CNN

**#** [**https://www.bilibili.com/video/av71195218?p=9**](https://www.bilibili.com/video/av71195218?p=9)

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**## nuance** */nju*ːˈɑː*ns/* CET6+ TEM8

1. N-VAR A nuance is a small difference in sound, feeling, appearance, or meaning. (声音、感觉、外貌或意义等方面的) 细微差别  e.g. We can use our eyes and facial expressions to communicate virtually every **subtle nuance of emotion** there is. 情感上的每一丝细微差别
2. The feeling between us is a little **nuanced. 微妙的**

**## sb is empowered to do sth**

1. V-T If **someone is empowered to do something**, they have the authority or power to do it. 授权  e.g. The army is now empowered to operate on a shoot-to-kill basis. 军队现在被授权依据“杀无赦”原则行动。e.g. Sean, please **feel empowered to** drive all the areas above to completion.
2. V-T To empower someone means to give them the means to achieve something, for example, to become stronger or more successful. 使能够  e.g. You must delegate effectively and empower people to carry out their roles with your full support. 你们必须有效地下放权力，使人们能够在你们的全力支持下履行他们的职责。

**## a promising plan/proposal**

showing signs of being good or successful 有希望的；有前途的；有出息的 DJ Someone or something that is promising seems likely to be very good or successful. 有望成功的; 前景很好的

e.g. He was voted the most promising new actor for his part in the movie. 他因在该电影中扮演的角色而获评为最有前途的新演员。

e.g. A school has honoured one of its brightest and most promising former students. 一所学校给其培养过的最聪明、最有前途的学生中的一位颁了奖。

e.g. The weather doesn't look very promising. 天气看起来不会太好

## **[flʌŋk] flunk the history （考试、测验等）失败，不及格; 挂科**

## **break a leg** 祝好运；大获成功（用于祝愿演员演出成功）

## If **a prisoner is paroled,** he or she is given parole. 获假释

## **[Wrap it up! 赶紧结束]**

**##** A [child **prodigy**](https://cnn.com/2015/06/01/world/piano-prodigy-alasdair-howell-10-year-old-hands/index.html)from Belgium is on course to gain a bachelor's degree at the tender age of 9. he is already being sought out b**y prestigious  [preˈstiːdʒəs] universities** around the world. “**The absorption of information** is no problem for Laurent," said his father.

## Would you be able to do so? = Would you mind doing sth?

## **monetize** /'mʌnətaɪz ;ˋmɑnə͵taɪz / v. technical 【术语】

1. to change government ***bond*** *s* and debts into money 使货币化；把〔公债等〕转换成货币
2. to make money from people who visit a website, for example by encouraging them buy things  〔通过网站访客〕赚钱，获利〔如鼓励他们购物等〕

alarm hasnot even gone off yet.

you must sleep right through it.

rise and shine  sleepyhead

 IDlike to help ”pitch in with dinner”

apron: put on this apron first

peeler: peel the cucumber

whisk eggs

ground beef 绞肉  ground meat

minced

how are you getting along?

bottoms up!

tub,  bathtub

mutton   mutton chop/ steak  lamb

the butcher's 肉店

# HK: <https://edition.cnn.com/2019/08/31/asia/hong-kong-protests-aug-31-hnk-intl/index.html>

<https://edition.cnn.com/2019/10/01/asia/hong-kong-china-protests-national-day-intl-hnk/index.html>

<https://edition.cnn.com/2019/10/07/asia/hong-kong-protests-pla-intl-hnk/index.html>

<https://edition.cnn.com/2019/10/21/asia/china-hong-kong-chile-spain-protests-intl-hnk/index.html>

## **resounding** */r*ɪˈ*za*ʊ*nd*ɪŋ*/* TEM8

1. ADJ A resounding sound is loud and clear. 响亮清晰的    例： There was a resounding slap as Andrew struck him violently across the face.  安德鲁狠狠地打了他一记耳光，声音清晰响亮。
2. ADJ You can refer to a very great success as a resounding success. 彻底的    例： The good weather helped to make the occasion a resounding success.  好天气帮助这次活动获得了彻底的成功。

e.g. A week ago, it seemed like Hong Kong leader Carrie Lam might have been **on the verge of** being ousted.

While her government denied rumors that Beijing was drawing up plans to replace her, few would have denied Chinese President Xi Jinping had cause: Lam has repeatedly admitted responsibility for the months-long political crisis rocking the semi-autonomous Chinese city, even reportedly offering to resign in the early days of the demonstrations, as large numbers of people took to the streets to protest an extradition bill she sponsored.

But on Monday, Xi sent **a resounding message**: Lam is here to stay

## （尤指作者在卷首的）致谢，鸣谢

an act or a statement expressing thanks to sb; something that is given to sb as thanks 感谢；谢礼

* 例：  I was sent a free copy in acknowledgement of my contribution. 我收到一本赠刊，表示对我投稿的谢意。
* 例：  The flowers were a small acknowledgement of your kindness. 这些花聊表谢意，感谢你的好心帮助

[ C usually pl. ] a statement, especially at the beginning of a book, in which the writer expresses thanks to the people who have helped （尤指作者在卷首的）致谢，鸣谢

e.g. But on Monday, Xi sent a [resounding message](http://www.xinhuanet.com/english/2019-11/05/c_138528299.htm): Lam is here to stay. Xi "voiced the central government's high degree of trust in Lam and full **acknowledgment** of the work of her and her governance team," according to state-run news agency Xinhua, which also published a photo of the pair shaking hands and smiling.

## ADJ A **full-throated** sound coming from someone's mouth, such as a shout or a laugh, is very loud. (声音)洪亮的

...full-throated singing. **adj.** 高声喧嚷的；声音宏亮的

e.g. [Beijing's decision to stick by Lam](http://www.cnn.com/2019/11/04/asia/xi-jinping-carrie-lam-hong-kong-china-intl-hnk/index.html) makes sense, replacing her would have opened a can of worms in an already unstable environment. But in a city where many see the hand of China in most government policies and pronouncements -- and distrust them for this very reason -- Xi's **full-throated** endorsement could risk underlining for protesters just how much Lam is Beijing's instrument.

## sack sb. = fire sb. = axe the workforce

e.g. Chilean President [sacked his whole cabinet](https://www.cnn.com/2019/10/26/world/chile-unrest-president-ministers-resign/index.html) in response to widespread and occasionally violent demonstrations.

## **hypocrisy** */h*ɪˈ*p*ɒ*krəs*ɪ*/ =>* 注意发音【**道德伪善: moral hypocrisy ; 可笑的虚伪: ridiculous hypocrisy:** 政客的虚伪: **the hypocrisy of those politicians 】**

* N-VAR If you accuse someone of hypocrisy */h*ɪˈ*p*ɒ*krəs*ɪ*/* , you mean that they pretend to be nice or warmhearted, or pretend to have qualities, beliefs, or feelings that they do not really have. 伪善；虚伪  e.g. He condemned **the hypocrisy of those politicians** who do one thing and say another. 他谴责了那些说一套做一套的政客的虚伪 e.g. The Chinese government and **state-run media, XinHua news,** have accused Western countries of their **hypocrisy** */h*ɪˈ*p*ɒ*krəs*ɪ*/* in their attitude to violent protests in Spain v.s. HK over the past week. In a commentary published in People's Daily, the official Chinese Communist Party **mouthpiece/spokesman** 代言人, a commentator accused the West of "double standards" in its responses to protests in other countries. Foreign Ministry spokeswoman said that the response by Western countries to the protests showed "democracy and human rights are only a **pretentious** cover for Western **interference** [ˌɪntəˈfɪərəns] in Hong Kong affairs." . **//interference** [ˌɪntəˈfɪərəns] V.S. **meddle in sth: (瞎)管闲事；瞎干涉瞎干预 //**ADJ ( *disapproving* ) If you say that someone or something is **pretentious**, you mean that they pretend to appear important, intelligent, etc. in order to impress other people; trying to be sth that you are not however 装逼的做作的; 虚夸的/装腔作势的；自命不凡的; e.g. He accused **the hypocrisy */h*ɪˈ*p*ɒ*krəs*ɪ*/* of newspapers** in their treatment of the story. 他指责报纸在处理这篇报道时所表现出的虚伪
* **hypothesis** */ha*ɪˈ*p*ɒ*θ*ɪ*s*ɪ*s/* 注意发音*;* **hypothetical** */*ˌ*ha*ɪ*pə*ˈ*θ*ɛ*t*ɪ*kəl/* **【** 假设的情况/场景： **a hypothetical situation/scenario */*ˌ*ha*ɪ*pə*ˈ*θ*ɛ*t*ɪ*kəl/* 】**

1. N-VAR A hypothesis is an idea which is suggested as a possible explanation for a particular situation or condition, but which has not yet been proved to be correct. 假设
2. **hypothetical** */*ˌ*ha*ɪ*pə*ˈ*θ*ɛ*t*ɪ*kəl/* 注意发音 ADJ If something is hypothetical, it is based on possible ideas or situations rather than actual ones. 假设的 e.g. Let's look at a hypothetical */*ˌ*ha*ɪ*pə*ˈ*θ*ɛ*t*ɪ*kəl/* situation in which Carol, a recovering alcoholic, gets invited to a party.

