 The audiences are deeply impressed by Robin William's improvisational即席创作 and hilarious routines in his comedy. Eg His joke is so hilarious that I cannot stop laughing [improvise; improvisation; improvisational: 即席创作] eg the hilarity of a New Year's Eve celebration 除夕庆祝会的狂欢; |
| hone | To sharpen sth (eg knife, dagger) on a fine-grained whetstone. 珩磨：在细磨刀石上磨快 eg **hone the knife/dagger磨刀** and make it sharper |
| n: a tool with a rotating **abrasive磨损/scrape** tip for enlarging holes to precise dimensions. 磨孔机：带有可旋转并有磨损力的尖头的工具，可以把洞扩大到精确的尺寸 **[abraser: a tool used to abrase or scrape刮擦 sth into small particles微粒] 磨料研磨剂** |
| To perfect or make more intense or effective: 磨练训练,使完美，使更强烈或有效：a speaker who **honed** her delivery by long practice. 一个演讲者通过长期练习来**磨练**提高她的口才 eg I joined the ToastMaster to **hone my presentation skills in English.磨练演讲技巧** |
| all-around | **comprehensive** in extent, width, or depth: **全面的, 综合性的**：在广度和深度上都包含很多内容的：**an all-around education.优良全面的教育** eg A childcare learning platform designed for IBM employees, to provide **all-around a**nd continuing childcare support to IBM families with 0-6 years child. |
| **versatile, versatility**  be able to do many things well 多才多艺的; **an all-around/versatile athlete 全能运动员** |
| 多才多艺的 | versatile, versatility 1. If you say that a person is versatile, you approve of them because they have many different skills. 多才多艺的表赞许 e.g. He had been one of the game's most versatile athletes. 他是这次运动会中最有才能的运动员之一。 2.N 多才多艺 versatility e.g. Aileen stands out for her incredible versatility as an actress.艾琳以其难以置信的多才多艺而出类拔萃。 3. A tool, machine, or material that is versatile can be used for many different purposes. (工具，机器） 用途广泛的 e.g. Never before has computing been so versatile. 计算机技术从未像现在这样用途广泛。4.N 用途广泛 versatility e..g Velvet as a fabric is not known for its versatility. 天鹅绒作为一种织物并非以其用途广泛而闻名。 |
| thirst for; thirsty | **thirst for:** an insistent desire 渴望：一种持久的愿望；热望：**a thirst for knowledge 求知欲** |
| CNN 10.15 Ebola mortality rate | <http://edition.cnn.com/2014/10/14/world/europe/ebola-outbreak/index.html?hpt=hp_c1> |
| mortal | relating to **humankind;** human: 人类的：the mortal limits of understanding. 人类理解的极限; n: 凡人, 人类 |
| Causing death; fatal, deadly, lethal 致死的；致命的 a mortal wound 致命伤口 |
| Fighting to the death; unrelenting你死我活的；不共戴天的; eg a mortal enemy;不共戴天的敌人;a mortal attack. 你死我活的战斗 |
| Used as an intensive:用来加强语气：a mortal fool 一个大傻子 |
| moral; morality | The quality of being **in accordance with** standards of right or good conduct. 品德：符合正确的或好的行为标准的品质; A system of ideas of right and wrong conduct: 道德规范： eg **a moral obligation 道义道德上的责任; moral scrutiny 道德上的审查; a moral lesson (公民)道德课** |
| **spiritual and immaterial**, having **psychological** impacts rather than physical or **tangible** effects:精神上的：心理上的而不是身体或实体影响的：**a moral/spiritual victory 精神上的胜利; moral/spiritual support 精神支持** |
| on the ground | eg "For any hospital anywhere in the country that has a confirmed case of Ebola, we will put a team on the ground within hours," eg "I wish we had put a medical team like this on the ground the day when the first patient was diagnosed. That might have prevented this virus infection/contagion," Frieden said. "But we will do that from this day onward with any Ebola case anywhere in the U.S." [groundbreaking: Characterized by originality and innovation, innovative, inventive, ingenious, and creative 以创造力和创新为特征的：a groundbreaking technology.极富创造力的技术] |
| protective gear | eg A Dallas nurse has set a similar milestone, becoming the first person known to have contracted the disease 染上病毒inside the U.S. She was wearing the proscribed protective gear (including the protective hood/hat, protective/safety goggles,a mask ,shield and gown, and gloves) while recently caring for Liberian national Thomas Eric Duncan at a Dallas hospital. eg The World Health Organization said Monday that 200 health care workers have been infected by the Ebola virus, that is deadly/fatal/lethal/mortal and contagious/infectious. The doctors wrote that personal protective gears that are made to shield health care workers from Ebola-contaminated fluids are not being used properly. |
| contagion; contagious | A disease that is or may be transmitted or **infected** by direct or indirect contact; **a contagious disease.** 接触性传染病 |
| **A harmful, corrupting influence: 恶劣的腐化的有害影响**：eg I feared that bloody violence showed on television was a contagion affecting young viewers.担心电视节目中的暴力会对青少年观众产生**不良恶劣影响** |
| The tendency to spread, as of a doctrine, influence, or emotional state. 感染力：蔓延扩散的倾向，如学说、影响或情绪等 |
| CNN 10.14 ebola | [ebola-health-care-workers Ebola virus extends to Spain http://edition.cnn.com/2014/10/13/travel/airplane-travelers-anxious-ebola/index.html?hpt=hp\_c1 http://edition.cnn.com/2014/10/08/world/europe/ebola-spain/index.html?hpt=hp\_t1 http://edition.cnn.com/2014/10/12/health/ebola-health-care-workers/index.html?hpt=hp\_c3](http://edition.cnn.com/2014/10/08/world/europe/ebola-spain/index.html?hpt=hp_t1%20%20%20%20Ebola%20virus%20extends%20to%20Spain) |
| ward | A room in a hospital usually holding six or more patients. 病房 eg The 56-year-old man was Sudanese, who **contacted the Ebola染上**. He was being treated in a secure isolation **ward** there.He has been **quarantined** for a week.检疫隔离 |
| A division in a hospital for the care of a particular group of patients: 特殊病房**：a maternity ward.产科病房** |
| One of the divisions of a penal institution, such as a prison. 监房：如牢房 |
| The state of being under guard; **custody.** 被监护 **//[法] 监护人 custodian[kʌ'stəʊdɪən]= guardian = warden = curator** |
| scathing | harshly critical and strict 严厉的，尖刻的(批评); In the **scathing** letter, he critically **pinpointed** my mistakes. Harmful or painful; injurious.有害的或疼痛的；受伤的 |
| missionary; priest | One who is sent on a mission, especially one sent to do religious or charitable work in a territory or foreign country. 传教士 eg An American doctor and a North Carolina missionary/priest working with Ebola victims were the first to bring the deadly /lethal/fatal/mortal virus to the United States when they contracted the virus in Liberia and were flown home for treatment. |
| dedicate/ devote to sth | To set apart for a special use: 为某一特殊用途而奉献,献(身), 致力：dedicated/devote their money to scientific research. 把他们的钱用于科学研究 eg The caregivers dedicate/devoted their lives to saving others, but as the epidemic Ebola spreads worldwide, health care workers must also focus on saving themselves eg The Nobel peaceful award receiver devoted/dedicated her whole life to protect the poor people in the world. |
| eg Kim hadn't been seen in public since he reportedly attended a concert with his wife on September 3. It's his longest absence from official events since he made his first public appearance in 2010, according to NK News, a website devoted to analyzing North Korea. |
| contract | ['kɔntrækt, kən'trækt] To enter into by contract; establish or settle by formal agreement: 定约：通过合同契约开始从事；通过正式协议制定或确定：contract a marriage = engagement 订婚 |
| To acquire 取得; contract a serious illness 染上重病; contract a deadly/lethal/mortal virus: 染上致命的病毒; contract a baterial infection 染上细菌感染 eg A Dallas nurse has set a similar milestone, becoming the first person known to have contracted the disease inside the U.S. She was wearing the proscribed protective gear -- protective hood/hat, protective/safety goggle,a mask and shield and gown -- while recently caring for Liberian national Thomas Eric Duncan at a Dallas hospital. eg While the Texas nurse remains in isolation, being quarantined检疫隔离 for a week, a nurse in Spain who contracted the virus after treating a patient in that country is struggling for her life. |
| **[宫缩 uterus contraction; womb contraction]** To reduce in size by drawing together; shrink. 通过收紧使…尺寸缩小；收缩 eg My **uterus/womb子宫 is contracting seriously and frequently,** 10 times per minute before she delivered a bb. |
| endure; bear, tolerate | eg Since the **epidemic** Ebola outbreak began -- the worst the world has seen -- doctors and nurses have described working conditions that no one should **endure.** |
| chlorine | [化]氯 eg One Ebola caregiver in West Africa spoke of waking up every morning with a sore throat from constantly breathing in the fumes from chlorine that must be constantly sprayed in all rooms to kill the lethal/deadly virus that is capable of thriving/flourishing not just in living organisms but on surfaces for some time if conditions are right. [fume: vapor, gas, or smoke, especially if irritating, harmful, or strong. 尤指有害、浓烈或难闻的气、汽或烟 |
| paranoia | A psychotic disorder characterized by delusions of persecution or grandeur, often strenuously defended with apparent logic and reason.妄想狂，偏执狂：一种通常用表面的逻辑和道理来设想的具烦扰或夸大妄想特征的精神错乱症 |
| Extreme, irrational distrust of others. 多疑症：对于他人极端且毫无道理的怀疑 eg All this as the caregivers beat back their own understandable paranoia and fear. Have I done everything correctly? Could I be next? [autistic; 自闭症 autism disorder; 自闭症光谱 autism-spectrum disorder ] |
| morgue | A place in which the bodies of persons found dead are kept until identified and claimed or until arrangements for burial have been made. 停尸房：保存人的尸体的场所，直到身份被确认并被认领或直至埋葬的安排做好以后 |
| A reference file in a newspaper or magazine office. 资料库：报社或期刊编辑部所收集的参考文件 |
| CNN 10.13 Ebola virus | [http://edition.cnn.com/2014/09/21/world/africa/sierra-leone-ebola-lockdown/index.html?hpt=wo\_c2 Sierra Leone: Ebola lockdown](http://edition.cnn.com/2014/09/21/world/africa/sierra-leone-ebola-lockdown/index.html?hpt=wo_c2%20%20%20Sierra%20Leone:%20Ebola%20lockdown) |
| banish | banish sb = **exile/oust/expat** sb: To force sb to leave their own country or place by official **decree/law** 放逐，流放 **[expat: 逐出国外,放逐; expatriate; eg the locals and th expats]** |
| To **drive away sb or sth**; **expel:** 赶走；排除：eg  **We banished/expelled all our doubts and fears.** 我们**消除**了所有的怀疑与恐惧  **[raise doubts about sth]** |
| lockdown | The confinement of prison inmates to their cells as a security measure following a disturbance in the prison. 一级防范禁闭：监狱发生骚乱后，将同监犯人关押在其监所中的安全措施 |
| A prison, especially a high-security one. 一级防范监狱 |
| A device that secures a piece of equipment, especially a computer, so that it cannot be moved or stolen. 防盗装置; eg My laptop is equipped with secure lockdown device. |
| eg Sierra Leone Sunday imposed a nationwide lockdown一级防范禁闭, which means that the nation is in the state of emergencey, which aims to put in place to help stop the spread of Ebola. Under the plan, no one was allowed to leave their homes for three days, allowing volunteers to go door-to-door educating people on the deadly virus. eg The two shootings in Ottawa Wednesday left lawmakers barricaded inside offices and parts of the city on lockdown for hours as police scours for suspects. Ottawa Police lifted the lockdown level Wednesday night and said there was no longer a danger to the public. |
| touchdown slang | The contact, or moment of contact, of a landing aircraft or spacecraft with the landing surface. 触地、触地时刻：着陆的飞机或太空飞行器与着陆平面的接触或接触的时刻 The **plane touchdown** is the critical moment during the whole flying; on which most air crash happens normally. |
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| CNN 10.9 DPRK | [http://us.cnn.com/2014/10/07/world/asia/north-korea-where-is-kim-jong-un/index.html?hpt=hp\_c2 north-korea-where-is-kim-jong-un](http://us.cnn.com/2014/10/07/world/asia/north-korea-where-is-kim-jong-un/index.html?hpt=hp_c2%20%20%20north-korea-where-is-kim-jong-un) |
|  |  |
| exile; oust; expat (expatriate) | Some analysts speculate Kim may have been **ousted驱逐** by an old guard from the era of his late father, whose 2011 death put the son in power. **[the locals and expats; ]** |
| discomfort | Mental or bodily distress. 身心上的不舒服; Something that disturbs one's comfort; annoyance.使人不舒服（或不安）的事物；困苦 eg official North Korean media said Kim was "suffering from discomfort," with no elaboration.[elaborate: To express at greater length or in greater detail: 详细详述] |
| Movie: 初恋50次 |  |
| nympho; nymphomaniac | 花痴 |
| I wish I could make it 希望我能做到 |
| stitch | OMG, your stitch is bleeding 缝合的伤口; I got 10 stitches on the surgery 缝了10针 |
| sew | sew a dress; sew on a button. 缝制衣服；缝扣子 |
| pervert | OMG, you're such a pervert 变态者; 使堕落堕落者;色狼性欲反常者; He's such a disguisting pervert.色狼; If you say that someone is a pervert, you mean that you consider their behaviour, especially their sexual behaviour, to be immoral or unacceptable. (尤在性行为方面) 变态的人 |
| fishy | 1. A fishy taste or smell reminds you of fish. 鱼腥味的 e.g. **Yucky(恶心),** it smells so fishy. |
| 2. If you describe a situation as **fishy,** you feel that someone is not telling the truth or behaving completely honestly. 可疑的; e.g. There seems to be something fishy going on. 好像有可疑的事情发生 |
| CNN ISIS | <http://edition.cnn.com/2014/09/14/world/meast/isis-david-haines-beheading/index.html?hpt=hp_t1> |
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|  |  |
| barren | Incapable of producing **offspring** 不能生育后代的; Lacking vegetation, especially useful vegetation. 不毛的，贫瘠的：缺少植被，尤其是有益的植被 = **arid** |
| do a trial run | How abouting doing a trail run? 试一下 |
|  |  |
| tux, tuxedo | [美口](=tuxedo)(男用)夜小礼服; 无尾夜常礼服 |
| shirk | To avoid, **dodge,** or neglect (a duty or responsibility). 躲避或忽视（职责或责任） **shirk our responsibilities/duties;** |
| shirk school 逃学; It is dishonorable to shirk military service. 逃避兵役是可耻的。 |
| shirker | 逃避(义务)者, 开小差的人 |
| menace | A possible danger; a threat: 威胁：可能发生之危险： **the menace of nuclear war. 核战争之威胁** The act of threatening or **intimidating** 恐吓：恐吓的行动 |
| A troublesome or annoying person= **nuisance** 讨厌的人，eg **He is such a troublesome menace/nuisance.** |
| spare no effort to do | 不遗余力 eg Girls must spare no effort to keep fit. |
| ideology |  |
| fanatical | motivated by excessive, **irrational** zeal.不理智的狂热的 ef Britons "need to know that this is a fanatical organization" that plans attacks across Europe and in the UK, Cameron said. |
| [oral speaking, slang]枪杀(手无寸铁者) | gun down sb. = kill innocent people who are **unarmed.** eg Firstly a soldier guarding a hallowed war memorial was gunned down in Canada's capital Ottawa. Then shots erupted in the halls of the country's Parliament minutes later. |
| radicalize sb | To make radical or more radical: 使激进：使激进或更激进： “Many, probably most, of those have been radicalized by their experiences among the poor |
| wink at sb | 眨眼, 使眼色; 暗送秋波 |
| fill sb's shoes | replace sb; eg Our team leader is promoted to **assume an important role** as PM; and it's hard to find another person to **fill his shoes.** **[assume a role/position as: 担任…的职务]** |
| CNN ISIS | <http://edition.cnn.com/2014/09/15/world/meast/iraq-isis-us-airstrikes/index.html?hpt=hp_t1> |
| the national defense | strengthen/reinforce/enhance the national defense.国防 |
| CNN | <http://edition.cnn.com/2014/09/16/world/steven-sotloff-fixer-isis-interview/index.html?hpt=hp_c1> |
| ram | ram sth: To strike against with a heavy impact; butt: 猛击，撞击：rammed the door with a **sledge** hammer until it broke open. // sledge: n. 雪橇 (sled, sleigh, sledge) ；大锤 用长柄大槌砸门，直至把门砸开; Survivors: 500 killed in boat ramming.  **[boat capsized](特指船)倾覆** |
| rivalry | The act of competing 竞争行为，对抗行为; The state or condition of being a **rival or opponent** 处于竞争的状态或条件 Can India and China end rivalry? |
| white lies | A trivial, harmless, or well-intentioned lie that is not **detrimental** to you 善意的谎言 |
| fixer | [美俚]贩毒的人 **drug-trafficker** |
| [美俚] Informal A person who uses influence or makes arrangements for another, especially by improper or unlawful means. 【非正式用语】 干预调停者：运用影响力去安排别人的人，尤其是以不当、不合法手段者 |
| One that fixes or repairs sth that fails to work; 修理者form fixer 模板工; steel fixer 钢筋工 |
| befriend |  |
| tale; dark tale; fairy tale; | Then came the real surprise for the two men: about 15 masked ISIS gunmen jumped out of three cars and took them captive, beginning a **dark tale** that eventually led to Abobaker's release, but ended in Sotloff's **beheading.** |
| captivate; captive; captivity | The state or period of being imprisoned, confined, detained, enslaved. 囚禁（期）：被监禁、限制或奴役的状态或时间 eg In an interview with CNN this week, Abobaker provided a detailed account of how he, Sotloff and three armed guards were abducted in Syria by ISIS fighters, but since then, never once did U.S. officials try to interview Abobaker about his first-hand experience with ISIS and its captivity of Sotloff. |
| savage | The FBI is actively investigating the **savage** murder of Steven at the hands of terrorists and will not discuss **investigative** details at this time. We **are committed to bringing/promised to** the murderers of Steven to justice |
| whatsoever | 无论是什么 |
| CNN | <http://edition.cnn.com/2014/09/18/world/europe/scotland-independence-vote/index.html?hpt=hp_t1> |
| material; immaterial | of no importance or relevance; 不重要的，不相关的 eg These are just **immaterial details 无关紧要的细节** = these details are of no importance or relevance. |
| Having no material body or form. 非物质的，无形的 [**intangible assets/values**] **eg The body is material but the soul is immaterial. 躯体是有形的, 而灵魂是无形的。** |
| vote; ballot; poll; franchise; suffrage | [cast a ballot; cast ballots; cast sb's ballot; 投票; the vote casts (n)投的票] eg In China mainland, civilians do not have legal right to cast their ballots投票 eg [franchise/suffrage] The right or privilege of voting/balloting; the franchise. 投票的权利或特权；投票权; |
| stall | A booth or cubicle小房间 used by a vendor, as at a market. 集市上小贩的货摊，摊位或书亭 eg a food stall/booth on the curbside; a maganize stall/booth on the curbside eg In the bustling熙熙攘攘的 flea market, there are so many BBQ stalls. Eg Allegations of voting fraud were reported by Glasgow City Council, with several instances of people turning up at voting booths in Scotland's largest city to vote, only to be told that they had already voted. |
| The sudden, unintended loss of power or effectiveness in an engine. 汽车发动机的突然，想不到的**熄火或抛锚** eg The car stalled on the **motorway** 那辆车在**高速公路**上抛锚了 |
| A condition in which an aircraft or airfoil experiences an interruption of airflow resulting in loss of lift and a tendency to drop. 飞机遭受空气流的停断造成飞机失速和下降趋势的情况; 使飞机失速 eg The engine of the Boe 777 stalled and the plane is inclined to crash; fortunately, the plane ditched on the water successfully. [ditch on the water/ocean: To crash-land in water. Used of an aircraft or a pilot.作水上迫降] //ditch sb. = abandon sb抛弃 |
| To come to a standstill, pause 停止： Negotiations stalled 谈判中断 eg The Conference Board reports that 70% of the public companies that suffer a “revenue stall” will see their market capitalization/market cap drop by more than 50%. Poor strategic decisions account for（比例）占 most revenue stalls. //market capitalization/market cap 市值 |
| majority | **The amount by which the greater number of votes cast, as in an election, exceeds the total number of remaining votes. 占选票的决大多数，例如在选举中超过其余票数和的票数 eg A simple majority is needed for either side to claim victory. eg The research and consulting organization asked more than 1,800 people who voted Thursday in Scotland as well as 800 who cast postal ballots. A small but significant majority -- 54% to 46% -- said Scotland should remain part of the United Kingdom** |
| The political party, group, or **faction** having the most power by virtue of its larger representation or electoral strength. 多数党：凭其更多的代表或更大的选举力量而享有最大权力的政党、政治集团或者**派别** |
| CNN | <http://edition.cnn.com/2014/09/17/world/asia/thailand-british-tourist-deaths-tribute/index.html?hpt=hp_t3> |
| idyllic | Of or having the nature of an idyll. 田园诗的，具有田园诗性质的 Simple and carefree: 简朴且无忧无虑的： an idyllic vacation in a seashore cottage. 在海边的小屋度过的田园诗般的假日 |
| autopsy / necropsy/ postmortem | **[anatomy 剖析, 解剖学]** Examination or **dissection** of a dead body to determine or confirm the cause of death. Also called **necropsy,postmortem ,postmortem examination** 尸体解剖 [post, **posthumous:死后的,身后的 posthumous honor死后荣身**; postmortem] |
| eg An **autopsy/necropsy** revealed that both victims had been hit by a hard object.Miller was hit and had **scratches/bruises擦伤** on his back, in addition to having water in his lungs consistent with **drowning,** an autopsy showed. |
| rule out | strikethrough; eg In your email, pls rule out/strikethrough the redundant words |
| 排除 Police previously said they had ruled out robbery as a motive. Eg In this air crash investigation, we've ruled out排除 the possibility of any tech malfunction and mechanical glitches小故障. So now investigations points to flight crews, including the pilot and first officer. |
| CNN | [http://edition.cnn.com/2014/09/21/us/firefighters-ice-bucket-challenge/index.html?hpt=hp\_t3  Firefighter dies after "ALS Ice Bucket Challenge" accident](http://edition.cnn.com/2014/09/21/us/firefighters-ice-bucket-challenge/index.html?hpt=hp_t3%20%20Firefighter%20dies%20after%20%22ALS%20Ice%20Bucket%20Challenge%22%20accident) |
| incursion | invade, invasion, an **aggressive** entrance into foreign territory or domain; a **raid or an invasion**. 侵犯侵略行为; The anti-Japanese incursion war lasted for 8 years. |
| The act of entering or running into,normally violently: 进入或冲进的行为：Boz of the tsunami, homes are damaged by the incursion of floodwater 被侵入的洪水破坏的房屋 eg In airplane, the tower controllers take full responsibilities to avoid the "runway incursion".跑道入侵 eg The Boe 777 is taxing on the runway/apron, but accidentally crashed coz of the runway incursion; a big fireball and a spiral of black smokes rush to the air. helix: 螺旋,[anatomy]耳轮; a spiral of smokes; //taxiing v.s taxing: A taxing task or problem is one that requires a lot of mental or physical effort. 费劲的(任务，活） e.g. It's known that DP is such a taxing project 很费劲的项目 |
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|  |
| intrude; intrusion | intrude sth into: to put sth into or force sth into inappropriately, especially without invitation, fitness, or permission: 闯入; 硬塞，强使：不合时宜地进入或强迫进入，特指未经邀请、不合理、或未经允许： eg Do not intrude your subjective opinion into a factual report. 将个人意见硬塞在真实的报道中; You had no right to intrude/impose your opinions on the rest of us. 你没有权力将你的意见强加于我们身上。 |
| **intrude on/upon sb.'s privacy; intrude on/upon sb.'s time; 占用某人的时间; I hope I am not intruding/interrupting 我希望我不致打扰你; intrude/impose one's views on others 把自已的意思强加于人; intrude oneself into a meeting 挤入会场** |
| Geology: To **thrust/push** (molten rock) into preexisting rock. 【地质学】 侵入：（熔岩）侵入已经存在的岩石中 **//molten:** Molten rock, metal, or glass has been heated to a very high temperature and has become **a hot, thick liquid.** 熔化的**, semi-molten** |
| pull off sth | 努力实现, 赢得 try to realize sth. Eg Electricity from a power line **shocked使受电击** four firefighters on a ladder as they sprayed water on a group of college students below who were trying to **pull off** the charity **stunt 花招，噱头.** |
| stunt | a performance by displaying unusual strength, skill, or daring. 特技、绝技; **[stunt man 特技替身演员; to perform stunts/a stunt.表演特技或绝技] eg The pilots are performing the "stunt flying" 特技飞行** |
| Sth of an unusual nature, that is done for attracting the public attention, especially for **propaganda/propagandism宣传.** 花招，噱头：为作宣传而做的不同寻常的东西 |
| escort | One or more persons accompanying another to guide, protect, or show honor.护卫(队),护送,陪同(人员); [conduct the escort/convoy operation 实行护航任务; under the escort/convoy of 在... 护送下;] eg The bodies of soldiers sacrificed in Afghanistan will be repatriated遣返 to their hometown, under the escort of U.S. military; eg Jacky Chen, one of the most famous martial arts actors in world, will give a performance in U.S., during this trip, he is under the escort of ten people, including his agency, chef, nurses, and translators. eg A CHINA navy ship is conducting the escort operation护航任务, to protect an important business ship from the pirates海盗' attack when it's pasing through Somali. |
| eg Capt. Tony died Saturday from burn-related injuries in the "ice bucket challenger". The 41-year-old's body was **repatriated to his hometown,** accompanied by an official **escort,** and transferred to the Funeral Home. |
| convoy | The act of **accompanying or escorting**, especially for protective purposes. 护航：陪伴或护送的行为，尤指为了保护性目的; An accompanying and protecting force, as of ships or troops. 护航舰队 |
| eg Henning was making his fourth trip to Syria with an aid convoy when he was abducted. While part of the convoy stopped at the Turkish border, -- the only non-Muslim in the group -- volunteered to cross into Syria with a 10-person advance party. In video shot on that day, he explained part of his rationale for answering the call to help. "It's all worthwhile when you see what is needed actually gets where it needs to go," |
| 吊灯 | chandelier [,ʃændə'lɪr] n. 枝形吊灯 [ 水晶吊灯crystal chandelier] V.S. 路灯 street lamp e.g. Her bedroom is embellished/ornamented with an ornate/magnificent (装修的很华丽的) crystal chandelier. |
| 路灯 | [ 路灯street lamp; 路灯柱: lamppost ] lamppost is a **post标杆** or a pillar柱子 supporting **a street lamp路灯.**  eg Well-wishers have tied yellow ribbons to **lampposts路灯柱** and street signs, to express their pleas and i**mplore/solicit/beg** extremists to release this innocent person immediately and unconditionally. |
| shock | 使休克; struck by the thunder or electricity使受电击: [be shocked by electricity; be shocked by the thunder] The plane was shocked by a thunder and finally crashed, pitching into ocean. Eg Two firefighters who were on the ground were shocked when they tried to lower the bucket and an electric current traveled down the extended ladder |
| CNN 9.23 | [http://edition.cnn.com/2014/09/22/showbiz/tv/friends-20th-anniversary/index.html?hpt=hp\_t3   Loyal 'Friends,' 20 years later](http://edition.cnn.com/2014/09/22/showbiz/tv/friends-20th-anniversary/index.html?hpt=hp_t3%20%20Loyal%20'Friends,'%2020%20years%20later) |
| sitcom | eg The NBC sitcom "Friends" -- which starred Jennifer Aniston, Courteney Cox, David Schwimmer, Matthew Perry, Matt LeBlanc and Lisa Kudrow as a group of six friends in New York City -- is just as popular in 2014 as it was when it premiered on September 22, 1994. [(situation comedy); soap opera] |
| bump into | 撞击 eg Turn on the TV any day of the week, and you're likely to bump into a "Friends" rerun. On channels like TBS and Nickelodeon, episodes of the sitcom are scheduled with such regularity it's as though it never left the air 10 years after its run ended. |
| drop by sb's home | 随便到访 eg Thanks to the chemistry of the cast and the relatable **storylines故事情节,** catching an episode of "Friends" often feels like dropping by an old buddy's living room. |
| foosball | the foosball table |
| familiar; familiarity | [fə,mɪlɪ'ærəti] |
| brunette | A girl or woman with dark or brown hair. 黑发女孩，黑发女人 |
| finale | [fi'nɑ:li] the concluding part of a performance, such as an opera, especially a musical composition. (戏剧的)最后一场,结局; 最后的一个乐章, 终曲 eg As hard as it was to say goodbye to those co-stars, it was hard to say goodbye to that set,a replica of Friends house, too. According to Tyler, the set was torn down/dismantled after the finale was taped. eg grand finale (歌剧、运动会等)高潮性结尾 eg the finale of the opera; the finale of the concert |
| wardrobe | A tall cabinet, closet, or small room built to hold clothes. 衣橱; eg Pls help me turn on the wardrobe knob and I will put my clothes in it. |
| The **costumes** belonging to a theater 全部戏装 **the wardrobe department: 剧装组** (行头, 剧装) eg "The **wardrobe department剧装组** allowed me to keep the tie that Gunther wore in the very last scene," Tyler said. |
| The department in charge of wearing **apparel,** jewelry, and accessories in a royal or noble household. 保管部：王室或贵族官邸中保藏衣服、珠宝或附属部的部门  **wardrobe department剧装组** |
|  |  |
| CNN 9.23 | [http://edition.cnn.com/2014/09/22/world/meast/u-s-airstrikes-isis-syria/index.html?hpt=hp\_t1 U.S. airstrikes hit ISIS inside Syria for first time](http://edition.cnn.com/2014/09/22/world/meast/u-s-airstrikes-isis-syria/index.html?hpt=hp_t1U.S.%20airstrikes%20hit%20ISIS%20inside%20Syria%20for%20first%20time) |
| inflate, inflation /deflation; | **inflate the life vest/jacket 给救生衣充气;** eg Do not inflate the life jackets before you swim out of the plane; inflate the balloon给气球充气; inflate the tire轮胎; economic inflation:通货膨胀; economic deflation. |
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| stronghold | A fortified/reinforced/strengthened place 堡垒或要塞 eg The airstrikes focused on the ISIS stronghold of Seria |
| An area dominated or occupied by a special group 据点大本营;  **[a stronghold of democracy.民主的大本营; the terrorists' stronghold 恐怖主义的大本营]** |
| A place of survival or refuge, shelter 生存地, 避难所：[one of the last strongholds of xxx: xxx的最后一块生存地] [one of the last strongholds of an age-old tradition. 陈旧传统的最后一块生存地; one of the last strongholds of the vestige of superstition 残余的封建思想的最后一块生存地 [the vestige of the superstition 残余的封建思想] |
| Tomahawk missile | eg The U.S. and its allies began striking ISIS strongholds要塞据点 using fighters, bombers and Tomahawk missiles, Pentagon spokesman said. Tomahawk missiles launched from the sea initiated the onslaught/violent attack, followed by bombers and fighters. [onslaught: a violent attack; an onslaught of spam=an overwhelming outpour 大量的垃圾邮件] |
| be meant to do | 有意要, 打算 = intend to do; eg A U.S. military lieutenant said the strikes are meant to target the ISIS strongholds in Syria that has already been a war-torn city. //colonel /ˈkɜːnəl/ A colonel is a senior officer in an army, air force, or the marines. (陆军、空军或海军的) 上校 //lieutenant [lef'tenənt, lu:'t-]中尉 //sergeant /ˈsɑːdʒənt/ sergeant is a non-commissioned officer of middle rank in the army, marines, or air force. 中士 |
| immune; immunity | **be immune from taxation 免于纳税 = has exemption/impunity from taxation; be immune from criminal prosecution.免于刑事诉讼= has exemption/impunity from criminal prosecution; be immune from punishment= has exemption/impunity from punishmen 免除处罚** |
| impunity | [im'pju:**nə**ti] has **immnunity or exemption** from punishment, penalty, or harm 免除免于惩罚、赔偿或损害 |
| exempt; exemption | eg exempting the disabled and paralyzed from the military service.免除残疾人的兵役 be immune from taxation 免于纳税 = has exemption/impunity from taxation; be immune from criminal prosecution.免于刑事诉讼= has exemption/impunity from criminal prosecution; be immune from punishment= has exemption/impunity from punishment 免除处罚 |
| The clock is ticking. | **eg The clock is ticking, and it's really a race against the time** |
| sign off on sth | eg Secretary of Defense told the House Armed Services Committee last week that he and Chairman of the Joint Chiefs **signed off on** plans to strike ISIS in Syria. //a joint statement一份联合声明 |
| CNN 9.24 | [http://edition.cnn.com/2014/09/21/world/europe/isis-alan-henning/index.html?hpt=wo\_c1 ('A peaceful, selfless man': Wife of captive Alan Henning begs ISIS to let him go)](http://edition.cnn.com/2014/09/21/world/europe/isis-alan-henning/index.html?hpt=wo_c1%20%20%20('A%20peaceful,%20selfless%20man':%20Wife%20of%20captive%20Alan%20Henning%20begs%20ISIS%20to%20let%20him%20go)) |
| plea n; plead v | An earnest request; an appeal: 热切的请求；呼吁 eg spoke out in a plea for greater tolerance, freedom,and humanitarian 喊出来恳求更大的宽容 eg ISIS has shown no regard in recent weeks for pleas from the families of its Western hostages. She expressed concern that her husband's captors weren't answering her pleas请求呼吁 for his release immediately and unconditionally. eg The week before Sotloff's execution became known, his mother released a video pleading with ISIS leader Abu Bakr al-Baghdadi not to kill him. |
| An excuse or a **pretext:** 借口；托辞： |
| A defendant's answer to the declaration made by the **plaintiff原告** in a civil action. 申诉：民事诉讼中**被告**对**原告**所做的陈述状的回答 |
| plead a client's case 为某一当事人的案子**辩护; plead poor mouth [slang] [美](有人催款, 捐款时)装穷** |
| implore / plead | implore sb to do sth: plead and beg 恳求, 哀求 eg "I pray that the extremists holding Alan can respond to my pleas请求呼吁 and contact me before it is too late," she said. "When they hear this message, I implore the people of the Islamic State to see it in their hearts to release my husband. eg "As your sister in Islam, I would implore you and beg of you: please spare the life of this innocent man," she said. "He is not part of your struggle. He is not to blame for the actions of Western governments that you fight." |
| wonder | 1) 我想知道, I'm wondering that xxx |
| 2)奇迹奇观 a marvel, one that arouses awe, astonishment, surprise, or admiration; a marvel: eg Terra Cotta Warrior兵马俑, with spectacular views, is one of eight fantastic wonders 奇迹 as the historical sites in the world. eg A monumental human creation regarded with awe, especially one of seven monuments of the ancient world that appeared on various lists of late antiquity.七大奇观之一 |
| hostility; enmity; antagonism; | Feeling or showing **enmity** or ill will; antagonistic 怀有敌意或恶意的;**a hostile remark 充满敌意的话; a hostile climate 恶劣气候; hostile= antagonistic** |
| inseparable | Impossible to separate or part:分不开的或不可分离的： Very closely associated; constant:联系非常紧密的; eg We're **inseparable companions**.形影不离的伙伴; This couple has been with each other for 40 years, and they're inseparable. |
| undress sb. | To remove the clothing of; disrobe. 脱…衣服; The maids need to help the king to undress him. |
| ditch | ditch sb/sth: to get rid of; discard sth: 抛弃；丢弃： ditched the old furniture. 丢弃旧的家具 |
| ditch sb: to get away from (a person, especially a companion).躲避（某人，尤其是同伴) Eg I got a stoodup放鸽子 by my BF, obviously, he ditched me on purpose. Eg I ditched my bosom friends in our planned date and rushed to see my BF; now I need to apologize to my friend //You blow me off = You gave me a stoodup (放鸽子） |
| To have an emergent crash-land (an aircraft) on water.  **ditch on the water 使（飞机）作水上迫降; pitch in to the water 坠机到水中 //ditch sb. = abandon sb抛弃** |
| lame | that's a **lame** excuse. 跛足的; (辩解、论据等)无说服力的 |
| Disabled so that movement, especially walking, is difficult or impossible:跛的；eg Lame from the accident, he walked with a **cane拐杖**. Eg A lame wing kept the bird from flying. 残废的翅膀使得鸟儿无法飞翔 |
| blood relative | 血亲亲戚 |
| CNN 9.25 | [http://edition.cnn.com/2014/09/23/world/africa/ebola-outbreak/index.html?hpt=hp\_t3 Ebola crisis](http://edition.cnn.com/2014/09/23/world/africa/ebola-outbreak/index.html?hpt=hp_t3%20%20%20Ebola%20crisis) |
| eliminate | To get rid of; remove: 消灭 **eliminated his enemies 消灭他的敌人**; **eliminate the false and retain the true 去伪存真** eg Al Qaeda-linked leader has been **eliminated消灭** as the U.S. targeted the terror group alongside ISIS |
| eliminat: Physiology ['fɪzɪ'ɑlədʒi]/physiological 生理学: To excrete (bodily wastes or feces粪便).【生理学】 排泄（体内废物） eg Because I have constipation, I tried some purge泻药 medicine (purgative) and want to eliminate/evacaute wastes from my body  Medicine: [药] 泻药；[药] 通便药   * catharsis/kəˈθɑːsɪs/ :  [药] 泻药；[药] 通便药 * purgative /ˈpɜːɡətɪv/ [N-COUNT](javascript:;)A purgative is a medicine that causes you to get rid of/discharge unwanted waste from your bowel. 泻药; [ADJ](javascript:;)A purgative substance acts as a purgative. 通便的purgative oils通便油; a purgative tea. ...通便茶。 * purge medicine: a substance used to make your bowel empty by getting rid of/discharging waste from it.泻药 * 拉肚子: have the trots = lose my bowels * 便秘constipation /ˌkɒnstɪˈpeɪʃən/: Constipation is a medical condition which causes people to have difficulty getting rid of/discharing solid waste from their bowel.   Do you suffer from constipation? 你便秘吗？ |
| 再生；重生； 化身 | reincarnation [,ri:inkɑ:'neiʃən] 1. embodiment in a new form (especially the reappearance or a person in another form); his reincarnation as a lion 2. a second or new birth 同义词： rebirth / renascence 3.the Hindu or Buddhist doctrine that person may be reborn successively into one of five classes of living beings (god or human or animal or hungry ghost or denizen of hell) depending on the person's own actions eg The Dalai Lama's cryptic comments about his next reincarnation have left people guessing.  //embody, embodiment: 体现化身；具体化;we all applaud these 153 brave colleagues of ours, they're the true embodiment of the EII core values of Respect, Professionalism and Perseverance in the face of the unexpected disaster.  A baby is the embodiment of vulnerability.  婴儿是脆弱的化身;language embodiment  语言体现;One Embodiment一个实施例;  The Embodiment该实施例 |
| xxx的体现， xxx的化身；xx的具体化 | embody, embodiment; To embody an idea or quality means to be a symbol or expression of that idea or quality. 体现; 具体象征 e.g. Jack Kennedy embodied all the hopes of the 1960s. 杰克•肯尼迪体现了20世纪60年代的全部希望。 e.g. For twenty-nine years, Checkpoint Charlie embodied the Cold War. 29年来，查理检查站具体象征了冷战 e.g. The DMZ embodies the horrific civil war between South Korea and DPRK. |
| n) embodiment e.g. We all applaud these 153 brave colleagues of ours, they're the true embodiment of the EII core values of Respect, Professionalism and Perseverance in the face of the unexpected disaster. 爱力信公司价值的体现/化身 A baby is the embodiment of vulnerability. 婴儿是脆弱的化身; language embodiment 语言体现; One Embodiment一个实施例; The Embodiment该实施例 |
| storyline | 故事情节; the **plots** of the novel; the plots of the movie; |
| momentum; impetus |  |
| grease | Slang: **bribery,** such as money or influence, that can facilitate the attainment of an object or a desire: 贿赂：能使目标或欲望的实现变得容易的东西，如钱或影响力： eg The referee accepted some **grease/bribery** to **falsify/manipulate做假** the outcome of the race. 接受贿赂来操纵比赛结果 |
| greased the pie pan. 给平底锅涂上油; **grease pen: 油笔** |
| To lubricate with grease. 用油润滑，给…上润滑油;  **grease oil = lubricating oil = lubrication** |
| virus, virulent | Ebola is one of the world's most virulent diseases and is transmitted through direct contact with blood or other bodily fluids of infected people. eg It blamed the Ebola wide spread not only on a particularly virulent strain of this infectious/contagious virus, rather it said this epidemic outbreak was so deadly because of a "combination of dysfunctional health systems,and international indifference". |
| Extremely infectious, malignant, or poisonous. Used of a disease or toxin 剧毒的，致命的：极度传染性的、恶性的或剧毒的，用于疾病或毒素 Capable of causing disease by breaking down protective mechanisms of the host. Used of a pathogen. 破坏免疫机能的：能通过破坏寄主的保护机制引起疾病的。用于病原体 Bitterly hostile or antagonistic; hateful: 刻毒的，恶毒的：强烈敌意的或对立的；憎恨的： virulent criticism.See Synonyms at poisonous 恶毒的批评参见 poisonous Intensely irritating, obnoxious, or harsh. 讨厌的：非常让人愤怒的，使人非常不快的，苛刻的 |
| exponentially | eg The **death toll** of Ebola cases is increasing exponentially. |
| CNN 9.25 | [http://edition.cnn.com/2014/09/24/world/meast/us-airstrikes/index.html?hpt=hp\_t1 ISIS](http://edition.cnn.com/2014/09/24/world/meast/us-airstrikes/index.html?hpt=hp_t1%20%20%20%20%20%20%20%20ISIS) |
| dismember; dismemberer; dismemberment | To cut, tear, or pull off the **limbs** from the body 肢解 eg The body **dismemberment** is a brutal punishment in Qin dynasty in ancient CHINA. |
| To divide sth into pieces. 分成几部分，拆开; eg dismember the bicycle; 瓜分(国土等) **dismember a country 瓜分一个国家** |
| refinery; purifier | [plural form] An industrial plant for **purifying** a crude substance, such as petroleum, oil, or sugar.精炼厂：如提炼石油或糖等原料的工厂 **eg oil refinery 炼油厂; sugar refinery 精炼糖厂; oil purifier 油精制器, 滤[净]油器; water purifier 净水器** |
| This is not simply a matter of words |  |
| onslaught | a violent onslaught =a violent attack 猛烈的攻击 eg The U.S. Secretary of State John Kerry and lieutenant set the command that U.N. allies must stop the violent onslaught/attack in Syria. [slaughter, NanJing massacre, carnage, holocaust] //colonel /ˈkɜːnəl/ A colonel is a senior officer in an army, air force, or the marines. (陆军、空军或海军的) 上校 //lieutenant [lef'tenənt, lu:'t-]中尉 //sergeant /ˈsɑːdʒənt/ sergeant is a non-commissioned officer of middle rank in the army, marines, or air force. 中士 |
| An overwhelming outpouring: 大量的倾泻： **an onslaught of spam/junk emails 大批的垃圾邮件**  eg OMG,after the national holiday, I got **an onslaught of emails** related to work.大批的邮件 |
| CNN | <http://edition.cnn.com/2014/09/02/health/ebola-vaccine-trial/index.html?hpt=hp_t3> |
| Ebola virus | 埃博拉病毒; A highly anticipated test of an experimental Ebola vaccine will begin this week, amid mounting anxiety about the spread of the deadly and contagious/infectious Ebola virus in West Africa. Currently, nobody is immuned from Ebola virus. [immune,immunizie, immunization: immune/exempt from taxation 免疫的, 免于纳税; immune/exempt from criminal prosecution ；免于刑事诉讼] [vaccine: A preparation of a weakened or killed pathogen 病原体, such as a bacterium or virus, or of a portion of the pathogen's structure that upon administration stimulates antibody production against the pathogen but is incapable of causing severe infection. 疫苗,牛痘苗] |
|  |  |
| chimp, chimpanzee, ape | A gregarious anthropoid ape of tropical Africa, having long dark hair and somewhat arboreal habits and exhibiting humanlike behavior and a high degree of intelligence. It is now considered vulnerable to extinction灭绝 in the wild. 黑猩猩; eg The vaccine did extremely well in earlier trials with chimpanzees, Fauci said. He noted that the method being used to prompt an immune response to Ebola cannot cause a healthy individual to become infected with the virus. |
| consortium | 社团, 协会, 联盟 eg the cartoon consortium: 卡通漫画社团； (国际)财团, [律]配偶的权利； <美>大学联盟协定 |
| disturbing | I got a disturbing call |
|  |  |
| marmalade | A clear,crystal,jellylike jam made from the **pulp果肉** and **rind外皮** of fruits, especially oranges. 橘子果酱 [**mayonnaise:** A jellylike dressing made of beaten raw **egg yolk**, oil, lemon juice or vinegar, and seasonings. 蛋黄酱] |
| rind | A tough outer covering such as bark, the skin of some fruits, or the coating on cheese or bacon. 外皮, eg 树皮; 一些水果的果皮; 或奶酪或熏物品上的外壳 eg the rind/bark of the tree; the rind of the apple苹果皮; the rind of the pear; the rind of the bacon;熏肉的皮 |
|  |  |
| unbelievable; unthinkable | it's hard to be believed; incredible; Impossible to imagine 难以相信的：不可相信的；难以置信的： |
| grease pencil | 蜡笔 油笔； A pencil of hard grease mixed with colorings, used especially for marking on glossy or glazed surfaces. |
| afterthought | an idea, a response, or an explanation that occurs to one after an event or a decision. 事后产生的想法, 追悔 |
| indescribable | eg Well, the **durian's** taste is indescribable, so offensive. //榴莲 |
| toil | Exhausting labor or effort辛劳;To labor continuously; work strenuously.苦干; Labor Day (Sept.1) is almost here in the US and Canada. It's a day set aside for workers to take a break from **toil.** |
| Topic: Ebola virus:[i'bəulə] | http://edition.cnn.com/2014/08/25/world/africa/ebola-outbreak/index.html?hpt=hp\_t1 http://edition.cnn.com/2014/08/26/world/africa/ebola-outbreak/index.html?hpt=hp\_t3 |
| quarantine | A period of time during which an object (eg vehicle, person) suspected of carrying a contagious/infectious disease is detained at a port of entry under enforced isolation to prevent disease from entering a country. 检疫期，隔离期 A place for such detention. 检疫所，隔离所 eg the quarantine station; the quarantine zone隔离区； the quarantine measures; Enforced isolation or restriction of free movement imposed to prevent the spread of contagious/infectious disease. 隔离 |
| eg To prevent the **epidemic** Ebola virus dispersion, a lab and **quarantine station隔离所** have been set up in the town. Eg In the **quarantine zone**, a **quarantine line** is **cordoned off** to prevent anybody entering or exiting. |
| strain | 过度的疲劳 extreme fatigue, 紧张, 张力 |
| Biology: A group of organisms of the same species, having distinctive characteristics but not usually considered a separate breed or variety: 【生物学】 同类，同族：具有特殊特征，但通常却认为不是不同种族的同种的一组有机体：eg a smooth strain of bacteria. 细菌的无凸凹种类 eg There are five identified strains of the Ebola virus; four are known to cause infections in humans. |
| hairdresser /barber | One who cuts or arranges hair.理发师 Like many residents of West Point, a **hairdresser,** has to travel out of this slum to make a living. She is the only **breadwinner** for her two children and her elderly parents. |
| breadwinner | One whose earnings are the primary source of support and affordance for one's family 养家活口的人, 负担家计的人 |
| hood | 头巾, 兜帽 **protective hood;**  A loose pliable covering for the head and neck, either attached to a robe or jacket or separate. => hoodie: A hoodie is a type of jacket with a hood.连帽衫 带帽夹克 穿着连帽衫的小混混 |
| repatriate | To restore or return to the country of birth, citizenship, or origin: 把…遣返回国; eg The bodies of soilders who sacrificed in Afghanistan will be repatriated back to their hometown in U.S. and will be regarded as **martyr烈士** **posthumously死后的.** |
| extradite | To give up or deliver (a fugitive, for example) to the legal jurisdiction of another government or authority. 引渡（逃犯等）; Lai changxing, one of the most notorious/disreputable声名狼藉的 criminals who is charge with bribery, will be extradited back to CHINA; escorted 陪同 with Cananda deputy. e.g. The Turkish government continues to take action against soldiers and institutions after this month's abortive/foiled/failed military coup attempt. Amid a state of emergency紧急状态, 45 newspapers, 16 television stations and three news agencies have been closed, state-run news agency Anadolu said Wednesday. Officials have fired or suspended tens of thousands implicated with牵涉其中的 the abortive/foiled/failed coup as the government intensifies its vast purge(军事，政治的）清洗运动 . Turkey's top broadcasting authority last week revoked the licenses for two dozen radio and television companies that it said are linked to Gulen, whom Erdogan blames for masterminding the coup 策划了这个政变. Gulen is now an asylum seeker and liveing in self-imposed exile/deportation 放逐流放 in U.S. . Turkey has formally requested the extradition引渡 of Gulen from the United States. He has denied any involvement in the plot/conspiracy emphatically/categorically/flatly 坚决/直截了当的否认. //牵涉其中的 be implicated with sth; foil 铝箔； foil sth= to prevent sth from being succesful; deny sth emphatically/categorically/flatly 坚决/直截了当的否认 // extradite, extradition:引渡（逃犯等); repatriate:To return to the country of birth, citizenship, or origin:把…遣返回国 |
| stress; stressor | An agent, a condition, or another stimulus that causes stress to an organism.：对生物体造成压力的紧张性刺激; Do not add too much stressor in yourself, just relax |
| impaired |  |
| tushy | ass, butt 屁股 |
| 五行打油诗  V.S.  三行句诗, 俳句 | **五行打油诗limerick:** a light humorous, nonsensical, or bawdy verse of **five anapestic lines** usually with the rhyme scheme五行打油诗  V.S.   * **三行句诗, 俳句〔一种日本诗体〕haiku['haɪku]:** a type of Japanese poem with three lines consisting of five, seven, and five **syllables['sɪləb(ə)l]音节** |
| tycoon/ magnate (magnet:磁体, 磁铁) | magnate: A wealthy and powerful businessperson or industrialist; a magnate. 巨头大亨：富有的、强有力的商人或工业家； |
| Used formerly as a title for a Japanese shogun. 太君，将军 |
| pave the way for sb to do | In CHINA, most parents are used to paving the right way for their children during their growing, such as planning the education and job for their children. |
| retrace | **顺原路返回 Let's retrace our steps**; retrace a book to previous page 10. 再回到前面某处重新阅读 |
| precursor | 1) predict: One that precedes and indicates, suggests, or announces someone or something to come:先兆：先于并暗示、表明或宣告某人或某事到来的人或事：2) One that precedes another; a forerunner or predecessor: 前任; 先锋或先行者：Her precursor/predecessor as school principal was an eminent educator.她任校长前是一位卓越的教育家 |
| scoop | an ear scoop耳勺; a scoop of coal一铲煤; three scoops of flour三杓子面粉 |
| scoop up | slang: an exclusive news [俚]内幕消息, 独家新闻; [俚] 比...抢先登出独家新闻; They scooped all the other dailies with the story of the election **fraud**.他们抢在其他日报之前独家发表选举舞弊的消息 |
| prologue | prologue; 序言 V.S. proface 前言；引语 |
| epilogue | A short poem or speech spoken directly to the audience following the conclusion of a play. 收场白：戏剧结束后直接对观众说的道白或短诗 The performer who delivers such a short poem or speech. 念收场白或短诗的演员 |
| 拴狗颈的皮带, 控制, 约束; vt.; 以皮带束缚, 束缚; | leash /liːʃ/ N-COUNT A **dog's leash** is a long thin piece of leather, a **strap,** or a chain, which you attach to the dog's collar so that you can keep the dog under control. (牵狗的) 皮带或链条 eg..You just have to keep the puppy on a tight leash.  你要拢住他只须拉紧一根皮带 |
| 宣泄(情绪 e.g. anger, fury ); 解开xxx的束缚, 解开…的皮带; 不受约束；自由自在；放荡不羁 | unleash [,ʌn'li:ʃ] v. 1. unleash sth (e.g. emotion): release or vent 宣泄(情绪 e.g. anger, fury ) [ unleash one's anger = vent sb's anger; unleash sb's fury = vent sb's fury ; the unleashed emotion V.S. the pent-up emotion压抑的情感　］ e.g. This is just what I do, but the main thing I want you to take away from this is that we always have a choice in whether to unleash fury on someone else or keep ourselves in check. 向其他人宣泄愤怒或者是保持住冷静我们总是有一个选择的 2. unlease = release from a leash, such as a belt 解开xxx的束缚, 解开…的皮带 (拴狗颈的皮带) e.g unleash the dogs in the park 3. turn loose or free from restraint vi. 不受约束；自由自在；放荡不羁 |