## 注意发音

* **diploma** */d*ɪˈ*pl****ə*ʊ***mə/*
* **diplomat** */*ˈ*d*ɪ*pl****ə***ˌ*mæt/*
* **diplomatic** */*ˌ*d*ɪ*pl****ə***ˈ*mæt*ɪ*k/*

e.g. "More and more people have come to realize that 'human rights', 'democracy' and 'beautiful sights' **preached** by some Western politicians are just illusory as **“a mirage in the desert** 沙漠中的海市蜃楼," she said. In a commentary published in t**he State-run news agency,** XinHua new, former Chinese diplomat ***/*ˈ*d*ɪ*plə*ˌ*mæt/*** wrote "the disastrous impact of a 'chaotic Hong Kong' has begun to influence the Western world. // V-T/V-I When people **preach a belief or a course of action**, they try to persuade other people to accept the belief or to take the course of action. 宣扬(信仰, 思想, 某种行为 ). **//**沙漠中的海市蜃楼: “a mirage in the desert”

## **dependant** 受扶养的家属**;** 受赡养者

N-COUNT Your dependants are the people you support financially, such as your children. 受扶养者  e.g. Companies must offer health benefits to employees and their dependants.

**## 告发者；检举者 whistleblower ['wisəl,bləuə] v.s.**   tattletale[‘tætltel]告密者；搬弄是非的人；闲谈者

**## litter**

**e.g.** Blood and debris litter the ground of the shopping mall following Sunday's attack.

## **halve** */h*ɑː*v/* 注意发音. (halving,halved,halves)

1. V-T/V-I When you halve something or when it halves, it is reduced to half its previous size or amount. 使xx减半 e.g.： Dr. Lee believes that men who exercise can **halve their risk of colon cancer.**  男人坚持锻炼，可以使<他们患结肠癌的风险>减半. 。//**colon cancer:** 结肠癌
2. V-T If you halve something, you divide it into two equal parts. 把…对半分开  e.g. High-profile Hong Kong activist Joshua tweeted that his "close colleague was assaulted" by a mob who was **wielding a dagger** and his "left ear was brutally halved."  e.g. **Halve the pineapple** and scoop out the inside. 把菠萝对半切开，并取出内瓤。

## 正经的**/**正经八百的做xxx事/干xxx事**;** 认真的诚挚地做xxx事/干xxx事: **do sth in earnest**

e.g. Hong Kong's protests began in March, but they kicked off **in earnest** in June. They were sparked by widespread opposition to a **contentious/controversial 有异议的，引起争论的** extradition bill that would have allowed **extradition** 引渡to China, but have since expanded to demands for full democracy and police accountability.

## 装逼的做作的; 虚夸的/装腔作势的；自命不凡的; pretend ==> **pretentious** */pr*ɪˈ*t*ɛ*n*ʃ*əs/*

ADJ ( *disapproving* ) If you say that someone or something is pretentious, you mean that they pretend to appear important, intelligent, etc. in order to impress other people; trying to be sth that you are not 装逼的做作的; 虚夸的/装腔作势的；自命不凡的;

e.g. That's a pretentious name for a dog! 狗叫这个名字真够”虚夸的/做作的”  e.g. **He's so pretentious! 瞧他那副自命不凡的样儿！**

e.g. His response was full of **pretentious nonsense**. 他的回答尽是些 **装腔作势的胡说八道**。

e.g. The Chinese government and **state-run media, XinHua news,** have accused Western countries of their **hypocrisy** */h*ɪˈ*p*ɒ*krəs*ɪ*/* in their attitude to violent protests in Spain v.s. HK over the past week. Foreign Ministry spokeswoman said that the response by Western countries to the protests showed "democracy and human rights are only a **pretentious** cover for Western **interference** [ˌɪntəˈfɪərəns] in Hong Kong affairs." **//interference** [ˌɪntəˈfɪərəns] V.S. **meddle in sth: (瞎)管闲事；瞎干涉瞎干预**

## **mirage** */m*ɪˈ*r*ɑːʒ*/* 沙漠中的海市蜃楼: “a mirage in the desert [məˈrɑːʒ]”.

1. N-COUNT A mirage is something that you see when it is extremely hot, for example in the desert, and which appears to be quite near but is actually a long way away or does not really exist. 海市蜃楼; 幻境 [沙漠中的海市蜃楼: “a mirage in the desert [məˈrɑːʒ]”.] e.g. It hovered before his eyes like the mirage of an oasis. 它在他眼前晃动，好像海市蜃楼里的绿洲。 e.g. “A mirage in the desert” is deceptive. 沙漠中的海市蜃楼是一种假象 e.g. "More and more people have come to realize that 'human rights' and 'democracy' **preached** by some Western politicians are just illusory as **a mirage in the desert** 沙漠中的海市蜃楼," she said In a commentary published in t**he State-run news agency,** XinHua new, former Chinese diplomat ***/*ˈ*d*ɪ*plə*ˌ*mæt/*** wrote "the disastrous impact of a 'chaotic Hong Kong' has begun to influence the Western world. // V-T/V-I When people **preach a belief or a course of action**, they try to persuade other people to accept the belief or to take the course of action. 宣扬(信仰, 思想, 某种行为 ).
2. N-COUNT If you describe something **as a mirage,** you mean that it is not real or true, although it may seem to be. 幻想; 妄想

## note => notable V.S. notice => noticeable

## note => notable

\* ~ (for sth) deserving to be noticed or to receive attention; important 值得注意的=>显著的；重要的

SYN striking [ a notable success/achievement/example 显著的成功╱成就；明显的事例 ]

e.g. His eyes are his most notable feature . 他的双眼是他最明显的特征。

e.g. The town is notable for its ancient harbour. 这座小镇因其古老的港口而出名

\* [ usually pl. formal ] notables: famous or important person 名人名流；重要人物 **[notables = dignitaries]**

V.S. dignitary /ˈdɪɡnɪtərɪ/ 美 /‑teri/ Dignitaries are people who are considered to be important because they have a high rank in government or in a church. (政府或教会的) 显要人物

e.g. ...an office fund used to entertain visiting dignitaries/notables. 一笔用于招待来访要员的办公资金/ˈdɪɡnɪtəri/

e.g. All the usual local dignitaries/notables will attend his wedding party. 经常露面的地方名流都在那里

## notice => noticeable /ˈnəʊ**tɪsə**bəl/ noticeabl. ==> 注意发音.

ADJ Something that is noticeable is very obvious, so that it is easy to see, hear, or recognize. 显而易见的.  **[显而易见的是xxxx: It is noticeable that xxx]**

e.g. It is noticeable that women do not have the rivalry that men have. 显而易见的是女性没有像男性那样的争强好胜。

e.g. Standards of living were deteriorating rather noticeably. 生活水平相当明显地下降了。

## bleach to white V.S. breach the rule/law/data breach V.S. preach

e.g. "More and more people have come to realize that 'human rights', 'democracy' and 'beautiful sights' **preached** by some Western politicians are just **illusory as a mirage in the desert**," she said.

In a commentary published in t**he State-run news agency,** XinHua new, former Chinese diplomat ***/*ˈ*d*ɪ*plə*ˌ*mæt/*** wrote "the disastrous impact of a 'chaotic Hong Kong' has begun to influence the Western world.

**## preach** */pri*ː*t/ => preacher* 牧师；传教士；鼓吹者**.**【对sb.说教: preach at sb.】

1. V-T/V-I When a member of the clergy preaches a sermon, he or she gives a talk on a religious or moral subject during a religious service. 布 (道); 布道  e.g. At High Mass the priest preached a sermon on the devil. 在大弥撒仪式上，牧师布了一次有关魔鬼的道。 e.g. The bishop **preached to a crowd of several hundred local people**. 主教向一群几百名当地人布道。
2. V-T/V-I When people **preach a belief or a course of action**, they try to persuade other people to accept the belief or to take the course of action. 宣扬(信仰, 思想, 某种行为 )  e.g. He said he was trying to **preach peace and tolerance to his people.**  他说他正试图向他的人民宣扬和平与宽容。 e.g. Health experts are now **preaching** that even a little exercise is far better than none at all. 健康专家**宣扬**说，即使少量的运动也比一点不运动要好得多。e.g. "More and more people have come to realize that 'human rights' and 'democracy' **preached** by some Western politicians are just illusory as **a mirage in the desert** 沙漠中的海市蜃楼," she said In a commentary published in t**he State-run news agency,** XinHua new, former Chinese diplomat ***/*ˈ*d*ɪ*plə*ˌ*mæt/*** wrote "the disastrous impact of a 'chaotic Hong Kong' has begun to influence the Western world. //沙漠中的海市蜃楼: “a mirage in the desert”
3. V-I If someone gives you advice in a very serious, boring way, you can say that they are **preaching at you.** 说教 【对sb.说教: preach at sb.】 **e.g. “Don't preach at me," he shouted to his parents “不要对我说教，”他喊道。**

**## vandalize V.S. sabotage**

**## 故意破坏/肆意破坏（尤指公共财物): vandalism public properties/facilities**

**Noun)  vandalism [ˈvændəlɪzəm] n. 故意恣意破坏他人（或公共）财产行为/罪**

[ usually passive ] vandalize sth: to damage sth, especially public property or facilities, **deliberately/intentionally** and **for no good reason** 故意破坏，肆意破坏（尤指公共财物）

e.g. A China Construction Bank (Asia) **is vandalized** in Causeway Bay ….The city's MTR subway network suspended all of its operations after demonstrators **vandalized** multiple train stations, setting fire to entrances and **smashing/shattering**粉碎/打碎 ticketing facilities. Violent protests began Friday in opposition to the ban and **stretched across the city** throughout the weekend, with protesters throwing petrol bombs and police responding with **pepper spray and tear gas**. **//横跨 stretch across (a city, a river, the sky)**

**##** sabotage /ˈsæbəˌtɑːʒ/ (sabotaging,sabotaged,sabotages)

\* V-T If a machine, railway line, or bridge is sabotaged, it is deliberately damaged or destroyed, for example, in a war or as a protest. 蓄意破坏

e.g. The main pipeline supplying water was sabotaged/vandalized by rebels. 主供水管道被叛乱分子 故意破坏/蓄意破坏 了。

\* N-UNCOUNT Sabotage is also a noun. 蓄意的破坏

e.g. The bombing was a spectacular act of sabotage. 这次爆炸是一次惊人的蓄意破坏行为。

\* V-T If someone sabotages a plan or a meeting, they deliberately prevent it from being successful. 阻挠

He accused the opposition of doing everything they could to sabotage the election. 他指责反对派正在竭尽全力阻挠选举的进行。

## **wield** /wiːld/

1. **[** 发挥**(**权力**/**影响**/**权威**)**；拥有并使用**/**发挥**(**权力**/**影响**/**权威等**): wield power/influence/authority etc ]** to have a lot of power or influence, and to use it 拥有并使用权力/影响/权威等 e.g. The Church **wields immense power and right** in Ireland. 在爱尔兰，教会操纵着大权。 e.g. She **wields enormous power** within the party. 她操纵着党内大
2. **[ 拿起武器或工具(去攻击别人）: wield a weapon/tool ]**If you **wield a weapon, tool, or piece of equipment**, you carry and use it. 拿着 (武器、工具或设备). e.g. He **was viciously attacked** 凶残地袭击 by a man **wielding a knife**. 他遭到一名持刀男子的凶残地袭击  e.g. She had been **viciously** attacked with a hammer. 她曾被人用锤子凶残地袭击过。**[** 被凶残地袭击**: be attacked viciously ]**   e.g. Yuen Long has become an unlikely focal point of the city's pro-democracy movement after protesters **were viciously attacked** by a mob 凶残地袭击 who are **wielding daggers and even police batons** 拿起〔武器或工具〕. About a dozen men have been **arrested/apprehended** in connection with the attack, some of whom have links to organized crime groups, or **triads */*ˈ*tra*ɪ*æd/*** 三合会**(**黑社会). Protesters were reportedly **at the mercy of** the mob for almost an hour before police arrived and at least 45 people were injured, some seriously.  **//**任凭某人**/**某物的摆布〔而无力保护自己〕**;** 受某人的摆布支配**/**听命于某人 **at the mercy of sb. e.g.** [Jimmy Sham,](https://www.cnn.com/2019/10/16/asia/hong-kong-jimmy-sham-attack-intl-hnk/index.html) a prominent protest march organizer, **was viciously attacked 被凶残地袭击** by a group of men **wielding hammers and knives 拿起武器或工具(去攻击别人** //**[** 被凶残地袭击**: be attacked viciously ]**

## **mouthpiece/spokesman** 代言人

e.g. The Chinese government and **State-run media, XinHua news,** have accused Western countries of their **hypocrisy** 虚伪 */h*ɪˈ*p*ɒ*krəs*ɪ*/* in their attitude to violent protests in Spain v.s. HK over the past week. In a commentary published in People's Daily, the official Chinese Communist Party **mouthpiece/spokesman** 代言人, a commentator accused the West of "double standards" in its responses to protests in other countries. Foreign Ministry **spokeswoman** said that the response by Western countries to the protests showed "democracy and human rights are only a **pretentious** cover for Western **interference** [ˌɪntəˈfɪərəns] in Hong Kong affairs." . **//interference** [ˌɪntəˈfɪərəns] V.S. **meddle in sth: (瞎)管闲事；瞎干涉瞎干预 //**ADJ ( *disapproving* ) If you say that someone or something is **pretentious**, you mean that they pretend to appear important, intelligent, etc. in order to impress other people; trying to be sth that you are not however 装逼的做作的; 虚夸的/装腔作势的；自命不凡的;

**## 横跨 stretch across a city/bridge/sky/river**

e.g. Light, **fluffy** [ˈflʌfi] clouds **stretch across the broad sky** of “**Sahara [sə'hɑ:rə] Desert”**. “蓬松的云彩” **横跨广阔的天空** // **“蓬松的云彩”: light, fluffy clouds** e.g. The rainbow is **stretching across the sky** in a great bow of color. **横跨广阔的天空**

e.g. The city's MTR subway network suspended all of its operations after demonstrators **vandalized** multiple train stations 肆意破坏（尤指公共财物）, setting fire to entrances and **smashing/shattering** 粉碎/打碎 ticketing facilities. Violent protests began in opposition to the ban and **stretched across the city** with protesters throwing petrol bombs and police responding with **pepper spray, tear gas, and even rubber bullet**. Finally, the MTR **is back in operation** 重新提供运营**(**服务**)** later Sun. //横跨stretch across (a city, a river, the sky). **[** 重新提供运营**(**服务**): be back in operation;** 重新提供服务: **be back in service]**

**## [** 重新提供运营**(**服务**): be back in operation;** 重新提供服务: **be back in service]**

* **Haneda airport. 羽田（日本机场名）**
* **Narita airport [nɑ:'ritɑ:] n. 成田机场**

e.g. The city's MTR subway network suspended all of its operations after demonstrators **vandalized** multiple train stations 肆意破坏（尤指公共财物）, setting fire to entrances and **smashing/shattering** 粉碎/打碎 ticketing facilities. Violent protests began in opposition to the ban and **stretched across the city** with protesters throwing petrol bombs and police responding with **pepper spray, tear gas, and even rubber bullet**. Finally, the MTR **is back in operation** 重新提供运营**(**服务**)** later Sun. //横跨stretch across (a city, a river, the sky).

**e.g.** Tokyo's Haneda and **Narita** **[nɑ:'ritɑ:]** airports **were back in operation** 重新提供运营**(**服务**)** Sunday, but many flights remained canceled. High-speed and regular trains headed south of Tokyo **were largely back in service** 重新提供服务 Sunday, with trains to the north due to resume service in the early evening.

## **/tɔːnt/ taunt sb. 〔用言语〕奚落/嘲笑；讽刺**

* v.) [ VN ] taunt sb: to try to make sb angry or upset by **insulting**/saying unkind things about them, laughing at their failures, etc. e.g. The other kids continually **taunted him** about his size. 其他孩子不断地 **奚落/嘲笑**他的个头儿。
* Noun) an insulting or unkind remark that is intended to make sb angry or upset 嘲笑（或讽刺、奚落等）的言辞. 【 **族歧视性的奚落: racist taunt** 】e.g. Black players often had to **endure** [ɪnˈdjʊə(r)] **racist taunts**. 黑人运动员经常得忍受种”**族歧视性的奚落”**。 e.g. The Chinese military **garrison** 驻军部队 in Hong Kong offered a rare public reaction in the face of **taunts /tɔːnt/ from protesters**, as violence escalated **stretching across the city** … warning protesters they could be prosecuted if they continued to approach the **“military barracks ['bærəks] 兵营，营房”** **//横跨 stretch across (a city, a river, the sky) //**  [ˈbærək] **barrack sb = boo sb = jeer at sb. // /tɔːnt/ taunt sb. 〔用言语〕奚落/嘲笑；讽刺**
* **V.S.** \* [ **barrack sb ]:** to interrupt someone; and criticize loudly or shout against (a player, team, speaker, etc); **jeer 嘲弄** by shouting criticism at them 大声批评(运动员、团队、发言人等); （对…）起哄；喝倒彩\* **[ boo sb ]: I**f you boo a speaker or performer, you shout "boo" or make other loud sounds to indicate that you do not like them, their opinions, or their performance. 向**……**喝倒彩；发出嘘声 (以示不满). e.g. **She was *booed off stage*** (= *they shouted ‘boo’ until she left the stage* ) . 她被一片嘘声轰下了台 \* **[ jeer at sb. ]:** To **jeer at someone** means to say or shout rude and insulting things to them to show that you do not like or respect them. 嘲弄\* **/tɔːnt/ taunt sb. 〔用言语〕奚落/嘲笑；讽刺.** to try to make sb angry or upset by **insulting**/saying unkind things about them, laughing at their failures, etc