| the water faucet/tap | A device for regulating the flow of a liquid from a reservoir such as a pipe or drum. 龙头：一种用来控制液体从管子或桶流出来的装置 |
| filament | A fine or thinly spun thread, fiber, or wire.细丝：细小或薄的丝线、纤维或电线 |
| audiology/audiologist |  |
| mischief | Behavior that causes discomfiture or annoyance in another, such as bad prank 恶作剧：导致他人不适或恼怒的行为; An inclination or a tendency to play pranks or cause embarrassment. 顽皮：喜欢恶作剧或导致他人难堪的倾向或趋向; One naughty guy who causes minor trouble or disturbance: 淘气鬼：制造小麻烦或干扰的人：eg The child was a mischief淘气鬼 in school. Damage, destruction, or injury caused by a specific person or thing:由一个特定的人或物导致的损害、破坏或伤害：The broken window was the mischief of vandals.被打碎的窗户是那些故意破坏公物人造成的  //play a prank/trick/gag/hoax/mischief/shenanigan [ʃɪ'nænɪɡən] on sb |
| vandal | One who willfully or **maliciously** destroys public or private property.故意或恶意地毁坏或破坏公共财产或私有财产的人 |
| treble | triple; Music, Relating to having the highest part, voice, or range. 【音乐】 高音：高音或音域 |
| bass | A low-pitched sound or tone. 低音低沉音质的; The tones in the lowest register of an instrument. 乐器中最低音域部分的音调; eg Jin xiuxian has a nice bass tone. A male singing voice of the lowest range. 男低音部; An instrument, especially a double bass, that produces tones in a low register. 低音乐器：特别是低音提琴，产生出音域低的音调 |
| elusive | Difficult to define or describe:难于定义或描述的;eg This concept is so abstract and elusive. |
| booming | grow very quickly and prosperously 急速发展的; a booming market -> a burgeoning market 刚兴起的 |
| transfuse | transfusion: Medicine The transfer of whole blood or blood products from one individual to another.【医学】 输血：把健康的血或血产品从一个人输到另一个人身上 |
| quota | A proportional share, as of goods, assigned to a group or to each member of a group; an allotment. 定额：一定比例的份额，如货物，分配给一组或一组中的每个成员；配给物 A production assignment. 分配额：生产配量 The maximum number, especially of people, that may be admitted to a nation, a group, or an institution. 限额：被招纳入一个国家、小组或机构所允许的最大数目，尤指人 |
|  |  |
| errata | 正误表,勘误表 errata /ɪˈrɑːtə/ |
|  |  |
| 并吞 | annex [/ **ˈæ**nˌɛks] => **DERIVATIVE[dɪ'rɪvətɪv]派生词: annexation n /ænekˈseɪʃ ə n /** 1. V-T 合并吞并：把（一个地区）并入一个政治单位，如国家，州，郡或城市; If a country annexes /əˈnɛks/ another country or an area of land, it seizes it and takes control of its power or even sovereignty主权; To incorporate (territory) into an existing political unit such as a country, state, county, or city. e.g. Rome **annexed the Nabatean kingdom** in AD 106. 罗马帝国于公元106年并 吞了 纳巴泰王国。  2. N-COUNT 并吞 annexation n **/ænekˈ**seɪʃ ə n / **[ annexation of someplace: 对xxx的并吞 ]** e.g. Indonesia's **annexation of** East Timor never won the acceptance of the United Nations. 印度尼西亚**对东帝汶的并吞**从未获得联合国的认可。 e.g. Western nations have **decried/denounced/condemned/excoriated[ɪk'skɔːrɪeɪt]** Russian military intervention in Ukraine's southern region. They say a huge vote Sunday by Crimeans [krai'miən] 克里米亚 in favor of joining Russia was illegal, and warned of further **sanction** 制裁 action if Moscow takes steps to **annex the Black Sea peninsula.**  eg The Russia's **annexation/ænek'seɪʃn]/吞并 of** Crimea "is not a done deal" because it's not internationally recognized/acknowledged认可. But he acknowledged that the Russian military controls Crimea, and said the world can make sure, through diplomacy and sanctions制裁, that Russia pays a heavy price付出(惨痛的 ) 代价. **//decry sb= denounce, slam, condemn, excoriate[ɪk'skɔːrɪeɪt] sb** |
| Crimean | Crimean [krai'miən] adj. 克里米亚半岛的 |
| sanction | The penalty for noncompliance specified in a law/decree. 制裁，处罚：法律或法令中明文规定的对不遵守其规定的处罚; A penalty, specified or in the form of moral and ethical pressure, that acts to ensure compliance or conformity.道德制裁; A coercive measure adopted usually by several nations acting together against another nation who violate international law. The coercive measure, such as transaction forbidden. 国际制裁：通常指几国对一国违反国际法行为的合力制裁措施 impose economic sanction on sb/country: A coercive measure adopted usually by several nations acting together against a nation violating international law. 国际制裁：通常指几国对一国违反国际法行为的合力制裁措施 The US.and EU imposed serious sanctions on Iran coz of Iran's voilation about nuclear weapen development; The U.S. imposed both economic and political sanction on DPRG coz DPRK refused to return to the six party talk. |
| **authoritative** permission or approval that makes a course of action valid. **[Synonyms: sanction= authoritative permission= approval]** 使某种行为有效的**官方批准或承认** |
| Support or encouragement, as from public opinion or established custom. 鼓励，支持：公众舆论或习俗给予的支持或鼓励 A consideration, an influence, or a principle that dictates an ethical choice. 约束力，影响力：决定伦理选择的考虑、影响力或原则 A law or decree. 法律或法令 |
| fragile | Easily broken, damaged, or destroyed; frail.脆的：易被打碎的、易被破坏或毁坏的； Lacking physical or emotional strength; delicate.虚弱的，脆弱的：缺乏体力或情感力量的；易受伤的 Lacking substance; tenuous or flimsy:虚弱的：缺乏实质的；无力的或没有价值的： |
| ruble | A basic unit of currency in the U.S.S.R.(前苏联货币单位)卢布 |
| rubble | debris and rubble |
| bolster | To support or prop up with or as if with a long, narrow pillow or cushion. 支撑：如用长枕靠垫支撑或支承; eg I'm leaning on the pillow that can bolster my back; To buoy up/encourage: 鼓励： Visitors bolstered the patient's morale. 探访者鼓起了病人的信心 |
| coordinates | 坐标(用复数) the x and y coordinates |
| bound for/head for |  |
| corroborate |  |
| erratic | Having no fixed or regular course; wandering. 飘忽不定的：没有固定的或规律性的行踪；游荡 Lacking consistency, regularity, or uniformity. 无规律的：缺乏连续性、规律性或一致性 Deviating from the customary course in conduct or opinion; eccentric: 古怪的：在行为与观点上与习惯的作法偏离；偏执的： erratic behavior. 古怪的行为 |
| be implicated with | 牵连, 含意, |
| 稠度，相容性 | consistencies 稠度，相容性 e.g. As further proof that you can now 3D-print anything, a company called Natural Machines has introduced a 3D printer for food. The "Foodie," as it's called, isn't too different from a regular 3D printer, but instead of printing with plastics, it deploys edible['edibl] ingredients that are squeezed out of stainless steel capsules: "It's the same technology," says the co-founder of Natural Machines, "but with plastics there's just one melting point, whereas相比之下 with food it has different temperatures, consistencies稠度，相容性 and textures(口感；质地；纹理). The Barelona-based startup behind the machine says it's the only one of its kind capable of printing a wide range of dishes, from sweet to savory['seivəri]adj. 可口味美的；n. 开胃菜 |
|  |  |
|  |  |
| nefarious | 穷凶极恶的; Infamous by way of being extremely **wicked/malicious/disreputable.** 极恶毒的：因极其凶毒而声名狼藉的 |
| landmass | A large unbroken area of land. 板块：大块的未分离的陆地; The plan may crash to the landmass |
| slam | 1) slam the basketball 2) slam sb= critize seriously |
| buoy | A float, often having a bell or light, moored in water as a warning of danger or as a marker for a channel. 【航海】 浮标：常带有铃或灯的漂浮物，在水上漂浮用来作危险警告或航道指示; **A life buoy. 救生圈** |
| anguish | Agonizing **physical or mental pain=agony,** torment. 身体上或精神上的剧痛；极度痛苦; eg The agony of the wait is also being felt by families in Beijing, the scheduled destination for Flight 370. We can imagine the anguish they are going through for 12 days. |
| agony | The suffering of intense physical or mental pain.忍受肉体或精神上的极度痛苦; eg The agony of the wait is also being felt by families in Beijing, the scheduled destination for Flight 370. We can imagine the anguish they are going through for 12 days. The struggle that precedes death. 垂死挣扎,在死前的挣扎； A sudden or intense emotion: 激动：突发的或强烈的感情： an agony of doubt.一时突发的怀疑 |
| haystack | **[slang] To find a needle in a haystack; to look for a needle in a haystack:大海捞针； Searching the debris of the missing jetliner in the ocean is like looking for a needle in a haystack; A large stack of hay for winter storage in the open.Also called hayrick（户外）干草堆；** |
|  | awash with water and bobbing up and down |
| swirling | The objects could be from the plane, but they could be also something else -- like a shipping container -- caught in **swirling current**s known for creating garbage patches in the open ocean, he said |
| traverse | 1)To travel or pass across, over, or through.跋涉：通过、越过或穿过 2) To move back and forth,across 来来去,来回穿行 3) To extend across; 横越；横跨：a bridge that traverses a river. 一座横跨河流的桥eg Given the distance from Australia to where the objects were spotted by a commercial satellite, the aircraft will have only between two and three hours to traverse来回穿行 the search area before having to start the return journey, the maritime authority said |
| be on deck to do | 1) To prepare for action. 准备开始行动; 2)Sports: Waiting to take one's turn, especially as a batter in baseball. 【体育运动】 准备下一个上场 (击球员准备下一个上场的，尤指在棒球运动中) eg Jack is on deck to be next one. Eg Along with the aircraft, a collection of merchant ships are heading to the search area for MH370, where they will join a massive cargo ship diverted to the area Thursday at the request of Australia. "All sailors are on deck to continue the search". |
| tweet | The transportation minister **tweeted** Friday that the search and rescue teams working across a wide area of the Indian Ocean are in need of the locators, also known as **hydrophones.** He said not many countries have them. |
| nautical miles | geographical mile; sea mile 海里（合1.852公里） Operations continue, and today they plan to search an area of approximately 10,500 square nautical miles |
| rule out sth | 1) preclude 排除在外 Malaysian investigators are not ruling out a hijacking by other actors; We are nor ruling out any possibilities that generate the risks. 2) rule out the useless words =strikethrough useless words to make the sentence short |
| aviate | To operate an aircraft; 驾驶：操纵飞机；飞行; The duty of all pilots is to aviate, navigate and communicate, in that order, an aviation expert has told CNN. |
| air corridor | (按照主权国家的规定或国际协定外国飞机得以飞越的)空中走廊. The official, who is not authorized to speak to the media, told CNN that the area where the plane flew in after course veer off/swerve is a heavily trafficked air corridor and that flying at 12,000 feet would have kept the jetliner well out of the way of that traffic and the area below 12,000 feet is a "blind spots" where the jetliners might avoid the radar detection. |
| undercut | To diminish or destroy the province or effectiveness of; undermine: 削弱：减弱或毁灭…的范围或效力; To sell at a lower price than or to work for lower wages or fees than (a competitor).削价：低于…价格出售或为比（对手）低的工资或报酬工作 |
| convene | **convene, reconvene:**[kən'viːn]:if a group of people convene, or someone convenes them, they come together, especially for a formal meeting 聚集集合(开会了)；召开〔正式会议〕 e.g. a report by experts convened by the National Institutes of Health 由全国健康协会召集的专家提出的一份报告 e.g. But we'll be reconvening for the Brexit issue in Brussels later this week as we look ahead to the December European Council. e.g. All families of passengers onboard the missing jetlines convened in a briefing room and were debriefied by the Malaysian authorities about the latest airplane information. |
| 翻滚过山车; 较大的情绪起伏 | roller-coaster 1. A steep, sharply curving elevated railway with small open passenger cars that is operated at high speeds as a ride, especially in an amusement park(游乐场, 娱乐场 ). 翻滚过山车; eg The families of passengers onboard the missing jetliner have gone through emotional roller coaster during the passing 20 days. 2. Something, such as an action, event, or experience, that is marked by abrupt, extreme changes in circumstance, quality, or behavior: 急转突变的行为、事件或经历, 通常指较大的情绪起伏； // amusement park(游乐场, 娱乐场 ) |
| 旱冰场: the roller-skating rink |
| 摩天轮 | ferry's wheel |
| 旋转木马 | a merry go-around |
| 溜真冰 | ice skating; the ice skating rink 真冰场 |
| 旱冰 | roller skating; the roller skating rink 旱冰场 |
| 缆车 | the lift; eg Did you buy the lift tickets? |
|  |  |
| insignia |  |
| pay a price | pay a price: To bear (a cost or penalty, for example) in recompense: 受报应，付出(惨痛的 ) 代价 She paid the price for her unmature action. 她为自己不成熟的行为付出了代价； eg The Russia's **annexation/ænek'seɪʃn]/吞并 of** Crimea "is not a done deal" because it's not internationally recognized. But he acknowledged that the Russian military controls Crimea, and said the world can make sure, through diplomacy and sanctions, that Russia **pays a heavy price付出(惨痛的 ) 代价.**  //annex, annexation of someplace 对xxx地方的吞并 |
| dogged | 固执的, 顽强的 [slang] It's dogged that does it. It's dogged as does it. 有志者事竟成; 天下无难事, 只怕有心人。His dogged determination helped him to win the race. 他的坚强决心使他赢得比赛。 Moscow has doggedly pursued its own course by annexing Crimea as his territory, even as Western leaders have denounced its actions as violations of Ukraine's sovereignty and a breach of international territory law. |
| impose a sanction on a country | A coercive measure adopted usually by several nations acting together against a nation violating international law.通常指几国对一国违反国际法行为的合力制裁措施. The G7 group of leading industrialized countries has condemned both the Crimean vote to secede and Russia's **annexation** of Crimea. Russia has now been excluded from what was the G8. Additionally, the G7 annouced they may impose a sanction on Russia.  **//annex, annexation of someplace 对xxx地方的吞并** |
| reconnaissance | An inspection or exploration of an area, especially one made to gather military information. 对某块地区进行的视察或探察，尤指为收集军事信息而进行的这种活动 Six military reconnaissance planes -- from Australia, the United States, China and Japan -- and five civilian aircraft are set to comb the vast search area |
| counterargument | An argument in opposition to another. 反论据：相反的回答或论据 |
| do a deep dive on | do a deeper and more detailed search and investigation on something; "The people in the cockpit are a top priority," the source said. "We are heavily dependent on the Malaysians to do a deep dive on personal lives." |
| full-fledged | Having reached full development; mature. 成熟的：接近充分发展的; Having full status or rank: 完全有资格的 Having fully developed adult plumage. 羽毛长全的, **形容翅膀长硬了，有能力了; a full-fledged lawyer. 完全合格的律师; He has been a full-fledged adult and can make decisions by himself.** |
| ubiquitous | Being or seeming to be everywhere at the same time; 无处不在的 Microsof Office is an ubiquitous product. |
| streamline | To construct or design in a form that offers the least resistance to fluid flow. 使成流线型：对提供液体流动最小阻力的形式构造或设计 To improve the appearance or efficiency of; modernize. 改善…的表面或效率；使现代化 To simplify. 使简单化 egMicrosoft had done some work on Office 2013 to make it more finger friendly, but with Office for iPad, it's a full-fledged step forward. The look of Office isn't radically changed, but many features have been subtly streamlined to make things less painful. |
| jumper | A child's garment consisting of straight-legged pants attached to a biblike bodice. 连衫裤童装：一种儿童穿的外套，直统裤腿的长裤和围裙似的上装连在一起 Prince George wears a light blue jumper with his name written on it, over a white collar. |
| christening | The Christian sacrament of baptizing and naming an infant.基督教中给婴儿洗礼和命名的圣礼 egThe picture was taken by photographer Jason Bell, who also took the official photos for Prince George's christening, last October. |
| debut | A first public appearance, as of a performer.首次演出; The formal presentation of a young woman to society.青年妇女在社交界的正式露面 The Duke last visited New Zealand after the devastating 2011 earthquake in Christchurch. On this trip, the royal couple will visit the city together and stop to remember the 185 people killed. As well as being Prince George's first visit Down Under, his mother Catherine will be making her debut. |
| mundane | Relating to, characteristic of, or concerned with commonplaces; ordinary.寻常的：涉及或有关寻常事物的、具有寻常的特点的；普通的 |
| a tangle of | To mix together or intertwine in a confused mass 使混乱，使纠纷：将…混成或扭结成乱糟糟的一团；使…纠结 So far, most Internet of Things products have been a messy tangle of different wireless protocols and brands. Many can communicate with their own apps and ecosystems but haven't found a way to play nice with each other. |
| tomfoolery | Foolish behavior.愚蠢的行为; Something trivial or foolish; nonsense. 无聊或愚蠢的事情，瞎搞 Tomfoolery of April 1: 愚人节 |
| gusto | Vigorous enjoyment; zest,enthusiasm 兴致勃勃,热情; Individual taste. 口味：个人的趣味 |
| hackathon | The hackathons are informal workshops bringing together competent and enthusiastic software developers to build cool projects within a day or two (sketches, prototypes, even working applications). |
| get to the bottom | [slang] 查明真相 get to the bottom of something and **ascertain** the truth ; The Malaysian authorities said they will do whatever they reasonably can to get to the bottom of the missing jetliner. |
| rule out/clear of | preclude 排除在外： All 227 passengers have been ruled out/cleared of any role in hijacking or sabotage or having psychological or personal issues that might have played a role in the plane's disappearance |
| beacon | A signaling or guiding device, such as a lighthouse, located on a coast. 灯塔：位于海岸用以发送信号或导航的装置，如灯塔;  A radio transmitter that emits a characteristic guidance signal for aircraft.(pinger) 信标，无线电发送器：一种向飞机发送特殊导航信号的无线电传送装置 egThe signals reported were near the 37.5 kHz "standard beacon frequency" of the recorders, officials say. |
|  |  |
| sonar | A system using transmitted and reflected underwater sound waves to detect and locate submerged objects or measure the distance to the floor of a body of water. 声纳：一种系统，通过利用传送或反射的水下声波，来探测或定位水下物体或者测量某一水域的深度 |
| acoustic | Of or relating to sound, the sense of hearing, or the science of sound. 听觉的，声学的：有关声音、听觉或声学的 |
| split out | The emerging process of 3-D printing, which uses computer-created digital models to create real-world objects, has produced everything from toys to jewelry to food. 3-D printers may be spitting out something far more complex, and controversial: human organs. |
| viable | Capable of living, developing, or germinating under favorable conditions. 能居的：在良好的状态下能够存活、发展或发芽的 Capable of living outside the uterus. Used of a fetus or newborn. 能生存的：在子宫外能存活的。用于胎儿或者新生儿 egEnter 3-D printers, which because of their precise process can reproduce the vascular systems required to make organs viable. Scientists are already using the machines to print tiny strips of organ tissue. And while printing whole human organs for surgical transplants is still years away, the technology is rapidly developing. |
| biometrics | 生统遗传学 |
| gait | A particular way or manner of moving on foot: 步态：移动脚步的一种特定的方式或样子： |
|  |  |
| cling to | 依附, 依靠, 坚持 Microsoft ended support of Windows XP on Tuesday, leaving the many still clinging to the outdated software exposed to cyberattacks. |
| point-of-sale | Of, relating to, or being the physical place where an item or service is purchased: 销售点的：一件物品或服务被购买的物质地点的，与之有关的，或成为之的 |
| straggler | 1) Somebody who lag behind 落后者, 落伍士兵; 2) wanderer, loafer 流浪者 For the stragglers still using Windows XP, Microsoft is offering extended service for a pretty penny. The United Kingdom is reportedly paying £5.5 million to get another year of tech support, as 85% of its desktops at the National Health Service remain on XP. |
| a pretty penny | [slang] 无关紧要的小事情,一般指少量的帮助 |
| darned | [slang][美] dammed的委婉语 How sure are experts about that the detected signals are, in fact, from the pingers? "Pretty darned sure, but not certain." |
| marshal | A military officer of the highest rank in some countries. 元帅，最高指挥官; One of two signals detected on Tuesday was at 33.331 kHz and was pulsed at a 1.106-second interval, according to retired Air Chief Marshal Angus Houston, who cited a data analysis carried out by experts at the Australian |
| beacon | 1) A signaling or guiding device, such as a lighthouse, located on a coast. 灯塔：位于海岸用以发送信号或导航的装置，如灯塔 2) A radio transmitter that emits a characteristic guidance signal for aircraft. here, beacon = pinger = flight data recorder = flight black box 无线电发送器：一种向飞机发送特殊导航信号的无线电传送装置 3) A source of guidance or inspiration. （喻）指路明灯，指导人：进行指导或鼓励的来源 |
| bound for | 驶往; head for; The plane has disappeared for 33 days while flying from Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia, bounding for Beijing. |
| silt | A sedimentary material consisting of very fine particles intermediate in size between sand and clay.泥沙，淤泥：由大小介于沙和泥之间的非常细小的微粒构成的沉淀性物质; It has been said we know more about the surface of the moon than our own seabed of our ocean floor. In the seabed of Indian ocean,the silt can be tens of meters thick. It's a very difficult searching environment for MH370. |
| seabed | The floor of the sea or the ocean. 海底：大海或海洋的海底 |
| slog | 1) To walk or progress with a slow, heavy pace：以缓慢、沉重的步子行走或前进；沉重缓慢地走 (slog through/across= trek through 艰苦跋涉) 2) Long, hard work: 拼命工作：长时间的、艰难的工作; slog/trek across the swamp/marsh/bog/mire 沉重缓慢地走过沼泽地；slogged through a book 缓慢吃力地读完了一本书; slogged away at Latin. 苦读拉丁文 |
| sonar | A system using transmitted and reflected underwater sound waves to detect and locate submerged objects or measure the distance to the floor of a body of water. 声纳：一种系统声波定位器，通过利用传送或反射的水下声波，来探测或定位水下物体或者测量某一水域的深度 The underwater pulses that were detected Saturday. On Thursday, said officials said another signal may have been detected from sonar buoys. |
| Statue of Liberty | How deep is 2.8 miles? It's deeper than an inverted Statue of Liberty (305 feet), deeper than an inverted Eiffel Tower (1,063 feet) |
| Eiffel Tower |  |
| oceanology | oceanography |
| oceanologist | oceanographer |
|  |  |
| state-of-the-art | refers to the highest level of general development, as of a device, technique, or scientific field achieved at a particular time. 最先进的 |
| resurrection | 1) The act of rising from the dead or returning to life. 复活，复苏：从死亡中复活或复苏的行为 2)the resurrecton of Jesus Christ: The rising again of Jesus on the third day after the Crucifixion. 耶稣复活：耶稣在被钉上十字架后的第三日复活 eg The Easter story is at the very heart of Christian calendar, with celebrations taking place around the world to mark the resurrection of Jesus Christ. |
| bunny | 1) A rabbit, especially a young one 尤指小兔子 2) [slang][美俚]可爱的女郎 Easter eggs and bunnies have become a symbol of the holiday and it wouldn't be Easter without indulging on chocolate, such as the cute bunny chocolate, with supermarkets brimming with sweet treats already. //pup, puppy; opium poppy |
| bank holiday | A legal holiday when banks are ordered to remain closed.【多用于英国】 法定假日：奉政府命令保持停业状态的银行法定假日 Easter Sunday falls on April 20 this year. The long bank holiday weekend begins on Good Friday, April 18, and Easter Monday on April 21 is the final day in the bank holiday festivities. |
| bishop | A high-ranking Christian cleric, in modern churches usually in charge of a diocese and in some churches regarded as having received the highest ordination in unbroken succession from the apostles.主教：基督教高等牧师 |
| paschal | 复活节的 |
| full moon | The moon when it is visible as a fully illuminated disk. 满月 |
| saw | Any of various tools, either hand-operated or power-driven, having a thin metal blade or disk with a sharp, usually toothed/barbed edge, used for cutting wood, metal, or other hard materials. 锯：任一种手动或机动的工具名，有薄金属刃或圆盘; Richard is recalling the moment when he sat in the hospital waiting to hear if his fingers could be stitched back on. Just an hour earlier, he had been sawing wood in the carpentry when the saw slipped and ripped diagonally through the four fingers on his right hand.Then he needs to take the amputation (remove part of body) surgery截肢(术). |
| scour | To clean, polish, or wash by scrubbing vigorously: 通过使劲的磨擦洗净、擦亮或者洗 scour a dirty oven by using dish washer 擦洗脏炉灶; scour grease from a pan. 把油垢从锅上擦掉; After days of scouring the Internet, he, an amputee, couldn't find anywhere to buy a functional prosthetic finger/artificial limb and he was astonished by the staggering cost of prosthetic limbs which began in the tens of thousands of dollars. But his online surfing paid him off as it brought him to an amateur video posted by a mechanical effects artist "Robohand". Officially rolled out in January 2012, Robohand creates affordable mechanical prosthetics through the use of 3D printers. |
| 假体假肢 | prosthetic = artificial limb; relating to prosthetics. 修复术的：修复术的或与之有关的; artificial limbs that are mounted on human beings, especially the disabled person who normally got amputation in a surgery |
| amputate/amputation | To cut off (a part of the body), especially by surgery. 截肢：砍掉、截去（肢体），特别是在外科手术中; the amputation surgery 【医】截肢(术) eg He went through a serious amputation截肢 operation last year, and spent almost one year in rehabilitation/healing. It was a ordeal/suffer for him last year. |
| amputee | A person who has one or more **limbs** removed by **amputation.** 被截肢者 |
| 解剖刀；外科手术刀 | scalpel: a thin straight surgical knife used in dissection 解剖 and surgery //disssect: anatomy |
|  |  |
| stainless steel | 不锈钢 |
| outstrip | To exceed or surpass: 超过或超越; Material development outstripped human development: 物质的发展超过了人类的进步; The demands outstripped what we can supply. 供不应求； The simplicity of the ordering prosthetic limb process has led to demand outstripping what Robohand can supply, with requests for limbs coming from almost every country around the globe. |
| exoskeleton | A hard outer structure, such as the shell of an insect or a crustacean, that provides protection or support for an organism. 外骨骼; "Our next step is to print whole legs for people to use and walk on," explains van As. But it doesn't stop there. "Then if we make that work, the goal is entire exoskeletons, for paraplegics to be able to walk again. |
|  |  |
| underserved | the service quality is bad or low.服务不周到的,服务水平低下的 eg The purchase is part of the new push in Silicon Valley to find ways of delivering Internet service to underserved areas, particularly in the developing world. |
|  |  |
| aloft (loft=attic 阁楼) | In or into a high place; high or higher up. 在高处；高，更高 |
|  |  |
| showcase | Titan has showcased its **drones** in demo flights, though they're not yet commercially available. |
| nimble | 1)Quick, light, or agile in movement or action 动作或行动迅速灵敏的，轻快的：nimble fingers. 灵巧的手指 2)Quick, clever, and acute in understanding: 有敏捷、聪明和机灵的想法或理解力的 eg **nimble wits. 聪明才智,** he is very smart, full with **nimble wits** |
| media splash | 指引起媒体的轩然大波 eg The news about WenZhang, one of the most famous actors in CHINA, spotlighted the "media splash". One specific showbiz news agency scooped up all the other dailies with the story of his marriage derailment. |
| scoop up | [slang] 比...抢先登出独家新闻, They **scooped up** all the other dailies with the **exclusive news** of the election fraud. 他们抢在其他日报之前独家发表选举舞弊的消息。 |
| smoke detector |  |
| thermostat | A device, as in a home heating system, a refrigerator, or an air conditioner, that automatically responds to temperature changes and activates switches controlling the equipment. 恒温器：一种能自动对温度变化产生反应并自动控制设备开关的装置，如家用暖气系统、电冰箱或空气调节器等 |
| on the cusp of something | [slang] at the point in time that marks the beginning of something. Eg The time to move from listening for pings to looking for debris is fast approaching, said a former Air Force accident investigator. "We're right on the cusp where we need to go from passive listening to active (looking). |
| capsize | **[翻了的船 a capsized boat/ferry]**  To overturn or cause to overturn: 倾覆或引起倾覆; 翻船, 翻车; The **capsized** Korea **barge驳船** killed 200 passengers on board. **//freighter ['freitə], cargo 货船** |
| life buoy | (life vest) A buoyant device, such as a cork or polystyrene ring, for keeping a person afloat in water. 救生圈，救生衣; Throw the life buoys to the drown divers so that they can be rescued. eg Wreckage or cargo that remains afloat after a ship has sunk. 漂浮物：沉船后仍漂浮在水面上的残片或货物 |
| death toll | The death toll rised to 87; 215 remain missing. |
| dreary | **dismal,depressed,bleak.** 情绪低落/感觉凄凉的；阴郁的; Boring; dull: 令人生厌的；单调乏味的： dreary tasks. 枯燥的任务 The dreary weather caused me sleepy and unhappy. |
| scuba diver | One who uses scuba gear in underwater swimming (scuba diving). 在水下游泳时使用水下呼吸器的人 //snorkling |
| frigid | Extremely cold/chilly: the frigid water; Lacking warmth of feeling 缺乏温暖的感情; Stiff and formal in manner:态度强生硬的、公事公办的 (frigid manner)： a frigid refusal to a request. 生硬的拒绝请求 Persistently averse to sexual intercourse. 性冷淡的：【医】(妇女)性欲冷淡 |
| poncho | A similar garment having a **hood** used as a **raincoat. 雨披**：一种类似的**有帽子的外衣**，用作雨衣; Wearing ponchos to fend off the rain, the studends' parents could be heard crying in the face of the grim situation. |
| fend off sth | to prevent something from happening 挡[躲]开; 避开(灾祸等) He raised his arm up to fend branches from his eyes.他举手将树枝从他眼前档开。 Sometime, companies set up affiliate overseas in order to fend off the domestic heavy tax. (tax dodge/avoidance) |
| at a loss for words / lost for words | unable to think of something to say eg The ferry Capt. Lee did emerge Thursday at a South Korean Coast Guard office. He broke down in tears when reporters asked him if he had anything to say. Lee managed only, "I am sorry, I am at a loss for words." |
| air pocket | 气囊 |
|  |  |
| relent | To soften in attitude or temper. 使态度或脾气温和; relent attitude; The wind blast has relented.风力已减弱了。 =》 (毫不留情的 （天灾 earthquake, tropical storm ） ) relenting => unrelenting: E.g. The war is unreleneting. E.g. The unrelenting tropical storm has devoured/engulfed the whole city. |
| multi-faceted | facet: One of numerous aspects; Eight divers planned to enter the capsized ship's cafeteria on Friday afternoon. This comes as part of a multi-faceted effort, including possibly pumping oxygen in the vessel and trying to use cranes起重机 to raise the capsized ship (船、车等)倾覆 |
| around the clock | rescuers would work **around the clock** to save lives |
|  |  |
| petition | \* A formal written document requesting a right or benefit from a person or group in authority. 请愿书：向政府的某位官员或团体请求权力或利益的正式书面文件; \* A formal written application requesting a court for a specific judicial 法庭的 action: 申请状，诉状：为某一特定的法律行为要求法庭审理而写的正式书面申请：a petition for appeal. 诉讼状 |
| appal; appalling, appalled | Causing consternation or dismay; frightful 使惊恐的令人震惊的, 骇人听闻的 ; The Sewol's sinking has left many appalled by the alleged actions of several members of the crew -- including the captain, who now faces a series of criminal charges for his role in last week's sinking. |
| sophomore | A second-year student in a U.S. college. 二年级学生：美国大学第二年的学生 |
| well-wisher | One who extends good wishes to another. 祝福者：表示良好祝愿的人 eg Lot of well-wishers milled outside the school gate, writing Post-it notes and signs with messages of hope and encouragement. "Brothers and sisters, please come back," one read. |
| wishbone | (鸟胸的)叉骨; 如愿骨(二人同扯吃剩下的叉骨, 得长段者据说能达到愿望) |
| rivet | A metal bolt or pin having a head on one end, inserted through aligned holes in the pieces to be joined and then hammered on the plain end so as to form a second head.铆钉，包头钉 |
| futile | \* Having no useful result, fruitless =in vain 无用的，徒劳的; \* 不重要的和微不足道的琐碎的 idle trivia \* (人)没有出息的 eg a futile effort=in vain 徒劳; a futile attempt 无效徒劳的尝试; futile talk 空谈; He is a sort of futile person. 他是一个没有用的人。Eg We're gone through many futile days of searching for the missing plane |
| jellyfish | 水母，海蜇; \* Informal One who lacks force of character; a weakling. 【非正式用语】 弱者：缺乏性格力量的人；孱弱的人 The jellyfish is stingy.有刺的 |
| accredited | \* 委派任命授权: He was accredited as an ambassador to Lisbon. 他奉派出任里斯本大使; an accredited journalist 特派记者； an accredited representative (特派代表) \* 鉴定...为合格; The investigation into Flight 370 is the responsibility of Malaysia. Australia is leading the search for the missing aircraft and participating in the investigation as an accredited representative (特派代表). |
| map out | 制计划: map out the month's work = work out a plan 计划一月的工作; map out one's time 计划时间, 支配时间 Malaysian and Australian authorities are already mapping out a long-term strategy for the search, which could go on for months or years, if the two-year search for Air France Flight 447 is any guide. |
| pan out | [slang] To turn out well; be successful: ‘It panned out well’ means that ‘it gave good returns.’”All these uses occurred first in American English,making the expression a true Americanism. “If I don't pan out as an actor, I can still go back to school”如果我做演员不成功的话，就回去上学 |
| murky | Darkened or clouded with sediment: 浑浊的：由于沉淀而污浊或混浊：murky waters脏水 The search Sunday was suspended due to bad weather that made diving through the murky waters especially dangerous // puddle, puddling |
| aftermath | **[ aftermath of sth = the bad consequences of sth, esp. the natural disaster]**  **[ the aftermath of the earthquake; the aftermath of the tsunami]**  e.g. President accepted the Prime Minister's resignation Sunday, her office said the resignation will take effect later, after the government is finished with **the aftermath of the disaster**.  e.g. And when Google's YouTube spread conspiracy theories in **the aftermath of the devastating shooting** in Las Vegas, the video service decided to [update its algorithm](http://money.cnn.com/2017/10/05/technology/culture/youtube-conspiracy/index.html?iid=EL) to prevent it from happening again. |
| a forest of | tremendous eg In the cramped spaces, divers have been battling a forest of floating objects and doors forced shut by tremendous water pressure. |
| life raft/boat; life buoy/vests/jacket | A raft usually made of **inflatable** material or wood and used in an emergency at sea. 救生筏：用可充气材料制成的或木制的筏子，用于海上紧急事件 //the white-water rafting 漂流 |
| malaria | An infectious disease characterized by cycles of chills, fever, and sweating, caused by the parasitic infection of red blood cells by a protozoan of the genusPlasmodium, which is transmitted by the bite of an infected female anopheles mosquito. Also called paludism ,swamp fever 疟疾：一种传染性疾病，症状为周期性地感到冷、热和发汗，病因是寄生于红血球的一种疟原虫 属原生动物，这种动物通过已感染病菌的雌性疟蚊传播 也 |
| olfactory | contributing to the sense of smell. 嗅觉的; **the olfactory system 嗅觉系统** Most commercial insect repellents target the bug's olfactory system。 |
| foremost | be most important. 最重要地 |
| 将枪弹从（火器）中取出 | unload guns: To remove the charges/bullets from (a firearm). Even the armed police in China, charged mainly with guarding foreign embassies,consulates, government buildings and important facilities, would normally only carry unloaded guns, keeping the bullets separate. |
| rare -> rarity; sparse; sparsity | \*The quality or state of being rare;罕见，稀有 \* **infrequency of occurrence.**发生的次数不多 eg A police officer firing a gun was a **rarity/sparsity** in CHINA. |
| perpetuate; perpetual/ eternal 永久 | To cause sth to continue indefinitely without ending, **eternal;** make **perpetual** 使无限期地延续下去；使永久 eg **perpetuate our friendship 友谊长存; make our friendship perpetual/eternal eg perpetuate our love** |
| To prolong the existence of; cause to be remembered **eternally/perpetually:** 使延长…的存在；使被纪念：eg **perpetuate the memory of** comrade Norman Bethune 永远纪念诺尔曼·白求恩同志 |
| beef up | [口]加强, 补充(人数, 兵力)等, **enhance/beef up the military power;** Faced with the potential threat of intensified terror attacks, China will need to significantly **beef up** law-enforcement capacities further and raise public awareness about potential attacks. |
| wind down |  |
| wind up | Chinese Uyghur Islamic extremists have previously found their way to Afghanistan, with some winding up in Guantanamo. |
| insurgent | Rising in **revolt反抗起义** against civil authority or a government in power; **rebellious.** 起义的，造反的反叛的：起来反抗当局或当权的政府的 |
| insurgency | The quality or circumstance of being **rebellious.**叛乱的性质或情况 |
| 中断之后的继续；重新开始 | resurge, resurgence:　A continuing after interruption; a renewal. ; eg China's concern is that such terrorist infiltration. 渗透 will see terrorist attacks in China intensify in coming years, in light of/based on a likely resurgence/renewal of violence in Afghanistan following the withdrawal of American and NATO forces from the country. |
| resurgence: A restoration to use, acceptance, activity, or vigo/energy; a revival. （时尚）复古（重新流行）; 再起 复活 (renaissance) ; 复苏,、活动或精力的恢复; 死灰复燃 China need to significantly increase international and regional cooperation to effectively deal with any resurgence of terrorism in Afghanistan in the coming years. |
| 1.文艺复兴 2. 复兴; 再起; 复活 | renaissance /rəˈneɪsəns/  1. N-PROPER The Renaissance was the period in Europe, especially Italy, in the 14th, 15th, and 16th centuries, when there was a new interest in art, literature, science, and learning. 文艺复兴时期 e.g. ...the Renaissance masterpieces in London's galleries. …伦敦美术馆里文艺复兴时期的杰作。 2. N-SING If something experiences a renaissance, it becomes popular or successful again after a time when people were not interested in it, renaissnace = resurge, resurgence 复兴; 再起 复活 例： Popular art is experiencing a renaissance. 通俗艺术正在复兴 |
| 宽恕(某人的过失) | condone/forgive [kən'dəʊn]: To overlook, forgive, or disregard (an offense) without protest or censure. 宽恕 forgive; **condone sb's faults 宽恕某人的过失** |
| (警察站成一线形成的)警戒线 | [cordon off the criminal scene; cordon line 警戒线, cordon of police (警察站成一线形成的)警戒线 ] E.g. The cops have established the cordon line to prevent onlookers旁观者 from the criminal scene. eg The criminal scene has been cordoned off by cops, preventing the access. eg Police were cordoning off the scene because a bomb in the area remains active and needs to be defused 去掉雷管. Bomb squad防爆小组 members in blast suits防爆服 responded to the area, and an officer announced over a loudspeaker"The situation is still not safe. Please all stay back. There might be another bomb in the area." The bomb that detonated just after 7 p.m. was fastened to a utility pole in front of the shrine, and the bomb squad防爆小组 was working to defuse a second bomb about 50 minutes after the first blast // 防爆小组/拆弹部队: bomb squad ; 防爆服 : blast suit |
| 避孕套 ; 避孕用具 | condom; //[药] 避孕剂: contraceptive; contraception; 便秘: constipation; |
| rampage | violent action or behavior. ：使用暴力的，狂乱的行动或表现 eg 3 students and one **assailant** are dead in **the shooting rampage** in U.S. school. |
| lethal / fatal; lethally/fatally | Capable of causing death. 致死的，会致死的： Of, relating to the death 致命的; In the bloody **shooting rampage**, the 22-year-old **assailant** **lethally/fatally** **stabbed (刺伤)** three young men in his own apartment |
| feud /rift不合 | A bitter, often prolonged quarrel and dispute or state of hostilities between two families or clans. 世仇：尤指部落或家族间怨恨的、常指长期的不和或敌对状态,不和; have feud/rift with sb 和某人不合; eg Rodger recently had a tense feud/rift with his roommates coz they'are too noisy. eg I have a minor altercation/spat with Lucy coz I gave her a stoodup放个子last Fri; therefore, I have feud/rift with her a little bit, but I wanna try to heal the rift between us 缓和我们之间的不合. ef After my parent's divorce, the two families have a huge feud/rift. |
| therapy, therapist | A professional person who **specializes in** the provision of a particular therapy and medical treatment. 治疗学家：专门提供某一治疗的人 |
| smoothie | A **smooth-tongued** person. **油腔滑调**之人; 善于讨好女人的男子; Frankly, I don't like him very much coz he is kind of **women-smoothie** and good at **womanizing 玩女人,** a kind of **nuisance讨厌的人** for me. |
| A person regarded as being assured and artfully ingratiating in manner.举止高雅的人：一个被认为可靠且举止有技巧地讨人喜欢的人 |
| impeccable | Having no **flaws;** perfect, **flawless** 无瑕疵的；完美的; Everyone just wanna become an impeccable person, is it realistic? 十全十美的人 |
| Incapable of **sin** or wrongdoing. 不犯罪的；不做坏事的 ; |
| Qatar | A country of eastern Arabia on a **peninsula** in the southwest **Persian Gulf**. |
| opium | **opium poppy 罂粟**; opium drug; He is terribly addicted to the opium drug and so hard to quit it.; The **blossom花簇** of **opium poppy** are very beautiful and attractive. |
| massacre (slaughter, holocaust, carnage) | killing a large number of human beings **indiscriminately** and cruelly; **"The NanJing Massacre" 南京大屠杀** eg As Chinese, we should **perpetuate the memory** of "The NanJing massacre" in history. 永久纪念 |
| psychopath | A person with an antisocial personality disorder, especially one manifested in aggressive, perverted, criminal ehavior. 精神变态者：一个有反社会人格病症的人尤指有侵犯性、变态、犯罪或不道德行为的人 //pervert: 使堕落堕落者;色狼性欲反常者; He's such a disguisting pervert.色狼; If you say that someone is a pervert, you mean that you consider their behaviour, especially their sexual behaviour, to be immoral or unacceptable. (尤在性行为方面) 变态的人 |
| pathology | The scientific study of the nature of disease and its causes, processes, development, and consequences.病理学 |
| cottage | A small, **single-storied单层** house, especially in the country. 屋棚：一种小的，单层的房子，尤指乡村中; A small summer house. 避暑房：一种小的夏天住的房子 |
| socialism | A social system in which the means of producing and distributing goods are owned collectively and political power is exercised by the whole community.社会主义 |
| propaganda | The systematic propagation of a doctrine or cause or of information reflecting the views and interests of those people advocating such a doctrine or cause. 宣传活动：对一个学说、事业或信息的系统宣传，其反映倡导该学说或该事业的人的观点和利益; Material disseminated by the advocates of a doctrine or cause: 宣传资料：一个学说或事业的倡导者散发的材料 |
| sanction | impose sanction against one country 强加制裁于sb/country The U.S. imposed serious economic sanctions against DPRK coz of the Korea peninsula issues. //slap a ban on sb; slap sanction on xxx; slap tax on xx; slap import tariff on; slap a gag order on = impose xxx on sb unreasonably, irrationally 不合理的 强加（制裁，税，进口关税，禁令， 封口令） 于; eg In the past week he has slapped a gag order on the BBC, sought an injunction禁令(封杀) against a newspaper and threatened at least two others with similar bans. 堵上了英国广播公司（BBC）的嘴/封嘴令，又封杀了一家报纸 |
| skirmish/battle | A minor battle in war, as one between small forces or between large forces avoiding direct conflict. 小规模战斗：战争中的小规模战斗，如发生在小股力量之间或避免直接冲突的大部队之间的战斗 A minor or preliminary conflict or dispute/spat/altercation: 小冲突／口角：小的或初步的冲突或争论：　a skirmish over the rules before the debate began. 在争论开始之前的关于规则的小争论 |
| cyclic; cyclical | happen again and again in the same order 轮转的, 循环的 |
| beneficiary | sb who receives a benefit: 受益者：接受好处的人： I am the beneficiary of your lavish generosity. 我是你慷慨大方的受益人 The recipient of funds, property, or other benefits, as from an insurance policy or will. 受益人：基金、财产或其他好处的接受人，如按照保险单或遗嘱而得的if fuel prices -- one of the biggest costs to airlines -- were to fall, then because of the keenly competitive nature of the industry it would be the customer that would be the beneficiary. |
| ancillary | \* auxiliary; helping: 辅助的；补充的：an ancillary pump.辅助泵 \* subordinate:从属的 |
| auxiliary | \* Giving assistance or support; helping. 辅助的：给予帮助或支持的；帮助的 \* Acting as a **subsidiary/subordinate;** supplementary: 从属的：作为附属物的；附属的： the main library and its auxiliary branches.主要图书馆及其从属分支机构 |
| converge/rally ; convergence | The point of converging; a meeting place: 会合点：会合点；聚集的场所：a town at the convergence of two rivers.位于两条河流交点处的城镇; How about converging in front of the supermarket? How about converging in KFC? |
|  |  |
| anonymous | anonymity |
| dropout n | \* One who quits school. 退学生：离开学校不读书的人 \* One who has withdrawn from a given social group or environment. 退出者：退出某一社会团体环境的人 He is a dropout from the badminton club coz he broke his legs; He is a chicken boy/coward and he is a dropout from the hiking club coz he cannot bear the exhaustion. |
| on the verge | on the verge/brink of 濒临边缘; on the brink/verge of extinction; on the verge of tears bursting 濒临泪泵; a nation on the verge of economic prosperity.一个经济即将繁荣的国家 |
| To be on the edge or border, **adjacent** 处于边沿或边缘： Her land verges on the neighboring township. 她的土地与邻镇相连 |
| treadmill=running belt | A similar device operated by an animal treading an endless **sloping belt**.踏车：由动物踩踏一根**倾斜**的连续不断的皮带从而使之转动的类似装置 eg Multi-task when possible.view or listen to informative materials while treadmilling. |
| self-esteem/respect |  |
| cumbersome | Difficult to handle because of weight or bulk. 难处理的：因沉重或体积大而难处理的; Troublesome and tricky 棘手的，麻烦的 |
| a ton of/considerable | It didn't get **a ton of** attention Monday, but Apple's next mobile operating system means significant changes for how iPhone users send and receive messages. |
|  |  |
| eye candy | sb/sth that is **visually attractive** or pleasing to look at.视觉享受物（人）：视觉上受某物或是某人所吸引; Natually speaking, all mans are of "eye candy", always judging a female from their appearances. |
| catch on with sb | Here's a quick look at the new messaging features announced at Apple's Worldwide Developers Conference. We'll find out whether they **catch on with users** in a few months. |
| jagged | rough 锯齿状的，有凹口的，（外形）参差不齐的 Marked by irregular **projections突出** and **indentations** on the edge or surface. 参差不齐的：以边缘或表面有不规则的突出或呈锯齿状为特征的 |
| spurn | Photo and video messages that disappear after a few seconds have been **popularized** by Snapchat, the mobile messaging app that reportedly spurned multibillion takeover offers from Facebook and Google last year. |
| ephemeral | **antonym: eternal/perpetual**; Lasting for a markedly brief time: 短暂的：只存在很短一段时间的; Living or lasting only for a day, as certain plants or insects do; eg The sun flowers can **blossom开花** only for **ephemeral time**; an ephemeral flower 朝开暮谢的花; ephemeral joys 短暂的欢乐 |
| haunt | To inhabit, visit, or appear to in the form of a ghost or other **supernatural** being. 以鬼魂形式出现：以鬼魂或其它**超自然**物体的形式居住、拜访或出现 |
| **haunt a place**= visit a place frequently:经常拜访；常去：we're haunting the movie theaters.经常去电影院; We're always haunting that Susi restaurant.常去 |
| To come to mind continually 时常萦绕心头 That rumor haunted my mind the whole morning, 一个rumor困扰我整个上午 |
| buzz | To make a low vibrating sound like that of a bee or **drone.** 嗡嗡叫：象蜜蜂一样发出低沉的嗡嗡声或振动音; eg The department was **buzzing** with rumors.部门里到处散布着谣言 |
| To talk, often excitedly, in **low tones**. 低声谈：通常是兴奋地用低音调谈话; To **utter** in a rapid but **low voice**: 咕哝：用快而低的嗓音讲话：eg“What is he buzzing in my ears?”“他在我耳边咕哝些什么？” |
| vigil | **stay vigil;**  a watch or attendance kept during normal sleeping hours.守夜，值夜：在正常睡眠时间里的监视; |
| The act or a period of observing; surveillance.观察；警戒：观察或监视的行为或时间 |
| The eve of a religious festival as observed by devotional watching. 守夜：宗教节日的前夕，通过虔诚的守夜庆祝 |
| inaccessible | Not accessible; unapproachable: 无法接近的；不能达到的：eg inaccessible executives and VPs.难以接近的经理们 eg Authorities in Beijing restricted access to Google (GOOGL) services this week, according to Chinese censorship watchdog, rendering the search engine as well as products like Gmail and Google Calendar inaccessible to millions of Internet users. |
| suppress; suppression; crackdown | To put an end normally by using military forces. 镇压；制服 eg The HK people hosted a **vigil守夜** for the 25th anniversary of the "Bloody Tianmen Square **crackdown/suppression**" |
| mire | An area of wet or muddy ground, eg the muddy **bog or muddy marsh or swamp 沼泽;** 浸水的泥泞的一块地区 |
| A disadvantageous or difficult condition or situation: 困境：一种不利的或困难的境遇或情况：the mire of poverty. 贫困的困境; We will try best to 克服/度过困难时期tide over/conquer the mire of poverty in our county. Eg Our project is trapped in the mire of budget shortage.成本不足的困境 //克服/度过困难时期: tide over the difficult time |
| v: To hinder, entrap as if in mire. 使受困扰：使阻碍、牵绊或纠缠如陷入泥沼一般; The fishing boat is accidentcally trapped in the muddy mire and is sinking now. The captured mouse is mired in the **pitfall陷阱，圈套**. |
| scrutinize; scrutiny | To examine or observe with great care; inspect sth carefully and **critically.** 详细检查或仔细观察；**很挑剔地检查;** eg The **auditors** are scrutinizing our project processes very carefully and **critically挑剔**. |
| exclusive | not share with others, be single独家; "I do think an attack is going to come and hit us or Europe,” he told CNN’s Christiane Amanpour in **an exclusive interview.** “And then people are going to swing this right around.”; **an exclusive publishing rights.独家版权** |
| put sth on the table | bring sth up for discussion publicly and fairly : 被提出予以讨论： Two new proposals are on the table. 两个新议案正有待讨论; Let's put this controversial topic on the table, look at it, make analysis, dig into the questions, and see any other better solution can come in to deal with it. |
| take sth off the table | cancel sth from the ongoing discussion; eg After PM's quit, we need to filter our programs and reorg, such we will take some meaningless programs **off the table** in the weekly meeting. |
| leash | A belt,chain or **rope绳索** attached to the collar or **harness马具** of an animal, especially a dog, and used to lead it or hold it in check. 一条系在一动物（尤指狗）项圈或头具上的链子、绳索或皮条，用于牵拉或控制 eg Do not leash my cute dog so tightly, loosen the leash a little bit. |