**##** quash /kwɒʃ/ 美 /kwɑːʃ/ v. = SYN: overturn

【 **quash the conviction of <a crime>: 撤销了<罪>的判决; 制止流言: quash a rumour** 】

1. 【 **law 律** 】 to officially say that a decision made by a court is no longer valid or correct, to officially say that a legal judgment or decision is no longer acceptable or correct. 宣布〔法庭的裁决, 判决, 决定〕不再有效；废除撤销〔法庭的裁决, 判决决定〕\* **convict sb. of a crime 宣判…**有**罪**\* **acquit sb of a crime 宣判…无罪/当庭释放\* quash sb’s conviction. 撤销了<罪>的判决** e.g. His **conviction was later quashed** by the Court of Appeal; he **was acquitted of a crime**. 后来，上诉法院**撤销了对他的有罪判决**  **//acquit sb of a crime 宣判…无罪/当庭释放 v.s.**e.g. The High Court later **quashed his conviction for murder;** he **was acquitted of a crime**. 高等法院后来撤销了他犯有谋杀罪的判决。 e.g. **The decision was quashed/overturned** by the House of Lords. 这个决议被上议院推翻了。 e.g. There has also been increasing **speculation** 臆测/猜测 about Beijing's strategy toward the protesters. On Friday, Reuters reported that China had **quashed a proposal** by Hong Kong chief executive Carrie Lam to entirely withdraw the **controversial/contentious**  extradition bill that sparked this summer of protest. Lam has refused to **rule out** any military action against mobs.
2. to take action to stop sth from continuing 制止；阻止；平息. [**SYN**](javascript:;) **suppress/crack down:**  to say or do something to stop something from continuing 制止；阻止；平息. **【制止流言: quash a rumour**】 e.g. A hospital chief executive has **quashed rumours** that people will lose their jobs. 医院院长已澄清了员工将失业的谣言。 e.g. The government immediately moved to **quash the military coup**。 政府立即采取行动平定叛乱 e.g. **The rumours were quickly quashed. 流言很快被制止了。**
3. V.S. ==> **squash** : \* SPORT 体育运动: 壁球 [ U ] squash: is a game played by two people who use ***rackets*** 球拍to hit a small rubber ball against the walls of **a squash court** 【**a squash court 壁球场; a squash *racket* 壁球球拍** 】**\*** VEGETABLE 蔬菜 [ C,U ] *squash =* ***pumpkin****s: is* one of a group of large vegetables with solid flesh and hard skins, such as ***pumpkin****s* 南瓜属植物的果实

## 【 **law 律** 】判罪率**,** 定罪率**: conviction rate**

\* **convict sb. of a crime (in a court of law) 宣判…**有**罪**\* **acquit sb of a crime (in a court of law) 宣判…无罪/当庭释放\* quash sb’s conviction.**  /kwɒʃ/ 美 /kwɑːʃ/ **撤销了<罪>的判决.** 【 **quash the conviction of <a crime>: 撤销了<罪>的判决; 制止流言: quash a rumour** 】

【 **law 律** 】 to officially say that a decision made by a court is no longer valid or correct, to officially say that a legal judgment or decision is no longer acceptable or correct. 宣布〔法庭的裁决, 判决, 决定〕不再有效；废除撤销〔法庭的裁决, 判决决定〕

**\*** 判罪率**,** 定罪率**: conviction rate**. **e.g.** Protests began in June, sparked by a **controversial/contentious** extradition bill that would have allowed Hong Kong to send suspected criminals to mainland China, where the legal system has a 99% **conviction rate** 判罪率**,** 定罪率. **The bill was shelved** 被搁置, though not withdrawn entirely. In the meantime, protesters' demands have expanded to include calls for its full withdrawal, **universal suffrage,** and an independent inquiry into police brutality.

**##** 〔权力,影响, 感觉, 兴趣, 热情，耐心等〕逐渐减弱[变小]； 减少**wane** */we*ɪ*n/*  (waning,waned,wanes)

【 **waning patience 逐渐/逐步减少的耐心; waning enthusiasm: 逐渐/逐步减少的热情; waning influence/power: 逐渐/逐步减少的影响**力 】

1. If something **wanes**, it becomes gradually weaker or less, to mitigate, often so that it eventually disappears. 〔权力,影响, 感觉, 兴趣, 热情，耐心等〕逐渐减弱[变小]； 减少 = mitigate  e.g. While his interest in these sports began to wane, a passion for lacrosse developed. 兴趣开始**逐渐/逐步减退**的同时，对长曲棍球的兴趣却浓厚起来。e.g. My enthusiasm for the project was **waning**. 我对这个项目的热情逐渐减退了。 e.g. Arrestees have been accused of participating in **“wildcat protest”** . The police response was quicker and fiercer than in past weeks, perhaps in a sign of **waning patience** 逐渐**/**逐步减少的耐心, and clashes continued until t**he wee hours** of Sunday morning local time. Hundreds could be heard shouting and jeering, and across the street, **cars honked** 汽车按喇叭to show their support for the protesters. e.g. The group’s influence had begun to wane by this time. 这个团体的影响力已经开始减弱。

2. when **the moon wanes,** you gradually see less of it 〔月亮〕亏，缺

1. Adj)**waning patience 逐渐/逐步减少的耐心; waning enthusiasm: 逐渐减少的热情; waning influence/power: 逐渐/逐步减少的影响立**

## 【**“蓬松的/**毛茸茸的**云彩”:**  [ˈflʌfi]  **light fluffy clouds; 蓬松的/**毛茸茸的枕头**: fluffy pillow；** 毛茸茸的**: fluffy cat** 】

e.g. Light, **fluffy** clouds **stretch across the broad sky** of **Sahara  [sə'hɑ:rə] Desert.** “蓬松的云彩”**横跨广阔的天空** // **“蓬松的云彩”: light, fluffy clouds**

**## plain clothed police**

**e.g.** The city's MTR subway network suspended all of its operations after demonstrators **vandalized** multiple train stations, setting fire to entrances and **smashing/shattering** ticketing facilities. Violent protests began Friday in opposition to the ban and **stretched across** the city throughout the weekend, with protesters throwing petrol bombs and police responding with **pepper spray and tear gas**. On Friday, a lone plain clothed police officer shot a 14-year-old boy in the leg after being attacked by protesters. **//横跨 stretch across (a city, a river, the sky)**

## **smash V.S. shatter**

**### someone smash the window;** 【smash a record = break a record 】

1. to break into pieces violently or noisily, or to make something do this by dropping, throwing, or hitting it 粉碎；打碎；砸碎 e.g. Mobs had smashed all the windows. 破坏分子打碎了所有的窗子。 e.g. Several cups fell to the floor and ***smashed/shattered into pieces* .** 有几个杯子掉到地上**摔得粉碎**。
2. to hit an object or surface violently, or to make something do this （使）猛撞，猛击，猛掷 e.g. A stolen car **smashed into the bus**. 猛地撞上了<公共汽车>。 e.g. He smashed his fist down on the table. 他把拳头狠狠地砸在桌上。
3. 【smash a record = break a record 】 to do something much faster, better etc than anyone has done before 打破纪录 e.g. The film **smashed all box office records**. 部影片打破了所有的票房纪录。

## **shatter** */*ˈʃ*ætə/*  (shattering,shattered,shatters)

1. V-T/V-I If something shatters or is shattered, it breaks into a lot of small pieces. 粉碎  e.g. The explosion **shattered the building**. 这次爆炸把大楼炸成一片废墟 e.g. The explosion **shattered all the windows** in the building. 大楼所有的玻璃都在爆炸中震碎了. V.S. **someone smash the window** e.g. The car **shattered into a thousand burning piece**s in a 200 mph crash. 这辆轿车在时速200英里的碰撞中裂成了数以千计燃烧着的碎片。 e.g. Several cups fell to the floor and ***smashed /shattered into pieces* .** 有几个杯子掉到地上**摔得粉碎** e.g. He dropped the vase and it **shattered/smashed into pieces** on the floor. 他失手把花瓶掉到地板上摔碎了
2. N-UNCOUNT 粉碎 ...the shattering of glass: 玻璃的粉碎; ...the shattering of vase: 花瓶的粉碎
3. V-T If something **【shatters your dreams, hopes, or beliefs】**, it completely destroys them； to completely destroy or ruin something such as someone’s hopes, beliefs or life 毁坏〔生活〕，使〔希望、信念〕破灭； 粉碎 (梦想、希望、信仰等)  e.g. A tragic accident *shattered her dreams* of Olympic glory. 一场不幸的意外事故使她获得奥运奖牌的梦想破灭了。 e.g. A failure would ***shatter the hopes*** of many people. 一次失败会粉碎很多人的希望。 e.g. Her experience of divorce shattered her illusions about love. 她的离婚经历使她对爱情的幻想破灭了
4. V-T If someone is shattered by an event, it extremely shocks and upsets them very much. 给予极大打击; 使极为惊愕难过 e.g. My whole world shattered into a million pieces. 我的整个世界全塌了 e.g. He had **been shattered by his son's death**. 儿子的死使他很受打击。 e.g. The unexpected death of their son shattered them. 儿子的意外死亡给他们带来沉重的打击