| v Control or restrain: 控制或限制：**leash/control my emotion; leash my angery mood** |
| **keep [hold, have] sth in leash/control** 用皮带或 链索拴住 [**figurative meaning**] control and restrain 束缚, 控制; The marshals have to keep all military in leash with strict rules. |
| slip the leash (猎狗等)**挣脱**皮带或链索; [**figurative meaning**] 摆脱束缚;获得行动自由 eg The dog feels uncomforable with leash, he just wanna slip the leash. |
| strain at the leash (猎狗等)扯紧皮带或链索; [figurative meaning] 急于摆脱束缚以获得行动自由 eg I feel so stressful and depressed,almost stifled 憋闷窒息(而死) by the overwhelming work. I just wanna strain at the leash. eg Some married women feel so stifled憋闷窒息 by the overwhelming andtrivia houseworks and wanna strain at the leash.急于摆脱束缚以获得行动自由 eg Bz she is not happy with her marriage and always feel stifled with her husband; finally she diverced and strains at the leash. |
| unleash/vent | To release or loose from a leash: 从皮带释放或松开：unleashed the guard dogs; 把看门狗身上套的链子解开； |
| [figurative]释放; 放纵; 发动 **unleash a war 发动战争**; agitate a war 鼓动; **unleash one's temper发脾气= lose sb's temper; unleashed my pent-up rage.发泄他心头压抑的怒火 (pent-up: 幽闭的, 被压抑的)** eg I fail to leash my rage and finally unleash/lose my temper, unleashing my pent-up rage. |
| vent, ventilation | To release or discharge (steam, emotion, anger, rage) through an opening or outlet; 从开口排放, [figurative meaning]  **(感情等的)发泄=unleash** |
| air vent 通风孔; volcanic vent 火山口; **find (a) vent for 找到...的出气口;** I need to find a vent for my **pent-up** rage 找到出气口发泄他心头**压抑**的怒火 ; I need to vent my pent-up rage |
| tumultuous | Characterized by **tumult;** noisy and disorderly: 骚乱的，吵闹的：具有骚乱的特征的; Tending to **agitate** tumult. 能引起 **煽动**骚乱的 |
| We just can hear the tumultuous applause; then nothing from the speakers. 吵闹杂乱的掌声; The **assailant/attacker** detonates the suicide bomb and skills 3 girls in the school **rampage.** Now the criminal scens is full of **tumultuous scream**. 骚乱吵闹尖叫声 |
| lest | 唯恐, 以免, 免得, (用于fear, be afraid之后, 等于that) eg When I wear high-heel shoes, I normally **tiptoed** lest other colleagues should hear the loud noise **踮起脚趾**走路，以免；I feel anxious lest he become ill.唯恐他生病而感到焦虑 |
| endorse, endorsement | To write one's signature on the back of (a check, for example) as evidence of the legal transfer of its ownership, especially **in return for** the cash or credit indicated on its face. （支票等的）背书：签名于（支票的）背面以作为合法转让其所有权的证据，尤其是作为对标于其正面的现金或信用卡的交换 |
| To place (one's signature), as on a contract, to indicate approval of its contents or terms. 签署，批准：签署（签名），如在合同上，表明对其内容或条款的赞同 |
| To acknowledge (receipt of payment) by signing a bill, draft, or other instrument. 通过签署帐单、汇票或其它正式文件而承认已收到付款 Pls **endorse the shopping receipt** from "No. 1 shops" |
| [ 名人代言: celebrity endorsement; sb endorse a product (明星)代言产品]  e.g. Is he losing his hair? Would he do a celebrity endorsement? 他的头发还在吗？他可以当名人代言人吗？  e.g. She's an athlete but she's endorsing junk food! e.g. It seems you can’t open up a magazine or turn on the TV these days without seeing some celebrity or other endorsing a product, championing a cause竞选一个事业, or being appointed as an ambassador for some well-known international charity or non-profit organization  E.g. Celebrity endorsement has become increasingly prevalent盛行 in recent years. |
| To give approval of or support to, especially by public statement 支持，核准：批准或给予支持，尤以公开声明形式；endorse a political candidate |
| full-throated | speak loudly and energetically 声音宏亮的，高声喧嚷的; eg The PM gave a **full-throated** endorsement of his teams' activities. We full-throatedly annouced that we are the winner with honor. |
| brink/verge | on the brink of = on the verge of 边缘; eg This wild animal is on the brink/verge of extinction |
| 战争边缘政策; 实行边缘政策者 slang | brinksmanship; brinksman //on the brink/verge of |
| eg While not providing specifics, Rice said, "The international community does have at its disposal a number of tools to make it more difficult for North Korea to engage in this kind of brinksmanship." 进一步阻止北韩采取这种边缘政策 |
| matchup | The pairing of two people or things, as for athletic competition or for comparison. 对手：用于比赛或比较的两人或物的一对 One of the best World Cup matchups this year will be Adidas vs. Nike. |
| stakes | To gamble or risk; **hazard,** in **jeopardy** 赌博或冒险；危险;  **be at stake 危如累卵, 危险;** The terrorists have **infiltrated渗透** into the white house; the president is now **at stake**. |
| stakes = financial support; too provide working capital for; provide fiancial investiment or support 资助；投资 eg Both companies have launched major marketing campaigns (政治或商业性)活动, but the stakes/financial supports are particularly high for Adidas. The German company is spending more this year than it ever has to promote its brand at the World Cup. eg We need to bring up innovative strategies to premote IBM's brand. |
| promte the brand 提升品牌形象 |
| apparel | Clothing, especially **outer garments**; **battire 盛装 eg 商务正装　business attire, the banquet attire 晚宴盛装;**  Nike is the biggest **sports apparel运动装** brand in world. |
| A covering/coating or an **ornament:** 覆盖物，**装饰物**： |
| trees with their apparel of foliage. 浓密树叶覆盖的树木 a forest of apparel in the park. |
| relinquish; relinquishment | To retire from; give up or abandon. 离开；放弃或抛弃 To put aside or desist from (something practiced, professed, or intended). 作罢，断念：停止或把（练习过的，专长的或想做的事）放在一边 To let go; surrender. 放开；放弃 To cease holding physically; release: 松开；放开： relinquish a grip. 松开掌握 |
| seal a deal with sb | Adidas is one of six World Cup partners, along with major multinationals such as Budweiser (BUD百威), Coke (KO) and Visa (V). It has no plans to relinquish/give up that title anytime soon. Last year, Adidas sealed a deal to extend its partnership with FIFA for another 60 years. |
| ration / quota | The refugees are supplied with a ration of one egg per week...定量给鸡蛋 |
| transfusion; transfuse | the blood transfusion[医]输血, 输液; If a company hasn’t achieved the target quota of blood donation set by the gorvenment, its emplyee will face large difficulties in applying for the blood transfusion[医]输血, 输液. |
| throw (one's) weight around | throw (one's) weight around [slang] To use power or authority, especially in an excessive or heavy-handed way. 滥用权势，耀武扬威：尤指以一种过分或严厉的方式使用权力或地位 For this year's tournament, Adidas is throwing its weight behind Argentine soccer star Lionel Messi, with an "icon line" of shoes named after him. The head of soccer at Adidas said: "I'm confident that Messi is poised to not only break records at this World Cup, but to go down in history as the best player ever." |
| anthem | national anthem 国歌; the FIFA anthem 世界杯主题曲 eg Do you know who superstar will sing the FIFA anthem this year? |
| root for | support and provide financial support 支持赞助 For personal and professional reasons, Bruce said he's **rooting for/support** Argentina. |
| watchdog |  |
| underdog | One that is expected to lose a contest or struggle, as in sports or politics. 居于下风者：指在运动或政治竞争中将会失败的人; One that is at a disadvantage. 地位低的人[美]受压迫的人, 地位低的人 |
| **underdog effect 失败效应** |
| humanoid | Having human characteristics or form 具有人的特质或外表的,有人类特点的;eg This humanoid robot can read and distinguish people's feeling and emotion; this development is a **state-of-the-art.** |
| In scentific legend novel, there is always a group of **legendary** people living not in our earth but in other planets, normally having special power. (科学幻想小说中的)星球人 **mutate 变异人；** |
| state of the art | The humanoid robot doesn't look much like its name. Standing under four-feet tall with a tablet computer mounted to its chest, it has human-like hands and a mermaid-like lower torso — though its toddler初学走路的孩子-like voice seems incongruous with this state-of-the-art facade. |
| converse, conversation | **converse about sth= talk about;** Despite the **high-pitched** voice, Pepper, the **humanoid** robot, is able to **converse about** everything from the weather to more sophisticated topics like the latest **fluctuations** in the stock markets |
| **Reversed**, as in position, order, or action; **contrary.** 逆向的：颠倒的，如在位置、次序或行为上；相反的 |
| affectionate | Having or showing fond feelings or affection; loving and tender. 爱的：充满或表示喜欢的感情的，表示深情的；喜爱的和温柔的 Obsolete Inclined or disposed. 【废语】 倾向的或意欲的 ; |
| eg Our vision is to create an **affectionate** and **humanoid** robot that can understand people's feelings. Then autonomously, it will take action, |
| sleeker | **磨光器 polisher**  异型墁刀 ； （shovel: 铲) |
| spectator | observers **观众(指比赛或表演)** ; onlooker eg The **humanoid** robotr goes on sale in Japan for around US$2,000 in February 2015. For now, several Peppers are at Softbank stores in Tokyo for **spectators** to visit. |
| envision | To picture in the mind; imagine. 想象：脑海中的图象；想象 |
| inaugurate, inauguration | To induct上任 sb into office by a formal ceremony. 就职：通过正式的就职典礼而就任职位; Egypt's former military chief inaugurated on Sunday after he won 96% of the vote/ballot in last month's democratically presidential election. El-Sisi takes the oath of office for a four-year tenure. |
| tenure | a period of time during which sth is held; during one's tenure of office 在职期间 eg During Xijinping's tenure of office, he promised to contribute more to the social facility development; He just took the oath and inaugurated as the president, for 3-yeare tenure. |
| oust; ouster | To eject sb from a position or place, especially form political point; force out as an exile :驱逐，罢黜 eg The election was called amid months of political turbulence/turmoil that saw Mohamed -- the country's first democratically elected President after the ouster of longtime leader Hosni -- removed from power in a July military coup. eg The company CEO is ousted驱逐，罢黜 from his position coz of the terrible sexual scandal and business fraud. |
| 政变 |
| state-run/state-owned 国企 | the state-run/owned company国企; the state-run/own XinHua news agency; eg Allegations were made that Sabahy campaign representatives were attacked and detained, Egypt's state-run Ahram Online news agency has reported. "We cannot give any credibility or ratification/approval to the announced numbers of turnout or results," Sabahy said last month. "The announced results are an insult to the intelligence of the Egyptians." |
| turnout | The number of people rallied or gathered for a particular event or purpose; attendance: 到会者，聚集的人：为特定的目的或事件集合的人; eg The peace march attracted a large turnout, especially studendts and women .和平游行吸引了大量的参加者; In the FIFA opening ceremony, thousands of turnout rallied/converge集合 in the Brasil square. |
| A number of things produced; output. 产出，产量：生产的东西的数量 eg The **turnout** of the humanoid robots that will be produced on sale this year is only 100, so you can imagine how expensive it will be. |
| 【多用于英国】 A labor strike in Britain. 工人罢工 |
| count | Kevin was charged with one count of death by auto and four counts of assault by auto after the tractor-trailer he was driving crashed into the limo bus carrying the comedian and others, the statement said. Eg He is accused of one count of felony[律]重罪 and three counts of others crimes |
|  |  |
| limo; limousine | the limo bus = the deluxe van; Any of various large passenger vehicles, especially a luxurious/deluxe automobile usually driven by a chauffeur/driver and sometimes having a partition separating the passenger compartment间隔间, 车厢 from the driver's seat. Eg Kevin Roper was charged with one count of death by auto and four counts of assault by auto after the tractor-trailer he was driving crashed into the limo bus carrying the comedian and others |
| concur; concurrent | To occur at the same time; **coincide.** 同时发生 eg Several circumstances concurred to **bring about** the result. 几种情况合在一起导致了这个结局。 |
| concur with sb = agree with; 同意， 一致; eg I concur with the speaker in condemning what has been done. 我同意发言者对所做的事加以谴责; Although the investigation is still pending, we concur with the preliminary reports that the accident was caused by another vehicle traveling behind the Atlantic limo bus and we are grateful that our drivers did not sustain life-threatening injuries |
| It's reported that 据报道 | It's reported that almost all suspected gunmen were wearing suicide vests, devices usually worn by terrorists on termination missions. Military officials said two of the terrorists had **detonated** suicide vests. |
| grenade | hand-grenade, a type of **ammunication.** A missile designed to be thrown by hand or deployed by a specially equipped **launcher.** 手榴弹 **(ammunition, rifle/musket, cannon, artillery炮的总称)** |
| carnage | **massacre, slaughter, holocaust,** eg the **NanJing massacre** (尤指在战场上的)残杀, 大屠杀, 流血, kill a considerable number of humanbeings indiscriminately and brutally/ruthlessly. As usual,TTP **claimed responsibility for** the airport **carnage.** |
| raid | A surprise attack/assault by a small armed force. 突然袭击，奇袭：由小股部队进行的急袭 (assailant = attacker) eg The terrorist group also claimed认领声称 responsibility for similar military raids on the Pakistan Navy airbase, and justified the three attacks as "revenge/retaliation" for the May 2, 2011 secret U.S. raid that killed Osama Bin Laden; eg The cops launched a thunder raid and arrested 20 smugglers 走私犯. //mug (a mug of sparkling coffee 马克杯, a mug of sparkling beer; she's a mugger/robber行凶抢劫者 V.S. smuggle, smuggler // smug: marked by excessive complacency[kəm'pleisənsi]/big-head/arrogancy or self-satisfaction. **Complacent means big-headed, arrogant, or cocky.**  // smugness: 自命不凡的家伙; 自以为是的家伙 |
| alienate /estrange | To make hostile, unfriendly, indifferent 使疏远：使怀有敌意，使不友善或使疏远；离间 |
| alienate/estrange sb. from his friends 使某人跟朋友们疏远; estrange oneself from sb. 跟某人疏远; eg I can feel that my bf is estranging/alienating himself from me recently, just so indifferently. Finally, we are apart.; eg I have intentional tendency/inclination to alienate/estrange myself from him, who is such as nuisance. 我故意倾向疏远他 |
| Political disagreements and **divergences** led to quarrels/**spats** that finally **estranged** the two friends. 政治上的不同观点使两个朋友争执，最后终于导致破裂； eg His persistent **antagonism/hostility** caused his wife to alienate/estrange from him. 固执的对立终于使得妻子疏远了他。 |
| brazen a/v | shameless and thick-skinned 厚颜无耻的 eg Following a brazen raid on the visiting Sri Lankan cricket team, all foreign cricket teams refused to visit Pakistan, thus bringing an end to international cricket in the country. //cricket: [昆]蟋蟀 the cricket fighting; [运动]板球 play cricket |
| Having a loud, usually harsh, **resonant['rezənənt]洪亮的, 共鸣的 sound**. **(idiom) 破锣嗓子：发出大声，通常是较粗糙洪亮的声音的； Her voice is so brazen, which sting my ear.** |
| Made of **brass.** 黄铜制的 a brazen image of Buddha 一尊黄铜佛 => 青铜色的；青铜制的: bronze (gold, silver, bronze) |
| vt .**brazen sth out 厚着脸皮干,** brazen oneself out: 厚着脸皮为自己辩护 (out, through) Some people prefer to **brazen a thing out** rather than admit defeat. 有的人不愿承认失败, 而是宁肯**厚着脸皮干**下去。 He is still **brazening himself ou**t in the court **厚着脸皮**为自己辩护 |
| nuetralize | Lastly, the Karachi attack, too, exposed the weaknesses in the early warning capacity of the Pakistani security apparatus; while forces on ground managed to engage and neutralize the attackers within five hours -- restoring air traffic by noon -- questions loom over the intelligence |
| To make neutral. 使中立化; To declare neutral and therefore inviolable during a war. 宣布中立：在战争中宣布独立以不致受侵扰 |
| To **counterbalance** or **counteract抵消中和** the effect of; render ineffective.使无效：平衡或消除…作用；致使无效 |
| Chemistry 【化学】 To make (a solution) neutral. 使中性：使（溶液）呈中性 To cause (an acid or a base) to undergo neutralization. 中和：使（酸和碱）进行中和 Medicine To counteract the effect of (a drug or toxin). 【医学】 使无效：消除（药物或毒素）的作用 Slang To remove as a threat, especially by killing. 【俚语】 消除威胁，尤指以杀害的方式 |
| counterbalance/ counteract/ neutralize | A force or influence that can equally counteract or neutralize another. 平衡力：能够平等地抵消另一种力或影响的力或影响 A weight that acts to balance another; a counterpoise or counterweight. 衡重体：能与另一个平衡的重量；衡重体或平衡锤 To oppose with an equal force; offset. 使抵消：以一种相等的力量来反抗；抵消 |
| eg The girl's **diligent勤勉用功的** effort counterbalanced her slowness at learning. 这女孩的刻苦努力弥补了她在学习上的迟钝 eg His wife's calm nature acts as a counterbalance/counteract to his urgent/hot temper. 他妻子的沉着冷静抵销了他的急性子脾气 |
| bable | A confusion of sounds or voices. Synonyms: noise 嘈杂声：混乱的声音或音响; A scene of noise and confusion. 嘈杂和混乱的场面 |
| The Bable [圣经]巴别塔 ，通天塔 |
| sharp-tougued | 说话尖酸的, 刻薄嘴的; She is such a **sharp-tougued** girl and always speaking with **acid words尖酸的话.** |
| nuance | A subtle or slight degree of difference, as in meaning, feeling, or tone; a **gradation渐进.** 细微差别：意义、感情或音调等的细微差别；程度上的差异 |
| Expression or appreciation of subtle **shades of meaning, feeling, or ton**e: **微妙之处**：意义、感情或音调等的微妙变化的表达或鉴赏： **eg This painting show is a rich artistic performance, full of nuance. 一场意味深长的艺术表演充满了微妙之处** |
| When the move travels to another country, it travels with its **nuances微妙之处,** its culture and its beauty. I think it creates a wave that's really good for the content owner and it's really good for the culture it comes with |
|  |  |
| subtitle/caption | A printed translation of the dialogue of a foreign-language film shown at the bottom of the screen. 字幕：外语电影中在银幕底部打出的对话译文 |
| colloquail; colloquialism |  |
| autograph | 亲笔签名, 手稿 |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
| midfield; midfielder | The section of a playing field midway between goals. 中场：比赛场地中位于两个球门之间中央的部分 Players whose usual positions are in the **midfield.** 中场队员：通常位于中场的队员 |
| Brazilian midfielder Oscar celebrates with a heart gesture after he scored a goal to give his team a 3-1 win over Croatia克罗地亚 in the opening match of the World Cup on Thursday, June 12. It was the first day of the international soccer tournament, which is being held in 12 cities across Brazil. |
| Croatia | 克罗地亚(南斯拉夫成员共和国名) |
| be trippped up 绊倒, 使失败, | sb is tripped up = sb missed the steps and fell down to group, **stumble绊倒**, normall by being kicked or blocked by an obstacle; Oscar is **tripped up** by **Croatia's** team member during the second half. |
| goalie/goalkeeper | Marcelo, right, accidentally **deflects(使)偏转 the ball past his own goalkeeper**, Julio Cesar. It was the first goal of the match and put the hosts in an early hole. |
| doves / pigeon | Brazil and **Croatia克罗地亚** players stand around the center circle in the **stadium** as **doves** are released and flying to sky before the beginning of the match. Eg A dove flies through the **stadium.** |
| **stoppage** | Oscar's stoppage-time strike ensured a party atmosphere in Sao Paulo -- though it did not prevent protesters from assembling outside the **stadium** immediately after the contest. |
| arena | A large modern building for the presentation of sports events or public performances 场地，室内运动场：进行体育活动或公开表演的大型现代建筑;  A place or scene where forces contend or events unfold: 竞争场所，活动场所：力量抗争或事件表露的场所或场景： The area in the center of an ancient Roman amphitheater where contests and other spectacles were held. 竞技场：古罗马圆形露天竞技场的中心区域，在此进行竞赛和其它公开的大型表演 |
| eg He quited and withdrew from the political arena 从政治舞台上退出; the world as an arena of moral conflict.世界象一个道义冲突的竞争场所; eg Inside the stadium arena, when the country's president is addressing the FIFA opening speeches, he was furiously booed by spectactors/audiences even he tried to keep a low profile. |
| hijab | The headscarf worn by Muslim women, sometimes including a veil that covers the face except for the eyes. 海加布：穆斯林妇女穿戴的头套，有时包括一个除了眼部之外可以遮掩脸部的面罩; The institution of protection of women in some Islamic societies through veiling or seclusion. 保护妇女的机构：在某些穆斯林社会藉由以面纱遮脸或是隔绝来保护妇女的机构 |
| flight -> flighty | Characterized by irresponsible or silly behavior. 不负责的轻浮的：带有不负责或愚蠢行为特征的  She is too flighty to take care of young children. 她太不负责任, 不能照顾小孩。 |
| Easily excited; **skittish.** 易于激动的；**轻浮的轻佻的 eg she is a flighty/skittish girl 轻浮轻佻的的少女 e.g. In this day and age在当今这个年代,** mos of 90s youth are very **flighty** |
| houseman | <主英>实习医生; the intern in hospitals |
| Everything is dust in the wind. |  |
| beat sheet” (节拍进度表 |  |
| Soap opera(肥皂剧) | sitcom(situation comedy 情景喜剧), and drama(情节系列剧) |
| one-hundred-year egg | 皮蛋 |
| coup | the military coup: 军事政变 The Thailand military ousted the caretaker Puea Thai party in a military coup on May 22. The country is now under martial law and an overnight curfew宵禁时间 between 22.00 and 05.00 (local time). Further demonstrations against the military coup are expected in the coming days. IBM Thailand Security is closely monitoring the situation and will update the country advisory for Thailand as needed. |
| defragment | To reorganize (a computer file) to eliminate fragmentation. 磁盘碎片重组：重新整理（计算机文件）来清除碎片 |
| reclaim | \* To bring into or return to a suitable condition for use, as cultivation or habitation: 开拓：将……带入或返回到可以使用的适当境况，如开垦耕作或居住;eg reclaim marshlands; reclaim strip-mined land. 开垦沼泽地；开垦条状土地 \* To procure the usable substances from refuse or waste products. 回收利用：从废物或废品中获取（可用之物质） \* To bring back, as from error, to a right or proper course; reform.See Synonyms at save 1 使改正：使从诸如错误中回到正确或合适的道路轨迹上来 //acclaim sb: praise, laud sb |
|  |  |
| malicious software =malware | **Cybercriminals** use increasingly **sophisticated** social engineering techniques, including ‘watering hole’ and ‘phishing’ attacks to **lure** or trick individuals into installing **malicious software (malware) o**n their computing devices. |
| carnation | 康乃馨 |
| vanilla | 香子兰 |
| nuisance | One that is inconvenient, annoying, or vexatious; a bother: 令人讨厌的东西：令人不便的、恼人的、讨厌的东西；烦人的东西 |
| got up on the wrong side of the bed today | I got up on the wrong side of the bed = It's a popular slang in US, which means "not in a good mood". |
| pounce on sth | To **swoop** with intent to seize sb/sth: 猛扑，猛冲：突然跳起或突然袭击以抓住某人或某物：eg a cat **pounced on** a mouse 猛地扑向老鼠的猫; The eagle **pounced on** the running rabbit and catched it. |
| To attack suddenly: 突然袭击：the irregular troops **pounced on** the convoy at a narrow pass;  在狭窄的山隘处突然袭击护送队的非正规部队； |
| **pounce on sb:** catch an opportunity to blame sb seriously 猛烈攻击 eg a colleague **pounced on me** because of a mistake in my report. 因我在报告中所犯的一个错误而猛烈攻击我的一个同事 |
| To seize something swiftly and eagerly: 掌握，抓住：迅速抓住某物，急切地抓住某物： **pounce on an opportunity.掌握机会**; eg The Germany pounced on a good opportunity and score the goal, now 4:0, Germany **thumped** Portugal heavily. |
| stationary | Not moving, static 静止的; Not capable of being moved; fixed. 不能被移动的；固定的 eg "Free kick 任意球' is an unobstructed/non-obstacled kick of a station**a**ry/fixed ball, as in soccer or **Rugby,** especially when a player is awarded coz the opponent **commits a foul**. |
| stationery | Writing materials and office supplies, eg pencil, ruler, eraser, staple, tape透明胶带, sticky notes/post-it notes便利贴, glue胶水 . 文具和办公用品 |
| Costa Rica | 哥斯达黎加 |
| knockout | The state of being knocked out. 被击倒：被击倒的状态 A blow that knocks out an opponent. 把对手击倒的一拳 Sports 【体育运动】 : A victory in boxing in which one's opponent is unable to rise from the canvas within a specified time after being knocked down. 判败击倒：在拳击比赛中，对手在被击倒后的一定时间未能从拳台上站起来而取得的胜利 The act of winning a boxing match in this way: 击倒对手的一拳：以这种方式赢得拳击比赛的动作： won the fight by a knockout. 把对手一拳击倒对方而获得胜利;  Capable of knocking out: 足以击倒的，猛烈的; a knockout punch. 猛烈的一拳 |
| Slang) a **stunning beauty,** who is strikingly attractive or impressive 【俚语】 引人注目的人,绝代佳人 |
| Slang) 特别赞的一个东西,好东西干货 eg English tips given by you are a knockout. |
| inswing | [板](投出的)内弧线球的运动 Suarez almost beat the Manchester City keeper again four minutes into the second half with a low inswinging corner. |
| pointless/ meaningless | • pointless: worthless, meaningless, or not likely to have any useful result 无益的，无用的 e.g. Life just seemed pointless to me. 生活对我来说简直 没什么意义/没有用。 E.g. a pointless quarrel 无谓的争吵 **[ It is pointless doing sth ] 做<xxx事情>是没有用的/徒劳的白搭** e.g. It’s pointless telling her to clean her room – she’ll never do it. 叫她打扫自己的房间 **没有用的/徒劳的白搭**，她绝对不会去干的。 e.g. In DP team, **it’s pointless assigning** tasks to Travis – he’ll never do it by himself or even will never to do. **[ it is pointless to do sth] 做xxx事情毫无意义 = [ there is no point to do sth ]** = it’s worthless and meaningless to do sth e.g. I think it would be pointless to discuss this issue again. 我认为再讨论这个问题 毫无意义 |
| 徒劳的白搭: in vain; Your attempts are just pointless/fruitless/in vain |
| 仪态, 言谈举止 | deportment: (behavioral attributes) the way in which a person behaves towards other people |
| eg The professionalism and credibility of IBM's brand is not only reflected in our product design, but also conveyed through the decency of IBMers' dress and deportment. More than the general impression of IBM from the public, it's also the most visual understanding of IBM for many of us before joining IBM! As the ambassador of IBM's brand, the dress style and behavior of each and every one of us directly impact how others understand IBM. Moreover, appropriate dress and deportment is the basic politeness for our colleagues, clients and business partners. For example, Please understand that only proper business attire is permitted when working in the office from Monday through Thursday and in any formal business occasion. Compared with the Business Attire, Business Causal is less formal, though still in formal scope. (Please bear in mind that business attire 商务正装　is strongly recommended for Business Causal Days.) |
| **//deport, deportation:** the act of **expelling or exiling** a person from their native land to a broker country, normally for political penalty 驱逐出境；放逐  **//broker (中间）斡旋调解（停火协议，和平条约） V) broker an agreement; broker a ceasefire; broker a peace deal** |
| eg A bilingual secretary from U.S, she is dressed decent and has the practised deportment of a society debutante. 作为一名来自喀麦隆的双语秘书， 她打扮完美，有着社会新人那种久经练习的**举止**。 |
| 起源于，发源（于）…… | spring from: derive from, date from |
| eg The “recognition heuristics” springs from a familiarity[ fə,mili'æriti ] of choices: If one choice is familiar, other choices that aren’t familiar seem inferior. |
| 金科玉律；黄金准则；黄金法则 | Golden rules e.g. The golden rule states “treat others only in ways that you’re willing to be treated in the exact same situation’. 己所不欲，勿施于人 |
| 经验法则 | **rules of thumb = heuristic rule**: a set of **commonsense** rules concluded by expereincing longtime living, working; especially the lessons learnt to help others to increase the probability of solving tough issues and avoid unexpected risks. |
| eg Rules of thumb, or heuristics, can assist you in making good decisions in situations that defy/challenge statistical analysis. People use rules of thumb/heuristics consciously and unconsciously. When used unconsciously, rules of thumb or heuristics result in judgments that are actually based on intuition. Conscious calculation may be sufficient in situations with known risks, but in situations with unknown risks, “intuition is indispensable (absolutely essential and vital 不可缺少的；绝对必要的).” |
| 启发法；启发式教学法 slang | heuristics [ hjuə'ristiks ] [heuristic rules; heuristic program] |
| n) a commonsense rule (or set of rules of thumbs) intended to increase the probability of solving some problems; synonym: [heuristic rules; heuristic program]  eg Rules of thumb, or heuristics, lead to better decisions than complex analysis when you estimate the risk. |
| 行家， 懂行（的人）， 内行 slang | savvy **[the technical savvy技术大拿]**  : the cognitive condition of someone who understand 行家， 懂行（的人） |
| eg If you are **a savvy shopper,** and know pretty well how much what will sell and how much it will sell for, you can do well in the consignment business and make big fortune. 如果你是精明的/懂行的内行; 店主 （行家） |
| get the meaning of something, **comprehensive capability 理解能力;悟性** eg The manager iss coming, do you savvy? 你知道吗? |
| 场所，现场 | locale ləu'kɑ:l: the scene of any event or action (especially the place of a meeting) eg Therefore, how to enable globalization is about how to work with the locale 怎样处理场所。 eg A general solution for the problem above is to have each user thread hold a locale variable by passing the variable to the user thread during its construction.场所变量。 |
| (slang) However, it's clear that we've bitten off more than we can chew. |
| 特征, 特点 | trait: a distinguishing feature of your personal nature  **eg What traits distinguish you from other excellent elites in your team?** |
| 量化 | **quantify:**  express as a number or measure or quantity, synonym: measure 量化; quantity; quantitative eg Can you quantify your workload?  **Eg Can you pls quantify your work performance? 把工作技效量化** **quantitative 量化的 v.s. qualitative 质化的** |
| symposium [ sim'pəuziəm ] | workshop or seminar: a meeting or conference for the public discussion of some topic especially one in which the participants form an audience and make presentations : a formal meeting at which experts discuss a particular topic : a collection of articles on a particular subject |
| 照原来的样子；本来就是这样；不予改变 | as-is (n); as is: adv eg IBM provides this utility on an as-is basis only, with no official support of any kind. 基于现状的不予改变的 eg You can always come back later and try using LDAP instead of a database to define resource attributes for your users, but try this exercise as-is for now. 按上面的步骤来尝试这个练习。 |
| 开火还击 | fire back eg During the shootout枪战 with the **criminal syndicate黑社会**, the cops fired back开火还击 and killed all gangs |
| （英）最终候选人名单 | shortlist, a list of applicants winining from a longer list who have been deemed suitable and from which the successful person will be chosen |
| 我们被绑了手脚（什么都不能作） | We have hands tied; Our hands are tied. |
| 认知能力 | cognitive, cognition: the psychological result of perception and learning and reasoning eg In fact, he found that there was scarcely any information on gorilla cognition at all. 关大猩猩认知的信息都非常稀少。 **//guerilla 游击队**  // 1. Gorilla V.S.. apes V.S. orangutan [,ɔ:ræŋ'u:tæn]长臂无尾巨猴 V.S. chimpanzee [,tʃɪmpæn'zi] 〔非洲的〕黑猩猩  eg So, I want to introduce you to the modern science of infant cognition. 关于婴儿认知的现代科学发现 eg His new book is an expanded survey of the science and history of human cognition 人类认知的科学与历史。 |
| 正派正直；体面庄重；合乎礼仪礼貌 | decent, **decency** 1. the quality of conforming to standards of propriety and morality 2. the quality of being polite and respectable |
| 守夜 | vigil: the rite or ceremony of staying awake for devotional献身 purposes (especially on the eve of a religious festival) [烛光守夜: a candlelight vigil] eg Pilgrims perform a series of rituals including walking around the Kaaba, standing vigil on Mount Arafat and a ritual Stoning of the Devil. 站立守夜和 eg On the forecourt of the garage where the three died, members of the local Muslims came together for prayers in a candlelit vigil. [烛光守夜: hold a candlelight vigil] |
| keep vigil: A watch kept during normal sleeping hours. 守夜，值夜：在正常睡眠时间里的监视; keep vigil=stay up all night 守夜熬夜; 警戒 The treacherous stormy weather postponed the air search for a second day Wednesday. The ships plying the waters off the coast of Australia kept their vigil. |
| 衷心, 效忠 | loyal, loyalty; fidelity [fɪ'dɛləti]; allegiant, allegiance: [ 向sb发誓效忠，忠诚 pledge allegiance to sb; n) oath of allegiance ]: Your allegiance is your support for and loyalty to a particular group, person, or belief. e.g. The ISIS reference was not a surprise. CNN has previously reported that Mateen pledged allegiance to ISIS during a 911 call from the gay nightclub, fealty |
| [崇高的敬意和衷心的感谢: lofty respect and allegiant thankfulness] eg Our general manager with staffs give the lofty respect and allegiant thankfulness to all circles friends which gave us the kindly support, attention and helpment. 崇高的敬意和衷心的感谢; eg I think the dogs are supposed to the allegiant friend in the world 最忠实的朋友。 |
| 逃走；逃跑 | getaway: a rapid escape or flee (as by criminals); eg The thieves made a clean getaway/escape; The fugitive criminals/outlaws escaped by a getaway car. //fugitive criminals; fugitive suspect //An outlaw is a criminal who is hiding from the authorities, an outlaw = a fugitive criminal 逃犯 e.g. Jesse was an outlaw, a bandit, a criminal. 杰西曾是个逃犯、土匪、罪犯 |
| 适合旅行的地方 | a place, such as holiday resort, where you can enjoy a travel, recreation [,rekrɪ'eɪʃ(ə)n] or relaxation comfortably. eg Follow IHG® Rewards Club and get in on the Weekly Deals for Your Weekend Getaway. You could win two free nights for a dream getaway. eg <GETAWAY>: A T.V. show 车游天下 |
| 使正常化 | normal, normalize, normalization: become normal or return to its normal state使正常化; eg Let us hope that the **bilateral** relationship with this country will normalize soon. |
| 使规格化, 使标准化 | normal, normalize: make or cause to conform to a norm or standard; eg normalize the temperature measurement; [使拼写标准化 normalize the spelling; 使内容标准化: normalize the content； 对数据进行转换或格式化;是数据标准化: normalize the data ] eg The new version will accept submissions directly from publishers and normalize the content so there are no overlaps. 新内容会标准化。 |
| 二种人种的（尤指黑、白人种的 | biracial: consisting of or combining two races, especially both white and black. 白人和黑人的混血儿; eg a biracial committee; eg As a relatively new mom to a biracial boy, I'm trying to get a head start on speaking openly and simply about race. 作为一个(白人和黑人的)混血儿的新妈妈，我准备在公开地、简明地讲述人种问题上开个头。 |
| 通晓数种语言的人；用通晓数种语言记载的书 | polyglot ['pɒlɪglɒt]: a person who speaks more than one languagead; 用通晓数种语言记载的书: having a command of or composed in many languages eg a polyglot traveler; a polyglot Bible contains versions in different languages |
| 古董古玩; 古物古代的遗物 | antique; a/v/a)古董，古玩 **antiquity [æn'tɪkwɪtɪ] \* an elderly man 高龄;** \* any piece of furniture or decorative object that is produced long periods agon, especially in ancient dynasty, and valuable because of its beauty or **rarity//罕见；珍贵；珍品（需用复数)** |
| 高龄(的老人) | antique: an elderly man 高龄; eg My grandma is an antique, almost going up to 95 years old this summer |
| 稀有的 | rare, rarity: scarce existence, not widely known; especially valued for its **uncommonness, such as the uncommon quality, attributes, or characteristics;** not widely distributed  **[rare gasses; rare crops 稀少的农产品; rare species: 稀少的物种]** |
| \* having low density 稀薄的 [rare atmosphere (稀薄的大气); rare oxygen] \* 半熟的 (of meat) cooked in a short time; still red inside with raw parts; eg rare roasted beef; Hi sir, how do you want your grilled beef? raw, rare/middle, or done? 70% done, pls. |
| 珍品（slang 需用复数) rarities |
| a) 缺乏的，不足的；稀有的; adv) 几乎不,几乎没有 | scarce [skeəs]: insufficient or **deficient** in quantity or number, compared with the demand; eg The meat was scarce during the war; eg Fresh vegetables were scarce during the **famine饥荒** or **drought [draut]干旱 => meager resources** |
| 稀少的; | sparse [spɑːs] : 1) scarce, insufficient or deficient in quantity or number 稀疏的 not dense, normally growing distributably with large intervals；  **[ 比较级sparser 最高级sparsest ]** ; eg Trees were sparse in this **barren area 贫瘠的**. |
| 稀稀拉拉, 稀疏的； | sparse: [spɑːs] 稀疏的 not dense, normally growing distributably with large intervals; eg Trees were sparse in this **barren area 贫瘠的**. |
| slang 时髦；别致的款式, 有品位 | chic [ʃiːk] a/n: elegant, stylish and trendy, having fashionable taste [chic elegance] eg Spring/summer 2011 fashion trends are extremely complex and bold, yet stylish and chic. Eg A woman was considered chic if she could wear the whole pantyhose连裤袜 under trousers. //trendy:时髦的 //长袜: stockings, pantyhose; hoses长统袜 |
| 软禁 slang | house arrest [under the house arrest] eg The fugitive criminal/outlaw 逃亡罪犯 has been apprehended/arrested and detained under the house arrest. //An outlaw is a criminal who is hiding from the authorities, an outlaw = a fugitive criminal 逃犯 e.g. Jesse was an outlaw, a bandit, a criminal. 杰西曾是个逃犯、土匪、罪犯 |
| 实际的；实用主义的 | practical: concerned with actual use or practice 实际的；实用性的 |
| **pragmatic [præg'mætɪk]:** concerned with practical matters; guided by practical experience and observation rather than theory 实际的；实用主义的 eg 实用的建议：the pragmatic advice |
| slang | wee: **[凌晨很早的时间　in the wee hours]** a short time; very early; eg be awake in the wee hours. Eg He said you hold the party every weekend late into the wee hours　持续到凌晨一两点。　Eg Her **hectic** schedule -- up at 5:30 a.m. and returning emails into **the wee hours** --- is **grueling 煎熬的/受折磨的,** but she worries she may still be working below the point of diminishing returns. 她每天早上5:30起床，直到凌晨还在回复电子邮件 |
| slang (国家）法定的假期 | statute, statutory holiday |
| 惊人的 (极好的); 令人印象深刻的; 令人吃惊的; | stunning: strikingly beautiful, attractive,and absorbing, amazing; [惊人的美人: a stunning beauty] Wo, she's a stunning beauty. Eg I like jasmine not because it has stunning beauty, but because it gives off elegance and fragrance.惊人的美丽，而是因为它散发出来的香气和优雅。 eg In China, I was especially touched by the images of a collapsed school and hospital, and some of the stunning rescues made in these settings. 令人惊叹的救援行动所触动。 |
| **令人印象深刻的 stunning and impressive;** eg They gave audiences a **stunning and impressive** performance. He spoke English so fluently, addressing a **stunning and impressive** speech. |
| Surprising: 令人吃惊的, astonishing; I just heard **a stunning rumor** that Jack is not **straight,** he is a gay **;** I just got **a stunning news** that Lily will get divorce. Eg The plane crashed, which stunned me. [heterosexual/straight, homosexual/gay] |
| 微红的；略带红色的: | reddish: slight red; the reddish tint色彩；浅色 |
| 在某个规模上 | on a scale of; on a scale from xxx to xxx; The strength of the **aurora borealis** reached G4**, on a scale from G1 to G4.** |
| 明尼苏达州（美国中北部洲;) | Minnesota [,mini'səutə] Maine: [mein] 缅因州l |
| 电网 | **power grids;**  互联电网 Interconnected power grids |
| 同样地 adv) slang | likewise eg This year I plan on visiting Turkey - I hope I succeed with this plan. Travelling is a great way to learn about culture and also learn about yourself - when you are away from your routine life. Likewise, it would be great if you plan a trip to Dubai - great for shopping! |
| 北极光，南极光l | aurora borealis = Northern Lights; aurora australis [ɔ:'streilis] |
| a) northern; borealis; Aurora borealis = Northern Lights. 北极光; n) Boreal:北方生物带 related to the forest areas of the northern North Temperate Zone, dominated by coniferous trees such as spruce针叶树, fir云杉, and pine松树. |
| 安慰；慰藉；安慰之物 | solace ['sɒlɪs] : the comfort you feel when you're consoled in times of disappointment; consolation and comfort //underwhelm sb. = disappoint sb; sth is underwhelming/disappointing: underwhelm sb is to make no positive impact or impression on; disappoint sb. 未给...留下好印象; 使...失望 |
| [(slang) 聊以自慰solace of myselves.] Eg One was about forty: a period of mental vigour精力健壮 at which men seldom cherish the delusion of being married for love by young girls: that dream is reserved for the solace of our declining years. 很少会怀着女孩子们是由于爱情而嫁给他的妄想。 那种梦是留给我们到老年聊以自慰(慰藉)的。 |
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|  | distribute /dɪˈstrɪbjuːt/  1. V-T If you distribute things, you hand them or deliver them to a number of people. 分发 (like "allot, allocate") e.g. Students are chanting slogans and distributed leaflets. 学生们高呼口号，散发传单。 2. V-T When a company distributes goods, it supplies them to the stores or businesses that sell them. 配销 e.g. We didn't understand how difficult it was to distribute a national paper. 配销一份全国性的报纸 3. V-T To distribute a substance over something means to scatter it over it. 散布 e.g. Distribute the topping浇头 evenly over the fruit.将浇头均匀地浇在水果上 //scatter = disperse = strew  dispense = allot =allocate: 1.V-T If someone dispenses something that they own or control, they give or provide it to a number of people. 把xxx分发给sb. e.g. The union had already dispensed $60000 in grants. 工会已经分发了6万美元的补助金。  2.V-T If you obtain a product by getting it out of a machine, you can say that the machine dispenses the product. (机器) 售出 (商品) e.g. For two weeks, the cash machine spewed out receipts apologizing for its inability to dispense money.无法提款。 e.g. You want Coco? Just go to the vending machines. It dispenses what your want. //vending machine: 自动贩卖机，自动售货机  3.V-T When a pharmacist dispenses medicine, he or she prepares it, and gives or sells it to the patient or customer. 配发,出售 (药) [ dispense medicines; dispense drugs ] e..g Health officials hope to begin dispensing antidepressant[,æntɪdɪ'pres(ə)nt] drugs on a wide scale at the beginning of next year. 开始大规模配发抗抑郁剂药物  disperse 1. V-T/V-I When something disperses or when you disperse it, it spreads over a wide area. 使分散; 扩散 e.g. The oil appeared to be dispersing.油看上去正在扩散。 2.V-T/V-I When a group of people disperses or when sb.(esp cops) disperses them, the group splits up and the people leave in different directions. 驱散; 散开 e.g. Police used tear gas and pepper spray to disperse the demonstrators and sit-ins who protest against the universal suffrage in HK. 警察使用了催泪瓦斯来驱散示威人群和静坐者 //universal suffrage 普选 |
| 散播；撒满 | strew, strew, strewn: spread sth by scattering or dispersing densely撒满 and distributably //v.s. 零星地 sporadically e.g Plane debris are strewn sporadically over hundreds of meters. The search for clues and the bodies of the 150 people onboard the Germanwings plane will likely be hampered by harsh terrain in the remote French Alps and bad weather. e.g. They also add further evidence supporting investigators' suspicions that the jet had depleted its fuel (燃油耗尽） during its charter flight from Santa Cruz, Bolivia, to Medel. Investigators were considering a depletio[n o]f fuel (燃油耗尽） as a significant contributing factor to Monday's crash. Photos released by authorities showed debris strewn across a hillside with no apparent charring(n烧焦) among the wreckage. // charter flight 包机; the budget flight, the budget airline: 廉价航空 //contributing factor // char炭, charring: vi. 烧焦；打杂, 做家务小时工/钟点工 n char: n. 炭 |
| 零星地; 不定时发生的 | sporadical, sporadically: be allocated in different places in a distributable way, not in a central point.偶发地, 零星地; 不定时发生的 at sporadic interval; eg "We can feel tremors余震 at sporadic intervals" eg Deep red cherry trees are planted sporadically 校园内零星栽种着深红色的樱桃树 eg The stars are winking/twinkling/sparkling in the sky sporadically零星地. eg As the aftermath of bloodly blasts, the dead bodies are strewn/scattered 散播；撒满 sporadically on the ground. //strew, strew, strewn: To strew things somewhere, or to strew a place with things, means to scatter them there. 散播; 往...上撒 |
| 要求高的,过分要求的苛刻的 | demanding: require more demands or higher qualification. eg He's a demanding teacher. My boss is a demanding person. |
| 意外发现珍奇事物的本领；有意外发现珍宝的运气 slang | serendipity [,ser(ə)n'dɪpɪtɪ] n).good luck in making unexpected and fortunate discoveries, such as finding raries珍品. eg Errors spur inspiration. Mistakes can lead to serendipity or unintended discoveries made while seeking something else. “You learn by failing, or you fail to learn.” //dividends: unexpected gains, benefits, or advantages you obtain in future.eg Keeping excericse will pay special dividends to you when you grow elder. |
| eg Serendipity and luck are by their very nature unpredictable, and therefore not part of any good plan. 意外之得和幸运本质上都是不可预测的，因此不属于任何好计划的一部分 |
| 不可缺少的；绝对必要的. n. 不可缺少之物；必不可少的人 | indispensable [ɪndɪ'spensəb(ə)l] adj. absolutely necessary and essential, we cannot make it without this person; vitally necessary and essential |
| eg Rules of thumb, or heuristics经验法则 can assist you in making good decisions in situations that defy/challenge statistical analysis. People use rules of thumb/heuristics consciously and unconsciously. When used unconsciously, rules of thumb or heuristics result in judgments that are actually based on intuition. Conscious calculation may be sufficient in situations with known risks, but in situations with unknown risks, “intuition is indispensable.” |
| eg In our team, you are an indispensable elite. 不可缺少的精英, 中坚分子 eg This is an indispensable organization, but an organization that can only work because of the staff and their contribution and your dedication. 联合国是一个必不可少的组织 |
| 长命；寿命 | longevity |
| 使用期限, 寿命 | lifetime; eg The lifetime of a computer is normally five years. |
| 想象；预想 | envision:[in'viʒən]: imagine; conceive of; imagine sth in one's mind; e**g[想象/憧憬未来 envision/imagine the future]** |
| [木] 厚木板 | plank (is also an exercise) |
| (用狡诈的策略/花招)回避绕过; (用狡诈的策略/花招)避免或应付 | circumvent v) [sɜːkəm'vent] avoid or try to avoid fulfilling, answering, or performing (duties, questions, or issues) by using maneuvers, ruses, or artifices (用狡诈的策略/花招)回避绕过; eg She planned a way to circumvent all the bureaucratic red tape. 她计划避开官僚体制下的繁文缛礼 // 巧妙的计策；花招 n) maneuver = ruse = artifice ['ɑ:tifis] = tricks; [卑鄙的花招a shabby trick/maneuver/ruse] |
| circumvent To go around; **bypass:** 绕行(绕开xxx)；避开： 绕开城市 eg You'd circumvent that city, where there are too many terrorists. |
| slang) circumvention= workaround |
| circumvent | v: To go around; bypass: 绕行；避开 eg Approximately 2,500 people have died from Ebola, but new cases are increasing exponentially指数的. Some families are reportedly hiding deaths to circumvent/fend off绕行避开 the government's survey policy. "The true number of death toll will likely never be known, as bodies in the notoriously poor, filthy/dirty and overcrowded slum贫民窟, have simply been thrown into the nearby rivers." [notorious= disreputable声名狼籍的] |
| 操纵(机动车辆在动作或方向上的节制性改变，如飞行器的飞行路线上); 花招 花招伎俩 | A controlled change in movement or direction of a moving vehicle or vessel, as in the flight path of an aircraft. 操纵：机动车辆在动作或方向上的节制性改变，如飞行器的飞行路线上; maneuvered the car through traffic. 在街道上操纵着汽车; eg The pilot maneuvered the plane and veered off/swerve to South in order to dodge the thunder and storm. |
| A movement or procedure involving **skill** 技术动作：涉及技术和技巧的动作或过程; Hockey is a family of sports in which two teams play against each other by trying to **maneuver** a **puck** into the opponent's goal by using a **hockey stick**. |
| A strategic action undertaken to gain a purpose or success, **maneuvers=ruses=artifices['ɑ:tifis] = tricks 巧妙的计策；花招 花招伎俩**, 策略巧计：为达到某种目的而采取的战略运动  [卑鄙的花招a shabby trick/maneuver/ruse] |
| Artful handling of affairs that is often marked by scheming/conspiring and deceit.花招伎俩：事务的艺术处理，常具有仔细谋划和欺骗的特征; maneuver sb into doing sth=使花招让某人做事情=induce sb to do sth by using maneuvers, ruses,or artifices; eg maneuvered him into signing the contract; induce him signing the contract by using maneuvers 使花招他签订合同; |
| To shift ground; change tactics: 转换阵地；改变战术： The opposition had no room in which to maneuver.对手没有回旋的余地了 |
| 对手没有回旋的余地了 | eg The opponenents had no room to maneuver. //转换阵地；改变战术,回旋 |
| 诱使；怂恿 | entice sb into sth; entice sb into doing ; eg For many women, no amount of money would ever entice them into prostitution. 对于许多女人来说, 再多的金钱都无法引诱她们去卖淫。  **[拉皮条:(妓女等的)拉客 prostitution/whore solicitation** |
| 诱导；引诱 | induce sb to do ; eg We induced him to sign the contract by using maneuvers/ruses/artifices 使花招他签订合同 |
| 防爆的，防爆作用 | explosion-proof; eg [防爆背心 an explosion-proof vest] //water-proof; shake-proof; sound-proof; |
| 电磁干扰, 电磁扰动 | the electromagnetic disturbance |
| 防腐的 | anti-corrosion, anti-corrosive  **[防腐剂 the anti-corrosive materials]** |
| 耐腐蚀的 | corrosion-resistant; corrosion-resistance [耐腐蚀的不锈钢: corrosion-resistant stainless steel] eg 俄国通过派遣一艘潜艇在北极水下大约4公里处安置一面耐腐蚀的钛制旗子，表明其所有权。 And Russia has staked a claim by sending a submersible to plant a corrosion-resistant titanium flag some 4km below the North Pole. |
| [贸易] 报价；牌价 slang | the quoted price [quoted market price 市场报价] |
| eg What do you think of our **quoted price**? 你觉得我方报价怎么样？ eg You**r quoted price** is out of line with the prevailing level. That is why we feel confident that our suggestion of three percent off your present one is workable.你方报价与市价有差异 |
| 全程 | in the whole course of xxxx; eg French Foreign Minister accompanied Premier Wen **in the whole course of** visits to these two high-tech businesses. 全程陪同参观。 |
| 原产地 slang | the place of origin |
| 投标文件；招标文件 | tender /ˈtɛndə/   1. [ADJ](javascript:;)Someone or something that is tender expresses gentle and caring feelings. 温柔的 e.g. Her voice was tender, full of pity.  她的声音很温柔，充满了怜悯。 2. [ADV](javascript:;)温柔地 tenderly   Mr. White tenderly embraced his wife. 温柔地拥抱了妻子。 3. [ADJ](javascript:;)If you say that someone does something **at a tender age**, you mean that they do it when they are still young and have not had much experience. 幼小的 e.g.  He took up the game **at the tender age of seven.**他 **在7岁的小小年纪** 就开始从事这项运动。 4. [ADJ](javascript:;)Meat or other food that is tender is easy to cut or chew. (肉等食物) 嫩的; 易嚼的 e.g. Cook for a minimum of 2 hours, or until **the meat is tender**.  一直煮到肉软了为止。 5. [ADJ](javascript:;)If part of your body is **tender**, it is sensitive and painful when it is touched. (身体部位) 一碰就敏感的; 一碰就易触痛的 e.g.  Come on. Don’t touch my tummy. My **tummy** felt very **tender**. 我的肚子 **一碰就痛**。  * N**.一碰就痛,触痛 tenderness** e.g. There is still some **tenderness** in her ankle. 脚踝还有些触痛。  1. [N-VAR](javascript:;)A tender is a formal offer to supply goods or to do a particular job, and a statement of the price that you or your company will charge. If a contract is put out to tender/bid, formal offers are invited. If a company **wins a tender**, their offer is accepted. 投标 **[ tender document = bidding doc标书; submit a tender for xxx project: 参与<项目>的投标; win a tender:中标了]** e.g. Builders will then be sent the specifications and asked to **submit a tender for** the work. 参与此项工程的投标。   e.g Next, **construction contractors** **bid on the design team’s plan**. A contractor **oversees** the construction and hires **subcontractors** for the various components that are required to complete the project. The construction company will usually choose the contractor who **tenders the lowest bid** but who also has **a demonstrable reputation for quality and results**. After the contractors have been selected, construction begins. |
| 无形的(东西) | [in'tændʒəbl] (of especially business assets) not having physical substance or reality or intrinsic productive value; incapable of being touched or seen. 无形的感觉不到的; Incapable of being realized or defined. 难以认识或确定的 ; [无形资产intangible assets: eg soft-edge skills I earned in IBM; tangible assets] [无形的价值intangible value] |
| Something intangible, especially an asset that is normally invisible and cannot be perceived/felt by the senses. 无形的东西，尤其是感觉不到的资产。 [intangible assets 无形资产; intangible values 无形的价值]; eg The secret to success lies in the “soft edge/skills” – your organization’s intangible values, such as trust, team, creativity and connection. The working experiences are precious intangible values. [tangible property.有形财产; tangible evidence.确凿的证据] |
| 有形的 | tangible: assets that have physical substance, can be touched or seen. [切实的影响; tangile impact/influence] eg Goods that are subject to import controls include all machines, parts, materials/supplies, test equipment, prototypes, engineering models or samples, tools, fixed assets, tapes/diskettes/CD ROMs or other similar tangible items. eg Last year, more than 8% of the shareholders voted "yes" on a similar proposal. That sounds puny微不足道的 , but it's actually quite high since so few people who own the company's stock actually bother to vote. It also might have had some tangible impact有形的/切实的影响. Just a few months later, Google cut all ties to the American Legislative Exchange Council because it was "lying" on climate change. |
| 商品货物; v) 买卖；推销经商 | merchandise: goods or commodities |
| v) 买卖；推销经商 merchandise sth: run business to sell goods or commodities |
| 渗入; 潜入 (某地方或组织, 做间谍) | infiltrate /ˈɪnfɪlˌtreɪt/ ; infiltration 1. V-T/V-I If people (esp. terrrorists) infiltrate a place, organization, or nation or infiltrate into it, they enter it secretly in order to spy on it or influence it, working as an espionage['espɪənɑːʒ; -ɪdʒ] ; 渗入; 潜入 (某地方或组织, 做间谍) eg The U.S. embassy was infiltrated by a traitor who is confirmed to be an ISIS terrorist. e.g. Activists had infiltrated the student movement. 激进分子已经渗入学生运动。 e.g. He claimed that some countries have been trying to infiltrate their agents into the republic. 试图使他们的特工渗入该共和国。 eg Our men have infiltrated enemy lines 渗入/潜入敌军防线 e.g. A team of terrorists have infiltrated the country. 一队恐怖分子渗入/潜入该国; Many Chinese slangs and slangs have infiltrated into the Japanese language.许多中国成语浸透到日语中 |
| cause (a liquid) to enter by **penetrating or permeating['pɜːmɪeɪt]** something, such as cotton, sponge; |
| pass into or through sth by filtering, **penetrating, or permeating;** eg Ongoing incidents of terrorism require that importers in all countries be alert to threats that could infiltrate the commercial supply chain |
| 穿透/渗透； (尽管很困难，还是成功) 进入/跻身(一个团队，专业机构， 或组织) | penetrate /ˈpɛnɪˌtreɪt/ penetration 1. V-T If something or someone penetrates a physical object or an area, they succeed in getting into it or passing through it. 进入; 穿透 e.g. X-rays can penetrate many objects. X射线能 穿透 很多物体。 e.g. The thick walls prevented penetration by debris from the hurricane. 一堵堵厚墙阻挡了飓风带来的碎片的 穿透。 3. V-T If sb. penetrates an organization, a group, or a profession, they succeed in entering it although it is difficult to do so. (尽管很困难，还是成功) 进入/跻身(一个团队，专业机构， 或组织) e.g. ..the continuing failure of women to penetrate the higher levels of the board. 女性 跻身<董事会 较高层级> 的连续失败。 e.g. He finally penetrated the board and becomes a member of the board. 他最终成功 跻身<董事会> 4. V-T If someone penetrates an enemy group or a rival organization, they succeed in joining it in order to get information or cause trouble. 打入 (敌对组织)，获取信息或制造麻烦 [ penetrate a drug ring: 打入一个贩毒团伙; penetrated a human trafficking ring 打入一个人口贩卖的团伙] e.g. The CIA had requested our help to penetrate a drug ring operating out of Munich. 要求我们协助 打入<在慕尼黑外活动的一个贩毒团伙>。 e.g. Jack, an undercover 卧底 police, has successfully penetrated that human trafficking ring.  V-T If a company or country penetrates a market or area, they succeed in selling their products there.(公司产品）打入 (某市场或地区) e.g. There have been around 15 attempts from outside Idaho to penetrate the market. 已有约十五次从爱达荷州以外打入该市场的企图。 e.g. ...import penetration across a broad range of heavy industries. …横跨广泛重工业领域的进口渗入。 |
| (思想、情感或态度)渗入(一个体系或社会），全面影响着（该体系或社会） | permeate /ˈpɜːmɪˌeɪt/  1. V-T If an idea, feeling, or attitude permeates a system or permeates society, it affects every part of it or is present throughout it. e.g. Bias against women, that is sexism大男子主义, permeates every level of the judicial system. 对妇女的偏见 全面影响 司法体系的各个层面。 2. V-T If something permeates a place, it spreads throughout it. (气味, 香水味道)弥漫 e.g. The smell of roast beef permeated the air. 牛肉的气味 (渗入)弥漫 在空气中。e.g. Her perfume odor permeates the whole room 弥漫 在整个房间. |
| \* for sure | eg Hi Tracy, Sorry about the delay. I will try to review it sometime next week for sure. |
| 使成为必需，需要；迫使 | necessitate [nɪ'sesɪteɪt]  eg Ongoing incidents of terrorism require that importers in all countries should be alert to threats that could infiltrate渗入 the commercial supply chain. IBM believes that the continued threat of global terrorism necessitates that security should be increased. |
| 坚持不懈；不屈不挠 | persevere; perseverent; persever**an**ce; persevering; perseveringly adv) 能坚持的，锲而不舍的 |
| To persist in to a purpose, an idea, or a task in the face of obstacles or discouragement. [坚持努力 persevere/persist in an effort]; [孜孜不倦地学习百折不挠，坚定不移 persevere in one's studies] eg Living the life as a full-fledged羽毛丰满的 makeup artist, her talent and perseverance paid off. Soon she was working on high-profile magazine shoots, eventually landing a Vogue cover with Naomi Campbell -- her first big break. |
| 突尼斯 | Tunis ['tju:nis] n. ; Tunisia [tju:'niziə; -siə] n. 突尼斯; Tunisian [tju:'niziən; -ʃən] 突尼斯的；突尼斯人的 |
| Be of help = be helpful | eg You do have very good goals and I hope I can be of help to you to achieve some. |
| 令人信服的, 非常有说服力的 slang | Compelling = cogent['kəʊdʒ(ə)nt] and convincing, drivingly forceful persuasive; persuasive and convincing forcefully and strikingly 非常有说服力的; [令人信服的理由: compelling/cogent reasons: 令人信服的证据：compelling/cogent evidences] eg I have a compelling/cogent evidence and testimony 非常有说服力的；  eg As a PM, you must provide **compelling and cogent reasons** to apply for more project budget. eg If you want to pass the patent review, you must provide compelling evidences and cogent arguments.  e.g. e.g. 2017 is a reminder for us all that the purpose of our work at IBM is to help our clients change the way the world works. As we move into 2018, the year will be about acceleration in everything we do. Accelerating our client engagement with **compelling business value**. |
| 令人信服的, 非常有说服力的 slang | cogent ['kəʊdʒ(ə)nt] powerfully persuasive, compelling; eg a cogent argument; a cogent evidence; a cogent reason **[令人信服的理由: compelling/cogent reasons: 令人信服的证据：compelling/cogent evidences]**  eg I have a compelling/cogent evidence and testimony 非常有说服力的； eg As a PM, you must provide compelling and cogent reasons to apply for more project budget. eg If you want to pass the patent review, you must provide compelling evidences and cogent arguments. |
| 同意赞成；答应 (n) | consent to sth /kənˈsɛnt/ N/V 1.N If you **give your consent to something**, you give someone permission to do it or you allow sb. to do sth 准许, 同意(sb do sth) **[ 我本应该首先征得xxx的同意/准许 I ought first to have asked my manager's consent.] e**.g. At approximately 11:30 p.m., Pollard finally **gave his consent to the search.**  波拉德终于对搜查予以同意。 2. V-T/V-I If you **consent to something,** you agree to do that thing or to allow it to be done. 同意xxx; 准许 xxx e.g. He finally consented to going out. 他最终同意去。 e.g. He asked Ginny if she would **consent to a small celebration** after the **christening ['krɪs(ə)n].** 他问金尼她是否 **同意** 在**洗礼仪式**后来个小庆祝。 eg He **msisinterpreted** her silence as giving consent; but actually, her silence indicates her dissatisfaction and frustration 他把她的沉默 **误认** 为是同意 e.g. **Arbitration** 仲裁 is the process by which the parties who **are implicated牵连其中 with** a dispute or controversy submit their differences to the judgment of an **impartial person or group** who is appointed by mutual consent or statutory provisions(法律条款).　 //statute => statutory ['stætjʊt(ə)rɪ; -tʃʊ-] . 法定的；法令的；可依法惩处的 |
| 应该做 slang | ought to do (be supposed to do) **[ 我本应该首先征得xxx的同意/准许 I ought first to have asked my manager's consent.]**  eg What ought I to do eg I ought firstly to ask for my manager's consent/approval; Eg They’re honing our practical wisdom at this stage, since they are teaching us in what circumstances we ought to do certain actions amd we ought not do. 他们通过教导我们在各种不同的情景下应该怎样反应而磨砺我们的智慧。 |
| 应该,被期望（做) | be supposed to do; What am I supppoesd to do? |
|  |  |
|  |  |
| 瞬间的；即时的；猝发的 | intant => instantaneous [,ɪnst(ə)n'teɪnɪəs; occurring with no delay but instantly; **[即时响应: the instantaneous response; 即时的反馈; instantaneous feedback ]**  eg Only then can the user manipulate the data with the near instantaneous response of a true local application. 用户才能真正以本地应用程序接近即时响应的速度来处理数据。 |
| 自发的；自然的；无意识的 | spontaneous, spontaneously; said or done without having been planned or written in advance; burst into fires spontaneously自燃 eg In the impromptu/improvisational party即兴, she addressed an inspirational speech励志的 spontaneously. |
| happening or arising without apparent external cause, effect, or influence;  **[流产 （slang): spontaneous abortion]** |
| 的确；实在；真正地 | indeed |
| 生物武器 | bioweapons |
| 生物技术；生物科技 | biotech; biotechnology |
| 异国情调的; 奇装异服的； 异乎寻常的 | exotic [ɪg'zɒtɪk; eg-] : coming from another part of the world; foreign: 异国情调的外来的 **[ eg exotic plants; exotic cuisin]**  eg Wo, this is an exotic hotel with East Africa style |
| **Intriguingly** unusual or different; excitingly strange: 异乎寻常的；奇异的：eg In **Halloween's Day** party, he wears an **exotic costume** from the Far East. 奇异服饰 **[exotic hairstyle from Turkish culture]** |
| Of or involving striptease: 脱衣舞的：**an exotic dancer = stripper (slang) 脱衣舞女** |
| 奇异的与众不同的（指态度，容貌，款式等:) | bizarre [bɪ'zɑː]: unconventional or unusual manner, **deportment举止行为**, appearance and looking, clothes style, hair style, and so on； **eg bizarre hair style; bizarre clothes style v.s. exotic clothes style** |
| 市场；集市；义卖市场 | bazar: [bə'zɑ:] **[夜市 the night bazar];**  I was wandering in the native bazar, looking for something unusual and interesting. |
| 一大批 slang | **an array of sth:** a number of; eg an array of challenges; eg The flight data recorder, which stores a vast array of information about the aircraft, is still missing. Eg We read an array of records. |
| 希望我没有打扰到你 slang | eg I hope i'm not intruding/interrupting you. //入侵；侵犯: invade, invasion; incursion; intrude, intrusion, intrude: |
| [数] 不可计量的,不能测量的 | immeasurable: impossible to measure or calculate; |
| beyond calculation or measure, unlimited;无限的, [无限的财富 immeasurable wealth; 无限的贡献 immeasurable contribution] eg Each day, people living with disabilities make immeasurable contributions to the diversity and vitality of our communities.无限的贡献。 |
| 所xxx归功于sb: | own sth to sb; I owe all my success to my parents' eduction. |
| 引起损害的；有害的 | be detrimental/harmful/injurious to sth/sb: causing damage, harm, or injury to sth/sb; injurious or harmful. 引起损害的；有害的; Too heavy aggressive exercise may be detrimental/harmful/injurious to your health, so pls choose the most suitable exercise based on your own health conditions |
| 尴尬的; 笨拙的(不优雅的） | awkward: hard to deal with; especially causing pain or embarrassment, awkward/embarrassed; [**尴尬的处境: an awkward situation; 尴尬的一刻 the awkward moments; 尴尬的停顿 an awkward pause]**  eg After manager's addressing, we got **an awkward pause** followed his remark (尴尬的停顿). |
| awkward, awkwardly; lacking grace, elegance, or skill in manner, **deportment举止行为,** movement, or performance. 笨拙的(不优雅的） eg The princess got stains in her **business attire** and she moves to the palace **awkwardly.** |
| 1.(因紧张或不适) 扭来扭去; 扭动；蠕动 2 感到窘迫; 感到羞愧 | squirm /skwɜːm/    1. V-I If you squirm, you move your body from side to side, usually because you are nervous or uncomfortable. (因紧张或不适) 扭来扭去; 扭动；蠕动 e.g. He had **squirmed** and wriggled and screeched when his father had washed his face. 他扭着身子尖叫着。 e.g. He gave a feeble shrug and tried to **squirm** free. 他微微地耸了耸肩，扭动着试图挣脱。 e.g. Th babies are **squirming** inside the plastic bag that doctors placed the infants in 2. V-I If you **squirm,** you are very embarrassed, or ashamed. 感到窘迫; 感到羞愧 e.g. Mentioning religion is a sure way to **make him squirm.** 提及宗教肯定会使他感到窘迫。 |
| 桑拿浴 | sauna ['sɔːnə] eg A business meal is defined as an employee having a face-to-face, sit down in a restaurant to have a business meal with the client. It doesn’t cover purchase of foodstuffs, events in a sauna['sɔːnə]桑拿 , KTV club and so on, which are mistakenly deemed as "business amenities" before. Following IBM’s policy, all entertainment with the client is limited to sports or cultural events and also requires pre-approval from the business unit CFO. //business amenities = business etiquette ; political amnesty:特赦 //v.s sonar:声纳；声波定位仪 |
| 涂鸦, 墙上乱写乱画的东西 | **doodle, doodles** n/v: an aimless drawing, such as **graffiti [grə'fiːtɪ]**  [make a doodle/graffiti] //**giraffe [dʒə'rɑ:f]** A giraffe is a large African animal/living creature with a very long neck, long legs, and dark patches on its body.长颈鹿 |
| 进站；吸入(财富，利益) | pull in some money: earn on some commercial or business transaction; earn as salary or wages； move into (a station) of trains; eg The city's subway is the face of the Mass Transit Railway Corporation (MTR) -- a publicly traded company that pulled in $5.2 billion in revenue last year. |
| 异常现象；不规则；反常事物 | anomaly [ə'nɒm(ə)lɪ] : deviation from the normal or common order or form or rule 2. a person who is unusual 3. (astronomy) position of a planet as defined by its angular distance from its perihelion (as observed from the sun) |
| eg In HK, the city's subway is the face of the Mass Transit Railway Corporation (MTR) -- a publicly traded company that pulled in吸入(财富，利益) $5.2 billion in revenue last year. With a $2 billion annual profit, the Hong Kong's subway is an anomaly异常among major rail networks. New York's subway, for example, suffers from chronic funding gaps and will spend nearly $2.5 billion in 2015 to service its debt. How does HK's train and bus network manage to clear its mind-boggling令人难以置信的 margins? |
| //abnormality [æbnɔː'mælɪtɪ;] 异常；畸形，变态 e.g. Of prime concern was the crippled Fukushima nuclear power plant. A cooling pump system was temporarily stopped after the quake but soon resumed operation. No abnormalities [,æbnɔ:'mæliti] in radiation levels were reported. "Residents in the region are still struggling to recover from the 2011 event resulting in compound socio-psychological impacts on survivors," |
| 副业, 第二职业 | side business; eg I wanna develop a side business by myself. eg These skills play into the whole of your life – not just your side business. 这些技能在你整个生活中都是实用的—不仅仅是在你的第二职业里。 **// side effect 副作用 ; my fallback career　老本行** |
| Michelin-starred | Michelin-starred dim sum restaurants |
| 加仑（容量单位） | gallon; eg A **staggering/stunning/startling** 11 trillion gallons of water are needed for California to recover from the drought emergency. |
| 增加的 | **building**: increasing, with increment. eg But none of those states is facing the extremes of California, where the drought has been a slowly **building** natural disaster since 2012. |
| 至关重要的,生死攸关的; 有活力的 | vital: urgently needed; absolutely necessary, essential, important, and indispensible不可缺少的 eg The BBs are crying because they need something, it may only be a cuddle/hug or some attention, but it is vital that whatever it is, you give it to them. 重要的是你必须满足他们。 |
| performing an essential function in the living body; eg [vital organs; vital bloods; ] |
| cuddle | n/v hug |
| 跨过；单步执行；不进入函式 slang | step over eg We step over the **barbed wires** into the **ranch** 我们跨过**带刺的**铁丝网，来到牧场上 eg Instead I'll tell you how I **stepped over跨过** my entrepreneurial **funk.** 我要告诉你的是我是如何跨过对创业的**恐惧的** |
| n/v 恐惧；怯懦；恐怖；臭味 | funk [fʌŋk]: a state of nervous depression and fear; [走出了恐惧状态: step out of the funk; 跨过恐惧step over the funk]  **//flunk out (of college): 因不及格而退学/成绩当掉而别退学** |
| eg He was in a funk because he didn't pass the CET exam last time and it's his last chance to attend the CET exam; eg The markets have stepped over their funk this month in spite of sluggish growth. 走出了恐惧状态。 //sluggish economy 停滞/疲软的经济 eg Instead I'll tell you how I stepped over跨过 my entrepreneurial funk. 我要告诉你的是我是如何跨过对创业的恐惧的;　 eg Good news for Samsung: The company's sales and profits appear to be stabilizing, raising hopes that the South Korean electronics giant will emerge from its smartphone-induced funk. |
| an earthy type of jazz combining it with blues and soul; has a heavy bass line that accentuates the first beat in the bar |
| timidity 怯懦 |
| stink 臭味 |
| slang 韩元 | won: Korea Won v.s. Jap Yan eg First quarter sales are also expected to be lower, falling 12% to around 47 trillion **won,** compared to the same period last year. |
| n/v 紧握；柄 handler; knob；支配；握拍方式；拍柄绷带; 紧握；夹紧,抓住 | grip: an action of **grasping,** seize tightly and forcefully **[ 紧紧的抓住 have a grip on sth; tighten sb's grip on sth = increase the control of sth; 紧紧抓住这个珍惜的机会 have a tight grip on this precious opportunity]** |
| eg For years, Samsung has relied on its smartphone division to deliver major profits. The company **had a iron grip on** major markets including China, and huge margins helped turn the firm into one of the world's largest and most recognizable tech brands. |
| 阵容；一组人；电视节目时间表 | lineup |
| n/v 支持,支撑；(支撑用的)长枕 | bolstser n) a long pillow or cushion that is often put across a bed underneath the regular pillow, sused for supporting your back, to make you feel comfortable when lie on the bed 长枕靠垫支撑或支承 eg Can I have your bolster to snuggle? 我可以紧抱着那个长枕靠垫么？ // mug (a mug of sparkling coffee 马克杯, a mug of sparkling beer; she's a mugger行凶抢劫者 V.S. smuggle, smuggler // smug, smugness: marked by excessive complacency[kəm'pleisənsi]/big-head/arrogancy or self-satisfaction. **Complacent [kəm'pleɪs(ə)nt] means big-headed, arrogant, or cocky.** // smugness: 自命不凡的家伙; 自以为是的家伙 |
| v) bolster sth: support, enhance, and strengthen **[加强销售　to bolster sales］ [(slang) 我支持你 I'll bolster you up. //我全力支持你　　I'm all for you]** |
| eg More timbers are needed to bolster/support the roof of the mine. 需要更多的木材支撑矿顶。 eg To help **bolster sales**, Samsung is relying on growth in other parts of the company, including semiconductors and other technology. |
| 离题；走向岔道 | digress, digression. Eg Pls return from digression. 不要跑题/离题 |
| //derail： To run or cause to run off the rails, deviate from the rail 出轨，脱轨 |
| 轶事；奇闻；秘史 | anecdote ['ænɪkdəʊt]: short account of an incident (especially a biographical one) |
| 作为筹码(slang) | [As a leverage; 什么筹码？　What kind of leverage?] ; eg Big company often uses its deep and strong assets **as a leverag**e to initiate price war against competition. Eg I lost my leverage 我丢掉了我的筹码 |
| 给…戴上手铐 | handcuff/cuff sb. v.s. uncuff sb |
| 幽灵般的；有鬼般的；令人毛骨悚然的 | spooky eg In this spooky幽灵般的怪异的 movie, the **persona角色** that LiuYe acts seems to be a crazy **moron/idiot**, but actually a **hit man职业杀手** |
| 令人毛骨悚然的；爬行的 | creep, creepy eg In this creepy 幽灵般的怪异的 movie, the **persona角色** that LiuYe acts seems to be a crazy **moron/idiot**, but actually a **hit man职业杀手** [creepy music] |
|  |  |
| 草根的；基层的；乡村的; n. 草根；基础 | grassroot**[slang基层组织与基层群众: grassroot organization and grassroot audiences]** eg We can minimize the elements of potential dangers only if we trust, rely on and mobilize the grassroot organizations and the public.依靠和发动**基层组织与群众** |
| 相当大的；大小相当的 | sizable:相当大的 **fairly large** in amount, degree, or extent **[a sizable fortune; a sizable debts, a sizabe number of refugee]** |
| 定罪, 证明…有罪；宣告…有罪 | **convict[kən'vɪkt] [convict sb of a crime or offense]** egThe man was convicted of **3 counts of business fraud**, including **money laundering** and sentenced to prison for 10 years. |
| n罪犯 convict, criminal, **culprit, perpetrator:**a person serving a sentence in a jail or prison;a person convicted of a criminal offence;egThe police followed hints and finally **apprehended** the **culprit/criminal/convict/perpetrate** 抓住了这个罪犯 |
| 定罪,证明有罪；坚定的信仰 | conviction [kən'vɪkʃ(ə)n] 1)(criminal law) a final judgment of guilty in a criminal case and the **verdict裁决** is announced by the court judge and punishment is imposed. |
| (slang) 坚定的信仰 **an unshakable belief** in something without need for proof or evidence; eg If you have a conviction about something, stick with it. 如果你对某事有自己的信念，那就坚持吧！ |
| [法]重罪 | 重罪犯；恶棍 felon; felony; eg He had **been convicted of定罪** a felony in the past seven years. Eg The **criminal/convict** committed the business fraud/deceit by conducting the "**identity/ID impersonation 假冒身份** " online and stole $5000 from ebank, a felony. |
| 尾灯，后灯 | tail light, taillight **eg [爆裂的尾灯 a busted tail light] //tail gate** |
| 使紧密衔接：紧紧地跟随在（另一人）的后面，如在进入一个需要使用电子识别卡的地区 | Slang To follow closely behind (another person), as in gaining access to an area requiring the use of an electronic identification card. eg For the security sake为了安全起见/In the interest of security, tailgating is banned. //For God's sake 看在上帝的分上; for the sake of xxx = in the interest of 为了xxx起见, in the interest of transparency为了透明性起见; in the interest of equity 为了公平起见 |
| 伦理；道德规范 adj. 伦理的；道德的 | ethic, ethical |
| 种族的；人种的; | ethnic, ethnicity ethnicity [eθ'nɪsɪtɪ] n. 种族划分 |
| 强烈/很/非常反对; 强烈/很/非常不赞成 slang | deprecate, deprecation ['deprikeit] express strong disapproval of; deplore [强烈/很/非常反对使用暴力 deprecate the use of violence] egI strongly deprecate the use of violence by the students. 我强烈/很/非常反对学生们使用暴力。 eg We deprecated changing the policy at present. 强烈/很/非常不赞成目前的政策变动。 |
| 决不 | 我决不放弃 I will **by no means** give up whatever challenges I will confront in future |
| 先给个巴掌,再赏个甜枣　slang | In greate of pain firslty, then a little love |
| 柠檬水 | lemonade [lemə'neɪd] |
|  |  |
| 小心点 slang | watch your step |
| 小心别说错话 slang | watch your tougue |
| 我破产了 | I'm broke |
| 和某人对着干 slang | screw with sb. How dare you screw with me ? //screw it up, mess it up |
| 钓饵已经上了( slang) | The hook is baited. |
| 上钩了 slang) | **sb take the bait.**  Eg He took the bait finally. eg That fish took the bait.  **Eg The hook has been baited. Just wait the fish to take the bait.** |
| 驾车兜风 slang) | **on the joyride** ['dʒɔɪ,raɪd] eg We're on the joyride; eg Can we have a joyride? |
| 棉被 | cotton quilt [kwilt] |
| 边走边说 slang | **talk on the move;**  Eg Let's talk on the move. Eg Can we talk on the move? |
| 少来了,别自以为是了 slang | Get over yourself. |
| 别烦(他／她)了,你饶了他吧,　省省吧, slang | Give it a rest! |
| 随便吃点东西 | A bite to eat; A bite to eat? 随便吃点如何？ |
| 澄清一些谣言 | kill some geese. // eg There are some misunderstanding and rifts/cracks/fissures 裂缝不和 betweem us; and I'm here and try to **clear the air消除误会.** |
| 土豆泥 | the mashed v.s.  **烂泥(雪泥) slush**, e.g. there are lots of slush on the runway. |
| 你锻炼身体？ | You have a good body shape, did you work out? |
| 滑板 | skating board |
| 我还是觉得很难受(很难接受) | it's still too hard for me |
| 明星的高级轿车 | limo; eg the star's limo |
| 闲置的,没有工作的 | eg I'm **inacive** in work |
| 我们缺人 | we're short of hand是 |
| 近距离平射的; 断然地/直截了当地 slang | [a point-blank shoot] eg He was killed in a point-blank shot. |
| straightforward, candid; egI asked him point-blank whether he wanted the job. eg During interviews, you may be asked point-blank whether u've married. 你也许会直截了当的被询问 |
| 大解脱,大摆脱 slang | **rid, riddance; [Good riddance].** Eg Simply put, "people are afraid of being seen as racist" and that adopting a uniquely northern identity will be seen as them saying "good riddance" to the south, says Malik 一种摆脱 |
| Goddam you! |  |
| (slang) 经济恢复增长 | return to growth; eg Mainframe revenue more than doubled in the 1st quarter. In addition, our Power business returned to growth, driven by new POWER8 systems.From a geographic perspective, the US and the UK returned to growth and Latin America returned to double-digit growth with strong performance. We must accelerate our work in Europe and Asia Pacific to return those regions to growth. |
| xxx的产量 | the yield of xxx; eg **The yield of rice** will rise to 700 kilograms per mu. 水稻的产量 eg **The yield of inventions** increase dramatically in IBM.创意的产量 |
| (slang)年老的人; 年老的故事 | an old duck; eg 'Please yourself, ' said the old duck, and she went away. “那就请便吧，”年老的客人说完就走了 eg Well, this case is an old duck 年老的故事 |
| (slang) “时间隧道” | time warp; eg So we disclosed this issue in the customer facing developerWorks DataPower forum last September. Nice ... I need to be following that forum more closely, feel like I need a time warp to have the time to do so, but I'll need to figure a way :-) |
| 一山不容二虎(slang) | Only room for one of us. |
| 当打手 | do a muscle job: act as a **hit man** |
| 相关的，相干的 | pertinent; be pertinent to sth; ['pə:tinənt]  adj. 1. having precise or logical relevance to the matter at hand; 2. being of striking appropriateness and pertinence eg Your remark is not pertinent to the subject. 你的话不切题 eg You can iterate over this list and access all pertinent information for each queue. 所有相关信息 |
| 展示馆 | pavillion [pə'vɪljən] |
| 可计算的；能预测的；可靠的 无数的；不可计算的； | calculate, calculable ['kælkjʊləb(ə)l] = measurable |
| 不可计量的；不能测量的; unlimited无限的； | incalculable= immeasurable |
| 粉碎, 打碎 | shatter/smash the window |
| wind through | eg In Mount Everest, a capital city of shattered/smashed temples and toppled倒塌 houses, some people paid their last respects to loved ones taken by the quake. By the Bagmati River, which winds through the city, more than a dozen funeral pyres cremated火葬 Monday. |
| 营地；露营 | encampment [ɪn'kæmpm(ə)nt; en-] [encampments of tents] eg After the magnitude 8.1 earthquake, large encampments of tents have sprung up如雨后春笋般 in the makeshift shelter, including a wide space belonging to the military in the center of the city that is typically used for parades. //floats parade花车游行 |
| 如雨后春笋般出现 | [ spring up 雨后春笋一般的涌出 ] spring up (across the city/nation/world) eg After the magnitude 8.1 earthquake, large encampments of tents have sprung up如雨后春笋般 in the makeshift shelter, including a wide space belonging to the military in the center of the city that is typically used for parades. eg The online e-commerce startup companies have sprung up since Alibaba comes to the market in U.S. |
| 余震 | aftershocks; eg After the magnitude 8.1 earthquake, because aftershocks are not vanishing, he is camping out at the military grounds, a makeshift shelter, with thousands of others even though torrential rain has made the nights an ordeal/tough experience. |
| n. 挽歌恸哭；悲痛之情 vi. 悲叹悔恨；哀悼痛惜 | lament [lə'ment]=mourn |
| 使人畏缩的；使人气馁的；令人怯步的 | duanting: discouraging through fear; make sb feel scared and wanna retreat. [艰巨的, 令人怯步的任务 a daunting task] e.g. We're just deluding ourselves that the project is under control…but actually, we've potentiall foreseen some daunting obstacles… 　// retreat: (1.recede （人群，洪水的）后退；（军队）撤退 2. go on a retreat 精心疗养之地) //If you delude yourself, you let yourself believe that something is true, even though it is not true. 自欺欺人,欺骗自己 |
|  | eg Testing, reviewing, and debugging code that does not follow any standards can be a daunting task, even for the best of programmers 测试、复查和调试不遵循任何标准的代码也是一项艰巨的任务。 tending to make people afraid or less confident and might retreat. Normall describe a task that is very difficult to do or deal with; a daunting task eg Finding the plane in ocean is a daunting task, which is like finding a needle in a haystack. eg this is a daunting task and I estimate it with lots of risk. |
| n. 士气,斗志 | morale [mə'rɑːl] v.s. moral, morality 道德的；品性端正的 1. a state of individual psychological well-being based upon a sense of confidence and usefulness and purpose 2. the spirit of a group that makes the members want the group to succeed eg We're trying to build morale [mə'rɑːl]斗志, maintain morale and help others. eg They could not destroy our morale 不能挫败我们的士气; eg The terrible defeat has shaken the army morale. 那次惨败动摇了这支部队的士气。eg Morale is encouraged immediately at the good news.听到这个好消息，士气立刻振作起来。 \* vital, vitality: 1) urgently, necessarily important and essential 2) 有活力的 vigorous and energetic status |
| 有多糟？ | How bad is it? |
| 童话 | fairy tale; fairytale: 童话式的；童话中才有的 |
| 头期款, 首付 | down payment:a partial payment made at the time of purchase, with the balance to be paid later. 首付，定金，头期款 eg Byzantine property ownership and bank-loan rules mean that most rural hukou holders are frozen out of the housing market even if they can afford a down payment on an apartment. 这种所有制度和银行贷款制意味着绝大多数的户口持有者都将被这样的房屋购买市场排除在外即使他们能够付清首付款。 //分期付款: installment |
| 那一点都不卫生 | That's not sanitary at all. |
| 难关，打击 | backpatch? |
| [临床] 试验 | clinic trial; eg AIM: To assess the mental health level of anxiety and depression and related factors in healthy volunteers in **clinic trial**. 目的：评估健康志愿者临床试验前后的焦虑与抑郁水平，探讨产生焦虑与抑郁情绪的影响因素及积极应对方式 |
| 临产; 即将临盆; 正要生孩子 (slang) | be in labor; eg The **expectant mum准妈妈** will **be in labor** in 1 hour. |
| 医] 癫痫; 痉挛 | seize, seizure; eg The patient got seizure; eg In seizure patients, brain surgery is sometimes used to implant electrodes that not only can help monitor and control the disorder, but also can stimulate cells to better understand brain circuits. 在癫痫患者中，脑外科手术有时被用于植入电极。 这样子不仅仅可以监视和控制疾病，而且可以通过刺激脑细胞来研究大脑回路 |
| 医] 震颤；余震 tremor | tremor: an involuntary vibration (as if from illness or fear) 2. a small earthquake 3. shaking or trembling (usually resulting from weakness or stress or disease) eg See, my hands get tremor. |
| (body or voice) 颤抖；战栗; 用颤抖的声音说出 | tremble; a trembling voice; His body is trembling under the **bone-chilling刺骨的 temperature.**  E.g. My body is trembling because of the **bone-chilling winds.** |
| 战战兢兢；神经过敏 (感觉焦虑或紧张) vt. 紧张地说 | jitter: to be anxious or nervous 感觉焦虑或紧张 |
| 医] 肌肉抽搐 | 1) I got a jerk on my leg; 2) You're such **a jerk 一个自私的人， 一个大混蛋; What such jerks 真是一群混蛋** |
| slang 年轻人（没有经验的年轻人） | puppy, puppies: an inexperienced young person; a young dog: **pup,** puppy. Eg "You…puppies"你们这些年轻人啊 |
| adj 在自己的正规位置的; (足球、曲棍球等比赛中)未越位的 n. 不越位 adj 支持的; 赞同的 | onside /ˌɒnˈsaɪd/  1. ADJ In games such as football and hockey, when an attacking player is **onside,** they have not broken the rules because at least two players from the opposing team are between them and the goal when the ball is passed to them. (足球、曲棍球等比赛中)未越位的 (在自己的正规位置) **2. ADJ [ be onside = I'm on side with youo]**  If a person or group of people is onside, they support you and agree with what you are doing. 支持的; 赞同的 e.g. We want to see that everyone is onside for creating change. 我们想看到的是每一个人都 支持创造改变。 e.g. The government needs to **get everyone onside支持/挺着**  in the coming days for Brexit negotiations to move forwards e.g. It has access to cheap finance. It can ignore its share price, since its majority shareholder, the government, is onside支持/挺着. 因为它有政府这个主要股东 支持/挺着。 2. If staff are not onside for the planned changes, they can fight against the change and cause the whole plan to fail.  如果员工不 支持 计划中的改变，他们可能会对它发生抵触，从而导致整个计划失败。 |
| (slang) 全能运动员；多面手 | all rounder; (万灵单 cure-all) eg In DP projects, F is an all rounder; he plays multiple roles in projects. |
| 与(异性)调情 | flirt with 1. flirt with sb, esp of different gender 与(异性)调情： He confessed,“I wasn't serious about that girl,I was only flirting with her.” 不过和她调情而已。” 2. flirt with sth 不认真对待，不严肃对待(某事、某种想法)： e.g. I've been flirting with the idea of leaving my job. 我脑子里一直浮着辞职的念头。 e.g. Fiskars has flirted with different colors over the years. Red handles, for instance, are used to differentiate left-handed models. |
| 改变游戏规则 | **Game-changing**  design e.g. However, the real **game-changer** wasn't the shape but the materials. Most of the scissors available in 1967 -- when Bäckström made his design breakthrough -- were the heavy iron variety used by tailors |
| 贫瘠的； 医]不生育的 | barren; 医]不生育的 incapable of bearing offspring [荒地 barren field; barren soil; barren lands; a barren woman] |
|  |  |
| 数据上的差入/矛盾 | the data discrepancy[dis'krepənsi] |
| 慢慢来 slang | Nice and slow |
| 阵风 | gust； gale= strong wind |
| 侧风 | crosswind // headwind v.s tailwind |
| 我尽力为你多争取一些时间 | I will try my best to **buy you more time** |
| 斋月（伊斯兰教历的九月，等于Ramazan） | ramadan. ramadan is like a muslim **fasting** period |
| [地质]地壳构造上的 | tectonic [tek'tɒnɪk]: pertaining to the structure or movement of the earth's crust (地壳) 地壳构造上的 [一块地壳构造板块 a tectonic plate]; perrtaining to construction or architecture 构造的；建筑的 eg It struck 80 miles off the east coast the Japanese island, where one tectonic plate is diving underneath another. 一块地壳构造板块在那里潜入了另一块之下 eg It's one of the most active tectonic plates in the world, where the earthquakes and tsunamis are very common. eg The major earthquakes and active volcanoes occurring there are caused by the westward movement of the Pacific tectonic plate and other plates leading to subduction under Asia. 由于太平洋构造板块及其他几个板块的向西移动 |
| 地势, 地形学 | topography [tə'pɒgrəfɪ] precise detailed study of the surface features of a region.[陡峭的地形 the steep topography]  EG The combination of topography and weather can be deadly as well. 地形和天气相结合也可能是很致命的。 EG Different types of sand, topography, wind and climate combine to form a tremendous variety of landscapes and wonders. 不同类型的沙、地形、风向和气候相结合， //地质学；地质情况 geology [dʒɪ'ɒlədʒɪ]; 地理；地形 geography [dʒi'ɔɡrəfi]; 地势, 地形学 topography; [地质] 地壳构造上的 tectonic [tek'tɒnɪk] [一块地壳构造板块 a tectonic plate] |
| eg "They would stand up respectably against the Rocky Mountains落基山脉" said a planetary scientist. The height of the mountains is important because it's a clue that there may be water on Pluto冥王星. Scientists know that Pluto's surface is covered with a mantle of薄薄的一层 nitrogen ice, methane甲烷ice and carbon monoxide ice. That leaves H20 - water ice like we have here on Earth. "The steep topography地形 means that the bedrock根底/基岩 that makes those mountains must be made of H2O - of water ice。 We can be very sure that the water is there in great abundance充足." //earth crust 地壳; the mantle of earth 地幔; a mantle of sth = a light layer of |
| (火山) 喷出 | spewing [spjuː] = erupt, 1. V-T/V-I When something spews out a substance or when a substance spews from something (especially volcano), the substance erupts from and then flows out quickly in large quantities. 喷出; e.g. The volcano spewed out more molten 熔化的 volcanic lava, ashes and rocks. 该火山喷出了更多灼热的火山灰、各种气体和岩石 eg The latent volcano休眠 becomes active and starts to disgorge, spew, and erupt lava. 火山喷出岩浆 e.g Thick plumess[plu:m] of volcanic ashes and flow lava are spewing [spjuː]/erupting from the active volcano. About 2,700 people have been evacuated and displaced in the makeshift shelters. Those who have been evacuated are from southeast of the volcano crater 火山坑. 2. spew is to expel or eject (saliva or phlegm[flem] 痰；粘液) from the mouse, so spew = spit; e.g. I get a serious cold and always want to spew/spit phlegm because of my inflamed throat(发炎的喉咙). 3. spew is to eject the contents of the stomach through the mouth, spew = vomit, throw up // If a person or group of people is displaced, they are forced to move away from the area where they live, normally because of war or natural calamity/disaster, e.g. earthquake, tsunami, flood. 使背井离乡, 无家可归的 |
| 地壳: V.S. 地幔: | 地壳: The Earth's crust is its outer layer. // the bread crust 面包壳; panko 面包屑；日式面包粉 地幔: 1. In geology, the mantle is the part of the earth that lies between the crust地壳 and the core. It is divided into the upper mantle上地幔 and the lower mantle下地幔. [ upper mantle上地幔；lower-mantle; mantle plume[地质]地幔柱; mantle convection 地幔对流；地幔对流 ] e.g. It is this shoving/pushing推动 of the mantle that created the volcanoes of the Mediterranean. 他们说，正是这种地幔的猛烈推动   2. N. (职业或工作的)责任; 职责 If you take on the mantle of something such as a profession or an important job, you take on the responsibilities and duties which must be fulfilled by anyone who has this profession or job. e.g. We have the rare opportunity to seize the mantle of national leadership. 我们担当国家领导职责的天赐良机。 3. A mantle of something = a cloak of sth, is a layer of it covering a surface, for example a layer of snow on the ground. 覆盖物; 幕; 罩 [ 薄薄的一层雪 a mantle of snow v.s 厚厚的一层雪 a blanket of snow; 薄薄的一层冰: a mantle of ice v.s.厚厚的一层 a blanket of ice; 在xxx笼罩下:under a mantle/cloak of heavy fog; under a mantle/cloak of hazy smog ] e.g. The parks and squares looked grim阴沉沉 under a mantle of soot 煤烟，烟灰 and ash. (在一层烟尘的笼罩下) eg They would stand up respectably against the Rocky Mountains落基山脉" said a planetary['plænɪt(ə)rɪ] scientist. The height of the mountains is important because it's a clue that there may be water on Pluto冥王. Scientists know that Pluto's surface is covered with a mantle of nitrogen ice, methane meθeɪn甲烷 ice and carbon monoxide [mə'nɒksaɪd] ice. "The steep topography [tə'pɒgrəfɪ] 地形地志 means that the bedrock[地质]基岩 that makes those mountains must be made of H2O - of water ice. We can be very sure that the water is there in great abundance充足. 4. mantle = cloak 斗蓬；宽大外衣; cloakroom:衣帽间；寄物处 // shove sth: push strongly and violent; "If push comes to shove, xxx" or "when push comes to shove, xxx" 如果情况不妙, 情非得以的话/ 到最后紧要关头的时候， 面临最后紧要关头的时候" |
| 火山 | volcanic: [vɒl'kænɪk] [ volcanic eruption 火山爆发/喷发; volcanic dust 火山尘; volcanic lava 火山熔岩; volcanic vent 火山口; volcanic crater 火山口/火山坑; latent volcano = dormant volcano 休眠火山 ]  eg The latent/dormant volcano becomes active and starts to disgorge, spew, and erupt lava. 火山喷出岩浆 // lava V.S. larva \* volcanic lava 火山熔岩 \* larva: /ˈlɑːvə/ A larva is an insect at the stage of its life after it has developed from an egg and before it changes into its adult form. 幼虫 |
| 弹坑；火山口 | [ 火山坑 volcanic crater; 大炮的弹坑 the cannon crater; bullet crater] //pockmark: 脸上的)麻子; 凹坑 eg Thick plumess[plu:m] of volcanic ashes and flow lava are spewing [spjuː]/disgorging/erupting from the active volcano. About 2,700 people have been evacuated and displaced because of the increased volcanic activity during the past two weeks. Those who have been evacuated are from southeast of the volcano crater火山坑. // If a person or group of people is displaced, they are forced to move away from the area where they live, normally because of war or natural calamity/disaster, e.g. earthquake, tsunami, flood. 使背井离乡, 无家可归 |
| 讨论会，座谈会；专题论文集； 酒宴，宴会 symposia (plura) | A meeting or conference for discussion of a topic, especially one in which the participants form an audience and make presentations, kind of a seminar or workshop 讨论会; |
| **A social meeting for drinking, music, and intellectual discussion among the ancient Greeks.交际酒会** |
| 一种果汁与牛奶的混合饮料 | smoothie ['smuːðɪ] |
| 用巴氏法灭菌；对…进行加热杀菌 | pasteurize ['pɑːstʃəraɪz]: heat food in order to kill harmful microorganisms and bacteria; eg对牛奶进行加热杀菌 pasteurize the milk |
| (slang) n. U形转弯；掉头；大转变; vi. 作U形转弯 | U-turn: complete reversal of direction of travel ； eg At that point officials performed a U-turn and began negotiating an emergency rescue. 在那时，政府官员开始”U型”大转弯； eg Her attitude got an U-turn. |
| 拟人法（一种修辞手法）；人格化；化身；象征 | personification [pə:,sɔnifi'keiʃən, pə-] anthropomorphism /personification : attribute the human motivation, characteristics, or behavior to the inanimate objects, animals, or natural phenomena. (personification) 拟人论，拟人观：赋予无生命的物体，动物或自然现象以人的动机，特征或行动. [ID impersonation: 假冒身份] personalization ['pə:sənəlaizeiʃn] eg "Personalization" is the order of the day. 个性化"是这个时代的新秩序。 ///ɪnˈænɪmɪt/ ADJ An inanimate object is one that has no life. 无生命的 |
| 围墙；围场 | enclosure eg Police have shot and killed a white tiger that killed a man Wednesday. After severe flooding/deluge allowed hundreds of wild animals to escape the city zoo enclosure围场. eg For their hibernation studies, the researchers monitored five bears, setting the animals up in wooden den boxes in an enclosure deep in the woods. 在他们的冬眠研究中，研究人员监视了五头熊，将它们安置在森林深处围起来的木盒子中。 |
| 弱小的；微小的；微不足道的 | puny ['pju:ni] [微不足道的影响 puny impact/influence] eg Compared with that **daunting task让人生畏的任务**, this defect is so puny. **//让人生畏的任务/望而生畏的任务 a daunting task** |
| 小心翼翼的；一丝不苟的 | meticulous [mi'tikjuləs, mə-] eg工作一丝不苟 She's so meticulous at their jobs; Eg She is so meticulous at the details that we say she is too picky/critical. Extremely careful and precise; do sth with extreme discretion, very prudently ; eg As an accountant, she must be meticulous in work and avoid any error. |
| 认真的；尽责的；本着良心的；小心谨慎的 | conscientious [,kɔnʃi'enʃəs] careful and responsible for, diligent eg 勤勤恳恳的认真（负责）工作者: a conscientious/diligent worker]; 极度或过分关心细节的 Extremely and extravagantly concerned with details. //道德心，良心 conscience: The awareness of a moral or ethical aspect to one's conduct together with the urge to prefer right over wrong: 良心：eg让你的良心指引你 Let your conscience be your guide. e.g. I announced my retirement plans for December 31, 2017. I want to express my sincere gratitude for all members of my DataPower teams of the past and present. I especially want to thank the Taipei team for everything that you have accomplished. You have been polite, conscientious 认真（负责）工作, productive, and very talented. |
| 炭疽，炭疽热; | anthrax ['ænθræks], 复数anthraces: a highly **infectious and contagious** animal disease (especially on cattle and sheep); it can be transmitted to people **//水痘: chickenpox //糖尿病 diabetes [,daɪə'biːtiːz]** |
| 火把； (slang) 煽动(动乱)者; 煽动叛乱者 | firebrand: sb. who deliberately/purposely triggers the trouble,riot, or turmoil. //烟火烟花 fireworks: 鞭炮，爆竹 firecracker  1. a piece of wood that has been burned or is burning 2. someone who deliberately foments trouble or riot eg He appears to have persuaded some white and middle-class voters that he is not the left-wing firebrand his opponents made him out to be during the election campaign. 自己不是那个在竞选活动中被对手捏造出的左翼煽动者 |
| (slang) 首次展示(某个产品) | rollout a (new product)  eg Samsung plans to rollout首次展示its mobile payment service, Samsung Pay, at some point this summer, and that should level the playing field — perhaps even tilt it Samsung's way due to some unique features |
| (slang) 意在做某事; 意味着(做某事) | be meant to do eg 我不是那个意思 I didn't mean that. eg If marriage was meant to be 'til death do us part, ' cohabitation同居 is a little more like 'til life drives us apart. 如果婚姻意味着“直到死亡将彼此分离”，那么同居就有那么点“直到生活将彼此分离”的意思。 |
| 和蔼地；仁慈地 | gracious, graciously: benevolent //优雅的: graceful, elegant characterized by charm, good taste, and generosity of spirit  eg: gracious even to unexpected visitorsgracious livinghe bears insult with gracious good humor 2. characterized by kindness and warm courtesy especially of a king to his subjects; benevolent (慈善的；仁慈的；亲切的) 3. exhibiting courtesy and politeness |
| 良性肿瘤； 恶性肿瘤 | benign tumor v.s. an aggressive tumor |
| 波浪滔滔的海洋; | choppy seas; eg The strong **lashing winds and choppy seas** seriously **hampered/hindered/impeded/stonewall** the search and rescue effort.  **//妨碍；阻碍: stonewall; 语言障碍:speech impediment** |
| 结巴口吃 | stutter/stammer: To speak with involuntary or unwilling pauses or repetitions [,repi'tiʃən]. eg When I'm nervous, I'm used to stammering/stuttering Eg Caught shop stealing, the culprit/perpetrator stuttered/stammered a few manifest/transparent lies. 那个罪犯结结巴巴地说了几个显而易见的谎话 [it's manifest at glance 显而易见] |
| 结结巴巴地说话 slang | (slang) stumble over one's words; stutter/stammer 结结巴巴地说话 n. 口吃，结巴; speech impediment言语障碍者 eg Kilger was one of those who survived from the capsized vessel. "We were wet and cold, and the rain was like needles," she said. "There was always these explosions and this feeling you have in your feet. It goes through your body. Talking to CNN, wearing Red Cross donoated pajamas睡衣, she stumbled over her words coz of frozen cold "It was unreal, but I knew it is so real. This was really bad, to really know, it is real." |
| 跌绊：走路/跑步时绊脚 | stumble: To miss one's step in walking or running; trip and almost fall; 失足；犯错 [从台阶上绊倒 stumble from stairs； 被石头绊跌 stumble over [against] a stone]  **//stumble over sb's words 结结巴巴地说** |
| 领空 | territoria**l a**ir; territorial water/sea; territorial land/soil |
| 一种装有轮子的金属担架，用于搬运病人 | A metal stretcher with wheeled legs, used for transporting patients; A woman, the mother of a passenger onboard the missing plan, was hysterically crying and taken out of the briefing room on a gurney. // [hysterical, hysterically, hysteria [hɪ'stɪərɪə] ] |
| 担架 | stretcher V.S gurney (（医院用来移动病人的）轮床)： 通常由帆布撑于架子之间的担架，用于运送病人，伤员或死者 A litter, usually of canvas stretched over a frame, used to transport the sick, wounded, or dead. eg. For families, some of whom had held out hope their relatives somehow were still alive, the news appeared to be devastating. At a briefing for relatives in Beijing, some were overcome and had to be taken from a hotel on stretchers. //canvass: ['kænvəs] scrutize sth, 彻底检查;细究 |
| 口水战； 打嘴仗 | [slang) war of words] eg The **war of words** between Russia and U.S. is escalating, regarding to the nuclear issues. U.S. decides to keep the **economic sanction经济制裁** on Russia.  **e.g.** Diplomatic relations between the US and North Korea have been strained by recent North Korean nuclear and missile tests, and by **a war of words** between Mr Trump and North Korea's leader Kim Jong-un.  **//tougue twister绕口令** |
| 鬼地方 | （slang) shithole; eg I don't wanna go back to that shithole. |
| cyberattack; cyber security; cyber-vandalism |  |
| 成比例的; 适当的/合适的 | proportionally = properly eg He had previously said that the United States would "respond proportionally/properly" to the cyber-attack on Sony. |
| 消灭/涂去；擦掉，磨掉或刷掉（字迹或其他标记)；忘掉 | obliterate sth:to **dispose sth** 处理处置 **utterly/completel**y so as to leave no trace. [Synonyms:abolish] 完全废除，使毫无痕迹 **[清除敌人purge enemies/obliterate enemies； 清除异己/对手：purge rivals/obliterate rivals]** |
| obliterate sth:to wipe out, rub off, or erase (writing or other markings). 擦掉，磨掉或刷掉（字迹或其他标记) eg to obliterate the memory; eg It's so hard to obliterate the sweet memory with my ex-bf from my mind. eg It's so hard to obliterate memory of my miserable childhood. Eg Ground rules in the meeting room: after the meeting, you must obliterate and erase/abrase all writings on the board; especially the words written by the grease pencil油笔 |
| Medicine: To remove sth completely (a body organ or part), as by surgery or radiation. 【医学】完全除去（身体器官或一部分），通过手术射线等  **eg The doctors obliterated pimples and flecks雀斑 from my face in a plastic surgery整形手术.** |
| [别烦我,离我原点,退避] slang | Backoff me, OK? = Keep away from me. Eg 我心情不好，请别烦我 I'm not in the mood, so backoff me pls. |
| 外科医生 | 外科医生 surgeon, 内科医师 physician, **儿科医师pediatrician/pediatrist, 住院医师: resident** |
| 克服/度过困难时期 | tide over/through eg Greek PM had signaled that it would tide over the financial crisis. |
| 不能区别的，不能辨别的；不易察觉的 | indistinguishable [,indis'tiŋɡwiʃəbl] eg That leads to the big question of what happens after 2047, when Hong Kong's semi-autonomous status expires.Will Hong Kong be allowed to retain control over its own affairs? Or will it become indistinguishable from other Chinese cities? |
| 否决提案 | veto the bill down; veto the proposal down; eg In HK, most of legislative representatives vetoed down the universal suffrage普选. |
| 作出让步 | sb make concessions //concede, concession, yield, compromise (妥协折衷) |
| 石榴 | pomegranate ['p**ɑ**mɪɡ**ræ**nɪt] //木瓜papaya [pə'pɑ:iə] ; 百香果 passionfruit; 山竹 mangonsteen; durian; 木菠萝jackfruit; 圣女果　grape tomato |