**##  ['pʌŋ(k)tʃʊeɪt] punctuate, punctuation**

1. [ T ] to divide written work into sentences, phrases etc using ***comma*** *s* , ***full stop*** *s* etc 在…中加标. ==> Noun) punctuation
2. **[ T usually passive ] *iterary* V-T If** 【**an activity or situation is punctuated by particular things**】**, it is interrupted by them at intervals. （时不时）被xxx打断/中断**  **e.g.** Earlier in the day, thousands had taken to the streets for a series of **wildcat protests.** Police had **barricaded major streets**设路障around the China **Liaison** Office, which represents the mainland government. **Face-off between protesters and police 对峙** moved through the city -- at one point **was punctuated by** a large bonfire of piled **barricades** 路障and debris, which police quickly extinguished -- as day turned to night.  e.g. **The game was punctuated** by a series of injuries. 那场比赛因不时有人受伤而打断/中断 。 e.g. His speech **was occasionally punctuated** by Jie’s **chime-in**. //If you **chime in,** you say something just after someone else has spoken. 插话

**## 〔未经法定途径宣布,但〕实际存在的 de facto /ˌdeɪ ˈfæktəʊ/ 美 /‑toʊ/ adj.**

1. [ usually before noun ] ( from Latin ) ( *formal* ) existing as a fact although it may not be legally accepted as existing
2. DERIVATIVES 派生词 **de facto** *adv.* e.g. The general took control of the country **de facto /ˌdeɪ ˈfæktəʊ/**. 这位将军**实际上**控制了整个国家。  e.g. He continued to rule the country **de facto**. 实际上，他继续统治着这个国家 e.g. The emergency powers -- which give the city's Chief Executive effective carte blanche to make new laws as necessary in the instance of a severe breakdown of public order -- have not been tested in court since Hong Kong's return to China in 1997 and could be found **unconstitutional** under the city's Basic Law, t**he de facto constitution,** which guarantees rights such as public assembly and free expression. Lam, the city's leader, said at **a news conference** Tuesday her government had no plans to use emergency powers to **enact new laws** 颁布**/**制定法律but did not **rule it out. //〔未经法定途径宣布但〕实际存在的 de facto /ˌdeɪ ˈfæktəʊ/ 美 /‑toʊ/ adj. //enact:** 颁布**/**制定**(**法律**): enact a law; enact a legislation; 把故事表演出来: enact a story; 把角色表演出来 : enact a play; 把戏剧表演出来: enact a drama**

## **权衡/评估(人、形势等) weight up [ 对…代价进行衡量/权衡: weigh up the costs ]**

* **【对xxx进行衡量/权衡: weigh up sth; 对…代价进行衡量/权衡: weigh up the costs 】V to make an assessment of (a person, situation, etc); judge 权衡/评估(人、形势等);**
* **【加入/参加(讨论，辩论): weigh in :】**

e.g. Therefore, we must **weigh up the costs.** 对<代价>进行衡量/权衡

e.g. However, US officials expressed **skepticism** that the rotation of **garrison** was routine, saying the Chinese troop movements, including the arrival of tactical vehicles and personnel carriers, puts Beijing's forces into a more immediate position to **crack down/suppress/quash**. Any **intervention** from the PLA or the paramilitary PAP would likely be **catastrophic** for the city's economy and could spark a mass **exodus** */*ˈɛ*ksədəs/*. …Xi will be **weighing up the economic and political costs** of intervening in Hong Kong while it is fighting a bitter trade war with the US and **a sluggish economy.** "The one thing that might be driving his thinking is that he will look at (the 1989 Tiananmen **massacre/holocaust/slaughter**) and see how quickly international engagement recovered afterward, in terms of the economy.” //**[对<代价>进行衡量/权衡: weigh up the costs]**

## **（个案积累终成大趋势的; 量变到质变的）引爆点，爆发点: a tipping point; reach a tipping point**

A tipping point: is the point at which the number of small changes over a period of time reaches a level where a further small change has a sudden and very great effect on a system or leads to an idea suddenly spreading quickly among a large number of people （个案积累终成大趋势的）引爆点，爆发点

e.g. "The very fact that the violence is **intensifying**, more fierce in Hong Kong, both from the police against the protesters and the protesters are responding back in kind, esp when they were **facing off** 面对面的对峙**.** I think, suggests that we are sort of **reaching a tipping point** in this. They (Beijing) can't let this go on **indefinitely**/**endlessly**. They can't let it continue to **intensify**." **//**面对面的对峙**: face-off between police and protesters**

**## persona non grata */p*ɜːˈ*sə*ʊ*nə n*ɒ*n* ˈɡ*r*ɑː*tə/***

PHRASE If someone becomes or is declared **persona non grata */p*ɜːˈ*sə*ʊ*nə n*ɒ*n* ˈɡ*r*ɑː*tə/***, they become unwelcome or **unacceptable [ˌʌnəkˈseptəbl]** because of something they have said or done. 不受欢迎的人.

## enact /**ɪ**ˈnækt/  **注意发音**

1. [ often passive ] 【aw 律 】When a government or authority enacts a proposal, they make it into a law. 颁布**/**制定**(**法律**) 【** 颁布**/**制定**(**法律**): enact a law; enact a legislation** 】 e.g. The authorities have failed so far to **enact a law** allowing unrestricted emigration. e.g. legislation enacted by parliament 由议会通过的法律  e.g. The emergency powers -- which give the city's Chief Executive effective carte blanche to make new laws as necessary in the instance of a severe breakdown of public order -- have not been tested in court since Hong Kong's return to China in 1997 and could be found **unconstitutional** under the city's Basic Law, t**he de facto constitution,** which guarantees rights such as public assembly and free expression. Lam, the city's leader, said at **a news conference** Tuesday her government had no plans to use emergency powers to **enact new laws** 颁布**/**制定法律but did not **rule it out. //〔未经法定途径宣布但〕实际存在的 de facto /ˌdeɪ ˈfæktəʊ/ 美 /‑toʊ/ adj.**
2. [ VN ] [ often passive ] ( *formal* ) If **people enact a story or enact a play**, they perform it by acting. 表演/扮演….角色; 担任/演出…角色 【**把故事表演出来: enact a story; 把角色表演出来 : enact a play; 把戏剧表演出来: enact a drama** 】 e.g. She often **enacted the stories** told to her by her father. 她经常**把<父亲讲给她的>故事表演出来**。 e.g. scenes from history **enacted** by local residents 由当地居民参加演出的历史场面  e.g. a drama enacted by ZhangZiyi, one of the most **sought-after** actresses in CHINA 上演的戏剧
3. ( be enacted ) V-T If a particular event or situation is enacted, it happens; used especially to talk about something that has happened before. 发生 (尤指过去已发生的事件或情况) e.g. It was a scene enacted month after month for eight years. 这是8年来月复一月出现的场景 e.g. They seemed unaware of the drama being enacted a few feet away from them. 他们对于正在咫尺之外上演的戏剧性事件似乎浑然不知

**## compromise (the national security) = destroy**

Unless both sides step back from the brink and some **compromise** is reached, the protests look likely to keep intensifying. "I think that we are in the stage now, where things are going to slide towards some sort of military or People's Armed Police **intervention**. And that could be **a devastating situation** 破坏性极大的；毁灭性的 for the protesters," Davis said.