| 酿酒酿造；酝酿(xxx),即将发生 | [酿酒 brew beer; brew wine] brew: drink made by boiling and fermenting酵素；发酵 rather than distilling eg People have been brewing beer for thousands of years. eg The tea is brewing. eg 男孩正想酝酿恶作剧 The naughty boy is brewing a prank/mischief/hoax. // a prank/hoax/mischief/shenanigan [ʃɪ'nænɪɡən] call; shenanigan(1. prank/hoax/mischief 2. business fraud/scam/shenanigan [ʃɪ'nænɪɡən](   eg All you need for the perfect brew is nettles, sugar, water, yeast, an orange and a lemon and cream of tartar. 酿一杯完美的啤酒需要的只有荨麻叶、糖、纯净水、酵母、一个橙子、一个柠檬和塔塔粉 |
| n) 酵素；发酵;动乱; v) 酝酿(某个事件),使动乱 | [柠檬酵素 the lemon ferment] [政治动乱 political turmoil=political ferment]  动乱: [政治动乱 political turmoil=political ferment] ferment: a state of agitation or turbulent change or development, chaos, unrest, or turmoil; eg The political ferment/turmoil produced new leadership in Greece during the financial crisis. eg The country was in ferment. 那个国家处于动乱中 |
| 酵素；发酵  **[柠檬酵素 the lemon ferment]** ferment: a process in which a catalyst催化剂 causes an organic substance to break down into simpler substances; especially, the anaerobic厌气的[,æneə'rəʊbɪk] breakdown of sugar into alcohol. |
| 酝酿(某个事件),使动乱: (in the womb of xx) eg Six months after the end of the massive "Central Occupy" protests in HK- a civil disobedience, that paralyzed使瘫痪 the city's main streets and almost **brought the whole city traffic into a standstill使(交通)瘫痪,** another pivotal关键的 demonstration against Chinese Communist is brewing/fermenting酝酿 in the former British colony. eg The ISIS acknowledged that they're fermenting a bomb conspiracy and U.S. might be their target. // Main street in U.S. 美国中低产阶级的人民 V.S. Wall street  eg A radical minority of them go as far as to advocate for an independent HK. Localists found themselves under scrutiny after police arrested/apprehended 10 people who are suspected to brew/ferment酝酿(某个事件),使动乱 an alleged bomb plot/conspiracy. |
| 最终候选人名单: | short list: A list of preferable items or candidates that have been selected for final consideration, as in making an award or filling a position. eg HKongers may vote for their next leader, as long as the short list最终候选人名单is narrowed down and approved by the Chinese government. eg The protest leader referrs to China's insistence that any candidates nominated for the election of the city's next chief executive in 2017 must come from a shortlist approved by Beijing They think these candidates in the the shortlist are just polical puppets傀儡 of Bejing. |
| 真讨厌 slang) | 你真的很讨厌 You really bug. It really bugs. A little bug: 有一点点讨厌 |
| slang) 过时、落伍的人或事物; 顽固不化的人； 老顽固 | dinosaur; He's a dinosaur… |
| 女式冕状头饰; 婚纱的头纱 | tiara [tɪ'ɑːrə:] a jewelled headdress worn by women on formal occasions |
| 第三者 (slang) | homemaker; eg She's the homemaker, ruining Lily's marriage. |
| (slang) 矮行星；侏儒行星 | a dwarf planet [dwɔːf]  eg The pluto冥王星 had been downgraded to a dwarf planet. Even scientists working on the first mission to Pluto冥王星 expected to find an old, pockmarked有凹坑 world. eg They would stand up respectably against the Rocky Mountains落基山脉" said a planetary scientist. The height of the mountains is important because it's a clue that there may be water on Pluto冥王. Scientists know that Pluto冥王's surface is covered with a mantle of nitrogen ice, methane meθeɪn甲烷ice and carbon monoxide ice. "The steep topography [tə'pɒgrəfɪ] 地形学；地志 means that the bedrock[地质]基岩 that makes those mountains must be made of H2O - of water ice。 We can be very sure that the water is there in great abundance充足. // [地质] 基岩;基本原理: bedrock //麻子；凹坑(crater) pockmarks, pockmarks; chicken pox:水痘; small box: 天花； skin rash: 皮疹； flecks雀斑; pimple丘疹, 面泡, 疙瘩; plastic surgery整形手术; mole 痣;胎记; 内鬼 |
| (slang 行动、责任等的）宽限期 | [grace period] eg Nice, we have enough grace period to guanrantee doc quality. |
| 不变的；不可变的；不能变的 | immutable; 英 [ɪ'mjuːtəb(ə)l] 美 [ɪ'mjutəbl] Something that is immutable will never change or cannot be changed. 永恒的; 永远不变的 eg immutable data 不可变数据 |
| 临时端口 slang | [ə'fɛmərəl] ephemeral port |
| 百思不得其解的难题；　费解的难题　slang | a head-scratch; a head-scratcher; eg I have a head-scratcher 我有一个百思不得其解的难题 |
| 【计算机】静止，停顿；禁止操作(多道程序计算机的停机过程) | quiesce [kwɪ'**ɛ**s] eg Quiesce the appliance before you remove the interface temporarily from its standby group. You quiesce the appliance for maintenance, which gracefully stops the appliance from accepting traffic. |
| 工匠，技工; | artisan ['ɑrtəzn] or craftsman V.S. artist an artisan or a craftsman is a skilled worker who practices some trade or handicraft手工艺品 by their hands. e.g. While the number of craftsmen/artisans based in Fukuoka has declined, a small band of enduring and highly skilled artisans keeps this niche market/industry alive. //niche market: a demand for a very specialized product or commodity (对特殊产品的需要所存在的）缝隙市场 (一般有商机）; （为产品）寻找商机 find a niche or niche market for the product; 在生活中找到了自己的位子 I find my niches in life (niche: a situtaion that mostly suits your capability, your interest, etc) |
| 冥王；冥王星 | pluto ['plu:təu] |
| 情景喜剧 | sitcom ['sɪtkɑm] （situation comedy） |
| 过火 ; 过分 ; 鲁莽从事 ; 言语过分 | go overboard |
| davenport or divan potato". |  |
|  |  |
| adultery; adulterous; extramarital | adultery [ə'dʌltəri]: extramarital sex that maliciously interferes with and ruins marriage relations; eg Adultery is often cited as grounds for divorce. eg She's the homemaker第三者, who broke Lily's family because she conducted adultery with Lily's husband. // adj. 私通的，婚外的，通奸的 extramarital [,ekstrə'mærɪt(ə)l] [婚外情　extramarital sex］ [第三者　homemaker] |
| a voluntary sexual intercourse between a married person and a partner other than the lawful spouse配偶. 私通的；通奸的： eg "We are shocked and appalled that the prosecuting authorities would accept the charge of the girl's adultery, as this young girl is evidently/obviously the victim of the heinous crime of slavery as well as statutory法令 rape." [heinous: a heinous crime. 十恶不赦的罪犯; 可憎的, 极恶的] |
| misconduct: 通奸 The act of adultery by having extramarital sex with another person who is not your legal spouse配偶 [和...通奸 commit the misconduct/adultery with sb ; miscondut with sb] [derail:出轨, adultery通奸] Her husband derailed and committed the misconduct/adultery with another woman, which betray the marriage ethic道德规范. Finally, they divorced and the mother got their children's custoday (curator)监护人  **//[法] 监护人 custodian[kʌ'stəʊdɪən]= guardian = warden = curator** |
| slang 明知故犯/故意犯错误 + 和...通奸 | misconduct: (slang 明知故犯，故意犯错误) **deliberate** wrongdoing, make mistakens intentionally and deliberately, especially by government or military officials. |
| [和...通奸 commit the misconduct/adultery with sb; miscondut with sb] The act of adultery by having extramaritcal sex[婚外情 with another person who is not your legal spouse配偶 in your marriage relationship [derail:出轨, adultery通奸] Her husband derailed and committed the misconduct/adultery with another woman, which betray the marriage ethic道德规范. Finally, they divorced and the mother got their children's custoday (curator)监护人 |
| 即将来临 slang | be round/around the corner; eg Chinese new year is round the corner; eg Team, our transformation continues as we move forward and it's all about speed, momentum[mo'mɛntəm] 势头；动力冲力 and being an undisputed无可争辩的；无异议的 market leader in GCG. Let's unite with sense of urgency and accountability to deliver on the hopes and expectations for GCG team in 2016! Given the Chinese New Year is just round the corner即将来临 , we wish you and your family a very happy, healthy and prosperous year of the Monkey! //无可争辩的/无异议的领导者 an undisputed leader; 无可争辩的/无异议的胜利 an undisputed victory; |
| 观众；旁观者 | spectator; eg Schumacher was wearing a covering on his head, but the spectator -- a female medical graduate -- saw him trembling and realized something was wrong. She ran to him, loosened the noose, and with the help of another spectator, lowered him to the ground. He was taken to hospital shortly after. |
| 星座 ; 生肖 ; 黄道十二宫 ; 十二生肖 | Zodiac sign V.S. horoscpe V.S astrology占星术；占星学 |
| 团结；凝固;稳固巩固 | [s**ə'**lɪdɪfaɪ] solid -> solidify = unite eg to solidify his position as chairman.…他稳固他作为主席的地位的企图 |
| 干完; 把 （xxx活 ）干完了 | I worked these through so that KC can be more accurate. |
| 努力做； 尝试尽力 | [ɪn'd**ɛ**vɚ] n.v endeavor to do sth; Wish you best in future endeavor. 我会做每一次尝试/尽力 Eg. I will make every endeavor to get closer to my dream. |
| vt. 使复位；改变…的位置；使变换阵地 | [,ripə'zɪʃən] reposition eg 2015 was a year to redefine and reposition our value as a company through the GCG 3+3 strategic imperatives. We have seen momentum 势头；动力；冲力 built upon it in the improving employee engagement results, upward movement of government relationship and ecosystem development |
| 回车符 ; 回车 ; 回车键 ; 字盘返回 slang | Carriage return ['kærɪdʒ] |
| 财团；联合合伙(商) | 英 [kən'sɔːtɪəm] 美 [kənˈsɔrʃiəm] [plural: consortia ] n. 财团；联合合伙(商) A consortium is a group of people or firms who have agreed to cooperate with each other, like alliance 联盟; 联合合伙 eg The consortium includes some of the biggest building contractors in North America. 该联盟包括北美一些最大的建筑承包商  United Consortium 美国联合联营有限公司; consortium bank 联营银行 ; 国际财团; consortium company 财团公司 |
| [数]量词；数量词；精于计算的人 | quantifier ['kwɑntɪfaɪɚ] |
| 未开化的，不文明的 | [ʌn'sɪvəlaɪzd] uncivilized //adj. 野蛮的；未开化的不文明的; n. 野蛮人 barbarian [bɑr'bɛrɪən] |
| 补救修复；矫正；补习 | [rɪ,midɪ'eʃən] remedy, remediation; eg ecological remediation 生态修复 ; 生态修复型; soil remediation 土壤修复 ; 土壤复育技术 |
| 不守规矩的；任性的；难驾驭的桀骜不逊 | ['rʊlli] 有秩序的；有条不紊的 ruly => unruly [ʌn'ruli] eg He is an unruly student. Eg If you describe people, especially children, as unruly, you mean that they behave badly and don't comply with rules and are difficult to control. (尤指儿童)难管教的; eg...unruly behaviour. 不守规矩的行为。 2. Unruly hair is difficult to keep tidy. (头发)难梳理的; eg The man had remarkably black, unruly hair. 那个男子有一头不同寻常的乱蓬蓬的黑发。 // [ʌn'sɪvəlaɪzd] uncivilized adj. 未开化的，不文明的 v.s barbarian 野蛮的；未开化的不文明的; n. 野蛮人 |
| 【商标】七喜牌汽水[亦作 7up] | Seven-up ['sevə**nʌp**] |
| 捻接(绳子) ; 粘接(胶片film或磁带 tape); 拼接；接合; 人兽杂交 | **splice:** If you splice two pieces of rope, film胶片, or tape together, you join them neatly at the ends so that they make one continuous piece. 捻接(绳子) ; 粘接(胶片或磁带) eg; He taught me to edit and splice film. 他教我剪辑和粘接胶片 |
| 禁止或限制贸易 | embargo [ɪm'bɑrɡo][impose an embargo against a country]: officially prevent the trade or transaction with that country, such as prohibit importing from or exportting to that country; A government order prohibiting the movement of merchant ships into or out of its ports.封港令; A prohibition by a government on certain or all trade with a foreign nation: 禁止贸易令; eg[the arms/weapon embargo: 禁止武装贸易] [取消“禁止或限制贸易”：lift the embargo] [贸易禁运: trade embargo] [军品贸易禁运: military embargo]; eg The U.S. order an embargo against Russia, especially the arms and food embargo. All new contracts for arms imports and exports between the U.S. and Russia will stop, and there will be a prohibition on exporting goods and technology that can be used for both military and civilian purposes. This is just a beginning of sanction国际制裁 that U.S. imposed on Russia. |
| eg Because Iran reeled from the economic sanction and trade embargo imposed by U.S., the economic recession is getting worse.  eg U.S has restored the diplomatic ties with Cuba. Now the question goes to when U.S. will lift the embargo against with Cuba, at least to relieve the trade embargo firstly. //reel from sth: get bad or negative influences from sth |
| 倾盆大雨的; 奔流的  似急流的; 倾泻的 | Torrential[tə'rɛnʃl] eg torrential rains; eg Torrential[tə'rɛnʃl] monsoon rains季风气候暴雨 in the past month have left 27 people dead and displaced more than 150,000 others in makeshift shelters. One of the hardest-hit states灾情最严重的(地区) is Rakhine.Myanmar President sdeclared natural disaster zones in Rakhine and three other areas,one day after Cyclone Komen made landfall in neighboring Bangladesh. // If a person or group of people is displaced, they are forced to move away from the area where they live, normally because of war or natural calamity/disaster, e.g. earthquake, tsunami, flood. 使背井离乡, 无家可归的； More than 600,000 people were displaced by the 7.2 magnitude earthquake and the ensuing tsunami. 超过60万人被海啸搞得背井离乡 |
| 间歇的；断断续续的 | intermittent, intermittently[ɪntə'mɪt(ə)nt]: stopping and starting at irregular intervals; eg Jean Collin's Email is down//ST is intermittent; eg intermittent rain showers |
| 灾情最严重的(地区) | the hardest-hit area; eg Torrential[tə'rɛnʃl] monsoon rains季风气候暴雨 in the past month have left 27 people dead and displaced more than 150,000 others in makeshift shelters. One of the hardest-hit states灾情最严重的(地区) is Rakhine.Myanmar President sdeclared natural disaster zones in Rakhine and three other areas,one day after Cyclone Komen made landfall in neighboring Bangladesh. |
| 意味着（xxx有重要性）；预示(重要性) | **signify sth;**  eg那么这次批评意味着什么呢？ So what might this criticism signify? Eg这些信息意味表示哪些(重要)含义？ What does this information signify? |
| 丰盛的；身体强壮的健壮的；精神饱满的 | eg Wade was a hearty, athletic sort of guy. 韦德是那种精力充沛、**身体强壮的**家伙。 Eg The men ate **a hearty breakfast.丰盛的早餐**。 |
| 鼓舞人心的/令人振奋的 | ['hɑrtn] hearten; heartening; sb. be heartened by sth = be encouraged by sth; If someone is heartened by something, it encourages them and makes them cheerful. 鼓舞; eg The news heartened everybody这个消息鼓舞了每个人; eg The most heartening outcome from 2015 is the remarkable employee engagement scores. Your embrace欣然接受 of our strategic imperatives and commitment to our clients and to our great company are the reasons we will succeed, and why 2016 will prove to be a pivotal关键的/中枢的/枢轴的 year in IBM history. //embrace sb. = hug sb; embrace sth(an idea/changes/a proposal)欣然接受; pivotal['pɪvətl]关键的/中枢的/枢轴的 |
| 我走神了 | I'm sorry; I **got distracted. //Pls return from digression[daɪ'ɡrɛs].离题/跑题 digress, digression; //traffic congestion; digest-> digestion** |
| (slang) 扫黄 | porn purge //porn, pornography, pornographic; an erotic novel; an erotic movie; brothel/whorehouse妓院  Medicine: [药] 泻药；[药] 通便药:   * catharsis/kəˈθɑːsɪs/ :  [药] 泻药；[药] 通便药 * purgative /ˈpɜː**ɡə**tɪv/ [N-COUNT](javascript:;)A purgative is a medicine that causes you to get rid of/discharge unwanted waste from your bowel. 泻药; [ADJ](javascript:;)A purgative substance acts as a purgative. 通便的purgative oils通便油; a purgative tea. ...通便茶。 * purge medicine: a substance used to make your bowel empty by getting rid of/discharging waste from it.泻药 * 拉肚子: have the trots = lose my bowels * 便秘constipation /ˌkɒnstɪˈpeɪʃən/: Constipation is a medical condition which causes people to have difficulty getting rid of/discharing solid waste from their bowel.   Do you suffer from constipation? 你便秘吗？ |
| 海上救助(打捞) vt. 抢救；海上救助 | salvage ['sælvɪdʒ]; the salvage effort 海上救助(打捞)作业　 2. the act of saving goods or property that were in danger of damage or destruction 3. the act of rescuing a ship or its crew or its cargo from a shipwreck or a fire eg The wreckages of the missing plane are pinpointed and governments started the salvage effort. |
| 又叫做，亦称 | aka [eɪkeɪ'eɪ]（also known as） |
| 1. 铭记；珍藏〔指传统或权利被保留下来以使人铭记、珍视〕2. enshrine sth in law/in constitution把 xxx 载入法律/宪法; | shrine [ʃraɪn]圣地；神殿 ; enshrine: [ɪn'ʃraɪn] if something such as a tradition or right is enshrined in something, it is preserved and protected so that people will remember and respect it  **1. 指传统或权利)被保留下来以使人铭记、珍视,珍藏 2. enshrine sth in law/in constitution把 xxx 载入法律/宪法;**  e.g. The right of free speech is enshrined in the Constitution. 言论自由的权利被 载入宪法。 e.g. The DUP is unhappy about any agreement which treats Northern Ireland differently. Labour's Brexit spokesman said that when the DUP objected to the draft agreement。Mr Starmer also called for the government to drop its plan to **enshrine <the 29 March 2019 Brexit date> in UK law. 把 xxx 载入法律/宪法** |
| 焚香, 熏香, 熏香的烟; | 焚香 light the incense; the incense stick; incense and candle  eg Thousands of worshipers做礼拜的人 visit the Hindu印度教 shrine each day, praying for everything from good health to sports results. They light incense sticks. For extra luck, worshipers pay respect and money to the shrine's Thai dancers. eg burn the incense in the Budda/Buddhsim temple. //shrine [ʃrain] n. 圣地；神殿；神龛 |
| 印度教的；印度的 n. 印度人；印度教教徒 | Hindu ['hin'du:]; hinduism ['hinduizəm] eg Though Buddhism is the predominant religion, there are many Hindu shrines in Bangkok. The shrine sits at a busy intersection with the city's Skytrain rumbling nearly overhead. Many goods sellers line the sidewalk人行道 nearby, according to the website. The explosion, which occurred near the Erawan Shrine四面佛, a Hindu place of worship做礼拜 and tourist attraction, destroyed several motorcycles. //shrine [ʃrain] n. 圣地；神殿；神龛 |
| 为…命名；为…sb 施洗礼 | christen ['krisən] **[为…施洗礼: christen sb.];** christening ['krisəniŋ] n. （基督教）洗礼；（基督教）洗礼仪式；命名典礼. // christianity: [,kristi'ænəti] 基督教徒； buddhism; Hinduism e.g. Charlotte, the newest princess, fourth in line to the UK throne, was christened/ˋkrɪsṇ/ at St. Mary church. The christening['krisəniŋ] itself was a small, intimate私人的 family affair with tributes to a much-missed member of the family. Princess Charlotte arrived at her christening['krisəniŋ] in a royal baby pram 婴儿车 pushed by her mother. In the past, christenings['krisəniŋ] were magnificent affairs, but Kate and William prefer intimacy私人. In a break from tradition, they didn't choose members of the royal family as godparents教父或教母. Instead they asked three of their intimate/bosom friends and a cousin from both sides. • (在洗礼仪式上〕为…命名 e.g. She was christened Sarah. 她 在受洗时取名 萨拉 • to give something or someone a name 给…取名 e.g. His fans christened EXO chen the OST king of korean soap operas. 他的歌迷称他为歌王。 E.g.The new plane has been christened the Hawk. 这架新飞机被取名为“鹰”。  //毕业舞会: prom |
| operands v.s. operator | Let us take a simple expression 4 + 5 is equal to 9. Here 4 and 5 are called operands and ‘+’ is called the operator. |
| 公认地；无可否认地 slang | Admittedly, xxx. Eg Admittedly, it is a huge challenge for many people,but it is a fact of working life. 可否认地，对于许多人来说，这是一个巨大的挑战，但这就 是工作中的现实 // ['ɪnəd'vɝtntli] adj. 非故意地，无心地 inadvertently e.g. I made this mistake inadvertently. e.g. I'm sorry, I did it inadvertently. |
| 遗产地 | **[heritage sites]** No like the former colonies in Singapore, these **heritage sites** have been perfectly **preserved** since 1971. **[ heritage tourist sites 遗产旅游地; chinese world heritage (site) 中国世界遗产地]** |
| 为…施洗礼; christening ['krɪsnɪŋ]（基督教）洗礼；（基督教）洗礼仪式 | n) [,kristi'ænəti] 基督教 e.g. Well, my faith is christianity. a) 基督徒，信徒 adj. 基督教的；信基督教的 christian: e.g. I'm a christian. v) christen ['krɪsn] sb: 为…施洗礼; christening ['krɪsnɪŋ]（基督教）洗礼；（基督教）洗礼仪式 //Budda -> buddhism; Hindu -> hinduism['hinduizəm] ; Christian -> Christianity 天主教的: catholic |
| 内心的声音 | your inner voice e.g. You must be clearly aware of your inner voice. E.g. Listen to your inner voice exactly. |
| 活检; 活组织检查；活组织切片检查 | biopsy ['baɪɑpsi] : examination of tissues or liquids from the living body to determine the existence or cause of a disease . A biopsy is the removal and examination of fluids or tissue from a patient's body in order to discover why they are ill. 活组织检查; e.g James had a biopsy of the tumour over his right ear 詹姆斯做了一次右耳肿块的活组织检查。 [needle biopsy穿刺活检] //autopsy = postmortem: the examination and dissection解剖 of dead body in order to find the reason of death. //进行解剖；进行详细分析: dissect = carefully check and examine |
| [统计] 人均 | **per capita; [人均收入: per-capita income; 人均国内生产总值: per-capita GDP ; 人均住房 per-capita apartment ;** eg They have the world's largest per capita income. 他们有世界上最高的**人均收入** |
| 挤满了(人) | be packed with person; That fansy restaurant is fully packed with customers; The Metro station is fully packed with passengers. |
| 景象；场面；奇观 | striking/stunning spectacle ['spektəkl] 惊人的景象; magnificent spectacle 壮丽的景象 |
| (城市，建筑 xxx) 壮美的外观 | splender or splendor  1. N The splendour of something is its beautiful and impressive appearance, such as the splendor of the city (城市的壮美); the splendor of the ddP building in Seoul (ddP建筑的壮美) (城市，建筑 xxx) 壮美的外观 e.g She gazed down upon俯看 the nighttime splendour of the city. 俯看这个城市夜晚的壮美。  //俯看 gaze down upon sth  2. N-PLURAL The splendours of a place or way of life are its beautiful and impressive features, magnificent and spectacular 壮美的特征 e..g ...such splendours as the Acropolis and the Parthenon. …像雅典卫城和巴特农神殿那样的壮观。 |
|  |  |
| 防爆小组/拆弹部队 | bomb squad //squad: [军]班；小队; eg cheering squad啦啦队 eg Police were cordoning off the scene because a bomb ripped through猛烈爆炸 a bustling area in that plaza; and another bomb still remains active and needs to be defused去掉雷管. Bomb squad members in blast suits防爆服 responded to the area, and an officer announced over a loudspeaker, "The situation is still not safe. Please all stay back. There might be another bomb in the area." The bomb that detonated was fastened to a utility pole in front of the shrine, and the bomb squad拆弹部队 was working to defuse a second device about 50 minutes after the first blast. //denote the bomb v.s. defuse the bomb; blast suits防爆服 |
| (literal meaning) 进行解剖；(figurative meaning) 进行详细分析 | dissect sth[di'sekt]; dissection; 1. literal meaning: eg dissect the bodies for analysis normally in order to find cause of disease or reason of death; well, dissection is usually conducted especially in a postmortem/autopsy 验尸；尸体解剖 If sb. dissects the body of a dead person or animal, they carefully cut it up in order to examine it scientifically, especially used in autopsy or postmortem. 解剖 eg We dissected a frog in biology class. 我们在生物课上解剖了一只青蛙 2. (figurative) 剖析 xxx, 对 xxx 进行详细分析 make a mathematical, chemical, or grammatical analysis of; break down into components or essential features e.g If someone dissects something such as a theory, a situation, or a piece of writing, they consider and talk about each detail of it. 剖析 e.g People want to dissect his work and question his motives. 人们想剖析他的作品，质疑他的动机 |
| 电话对讲(normally for interaction with audience and get feedback in a meeting, speech, presentation, etc) ; 反馈 | talkback; e.g Sessions will consist of 20 minutes of discussion from our Subject Matter Experts followed by 10 minutes of Q & A from our audience. A replay will be available for you after the session to listen to as a podcast[pɔd'kʌst]播客. Every 5th call we invite you to a talkback where you can provide feedback on our material and to let us know what is happening in your territory so we can tailor future calls to your needs. e.g. Talkback: If you've been promoted recently, what has helped you succeed? 反馈： 如果你最近升职了，是什么帮你获得成功的 //讲词提示装置: teleprompter |
| 吊销营业执照 | revoke a business license; 吊销驾照: revoke a driver's license. 吊销律师牌照 revoke the laywer's license：hen people in authority revoke something such as a licence, a law, or an agreement, they cancel it. 撤销; 废除 e.g The government revoked her husband's licence to operate migrant labour crews. 政府撤销了她丈夫经营流动劳工团队的许可证 |
| 温度计；体温计 | [θə'mɒmɪtə] thermo**meter:** a piece of equipment that measures the temperature of the air, of your body etc |
| (汽车的）里程表，里程计 | [**əu'**dɔmitə] ,oˋdɑmətɚ/ odometer: an instrument in the **dashboard(机动车辆的) 仪表板**of a vehicle that shows how many miles or kilometres the vehicle has travelled. |
| 〔车辆上的〕速度计 | 〔车辆上的〕速度计 [spiː'dɒmɪtə] speedometer: an instrument in the **dashboard((机动车辆的) 仪表板)** of a vehicle that shows **how fast** it is going, aka, miles/hr. |
| n. 测高仪，高度计 | altitude 高度=> ['æltɪmiːtə] altimeter: an instrument in an aircraft that tells you how high you are〔飞行器中的〕高度计[表] |
| meterogology [气象] 气压计；睛雨表； 显示变化的事物 | (meterogology) [bə'rɒmɪtə] barometer  1.an instrument that measures changes in the air pressure and the weather, or that calculates height above sea level 气压计，晴雨表  2. (figurative meaning) barometer is something that shows any changes that are happening in a particular situation. **If something is a barometer of a particular situation,** it indicates how things are changing or how things are likely to develop.〔反映事物变化的〕晴雨表，〔反映事物变化的〕标志  e.g. In past presidential elections, Missouri has been a barometer of the rest of the country.  在过去的总统大选中，密苏里州一直是该国其余各州的晴雨表  e.g. The skin is an accurate **barometer** of emotional and physical health. 皮肤是反映一个人身心健康状况的准确指标。 |
| 雨量计 | [ rain gauge / pluviometer) ] N an instrument for measuring rainfall or snowfall, consisting of a cylinder covered by a funnel-like lid 雨量计 (Also called pluviometer)  e.g. After checking the rain gauge/pluviometer雨量计, a new daily rainfall record was set unprecedentedly high at the NWS Office of 16.08" beating yesterday's record of 14.40" |
| (slang) 临界点(转折点）,引爆点, 指的是一个稳定状态达到另外一个稳定状态的极值情况，如果温室气体总量超过了这个临界点，灾难将会来临 | a tipping point: threshold; the crisis stage in a process, when a significant change takes place  eg Austrain has reached the tipping point on the refugee receiving issue becauase the immense influx of refugees (洪水一般涌入的难民）exceedes this country's capacity. eg To reach the tipping point, however, networks must attract as many users as quickly as possible, drawing in the next, bigger, wave. 到达引爆点，网络必须尽可能快地吸引尽可能多的用户，从而掀起下一个更大的波浪。 eg All you need is to “just do it” and you will reach a crucial tipping point临界点(转折点） in which you will go from saying and planning; to doing and proving. //冰山一角 a tip of the iceberg; 洪水一般涌入的难民: influx of refugess; 洪水一般多的邮件 influx of emails I got after my vacation |
| 使sb有胆量，使大胆 | embolden sb to do = give sb guts胆量/courage/bravory to do //wimp out = become timid and gutless |
| 命脉；命根子 | lifeblood eg water is the lifeblood命脉 of India. |
| 蜥蜴；类蜥蜴爬行动物 | lizard //蝗虫，[昆] 蚱蜢 locusts/grasshoppers; **a plague of** locusts/grasshoppers //plague: n. 瘟疫； calamity灾祸；讨厌的人nuisance |
| 国宴 slang | the state dinner |
|  |  |
| [电子] 二极管 | ['daɪod] diode; Light-emitting diode |
| 破损安全；失效保护 slang | failsafe; The appliance enters failsafe mode during start |
|  |  |
| Is Tracy up yet? Not yet, she's still sleeping now. | Wakery-wakery, rise and shining. |
| Let me set the alarm clock at 6:30 am every morning. | **Did the alarm go off**? I think so, I heard it **buzzed** just now; but I shut it off [buzz: a sound of quick vibration] |
|  |  |
| 随从 | entourage ['ɒntʊrɑːʒ; ,ɒntʊ(ə)'rɑːʒ] [the president's entourage] //enroute from xxx to xxx |
| 大众汽车: | VW: is short for Volkswagen ['fɔ:lks,va:gən] |
| 值得纪念的事件或经历 | memorabilia [,mem(ə)rə'bɪlɪə] //commemorate sb/sth; 纪念仪式:**commemoration ceremony**; memorial **[mə'mɔːrɪəl]**= monument |
| 无意中泄漏心事；说溜了嘴的错话(slang) | Freudian slip ['f**rɔi**djən] literal meaning:佛洛伊德的; 比喻意 figurative meaning: very difficult to understand |
| slang（尤指在性方面）刺激某人，激发某人性欲 | turn sb. on = make sb horny 淫荡的 |
| 测心术者 | mind reader |
| (分镜头)提示卡 | a cue提示 card; eg the host's cue card // 讲词提示装置 : teleprompter |
| 噱头; 表演特技；作惊人表演 | I'm not sure whether it is a stunt that was orchestrated 精心安排/ choreographed精心策划 intentionally. Eg This advertisement is a stunt噱头 //orchestrate sth ['ɔːkɪstreɪt]: plan and direct (a complex undertaking) meticulously( /mɪˈtɪkjʊləs/认真细致; 一丝不苟) and carefully [ 精心设计了这个阴谋: orchestrate this plot/scheme/conspiracy; 精心设计了这个求婚 orchestrate this proposal party; orchestrate this vital meeting ] |
| 特技替身演员； | stuntman |
| 杂技演员，特技演员 | acrobat = stuntman; acrobatic // aerobics [ɛ'robɪk] adj. 需氧的；增氧健身法的 |
| 犯大错 n. 大错 slang | **blunder:** a big mistake. Such a blunder. [**战术上的严重错误: a tactical blunder]** E.g. I think he made **a tactical blunder** by announcing it so far ahead of time. 我认为他如此提早宣布消息是犯了**战术上的错误**。 |
| 误入 (危险境地或困境) blunder into a dangerous or difficult situation; If you blunder into a dangerous or difficult situation, you get involved in it by mistake. 误入 (危险境地或困境) 例： People wanted to know how they had blundered into war, and how to avoid it in the future. 人们想弄清他们怎么会错误地卷入战争，将来如何才能避免这样的事。 |
| If you blunder somewhere, you move there in a clumsy and careless way. 跌跌撞撞地走 例： He had blundered into the table, upsetting the flowers. 他撞上了桌子，打翻了花 |
| 亚军，第二名；亚军队 | runner-up [rʌnər'ʌp] n. the competitor who finishes second. E.g. Here comes the winner and runner-up (the 2nd place) |
| 人肉搜索 (slang) | This person has been **thoroughly** **roasted人肉搜索**  on Twitter and FB. //roaster: 烘烤器 //roster: 花名册； |
| 讲词提示装置; （舞台上面的）词提示装置 | **teleprompter:** a prompter for television performers. E.g When singers are rehearsing their performance on platform, they usually need the telemprompters（舞台上面的）词提示装置 for any sake. |
| 高级餐厅 | a fancy restaurant |
| 桌上足球 | foosball |
| faint v.s. dizzy | faint: 头晕的；虚弱的；[医] 衰弱的 vi. 昏倒 ( I feel so faint) v.s dizzy: 晕眩的；使人头晕的 (This building is so colorful that makes me dizzy) |
| 总结；综述 | To sum up; (n) sumup e.g 这是我的总结 Here comes my sumup. E.g. To sum up this meeting, xxx |
| 飞蛾扑火 slang | like a moth to the flame. E.g. Your idea is too risky and dangerous, like a moth to the flame. |
| 溜走 | slip out: I wanna slip out 溜走； e.g. 我想从这个会议开溜儿 I wanna slip out of this meeting, it's so boring**; 逃课 slip out of class** |
| Would you pls excuse me for a sec? (slang) | Would you pls excuse me for a sec? |
| 慕男狂；花痴 | nympho； You're such a nympho. |
| friends 8 \* 3 |  |
| 满腹的怨言/埋怨 (slang) | earful (n) sb. 得到满腹的怨言/埋怨: sb. get an earful (n) //I will give that company an earful. |
| 崭新(的概念 ; 极新的概念) | this is a brand-new concept; This is a brand-new idea. |
| 蜜月套房 | the honeymoon suite[swit]; wedding suite [swit] 套房, the bridal suite 套房 |
| 蒜蓉面包；香蒜面包 | garlic bread //scone, muffin, waffle, **strudel,** donut |
| 蕃茄酱 | ketchup = tomato sauce [s?s] eg Can I more ketchup? |
|  |  |
| Friends - 9x14 - TOW The Blind Dates |  |
| 别烦(他／她)了,你饶了他吧,　省省吧, slang | Give it a rest! |
|  |  |
| 富饶的，肥沃的；能生育的 | ['fɝtl] fertile, (肥料)fertilizer; …肥沃的土壤: fertile soil/land |
| 不肥沃的/不毛之地的；不结果实的；不能生殖的 (不生育的): | [?n'f?tl]infertile, 不生育的: barren; e.g. infertile soil; infertile land; e.g. The doctor said that he is infertile/barren 不能生殖的 (不生育的). |
| 女人气质 (slang) | womanhood. E.g. Show your sexy womanhood //vi. 与女人私通；玩女人 womanize, philander |
| 与女人私通；玩女人 | womanize, **philander[fə'lændɚ]**  //[fɪ'lænθrəpɪst] philanthropist n. 慈善家，博爱主义者, philanthropy => philan**thropic** |
|  |  |
| 排卵 | ovulate, ovulation; 排卵棒: ovulation-stick |
| 女按摩师 | [mə'sus] masseuse . What do you do? I'm a masseuse. |
| 室友 | roomie e.g. She's my roomie |
|  |  |
|  |  |
| slang 夏令时；[天] 日光节约时间 DST | the daylight saving tim (DST) |
| 危害(国土安全） | compromise/destroy the national security |
| 1. 陪审团尚未做出的判决 2. 还没有定论; 最后结论还有待分晓 | the jury is still out 1. 陪审团尚未做出的判决 2. 还没有定论; 最后结论还有待分晓 |
| [口语]拿不准，感到疑惑 | (slang) up in the air = in the air  1. (计划、问题等)悬而未决，未定 2. [口语]拿不准 e.g. Well, this issue is still **up in the air.** = I'm not 100% sure about this issue, which means that I still have concerns and doubts, therefore I cannot give a confirmed answer. |
| 极限运动 | extreme sports: rock-climbing; downhill skiing; snowboarding; 滑板运动 skateboard; 悬挂式滑翔运动 hang-gliding surfing; 帆板运动: windsurfing; 赛艇 powerboat racing 漂流white-water rafting (raft: 筏；救生艇) ; skydiving ; scuba diving e.g. Skydiving is such a rush; and I can feel my adrenaline[ə'drenəlɪn] running out. |
| 使某人出丑 slang | show sb. up e.g. What he did is just wanna show me up. Eg Stop it. What you did is just wanna show me up. //show off: to express sb's achievement |
| 肾上腺素 | adrenaline 英**[ə'drenəlɪn]** [æd'rɛnlɪn] e.g. The hang-gliding is such as **rush太刺激了;** and I can feel my **adrenaline** running out. |
| 县；管区，辖区；地方官的任期 | prefecture e.g Saturday's Kyushu earthquake in southern Japan took at least 32 lives, according to Kumamoto Prefecture's disaster management office. It was preceded by Thursday's foreshock, which took nine lives. //n. （地震的）[地震] 前震: foreshock v.s. 余震 aftershock |
| (小片) 地区 | locality /ləʊˈkælɪtɪ/ 1.N-COUNT A locality is a small area of a country or city. E.g. Following the discovery of the explosives the president cancelled his visit to the locality. 取消了对该地区的访问 //prefecture /ˈpriːfɛkˌtjʊə/ 1.N-COUNT In some countries, administrative areas are called prefectures. 辖区 e.g. As infrastructure gets smarter, it also increases the need for cybersecurity, so that vital networks cannot be compromised/destroyed. We recommend that your infrastructure package include incentives for states and localities /ləʊˈkælɪtɪ/ to build intelligent – and secure – roads, bridges, buildings, and other public facilities. //compromise/destroy/devastate the national security |
| （地震的）[地震] 前震: | foreshock v.s. 余震 aftershock |
| 引起，唤起 (记忆） | 唤起 (记忆）evoke memories of xxx ; 唤起 道德心，良心 evoke consciences of xxx e.g. That pictures evoke memories of my childhood . e.g The picture where both Duke and Ducheness are sitting happily together evokes memories of Princess Diana who is Duke's mother.. William is second in line to the British throne, behind his father, Prince Charles. |
| gimme | give it to me: gimme e.g. If u have any questions, gimme a ping or call. |
| 层层叠（一种新的益智类游戏) | Jenga /J is Jack/ : Jenga is a game of physical and mental skill created by Leslie Scott, and currently marketed by Parker Brothers, a division of Hasbro. During the game, players take turns to remove a block from a tower and balance it on top, creating a taller and increasingly unstable structure as the game progresses. |
|  |  |
| (买东西 )宰人; 坑人[非正式]； 买东西被宰了、被坑了 | rip off : If someone rips you off, they cheat you by charging you too much money for something or by selling you something that is broken or damaged. 宰人; 坑人[非正式] e.g .The bigger, more reputable online casinos are not going to rip you off. 规模更大、声誉更好的网上赌场不会宰你。 e.g. OMG, so expensive, i'm sorry that you're ripped off. |
| agree v.s disagree : | I'm with you there; I'm with you on that = We're on the same page I'm not with you on that; We're not on the same page |
| 有…倾向的 | be prone to sth/doing sth; be apt to do = have inclination to do有…倾向的 |
| 粗心的；邋遢的 | loppy: lacking neatness or order  A: Wow, your room is a disaster. Are all men so sloppy？  B: No, that's just a stereotype. I mean, I admit that I'm sloppy; but, on the other hand, I know plenty of guys who keep things neat and clean. |
| n. 不受惩罚；无患；[法] 免罚 | impunity美[ɪm'pjunəti] n. 不受惩罚；无患；[法] 免罚 : exemption from punishment or losses; immune from punishment or losses eg If you say that someone does something with impunity, you disapprove of the fact that they are not punished for doing something bad. 不受惩罚[表不满] 例：These gangs operate with apparent impunity. 这些犯罪团伙明火执仗，却没有受到惩罚。 |
| 僵硬的，呆板的 | wooden, stiff eg. In this movie, the actor's performance is so wooden僵硬 and **the plot of the movie** is without depth. However, the scene is **breathtaking** //the plot of the movie; the plot of the novel is so boring. |
| （电影）特效 | specia**[l e]**ffects: an effect used to produce scenes that cannot be achieved by normal techniques (especially on film) |
| （电影特技人，特技替身演员 | stuntman |
| 赶紧收官了， 赶紧搞定，赶紧接手 | wrap up; e.g Wrap it up, wrap it up! e.g. That's about it. Let's wrap things up. |
| 网站图标网页图标 | favicon abbr. favorites icon ['fævɪkɒn; 'feɪvɪkɒn] //emoji; emoticon |
| 香精油，精油 | essential oil: an oil having the odor ['od?] or flavor of the plant from which it comes; used in perfume and flavorings. In cosmetics, we use the word **"serum" (精华素)** |
| (飞机）供紧急逃生的气垫滑梯 | emergency slide e.g Jump and slide from the "emergency slide". E.g That was certainly the case Aug. 9 when flight attendant Steven Slater open deployed the emergency slide and left the plane |
| 8.15 |  |
| bicycles | 1st speed bicycle; 3 speed bicycle; 5 or 10 speed bicycle. E.g Well, last week we talked about buying camping equipment and today Id like to talk to you about buying a bicycle. Well, the range of bicycles is enormous , there are racing bikes, touring bikes, mountain bikes or just plain ordinary bikes for riding round town. 1.Single speed cycles  that is bikes with no gears, are really only suited to short, casual rides. Their attraction is their simplicity and reliability. After years of neglect they still manage to function, though not always too efficiently. If its basic transport youre after then you cant go wrong. 2. Three speed cycles on the other hand are all that is really necessary for most town riding, going to the shops and things like that. Like the single speed bike Q15 they are simple and reliable. If you are going to be going up and down lots of hills, then youll probably want something more efficient. 3. Five and ten speed bicycles are best suited to riding over long distances or hilly terrain and to serious touring, so if its serious touring youre interested in, get a fiveor ten speed bike. However it's worth remembering that the difference in price between a five and ten speed cycle is usually very little and so it's well worth paying that little bit extra to get the ten speed one. So I would tend to recommend the ten speed bike as the price is similar  however youll be getting better quality components. The size of the bicycle is NOT decided by the size of the wheel, except for childre, but decided by the size of frame. // e.g. The tickets to 'West Side Story' were really expensive, but the show was well woth the money. |
| 耕作(crops, fruit) ; 培养 (态度、技巧，兴趣等); 树立 (形象、观念等) ; 建立 (友谊) | 1) 耕作(crops, fruit) cultivate bananas: foster the growth of fruit or cropse e.g. She also cultivated a small garden of her own.开垦了一个自己的小花园 2) If you cultivate an attitude, image, or skill, interest, you try hard to develop it and make it stronger or better. 培养 (态度、技巧，兴趣等); 树立 (形象、观念等) e.g. ...the cultivation of a positive approach to life and health. …积极的生活和健康观的培养&树立 e.g, I wanna cultivate her interest in dancing 培养兴趣 3) If you cultivate sb. or cultivate a friendship with sb, you try hard to develop a friendship with them. 建立 (友谊) |
| awful V.S. awsome | awful: pretty bad (太糟糕了） V.S. awesome: pretty good (太牛逼le ） |
| 发炎的；红肿的; | **ignite**, to set sth on fire or to catch fire; 点火，燃烧 eg After the plane crash, great fireball inflamed the night. Eg **be inflamed with anger 怒火中烧**  eg I'm so inflamed with anger |
| inflamed, inflammation ['ɪnflə'meʃən] part of body or tissue is characterized by pain, redness, swelling, and sometimes loss of function, normally because of bateria infection/contagion or injury; normally some part of the body, such as organ or tissue, becomes swollen, normally red, with pain bcoz of bacterialeg The Ebola virus, that is infectious/contagious, is spreading through contact with bodily fluids, and early symptoms include sudden onset of fever, weakness, muscle pain, headaches and a sore throat, and inflamed gums. Eg inflamed gums 牙龈红肿；inflamed throat; the inflammation of throat 喉炎 eg I had too much spicy food and got an inflammation of throat 喉炎红肿; This boat is inflatable (可膨胀的，可吹气); The life vest/buoy is inflatable; //symptomatic ['sɪmptə'mætɪk] adj. 症状的；症候的 |
| adj. 易燃的；可燃的；可燃性的 n. 易燃物 | flammable ['flæməbl] Flammable chemicals, gases, cloth, or other things catch fire and burn easily. 易燃的 [ 易燃液体: flammable liquid, e.g. gas; 易燃的纤维 flammable fiber] e.g ...flammable liquids such as petrol or kerosene. …像汽油或煤油这样的易燃液体 e.g. A 34-year-old woman has died after a man stabbed several passengers on a train in Switzerland and poured a flammable['flæməbl] liquid that caught fire, Swiss police said Sunday. St. Gallen police said the motive was not clear. They said the suspect was not known to police prior to the attack // inflamed (发炎的；红肿的): eg see my inflamed tongue/teeth |
| 1. 恶作剧 2. 欺骗：用以欺骗或戏弄的行为; | shenanigan: 1. a prank/hoax/mischief/shenanigan [ʃɪ'nænɪɡən] call: 恶作剧电话; play a gag/trick/prank/hoax on sb  e.g Hundreds of bags and suitcases were left behind as passengers ran out of the airport. Law enforcement officials执法人员 said it's possible that hoax/prank/shenanigan 911 calls and word of mouth led to the panic. Officials are working to figure out exactly what happened, a law enforcement official said. //word of mouth: 口头传达的; 口口相传 |
| shenanigan: 2. business fraud/scam/shenanigan [ʃɪ'nænɪɡən]( An act intended to deceive or trick. Something that has been established or accepted by fraudulent means. 骗局; To deceive, sucker, or cheat by using a hoax. 骗弄 eg The quarantine measures were imposed after rioters looted/deprive medicines from an Ebola clinic in the slum, claiming the Ebola virus was a government shenaginan/fraud/scam. //sucker sb. into doing = deceive sb into, cheat |
| 赞 V.S. thumbs down | You deserve two thumbs-up. E.g. Just moments after receiving her silver medal in Sunday's 3-meter springboard event, China's He Zi was asked to take a very different kind of plunge. The 25-year-old was met by boyfriend Qin Kai, a fellow Olympic diver & bronze medalist 奖章获得者, who bent low on one knee by the podium before offering up a box containing an engagement ring. She appeared shocked, and covered her mouth before Qin placed the ring on her finger and gave a "thumbs up" to the spectators. "I didn't know that he would propose today, and I didn't expect that I would marry myself out so early. // e.g. The ratings for that movie are so bad. I give it two thumbs-down, way down. |
| n 口头传达的的信息; 口口相传的的信息 | n. word of mouth: gossip spread by spoken communication ; e.g Hundreds of bags and suitcases were left behind as passengers ran out of the airport. Law enforcement officials said it's possible that **hoax/prank/mischief/shenanigan/trick 911 calls** and word of mouth口头传达的信息 led to the panic. Officials are working to figure out exactly what happened, a law enforcement official said. |
| 口风很紧的, 守口如瓶的 | tight-lipped [ keep so tight-lipped about sth] E.g. Cook keeps pretty tight-lipped about what Apple might have up its sleeve, but he does acknowledge the tech giant's enthusiasm for augmented reality (AR), which the hugely popular smartphone game Pokemon Go has brought into the spotlight. "I think AR is extremely interesting and sort of a core technology. So, yes, it's something we're doing a lot of things on behind that curtain that we talked about." Cook dodges/fend off 避开 questions about the car-related project on which Apple is believed to be working. But he says the company is spending big on research and development in general. |
| 8.16 |  |
| 引进(wild animals, plant, fruit) 到本地后来培育，驯养 | domesticate food/ fruit/ animal: [dəu'mestikeit,] When people domesticate wild animals or plants, they bring them under control, cultivate them, and make them adapted (a wild plant or unclaimed land) to the local environment 引进(wild animals, plant, fruit) 到本地后来培育，驯养 e.g. A) So where were these bananas first domesticated [dəu'mestikeit,]? M: According to my research, the Cavendish banana, which is a type of banana and the first type to be cultivated培育 here, actually originated in China but they had a fairly roundabout route迂回路线/detour before they got to Australia. F: You mean they didnt go straight from China to Australia? M: No, they didnt. It seems that in 1826, bananas were taken from South China to England. Well apparently there was an English Duke who was particularly fond of 喜爱 bananas and he used to cultivate them in his hothouse 温室, which is where you have to grow them in England, of course, because of the cool climate and they became quite popular in the UK. So he was the one responsible for cultivating the Cavendish banana which was then introduced into Australia. //be fond of sth 喜爱 //迂回路线: roundabout route; detour (绕道；迂回) |
| 营养学家；膳食学家（等于dietitian） n. 营养师（专业人员，须获得证书） | dietician=dietitian [,daɪə'tɪʃən]膳食学家; dietetic [,daɪə'tɛtɪk] 饮食的；饮食学的 a dietician/dietitian is a person whose job is to give people advice about the kind of nourishing food they should eat, and how much intake (摄入量) of vitamin ['vɪtəmɪn, 'vaɪtəmɪn] should be given. 膳食学家 e.g. So its a great pleasure for me to welcome back Ms Diane Greenbaum who is a professional dietician and who has been kind enough to give up her time, in what I know is a very hectic schedule, to come along and talk to us today. Sometimes we think were eating the right foods but the vitamins ['vɪtəmɪn, 'vaɪtəmɪn] are escaping, perhaps as a result of cooking and anyway were not getting the full benefit of them. Now, if you lack vitamins in any way the solution isnt to rush off and take vitamin pills /vɪtəmɪn/. Then let's talk about the Healthy Diet Pyramid. Well ,now, as you see weve got three levels to our pyramid. At the top of the pyramid in the smallest area are the things which we should really be trying to avoid as much as possible. Things like sugar, salt, butter  all that sort of thing. Next, on the middle of our pyramid we find the things that we can eat in moderation适中适量适度. Not too much though! And thats where we find milk, meat, fish, nuts, eggs. And then at the bottom of the pyramid are the things that you can eat lots of! Because theyre the things that are really good for you. And here we have bread, vegetables and fruit. So dont lose sight of your healthy diet pyramid when you do your shopping. //intake of vitamin ['vɪtəmɪn, 'vaɪtəmɪn] : 维他命的摄入 //do sth in moderation: 适中适量适度 |
| 健康饮食金字塔 slang | Healthy Diet Pyramid; dietetic [,daɪə'tɛtɪk] adj. 饮食的；饮食学的 e.g. Here comes the heath seminar from Diana, the famious dietician 膳食学家. "So its a great pleasure for me to welcome back Ms Diane Greenbaum who is a professional dietician and who has been kind enough to give up her time, in what I know is a very hectic schedule, to come along and talk to us today." Sometimes we think were eating the right foods but the vitamins ['vɪtəmɪn, 'vaɪtəmɪn] are escaping, perhaps as a result of cooking and anyway were not getting the full benefit of them. Now, if you lack vitamins in any way the solution isnt to rush off and take vitamin pills. Then let's talk about the Healthy Diet Pyramid. Well ,now, as you see weve got three levels to our pyramid. At the top of the pyramid in the smallest area are the things which we should really be trying to avoid as much as possible. Things like  Example yes, sugar, salt, butter  all that sort of thing. Next, on the middle of our pyramid we find the things that we can eat in moderation. Not too much though! And thats where we find milk, lean meat, fish, nuts, eggs. And then at the bottom of the pyramid are the things that you can eat lots of! Because theyre the things that are really good for you. And here we have bread, vegetables and fruit. So dont lose sight of your healthy diet pyramid when you do your shopping. // intake of vitamin ['vɪtəmɪn, 'vaɪtəmɪn] : 维他命的摄入 // dietician; dietitian [,daɪə'tɪʃən]; a dietician is a person whose job is to give people advice about the kind of nourishing food they should eat, and how much intake of vitamin ['vɪtəmɪn, 'vaɪtəmɪn] should be given. 膳食学家 dietetic [,daɪə'tɛtɪk] adj. 饮食的；饮食学的 //do sth in moderation: 适中适量适度 |
| (太热； 生病； 因尴尬，生气) 脸红；患肺结核  adj. 兴奋的狂热的；脸上发红；肺病/患肺结核的； | • hectic:  n. 脸红 (flush: If you flush, your face gets red because you are hot or ill, or because you are feeling a strong emotion such as embarrassment or anger. (太热； 生病； 因尴尬，生气) 脸红；患肺结核  adj. 兴奋的狂热的；脸上发红；肺病/患肺结核的； adj. 紧张忙碌的 A hectic situation is one that is super/damn busy and involves a lot of rushed activity. e.g. Life is hectic. But if you do not stop, you will not be able to give your body sometime to unwind(发条放松)/relax/hang loose 生活是忙碌的 [ a hectic schedule], super busy, damn it busy e.g I have a hectic schedule today |
| n [化学] 溶质, 被溶解的物质 adj. 溶解的 | solute ['sɔlju:t] 溶质 V.S. solvent ['sɑlvənt]溶剂 : the component of a solution溶液 that changes its state in forming the solution or the component that is not present in excess; the substance that is dissolved(使溶解 in another substance, for example, the salt(solute) is dissolved in water (solvent). e.g So what are vitamins ['vɪtəmɪn,]? Well, the dictionary tells us they are food factors essential in small quantities to maintain life. Now, there are fat soluble vitamins which can be stored for quite some time by the body and there are water soluble vitamins which are removed more rapidly from the body and so a regular daily intake摄入 of these ones is needed. // solution: 溶液A solution is a liquid in which a solid substance has been dissolved(使溶解). |
| n 溶剂; 有偿债能力的 | solute ['sɔlju:t] 溶质 V.S. solvent ['sɑlvənt]溶剂 2. A solvent溶剂 is a liquid that can dissolve溶解 other substances, aka, the solute溶质. E.g. The salt(solute) is dissolved in water (solvent). E.g. The sugar (solute溶质) cannot be dissolved in alcohol (solvent溶剂). |
| (公司/个人)有偿债能力的 sb/ company is solvent = If a person or a company is solvent, they have enough money to pay all their debts. e.g. Ukrain, a debt-ravaged nation, is not solvent to pay all their debts that were borrowed from U.N as financial bailout. ... e.g. They're going to have to show compelling evidence to the bank that the company is now solvent. 公司现在是具备偿债能力的。 //强有力的可以说服别人的证据 compelling evidence; 强有力的可以说服别人的原因 compelling reason; 强有力的可以说服别人的理由 compelling justification; // war-torn country/nation/city = war-ravaged nation/country/city 被战争摧残的国都； 负债累累的国家/sb: an indebted nation; an indebted person. |