## **exodus** */*ˈɛ*ksədəs/* 【**there is an exodus of people/animals from a place**】

N-SING If **there is an exodus of people/animals from a place**, a lot of people or animals leave that place at the same time. 大批（人员/动物）离开  e.g. The medical system is facing collapse because of **an exodus of doctors** */*ˈɛ*ksədəs/*. 由于医生大批离去，该医疗体系正面临崩溃

e.g. However, US officials expressed **skepticism** that the rotation of **garrison** was routine, saying the Chinese troop movements, including the arrival of tactical vehicles and personnel carriers, puts Beijing's forces into a more immediate position to **crack down/suppress/quash**. Any **intervention** from the PLA or the paramilitary PAP would likely be **catastrophic** for the city's economy and could spark a mass **exodus** */*ˈɛ*ksədəs/* from HK…And Xi will **weigh up the economic and political costs** of intervening in Hong Kong while it is fighting a bitter trade war with the US and a slowing economy. "The one thing that might be driving his thinking is that he will look at (the 1989 Tiananmen **massacre/holocaust/slaughter**) and see how quickly international engagement recovered afterward, in terms of the economy.” //**【对xxx进行衡量/权衡: weigh up sth; 对…代价进行衡量/权衡: weigh up the costs 】//【加入/参加(讨论，辩论): weigh in :】**

**## barracks */*ˈ*bærəks/***

1. N) **复数 barracks:** is a large building or group of buildings for soldiers to live in 营房兵营 【 **an army barracks */*ˈ*bærəks/* 一座兵营** 】 ..**an army barracks** in the north of the city …一所在那个城市北面的军营 The troops were ordered back to **barracks** . 士兵们被命令返回营房e.g. The Chinese military **garrison** 驻军部队 in Hong Kong offered a rare public reaction in the face of **taunts 奚落/嘲笑 /tɔːnt/ from protesters**, as violence escalated **stretching across the city** over the weekend … warning protesters they could be prosecuted if they continued to approach the **“military barracks ['bærəks] 兵营，营房”.** **//横跨 stretch across (a city, a river, the sky) ///tɔːnt/ taunt sb. 〔用言语〕奚落/嘲笑；讽刺**
2. Verb) to house (people, esp soldiers) in barracks (尤指士兵)住的营房
3. Verb) **[ barrack sb. */*ˈ*bærək/*: （对…)起哄；喝倒彩** ; **大声批评(运动员/团队/发言人等) ]** \* [ **barrack sb ]:** to interrupt someone; and criticize loudly or shout against (a player, team, speaker, etc); **jeer 嘲弄** by shouting criticism at them 大声批评(运动员、团队、发言人等); （对…）起哄；喝倒彩\* **[ boo sb ]: I**f you boo a speaker or performer, you shout "boo" or make other loud sounds to indicate that you do not like them, their opinions, or their performance. 向**……**喝倒彩；发出嘘声 (以示不满). e.g. **She was *booed off stage*** (= *they shouted ‘boo’ until she left the stage* ) . 她被一片嘘声轰下了台 \* **[ jeer at sb. ]:** To **jeer at someone** means to say or shout rude and insulting things to them to show that you do not like or respect them. 嘲弄\* **/tɔːnt/ taunt sb. 〔用言语〕奚落/嘲笑；讽刺**e.g. At the 1965 Newport Folk Festival, **Bob was barracked/booed** for using electric instruments. 鲍勃·迪伦因为使用电子乐器而**被喝倒彩e.g.**  Some of the audience started **booing**. 一些观众开始喝倒彩。

##  **(跑到台前面来 )抢…的风头，抢…的镜头 upstage sb = steal sb’s thunder**

Upstage sb: to do something that takes people’s attention away from someone else who is more important (跑到台前面来 )抢…的风头，抢… 的镜头

e.g. All the big-name stars **were upstaged by** 12-year-old Katy. 所有的大明星都**被sb.抢去了风头**

e.g. But by the time festivities resumed in the evening, all eyes were on Hong Kong, which has emerged as one of the largest **thorns** 刺**/**荆棘in Xi's side. In the lead-up to October 1, the focus was on whether China's leaders would **crack down** in Hong Kong or otherwise try to stop the city from **upstaging the capital’s 70th anniversary celebrating** with inevitable protests. In the end, they relied on the city's **beleaguered** police force to handle the **unrest/chaos/ferment/turmoil.** .. Use of lethal force also refocused global media attention on Hong Kong, even as interest in the non-stop protests had been flagging somewhat, particularly with the **pomp and ceremony** 盛况与仪式/盛大场面/排场与仪式; in Beijing as a distraction. Officials **in charge of** Tuesday evening's show -- which was **stunning/shocked** in its size and organization -- will have been furious to have their moment, and the country is **upstaged b**y HK that often seems to want nothing to do with the rest of the country. **//**【 盛况与仪式; 盛大场面/排场与仪式: pomp and ceremony 】

##【 **控制火势：contain the fire ； 控制不安的局势 contain the unrest/turmoil ==》`控制`用的 contain, not control** 】

e.g.But despite some 6,000 officers reportedly being deployed to the streets, they weren't able to **contain the unrest 控制不安的局势.** Protesters spread out across the whole city -- and it was one police officer's action that did more than anything else to upstage the celebrations in Beijing. **==》`控制`用的 contain, not control** 】

## **[ jeer at sb. ]:**

To **jeer at someone** means to say or shout rude and insulting things to them to show that you do not like or respect them. 嘲弄

\* [ **barrack sb ]:** to interrupt someone; and criticize loudly or shout against (a player, team, speaker, etc); **jeer 嘲弄** by shouting criticism at them 大声批评(运动员、团队、发言人等); （对…）起哄；喝倒彩\* **[ boo sb ]: I**f you boo a speaker or performer, you shout "boo" or make other loud sounds to indicate that you do not like them, their opinions, or their performance. 向**……**喝倒彩；发出嘘声 (以示不满) \* **[ jeer at sb. ]:** To **jeer at someone** means to say or shout rude and insulting things to them to show that you do not like or respect them. 嘲弄e.g. At the 1965 Newport Folk Festival, **Bob was barracked/booed** for using electric instruments. 鲍勃·迪伦因为使用电子乐器而**被喝倒彩e.g.**  Some of the audience started booing. 一些观众开始喝倒彩。 e.g. **She was *booed off stage*** (= *they shouted ‘boo’ until she left the stage* ) . 她被一片嘘声轰下了台

**## pomp** */p*ɒ*mp/* **【 盛况与仪式; 盛大场面/排场与仪式: pomp and ceremony 】**

[ U ] the impressive clothes, decorations, music, etc. and traditional customs that are part of an official occasion or ceremony 排场；气派；盛况

e.g. all **the pomp and ceremony** of a royal wedding 王室婚礼的**盛大场面/排场与仪式**

e.g. I hate all **this pomp and ceremony**. 我讨厌所有这些**盛大排场和仪式**

e.g. .. Use of lethal force also refocused global media attention on Hong Kong, even as interest in the non-stop protests had been flagging somewhat, particularly with the **pomp and ceremony** 盛大场面/排场与仪式; 盛况与仪式 in Beijing as a distraction. Officials **in charge of** Tuesday evening's show -- which was stunning in its size and organization -- will have been furious to have their moment, and the country's, **upstaged b**y HK that often seems to want nothing to do with the rest of the country. That Hong Kong already **marred** China's celebrations, and that the **unrest/chaos/ferment** is getting worse and more violent, may **embolden** those calling for Beijing to take an even firmer hand. // **upstage sb.:** to do something that takes people’s attention away from someone else who is more important **(跑到台前面来 )** 抢…的风头，抢…的镜头; **//【 盛大场面/排场与仪式; 盛况与仪式 pomp and ceremony 】 //**【 **mar sth = cast shadows over sth** 玷污**xx**的名誉**/**形象**,** 使**xx**蒙上了一层阴影】

**## spark national/international outrage against xxx**

e.g. An 18-year-old man was hospitalized, and remains in a serious but stable condition. Police said the officer fired his weapon out of concern for both his own safety and that of a colleague who had been trapped on the floor and set upon by protesters. The action **sparked outrage** from protesters on the streets and many of their supporters watching at home, and will help to **galvanize** a movement that -- while not exactly flagging -- was starting to attract smaller numbers as police efforts to arrest as many core protesters as possible and shut down demonstrations appeared to be working somewhat.

## **to be candid 坦率地说 = frankly**

e.g. Speaking to CNN last week, a senior adviser to Hong Kong leader Carrie Lam -- who spoke on background **to be candid** about government thinking -- said it was "a miracle" that no one had died.

**## mar, marred, marred** 【 **mar sth = cast shadow over sth** 玷污**xx**的名誉**/**形象**,** 使**xx**蒙上了一层阴影】

* **mar the image and reputation of sb/sth. = cast shadow over sth.** 玷污**xx**的名誉**/**形象**,** 使**xx**蒙上了一层阴影
* **mar the brand of sb/sth = cast shadows over sth**

e.g. .. Use of lethal force also refocused global media attention on Hong Kong, even as interest in the non-stop protests had been flagging somewhat, particularly with the **pomp and ceremony** 盛大场面/排场与仪式; 盛况与仪式 in Beijing as a distraction. Officials **in charge of** Tuesday evening's show -- which was stunning in its size and organization -- will have been furious to have their moment, and the country's, **upstaged b**y HK that often seems to want nothing to do with the rest of the country. That Hong Kong already **marred China's celebrations 玷污xx的名誉/形象, 使xx蒙上了一层阴影**, and that the **unrest/chaos/ferment** is getting worse and more violent, may **embolden** those calling for Beijing to take an even firmer hand. // **upstage sb.:** to do something that takes people’s attention away from someone else who is more important **(跑到台前面来 )** 抢…的风头，抢…的镜头; **//【 盛况与仪式; 盛大场面/排场与仪式: pomp and ceremony 】. //**【 **mar sth = cast shadows over sth** 玷污**xx**的名誉**/**形象**,** 使**xx**蒙上了一层阴影】

**##** 在**<xx**地方**> 驻扎部队: station troops somewhere**

**e.g.** China sent fresh troops to the city, in what it described as a routine rotation at established **garrisons** 驻军部队 in the city. Beijing has **stationed troops 驻扎部队** in Hong Kong since it **assumed sovereignty 取得/获得主权 over the HK** in 1997. //**[** 取得**/**获得（权力）**assume control/power;** 承担（责任**): assume responsibility etc ] ; (**对某个国家**/**城市**)**取得**/**获得主权**: assume sovereignty (over a nation, city)** ]

**e.g.** CNN teams on the ground saw uniformed members of the People's Armed Police Force (PAP) with **riot gear 防暴装备, riot shields and batons警棍** **stationed at** the city's Bay Sports Center. **//riot gear: [ U ] the clothes and equipment used by the police when they are dealing with *riots* 防暴装备**

**## (**正式**)**上任 **xxx**一职**: assume the role;** 承担（责任）**,** 取得（权力）**: assume control/power; assume responsibility etc** ； **assume sovereignty** 取得主权

1. formal ) **[** 取得**/**获得（权力）**assume control/power;** 承担（责任**): assume responsibility etc ] ; (**对某个国家**/**城市**)**取得**/**获得主权**: assume sovereignty (over a nation, city)** ] to start to have control, responsibility etc or to start in a particular position or job formal 开始掌管/承担责任等 eg. Whoever they appoint will **assume responsibility** for all financial matters. 他都要负责财务方面的所有事务。 e.g. The court **assumed responsibility** for the girl's welfare. 法庭承担了保障这个女孩福利的责任。 e.g. Rebel forces have **assumed control** of the capital. 反叛武装力量已控制了首都 **e.g.** China sent fresh troops to the city, in what it described as a routine rotation at established **garrisons** 驻军部队 in the city. Beijing has **stationed troops 驻扎部队** in Hong Kong since it **assumed sovereignty 取得/获得主权 over the HK** in 1997. e.g. He **assumed power** in a bloody mimilicoup in 1990. 他在1990年一场血腥的政变中上台。
2. [任**/**上任 **xxx**一职**: assume the role of xxx]**  e.g. Jim Paton will **assume the role** of managing director. 吉姆·帕顿将出任常务董事一职

## 杜绝/根除 **stamp sth out or stamp out sth** 连读 **= eradicate sth = root sth out**

* **eradicate the disease/Ebola/poverty**

e.g. Chow described the arrests as an attempt to **stamp out** protest participation. "We can see clearly that the regime and the HK government is trying to create a White Terror to try to scare Hong Kong people to not participate in the social and democratic movement of the future,"

**## [kən'tenʃəs] contentious = controversial**

1. causing a lot of argument and disagreement between people 引起争论的；有争议的 **[SYN controversial/ contentious issue/area/subject etc ]** e.g. Animal welfare did not become **a contentious/controversial issue** until the late 1997 一个引起争论的话题。e.g. There has also been increasing **speculation** 臆测/猜测 about Beijing's strategy toward the protesters. On Friday, Reuters reported that China had **quashed a proposal** by Hong Kong chief executive Carrie Lam to entirely withdraw the **controversial/contentious**  extradition bill that sparked this summer of protest. Lam has refused to **rule out** any military action against mobs. **// quash /kwɒʃ/ 美 /kwɑːʃ/ v. =** [**SYN**](javascript:;)[**overturn**](javascript:;) **:( law 律 ) to officially say that a decision made by a court is no longer valid or correct, to officially say that a legal judgment or decision is no longer acceptable or correct. 宣布〔法庭的裁决, 判决,决定〕不再有效；废除撤销〔法庭的裁决, 判决决定〕**
2. **someone who is contentious** often argues with people **爱争论的人 [sb is contentious]**. ===> **好战的/好斗的人: belligerent person**

**##**（搁放在架子上的**)**搁置的**(**计划，条款 **): [ a shelved plan:** 搁置的计划 **; a shelved bill:** 搁置的条款**]**

**e.g.** Protests began in June, sparked by a **controversial/contentious** extradition bill that would have allowed Hong Kong to send suspected criminals to mainland China, where the legal system has a 99% **conviction rate** 判罪率**,** 定罪率. **The bill was shelved** 被搁置, though not withdrawn entirely. In the meantime, protesters' demands have expanded to include calls for its full withdrawal, **universal suffrage,** and an independent inquiry into police brutality.

**##** 设路障 **barricade a street/avenue**

**e.g.** Earlier in the day, thousands had taken to the streets for a series of **wildcat protests.** Police had **barricaded major streets** 设路障around the China **Liaison** Office, which represents the mainland government, but it was at the main Hong Kong government offices that protests took a more violent turn. **Face-off between protesters and police 对峙** moved through the city -- at one point **was punctuated** by a large bonfire of piled **barricades** 路障aand debris, which police quickly extinguished -- as day turned to night.

## **chapman** */*ˈ*t*ʃ*æpmən/.*  **V.S. chaperone**

* **chapman** */*ˈ*t*ʃ*æpmən/.* N a trader, esp an itinerant pedlar (流动叫卖)小贩
* chaperone /'ʃæpərəʊn ;ˋʃæpə͵ron / someone, usually a parent or teacher, who is responsible for young people on social occasions 监护人，监督人〔在社交活动时监护孩子的家长或教师〕e.g. Three parents went on the school ski trip as **chaperones**. 三名家长作为监护人参加了学校的滑雪旅行。

**## honk** */h*ɒŋ*k/*

1. V-T/V-I If you **honk the horn of a vehicle** or if **the horn honks**, you make the horn produce a short loud sound. 鸣 (车辆喇叭); (车辆喇叭) 鸣响  e.g. Drivers **honked their horns** in solidarity with the peace marchers. 司机们鸣笛，表示对和平示威者的坚决支持。 e.g. Arrestees have been accused of participating in the **“wildcat protest”** . The police response was quicker and fiercer than in past weeks, perhaps in a sign of **waning patience 逐渐/逐步减少的耐心**, and clashes continued until t**he wee hours** of Sunday morning local time. Hundreds could be heard shouting and jeering, and across the street, **cars honked** 汽车按喇叭to show their support for the protesters.
2. N-COUNT Honk is also a noun. 鸣笛; 鸣响
3. **Siren** */*ˈ*sa*ɪ*ərən/* : N-COUNT A siren is a warning device which makes a long, loud noise. Most **fire engines, ambulances, and police cars** have sirens. (救火车、救护车、警车等上的) 警报器 e.g. It sounds like an air raid siren. 这听起来像是空袭警报

# <https://edition.cnn.com/2019/08/02/tech/huawei-us-ban/index.html> (Learning this week)

**## run counter to sth. 和xxx背道而驰**

E.g. Washington's trade blacklist bars American firms from selling tech and software to Huawei unless they get a license to do so. The United States says the company is a national security concern, and claims it engages in activities that **run counter to US foreign policy interests 和xxx背道而驰.** Huawei denies that is the case, and says that none of its products pose a national security risk.

**## renege** */r*ɪˈ*ni*ːɡ*/* /rɪˈneɪɡ/

**[ renege on an agreement 违背协议/协定; renege on sb’s pledges 食言; 违背诺言, 背信弃义; renege on sb’s promise 食言; 违背诺言; renege on a deal 违背协定; renege on a contract 违约]**

to not do something you have promised or agreed to do; to break a promise, an agreement, etc. 违背（诺言）；背信弃义；食言违约, 赖债, 违背协议/协定/诺言等

**e.g.** They **reneged on a pledge** to release the hostages. 他们违背承诺，没有释放人质

e.g. He **reneged on a promise** to leave his wife. 他背弃了诺言，离开了他的妻子

**e.g.** The US-China trade **truce/armistice** is over, and that's bad news for Huawei. US President Donald Trump's plan to **slap new tariffs** on Chinese goods could threaten a promised **reprieve 〔令人不快之事的〕延缓/缓刑** for the Chinese tech company, which has become a flashpoint in the escalating trade war. Before Trump **fired his latest salvo** 〔火炮的〕齐射**,** there had been some expectation that he could ease restrictions on the company, Huawei. But the decision to r**eignite the trade war** with a 10% tariff on $300 billion worth of Chinese goods from September 1 . "[T]his escalation increases the risk that Trump **reneges on his pledges** 违背（诺言 to save Huawei," analysts at the Eurasia Group wrote in a note Friday morning. // **[ renege on an agreement 违背协议/协定; renege on a pledge 食言; 违背诺言, 背信弃义; renege on a promise 食言; 违背诺言; renege on a deal 违背协定; renege on a contract 违约]**