| 可溶解的 | solute => 可溶解的 soluble /ˈsɒljʊbəl/: (of a substance) capable of being dissolved使溶解 in some solvent (liquid, usually water溶剂) e.g. Uranium is soluble in sea water. 铀可在海水中溶解。 2. If something is water-soluble or fat-soluble, it will dissolve in water or in fat. 水溶性的; 脂溶性的 eg. The red dye on the leather is water-soluble. 皮革上的红色染料是水溶性的 |
| vt. 使溶解；使分解；使液化 vi. 溶解；解散；消失 n. 叠化画面；画面的溶暗 | dissolve [dɪ'zɑlv] sth = sth (solute溶质) is dissolved in particular liquid, such as water or liquid (aka, **solvent)** 溶剂， n)溶解 dissolution: [,dɪ**sə**'luʃən] |
| 脂溶性维生素 v.s. 水溶性维生素 | fat soluble vitamin V.S. water soluble vitamin ['vɪt**ə**mɪn,] |
| bouquet/nosegay | A cluster of flowers/blossom; a small bunch of flowers; a **nosegay** 一束花；花束; the bride is throwing the **wedding bouquet/nosegay**; a bouquet/nosegay of roses; 一束玫瑰花； the bride is carrying a bouquet/nosegay of lilies; 手持一束百合花的新娘 |
| banquet / feast | A ceremonial dinner honoring a particular guest or occasion. 宴会; 特宴：为某位客人或为庆祝某事而特设的筵席 e.g. The hotel amenities include health clubs, conference facilities, sauna['sɔːnə] clubs 桑拿, and banqueting rooms宴会厅. 这家旅馆的设施包括健身俱乐部、会议设备和宴会厅 // amenity /əˈmiːnɪtɪ/ Amenities are things such as shopping centres or sports facilities that are provided for people's convenience, enjoyment, or comfort. (公共的） 便利设施 |
| 节日盛会; 演出 | gala /ˈɡɑːlə/ TEM8 [ the spring gala; the annual spring gala for Chinese lunar spring festival 春晚] 1. N-COUNT A gala is a special public celebration, entertainment, performance, or festival. 节日盛会; 演出　...a gala evening at the Metropolitan Opera House. …大都会歌剧院的庆祝晚会 |
| boutique | A small retail shop that specializes in gifts, fashionable and trendy clothes, accessories, or food 专卖流行衣服的小商店/精品店／精品屋 e.g. Seoul is a shopping paradise. There are lots of fancy boutiques 精品店 here, such as cosmetics boutiques, shoes and clothes boutiques, and local specialty特产 boutiques. e.g. In little more than a decade, the boutique hotel category has become a mainstay in the local hospitality sector, spurred by the rise of experiential travel or, as some might say, the need to stay in a place that will look cool in an Instagram photo. Boutique hotels are generally in prime locations, but the focus on design, technology and local culture gives them an in-the-know vibe. What they may lack in breakfast or a gym, they more than make up for with a "hip and fashionable" style of comfort. //Vibes are the good or bad atmosphere that you sense with a person or in a place. 感应; 气氛 |
| 无国界医生 | Doctors Without Borders The Doctors Without Borders said the patients were lying on the stretchers担架/gurney on floors that appears filthy/dirty. E.g. "We are assessing the situation to secure the safety of patients and staff," Doctors Without Borders said. At the time of Monday's attack, there were 23 patients in the surgery ward 病房, 23 in the maternity ward病房, 13 newborns and 12 patients in the pediatric ward[,pidɪ'ætrɪk]病房. The strike on the hospital comes on the heels of/ensuing Saudi-led coalition planes bombing two schools in northern Yemen on Saturday, killing at least 14 children. It is not the first time a hospital supported by Doctors Without Borders has been hit in Yemen. Amnesty大赦 International called the hospital attack potentially a war crime. "Deliberately/intentionally targeting medical facilities is a serious violation of international humanitarian law which would amount to等同于 a war crime. The circumstances of this attack must be thoroughly and independently investigated." //pediatrician [,pi:diə'triʃən] 儿科医生; pediatric [,pi:di'ætrik] 儿科的 //deliberate sth = consider sth very carefully; deliberately=intentionally, on purpose // amount to sth 等同于 / 意味着 |
| 麻木迟钝的人; 无精打采的人; 僵尸 (vampire) | * zombie /ˈzɒmbɪ/  1. (literal meaning) In horror stories and some religions, a zombie is a dead person who has been brought back to life, renewal or reincarnation僵尸; 行尸走肉 V.S. vampire ['væmpaɪə] n. 吸血鬼 2. [(figurative meaning)](javascript:;)You can describe someone as a zombie if their face or behaviour shows no feeling, understanding, or interest in what is going on around them. 麻木迟钝/麻木不仁的人; 无精打采的人 e.g.  Without sleep you will become a zombie at work.   如果不睡觉，工作时会变得无精打采的。 3. informal someone who moves very slowly and does not seem to be thinking about what they are doing, especially because they are very tired 〔尤指因极度疲劳而〕行动迟缓的人，无精打采的人 e.g. I walked around l ike a zombie for most of the day. 我一天大部分时间里走到哪儿都(像个僵尸/行尸走肉一样)无精打采 4. a computer that someone has secretly gained control of and uses to do things such as send spam(= unwanted emails sent to a large number of people ) 僵尸（计算机）〔被某人暗中控制用来滥发垃圾邮件等的计算机〕   e.g Zombies have taken over the streets of Seoul. No, it's not a scene from the latest Korean summer blockbuster轰动(效应)，黑马, "Train to Busan," where the living dead take control of a speeding train. Instead, these are South Korea's smartphone zombies: distracted walkers wandering/roaming the city's sidewalks, seemingly oblivious to everything except the latest text, alert, or notification on their phone. And in one of the most wired countries on the planet, where more than 80% of people own a smartphone, you don't have to go far to find them. "I almost got hit by a car while using my phone crossing the road," says 24-year-old "smartphone zombie". "I didn't think it was such a big deal, so I keep texting while walking...Maybe I don't realize how dangerous it is." Seoul's Metropolitan Government says the number of traffic accidents involving smartphones have tripled over the last five years. The data doesn't specify how many incidents involved pedestrians, or how serious their injuries were, but the number is large enough for the government to take action to raise awareness, says Kang Jin-Dong, the city's head of Transportation Operations. "Research shows about 15% of smartphone users in South Korea are addicted," says Hyun-Seob Cho, a psychologist and Professor of Addiction Rehabilitation at Chongshin University. Some of the warning signs you might be addicted, Cho says: feeling like your phone is an extension of your body, and getting nervous when you don't have your phone. // blockbuster: 1) chartbuster 2) eg The movie "Titanic" is a stunning Hollywood blockbuster好莱坞大片, which had created a great sensation (一个巨大轰动）in cinematic history. 在电影史上造成了一个巨大轰动 |
| 2. In horror stories and some religions, a **zombie (vampire)** is a dead person who has been brought back to life. 僵尸 (http://edition.cnn.com/2016/08/14/south-korea-smartphone-zombie/index.html) |
| 不是故意地，无心地 | inadvertently ['**ɪnəd**'v**ɝ:**tntli]  **[ Do sth inadvertently 不是故意地做xxx V.S. Do sth deliberately/intentionally 故意地做xxx** ] eg It's my fault. I made this mistake **inadvertently.** E.g. I did it inadvertently. |
| 8.17 |  |
| 在监狱服刑 slang | e.g. The elder Guzman is **behind bars** -- held in a Juarez, Mexico, prison as his attorneys fight efforts to extradite him to the United States. |
| 电影宣传片 | trailer: 1) the movie trailer; the trailer of the movie; 2) I'll help you call the **trailer/tow/tow car** |
| 公寓 | And the address? M: **Flat 13**, 30 Enmore Road |
| memento; souvenir; keepsake | memento [me'mentəu], A reminder of the past; a keepsake['ki:pseik], souvenir 遗物，纪念物 [souvenir shopn. 纪念品店]：eg我的朋友在离别前给我一张照片留作纪念品 My friend gave me his picture as a memento before going away. e.g. And down at the far end of this floor, youll find the section which weve called Passengers and the Sea. In this part of the museum weve gathered together a wonderful collection of souvenirs from the old days when people travelled by ship. |
| souvenir: a token of remembrance; a memento or keepsake 纪念品 eg where is the "souvenir store"? |
| 残疾 | handicapped [ handicapped kids; handicapped toilets] = disabled, is handicapped has a physical or mental disability that prevents them from living a totally normal life. e.g. I'm going to work two days a week teaching handicapped kids to fish. 我将每周工作两天教残疾儿童钓鱼。 e.g. I'sd just like to point out one or two things of general interest while were here. Handicapped toilets are located on this floor and the door shows a wheelchair. Example The cloakroom['kləukrum] where you can hang your coat or leave your bags is just behind us here. The information desk, marked with the small letter i on your plan is located right here in the foyer, so if you get separated from your friends, I suggest you make your way back to the information desk because well be returning to this spot at the end of the tour. All right? Now if you look out this window you should be able to see where the museums ships are docked. If you want to go on a tour of the old ship, the Vampire, she's docked over there and you should meet outside on the quay. Oh, I almost forgot to give you the times for that tour. Now, tours of the Vampire run on the hour every hour. All right? //cloakroom: (指公共场所让顾客寄放的)衣帽间 |
| 门厅：靠接旅馆或剧院等建筑入口处的大厅、门厅或休息室 | lobby /ˈlɒbɪ/  1. If you lobby someone such as a member of a government or council, you try to persuade them that a particular law should be changed or that a particular thing should be done. 游说 e.g. The Wilderness Society lobbied Congress to authorize the Endangered Species Act. 荒野协会游说国会批准《濒危物种法》。 => lobbyist /ˈlɒbɪɪst/ A lobbyist is someone who tries actively to persuade a government or council that a particular law should be changed or that a particular thing should be done. (游说政府或议员的)说客  2. A lobby is a group of people who represent a particular organization or campaign, and try to persuade a government or council to help or support them. 游说团体 e.g. Agricultural interests are some of the most powerful lobbies in Washington. 游说团体中的一部分。 3. In a hotel or other large building, the lobby is the area near the entrance that usually has corridors and staircases leading off it. 大厅 e.g I met her in the lobby of the museum. 我在博物馆大厅遇到了她 //foyer: The foyer is the large area where people meet or wait just inside the main doors of a building such as a theatre or hotel. (剧场、旅馆等的) 门厅 // (指公共场所让顾客寄放的)衣帽间: cloakroom |
| 在每一个小时 | [ on the hour every hour] e.g. Oh, I almost forgot to give you the times for that tour. Now, tours of the Vampire run on the hour every hour. All right? e.g. Let's get our coats at the cloakroom衣帽间 and not come back. e.g. ...a cloakroom attendant.…一名衣帽间服务员。 e.g. I'sd just like to point out one or two things of general interest while were here. Handicapped toilets are located on this floor and the door shows a wheelchair. Example The cloakroom where you can hang your coat or leave your bags is just behind us here. The information desk, marked with the small letter i on your plan is located right here in the foyer, so if you get separated from your friends, I suggest you make your way back to the information desk because well be returning to this spot at the end of the tour. All right? Now if you look out this window you should be able to see where the museums ships are docked. If you want to go on a tour of the old ship, the Vampire, she's docked over there and you should meet outside on the quay. Oh, I almost forgot to give you the times for that tour. Now, tours of the Vampire run on the hour every hour. All right? //five years to date: 五年前的今天 |
| 多配偶习俗 | **Polygamy [pɔ'liɡəmi]** is the custom in some societies in which someone can be legally married to more than one **spouse/person** at the same time. |
| xxx就在xxx这条路上 slang | it's up <Rd name> e.g. The parking lot? It**'s up this road**. 停车场？ 它就在这条路上 eg. The parking lot **is up** the Library Rd. |
| 8.19 |  |
| (为办公、婚礼、派对, 飞机餐 in-flight food/meals/dishes 等的) 餐饮供应者; 酒席承办者 | caterer ['ketərɚ]: caterers are people or companies that provide food and drink for a place such as an office or for special occasions such as weddings and parties, or even for airlines, such as providing the in-flight food/meals/dishes. e.g The caterer of the Turkish Airline, Do & Co is renowned to create some of the best in-flight dishes飞机餐 i in the world e.g The caterers were already laying out the tables for lunch in sb's wedding party. 酒宴承办者已经在摆午餐的饭桌了  caterer ['ketərɚ]: (为办公、婚礼、派对等的) **餐饮供应者**; 酒席承办者;  **the catering college 烹饪学校**  // 飞机餐 in-flight food/meal/services |
| 美食家 美食爱好者: | e.g. foodies/gourmet are people who enjoy cooking and eating different kinds of food, especially appreciating the pros and cons of the food 美食家; .e.g Other neighbourhoods in the city offer foodies a choice of Chinese, Portuguese or Greek food. 城里的其他街区为美食爱好者提供了中国菜、葡式菜及希腊菜等多种选择 //best, bestie; free, freebie; food, foodie |
| 小儿麻痹症 | ['pəuliəu] polio: A highly infectious/contagious viral disease that chiefly affects children and, in its acute forms, causes inflammation发炎 of motor neurons of the spinal cord and brainstem, leading to paralysis, muscular atrophy, and often deformity. Through vaccination, the disease is preventable. [inflamed gums; inflammation: [医]炎症, 发炎] |
| 适于居住的 http://edition.cnn.com/2016/08/18/travel/most-livable-city-2016/index.html | livable = habitable = inhabitable 适于居住的 [the most livable/habitable/inhabitable city; the least livable city = the most uninhabitable city ] e.g. Singapore is one of the topc 10 most livable cities in the world in 2015, and Syrian is the most uninhabitable country in the world. E.g It's reported that tChengdu is the most the livable/habitable city in China mainland; and XinJiang is the most uninhabitable不适宜居住的 or the least livable. e.g. For the sixth year in a row/consecutively 连续6年, the Australian city has topped the Economist Intelligence Unit's ranking of the world's most livable/habitable/inhabitable cities. The list, which considers stability, healthcare, culture and environment, education and infrastructure to arrive at a rating out of 100, gave Melbourne an overall score of 97.5. Close behind is the Austrian capital Vienna [vi'enə], with 97.4, and Canada's Vancouver with 97.3 — positions both cities also held in 2015. Inevitably, the world's least livable cities/the most uninhabitable cities are those blighted by祸起于 war, poverty and political turmoil/ferment -- or all three. Syria's capital, the war-torn/war-ravaged city, ranks bottom of the 140 cities //适于居住的 livable/habitable/inhabitable v.s uninhabitable; [the most livable/habitable/inhabitable city; the least livable city = the most uninhabitable city ] //a war-torn city, a w ar-ravaged nation 受战争蹂躏的 //ferment: lemon ferment酵素; brew/in the womb: xxx事件在发酵中; political turmoil/ferment 动乱 |
| 不适宜居住的 | uninhabitable [,ʌnin'hæbitəbl] e.g. Singapore is one of the topc 10 most livable/habitable cities in the world, and Syrian is the most uninhabitable country in the world. E.g It's reported tha tChengdu is the most the livable/habitable city in China mainland; and XinJiang is the most uninhabitable不适宜居住的. e.g. For the sixth year in a row连续6年, the Australian city has topped the Economist Intelligence Unit's ranking of the world's most livable/habitable/inhabitable cities. The list, which considers stability, healthcare, culture and environment, education and infrastructure to arrive at a rating out of 100, gave Melbourne an overall score of 97.5. Close behind is the Austrian capital Vienna [vi'enə], with 97.4, and Canada's Vancouver with 97.3 — positions both cities also held in 2015. Inevitably, the world's least livable cities are those blighted by祸起于 war, poverty and political turmoil/ferment -- or all three. Syria's capital, the war-torn/war-ravaged city, ranks bottom of the 140 cities //适于居住的 livable/habitable/inhabitable v.s uninhabitable; [the most livable/habitable/inhabitable city; the least livable city = the most uninhabitable city ] //a war-torn city, a w ar-ravaged nation 受战争蹂躏的 //ferment: lemon ferment酵素; brew/in the womb: xxx事件在发酵中; political turmoil/ferment 动乱 |
| 维也纳（奥地利首都） | Vienna: [vi'enə] the capital and largest city of Austria; is one of the most livable/habitable/inhabitable cities in the world. E.g For the sixth year in a row/consecutively 连续6年, the Australian city has topped the Economist Intelligence Unit's ranking of the world's most livable/habitable/inhabitable cities. The list, which considers stability, healthcare, culture and environment, education and infrastructure to arrive at a rating out of 100, gave Melbourne an overall score of 97.5. Close behind is the Austrian capital Vienna [vi'enə], with 97.4, and Canada's Vancouver with 97.3 — positions both cities also held in 2015. Inevitably, the world's least livable cities are those that are blighted by祸起于 war, poverty and political turmoil/ferment/unrest -- or all three. Syria's capital, the mos war-torn/ravaged city, ranks bottom of the 140 cities //适于居住的 livable/habitable/inhabitable v.s uninhabitable; [the most livable/habitable/inhabitable city; the least livable city = the most uninhabitable city ] //a war-torn city, a war-ravaged nation 受战争蹂躏的 //ferment: lemon ferment酵素; brew/in the womb: xxx事件在发酵中; political turmoil/ferment 动乱 |
| 祸起于 (xxx e.g. war, poverty) | by blighted by sth[blaɪt] E.g For the sixth year in a row连续6年, the Australian city has topped the ranking of the world's most livable/habitable/inhabitable cities. Inevitably, the world's least livable cities are those that are blighted by 祸起于 war, poverty and political turmoil/unrest/ferment -- or all three. Syria's capital, the mos war-torn/ravaged city, ranks bottom of the 140 cities //适于居住的 livable/habitable/inhabitable v.s uninhabitable; [the most livable/habitable/inhabitable city; the least livable city = the most uninhabitable city ] //a war-torn city, a war-ravaged nation 受战争蹂躏的 //ferment: lemon ferment酵素; brew/in the womb: xxx事件在发酵中; political turmoil/ferment 动乱 |
| 停滞/疲软的经济 | sluggish economy //economic **meltdown;** economic **recession** |
| 磁力悬浮火车 | maglev train; magnet ['mæɡ**ni**t], magnetic [mæɡ'**netik]** |
| lackluster | lackluster /'læk,lʌstə/ adj. 1. lacking brilliance or vitality; a dull lackluster life; 近义词：lacklustrelusterlesslustreless 2. lacking luster or shine; staring with lackluster eyes n. 无光泽；暗淡 dulnesssomberness adj. 无光泽的；平凡的 ordinarystock e.g. Last week, Hewlett-Packard pointed to double-digit revenue growth in China as a rare bright spot in an otherwise **lackluster** earnings report. 上星期，惠普公司在中国的收入增长达到两位数，是暗淡无光的收益报表里少有的一缕亮色。 e.g. Many blamed the lackluster showing on No Child Left Behind, the 2001 federal law that requires schools to test students in math and reading, but not science. 许多人归咎于死板的2001年的联邦法律，不让一个孩子掉队，要求学校测试学生数学和阅读，而不测试科学。  3. Last season felt lackluster at times, but with each day bringing little teases like this, we find ourselves getting more and more excited for the upcoming fifth season.  在上一季中，我们会时不时感到乏味，但是伴随着每天这样的小挑逗，我们发现我们越来越为即将到来的第五季而感到兴奋不已。 |
| inflatable |  |
| n 浏览 | "run down", a quick run down on sth e.g Now following on from what we were discussing last week in Susans tutorial on approaches to marketing, you were going to give us a quick run down on a new strategy for pricing which is now being used by many large companies known as revenue management  before we go on to your actual tutorial paper on Sales Targets. Is that correct? |
| coronary | artery |
| 8.20 |  |
| slang 脂溶性维生素 v.s. 水溶性维生素 | fat soluble vitamin V.S. water soluble vitamin ['vɪtəmɪn,] |
| 不愿道歉的 不认错的 | unapologetic / **ʌnə'** po/ unwilling to make or express an apology even though/if/whereas you are exactly wrong //unawareness [**,ʌnə**'wɛrnɪs] |
| 读书是我逃离现实的方法。 | Reading's my escape. = a kind of vacation from my real time. For me, reading is an escape. |
| 人越多，越开心 | Of course, you can come to the party! **The more, the merrier**   **//The sooner, the better 越快越好** |
| genres of books |  |
| 垃圾似的；无价值的 slang | If you describe something as trashy, you think it is of very poor quality. 质量极差的 [一些垃圾爱情小说 some trashy romance novel] e.g I was reading some trashy romance novel. 我当时正在阅读一些垃圾爱情小说 e.g Some people say crime fiction is trashy. I don't agree. I think it tells us about the society we live in. 有人说犯罪小说不值得看，我不同意。 |
| 一直，始终 | **of all time;**  e.g. It's my most favorite book **of all time.** The main character, Holden Caulfield, tells the story from a **psychiatric** hospital. E.g. this's my favoriate movie **of all time** |
| 从前 slang | Once upo**n a** time e.g. Once upo**n a** time, there was a handsome prince. //Every once in a while 偶尔 |
| 充满好奇心 | **on tiptoe with curiosity** = be full of curiosity; **stimulate/pique** sb's curiosity //tiptoe: the tip of the toe |
| 孤独症患者(常指儿童); [心理][内科] 孤独症；自我中心主义 | autistic; autism ['ɔ:tizəm] [ 自闭症 autism disorder; 自闭症光谱 autism-spectrum disorder ] (psychiatry) an abnormal absorption with the self; marked by communication disorders and short attention span and inability to treat others as people // I don't have long attention span for the action movie, normally i'm sleepy... |
| 自不必说 | needless to say e.g. Many of you have worked closely with Jean and know that she's been a stellar team-member, a storehouse of knowledge and a pillar of help and support at DataPower, and before that with several other IBM teams. I have witnessed first-hand her integrity, personal responsibility, dedication to IBM and selfless attitude, which has led the ID team to its many successes. As a co-worker and as a human being I've learnt and benefitted immensely from her presence amongst us. So needless to say, I'd rather she'd stay longer....but retirement is such a well-deserved milestone that its hard to deny its pull either. |
| 大量的连续的（报道，丑闻，工作 xxx) ; 倾泻一场突发的洪水 slang | spate [speit] [ a spate of sth: huge massive, extremely considerable or tremendous sth 如洪水一般多的, 大量的连续的（报道，丑闻，工作 xxx) a spate of reports 大量的连续的报道; a spate of laughing 一阵连续的大笑; a spate of words, burst into a spate of words 突然说了一大堆话 , burst into a spate of laughing, a spate of orders 一大批连续的定货单; a spate of terror attacks; ] e.g “It issues a spate of words from the loudspeakers and the politicians“ “通过喇叭从政治家嘴里突然传出一大串话; eg His job is so hilarious/funny so that all of us burst into a spate of laughing. [a deluge of junk emails 纷至沓来的来信; a deluge of workload: 纷至沓来：某事物过多（如同洪水淹没一样） [spat: a brief and minor quarrel/altercation, skirmish. 小争吵 口角; eg the lover's spat 口角; the couple's spat 夫妻间的小争吵 eg After their "lover's spat", they become so grody肉麻的 again. |
| spate: 1. a sudden flood, freshet(河水猛涨,涨水) , deluge, rush, or downpouring: 倾泻一场突发的洪水 2. spate: a sudden heavy fall of rain= downpour, deluge 突然的暴雨或降水, 倾盆大雨 The heavy spate/downpour block the road. // deluge:a freshet(河水猛涨,涨水) resulting from a downpour of rain or melting of snow.河水猛涨：因暴雨或融雪造成的河水猛涨或泛滥; The river is in spate/freshet.河水猛涨。 |
| spate V.S. spat: [ spat[spæt]: a minor and brief quarrel, **altercation,** or skirmish 小争吵 口角 have a spat with sb about sth = altercate with sb about sth] |
| (文章、学说等的)剽窃, 抄袭 | plagiarism; plagiarize ['pleidʒəraiz] e.g The act of plagiarizing ; Something plagiarized. (文章、学说等的)剽窃, 抄袭 eg Before the exam, let's emphasize the ground rules: prohibit the plagiarism. Eg He, a famous literature master, is accused of a novel plagiarism. |
| **pirate 海盗； 盗版 the faked；侵犯专利权者 sb who infringes patent or copyright -> piracy: 海盗行为；剽窃 plagiarism；著作权侵害；非法翻印** |
| 前提是如果 (你xxx)…才会… slang | [ 前提是如果 xxx, provided that xxx. ] If you say that something will happen provided or provided that something else happens, you mean that the first thing will happen only if the second thing also happens. 前提是如果…才会… eg The other banks are going to be very eager to help, provided that they see that he has a specific financial and payback plan. 前提是如果他有一个具体的计划，其他的银行才会非常渴望提供资助 e.g. A) Does that mean that I can get a nice job after graducation B) Well yes, provided that your performance in university is pretty good. //考虑到 xxxx: given that xxx |
| 谎报; 错误的陈述 | misstatement a misstatement is an incorrect statement, or the giving of false information. 错误的陈述; 谎报 e.g. She is accused of business fraud/scam and sentenced to prision for 5 years. The Fraud/Scam Bureau said it discovered "misstatements谎报 and omissions遗漏" in information that it provided about the consultants in applications for export financing for some of its customers. Finally, during the interrogation, she conceded that she falsified some finacial report. //伪造；篡改 (文件xxx) : falsify sth or manipulate sth // business fraud/scam: 商业诈骗 //concede sth=to acknowledge or admit sth often reluctantly or unwillingly as being true, just, or proper 通常是不情愿地承认 xxx 是真的、公正或合适的; |
| 通常是不情愿地承认 xxx 是真的、公正或合适的; | concede sth=to acknowledge or admit sth often reluctantly or unwillingly as being true, just, or proper 通常是不情愿地承认 xxx 是真的、公正或合适的; eg. Getting information on the status of flights from official flight website was particularly frustrating for passengers. Delta conceded(常指不情愿地) 承认 during the **ground stop** that it was having trouble providing accurate flight status on airport departure boards because of computer system outage. The airline said if a flight is canceled or significantly delayed, passengers will be entitled/authorized to a refund, though/whereas it did not specify what is considered "significantly" delayed.  //飞机禁止起降程序**ground stop**  //If you are entitled to something to do sth, you have the right to have it or do it. 使有权; // sb. be empowered to sth = they have authority or power to do 给sb.授权做xxx |
| 对（某人）让步屈服 | concede to (sb.) concession = yield to = succumb [sə'kʌm] to : 对（某人）让步屈服; To make a concession; yield: 作出让步 // If you succumb to temptation or pressure, you do something that you want to do, or that other people want you to do, although you feel it might be wrong. (向诱惑、压力) 屈服 e.g. Don't succumb to the temptation to have just one cigarette. 不要屈服于只抽一支烟的诱惑 |
| 停电，停水，停网 | outage: a temporary suspension of operation, eg electric power, water, or Internet. An outage is a period of time when the electricity or water supply to a building or area is interrupted, for example, because of damage to the cables or to the plumbs水管道 [ 停电 power outage，停水 water outage，停网 Internet outage]  eg Any outage, either power outage or water outage, can be deadly/lethal in a winter storm like this. And at one point an entire island was in the dark. Four hours after the power outage, Anna felt her contractions宫缩 coming on overnight Monday. After getting the OK from Hartford police to break the travel ban, she drove in and settled into the hospital in time and gave birth to her first child at Hospital -- with a few lights on and some heat, thanks to the facility's generator. //She expects to be confined at the end of May. 她预计五月末分娩; difficult confinement: 难产 |
| 1. 停电，断电2**实行新闻封锁** | [ˈblækaʊt] blackout   1. a period of darkness caused by a failure of the electricity supply, blackout = power outage 停电，断电= [SYN](javascript:;) POWER CUT 2. (figurative meaning) a situation in which particular pieces of news or information are not allowed to be reported新闻封锁 [**实行新闻封锁 impose a news blackout on xxx]** e.g. As the crisis worsened, the authorities **imposed a news blackout** . 危机逐渐加深，当局 实行了新闻封锁。 3. a period during a war when all the lights in a town or city must be turned off〔战时的〕灯火管制   **e.g.** A **power outage** at the world's busiest airport left thousands of passengers stranded in dark terminals and in planes sitting on the tarmac, as **a ground stop飞机禁止飞降** for Atlanta's Hartsfield-Jackson International disrupted air travel across the United States, **bringing the transportation hub into a standstill**. The **blackout** cut power in the terminals, leaving passengers stranded in the dark as they stood in line at gates and security checkpoints... |
| 最后说一下（但并非它不重要）, means: 虽然最后才提到，但是还是满重要的。。 | **Last but not least,** xxx e.g. Last but not least, I wanna be able to spend more time with family, you know, **the quality time,** and friends. 最后说一下（但并非它不重要），我希望能够花更多的与家人和朋友的时间 |
| 强制执行 (rule, regulation) | enforce a rule A) Well, you know that we expect at least 90% **atttendance出勤率** in our university B) Wow, the **attendance** is very high. Do they **enforce that rule**? A) Yes, we're pretty strict about it |
| t.演讲； vi. 讲课；讲演 | I lecture on that program 讲课 |
| 应该把……归功于 | owe xxx to sb; e.g I must owe my success to my mother, who is the stronges backup for me. 　　E.g The pilot successfully controls the plane that ditched on the water finally, saving 50 people's life. All survived passenger said "We owe our lifes to the seasoned skills of the pilot". However, the pilot replied modestly/humbly "it's just my work". //seasoned: exceptionally experienced　相当有经验　　 //modest, modestly, humble　谦逊的　　　//海上迫降　ditched on the water, //ditch sb. = abandon sb抛弃 |
| 患病的；受挫折的；受…(干旱, 洪水)侵袭而遭殃的sb. slang | stricken ['strikən] **[ the drought stricken farmers 受干旱袭击而遭殃的农民； the flood/deluge stricken citizens 受洪水袭击而遭殃的市民; the earthquake stricken citizens 受地震袭击而遭殃的市民， the famine stricken farmers 受饥荒袭击而遭殃的农民]** |
| 电车轨道； vt. 用煤车运载； vi. 乘电车 | tram; I'm waiting for my tram, which **is due to arrive** at the train station at 5:10. //按理 (按预期）该做某事 |
| 变弯曲; n. 皮带扣; (皮带等的) 带扣 | buckle V) 变弯曲; 把(button, belt)扣起来 n. 皮带扣; (皮带等的) 带扣e.g. There are two buckles at the front of my briefcase, see the gold-plated ones. E.g. It's so hot in the West that the scorching灼热的 heat is breaking/shattering records, causing massive power outages and prompting flight cancellations. It was such a scorcher酷热的天/大热天! Because of the record-breaking/shattering temperature, the heat could've been a factor as four lanes of Highway began to buckle变弯曲 on Sunday. Drivers reported the giant cracks/fissures [木] 裂缝；裂 forming on the road and the lanes were repaired. Las Vegas was also scorching灼热的 and tied an all-time/unprecedented 史无前例的 record high at 117 degrees Fahrenheit on Tuesday. |
| 按理 (按预期）该做某事 slang | be due to do sth. E.g Passengers on Twitter reported problems -- including the inability to check in or being stranded on the tarmac/apron -- from airports around the world, including San Francisco, Rome and Athens. Jackie, who was due to travel按理 (按预期)该做某事 from Las Vegas to Minneapolis, tweeted that the airline set up a makeshift shelter and handed out blankets to passengers who wanted to get some sleep on the floor of the terminal. //应该干…: be supposed to do sth //一串头发a strand of hairs; 一串线 a strand of threads |
| 1. 放射性核辐射 2. 附带(的不好的)结果 | fallout (n) 1. 放射性核辐射 2. 附带(的不好的)结果 1) [放射性核辐射 radioactive fallout ['redɪo'æktɪv]] Fallout is the radiation that affects a particular place or area after a nuclear explosion has taken place. 核辐射 (radiation; radioactive) e.g They were exposed to radioactive fallout during nuclear weapons tests. 他们在核武器试验过程中暴露于放射性核辐射。 //radiator: (heater)散热器/暖气片；辐射体 |
| 2) [附带,衍生出来(的不好的)结果 the fallout from sth = the unpleasant ramifications deriving from sth] If you refer to the fallout from something that has happened, you mean the unpleasant （bad or negative) consequences that follow it. e.g. Grundy lost his job in the fallout from the incident. 格伦迪因该事故丢了工作。 e.g. The fallout from Brexit, such as the tumbling pounds and U.S. dollars in stock market. |
| pappa pigs |  |
| 水坑，泥潭；胶土（由粘土与水和成，不透水） vt. 使泥泞，搅浑；把…捣制成胶土；搅炼；用胶土填塞 vi. 搅泥浆；在水坑中嬉戏 | 水坑/水潭/泥潭: puddles; 泥潭 muddy puddles; a mixture of wet clay and sand that can be used to line a pond and that is impervious to water when dry e.g. I had a friend who helped plumb his sink and I have to hire a mason ['meisən] 泥瓦匠 to repair other imcomplete areas of this building, especially the puddles水坑/水潭 in the living room.... 安装他的下水管道； //['meisən] mason 泥瓦匠 V.S. mansion ['mænʃən] n. 大厦；宅邸；府邸 GuoJingjing's mansion in HK //水管 plumb [plʌm]; plumbing, plumber 水管工； |
| 嬉水池 | the p**a**ddling pool: a p**ad**dling pool is a shallow artificial pool for children to play in |
| swimming costume | swimming costume = > swimming cap; swimming goggles,  **泳裤　trunks or swimming trunks (for male)**, swimming suit (for ladies) |
| 值得注意的；显著的 | noteworthy ['nəut,wə:ði] worthy of notice, a fact or event that is noteworthy is interesting, remarkable, or significant in some way. 值得关注的 e.g. It is noteworthy that the programme has been shifted from its original August slot to July. 该节目从最初的8月档移到7月值得关注。 e..g I found nothing particularly noteworthy to report. 我没什么特别值得关注的事情可报告。 The most noteworthy feature of the list is that there are no women on it. 该名单最值得关注的是上面没有女性 |
| vt. 歼灭； (彻底）毁灭 xxx; 彻底击败sb/彻底打败sb；废止 | **annihilate sth:** To annihilate something means to destroy it completely. (彻底）毁灭 There are lots of ways of annihilating the planet. 有很多**（彻底）毁灭**那个星球的方式; annihilation 例： ...the threat of nuclear war and annihilation of the human race. …核战争与人类**毁灭**的威胁 |
| **annihilate sb:** If you annihilate someone in a contest or argument, you totally defeat them. 彻底击败sb/彻底打败sb. E.g. The Dutch annihilated the Olympic champions 5-0. 荷兰队以5-0 **彻底打败**了奥运会冠军队 |
| 8.20 |  |
| 服罪；[经]被告服罪 | Sb.(the defendant) pleads guilty |
| 物超所值 | **It's well worth the money.**  The tickets to 'West Side Story' were really expensive, but the show **was well worth the money.** |
| 共谋,阴谋勾结 | collusion, collusive, collusively: conspiracy, plot collusion: a secret agreement settled down between two or more parties for an illegal, unethical,fraudulent and deceitful欺诈的 purpose.共谋勾结骗人的，欺诈的; [be collusion with sb= conspire with sb 与... 串通［勾结]. eg The attorney, in collusion with the witnesses, put the innocent defendant into prison. [fraud: business fraud 商业欺诈; fraudulent = deceitful 欺诈的诈骗的] |
| eg No laws will ever stop the insider trading, collusion, monopoly, labor abuse, pollution, planned obsolescence or the like...  任何法律都不会消除内部交易，合谋，垄断，滥用劳动力，污染，计划报废或类似现象… eg it is good to avoid the dictatorship/anthoritarian system and authority of the collusion. 避免专政和权力的勾结。 |
| 欺骗,欺诈；行骗 | deceive, deceit, deception, deceptive; [ deceive sb into = sucker sb. into doing= cheat sb, practise deception on sb; 欺骗大众：deceive the public = practise deception on the public; deceive sb with tricky words 用花言巧语欺骗某人]; If you deceive someone, you make them believe something that is not true by using some malicious tricks, usually in order to get some advantage for yourself ,especially money.欺骗 e.g. He deliberately/intentinally deceived us = he practised decepiton on us deliberately/intentionally.他有意地欺骗我们。 //business fraud/scam/shenanigan |
| fraud; fraudulent | fraudulent/deceitful/deceptive 欺诈的诈骗的 [business fraud/scam/shenanigan [ʃɪ'nænɪɡən] 商业诈骗]; eg He is indicted for 3 counts of business frauds商业诈骗 and money laundering洗黑钱 by making the falsification/manipulation of account造假帐 and ID impersonation (假冒身份); eg At the beginning of the court hearing, the witness must take an oath for the integrity&honesty compliance for all accounts记述; however, it's manifest at a glance一目了然 that he breached/infringed the complianced for his falsification/distortion of facts 歪曲事实 and he will face 1000 U.S fine //篡改 falsify account/file = manipulate account/file |
| 骗局诓骗, 欺诈; 诡计 | scam [skæm]=fraud, shenanigan [ʃɪ'nænɪɡən] [保险欺诈: insurance scam/fraud/shenanigan; 商业欺诈：business scam/fraud/shenanigan] 　　scam or shenanigan is a fraudulent or deceptive business scheme, plot or conspiracy, scam = business fraud or business shenanigan; v.deprive of by deceit eg For example, my friend wanted help with the insurance scam/fraud/shenanigan because he needed the money. 例如我的朋友之所以请求我帮忙做保险欺诈是因为他急需用钱 eg One early thought is that it could cut down on phishing and other online scam attempts. 减少钓鱼网站和其它在线的骗局企图 |
| 哄骗，骗钱 | con /kɒn/ |TEM8 (conningconnedcons) 1. V-T If someone cons you, they persuade you to do something or believe something by telling you things that are not true. 哄骗，骗钱 =》 a trickster is a person who deceives, scams, or cheats people, often in order to get money from them by conducting business fraud/scam/shenanigan. (常指诈骗钱财的)骗子 • He claimed that the businessman had conned him of $10,000.   他声称那个商人骗了他1万美元。 • White conned his way into a job as a warehouseman with Dutch airline, KLM.   怀特骗到了一份在荷兰皇家航空公司做仓库管理员的工作。 2. N-COUNT A con is a trick in which someone deceives you by telling you something that is not true. 骗局 • Snacks that offer miraculous weight loss are a con.   那些可以神速减肥的快餐食品是个骗局。 3. N-COUNT an argument or vote against a proposal, motion, etc 反对的理由; 反对的投票 |
| (常指诈骗钱财的)骗子; 骗术师; | • trickster /ˈtrɪkstə/:  o a trickster is a person who deceives, scams, or cheats people, often in order to get money from them by conducting business fraud/scam/shenanigan. (常指诈骗钱财的)骗子; 骗术师; a trickster = magician [mə'dʒɪʃ(ə)n] 魔术师 |
| 欢腾的，欢欣的 | jubilant ( ['dʒu:bi**lənt**] 欢腾的，欢欣的 : joyful and happy  **[ jubilant supporters　欢欣鼓舞的支持者** ); jubilize; 　 jubilation( [,dʒu:bi'leiʃən] 庆祝活动) e.g. The team were greeted by thousands of **jubilant supporters** 欢欣鼓舞的支持者.  e.g. **Throngs of** jubil**a**nt **revelers**成群的 兴高采烈的 狂欢者 packed cities around the globe to usher in 2018 with public celebrations and fireworks, despite fears of terrorism and even the frigid **inclement weather狂风暴雨的天气** in some places.  //flocks of birds; herds of horses/sheeps; throngs of people //cleft sentence: What I need is (that) you love me only forever. |
| jubilation: is a celebration or other expression of joy. 庆祝活动 To celebrate CDL 15th anniversary, we wil have a fantastic **jubilation.庆祝活动** |
| 恶意/蓄意破坏（战争中百姓或敌军势力进行的）对财产的破坏或对正常秩序的阻挠 | 恶意/蓄意破坏（战争中百姓或敌军势力进行的）对财产的破坏或对正常秩序的阻挠sabotage sth: maclicious/spiteful/venoed destruction of property or obstruction of normal operations deliberately, as by civilians or enemy agents, or insurgents叛乱者；起义者 in time of war; sabotage sth=destroy sth deliberately/intentionally, especially with spiteful or malicious venom, as through acts of vandalism, normally in order to hinder/hamper/impede a project . 暗中破坏/故意捣乱 (为击败或阻碍一项目标或努力而进行的不忠行为； [对……进行蓄意破坏/阴谋破坏 To commit sabotage/vandalism against; engage in sabotage 从事破坏; sabotage the peace蓄意破坏和平; sabotage an agreement 蓄意破坏协定] eg In the massacre/holocaust/carnage, The ISIS terrorists not only killed dozes of innocent children, but sabotaged the Muslim mosques - the jewelry of the Muslim history. |
| 蓄意破坏(公共或私人财产), 尤指文化、艺术品的破坏) | 蓄意破坏(公共或私人财产), 尤指文化、艺术品的破坏) vandalize/vandalise, vadalization; vandalism (n): sabotage: malicious/spiteful/venomed destruction of public or private property, especially targeting the art or literature works. [cyber-vandalism; 对……进行蓄意破坏/阴谋破坏 To commit sabotage/vandalism against; engage in sabotage/vandalism 从事蓄意破坏] eg The invaders vandalized the museum, smashing the precious antiques 入侵者肆意破坏博物馆 eg Regarding the Internet outage issue, U.S. President told CNN on Sunday that the cyber-hack was "an act of cyber-vandalism that was very costly, very expensive" but that he didn't consider it an act of war. //恶意；怨恨 malice['mælis], spite, venom; spiteful, malicious, venomed ; |
| 8.23 |  |
|  |  |
| 小火灾 | shack fires |
| haunt, haunting 萦绕心头 (，萦绕于心头的；给人以强烈感受的) | To visit often; frequent: 经常拜访；常去： haunted the movie theaters.经常去电影院 To come to mind continually 时常萦绕心头；使困窘： a **riddle** that haunted me all morning.一个 像迷一样的难题 绕 了我整个上午; Fisherman finds no peace when he lies down at night. The hundreds of dead or missing passengers from the capsized ferry disaster haunt his sleep. |
| haunting: Haunting sounds, images, or words remain in your thoughts because they are very beautiful or sad. 令人难忘的; e.g The haunting image of five-year-old Omran, shocked and bloodied in the back of an ambulance after being pulled from the rubble and debries of his home, graphically captures the horrific situation facing Syria's children -- and makes it easy to understand why parents would take their children on the desperate, arduous['ɑ:djuəs] journey to Europe.But the war followed them as they fled to Idlib in the north of the country. After a bomb hit their home, Ahmed's mother took them across the border into Turkey where they paid smugglers to take them across perilous waters in an overcrowded boat to the Greek islands. Ahmed's family were locked up with more than 3,000 other people in Moria detention center, closed off from the outside world by barbed wire fences. The family were later removed from detention but remain stranded in Greece, like nearly 60,000 other refugees and migrants. Onward routes to Europe are mostly shut off. If it was up to some European leaders, most would simply be deported back to Turkey. This desperate situation is being played out across Europe. Almost a third of refugees and migrants crossing the Mediterranean to Europe are children. Many of them traveling alone, vulnerable to exploitation, or separated from their families along the way, sometimes by the authorities themselves. //mug: a mug of sparkling coffee; she's a mugger/robber; smug, smugness: sb who is very **complacent [kəm'pleɪs(ə)nt] , big-headed, arrogant, or cocky;**  //arduous['ɑ:djuəs]: Something that is arduous is difficult and tiring, and involves a lot of effort. 艰难的 e.g. ...a long, hot and arduous trip. …一段漫长、灼热、艰难的旅程 |
| 起立鼓掌；起立致敬 | **[ a standing ovation:**  If a speaker or performer gets a standing ovation when they have finished speaking or performing, the audience stands up to clap in order to show its admiration or support. 起立鼓掌 ] e.g. "Prime Minister was feeling unsteady because of prolonged standing, heat and dehydration [,di:hai'dreiʃən]. His heart is fine and he did not have a stroke," the account said on Sunday. But viewers were left hanging in nervous anticipation, after the Prime Minister's "half-hour break" turned into an hour and then stretched even longer (in stretcher/gurney) . Eventually, after almost an hour and a half, a smiling Lee returned to the stage to **a standing ovation起立鼓掌** to finish his speech. |
| (政府，政党的）　宣言；告示 | A manifesto is a statement published by a person or group of people, especially a political party, or a government, in which they say what their aims and policies are. 宣言 [communist manifesto共产党宣言（现代共产主义学说发展史上的第一部经典，由马克思和恩格斯合著）]  e.g. The Republicans are currently drawing up their election manifesto. 共和党人目前正在起草他们的竞选宣言 |
| 智囊团 | think tank = brain trust; A group or an institution organized for intensive research and solving of problems, especially in the areas of technology, social or political strategy, or armament. e.g. Inflation is expected to quadruple (four times) to nearly 4% in less than a year, making everyday items much more expensive. The independent British think tank/brain trust forecasts that inflation will rise sharply and peak at 3.9% in the third quarter of 2017 as a result of a crash in the devaluation of the pound (英镑的贬值） triggered by the U.K.'s decision to leave the European Union.  eg "The Baby Boomers' nest eggs have shrunk dramatically in recent years," said the vice president at The Demand Institute, a non-profit think tank/brain trust run by the Conference Board. Financially, this "Baby boom generation婴儿潮时期" is not necessarily ready for retirement, and half of their assets are tied up in their homes. e.g In a joint statement联合声明, current Singaporean President praised Nathan for establishing the Institute for Defence and Strategic Studies, an influential think tank/brain trust in Southeast Asia, and the President's Challenge, an annual philanthropic[,filən'θrɔpik] campaign. In 2009, Nathan signed off on the unprecedented/all-tim use of $4.9 billion from Singapore's national reserves 国家物资储备 to curb (control&limit) the effects of the Great Recession/Depression (经济大萧条）. As the economy recovered, he decided not to resign. //A baby boomer is someone who was born during a baby boom, especially during the years after the end of the Second World War. 出生于婴儿潮时期的人，尤指二次大战后生育高峰出生的人 //sign off on sth: [美国俚语](非正式同意/未经签字而) 批准(协议、计划等)： |
| [美国俚语](非正式同意/未经签字而) 批准(协议、计划等)： | [sign off on sth; sign off on a file/contract/plan] e.g In a joint statement联合声明, current Singaporean President praised Nathan for establishing the Institute for Defence and Strategic Studies, an influential think tank/brain trust in Southeast Asia, and the President's Challenge, an annual philanthropic[,filən'θrɔpik] campaign. In 2009, Nathan signed off on the unprecedented/all-tim use of $4.9 billion from Singapore's national reserves 国家物资储备 to curb (control&limit) the effects of the Great Recession/Depression (经济大萧条）. As the economy recovered, he decided not to resign. 　　　　　//[the baby-boom generation 婴儿潮时期, 生育高峰, a baby-boomer: 出生于婴儿潮时期的人，尤指二次大战后生育高峰出生的人] a sudden, large increase in the birthrate, especially the one in the United States after World War II from 1947 through 1961. baby-boomer: a member of a baby-boom generation. 在婴儿潮时期出生的一员 |
| 哄骗 | con sb into doing e.g. A man **conned seven investors into givin**g him $165,000 to produce a fake Broadway play, the Manhattan District Attorney's Office said Friday. Prosecutors indicted/accused former talent agent Roland Scahill, 41. He is accused of criminal possession of stolen property, grand larceny盗窃；盗窃罪 and scheme to defraud 进行诈骗. Prosecutors said Scahill conned哄骗 seven people, most of whom were his friends, by convincing them he was producing a play about famed opera singer Kathleen Battle called "The KB Project." =**> co[n a]rtist, con man:** someone who tricks or deceives people in order to get money from them by conducting business fraud/scam/shenanigan 骗钱的人 |
| (fugitive criminals) 逍遥法外; (动物因未关好而)到处乱跑；自由自在；行动不受限制 | [ on the loose] e.g Cops are still manhunting the fugitive criminals/outlaw(在逃的)逃犯 on the loose. E.g. It's reported that at least three fugitive criminals are on the loose. 逍遥法外. //the fugitive criminal; the fugitive suspect ; //An outlaw is a criminal who is hiding from the authorities, an outlaw = a fugitive criminal 逃犯 e.g. Jesse was an outlaw, a bandit, a criminal. 杰西曾是个逃犯、土匪、罪犯 |
| 极光 | aurora [ɔ:'rɔ:rə] [ aurora borealis [,bɔ:ri'ælis] = Northern lights 北极光; aurora australis [ɔ:'streilis 南极光 ] an atmospheric phenomenon consisting of bands, curtains, or streamers, or beams of light, usually green, red, or yellow, that move across the sky, similar with rainbow, in polar regions. It is caused by collisions between air molecules and charged particles from the sun that are trapped in the earth's magnetic[mæg'nɛtɪk] field e.g. In arctic or antarctic, you have chances to see the aurora //molecule: ['mɑlɪkjul] [化学] 分子；微小颗粒，微粒 V.S. particle 微粒; 极小量 //maglev train; magnet, magnetic |
| 扣篮，塞投（篮球动作） | slam dunk; //slam the basketball = the slam dunk; slam the door |
| 旅社，招待所（尤指青年旅社） | hostel ['hɔstəl] V.S. 胶囊旅馆 capsule hotel. a hotel providing overnight lodging 寄宿；临时住宿 (inn) for travelers 2. inexpensive supervised lodging 寄宿；临时住宿 (inn) (especially for youths on bicycling trips) e.g, How about your accommodation住处，膳宿 in university? => Well, i'm living in the student hostel青年旅社. //汽车旅馆: motel |
| 胶囊旅馆 | **capsule hotel V.S. 招待所（尤指青年旅社）hostel. E.g. Dressed in black and purple pajamas with keycards around their necks, two Japanese businessmen sip抿；小口喝 whiskey in a Tokyo e capsule hotel. Next to them, a woman in business attire商务正装 dress puffs away on a cigarette while chatting to two Western backpackers in rucksack双肩背. Traditionally, Japanese capsule hotels have had a bad reputation. Often located in the popular bar areas, the coffin-sized sleep spaces are notoriously frequented by Japanese salarymen in a drunken stupor who missed their last train home. Most are men-only. Now, a new kind of stylish capsule hotel is popping up across the country. With a blend of function and style, they attract both local business people and foreign hipsters in search of fashionable accommodation. //coffin V.S. casket 棺材；骨灰盒** |
| [物化] 催化剂；刺激因素 | catalyst:  catalyst:   1. (chemistry) a substance that **initiates or accelerates/speeds up** a chemical reaction without itself being affected   2. something that causes**, stimulate, pique, spur** an important event to happen 刺激因素 (v.s. 兴奋剂；刺激物；酒精饮料: stimulant)  eg However, forgiveness is a powerful catalyst催化剂, and is one of the most loving actions you can take for yourself.  e.g. Russia will not compete at next month's Paralympic Games in Rio. Russia has **lodged an appeal against** **正式提出上诉**the **blanket ban** that was imposed by Paralympics officials, however, the appeal was rejected Tuesday. The Court for **the Arbitration仲裁** of Sport upheld/supported the decision following allegations of state-sponsored **doping兴奋剂**. "We hope this decision acts as **a catalyst** for change in Russia and we can welcome the Russian Paralympic Committee back as a member safe in the knowledge that it is **fulfilling its obligations** to ensure fair competition for all.    //(slang) 正式提出 (投诉、抗议、指控、要求) If you lodge a complaint, lodge a protest, lodge an accusation, or lodge a claim(正式)提出索赔, **lodge an appeal against** **正式提出上诉,** lodge an accusation against sb. 对…提出(正式) 控告, you officially and formally bring it out |
| 犯（罪）；做（恶） | perpetrate ['pɜːpɪtreɪt] [犯罪 perpetrate a crime = conduct/commit a crime] ; One charged with an offense or crime. 罪犯; One guilty of a fault or crime. 犯过失者，犯罪的人 eg More than two dozen nations, the Arab League, the European Union and United Nations met in the French capital Monday, calling ISIS a threat to the international community and agreeing to "ensure that the culprits/perpetrators are brought to justice. |
| perpetrator ['pɜːpətreɪtə(r)] n. 犯罪者；作恶者；行凶者, **criminal, culprit犯人罪犯, perpetrator, convict** eg.The **autopsy/postmortem** report saids that two sets of DNA have been found on Witheridge's body, indicating at least two **culprits** in her death. |
| (不考虑环境情况)乱开玩笑, 瞎讲俏皮话 | **perpetrate a pun** eg Don't be angry with him, he just **perpetrated a pun 乱开玩笑** |
| 短吻鳄 | crocodile V.S. alligator: An alligator is a large reptile with short legs, a long tail, and very powerful jaws. 短吻鳄 e.g. Two guests said they warned Disney employees there was an alligator near the beach where the Graves family had gathered to watch a movie, according to the report. It, however, did not determine whether the employees acted on the information. Authorities said they are confident they caught the offending alligator but acknowledge they are not sure. In the end, the findings of the report indicate the victim was an unfortunate match for a specific predator[动] 食肉动物；掠夺者,捕食者 seeking prey猎物,被捕食的动物, and his family had no warning the child was in any potential danger. |
| [动] 食肉动物；捕食者 V.S. 牺牲者；猎物,被捕食的动物 | predator['predətə] V.S. prey: predator食肉动物: A predator is an animal that kills and eats other animals (aka, the prey猎物) . e.g With no natural predators食肉动物 on the island, the herds of cows increased rapidly 2) predator: People sometimes refer to predatory people or organizations as predators. 掠夺者 // i'm a meat-eater |
| predator['predətə] V.S. prey => prey: A creature's prey are the creatures that it hunts and eats in order to live. 猎物, 被捕食的动物 |
| 社会学；群体生态学 | social, sociology [,səusi'ɔlədʒi,] sociological, sociaologically [,sosiə'lɑdʒɪkəl] Sociology is the study of society or of the way society is organized. 社会学; 社会学的 sociological eg Psychological and sociological[,sosiə'lɑdʒɪkəl] studies were emphasizing the importance of the family. 心理学和社会学研究都在强调家庭的重要性 |
| 生理学 | physiology ['fɪzɪ'**ɑlə**dʒi] , physiological [,fɪzɪə**'lɑd**ʒɪkl] physiological function生理机能; physiological process生理过程; physiological saline生理盐水；生理盐溶液 |
| 8.29 |  |
| (literal meaning ) 迷宫；迷路；(figurative meaning) 像迷宫一样难解的事物 labyrinth ['læbərɪnθ] | labyrinth ['læbərɪnθ] literal meaning: maze 迷宫 If you describe a place as a labyrinth ['læbərɪnθ] , you mean that it is made up of a complicated series of paths or passages, through which it is difficult to find your way. e.g. ...the labyrinth of corridors. …迷宫般的走廊。 e.g. One of the best known mazes/labyrinths ['læbərɪnθ] still in use today is the one at Hampton Palace in England. Commissioned around 1700, it covers a third of an acre in the palace's gardens and takes an entire team of gardeners to maintain the site. "It's the UK's oldest surviving hedge树篱 maze/labyrinth['læbərɪnθ]," Gardens Manager said, "and still proves as popular with visitors today as it was planted for the amusement of King and Queen over 300 years ago." //amusement park 游乐园； hedge: A hedge is a row of bushes or small trees, usually along the edge of a lawn, garden, field, or road. 树篱; hedge fund 对冲基金,避险基金 (hedge fund is an investment fund that invests large amounts of money using methods that involve a lot of risk.) |
| 2. figurative meaning: If you describe a situation, process, or area of knowledge as a labyrinth ['læbərɪnθ] , you mean that it is very complicated. 错综复杂的事物 e.g. ...a labyrinth of conflicting political and sociological[,səusi'ɔlədʒi,] interpretations. …错综复杂的、互相矛盾的政治和社会学解释 //sociology[,sosɪ'ɑlədʒi]; sociological[,sosiə'lɑdʒɪkəl] |
| 涟漪效应; 连锁反应 slang | ripple, [ rippling effects ] Ripples are little waves on the surface of water caused by the wind or by something moving in or on the water 涟漪; e.g. Gleaming ripples cut the lake's surface. 闪着微光的涟漪打破了湖面的平静。 2. When the surface of an area (such as water) ripples or when something ripples it, a number of little waves appear on it. v) 使 泛起涟漪 e.g. You throw a pebble卵石 in a pool and it ripples. 你把卵石扔进水池里，水面就泛起涟漪。 |
| 3. If something such as a feeling ripples over someone's body, it moves across it or through it. (感觉等) 扩散全身 e.g. "The unconventional form of a twisting building means every component of tall-building design must be rethought, from the effects of wind on the structure, the forces and loads on the interior columns, the design differences in the shape of floors as the building rises, and so forth," he explains. "All of these factors have rippling effects 涟漪效应; 连锁反应 which must be considered in the overall design." Shanghai Tower, designed by Gensler and completed in 2015 in Shanghai, China, is easily the tallest twisted skyscraper, of any built or planned. It's the tallest building in China, and the second tallest in the world after the famous Burj Khalifa in Dubai. |
| (乐队) 指挥棒; 接力棒; 警棍 | A baton ['bætən] 1. a baton is a light, short, and thin stick used by a conductor指挥家 to conduct a symphony orchestra or a choir. (乐队) 指挥棒; e.g. The conductor raises his baton and the music starts. 举起他的指挥棒。 2. In track and field games 田径比赛 or track events, a baton is a short stick that is passed from one runner to another in a relay race. 接力棒 e.g. In relay races, the key point is that one runner must pass the baton接力棒 to the next runner smoothly, seamlessly, and quickly. e.g, In the relay race just now, they dropped the baton 丢棒... //the track and field team 田径队； the track and field athlete 田径运动员, track:跑道 =》track shoes跑鞋 => spiked track shoes带铆钉的跑鞋 3. A baton is a short heavy stick which is sometimes used as a weapon by the police. 警棍 e.g The photos show officers, armed with guns and batons, standing around the woman, who was lying on the beach in a blue headscarf and a matching top. Nice authorities say the police officers were simply exercising their duties. Christian, deputy major of Nice, denounced (criticize in public) the photos saying they put the officers in danger. "I condemn/criticize these unacceptable provocations," he said. //A burqa /ˈbɜːkə/ is a long garment that covers the head and body and is traditionally worn by some women in Islamic countries. (穆斯林妇女穿的)长袍 |
| IELTS 1 listenning |  |
| genres of bank cards in U.K | cash card V.S. cheque card: e.g. If you need to write cheques in shops, youll also need a cheque card. This is really an identity card which guarantees that correctly written chequesup to the value stated on the card will be honoured by the bank // debt card V.S. credit card (e.g. master card, VISA card); account: the saving account存贮账户, the cheque/check account 支票账户; the current acccount is for the "student account". |
| [金融] 透支；[金融] 透支额 | overdraft: If you have an overdraft, you have spent more money than you have in your bank account (either the saving account or the cheque account), and so you are in debt to the bank. [金融] 透支；[金融] 透支额 e.g. Her bank warned that unless she repaid the overdraft, she could face legal sue 偿还透支款 e.g. Now, you may want to take more money out of the bank than you have in your bank account. This is called having an overdraft. Be very careful with this you should not do this without permission from your bank. Overdrafts usually incur charges though some banks offer interest-free overdrafts to some students. But find out before you get one! Right? |
| 支票簿 | A **chequebook/checkbook** is a book of cheques which your bank gives you so that you can pay for things by cheque. E.g. The woman took out her chequebook and quickly made out four cheques. 那个女人拿出支票簿迅速开了4张支票 |
| 银行存折 | **bankbook/passbook:**  a book held by depositors at certain banks, in which the bank enters a record of deposits, withdrawals, and earned interest 银行存折 (Also called passbook) |
| barrel v) | n) a barrel of gas v) move fast e.g. As two of the Iranian vessels continued to **barrel** toward the Nitze at high speed, the **destroyer驱逐舰**  used an internationally recognized maritime danger signal three times |
| 流浪；迷路误入somewhere; n) 走失/流浪的宠物(dog, cat) s | [ stray into some places ] If sb strays or strays into somewhere, they wander away from where they are supposed to be. 走失,迷路误入 e.g：Tourists often get lost and stray into dangerous areas. 迷路走进一些危险区域 e.g. in January, the IRGC captured 10 American sailors when their two Boats accidentally strayed into the territorial sea 领海 near Iran-controlled Island, in the Persian Gulf. The sailors were detained then. //territorial water/sea; territorial air; territorial land |
| **A stray dog or cat** has **wandered away** from its owner's home. 走失的 (狗或猫) e.g. A **stray dog** came up to him. 一**只走失的流浪狗**来到他跟前。 3. a stray is also a noun. 走失的宠物 e.g The dog was a stray which had been adopted. 这只狗是被收养的**流浪狗。** |
| 经再次考虑，重新考虑后 | [on second thoughts ] e.g. M: What would you like? Pizza, sandwich, hot dog, fried rice. They do everything in canteen... F: Oh, something easy. Take away fried rice sounds good. M: OK, fried ... F: No, on second thoughts, I'll have a cheese and tomato sandwich. M: Right one cheese and tomato,  anything to drink? F: Yeah, get me a coffee, would you? M: Oh, hot coffee's a bit hard to carry. What about a coke or an orange juice? F: Oh, um ... get me an orange juice, then. Look, heres five bucks  M: Oh, take two bucks back, it shouldn't cost me more than three dollars/bucks. F: Well, keep the five and well sort it out/iron it out later. Oh, and could you get me an apple as well? M: OK. Back in a minute/ I'll be right back. // iron out 1.烫平 2. iron out difficulties; iron out problems = sort it out, sort problems out, skin a cat: There are many ways to skin a cat. 解决问题 |
| [俚语]天呀!我的天![常用作惊讶、强调等的感叹语] | Heavens! = OMG 　E.g. Heavens! What a thought! So the travel agent could easily become a thing of the past if you could book your airline tickets from home. Are there any other industries using this system, or is it restricted to the airline business?　　　//这个想法太赞了 : What a thought! //经再次考虑，重新考虑后: on seocnd thoughts |
| 这个想法太赞了 | Heavens! What a thought! I give you two thumbs-up //thumbs-up v.s. thumbs-down, way-down e.g This movie is a completey flop(电影票房惨败), pretty bad in the ratings. I give it two thumbs-down, way down. //经再次考虑，重新考虑后: on seocnd thoughts |
| (对医院、学校、社会事业机构等的)水准鉴定(或评估)；（资格）鉴定，（资格）认证 | accreditation [ə,kredi'teiʃən]: the act of granting credit or recognition (especially with respect to the educational institution that maintains suitable standards) e.g. Each university must reniew its education accreditation every 5 years.　　//关于，至于；就…而言: with respect to sth, in terms of sth |
| I beg your pardon? / Pardon me please? | e.g. Address? F: Flat 5, 15 Waratah Road, thats W-A-R-A-T-A-H, Brisbane. Q7 and Q8 C: Brisbane ... And your telephone number? F: We havent got the phone on yet. Weve only just moved in. C: OK, well can you let us have the number once the phones connected and Ill make a note here to be advised. And the course? F: I beg your pardon? / Pardon me please? C: What course are you doing? F: First Year Law.  C: Right. Well, youll have to go across to the Law Faculty and get this card stamped and then you come back here with it and pay your union fee. F: Thanks |
| 等好久好久; 长年等待 | [ wait for ages ] Oh, there you are. I thought you were never going to come back. M: Sorry! The canteen was absolutely packed and I had to wait for ages. Then when I got to the front of the queue they had hardly any food left. So I had to get you a slice of pizza. Im sorry. e.g. I hate waiting for ages just for food...killing my time. |
| 轮胎 | A **tyre/tire ['taiə]** is a thick piece of rubber which is fitted onto the wheels of vehicles such as cars, buses, and bicycles. 轮胎 |
| 等门拜访 | pay house calls |
| 铝 | aluminium /**ˌæ**ljʊˈmɪnɪəm/ Aluminium is a lightweight metal used, for example, for making cooking equipment and aircraft parts. 铝 e.g. ..aluminium cans. …一些铝罐。 |
| 碰巧撞见sb, 碰巧遇见sb. slang | If you **bump into someone** you know, you meet them **unexpectedly.** 碰见 e.g I happened to **bump into Johns i**n the hallway. 我碰巧在走廊里撞见了默文·约翰斯 |
| (故意) 冷落; 怠慢 (sb) v/n | If you **snub sb.,** you deliberately故意 insult them by ignoring them or by behaving or speaking rudely toward them. **[ n) 故意怠慢: a calculated snub ]**  e.g. He snubbed her in public and made her feel an idiot. 他在公共场合故意冷落她。 e.g. Russia came fourth in the medal table at the 2012 Games; and the absence of the nation's athletes at Rio would hark back to (go back to previous) the Cold War era when the U.S. boycotted ['bɔɪkɑt] the Moscow Olympics in 1980 and the then Soviet Union snubbed the Los Angeles Games four years later.　Eg. Ryan took it as a snub. 瑞安视其为对他的(故意) 冷落; 怠慢.  e.g. This appeared to be a calculated snub to the 27 EU government chiefs who have been denied anexplanation. 这对欧盟27个成员国首脑来说，似乎是 故意怠慢 他们，因为克劳斯拒绝给他们一个解释 e.g. Chinese President Xi Jinping gave a lavish盛大奢华的 welcome to Mr Trump in what has been called a "state visit-plus". Before his visit, Mr Trump piled praise on Mr Xi, saying he was looking forward to meeting the Chinese president after "his great political victory". Mr Xi recently consolidated his power加固了权利 at a Chinese Communist Party congress, a move analysts say will make him less likely to reach compromise with Mr Trump. A red carpet, military band and flag-waving children met Mr Trump and his wife Melania when they arrived in Beijing. In stark contrast to鲜明对比 the U.S. extra-president, when Barack Obama visited China during the final weeks of his presidency there was no red carpet, in what was seen as a calculated snub(故意怠慢). //**thumb sb's nose at xxx: 对 xx 嗤之以鼻**  **//keep your nose out of my business = it's none of your business** |
|  | subterfuge |
| iron out (slang) | 1.烫平 press and smooth with a heated iron e.g The aluminium is ironed out until it's s so thin that it produces;  2. iron out difficulties; iron out problems = sort it out, sort problems out = skin cat. e.g. if you iron out difficulties, you resolve them and bring them to an end. 解决 e.g. "It was in the beginning, when we were still ironing out problems," a company spokesman said. “那是在开始的时候，当时我们仍在解决问题. e.g. There are many ways to skin a cat/sort it out/iron out that problem |
| 有两部分的 | twofold n); You can use twofold to introduce a topic that has two equally important parts. 有两部分的, 有两个（方面） e.g The reason for the interview is twofold: we want to find out what he can tell us, plus we also want to find out what condition he is in. 这一采访的原因有两个. e.g Good morning and welcome to the Universitys Open Day and to our mini-lecture from the Sports Studies department. Now the purpose of this lecture is twofold: one, we want you to experience a university lecture, to give you a taste of what listening to a university lecture is like, and two,  we want you to find out something about the Sports Studies program at this university. |
| IELTS 1 listenning |  |
| 相比而言，相对而说 | comparatively [kəm'pærətɪvlɪ] eg Tin锡 is a comparatively easy metal to melt. 相比而言,锡是比较容易熔化的金属 eg In HK, a generational gap has opened up between young people, who tend to support democratic reforms, and the older generation, who are comparatively相比而言 more sympathetic/compassionate to the Chinese Communist establishment. e.g. So what does a course in Sports Studies involve? Well, you wouldn't be blamed for not knowing the answer to this question because Sports Studies as a discipline is still comparatively new相比而言是很新的. But its a growing area and one which is now firmly established at our university. Now there are three distinct strands(头发、电线或纱线的) 缕 to Sports Studies and you would need to choose fairly early on just which direction you wanted to follow. And Ill just run over these now. Firstly, we've got the Sports Psychology strand, secondly, we've got the Sports Management strand, and last but not least, theres the Sports Physiology['fɪzɪ'ɑlədʒi] 生理学 strand. So Just to recap theres Sports Psychology, Sports Management, and Sports Physiology. |
| 夜生活 | a night out = an evening out; e.g. Yuri lived up to his reputation/fame as the bad boy of gymnastics after he was thrown out of the Rio Olympics by the Dutch team for an unauthorized night out/ an evening out夜生活 drinking. Having reached the men's rings finals on Saturday, the former world champion and two time of grand slam大满贯 winner-- nicknamed the "Lord of the Rings" -- left the Athletes' Village a few hours later to celebrate. When he returned, he admitted he'd consumed alcohol. The Dutch gymnastics association and the Dutch Olympic Committee said in a joint statement一份联合声明 Van, 33, had " 严重地gravely violated " team rules and that they had "no other choice" but to put him on the first plane home. "It was a very difficult decision," chef said in the joint statement. "It's terrible for Yuri, but this sort of behavior is unacceptable." Hendriks admitted the departure of the former world champion was "a bloodletting放血流血" for the Dutch team. But, he stressed, "our athletes are role models.". Van wants to bide his time before commenting on his dramatic/theatrical 戏剧性的exit from his first Olympic Games. // If you bide your time, you wait for a good opportunity before doing something. 耐心守候，以待好时机 bide sb's time before doing sth |
| 类比；类推；类似 | [ə'nælədʒi] analogy 类比；类推；类似n) => ['ænə'lɔdʒikəl,-'lɔdʒik] analogic/analogical 类推的；类似的; n. ['ænəlɔ:g] analogue 类似物；类似情况；对等的人; adj. 类似的；相似物的；模拟计算机的 e.g. If you make or draw an analogy between two things, you show that they are similar in some way. 类比; e.g. The analogy between music and fragrance has stuck. 音乐与香味的类比已经深入人心 ; "analogue" is a physical object or quantity, such as a pointer on a dial or a voltage, used to measure or represent another quantity 模拟物; 类比量 |
| 不可知论者 | [æɡ'nɔstik] agnosticl; An agnostic believes that it is not possible to know whether God exists or not. Compare . 不可知论者 |
| 使态度或脾气 变温和; | to soften, espeically in attitude or temper.使态度或脾气 变温和; **relent sb's attitude; relent sb's temper;**  She **lost her temper** and was so angry just now, but now she has **relented her temper** a little bit. |
| to weaken; eg The wind blast has relented/weakened. 风力已减弱了; |
|  |  |
| 厄运：倒霉事 | mishap [mis'h-] Bad luck, unfortunate accident, misfortune eg [The journey went off without mishap.旅途平安无事。] **//恶作剧 : play a gag/mischief/prank/hoax/schenaginan on sb; a prank/hoax call** |
| calamity [kə'læməti] , catastrophe, mishap 灾祸 |
| 无限期地 | If a situation will continue **indefinitely,** it will continue forever or until someone decides to change it or end it. 无限期地 e.g. The visit has now been postponed indefinitely. 这次访问现在已被无限期地推迟 |
| （尤指对死者的）致敬，悼念，吊唁礼物 | pay tribute to sb., especially sb dead. e.g. Musicians, public dignitaries (政府或教会的) 显要人物, and others have paid tribute to the prolific performer since his death. e.g. Wilder's friends, co-workers and admirers were quick to pay tribute to the actor after the news of his death. //eulogy, eulogies; eulogize sb; eulogistic: a eulogy is a speech, usually at a funeral, in which a person who has just died is praised. 悼词, eulogize sb. at the funeral. //prolific[prəu'lifik] : intellectually productive; 多产的作家 a prolific writer ； 多产的演员 a prolific actor; 多产的音乐家 a prolific musician |
|  |  |
| vi. 倒踏脚踏板； （拳击中的）后退；（意见等的）撤回；变卦 | backpedal = step abck 1. pedal backwards on a bicycle **倒踏**脚踏板; //pedal: The pedals on a bicycle are the two parts that you push with your feet in order to make the bicycle move. (自行车的) 踏板 |
| 2. step backwards, in boxing, **retreat** （拳击中的）后退 **// retreat: (1.recede （人群，洪水的）后退；（军队）撤退 2. go on a retreat 精心疗养之地)** |
| 3. modify one's opinion, make it less strong （意见等的）撤回；变卦 |
| 范例，样式 | paradigm ['pærə'daɪm] A paradigm is a model for something that explains it or shows how it can be produced. 范例 e.g ...a new paradigm of production. …一种新的生产范例 An example that serves as pattern or model. e.g .A list of all the inflectional forms of a word taken as an illustrative example of the conjugation or declension to which it belongs. 词形变化表：一个作为其所在动词变形或词尾变形中的范例的单词的所有变形的形式表 |
| 肚子 (儿童化用语) | Your tummy／stomach is the part of the front of your body below your waist. Tummy is often used by children or by adults talking to children. 肚子 (儿童化用语) e.g. "My tummy is full" 2. use tummy to refer to the parts inside your body where food is digested. Tummy is often used by children or by adults talking to children. 胃 (儿童化用语) e.g. I've got a sore tummy. 我胃痛。 ...a tummy ache. …胃痛。 |
| 驱虫剂：一种用来驱除昆虫的物质 | bug repellent; insect repellent; bug spray (喷雾杀虫剂) v.s. pesticide杀虫剂 　　 eg A 10-year-old boy is suffering from brain damage after a botched fumigation烟熏疗法 of his family's Florida home, according to a family attorney. The family fell ill shortly after a subcontractor company sprayed the bug spray/repellent in their home for killing termites白蚁 e.g "With 40 million travelers to and from areas where Zika virus is actively circulating, many can come back who feel perfectly fine," Frieden said. "But the virus could be hitchhiking in their blood. That's why everyone who travels to one of those areas should use insect repellents to eradicate these bugs for at least three weeks after they return." "In Miami, aggressive control measures are not working as well as we would like," he said. "The mosquitoes could be resistant to the pesticides being used" //(彻底)根除，根绝；消灭: eradicate; eradication = to tear up sth from the roots, abolish completely; eradicate poverty; eradicate slavery; (彻底)根除贫穷eradication of poverty; (彻底)根除奴隶制eradication of slavery; (彻底)根除儿童贩卖eradication of children trafficking |
| (皮带等的) 带扣； vt. 扣住 | buckle: fastener that fastens together two ends of a belt (e.g. the buckles on the safty belt) or strap; often has loose prong e.g. There are two buckles at the front of my briefcase, see the gold-plated ones. e.g. You must make sure that your safty belt is buckled before the plane takes off. E.g. During the severe turbulance, the plane has its 1st steep drop. While you're dropping, everything in the plane is flying up, so anybody who wasn't buckled扣住 with the safty belt flew up. |
| 即兴 | improvise; improvisation; improvisational; improvisationally [,ɪmprəvaɪ'zeɪʃənəl] (impromptu): provide a performance, speech, or idea without preparation ahead of time/beforehand. 即兴表演，即兴发表演讲； To invent, compose, or recite sth without preparation.即兴创作：无准备地发明、创作或者背诵; [即兴创作歌曲: compose an improvisational/impromptu song ; 即兴唱了个歌曲 sing an improvisational song = sing a song improvisationally = sing an impromptu； 即兴演讲 address an improvisational/impromptu speech=address a speech improvisationally ] ; eg In the Spring festival gala: "well, I don't make any preparation ahead of time/beforehand, so here, I will sing an improvisational song/impromptu song即兴唱个歌/sing a song improvisationally; eg At the end of the annual party, the company CEO made an improvisational speech/impromptu speech, without any preparation ahead of time/beforehand/in advance at all. 即兴演讲. |
| n. 即兴曲；即席演出 adv. 即席地 adj. 即席的 | impromptu [im'prɔmptju:]: be prompted促使 by the occasion rather than being well planned in advance/beforehand/ahead of time: 即兴的而不是事先有准备的; Spoken, performed, done, or composed with little or no preparation at all 即兴创作：无准备地发明、创作或者背诵; |
| n) 即兴创作的歌曲　a short musical passage that seems to have been made **spontaneously自发的/自然的/无意识的**  without advance preparation |
| **[即兴的聚会 an impromptu/improvisational party; 即兴的姐妹淘聚会: an impromptu girls' net party; 即席演讲:make an impromptu/improvisational speech=address an improvisational/impromptu speech=address a speech improvisationally; 即兴表演 make an impromptu/improvisational performance = make a performance improvisationally] eg "Hi Tracy, here comes an impromptu party, would u like to go with me together?" "O,i'd like to, but I cannot finish my work till 7 pm, can I have a rain check约定以后再补邀请?" eg When Marco was asked to give an impromptu speech on “Addictions,” he divided the topic /into/ several parts. Notice how he used the pattern of related subtopics in the outline that follows. 马可要做一个关于“嗜好”的即席演讲** |
| 选出; 挑出 特别提到 | single out sth/sb. = pick up sb/sth; If you single someone out from a group, you choose them and give them special attention or treatment. 选出; 挑出 e.g. The gunman had singled Debilly out and shoot him dead 枪手单单挑出德比利。 His immediate superior has singled him out for a special mention. 他的顶头上司专门提到他 e.g. In typically stark language, Mr Trump warned the North: "Do not underestimate us. Do not try us." But there were hints though he might be open to a deal, telling the North "we will offer you a path for a better future". Singling out（挑出来／特别提到） Russia and China, he urged "all responsible nations" to isolate the North, and fully implement UN sanctions, downgrade diplomatic ties and sever trade and technology ties. |
| 传单 | leaflet/flyer: A leaflet/flyer is a little book or a piece of paper containing information about a particular subject. 传单 e.g. Campaigners handed out leaflets/flyers传单 on banning smoking. e.g. The weekly leaflet/flyer lists all promotion products in that superstore. e.g. The MOH is also urging local residents to play an active role in stopping Zika virus's spread by distributing information leaflets/flyers传单 and advising residents to apply bug repellent/spray驱虫剂 as a precaution. In a joint statement 联合声明 released Wednesday, Singapore's MOH said, however, that it would take several weeks to grasp/understand the extent of the Zika outbreak. In the meantime, efforts to curb/restrict Zika's spread in the city state. //curb sb. from doing: restrict, the act of restraining power or action or limiting excess; curbside: 路边；靠近路缘的人行道部分 |
| 防虫液；驱虫 | 杀虫剂 pesticide v.s. 防虫液；驱虫剂 bug repellent[rɪ'pɛlənt]/spray; insect repellent/spray; the mosquito repellent/spray repellent: A substance used to repel or kill insects eg The bug repellent/spray works not just on mosquitoes, but also ants, flies, moths蛾, locusts/grasshopper(蝗虫/蚱蜢), and a host of other bugs that, at best, are a nuisance and, at worst, carry deadly diseases like malaria [mə'leərɪə] 疟疾. //英 ['njuːs(ə)ns] 美 ['nusns] nuisance: 讨厌的人；讨厌的东西; nuance['njuːɑːns]玄妙之处,. 细微差别 |
| profane， profanity 亵渎；不敬的言语 |  |
| adv. 在战场上；去野外; 更远地方 | e.g. There have been three days of protests by Palestinians and their supporters since Mr Trump's announcement, both in the region and in nations further afield. e.g. The Zika virus is on a rampage（暴力/疾病的）横冲直撞/横行 in Singapore. The proportion of our population that are immune to the Zika virus is likely to be low in Singapore and if you don't have the immunity to provide the roadblocks, then it's likely that the virus will spread fast,". Tuesday the MOH reported 26 new cases that showed how the Zika virus had spread to nearby residential areas, raising concerns that the virus could travel even further/farther afield. Singapore is known to suffer widely from dengue['deŋgɪ] ] 登革热virus, a mosquito-borne xxx承载传播的 tropical disease that triggers high fevers, headaches, vomiting and skin rashes皮疹 in those infected. Zika is very closely related to dengue ['deŋgɪ] ] 登革热. It has all the genetic traits/characteristics基因特征 that would allow it to spread where dengue thrives 繁荣，兴旺. In Singapore, many people live in densely populated apartment/ populous ['pɒpjʊləs]adj. 人口稠密的 blocks so it's easy for high numbers of people to get infected even if /whereas/though there are only a few mosquitoes flying around. As of August 29, Singapore's MOH had screened roughly 5,000 premises营业场所 (including cafeteria, KTVs, restaurants) to check for mosquito breeding grounds. So far, the agency has detected and destroyed 39 breeding habitats.  //（暴力/疾病的）横冲直撞/横行 [ on a rampage ] [ school rampage 校园暴力的横行 ]; air-borne virus 空气承载传播的病毒; mosquito-borne virus 蚊子承载传播的病毒； skin rashes 皮疹, chicken pox水痘, small pox 天花, flecks 雀斑； pimples = burst-out痘痘; pockmarks 脸上的麻子；凹坑； mole: 痣；胎块；内鬼间谍 |
| 在海上的；飘浮的；浸满水的； | afloat: eg The life vest/jacket is a buoyant device, such as a cork or polystyrene ring, for keeping a person afloat in water. 救生圈，救生衣; Throw the life buoys to the drown divers so that they can be rescued. eg Flotsam and jetsam remain afloat after a ship has sunk. 漂浮物：沉船后仍漂浮在水面上的残片或货物 // **keep sth (eg bank, country) afloat [保护国家不破产 keep a country afloat; 保护银行不破产 keep a bank afloat ]** |
| 游园会; 庆祝会 | **fete [feɪt] [ 校园的游园会 a school fete]** A fete is a fancy party or celebration. 游园会; 庆祝会 (v.s carnival: 狂欢节，嘉年华会\_ e.g I will attend our **school fete** this Sat. E.g The pop star flew 100 friends in from London and Paris for a two-day fete. 一个两天的**游园会**。 |
| (因战争（或政治迫害）, 天灾）**无家可归的,背井离乡的；n. 无家可归者** | [ displaced person 1.难民(refugees)；2. (因战争（或政治迫害）, 因天灾）无家可归的, 背井离乡的；n. 无家可归者 ] e.g. 使sb.背井离乡 If a person or group of people is displaced, they are forced to move away from the habitation人类的栖息地　where they live, normally because of war, political persecution政治迫害, natural calamity/disaster (e.g. earthquake, tsunami, landslides), etc  e.g. More than 600,000 people were displaced by the tsunami. 超过60万人被海啸搞得背井离乡  eg. Tusk urged fellow G20 member countries to do more to support the world refugee population. "In light of an unprecedented/all-time number of 65 million displaced people all over the world, the G20 community needs to scale up its share of responsibility," //鉴于 in light of sth = on the basis of / upon e.g. Initially, the US only admitted about 1,900 refugees in the first four years of the Syrian civil war. However, it is a relatively/comparatively相对地 small milestone. The number of US resettlements pales苍白的 in comparison to Turkey, a much smaller country, which hosts over 2.7 million displaced Syrians refugees. //pale a)v) 苍白的；无力的；暗淡的eg The powerful magnitude 7.5 earthquake that struck northeastern Afghanistan also rattled people in Pakistan, India, killing dozens, collapsing structures and creating panic.The panic in itself was deadly: In one northern Afghan town, 12 schoolgirls died in a stampede as they tried to evacuate their school during the quake. CNN teams in India and Pakistan all felt strong tremors. From the state-run news agency, msore than 3000 people have been displaced in makeshift shelters and makeshift clinics where paramedics 护理人员 starts to treat casualties. The epicenter of the earthquake is a rural and sparsely populated area. Many people in this region live in mud brick buildings prone to易于…的 collapsing. The rugged崎岖的 mountainous region and poor infrastructure make assessing the aftermath difficult. Additional reports of mortality rate死亡率 and damage are expected to continue trickling in渐渐地到来. "We can feel tremors余震 at sporadic零星的；不定时发生的 intervals" |
| 9.6 |  |
| 灵长目动物 | primate ['praimeit, -mit] : A primate is a member of the group of mammals that includes humans, monkeys, **gorillas大猩猩, chimpanzee [,tʃɪmpæn'zi] [脊椎] 黑猩猩** , and apes猿猴. e.g. Eastern gorillas populate the mountainous forests of Congo, making them another victim of the region's civil wars. Hunting of eastern gorillas, fueled by the spread of firearms, has led to a population decline of more than 70% in the past 20 years for the world's largest living primate灵长目动物. The eastern gorilla population is bumped from endangered (on the brink of extinction) to critically/deadly endangered. //an endangered species 濒临灭绝的 = on the brink of extinction //guerilla 游击队 //1. Gorilla V.S.. apes V.S. orangutan [,ɔ:ræŋ'u:tæn]长臂无尾巨猴 V.S. chimpanzee [,tʃɪmpæn'zi] 〔非洲的〕黑猩猩 |
| 生物多样性 | biodiversity: Biodiversity is the existence of a wide variety of plant and animal species living in their natural environment. 生物多样性 e.g. The improved status confirms that the Chinese government's reforestation重新造林 and forest protection efforts are working. But climate change still threatens to eliminate more than 35% of the panda's bamboo habitat in the next 80 years; hence the "vulnerable" designation, which means the panda's still endanagered/on the brink of extinction濒临灭绝的. The recovery of the panda shows that when science, political will and engagement of local communities come together, we can save wildlife and also improve biodiversity生物多样性 . //deforest, deforestation: If an area is deforested, all the trees there are cut down or destroyed. 砍伐森林 |
| 砍伐林地：砍掉并清除某处的树木或树林 | deforest, deforestation: [di:,fɔri'steiʃən]To cut down and clear away the trees or forests from a forest normally e.g. The atmospheric satellites could help bring internet access to millions of people, and help solve other problems, including disaster relief and environmental damage like deforestation. e.g. ...the 400,000 square kilometres of the Amazon basin that have already been deforested. …已被砍伐的亚马逊河流域40万平方公里的森林 |
| 重新造林 | reforest; reforestation [,ri:fɔri'steiʃən] the restoration (replanting) of a forest that had been reduced by fire or cutting. Reforestation of an area where there used to be a forest is planting trees over it. 重新造林 e.g. ...the reforestation of the Mountains 山脉的重新造林 e.g. He decided to do something about reforesting man-made wastes of western Australia. 在澳大利亚西部的人造垃圾地带重新造林 |
| n) 植树造林; 造林; 森林管理 | [,fɔrɪs'teʃən] forestation: the planting of trees over a wide area **[ forestation method 植树造林方法; forestation techniques 造林技术 ; 栽培技术 ]** |
| 大猩猩 | 1. Gorilla V.S.. apes V.S. orang**utan**  [,ɔ:ræŋ'u:tæn]长臂无尾巨猴 V.S. chimpanzee [,tʃɪmpæn'zi] 〔非洲的〕黑猩猩 \* A gorilla is a very large ape. It has long arms, black fur, and a black face. 大猩猩 \* orangutan 长臂无尾巨猴 [ɔ:,ræŋu:'tæn, ,ɔ:ræŋ'u:tæn] large long-armed ape of Borneo and Sumatra having arboreal habits e.g. The change in status means four of six great apes are critically endangered ( on the brink of extinction), the eastern gorilla, western gorilla, Bornean orangutan and Sumatran orangutan. The chimpanzee and bonobo are considered endangered 2. chimpanzee [,tʃɪmpæn'zi] [脊椎] 黑猩猩; an intelligent African animal that is like a large monkey without a tail 〔非洲的〕黑猩猩 |
|  | chimpanzee gorilla orangutan |
| vt. 损伤；损害 n. 危害；损伤；损害 | scathe (n) [skeɪð]; scathed, unscathed(not injured); injure, destroy, or harm **[ 运动损伤 athletic [æθ'letik] scathe; sports scathe; kidney scathe 肾脏损伤 ]** |
| eg The shark attack incident rattled/upsets the surfing community, which breathed a collective sigh of relief over news of the rescues. Chief Executive expressed relief that the competitors escaped from the shark unscathed(not injured). He commended/praised everyone involved in the rescue, including Wilson, who was sprint冲刺/全速跑 paddling划桨to get to his friend." //短剧力冲刺/全速跑 sprint, sprinter; sprint = dash; hurdler跳栏比赛选手 //commend sb: praise sb. formally; extol[ɪk'stəʊl; sb. = praise sb enthusiastically. 热情洋溢的 颂扬，表扬赞美 |
| 处理矿场水或污水的井,  处理井 | disposal well v.s. 【石油工程】注入井 injection well e.g. The Oklahoma Corporation is telling operators to shut down 35 disposal wells that may have played a role in a 5.6-magnitude earthquake. The disposal wells, which are linked to other industries that need to dispose of toxic waste water by injecting it deep into the earth, have recently drawn concern that they may actually induce (trigger) earthquakes. |
| pulp | If an object is pressed into a pulp, it is crushed or beaten until it is soft, smooth, and wet. 浆 e.g. The olives are crushed to a pulp by stone rollers. 橄榄由石磙碾成浆。 2. In fruit or vegetables, the pulp is the soft part inside the skin. 果肉 e.g. Make maximum use of the whole fruit, including the pulp which is high in fibre. 最大限度地利用整个水果，包括富含纤维的果肉部分 I don't like the strawberry pulp in yogurt. |
| 和时间赛跑 slang | run a race against the clock; run a race against the clock e.g. Prime Minister described the search for survivors amid piles of debris and rubbles碎石，碎砖 as a "race against the clock," noting bad weather, continuing aftershocks and the threat of landslides made a dire situation worse. //['rubl]卢布（前苏联货币单位 ) : rouble |
| Slang)说人人皆知的事; 陈述显而易见的事 | [ state the obvious] If you say that someone is **stating the obvious**, you mean that they are saying something that everyone already knows and understands. 说人人皆知的事 e.g In the project meeting, don't only **state the obvious**... |
| ecstatic |  |
| insurmountable | a problem that is **insurmountable** is so great that it cannot be dealt with/sorted out/ironed out/overcome successfully. 不可克服的; e.g The crisis doesn't seem like an insurmountable problem. 这场危机不像是无法克服的 |
| testament | If one thing is a testament to another, it shows that the other thing exists or is true. 证明; e.g. For him to win the game like that is a testament to his perseverance. 他能赢得那样的比赛证明了他的毅力。 2 Someone's last will and testament is the most recent will that they have made, especially the last will that they make before they die. 临终遗嘱 |
| slang 恶劣房东 | slumloard: is an absentee landlord of slum property, esp one who profiteers 破旧房屋房东; 尤指投机者 |
|  | typographical taipəˈɡræfikəl |
| (会议或审判) 暂停,休庭 | adjourn: If a meeting or trial is adjourned or if it adjourns, it is stopped for a short time. (会议或审判) 暂停,休庭 e.g. The proceedings have now been adjourned until next week. 法律诉讼延至下周进行 |
| 美国中低产阶级的人民 | Main Street in U.S.: the people with mid-level or lower-level economic income in U.S., contrasting to "Wall street".  **Main street in U.S. V.S. Wall street** |
| 早茶 | dim sum |
| 分娩 (passive voice) | sb is to be confined: confinement = BB delivery, give sb a birth; **[difficult confinement: 难产]** eg 她预计五月末分娩, She expects to **be confined** at the end of May = She is going to deliver a BB **[流产 miscarriage= spontaneous abortion ]** |
| 波浪滔滔的海洋 | the lashing wind and choppy seas |
| |  | | --- | | 压制方法,高压方法 slang | | coercive methods/measures/tactics; [kəu'ə:s] coerce sb to do = force / oblige sb to do. => coercive = enforced 强制/强迫执行的 => coercion [威逼利诱 (强迫胁迫 + 利诱) coercion and bribery] |
| 威逼利诱 (强迫胁迫 + 利诱) slang | coercion and bribery |
| 请记得我说的话 | Pls take my words. |
| 我向你保证，发誓 | I give u my words: I promise |
| 投降 | surrender myself = turn myself in(to cops/polices) |
| 一般在分离时无奈的表白, 在生离死别时表达在天堂见的意思: | See you on the other side. |
|  |  |
| 时髦的华丽的礼服 | snazzy garment |
| 让我直说吧 slang | OK, I'll dive right in. |
| 你怎么玩弄这个的？ slang | How did you swing this? E.g. 你怎么玩弄这一切的 How did you swing all these things? |
|  |  |
| 给我占个位 | Save me a seat pls = pls reserve a seat for me |
| I hope I'm not intruding/interrupting/disturbing you. |  |
| 突然(病)发作而死 | die from a seizure of [disease] 突然中风而死: die from a seizure of stroke; 突然心脏病发而死: die from a seizure of cardiac attack; 突然心搏停止而死 die from a seizure of cardiac arrest |
| 晴天霹雳 | a thunder in the blue sky |
| 起重机 | the lifting crane |
| 宿醉, 因余醉未醒感到难受的, 心里难受的 | **Hangover from alcohol**  e.g. I don't feel very well beacause I still have hangover from alcohol. //hang out in Starbucks |
| 我帮你转接电话给 | I will put you through to sb. |
| ( 两方或多方彼此间的) 互相责难 | cross fires |
| 一级防范禁闭期 | level-1 lockdown; level-4 lockdown |
| (尤其供公开发表的)个人简历 | bio (biography的缩写) = personal CV/resume |
| 小粉盒 | compact (the makeup compact) |
| 抽乳器, 吸乳器 | breast pump |
| 算了吧, 饶了他吧 | Give it a rest! |
| 蛀牙 | tooth decay |
| 牙龈红肿 | inflamed gum |
| 律师事务所 | law firm |
| 卧底 | an undercover Undercover work involves secretly obtaining information for the government or the police. 秘密的 e.g. ...an undercover operation designed to catch drug smugglers. …一次为抓捕毒品走私贩而策划的秘密行动。 ...undercover FBI agents.…联邦调查局的密探。 Undercover is also an adverb. 秘密地 Swanson persuaded Hubley to work undercover to capture the killer. 斯旺森说服了赫布利秘密工作以捕获凶手 // mole: a mole/leak内鬼 inside the cops |
| 不能坐以待毙 idiom | we cannot **sit ducks** here |
| handcuff sb v.s. uncuff sb |  |
| 我会收拾你的烂摊子 idiom | I will clean up your mess |
| 别多费唇舌了 | don't waste your breath e.g. 你在多费唇舌 You're just wasting your breath now. |
| 黑警 | a dirty police; eg He is a dirty police/cop |
| 黑市 | gray market, 半合法市场 e.g. The business of buying or selling goods, such as imports, at prices below those set by an official regulatory agency. eg Sell the faked iphones on the gray market. |
| 跳蚤市场 | flea market |
| 夜市 | night bazar [bə'zɑ:] //blizzard 暴风雪 |
| I buy you = believe |  |
| This is your call/decision. | It's your call/decision this time |
| 进来吧.进门吧 | come on in. |
| 不用送了，我自己走 | I will see myself out |
| 您先走 | After you. |
| 机密的，保密的文件 | classified document eg this file has been classified 机密文件 |
| 解密文件 | declassfied document eg This file has been declassified last Fri so it's fine to talk about it. |
|  |  |
| 我们正在做呢 (我能 hold的住） | we're on it! E.g. I'm on it |
| 我现在不在职 | I'm not active. I'm inactive |
| (在悲伤的时候)扭绞双手, 极度苦恼的绝望消极的表现 | handwringing: An excessive expression of distress and despair |
| 种族屠杀 | genocide: The systematic and planned killing of an entire national, racial, political, or ethnic group. //hand grenade |
| 稀有金属 | scarce metal; 稀有土地 scarce soil //sparse: not dense, growing with large span of distance 稀稀拉拉, 稀疏 eg The trees are sparse. 树木稀 |
| 我的心一沉; 感觉大事不妙 | My heart dropped down to my feet |
| 面包糠, 面包屑 | bread crumbs/panko V.S. dandruff 头皮屑 |
| 女生好朋友 | she is my gal pal. Gal/girl |
| 降半旗 | half-mast; half-staff |
| 防弹衣 | bulletproof vest/jacket |
|  |  |
| 与... 断绝关系 | renounce with sb |
| 一目了然 | It's manifest at a glance |
| 取消…的律师资格; 吊销律师执照 | disbar sb (by revoking sb's lawyer license) |
| [美俚]红演员, 红角, 红播音员 | bankroller |
| 最吃香的之一 | one of the most **sought-after** actresses |
| informal 手头的现金 | bankroll; eg Do u have **bankroll** on hands right now? |
| (债务)一笔勾销 | get sb's debt written off |
| 挑动争端者 | firebrand V.S. a **belligerent** person/nation; very unfriendly and wanting to argue or fight, normally provocative好斗/好战的；好寻衅的  **应对sb’s挑衅 counter sb’s provocation** |
| 激流勇退 | sb top out his successful career |
| 黄金时光（父亲、母亲或双亲保留来专门讨论与家庭和小孩有关之事务的时间） | the quality time |
| 切废纸机 | (paper) shredder |
| 无意冒犯 | no offense, sir = with all my respects, sir |
| 这样做, 能省我不少心 | By doing so, it can spare my lots of headaches. |
| 深夜不睡的人 | night owl //owl: An owl is a bird with a flat face, large eyes, and a small sharp beak. Most owls obtain their food by hunting small animals at night. 猫头鹰 |
|  | How to spell your name? Jag, "J" as in Jack, "g" as in google  eg Pls reply me with "a terse one-word answer". // terse = concise |
| 要紧事 | the matter at hand |
| idiom（被笑或爱）淹没 | slay, slain eg Mark Zuckerberg, the Facebook CEO just did a Q&A in **mandarin** **astonishingly/surprisingly** in Chinese, which **slain crowded audiences**." （被笑）淹没; |
| slang) 宅男 home guy | I'm not a nerd. |
| (slang) 无立身之处，无容身之所 | I lost my place／room in the world. |
|  |  |
| slang: 错的太过分 | out of line; eg I know, I'm really out of line this time. I'm really sorry for it. |
| myslang |  |
| 好学生　good creds (good credits) |  |
| 闺蜜 bestie | food => foodie = gourmet; free => freebie 免费的东西；免费赠品（尤指戏院赠券） |
| /money laundry: 洗黑钱 => money laund**erer** | In its early days, Bitcoin might have been dismissed as a **quirky** tech sector **fad**. But it is rapidly evolving into the mainstream and has already made some people rich. If once Bitcoin, now one of the most **sought-after吃香的** **cryptocurrencies**, was seen as a tool for **money launderers**， drug dealers, **drug traffickers**, and **human traffickers,** it has recently become as **commonplace** a topic at middle-class dinner parties as house prices. //money laundry: 洗黑钱； |
|  |
|  | [**a bubble that's about to burst(泡沫 破裂)**]  e.g. Expert cautions investors that these are just the kinds of things to watch out for if you want to avoid investing in **a bubble that's about to burst(泡沫 破裂).** So who is still holding onto their Bitcoins, as the price continues to **fluctuate.** |
|  | e.g. "The more I read differing opinions on whether Bitcoin is **a bubble that is about to burst**, or the **reincarnation转世轮回** of the Tulip bubble in the 1600s, the more I realise that nobody knows anything and on a day-to-day basis it's all just a big gamble”. But so far, Danny says, his gamble is paying off, and he's **optimistic** about the relevance of **cryptocurrencies** in years to come. |
|  | [ cash in sth] **If you cash in something such as an insurance policy, you exchange it for money. 套现，兑现**  e.g. She began to **cash in** her investment. "I had made nine times my investment, which I was pretty satisfied with," she says. Over the years, her Bitcoin stake has **yielded产生投资收益** £80,000 to support her business. She's **cashed in** some to treat herself to an overseas holiday in the new year. But she still owns the equivalent of about 20 whole Bitcoins, around $300,000 worth, although she has **diversified into** other digital currencies to **hedge her bets(规避风险, 避免损失, 留条后路).** |
|  | e.g. 'It's been really exciting... being part of a crazy wave' Alessandra, 29, first invested in Bitcoin in 2012 when each was worth about $9. She had been reading about it on tech blogs. She says she **was intrigued by** the concept of this new **cryptocurrency**. "I thought, I can have **a bit of a stake(bet and risk)** in something I found exciting." When its value rallied in 2013, she began to **cash in** her investment. "I had made nine times my investment, which I was pretty satisfied with," she says. Over the years, her Bitcoin stake has **yielded产生投资收益** £80,000 to support her business. She's **cashed in** some to treat herself to an overseas holiday in the new year. But she still owns the equivalent of about 20 whole Bitcoins, around $300,000 worth, although she has **diversified into** other digital currencies to **hedge her bets**. //hedge sb’s bets: **规避风险, 避免损失, 留条后路** |
|  | **Hedge:**   1. [**hedge against <sth, esp financial issues>:** to try to protect yourself against possible problems, especially financial loss采取措施,避免〔尤指经济损失〕[ (finance) hedge against inflation] e.g. Smart managers will hedge against price increases or agnist economic inflation. 精明的经营者会 采取措施防范<价格上涨带来>的损失。](file:///C:\Users\IBM_ADMIN\AppData\Local\Youdao\Dict\Application\7.5.0.0\resultui\dict\result.html%3fkeyword=hedge%20against%20inflation&lang=en) 2. [hedge fund避险基金；套保基金(H risk, H return) V.S. mutual fund (L risk, L return)](file:///C:\Users\IBM_ADMIN\AppData\Local\Youdao\Dict\Application\7.5.0.0\resultui\dict\result.html%3fkeyword=hedge%20fund&lang=en) 3. hedge sb’s bets: 规避风险, 避免损失, 留条后路   e.g. She began to **cash in** her investment. "I had made nine times my investment, which I was pretty satisfied with," she says. Over the years, her Bitcoin stake has **yielded产生投资收益** £80,000 to support her business. She's **cashed in** some to treat herself to an overseas holiday in the new year. But she still owns the equivalent of about 20 whole Bitcoins, around $300,000 worth, although she has **diversified into** other digital currencies to **hedge her bets(规避风险, 避免损失, 留条后路).**  **// If you cash in something such as an insurance policy, you exchange it for money. 套现，兑现** |
|  | [**a puff of smoke**]  e.g. 'Obviously the whole thing could go up in **a puff of smoke一阵烟'** |
|  | e.g. He's less certain about the future. "Obviously the whole thing could go up in **a puff of smoke**, as nobody has any real clue what will happen. "There's no trading history, we're not looking at commodities like oil where there are trading patterns that go back centuries," he adds. |
|  | **ride for a fall**  **1. 骑马(或自行车)乱闯**  **2. 乱来，鲁莽(行事)；注定招致麻烦(或失败、不幸等)；自讨苦吃** |
|  | e.g. Next year he's launching a **hedge fund** investing purely in **cryptocurrencies**. Despite the warnings from much of the investment community that cryptocurrency, like Bitcoin, is **riding for a fall**, he is confident. "Bitcoin will **fluctuate** in price. A correction is imminent, but the general trajectory is up." |
| **蒙上了一层阴影** | **[蒙上了一层阴影 by marred by sth ]**  e.g. Their wedding **was marred by** the death of Jenny’s mother a week earlier. 一周之前珍妮母亲的过世使他们的婚礼 **蒙上了一层阴影。**  e.g. After a year **marred by蒙上了一层阴影** mass shootings and deadly terror attacks, many celebrations unfolded amid heightened security. In London, officials **deployed** armed officers as part of a security plan they "developed and reviewed following the tragic incidents that have occurred throughout the year," **Metropolitan** Police Superintendent Nick Aldworth [said](http://news.met.police.uk/news/planning-for-new-years-eve-287712).  After **a spate of** sexual assaults **marred(蒙上了一层阴影)** New Year's Eve events in several German cities in 2015, [officials in Berlin this year set up a special "safe zone"](http://www.cnn.com/2017/12/31/europe/germany-berlin-new-year-safe-zone/index.html) for women who feel harassed. Berlin, Cologne and other German cities also added hundreds of extra police |
| 杯中的水是半空还是半满全取决于你的态度/是一个仁者见仁智者见智的问题 | [杯中的水是半空还是半满全取决于你的态度/是一个仁者见仁智者见智的问题: glass half empty, half full ]  e.g. I**t is a case of "the glass being half full or half empty", depending on your view.** 这是一个仁者见仁智者见智的问题  e.g. Stephen Green, head of economic research for Standard Chartered Bank in Shanghai, said **it was a case of "the glass being half full or half empty", depending on your view.** 这是一个仁者见仁智者见智的问题,全看你怎样看待 |

## Color scheme

|  |
| --- |
| Sun yellow;   sun flower yellow |
| [beɪʒ]  beige: a pale brown colour 米黄色；浅棕色 |

## Food/drink (Atlanta’s super store)

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| 咖啡师；咖啡吧员 | [bə'ristə] barista **[The barista favorite 咖啡师推荐]**  e.g. **Caramel焦糖 latte /'læteɪ/** is the **barista’s** recommendation today.  e.g. Macchiato  [,mækɪ'ɑːtəʊ] : an espresso (= strong black Italian coffee ) with a small amount of milk foam玛其雅朵咖啡is the **barista’s favourite** this week, tastes more **bittersweet** compared with that offered in Starbucks. |
| 玛其雅朵咖啡 | Macchiato [,mækɪ'ɑːtəʊ] : an espresso (= strong black Italian coffee ) with a small amount of milk foam玛其雅朵咖啡〔一种只添加少泡沫量牛奶的意大利浓咖啡〕  e.g. Macchiato is barista’s favorite this week in Cat; it tastes more **bittersweet** compared with that offered in Starbucks. |

## Automotive

## Aviation

## Medical industry Disease

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| < Start: Various disease, medicine > | disease |
| **['mensiːz]**  **menses; menstruation** | the blood that flows out of a woman’s body each month 月经;  中国女孩子们在每个月特殊的日子的里，总是喜欢喝一杯红糖水，但是如果你把红糖说成"Red sugar"，老外多半会认为你疯了，为什么？  NO.1) 红糖 ≠ red sugar; **红糖=brown sugar** |
| 红眼病 | 红眼病≠ red eye; 红眼病= pink eye: pinkeye /ˈpɪŋkˌaɪ/: [N](javascript:;)an acute 急性的contagious inflammation发炎 of the conjunct iva of the eye, characterized by redness, discharge, etc: usually caused by bacterial infection 传染性结膜炎 (Also called acute conjunctivitis)  V.S. red eye= 熬夜和哭泣，充血（血丝)了的眼睛; 夜间飞行的航班，又被称为红眼航班 e.g. I took **the red eye** to LA. 我是做红眼航班去洛杉矶的。 |
| **不孕症** | **不孕症infertility = barrenness**  fertilizer [肥料] 肥料；受精媒介物, fertility: [农经]  (土壤)多产/肥沃; 生育能力/繁殖力 => 不孕症infertility [‚ɪnfə'tɪlɪti,‚ɪnfə'tɪləti] = barrenness : when someone is unable to have a baby **[infertility treatments 不孕症的治疗]**  => barren: adj (土地)贫瘠的；不生育的  e.g. There are many possible causes of infertility in women. 妇女不孕可能有很多的原因。  e.g. She’s been **barren**不生育的 for several years, and she’s still active in **quest for** **infertility treatments不孕症的治疗**. |
| 登革热 ( | dengue /'deŋgɪ/ [ dengue fever ] N an acute viral disease transmitted by mosquitoes, characterized by headache, fever, pains in the joints, and skin rash 登革热 (Also called breakbone fever) e.g. A girl died of **dengue/'deŋgɪ/ fever** |
| 休克 | 休克 shock  **[ 处于休克状态 in a state of shock ] :** a medical condition in which someone looks pale, stay unconcious, and their heart and lungs are not working correctly, usually after a sudden very unpleasant experience e.g. He was bleeding from the head and suffering from **shock** . 他头部流血，陷入休克状态。 e.g. He is clearly **in a state of shock** . 他显然 **处于休克状态**。 |
| 徘徊在死亡的边缘 | **[ hover close to death ]**  e.g. He was bleeding so much from the head, in a life-threatening situation. He **hovered close to death** during the 25-minute airlift to hospital. |
| 生命特征( 包括脉搏、血压及体温等) | vital signs: A person's vital signs or vitals are the things such as their pulse, blood pressure, and temperature that show that they are alive. 生命特征( 包括脉搏、血压及体温等) e.g. A doctor checked her vital signs and everything returns to stable. 位医生检查了她的生命特征 e.g. ...the chart which showed his current vitals signs ...显示他目前生命特征的图表。e.g. Doctor Lee describes Oh's **vital signs** as so unstable that a few times during the **grueling煎熬／受折磨的** operation, he thought the **defector** would die on the surgical table."It's a miracle that he survived," Lee said. 　　　　　//during that grueling time: 煎熬／受折磨的日子里 |
| (literal meaning): 死产的/夭折的（新生儿） => (figurative meaning) 开始就不成功的 | stillborn ['stɪlbɔːn, ‚stɪl'bɔːn]  1. born dead 死产的/夭折的（新生儿）**[ a stillborn baby 死产儿 ; 夭折的（新生儿）]** 2. completely unsuccessful from the outset/beginning and not developing at all夭折的，开始就不成功的 **[ a stillborn romance 夭折的恋情]**  E.g. A hospital in the Indian capital Delhi ['deli]德里（印度城市名）has fired/sacked two doctors for mistakenly declaring a newborn dead. The doctors at the privately run Max Hospital had pronounced(正式〕宣布，宣告the baby dead hours after his twin who was **stillborn** on 30 November. |
| PTSD | eg Oh is walking, talking and going to the bathroom independently. His condition, though stable, is still g**rave/very serious.** Complications from **tuberculosis [tjʊ,bɜːkjʊ'ləʊsɪs]肺结核** and **hepatitis B[,hepə'taɪtɪs] 肝炎** continue to **compromise/destroy** his recovery, especially his liver function. Oh is also under **psychi’atric [,saɪkɪ'ætrɪk]精神病治疗的** care and likely to be struggling with **post-traumatic stress disorder (PTSD),** Lee said.  **//tuberculosis [tjʊ,bɜːkjʊ'ləʊsɪs]a serious infectious disease that affects many parts of your body, especially your lungs结核病〔尤指肺结核〕** |
| 结核病〔尤指肺结核〕 | tube => tuberculosis [tjʊ,bɜːkjʊ'ləʊsɪs]肺结核 a serious infectious disease that affects many parts of your body, especially your lungs 结核病〔尤指肺结核〕 eg Oh is walking, talking and going to the bathroom independently. His condition, though stable, is still grave/very serious. Complications from **tuberculosis [tjʊ,bɜːkjʊ'ləʊsɪs]肺结核** and **hepatitis B[,hepə'taɪtɪs] 肝炎** continue to **compromise/destroy** his recovery, especially his liver function. Oh is also under **psychi’atric [,saɪkɪ'ætrɪk]精神病治疗的** care and likely to be struggling with **post-traumatic stress disorder (PTSD)**, Lee said. |
| 慢性的，长期的 〔疾病〕 V.S 急性的（疾病） | • Chronic ['krɒnɪk], chronically 1. [ a chronic disease or illness] is one that continues for a long time and cannot be cured 慢性的，长期的 〔疾病〕 V.S acute disease 急性的（疾病） •chronic arthritis [ɑː'θraɪtɪs] [ɑr'θrɪtɪs] 慢性关节炎  •chronic asthma 慢性哮喘 V.S. acute asthma  •chronic heart disease 慢性心脏病 V.S. acute heart attack 2. 长期存在的〔问题〕[ a chronic problem] is one that continues for a long time and cannot easily be solved  e.g. MQ PMRs are really such as a chronic problem in DP. [ chronic unemployment 长期的失业问题 ] e.g. There is a chronic shortage of teachers. 长期存在师资短缺的问题。 3. **[ a chronic alcoholic 长期酗酒的人; a chronic gambler: 长期沉迷赌博的人; a chronic smoker 老烟民 ]** someone who has behaved in a particular way for a long time and cannot stop or cannot change their behaviour easily e.g. He was a chronic alcoholic and unable to hold down a job. 他长期酗酒。 4. Chronic => chronically adv /-kḷɪ ; -kli / e.g. patients who are chronically ill 患慢性病的病人 e.g. The service is chronically underfunded. 这个服务机构长期资金不足。 |
| (身体部位的) 堵塞, 淤血 | congestion /kənˈdʒɛstʃən/  1. 不可数名词If there is congestion in a place, the place is extremely crowded and blocked with traffic or people. 拥塞 = traffic jam e.g. The problems of traffic congestion will not disappear in a hurry.  **2. Congestion in a part of the body is a medical condition in which the part becomes blocked. (身体部位的) 堵塞, 淤血 [ nostril (鼻孔['nɒstr(ə)l]) congestion: 鼻塞]** e.g. Sprinkle some onto your chicken soup to turbocharge that traditional cold remedy, since cayenne shrinks blood vessels in your nose and throat, relieving congestion，因为辣椒可收缩鼻腔和喉咙血管来 缓解充血。 |
| 视网膜 | 视网膜 retina /ˈrɛtɪnə/ ['rɛtənə] => retinal /ˈrɛtɪnəl/  [Anatomy 解剖] Your retina is the area at the back of your eye. It receives the image that you see and then sends the image to your brain. 视网膜 [ a torn retina: 视网膜破裂; a dislocated retina: 视网膜脱落？/错位？ ] e.g. Bruno had to have eye surgery on a torn retina two years ago. 因为 视网膜破裂 不得不进行了一次眼部手术 => retinal /ˈrɛtɪnəl/ Retinal means relating to a person's retina. 视网膜的 [ retinal cancer 视网膜癌; retinal scanning (is a cutting-cut technology]   e.g. With the advent of 随着xxx的出现 advanced tech in future, I guess that one day, passport will no longer be relevant because of retinal scanning. |
| 脑溢血 | [ cerebral [sə'ribrəl] haemorrhage ['heməridʒ] ] The doctors speculate/guess that he died of **a cerebral [sə'ribrəl] 大脑的 haemorrhage 脑溢血** caused by a blow on the head. 医生们猜测他死于 脑溢血 |
| 黑死病 | Black Death： a form of bubonic plague pandemic in Europe and Asia during the 14th century, when it killed over 50 million people |
| 眼药水；滴眼剂 | Eye drops: Eye drops are medicine that you put in your eyes one drop at a time. 眼药 |
| 植物的；植物人状态的，无所作为的；促使植物生长的；有生长力的 | ['**vɛdʒə**'teitɪv] **vegetative** in a vegetative state |
| 脑震荡 | The passenger forcefully removed from a United Airlines flight this week has a concussion [kən'kʌʃən] and broken nose, his attorney told reporters //percussion instrument: 打击乐器; percussor //If an action or event has repercussions /ˌriːpə/, it causes unpleasant things to happen some time after the original action or event； repercussion is an indirect effect, influence, or result that is produced by an event or action. (由某一事件或行为产生的、通常是间接的不好的)反响,影响/后果 [ 深远的后果:further repercussions; 沉痛的后果 painful repercussions ; chain repercussion 连锁反应; foreign repercussion 国外的反响; ] |
| [医]表皮脱落；剥皮 | excoriate sb. /ɪkˈs**g**ɔːrɪˌeɪt/, excoriation: 1. excoriate sb = criticize/slam/decry/denounce them severely, very harshly, usually in public. E.g. He proceeded to **excoriate me** in front of the nurses. 他继续在这些护士们面前指责我。 e.g. Western nations have **decried/denounced/condemned/excoriated[ɪk'sgɔːrɪeɪt]** Russian military intervention in Ukraine's southern region. They say a huge vote Sunday by Crimeans [krai'miən] 克里米亚 in favor of joining Russia was illegal, and warned of further sanction 制裁 action if Moscow takes steps to **annex 吞并**the Black Sea peninsula.  **2) excoriation [ɛk,sgorɪ'eʃən] [医]表皮脱落；剥皮 ; n. 苛责** |
| 哮喘 | asthma ['æsmə, 'æz-] is a lung condition that causes difficulty in breathing. asthma is a respiratory disorder characterized by wheezing; usually of allergic origine.  **[bronchial asthma支气管哮喘；支气管性气喘; allergic asthma [医]变应性气喘；敏性气喘 ] [ chronic asthma 慢性哮喘 V.S. acute asthma 急性/突发的哮喘]**e.g. She told me that a bomb destroyed their home soon after Ahmed was born, lodging shrapnel in his neck. Soon after, he developed severe asthma and other symptoms consistent with chlorine gas inhalation. When I met him almost a year after the bombing, I could see his scars and his little body struggled to breathe. //symptomatic ['sɪmptə'mætɪk] adj. 症状的；症候的 |
| **1 N/a) 患肺结核 ; 肺病/患肺结核的；**  2) (太热； 生病； 因尴尬，生气)脸红； 3) 紧张忙碌的 | • hectic:  n. 脸红 (flush: If you flush, your face gets red because you are hot or ill, or because you are feeling a strong emotion such as embarrassment or anger. (太热； 生病； 因尴尬，生气)脸红；患肺结核  adj. 兴奋的狂热的；脸上发红；肺病/患肺结核的； adj紧张忙碌的 A hectic situation is one that is super/damn busy and involves a lot of rushed activity. e.g. Life is hectic 生活是忙碌的 . But if you do not stop, you will not be able to give your body sometime to unwind(发条放松)/relax/hang loose |
| hypnotist['hipnətist] 催眠师 | e.g. "I think I'll try a hypnotist[**'hipnətist] 催眠师**," I said with sudden resolution/emphatically. 我突然坚决地说 // Resolution is determination to do something or not do something. 决心 [ new year’s resolution 新年愿望/决心 ] |
| (梆笛）创可贴；护创膏布 | 邦迪 band-aids  strap /stræp/ 1. 用来系东西的带子 A strap is a narrow piece of leather, cloth, or other material. Straps are used to carry things, fasten things together, or to hold a piece of clothing in place. 带子 e.g. You must wear harness ( a kind of lightweight vest ) to protect your upper body and fasten leg straps as tightly as possible when Extreme sports, e.g. zip lining or sky diving. e.g. grip the strap of my rucksack 抓住帆布背包的带子。 2. V-T If you strap something somewhere, you fasten it there with a strap. 用带子绑 e.g. She strapped the baby seat into the car.她把婴儿座椅用带子绑在那辆汽车上  band /bænd/ \* A band is a small group of musicians who play popular music such as jazz, rock, or pop; or who play brass and percussion instruments. (演奏流行音乐的) 乐队 or (演奏管乐和打击乐的) 乐队 e.g. He was a drummer in a rock band. 他曾是一支摇滚乐队里的鼓手。 \* (趣味相投的) 群体 A band of people is a group of people who have joined together because they share an interest or belief. e.g. We're a band of people who formed a patent group because we're aggressive to discuss any creative or innovative ideas. Well, the stimulus is the attractively enormous bonus. \* A band is a flat, narrow strip of cloth which you wear around your head or wrists, or which forms part of a piece of clothing. (指服饰) 带子 \* A band is a strip of something such as colour, light, land, or cloth that contrasts with the areas on either side of it. 带状物 e..g ...bands of natural vegetation between strips of crops. …在带状的庄稼之间的一行行天然植被带。 To build a green band full of various flora. \* A band is a strip or loop of metal or other strong material which strengthens something, or which holds several things together. (用以加固或捆绑的) 箍; 带 e.g. place a metal band around the knee cap to help the ruptured bone to knit back together. 膝盖骨上放了一个金属箍以帮助 骨折的骨头 愈合。 \* A band is a range of numbers or values within a system of measurement. (测量的) 范围  10. V to unite; assemble 联合(起来)  strip: \* A strip of something such as paper, cloth, or food is a long, narrow piece of it. (纸、布或食物的) 条 strip of cloth \* A strip of land or water is a long narrow area of it. 狭长 (地带或水域) ...bands of natural vegetation between strips of crops. …在带状的庄稼之间的一行行天然植被带 e.g. The coastal city sits on narrow strips of land lying under steep mountains. 狭长地带  bandage 1. A bandage is a long strip of cloth that is wrapped around a wounded part of someone's body to protect or support it. 绷带 e.g. We put some ointment /ˈɔ ɪnt mənt/药膏 and a bandage on his knee. 2 If you bandage a wound or part of someone's body, you tie a bandage around it. 用绷带包 e.g. Apply a dressing敷 to the wound and bandage it. 在伤口上敷上敷料并用绷带包扎起来。 3.Bandage sth up 用绷带包扎 e.g.I bandaged the leg up and gave her aspirin['æsp(ə)rɪn] for the pain. |
| 急救盒，急救箱 | firs**t-a**id can; first-aid box; 急救: first-aid |
| 家庭医生 | the family doctor = **the general practitioner.** E.g. In London, we have two most famous **practices** (kind of community clinics), DNend is my preferred. Before you can book an appointment with **a general practitioner**, you have to register in these practices. |
| 药膏 ; **破坏因素, 扫兴的人或事; 美中不足之处** | ointment /ˈɔɪntmənt/ 药膏  1. An ointment is a smooth thick substance (normally kind of sticky paste) that is put on sore skin or a wound to help it heal. 药膏 e.g We put some ointment /ˈɔ ɪnt mənt/and a bandage on his knee.  2.If you describe someone or something as "a fly in the ointment 药膏里的苍蝇", you think they spoil/destroy a situation and prevent it from being as successful as you had hoped. 破坏因素, 扫兴的人或事; 美中不足之处 e.g. Rachel seems to be the only fly in the ointment of Caroline's smooth life. 惟一的破坏因素 //prevent it from being as successful: foiled/thwarted/abortive/failed military coup |
| [临床] 叩诊 ; 打击乐器 | percussion /pəˈkʌʃən/ 1. Percussion instruments are musical instruments that you hit, such as drums. 打击乐器 2. [临床] 叩诊 The resident住院医师 is conducting a percussion 叩诊 for the cardiovascular [,kɑ:diəu'væskjulə] patients by using the percussor [pə'kju:sə] => 打诊槌，叩诊器 percussor [pə'kju:sə] n. (medicine) a small hammer with a rubber head used in percussive examinations of the chest and in testing reflexes |
| (药的） n. 功效，效力 | efficacy ['efikəsi] capacity or power to produce a desired effect [西药的效力 the efficacy of the medicine; 中草药的效力 the efficacy of herbs; the efficacy of the vaccine . 疫苗] e.g I'm actually surprised that WATSON hasn't yet been used to examine the efficacy of herbs over heavy-duty pharmaceuticals [,fɑrmə'sutɪkl] 制药（学）的 now that it is learning Chinese. e.g We must have concerns about the safety and efficacy of the vaccine. |
| 大规模的流行病 | pandemic [pæn'demɪk] V.S. epidemic disease V.S. plague [ a pandemic influenza大流感 ; a pandemic plague 疫病; a zombie['zɒmbɪ] pandemic 丧尸蔓延 ; 僵尸爆发 ] pandemic: A pandemic is an occurrence of an epidemic disease that affects many people over a very wide area. 大规模的流行病, an epidemic disease that spreads widely e,g, They feared a new cholera pandemic.他们担心一种新的霍乱流行病 => pandemic V.S. endemic ( If a disease or illness is endemic in a place, it is frequently found among the people who live there. 常见的地方病 ) |
| 瘟疫；灾祸(天灾); 讨厌的人 | plague: any epidemic disease or pandemic with a high death rate/mortality rate 瘟疫 eg Plague occurs in rural and semi-rural areas of the Western United States. The bacteria that causes the plague is found in areas where there are wild rodents['rodnt]啮齿动物, such as a rat, squirrel. People are usually infected after a flea跳蚤 becomes infected from a rodent['rodnt]啮齿动物 and then transmits it to a person by biting them. Patients usually develop symptoms between two and six days after exposure. They include generally feeling sick, a sudden fever, abdominal pain, nausea['nɔzɪə]恶心反胃 and vomiting. // ['nɔʃəs] nauseous 恶心反胃的; symptomatic: ['sɪmptə'mætɪk] adj. 症状的；症候的 // mortal, immortal 不死的；神仙的；长生的, mortality rate |
| 一大群害虫(slang) a plague of sth is a swar[m o]f insects that attack plants or crops, destroying the harvest. [一大群蝗虫 a plague/swarm of grasshoppers; a plague of locusts ['ləʊkəst] eg A plague of grasshoppers have descended on farmlands in southern Russia, devouring[di'vauə]/engulfing entire fields of crops. // a swar[m o]f bees; a flock of birds/gooses; a throng of people; herds of horses/sheeps/cattles //（被火，洪水）吞噬， 狼吞虎咽 devour/engulf; devour/engulf food=snarf down food: 狼吞虎咽 // locusts =grasshoppers 蝗虫, 蚱蜢 |
| 灾祸(天灾) plague: is any large scale calamity[kə'læ**mə**ti]灾难 or catastrophe (especially when thought to be sent by God) |
| annoyance or nuisance 英 ['njuːs(ə)ns] 麻烦；讨厌的人 ; eg: those children are a damn plague  eg It's very hard for human eyes to discern (distinguish and recognize) the nuance between the faked and true paintings, we must have a resort/recourse to凭借求助于 a sophisticated apparatus, such as microscope, to discern the subtle difference. |
| vt. 对…施行针刺疗法 n. 针刺；[中医] 针刺疗法 | acupuncture ['ækju,pʌŋktʃə, ,ækju'pʌŋktʃə] n. treatment of pain or disease by inserting the tips of needles at specific points on the skin e.g. The orthodox medicine uses drugs to cure patients; but the alternative medicine is the practice of medicine without the use of drugs; may involve herbal medicines or self-awareness or biofeedback or acupuncture. //正统传统的 orthodox ['ɔːθədɒks] (traditional and conventional) V.S. 非正统的，另类的 alternative ( unorthodox or untraditional) |
| adj. 制药（学）的 n. 药物 | pharmaceutical [,fɑ:mə'sju:tikəl] n. drug or medicine that is prepared or dispensed 配发 (药); 配售 (药) in pharmacies and used in medical treatment //配发 (药); 配售 (药)dispense medicine: When a pharmacist 药剂师 dispenses medicine, he or she prepares it, and gives or sells it to the patient or customer. 配发 (药); 配售 (药) |
| 药剂师 | pharmacist |
| 配发 (药); 配售 (药) | [ dispense medicine; dispense drugs] : When a pharmacist 药剂师 dispenses medicine, he or she prepares it, and gives or sells it to the patient or customer. 配发 (药); 配售 (药) e..g Health officials hope to begin dispensing antidepressant[,æntɪdɪ'pres(ə)nt] drugs on a wide scale at the beginning of next year. 开始大规模配发抗抑郁剂药物 |
| 病例 | medical chart |
| [临床] 综合症状；并发症状 | syndrome: A syndrome is a medical condition that is characterized by a particular group of signs and symptoms (symptomatic ['sɪmptə'mætɪk]) . [临床] 综合症状；并发症状 (complication) e.g. Irritable bowel syndrome seems to affect more women than men. 肠易激综合症对女性比对男性影响更大 //syndicate: IELTS syndicate; criminal syndicate //synergy协同作用；增效 //symphony orchestra 交响乐 |
| 解剖(. 肠) | • intestine [ɪn'tɛstɪn] => intestinal /ɪnˈtɛstənəl/ means relating to the intestines. [ anatomy, dissection ] 解剖(. 肠) , 肠的 Your intestines are the tubes in your body through which food passes when it has left your stomach.  E.g . This area is always tender to the touch if the intestines are not functioning properly. 如果肠功能不正常的话  • colon=> colonic [kə'lɔnik] 冒号/[ anatomy, dissection ] 结肠: Your colon is the part of your intestine [ɪn'tɛstɪn] 肠 above your rectum. 结肠 **[ 结肠癌 colon cancer ] => colonoscopy [,kəulə'nɔskəpi] 医学】结肠镜检查:** visual examination of the colon (with a colonoscope /kəˈlɒnəˌskəʊp/ ) from the cecum to the rectum; requires sedation e.g. In the U.S., there are 60,000 deaths a year from colon cancer.  e.g. **irrigation of the colon** by injecting large amounts of fluid high into the colon 灌洗结肠的  a high colon  • rectum ['rektəm] 直肠pl: rectums or recta; the lowest part of your bowel |
| 【医学】结肠镜检查 | **[ colon 结肠; intestine 肠子; intestinal /ɪnˈtɛstənəl/ means relating to the intestines. 肠的; bowel 肠子 ] colon**oscopy 【医学】结肠镜检查 [,kəulə'nɔskəpi] visual examination of the colon (with a colonoscope /kəˈlɒnəˌskəʊp/ ) from the cecum to the rectum; requires sedation |
| 冲洗〔伤口〕 | * **irrigation of the colon** by injecting large amounts of fluid high into the colon 灌洗结肠的  a high colon * medical technical) **irrigate the wound:** to wash a wound with a flow of liquid 冲洗〔伤口〕   ['ɪrɪɡeɪt,'ɪrəɡeɪt]  **irrigate the land; irrigate the crops; irrigate the forrest**  1.to supply land or crops with water in order to help crops grow. 灌溉〔土地或庄稼〕  •  None of the water from Lake Powell is used to **irrigate the area. 灌溉这一地区**  •The water in Lake Powell is used to irrigate the area. 包尔湖的水被用来灌溉该地区。  **[ the irrigated land/farms/crops 灌溉过的土地/农场/庄稼]**  e.g. **irrigation of the colon** by injecting large amounts of fluid high into the colon 灌洗结肠的  a high colon  2. medical technical) **irrigate the wound:** to wash a wound with a flow of liquid **冲洗〔伤口〕**  DERIVATIVE 派生词 irrigation n /͵ɪrəˋgeʃən ; ‚ɪrɪ'ɡeɪʃən,‚ɪrə'ɡeɪʃən / [U]major irrigation projects 重大的灌溉工程 |
| 整形手术. | The doctors **obliterated** pimples and **flecks雀斑** from my face in a **plastic surgery** //[In medicine] **obliterate:** to **remove** sth completely (a body organ or part), as by surgery or radiation. 【医学】完全除去（身体器官或一部分），通过手术射线等 |
| 剂量；一剂一服 | dose [dəʊs] 剂量；一剂一服 V.S. doze /dəʊz/ 1.V-I When you doze, you sleep lightly or for a short period, especially during the daytime, doze = have a nap/snooze 打盹儿 => 小睡；打盹儿 snooze // If you snooze, you sleep lightly for a short period of time. snooze = doze e.g Mark snoozed/dozed in front of the television. // 打哈欠 I yawned and I'm sleepy //打呼噜 Am I snoring? //打嗝 hiccup, burp //打喷嚏 sneeze |
| 庸医; 江湖医生(表不满) | quack /kwæk/  1. V-I When a duck quacks, it makes the noise that ducks typically make. (鸭子)发出嘎嘎声 e.g. There were ducks quacking on the lawn. 有鸭子在草坪上发出嘎嘎的叫着。n) 嘎嘎声 [ 鸭子)嘎的一声 a duck quack ] e.g. Suddenly he heard a duck quack. 他听到(鸭子)嘎的一声。 3. N If you call someone a quack or a quack doctor, you mean that they claim to be skilled in medicine but are not. 庸医; 江湖医生(表不满) e.g. I went everywhere for treatment, tried all sorts of quacks. 尝试了所有江湖医生的疗法。e.g. I'm not a quack/quack doctor. I'm a resident住院医师 in this hospital. |
| *疹子 ; [皮肤] 皮疹；湿疹* | rashes, red rashes, skin rash [皮肤] 皮疹: A rash is an area of red spots that appears on your skin when you are ill or have a bad reaction to something that you have eaten or touched. e.g. He may break out in a rash when he eats these nuts. 他吃了这些坚果以后可能会长出疹子 e.g Seven patients who are still symptomatic, and potentially infectious by Zika virus that is circulating in Singapore. There is no vaccine or specific medication to treat the mosquito-borne virus and these patients have been quarantined 检疫隔离. On Monday, the MOH in Singapore finished testing all of the workers on the construction site who had shown symptoms of fever and rash. All sectors should step up efforts on mosquito control and members of the public should use insect repellents/bug repellent/bug spray驱虫剂 to protect themselves. e.g. The Zika virus is on a rampage in Singapore, with 82 locally-transmitted cases confirmed late by the country's Ministry of Health (MOH). The proportion of our population that are immune to the Zika virus is likely to be low in Singapore and if you don't have the immunity to provide the roadblocks/barrier/barricades, then it's likely that the virus will spread fast,". Tuesday the MOH reported 26 new cases that showed how the Zika virus had spread to nearby residential areas, raising concerns that the virus could travel even further/farther afield更远处. Singapore is known to suffer widely from dengue virus, a mosquito-borne承载传播的 tropical disease that triggers high fevers, headaches, vomiting and skin rashes皮疹 in those infected. Zika is very closely related to dengue. It has all the genetic traits/characteristics基因特征 that would allow it to spread where dengue thrives v繁荣，兴旺.  In Singapore, many people live in densely populated apartment blocks so it's easy for high numbers of people to get infected even if /whereas/though there are only a few mosquitoes flying around. As of August 29, Singapore's MOH had screened roughly 5,000 premises营业场所 (including cafeteria, KTVs, and restaurants) to check for mosquito breeding grounds. So far, the agency has detected and destroyed 39 breeding habitats. //school rampage; air-borne virus 空气承载传播的病毒; mosquito-borne virus 蚊子承载传播的病毒； skin rashes 皮疹, chicken box水痘, small box 天花, flecks 雀斑； pimples = burst-out痘痘; pockmarks 脸上的麻子；凹坑； mole: 痣；胎块；内鬼间谍; 鼹鼠 //thrive v); prosperity (n), prosperous (a); flourish n/v //premises营业场所 .e.g cafe house, cafeteria, KTVs, and restaurants, bars, |
| *麻疹* | (the measles) /'miːz ə lz,ˋmizḷz/ n. an **infectious/contagious** illness in which you have a fever and small red spots on your face and body. People often have measles when they are children. |
| *(脸上的)麻子；凹坑 vt. 使留下痘疤；使有凹坑* | pockmark, pockmarks ['pɒkmɑːk] 1) (脸上的)麻子 2) 凹坑, like crater, eg volcano crater火山口; bullet crater:弹坑; //麻子；凹坑(crater) pockmarks, pockmarks; chicken pox:水痘; small box: 天花； skin rash: 皮疹； flecks雀斑; pimple丘疹, 面泡, 疙瘩; plastic surgery整形手术; mole 痣;胎记; 内鬼 |
| *痣;胎记; 内鬼*  **鼹鼠** | mole /ˈməʊleɪ/  1. A mole is a natural dark spot or small dark lump on someone's skin. 痣; 胎记 e.g Researchers studied moles on those aged between 12 and 50. 长的痣。 2. A mole is a small animal with black fur that lives underground. 鼹鼠 **//hedgehog刺猬; groundhog:土拨鼠** 3. A mole is a member of a government or other organization who gives secret information to the press or to a rival organization. (政府或机构内的) 间谍; eg I have a mole on my nose. E.g. It's kind of a superstition迷信 that the mole near the eyebrow represents "mishaps/calamity". V.S. 内贼 a leak eg In our police station, we have a leak (内贼） //leak:leak: (Informal) To become publicly known through a breach of secret 泄密：由于保密措施的漏洞而变得公开 Eg There is a mole内鬼 in police office. |
| *(face, eyelid)虚胖虚肿* | puffiness ['pʌfi:nis] 虚胖, 虚肿; [figurative meaning: 自负，自大；傲慢，目空一切；矫情，做作] Try this face cream lotion that can alleviate your face puffiness e.g. Still, even though it looks bad, the eyelid puffiness will eventually go away. E.g. If your eyelid is of puffiness, try to put a cold tea bag on your eyes. e.g. Other symptoms include low body temperature (generally 97 degrees or less), puffiness or swelling in the face, and seizures. 有体温偏低、虚胖、面部浮肿和抓挠等症状 |
| *酒窝* | dimple: A small natural **indentation** in the flesh on a part of the human body, especially in the cheek or on the chin. 酒窝 |
| *[医]丘疹, 面泡, 疙瘩* | [医]丘疹, 面泡, 疙瘩 pimple = burst-out [burst-outs in my face] eg The doctors obliterated pimples and flecks雀斑 from my face in a plastic surgery整形手术. //麻子；凹坑(crater) pockmarks, pockmarks; chicken pox:水痘; small box: 天花； skin rash: 皮疹； flecks雀斑; pimple丘疹, 面泡, 疙瘩; plastic surgery整形手术; mole 痣;胎记; 内鬼; 鼹鼠 |
| *雀斑* | **flecks:**  Flecks are small marks on a surface, or objects that look like small marks. 斑点; (像斑点的) 微粒 |
| *the pox 痘；疹* | 1. the pox 痘；疹 the disease syphilis 梅毒（病） the disease smallpox 天花（病） 2. a pox on sb: used to show that you are angry or annoyed with someone 让某人倒大霉，叫某人见鬼去〔表示对某人生气或厌烦〕 |
| *水痘* | **chicken pox:** an acute **contagious** disease caused by herpes varicella zoster virus; causes a **rash皮疹** of vesicles on the face and body |
| *天花* | **small pox:** a highly **contagious** viral disease characterized by fever and weakness and skin eruption with **rash皮疹** that form scabs that slough off leaving scars |
| 剖腹产的；n. 剖腹产 | cesaren section [sɪ'zɛriən]; Doctors hold the ashen baby upside down by its feet and slap its bottom hard, desperate to detect any signs of life. Birth is, at the best of times, an intense experience. But birth by emergency cesarean section [妇产] 剖腹产术, after the mother is seriously injured by a bomb in war-torn/ravaged city. Mayissa has just been the victim of an airstrike on her way to the hospital in a Syrian city under siege围攻；包围, with just a handful of doctors left. Now on a gurney/stretcher, Mayissa's arm and leg broken, she is in shock as doctors all too familiar with massive injury remove inch-long pieces of shrapnel['ʃræpnəl弹片 from her body.  As doctors pull the baby from her gashed abdomen 腹部腹腔, dread rushes into the operating room. Her baby is silent; white as the tile."Can you hear the thud of his heart heat?" "No. I'm sorry," a doctor responds.The baby’s milky-while umbilical [ʌm'bilikəl] cord脐带 , still attached, is blocked with a pair of forceps医用镊子 (pincer). Doctors gingerly pump his chest, hoping to start the minutes-old heart. A flutter in his umbilical cord脐带 is the first sign of life. His heart is working. |
| 避孕用具；[药] 避孕剂 adj. 避孕的 | contraceptive [kɒntrə'septɪv] ; contraception [医]避孕 contraceptive /ˌkɒntrəˈsɛptɪv/ TEM8 1.ADJ A contraceptive method or device is used to prevent pregnancy. 避孕的 ...the contraceptive pill.…避孕药 2. N-COUNT A contraceptive is a device or drug that prevents a woman from becoming pregnant. 避孕药; 避孕用品 ...oral contraceptives…口服避孕药 eg If you wanna try contraception避孕 , use the condom. //condom ['kɒndəm] 避孕套 //布置警戒线戒严: cordon off the criminal scene //condo: ['kɒndəʊ] 分户出售的公寓大厦 |
| 【生理学】 排泄（体内废物） | eliminat: Physiology ['fɪzɪ'ɑlədʒi] 生理学: To excrete (bodily wastes or feces粪便). eg Because I have constipation, I tried some purge medicine (purgative) 泻药 and want to eliminate/evacaute wastes from my body // physiology, physiological [,fɪzɪə'lɑdʒɪkl] |
| adj. 净化的；通便的；赎罪的 n. 泻剂，泻药 | purge => purgative /ˈpɜː**ɡə**tɪv/ 1. A purgative is a medicine that causes you to get rid of unwanted waste from your bowels, to cause evacution排泄 of bowels. 泻剂 2. A purgative substance acts as a purgative. 通便的 purgative oils 通便油; a purgative tea 通便茶。 Tending to cleanse or purge, especially triggering the evacuation of the bowels. //purge rivals, purge enemies; purgative ['pɜːgətɪv] 泻药= purge medicines; purgatory /ˈpɜːɡətərɪ/: 炼狱般的经历(暂时的苦难 )  Medicine: [药] 泻药；[药] 通便药:   * catharsis/kəˈθɑːsɪs/ :  [药] 泻药；[药] 通便药 * purgative /ˈpɜː**ɡə**tɪv/ [N-COUNT](javascript:;)A purgative is a medicine that causes you to get rid of/discharge unwanted waste from your bowel. 泻药; [ADJ](javascript:;)A purgative substance acts as a purgative. 通便的purgative oils通便油; a purgative tea. ...通便茶。 * purge medicine: a substance used to make your bowel empty by getting rid of/discharging waste from it.泻药 * 拉肚子: have the trots = lose my bowels * 便秘constipation /ˌkɒnstɪˈpeɪʃən/: Constipation is a medical condition which causes people to have difficulty getting rid of/discharing solid waste from their bowel.   Do you suffer from constipation? 你便秘吗？ |
| 便秘 | constipation ['kɑnstə'peʃən]: Constipation is a medical condition which causes people to have difficulty getting rid of solid waste (aka, feces粪便) from their bowel.  eg Because I have constipation, I tried some **purge medicine (purgative) 泻药/purgative/catharsis** and want to eliminate/evacaute wastes from my body //惊惶失措 consternation [,kɑnstɚ'neʃən]  Medicine: [药] 泻药；[药] 通便药:   * catharsis/kəˈθɑːsɪs/ :  [药] 泻药；[药] 通便药 * purgative /ˈpɜː**ɡə**tɪv/ [N-COUNT](javascript:;)A purgative is a medicine that causes you to get rid of/discharge unwanted waste from your bowel. 泻药; [ADJ](javascript:;)A purgative substance acts as a purgative. 通便的purgative oils通便油; a purgative tea. ...通便茶。 * purge medicine: a substance used to make your bowel empty by getting rid of/discharging waste from it.泻药 * 拉肚子: have the trots = lose my bowels * 便秘constipation /ˌkɒnstɪˈpeɪʃən/: Constipation is a medical condition which causes people to have difficulty getting rid of/discharing solid waste from their bowel.   Do you suffer from constipation? 你便秘吗？ |
| 脐带 | umbilical [ʌm'bilikəl] cord 脐带 e.g. Doctors hold the ashen baby upside down by its feet and slap its bottom hard, desperate to detect any signs of life. Birth is, at the best of times, an intense experience. But birth by emergency cesarean section [妇产] 剖腹产术, after the mother is seriously injured by a bomb in war-torn/ravaged city. Mayissa has just been the victim of an airstrike on her way to the hospital in a Syrian city under siege围攻；包围, with just a handful of doctors left. Now on a gurney/stretcher, Mayissa's arm and leg broken, she is in shock as doctors all too familiar with massive injury remove inch-long pieces of shrapnel['ʃræpnəl弹片 from her body.  As doctors pull the baby from her gashed abdomen 腹部腹腔, dread rushes into the operating room. Her baby is silent; white as the tile."Can you hear the thud of his heart heat?" "No. I'm sorry," a doctor responds.The baby’s milky-while umbilical [ʌm'bilikəl] cord脐带 , still attached, is blocked with a pair of forceps医用镊子 (pincer). Doctors gingerly pump his chest, hoping to start the minutes-old heart. A flutter in his umbilical cord脐带 is the first sign of life. His heart is working. //A gurney is a bed on wheels that is used in hospitals for moving sick or injured people. 有轮的病床 |
| (医用)镊子 | **/ˈfɔːsɪps/ forceps** are an instrument consisting of two long narrow arms. Forceps are used by a doctor to hold things. (医用)镊子( v.s. pincers (A **prawn对虾** is a small shellfish with two pairs of **pincers 螯；拨钉钳.)** |
| 解剖刀；外科手术刀 | scalpel ['skælp(ə)l] a thin straight **surgical knife** used in **dissection [daɪ'sekt]/anatomy** and surgery //dissect, dissection: 解剖，**(figurative)详细查究** |
| *N .贪食症 食欲过盛（或亢进)症* | bulimia /bjuːˈlɪmɪə/ 暴食症贪食症 V.S. 厌食症: anorexia //pig out 大吃特吃，暴饮暴食 1. Bulimia or bulimia nervosa is an illness in which a person has a very great fear of becoming fat, and so they make themselves vomit after eating a lot or after pigging out. 1. ADJ If someone is bulimic, they are suffering from bulimia. 贪食症的.bulimic patients.…贪食症病人。 e.g. Anorexia, bulimia, and other eating disorders can also cause serious nutritional shortfalls that can affect the health of your teeth. 厌食症、暴食症和其他进食紊乱症都可导致严重的营养不足从而影响你的牙齿健康 2. N-COUNT A bulimic is someone who is bulimic. 贪食症患者 ...a former bulimic.…曾经得过贪食症的人 e.g. She's a bulimic. Every time after she piggs out, she rushes to the toilet and starts to vomit. // pig out (pigging,pigged,pigs) If you say that people are pigging out, you are criticizing them for eating a very large amount at one meal or over a short period of time. 暴饮暴食; 大吃特吃; |
| *Adj. 贪食症的; N.贪食症患者* | bulimic /buːˈlɪmɪk/ 1. ADJ If someone is bulimic, they are suffering from bulimia /bjuːˈlɪmɪə/ . 贪食症的 ...bulimic patients 贪食症病人。 2. N-COUNT A bulimic is someone who is bulimic. 贪食症患者 She's a bulimic 贪食症的人 |
| *N 厌食症* | anorexia [,ænə'reksiə] V.S. bulimia . Anorexia or anorexia nervosa is an illness in which a person has an overwhelming fear of becoming fat, and so refuses to eat enough and becomes thinner and thinner. 厌食症 => anorexic e.g. Anorexia, bulimia /bjuːˈlɪmɪə/ , and other eating disorders can also cause serious nutritional shortfalls that can affect the health of your teeth. 厌食症、暴食症和其他进食紊乱症都可导致严重的营养不足从而影响你的牙齿健康 |
| *Adj. 厌食症的; N.厌食症患者* | anorexic /ˌænəˈrɛksɪk/ 1. ADJ If someone is anorexic, they are suffering from anorexia [,ænə'reksiə] , which causes person to refuse eating, becoming very thin. 患厌食症的 e.g. Claire had been anorexic /ˌænəˈrɛksɪk/ for three years. 已经患厌食症3年 2. N-COUNT An anorexic is someone who is anorexic. 厌食症患者 e.g. Not eating makes an anorexic feel in control. 不进食让厌食症患者感到安然 |
| 精神病学 | psychiatry /saɪˈ**kaɪə**trɪ/ N-UNCOUNT Psychiatry is the branch of medicine concerned with the treatment of mental illness. 精神病学 |
| 精神病的 | psychiatric /ˌsaɪkɪˈætrɪk/ V.S. ( psyche /ˈsaɪkɪ/ N In psychology, your psyche is your mind and your deepest feelings and attitudes. 心灵)  1. Psychi`atric means relating to **psychiatry [saɪ'kaɪətrɪ]**治疗精神病的 **[寻求精神病治疗方面的帮助 seek psychi`atric help]** e.g.We finally insisted that he seek psychi`atric help. 寻求精神病治疗方面的帮助。 2. ADJ Psychiatric/ˌsaɪkɪˈætrɪk/ means involving mental illness. 精神病的  e.g. About 4% of the prison population have chronic psychi`atric illnesses患有慢性精神疾病  eg Oh is walking, talking and going to the bathroom independently. His condidion though stable, is still grave/very serious. Complications from tuberculosis [tjʊ,bɜːkjʊ'ləʊsɪs]肺结核 and hepatitis B[,hepə'taɪtɪs] 肝炎 continue to compromise/destroy his recovery, especially his liver function. Oh is also under psychi’atric [,saɪkɪ'ætrɪk]精神病治疗的 care and likely to be struggling with post-traumatic stress disorder (PTSD), Lee said. |
| 逆反心理; 激将法 | **reverse psychology** If you use **reverse psychology** on someone, you try to get them to do something by saying or doing the opposite of what they expect. 逆反心理 e.g. But how about a little reverse psychology? 但是用点逆反心理怎么样？ |
| 残疾的 | handicapped /ˈhændɪˌkæpt/ Someone who is handicapped has a physical or mental disability that prevents them from living a totally normal life. 残疾的 |
| 胆汁 | gall [gɔːl], bile: [bail] a digestive juice that is secreted by the liver and stored in the gallbladder胆囊; aids in the digestion of fat; the bile is bitter, alkaline碱性, brownish-yellow or greenish-yellow fluid, also called gall [gɔːl] e.g. Bears are captured and hunted for bile/gall. //gallbladder ['ɡɔ:l,blædə] a muscular sac attached to the liver that secretes bile and stores it until needed for digestion 胆囊 |
| slang 坏脾气：脾气暴烈粗暴的脾性 [ full of bile = grumpy, bad-tempered] bile: Bitterness of temper; bad tempered, grumpy; eg He is so angry, full of bile. e.g. I'm stereotyped as a grumpy old lady, full of bile. 我被人带着成见视为一个坏脾气的老女人. //grumpy, grumpily = bad tempered //temperament = disposition 气质，性情，性格 |
| 腺; 密封压盖 | 1. 腺 A gland is an organ in the body which produces chemical substances for the body to use or get rid of.; glands腺体 are any of various organs that synthesize substances to a more complex substance that are needed by the body and release it through ducts导管 or directly into the bloodstream[生理] 血流. e.g....the hormones /ˈhɔːməʊn/ that are secreted by our endocrine ['endə(ʊ)kraɪn] glands. …我们的内分泌腺分泌的荷尔蒙。 //synthesize something: combine so as to form a more complex, product 合成xxx V.S. synergy 协同作用 (1+1>2) ['sinədʒi] the working together of two things (muscles or drugs for example) to produce an effect greater than the sum of their individual effects |
| 2. 密封压盖 a gland is a device that prevents leakage of fluid along a rotating shaft or reciprocating rod passing through a boundary between areas of high and low pressure. It often consists of a flanged metal sleeve bedding into a stuffing box.v [ the gland of the pressure-cooker: 高压锅/压力锅的密封压盖 ] |
| *乳腺* | mammary gland乳腺 is a milk-secreting organ of female mammals, any of the milk-producing glands in mammals. In higher mammals, each mammary gland consists of a network of tubes and cavities connected to the exterior by a nipple 乳腺. [ 乳腺炎 mammary gland inflammation [,inflə'meiʃən]] e.g. The mammary glands can secrete the milk; and breast feeding母乳 is the best for the new born BB. //secrete the milk: 分泌乳汁; inflamed gum牙龈发炎 => mammography testing /mæˈmɒɡrəfɪ/ => mammogram /mæməɡræm/ V.S. colonoscopy [,kəulə'nɔskəpi] (test): two screen testing to detect cancers (colon 结肠; intestine 肠子, intestinal /ɪnˈtɛstənəl/ means relating to the intestines. 肠的; bowel 肠子 ） |
| *甲状腺* | thyroid glands ['θairɔid] 甲状腺: Your thyroid or your thyroid gland is an endocrine/ˈɛndəʊˌkraɪn/ gland内分泌腺体 in your neck that produces chemicals which control the way your body grows and functions. 甲状腺； e.g. Located near the base of the neck, the thyroid['θairɔid] is a large endocrine gland内分泌腺体 that produces hormones that help control growth and metabolism[mɛ'tæbəlɪzəm]新陈代谢 //metabolic [,metə'bɒlɪk] system |
| *前列腺* | ['prɔsteit] prostate gland前列腺; a firm partly muscular **chestnut** sized gland in males at the neck of the urethra; produces a viscid secretion that is the fluid part of semen  **//chestnut 毛栗子** |
| *汗腺* | sweat glands （The sweat glands secrete water. 汗腺分泌汗液） |
| *(大脑里面的）松果体；松果腺* | (大脑里面的）松果体；松果腺 pineal gland [' pai'ni:əl ] in the brain; pineal body 松果体；松果腺 pineal:[' pai'ni:əl]: resembling a pine cone 松果状的 e.g. The melatonin /ˌmɛləˈtəʊnɪn/ is the hormone-like secretion分泌物 of the pineal gland in the brain, causing skin colour changes in some animals and thought to be involved in reproductive function. e.g. In humans, melatonin levels rise at night, in response to darkness and cues from the circadian clock. 人类的褪黑激素水平在夜晚上升，以响应黑暗和昼夜节律钟发出的信号 //褪黑激素 melatonin /ˌmɛləˈtəʊnɪn/ |
| *内分泌腺* | 内分泌的 endocrine /ˈɛndəʊˌkraɪn/: [ 内分泌系统 the endocrine system; 内分泌腺体 the endocrine gland ] The endocrine system内分泌系统 is the system of glands that produce hormones for the bloodstream, such as the pituitary or thyroid glands ['θairɔid] 甲状腺. e.g....the hormones that are secreted by our endocrine glands. …我们的内分泌腺分泌的荷尔蒙 e.g. Located near the base of the neck, the thyroid['θairɔid] is a large endocrine gland内分泌腺体 that produces hormones that help control growth and metabolism[mɛ'tæbəlɪzəm]新陈代谢 //metabolic [,metə'bɒlɪk] system |
| (药物的) 副作用 | side-effect(药物的) 副作用 V.S. side dishes ((同主菜一起上的)配菜) 1. N-COUNT The side-effects of a drug are the effects, usually bad ones, that the drug has on you in addition to its function of curing illness or pain. (药物的) 副作用 e.g Side-effects include nausea, tiredness/fatigue, and dizziness. 副作用包括呕吐、疲倦和头晕。 2. N-COUNT A side-effect of a situation is something unplanned and usually unpleasant that happens in addition to the main effects of that situation. 附带后果 e.g. One side effect of modern life is stress. 现代生活的一个附带后果就是压力。 // side dishes ((同主菜一起上的)配菜) A side dish is a portion of food served at the same time as the main dish. (同主菜一起上的)配菜 E.G. These mushrooms would make a delicious side dish. 这些蘑菇将会是一道美味可口的配菜 |
| 【医学】完全除去（身体器官或一部分 e.g. flecks），通过手术射线等 | obliterate sth: [In medicine] obliterate is to remove sth completely (a body organ or part), as by surgery or radiation. E.g. The doctors obliterated pimples and flecks雀斑 from my face in a plastic surgery //If something obliterates an object or place, it destroys or ruins it completely. 摧毁; If you obliterate something such as a memory, emotion, or thought, you remove it completely from your mind. (从头脑中) 抹掉 |
| 褪黑激素 | melatonin /ˌmɛləˈtəʊnɪn/N the hormone-like secretion of **the pineal gland,** causing skin colour changes in some animals and thought to be involved in reproductive function 褪黑激素 //(大脑里面的）松果体；松果腺 pineal gland [' pai'ni:əl ] in the brain |
| 并发症 | N-COUNT A complication is a medical problem that occurs as a result of another illness or disease. 并发症 e.g Blindness is a common complication of diabetes. 失明是糖尿病常有的一种并发症 |
| 1. **地方性**的(疾病）；风土的 n. 常见的**地方病**　 2. (情况、问题) 极为普遍的 | **endemic [ɛn'dɛmɪk] V.S. pandemic** If a disease or illness is **endemic** in a place, it is frequently found among the people who live there. 常见的地方病; e..g Polio was **endemic** among children in my age, especially in Nigeria 小儿麻痹症在当时是在我这个年纪的儿童中**常见的疾病**。 |
| 2. If you say that a condition or problem is endemic, you mean that it is very common and strong, and cannot be dealt with easily. (情况、问题) 极为普遍的，常见的 e.g Discrimination against Catholics is endemic in Northern Ireland's institutions. 对天主教徒的歧视在北爱尔兰的公共机构中极为普遍 |
| 肿瘤学 | oncology /ɒŋˈkɒlədʒɪ/, oncologist肿瘤专家, oncological  1. Oncology is the branch of medicine concerned with the study, classification, and treatment of tumours . e.g But many of them are now going into subspecialties of internal medicine, like cardiology and oncology. 如心脏病学和肿瘤学 2. oncology, oncological: of or relating to or practicing oncology 3 oncologist [ɔŋ'kɔlə:dʒist]　a specialist in oncology |
| 体温过低：不正常地低的体温 | hypothermia [,haɪpə(ʊ)'θɜːmɪə] : abnormally low body temperature.体温过低：不正常地低的体温 eg Helicopters/chopper equiped with sophisticated精密尖瑞的 night vision devices, worked through the night to pull passengers off the capsized ferry, one by one. An Italian navy medical team boarded the ship to aid passengers, some of whom had been suffering hypothermia体温过低 and smoke suffocation/smother/choke. The already cold conditions were worsened by the spray of plume of smokes from tugboat/towboat拖船 hoses as authorities attempted to douse the flames. //suffocate, smother, choke |
| 万灵药, 百宝丹; 灵丹妙药,包治百病 | heal-all ['hi:**lɔ:l**] = cure -all [a cure-all solution = a heal-all 万能良药 ; 全能良药; a cure-all 包治百病 = a heal-all ] e.g. A cure-all/heal-all is something that is believed, usually wrongly, to be able to solve all the problems someone or something has, or to cure a wide range of illnesses. 万灵药; e.g He said the introduction of market discipline to the economy was not a magic cure-all/heal-all for its problems. 他说把市场规范引入经济中并不是解决所有经济问题的灵丹妙药 |
| seizure | The act or an instance of seizing or the condition of being seized. 攫取，捕捉 [the seizure of power 夺取政权] eg The public prosecutor in Bari, Italy, said he had requested the seizure of the ship as part of a criminal investigation. Authorities are waiting for authorization from Albanian officials to release the ship, because it is in Albanian waters. Giuseppe Volpe, the prosecutor, added that the owner and the captain of the ship will be notified of the investigation. No charges have been filed  A sudden attack, spasm痉挛, or convulsion, as in epilepsy or another disorder unexpectedly. （病）突然的发作、痉挛或惊厥，如在癫痫其它疾病中　 ［突然(病)发作而死 die from a seizure of /disease/ eg 突然中风而死 die from a seizure of apoplexy／stroke; 突然心脏病发而死: die from a seizure of cardiac attack; 突然心搏停止而死 die from a seize of cardiac arrest] |
| 脱臼脱位的 ; 扰乱 | dislocate; dislocated [脱臼的肩膀 a dislocated shoulder； 脱臼的下巴 dislocated jaw/chin] If you dislocate a bone or joint in your body, or in someone else's body, it moves out of its proper position in relation to other bones, usually in an accident. 使脱臼 e.g. Harrison dislocated a finger. 让一根手指脱臼了。e.g. Lots of students wre injured in the school rampage, including a broken nose, a dislocated shoulder, and a leg fracture骨折 of a cheekbone. eg She's laughing so heavily that her jaw is dislocated accidentally |
| To dislocate something such as a system, process, or way of life means to disturb it greatly or prevent it from continuing as normal. 扰乱 e.g. It would help to end illiteracy and disease, but it would also dislocate a traditional way of life. 它该会有助于消除文盲和疾病，但也会打乱一种传统的生活方式 |
| 使**脱臼**复位; 用**推拿术**治疗 | manipulate, manipulaton [ manipulate my dislocated shoulder; mainpulate my dislocated jaw ] If someone manipulates your bones or muscles, they skilfully move and press your bones or muscles with their hands in order to push the dislocated bones into their correct position or make the muscles less stiff. e. g. The way he can manipulate my leg has helped my arthritis[ɑ:'θraitis] so much. 他针对我的腿部做的推拿治疗对我的关节炎大有帮助。 => N. 推拿术 manipulation e.g. A permanent cure will only be effected by acupuncture针灸, chiropractic按摩, or manipulation推拿术. //If you **dislocate** a bone or joint in your body, or in someone else's body, it moves out of its proper position in relation to other bones, usually in an accident. 使脱臼 my dislocated shoulder/jaw |
| 〔治疗骨折的〕牵引术 | traction: ['trækʃ ə n]  1.the process of treating **a broken bone/bone fracture** with special medical equipment that pulls it〔治疗骨折的〕牵引术 **[ be in traction接受牵引治疗 ]**  e.g. I've got a **reckless** skiing, and I underwent **a serious bone fracture.** Now, **the ruptured bones are knitting(断裂的骨头在愈合)** together properly. Then I’ll **be in traction** (= receiving this kind of treatment ) for weeks接受牵引治疗  2. the force that prevents something such as a wheel sliding on a surface, the ability of a wheel or tire to hold the ground〔防止车轮在路面滑动/打滑的〕附着摩擦力  e.g. The tires were bald (= completely worn ) and lost traction on the wet road. 轮胎已磨平，在这种湿的路面上没有了摩擦力。  3.the type of power needed to make a vehicle move, or to pull a heavy load〔使汽车或重物等移动的〕牵引力 |
| (尤指骨头) 断裂 N/V | fracture /ˈfræktʃə/ 断裂的骨头在愈合  I've got a **reckless** skiing, and I underwent **a serious bone fracture.** Now, **the ruptured bones are knitting(断裂的骨头在愈合)** together properly. Then I’ll **be in traction** (= receiving this kind of treatment ) for weeks接受牵引治疗//a reckless driver鲁莽的，不及后果的 |
| (体内组织) 破裂; 使患疝气；　**双方的(关系) 破裂; 决裂** | rupture /ˈrʌptʃə/ I've got a **reckless** skiing, and I underwent **a serious bone fracture.** Now, **the ruptured bones are knitting(断裂的骨头在愈合)** together properly. Then I’ll **be in traction** (= receiving this kind of treatment ) for weeks接受牵引治疗 |
| 肝炎 | [,hepə**'taitis**] hepatitis A; hepatitis B. 乙型肝炎; hepatitis c 丙型肝炎 Inflammation[医]炎症发炎 of the liver, caused by infectious/contagious or toxic agents and characterized by jaundice/ˈdʒɔːndɪs/黄疸 , fever, liver enlargement, and abdominal pain. e.g. Note: Patients with hepatitis[,hepə'taitis] B, syphilis ['sɪfɪlɪs][性病] 梅毒 , AIDS patients, hepatitis C [,hepə'taitis] patient,and sexually active homosexual men can not participate in blood donation. e.g. An outbreak of "hepatitis [,hepə'taitis] A" caused by imported frozen strawberries from Egypt has sickened 55 people in six states, the US Centers for Disease Control and Prevention said Wednesday. Health authorities confirmed 44 total infections in Virginia, where the outbreak first appeared. Hepatitis[,hepə'taitis] A is a viral liver infection that is highly contagious but does not result in chronic infection. "Due to the relatively/comparatively long incubation period潜伏期 for hepatitis A -- 15 to 50 days -- before people start experiencing symptoms, we expect to see more ill people reported in this outbreak," Hepatitis[,hepə'taitis] A is spread from person to person. The most common way the virus is transmitted is when someone eats something that has been contaminated with the feces['fisiz]排泄物 of an infected person. //symptom -> symptomatic ['sɪmptə'mætɪk]; incubate: When birds incubate/hatch their eggs, or when they incubate, they keep the eggs warm until the baby birds come out. 孵 (卵); 孵化; When an egg hatches or when a bird, insect, or other animal hatches an egg, the egg breaks open and a baby comes out. 孵化 e.g. The eggs hatch after a week or ten days. 这些蛋1周或10天后孵化 |
| [医] 糖尿病 | diabetes [,daɪə'bit**iz**] (diabetic /ˌdaɪəˈbɛtɪk/) Any of several **metabolic[,metə'bɒlɪk] disorders新陈代谢失调症** marked by excessive discharge of urine排尿 and persistent **thirst**口渴, especially one of the two types of diabetes mellitus. 以排尿过多和持续的口渴为特征，尤指糖尿病的两种类型之一 |
| 糖尿病人; 患糖尿病的 | diabetic /ˌdaɪəˈbɛtɪk/ ; n ) diabetes [,daɪə'biːt**iːz**] ] 糖尿病  1. [N-COUNT](javascript:;)A diabetic is a person who suffers from diabetes. [ a diabetic = a diabetic patient] 糖尿病人 e.g  ...an insulin ['ɪnsjʊlɪn] ['ɪnsəlɪn] -dependent diabetic.   …一个依赖胰岛素的糖尿病人。  2. [ADJ](javascript:;)Diabetic is also an adjective. 患糖尿病的**[ a diabetic = a diabetic patient ]**  e.g. **Diabetic/ˌdaɪəˈbɛtɪk/ patients** require **insulin['ɪnsjʊlɪn] ['ɪnsəlɪn] 胰岛素**  3. [ADJ](javascript:;)Diabetic means relating to diabetes. 与糖尿病有关的 e.g. He found her in a diabetic coma.   他发现她因糖尿病而昏迷。  e.g. She said one passenger seated close to her had been escorted down to the aircraft's cargo area to **give insulin['ɪnsəlɪn] 胰岛素 to his diabetic [daɪə'betɪk] 糖尿病的 pet dog** in the hold by an air marshal. After almost four hours she was guided out in darkness after portable steps were found for them to **disembark/ˌdɪsɪmˈbɑːk/ from** the plane (get off the train/plane/bus when arriving).  //embark on a plane/train .VS. disembark from a plane/train |
|  | [生化][药] 胰岛素 insulin ['ɪnsjʊlɪn] ['ɪnsəlɪn] Insulin is a substance that most people produce **naturally** in their body and that controls the level of sugar in their blood. 胰岛素  e.g.  Sufferers from the more severe form of diabetes have faulty insulin-producing cells.  患有更严重类型的糖尿病患者其胰岛素分泌细胞存在问题。  e.g. **Diabetic/ˌdaɪəˈbɛtɪk/ patients** require insulin.  e.g. She said one passenger seated close to her had been escorted down to the aircraft's cargo area to **give insulin['ɪnsəlɪn] 胰岛素 to his diabetic [daɪə'betɪk] 糖尿病的 pet dog** in the hold by an air marshal. After almost four hours she was guided out in darkness after portable steps were found for them to **disembark/ˌdɪsɪmˈbɑːk/ from** the plane (get off the train/plane/bus when arriving).  //embark on a plane/train .VS. disembark from a plane/train |
| 梅毒 | syphilis ['sɪfɪlɪs] A chronic infectious/contagious disease caused by a spirochete(Treponema pallidum), either transmitted by direct contact, usually in sexual intercourse, or passed from mother to child in utero, and progressing through three stages characterized respectively by local formation of chancres, ulcerous skin eruptions, and systemic infection leading to general paresis. |
| 拔牙 | tooth extraction e.g. I wanna extract all my wisdom teeth. **// tooth pick[轻] 牙签; dental floss 牙线; tooth braces牙箍/牙齿矫正器; tooth brush 牙刷; tooth paste 牙膏** |
| menstruation | [menstrʊ'eɪʃ(ə)n], The process or an instance of discharging the menses = **period** eg **During my menstruation/period**, xxx eg Women 3 days before and after **menstruation** cannot join the blood donation. |
| 流产 | **miscarriage = spontaneous abortion:** Premature expulsion of a nonviable不能成活 fetus['fitəs]胎儿 from the uterus/womb子宫. //vagina [və'dʒaɪnə] n. [解剖] 阴道；叶鞘；鞘 |
| [解剖] 阴道 | **vagina [və'dʒaɪnə] n. [解剖] 阴道；叶鞘；鞘** |
| adj. 伤寒的；斑疹伤寒症的 n. 伤寒 | **/ˈtaɪfɔɪd/ Typhoid** or typhoid fever is a serious **infectious** disease that produces fever and **diarrhea [,daɪə'riə]腹泻痢疾** and can cause death. It is spread by dirty water or food. |
| n. 腹泻，痢疾 | diarrhea [,daiə'riə] frequent and watery bowel movements; can be a symptom of infection or food poisoning or colitis or a gastrointestinal tumor //I got the trots (与the 连用) 拉肚子 infantile diarrhea 婴儿腹泻 ; 小儿腹泻 ; Infectious diarrhea 感染性腹泻 ; 急性肠胃炎 pancreatic diarrhea 胰源性腹泻 |
| 我拉肚子了，腹泻 (与the 连用) | I got **the** trots/ have **the** trots = **I lost my bowels. V.S. constipation[医]便秘; purge medicine, purgative //trout: 鳟鱼** |
| tonsillectomy; dysentery |  |
| 黄疸 | jaundice /ˈdʒɔːndɪs/  Jaundice is an illness that makes your skin and eyes become yellow. 黄疸 e.g. The classical symptom of hepatitis[,hepə'taitis] is jaundice -- a yellowing of the skin or the eyes -- other signs include fever, fatigue, loss of appetite, nausea[ˈnɔ:ziə], vomiting/throwing up, [æb'dɒmɪn(ə)l]abdominal pain (belly, tummy, stomach), dark urine and light-colored stools, but not including the skin rash[皮肤] 皮疹. |
| 肺炎 | **pneumonia** is a serious disease that affects your lungs and makes it difficult for you to breathe. 肺炎 She nearly died of pneumonia. 她差点死于肺炎 |
| 抽搐， 痉挛 | spasm /ˈspæzəm/  **[ muscle spasm 肌肉痉挛; facial spasm[医]面痉挛, 面瘫； postmortem spasm 死后抽搐 V.S. jerk: 肌肉抽搐 ]** A spasm is a sudden tightening of your muscles, which you cannot control 抽搐， 痉挛； e.g. A muscular spasm in the coronary artery 冠状动脉 can cause a cardiac attack. 冠状动脉内肌肉痉挛会导致心脏病发作; e.g. The child in a spasm kept twisting his arms and legs. 那个害痉挛的孩子四肢不断地抽搐 |
| 腹部的 | abdomen /ˈæbdəmən/ Your abdomen is the part of your body below your chest where your stomach and intestines are. 腹部 => abdominal /æbˈdɒmɪnəl/ V.S. belly, stomach, tummy [ abdominal pain 腹痛; abdominal cavity 腹腔; abdominal wall 腹壁; abdominal muscles腹肌; abdominal obesity 肚腩赘肉; 腹部肥胖症 ; abdominal pregnancy 腹孕 ; 腹部妊娠; abdominal belt 腹部引力带 ] 1.ADJ Abdominal is used to describe something that is situated in the abdomen or forms part of it. 腹部的 e.g. ...vomiting, diarrhea, and abdominal pain腹痛. e.g. He went into the hospital to undergo tests for a pain in his abdomen. 他去了医院接受对他的腹部疼痛进行的各项检查 e.g. Ebola[i'bəulə] is spread through contact with infected bodily fluids. Symptoms can include fever, headache, muscle pain, fatigue, diarrhea[,daiə'riə] 腹泻，痢疾, vomiting/throwing up, /æbˈdɒmɪnəl/ abdominal pain , and hemorrhaging ['hemərɪdʒ] 出血. These symptoms can begin two to 21 days after exposure, which indicates a short incubation period潜伏期. |
| 患肠绞痛,肚子绞痛 | **gripe: vt. 绞痛；握紧 have gripes[graɪp] in stomach; have gripes in tummy** ; have gripes in bowel. E.g To have sharp pains in bowels, stomach, or **tummy //tummy 肚子；胃 V.S. abdomen /ˈæbdəmən/腹部** |
| 反胃的/倒胃口的 | stomach-turning [倒胃口的消息 a stomach-turning news] //I don't have an appetite.我没有胃口 eg Two terrorists tweeted pictures of themselves with the decapitated/beheaded斩首 heads of Syrian government fighters. U.S. Secretary of State John Kerry called the picture "one of the most disturbing, stomach-turning photographs ever displayed. //My stomach churns with nausea [ˈnɔ:ziə]. |
| [医]输血 | transfusion of the blood; infusion of blood [医]输血 //infuse: To infuse a quality(某种特性) into someone or something, or to infuse them with a quality, means to fill them with it. 注入 (某种特性) e.g. Many of the girls seemed to be infused with excitement on seeing the snow. 许多女孩子似乎一看到雪心里就充满了兴奋 |
| [医]骨关节炎; | chronic arthritis [ɑː'θraɪtɪs] [ɑr'θrɪtɪs] 慢性关节炎 V.S. acute arthritis 急性/突发的关节炎 |
| 小儿麻痹症 | polio, /ˈpəʊlɪəʊ/ Polio is a serious infectious disease that often makes people unable to use their legs, kind of paralysis 小儿麻痹症. Polio is an acute viral disease marked by inflammation of nerve cells of the brain stem脑干 and spinal cord[解剖] 脊髓 //paralyzed 瘫痪的 (paralyzed power system; paralyzed transportation system)；麻痹的 e.g. Glace was crippled by polio at the age of 3. 因小儿麻痹症而瘸了 |
| 霍乱 | cholera /ˈkɒlərə/ Cholera is a serious disease that often kills people. It is caused by drinking infected water or by eating infected food. 霍乱 ..a cholera epidemic. …一场霍乱疫情 e.g. UNICEF estimates that 1.4 million children a year die from diseases such as pneumonia and cholera, easily preventable with better hygiene. "Soap and health and hygiene have a huge impact in our world," |
| 疟疾；瘴气 | [mə'lɛrɪə] malaria: An infectious/contagious disease characterized by cycles of chills, fever, and sweating, caused by the parasitic infection of red blood cells by a protozoan of the genus Plasmodium, which is transmitted by the bite of an infected female anopheles mosquito. Also called paludism ,swamp fever. eg The report warns malaria-related death toll may soon surpass those from Ebola. |
| stroke | A sudden severe attack, as of paralysis麻痹 or sunstroke. (病情的）突然发作； 一次突然的猛烈攻击，如麻痹和中暑 (sunstroke.) e.g Three weeks ago, Nathan had suffered a stroke, Lee said. According to Reuters, the stroke was his second in recent years, with the latest having placed him in life-threatening condition有生命危险. Nathan, who held office from 1999 to 2011, was the longest-serving president of Singaporee. The Prime Minister described Nathan as a "warm and approachable" leader who "impressed visitors with his knowledge of world affairs, and served with dignity and distinction." //butterfly; breaststroke蛙泳; backstroke; freestyle |
| sunstroke | 中暑 it's so hot that I got a sunstroke |
| [病理] 出血. | **hemorrhage ['hemərɪdʒ], a brain hemorrhage ['hemərɪdʒ] (脑溢血)** eg Teresa had a heart transplant and was just recovering/healing from that ordeal when she suffered **a brain hemorrhage ['hemərɪdʒ] (脑溢血)** |
| 痛风; 关节炎， | [ɡaut] gout Pathology[pə'θɔlədʒi]病理学: A disturbance of uric-acid metabolism [mi'tæbəlizəm, me-] occurring predominantly in males, characterized by painful inflammation发炎 of the joints, especially of the feet and hands, and arthritic attacks resulting from elevated levels of uric acid in the blood and the deposition of urate crystals around the joints. The condition can become chronic and result in deformity. [stroke:中风] |
| 心血管的，与心血管有关的 | **cardio**vascular [,kɑ:diəu'væskjulə] Of, relating to, or involving the heart and the blood vessels **[ cardiovascular disease 心血管疾病；冠心病; cardiovascular system[医]心血管系统; cardiovascular surgery心血管外科; ]**  e.g. My mum got serious headache and her **cardiovascular [,kɑːdɪəʊ'væskjʊlə] 心血管的**problem revived **with the onset of winter 冬天的来临. //**〔尤指不好的事情的〕开始[发作]  ['ɒnset] **[with the onset of sth bad/negtiave随着xxx的开始/发作** |
| heart/cardiac attack | cardiac attack: 心脏病发作  cardiac arrest 心搏停止; |
| cardiac arrest | (slang) Sudden cessation of heartbeat and cardiac function, resulting in the loss of effective circulation. 心搏停止，心脏停跳 [cardiac attack:heart attack] |
| (心脏发出的) 杂音 | • N/v 低语/窃窃私语; 低声抱怨；(河水)潺潺声; (远处谈话等)轻微连续的低声 murmur ['mɜːmə] //nag: 唠叨 4.N A murmur is an abnormal sound which is made by the heart and which shows that there is probably something wrong with it. (心脏发出的) 杂音 [ a heart murmur ] e.g. The doctor said James had now developed a heart murmur. 医生说詹姆斯 心脏现在出现了杂音。 1.V-T If you [murmur something] or [murmur sth to sb], you say it very quietly, so that not many people can hear what you are saying. 小声说 ; N) They spoke in low murmurs. E.g. He turned and murmured something to the professor. 小声/窃窃私语对教授说了些什么. E.g. “How lovely," she murmured. 她低声说。 2. V/N 低声抱怨 a complaint uttered in a low and indistinct tone.  => 毫无怨言的做xxx If someone [ does something without a murmur ], they do it without complaining. e.g. Then came the bill and my friend paid up without a murmur. 我朋友毫无怨言地结了帐 3.N A murmur is a continuous low sound, like the noise of a river or of voices far away. (河水)潺潺声; 远处谈话等轻微连续的低声 e.g. The piano music mixes with the murmur of conversation. 钢琴音乐与轻轻的谈话声混合在一起。 E.g. Listen to the vivid murmur of the river (河水)潺潺声 |
| [解剖]软骨; | ['kɑːt(ɪ)lɪdʒ] cartilage A tough, elastic, fibrous connective tissue found in various parts of the body, such as the joints, outer ear. A major constituent of the embryonic and young vertebrate skeleton, it is converted largely to bone with maturation. 软骨组织：一种见于身体的各个部位，如关节、外耳和喉部的坚韧、有弹性、纤维状的连结性组织。是胎儿和幼年脊椎动物骨胳的主要组成部分，后来大都转变为骨头 |
| 软组织受伤 | Soft tissue injuries: A Soft tissue injury (STI) is the damage of muscles, ligaments and tendons throughout the body. Common soft tissue injuries usually occur from a sprain, strain, a one off blow resulting in a contusion or overuse of a particular part of the body. |
| N/V 扭伤; 歪伤 | sprain /spreɪn/  1. V-T If you sprain a joint such as your ankle, wrist, or waist, you accidentally damage it by twisting it or bending it violently. 扭伤 (关节) e..g He fell and sprained his ankle.他跌了一跤，扭伤了脚踝。 [ my sprained ankle; my sprained wrist; my sprained waist ] [ sprain my ankle; sprain my wrist; sprain my waist ]  2.N-COUNT A sprain is the injury caused by spraining a joint. 扭伤 e.g. Rubin suffered a right ankle sprain when she rolled over on her ankle. 鲁宾摔倒时身体压到了脚踝上导致右脚踝扭伤 |
| 韧带 | A ligament ['lɪgəm(ə)nt] is a band of strong tissue in a person's body which connects bones. 韧带; He suffered torn ligaments in his knee. 他的膝部韧带撕裂了 [ torn ligament 撕裂的/拉伤的韧带] e.g. He suffered from torn ligaments in his knee. 他的膝部韧带撕裂了 e.g. A Soft tissue injury 软组织受伤 is the damage of muscles, ligaments and tendons/ˈtɛndən/腱 throughout the body. Common soft tissue injuries usually occur from a sprain扭伤, strain, a one-off一次性的 blow resulting in a contusion or overuse of a particular part of the body. |
| 腱 | tendon /ˈtɛndən/ tendon is a strong cord 绳索 in a person's or animal's body which joins a muscle to a bone. 腱 [ 拉伤的腱 torn tendon; 肌腱损伤, 肌腱破裂: tendon rupture ] e.g. ...a torn tendon in his right shoulder. …他右肩一根被拉伤的腱 e.g. A Soft tissue injury 软组织受伤 is the damage of muscles, ligaments ['lɪgəm(ə)nt and tendons/ˈtɛndən/腱 throughout the body. Common soft tissue injuries usually occur from a sprain扭伤, strain, a one-off一次性的 blow resulting in a contusion or overuse of a particular part of the body. |
| 骨折 | fracture /ˈfræktʃə/  1. N. A fracture is a crack or break in something, especially a bone. (尤指骨头) 断裂 [ 骨折: a bone fracture; (臀部)髋骨骨折: a hip fracture (骨折的); 骨头愈合:The ruptured bones knit together ] e.g. At least one-third of all women over ninety have sustained a hip fracture. 有1/3遭受过(臀部)髋骨骨折。 e.g. For example, you got a bone fracture. When the ruptured bones knit (骨头) 愈合 together, the broken pieces grow together again. e.g. The ruptured bone hasn't knitted together properly. (骨折的）骨头还没有完全愈合 //knit: 1. weave 2. [ (骨头) 愈合  2. V-T/V-I If something such as a bone is fractured, it gets a crack or break in it. 折断 e.g. You've fractured a rib / My one rib is fractured, maybe more than one. 你断了一根肋骨，也许不止一根。 |
| 体液 | bodily fluid |
| 排泄物 | feces ['fisiz] = evacution 排泄物，泻出物(尤指粪便) e.g. An outbreak of "hepatitis A" caused by imported frozen strawberries from Egypt has sickened 55 people in six states, the US Centers for Disease Control and Prevention said Wednesday. Health authorities confirmed 44 total infections in Virginia, where the outbreak first appeared. Hepatitis[,hepə'taitis] A is a viral liver infection that is highly contagious but does not result in chronic infection. "Due to the relatively/comparatively long incubation period潜伏期 for hepatitis A -- 15 to 50 days -- before people start experiencing symptoms, we expect to see more ill people reported in this outbreak," Hepatitis[,hepə'taitis] A is spread from person to person. The most common way the virus is transmitted is when someone eats something that has been contaminated with the feces排泄物 of an infected person. //symptom -> symptomatic |
| 乳房X线摄影术 | mammography [mæ'mɔɡrəfi] Mammography is the use of X-rays to examine women's breasts in order to detect cancer. e.g. Obamacare eliminated the costs and **out-of-pocket expenses** for Americans wanting preventive health care services -- including **mammography [mæ'mɔɡrəfi] and colonoscopy** [,kəulə'nɔskəpi], both tests able to detect cancer. Among older Americans, use of mammography increased under Obamacare, according to a study published Monday in the journal Cancer. But another preventive screen test, colonoscopy, didn't see a similar increase. //ADJ Out-of-pocket expenses are those which you pay out of your own money on behalf of someone else, and which are often paid back to you later. 需现款支付的, 自掏腰包的 [ 自掏腰包的花费 out-of-pocket expenses V.S. outlay ] Outlay is the amount of money that you have to spend in order to buy something or start a project. (必要的) 费用 => capital outlay资本支出，基建投资; initial outlay开办费用，创始费用 |
| 乳房X线**照片** | mammogram /ˈmæməgræm/ N-COUNT A mammogram is a test that uses x-rays to check whether women have breast cancer. 乳房X光摄影检查 e.g. Obamacare eliminated the costs and out-of-pocket expenses for Americans wanting preventive health care services -- including mammography and colonoscopy, both tests able to detect cancer. Among older Americans, use of mammography increased under Obamacare, according to a study published Monday in the journal Cancer. But another preventive screen test, colonoscopy, didn't see a similar increase. Offered a free mammogram, more women of all income and education levels accessed the test |
| disorders | |  | | --- | |  | |
| 多动症 | hyperactivity 多动 => hyperactivity disorder |
| Hypothermia |  |
| euphoria | Euphoria /juː'fɔːriə,juˋfɔrɪə/ an extremely/extravagantly strong feeling of happiness and excitement, which usually only lasts for a short time, which is abnormally actually. 【医] 异常高兴; 异常开心兴奋. [ thesaurus: pleasure ]  e.g. I drank too much coffee this afternoon and now I'm full of euphoria, with insomnia 失眠..异常情绪高亢.  e.g. There was a general atmosphere of pessimism悲观 after the euphoria /juː'fɔːriə /of last year. 去年的狂喜过后出现了普遍的悲观气氛。 |
| paranoia; paranoid | paranoia /ˌpærəˈnɔɪə/  1. If you say that someone suffers from paranoia/ˌpærəˈnɔɪə/ , you think that they are TOO suspicious and TOO afraid of other people. 1多疑症; 2恐惧症 e.g. The mood is one of paranoia and expectation of war. 这种情绪是一种对战争的恐惧和盼望。  2. In psychology, if someone suffers from paranoia/ˌpærəˈnɔɪə/, they wrongly believe that other people are trying to harm them被害妄想症, or believe themselves to be much more important than they really are. 偏执狂;  =>  paranoid /ˈpærəˌnɔɪd/ 1. ADJ If you say that someone is paranoid, you mean that they are extremely suspicious and afraid of other people. 多疑的; （以为多疑才）恐惧的  e.g. I'm not going to get paranoid about it. 不会对此过分猜疑的。   e.g. ...a paranoid politician (多疑的政治家) who saw enemies all around him. …一个把自己周围的人都视为敌人的多疑的政治家。  E.G. She’s is such a paranoid person. 多疑的人  N) A paranoid is sb. who is exhibiting or characterized by extreme fear or distrust of others 多疑症/恐惧症患者 2. ADJ Someone who is paranoid suffers from the mental illness of paranoia. 患偏执狂的; 患妄想狂的 e.g....paranoid delusions. …偏执狂的错觉。  3. N) A paranoid is someone who is paranoid. 偏执狂; 妄想狂  e.g. ...these sad, deluded [dɪ'l(j)uːd] paranoids. …这些可悲的、被蒙骗的妄想狂们 Relating to, characteristic of, or affected with paranoia. 偏执狂患者 //V) 1. 自欺欺人 delude [dɪ'l(j)uːd] onself 2. 蒙骗/哄骗sb.相信假的东西 delude [dɪ'l(j)uːd] sb. into thinking that |
| hysteria | hysteria[hɪ'stɪərɪə], hysterical [hɪ'stɛrɪkl], hysterically  1. Someone who is hysterical is in a state of uncontrolled excitement, anger, or panic... it's too over 歇斯底里的,不正常（生气，哭泣，兴奋，伤心..)  e.g. Police and bodyguards had to form a human shield人墙 around him as the almost hysterical crowds struggled to approach him. 当近乎 歇斯底里的人群 奋力接近他时。 e.g. She's crying hysterically, just like a kid out of control. 2. Hysterical laughter is loud and uncontrolled. 歇斯底里的/疯狂失控的狂笑 [ burst into hysterical laughter = laugh hysterically ];  e.g. The young woman burst into hysterical laughter. 那个少妇 突然 歇斯底里的/疯狂失控的狂笑。 e.g. She says she hasn't laughed as hysterically since she was 13. 没有像这样狂笑过。  3. hysterical = funny and amusing, witty 非常滑稽的,诙谐风趣 If you describe something or someone as hysterical, you think that they are very funny and amusing, and witty and they make you laugh a lot. [ 一个诙谐风趣的人 a hysterical, funny and amusing person = a witty person]  e.g Paul was the Master of Ceremonies (MC) 司仪, and he was pretty hysterical, funny and amusing / witty. 担任司仪，他相当 诙谐风趣.  e.g. It wasn't supposed to be a comedy but I found it hysterically funny. 它本不是个喜剧，可我觉得它非常滑稽。 |
| 缝合的(痕迹)线 | n) A **seam** is a line of stitches which joins two pieces of cloth together. e.g. The skirt ripped along a seam. 那条裙子沿一条缝合线裂开了 //I got 7 stitches on this self-inflicted wound自己造成的伤, see the suture缝合处 covered by the gauze 纱布 [ɡɔ:z] I: That's interesting. I didn't know that. D: Nor did I / Me neither. OK, so going up to the lid. … there are several things we can label here. There’‘s the rim around the edge which seals the can. I: Got that. And there’'s a funny word for the seal, isn'’t there? D: Yes, it’s a flange //flange: [machine] 凸缘；轮缘；边缘 I: What does it say about it? D: Well, the can's filled with coke or whatever and after that the top of the can is trimmed 削减 and then bent over to secure the lid. I: Thats right, it looks like a seam缝合线 . We could even do a blow-up of it like this F-L-A-N-G-E ... //rim: The rim of a container such as a cup or glass is the edge that goes all the way around the top. (容器的) 上缘 e.g; She licked the rim of her glass. 舔玻璃杯口  The rim of a circular object is its outside edge. (圆形物体的) 外缘; 外框 ...a round mirror with white metal rim. …一面有白色金属边框的圆镜子 |
| 医] v) 缝合, (wound+)缝合处 n) (尤指手术后伤口的)缝合用的线; | suture: /ˈsuːtʃə/ a suture is a thread of silk or wire used by surgeons外科医生 to stitch tissues together, to join together the open parts of a wound, especially one made after a patient has been operated on. [完成缝合 finish the suture['suːtʃə]; 缝合伤口 suture the wound after surgery] eg After cleanining the trauma by gauze纱布[gɔːz], pls finish the suture['suːtʃə].  e.g. I got 7 stitches on this self-inflicted wound自己造成的伤, see the suture缝合处 covered by the bloody gauze 纱布 [ɡɔ:z]. Eg. Suture the patient. => seam: 缝合线 //physician V.S. surgeon V.S. resident |
| 病历 | (Doctor said) I need to check your chart. //the charter plane 包机: the charter boat 包船； 受特许的机关 the chartered org/apparatus |
| 医] 线迹；一针 vt. 缝，缝合 | stitch: eg I got 7 stitches on my self-inflicted wound自己造成的伤, see the suture /ˈsuːtʃə/缝合处 still covered by bloody gauze纱布 [ɡɔ:z]. 我的伤口缝了7针 =》 seam: 缝合的(痕迹)线 |

## Body componenents

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| (妇女的)乳沟 | (妇女的)乳沟cleavage['klivɪdʒ]  A woman's cleavage is the space between her breasts, especially the top part which you see if she is wearing a dress with a low neck. e.g. Because of the grave TV and movie censorship审查 in CHINA, women's cleavage['klivɪdʒ] is banned in TV series. |
|  | Limb  //amputate |

# EF L7 lexical resources

# EF L8 lexical resources

# EF L9 lexical resources

# EF L10 lexical resources

# EF L11 lexical resources

# EF L12 lexical resources

# EF L13 lexical resources

# EF L14 lexical resources

# EF L15 lexical resources

# EF L16 lexical resources