## **defy sb** 义项

1. 1V-T If you defy someone or something that is trying to make you behave in a particular way, you refuse to obey a law or rule, or refuse to do what someone in authority tells you to do 违抗〔法律或规则〕；拒不服从〔有权威者〕e.g. people who openly **defy the law.** 公然抗拒法律的人 e.g. This was the first (and last) time that I dared to **defy my mother.** 违抗我母亲. e.g. Despite the apparent unlawfulness of the gathering, tens of thousands of protesters **defied police t**o march through Yuen Long. Protesters, many wearing black, chanted "There is no riot only a **tyranny/authoritarianism** [ə,θɔrə'tɛrɪənɪzəm]独裁主义” as they **thronged** through the town in **sweltering summer temperatures.**
2. V-T If you **[**  向…挑战; 惹某人（去做xxx事情: **defy someone to do something ]**, you challenge them to do it when you think that they will be unable to do it or too frightened to do it. e.g. I defy you to come up with one major accomplishment of the current president. 我倒要看看你能否举出现任董事长的一件主要成绩
3. **[** 无法形容**/**描述**/**分析**/**相信等**: defy description/analysis/belief etc;** 完全无法理解**: defy all comprehension/all understanding ]** V-T If something defies description or understanding, it is so strange, extreme, or surprising that it is almost impossible to understand or explain. 使不可能 (理解或解释); to be almost impossible to describe or understand e.g.It's a devastating and barbaric act that **defies all comprehension**.这是毁灭性的野蛮行径，完全没有方法可理解 e.g. The beauty of the scene **defies description**. 景色之美简直 无法形容
4. **[ 不合逻辑: defy logic;** 奇迹般的 **/**出人意料的: defy **the odds ]:** to not happen according to the principles you would expect e.g. a 16-week premature baby who **defied the odds** and survive 奇迹般的 **/**出人意料的 活下来的早产16周的婴儿

**## woo sb:** 拉拢**sb,** 寻求**sb**的支持〔用于新闻报道〕

woo sb: to try to get the support of sb, to try to persuade someone to do something to endorse you/support you, such as buy something from you, vote for you, or work for you – used in news reports 拉拢sb, 寻求sb的支持用于新闻报道〕 **[** 拉拢**<**投票人**>,** 寻求**<**投票人**>**的支持**: woo those voters ;** 拉拢**<**投资人**>,** 寻求**<**投资人**>**的支持**: woo investors;** 拉拢**<**董事会**>: woo the members from the board of directors ]**

**## cover => adj) covert */*ˈ*k*ʌ*vət/* , covertly**

1. ADJ Covert activities or situations are secret or hidden. 隐秘的秘密的  e.g. They have been supplying **covert** military aid to the rebels. 提供隐秘的军事援助。 e.g. He stole a **covert** glance at her across the table. 他隔着桌子偷偷地瞥了她一眼.  e.g. they said detailed a **covert/secret** state-backed social media campaign run from China has sought to undermine/destroy ongoing demonstrations in Hong Kong. .. This is the first time tech companies e.g. Twitter, have **pointed the finger at/slam/denounce/decry** Beijing for **covert/secret** efforts to influence messaging around the Hong Kong protests…China, of course, is not alone in using social media to spread unrest. **Covert/secret** campaigns have been tied to Russia and Iran, among other countries.
2. ADV 隐秘地  e.g. They **covertly** observed Lauren, who was sitting between Ned and Algie at a nearby table. 他们秘密地观察着邻近桌子上坐在内德和阿尔吉之间的罗伦.  e.g. She watched him **covertly** in the mirror. 她从镜子里偷偷地望着他

**## ricochet */*ˈ*r*ɪ*kə*ˌʃ*e*ɪ*/* = bounce back ==>注意发**音

1. V-I When a bullet ricochets, it hits a surface and bounces away from it. (子弹)反弹  e.g. The bullets ricocheted off the hood and windshield. 子弹从汽车引擎盖和挡风玻璃上弹走了。 e.g. The bullet ricocheted off a nearby wall. 子弹从附近的一面墙上弹飞了 e.g. A woman protester was killed by a ricochet (bullet). 一位女抗议者被跳弹击中身亡
2. N-COUNT Ricochet is also a noun. (子弹的)反弹; 弹起  e.g. He was wounded in the shoulder by a ricochet. 他被一颗弹起的子弹打伤了肩膀。

( of a moving object 运动的物体 ) to hit a surface and come off it fast at a different angle 弹开；反弹出去 e.g. the ricochet of bricks and bottles off police riot shields 砸在警察防暴盾牌上的砖块和瓶子弹回来

e.g. The stock market would likely crash, followed by the housing market. A mass **exodus** 大量人员的离开could follow. Hong Kong's government is legally allowed to request help from the PLA **garrison */*ˈɡ*ær*ɪ*sən/*** 驻军部队 of more than 6,000 soldiers if public order in the city **spirals out of control** 急剧失控**.** But given Hong Kong's close ties to mainland China, a decision to deploy them could **ricochet */*ˈ*r*ɪ*kə*ˌʃ*e*ɪ*/*** 反弹 through the entire country at a time when the world's second biggest economy is already vulnerable because of the [trade war with the United St](http://edition.cnn.com/2019/08/04/investing/asian-market-latest-yuan/index.html)

**## discord [‘dɪskɔːd]**

1. N) disagreement or arguing between people *formal* 不和，纷争. **[** 婚姻不和**: marital discord;** 家庭不和**: family discord ]** discord within NATO 北约内部的纷争
2. an unpleasant sound made by a group of musical notes that do not go together well 〔音乐中的〕不协和，不协和和弦

**## respite /**ˈrespaɪt/ ; 美 /ˈrespɪt/ n. V.S. [ 给 **sb**死刑暂缓令/给 **sb**死缓: **give/grant sb a reprieve ]**

1. (respite from sth) a short, temporary break, relief, or escape from sth difficult or unpleasant 暂停；暂缓; 逃离 **[ respite care ]** *(= temporary care arranged for old, mentally ill, etc. people so that the people who usually care for them can have a rest)* USEAT break 暂缓性照料  e.g. The drug brought a brief **respite from the pain.** 药物 **暂时缓解了疼痛**。  e.g. There was no **respite from** the **searing heat** in the **scorching summer**  炎热的天气根本没有缓解。  e.g. She continued to work without respite. 她连续工作，没有休息
2. A respite: a short temporary delay allowed before sth difficult or unpleasant must be done 短暂的延缓；喘息. [SYN](javascript:;) [reprieve](javascript:;).  **[ 给 sb死刑暂缓令/给 sb死缓: give/grant sb a reprieve; 给他一个喘息的机会: grant sb a temporary respite ]**e.g. His creditors agreed to **give him a temporary respite.** 他的债权人同意 **给他一个喘息的机会**。e.g. Before Trump **fired his latest salvo agonist Huawei 〔火炮的〕齐射/**对**… 猛烈抨击 ,** there had been some expectation that he could **ease/relieve/mitigate** restrictions on the company, Huawei. But the decision to **reignite the trade war** with a 10% tariff on $300 billion worth of Chinese goods from September 1 — effectively a tax on all goods from China that come into the United States — throws any **respite** into question. "This escalation increases the risk that Trump **reneges on his pledges */r*ɪˈ*ni*ːɡ*/*食言; 违背诺言**to save Huawei" . The United States says the company is a national security concern, and claims it engages in activities that **run counter to** US foreign policy interests 和xxx背道而驰. // **[ 给 sb死刑暂缓令/给 sb死缓: give/grant sb a reprieve; 给他一个喘息的机会: grant sb a temporary respite ]**

**## reprieve** */r*ɪˈ*pri*ː*v/* V.S.  **[ 给sb一个喘息的机会: grant sb a temporary respite /**ˈrespaɪt/ ; 美 /ˈrespɪt/**]**

1. V-T If someone who has been sentenced in a court is reprieved, their punishment is officially delayed or cancelled. (被判) 缓刑; 撤销 (刑罚)  e.g. Fourteen people, waiting to be hanged for the murder of a former prime minister, have **been reprieved.** 因谋杀前总理而等受绞刑的十四个人 **获得缓刑。**
2. N-VAR Reprieve is also a noun 缓刑; (刑罚) 撤销 **[ 给 sb死刑暂缓令/给 sb死缓: give/grant sb a reprieve** V.S.  **给他一个喘息的机会: grant sb a temporary respite ]** e.g. The US Supreme Court voted against **granting Smith a reprieve** (= *against giving him one* ) 反对给<史密斯>死刑暂缓令 e.g. A man awaiting death by lethal injection has been saved by a last-minute reprieve. 一名等待被注射处死的男子因为最后一刻的缓刑而获救。
3. N-COUNT A reprieve is a delay before a very unpleasant or difficult situation which may or may not take place. 暂缓; 暂缓令 ; a delay before something bad happens or continues to happen 〔令人不快之事的〕延缓；缓解 → respite [+ from ] e.g. It looked as though the college would have to shut, but this week it was given a reprieve. 看上去这所学院将不得不关闭，但本周却收到了暂缓令。 e.g. Before Trump **fired his latest salvo agonist Huawei 〔火炮的〕齐射/**对**… 猛烈抨击 ,** there had been some expectation that he could **ease/relieve/mitigate** restrictions on the company, Huawei. But the decision to **reignite the trade war** with a 10% tariff on $300 billion worth of Chinese goods from September 1 — effectively a tax on all goods from China that come into the United States — throws any **respite** into question. "This escalation increases the risk that Trump **reneges on his pledges */r*ɪˈ*ni*ːɡ*/*食言; 违背诺言**to save Huawei" . The United States says the company is a national security concern, and claims it engages in activities that **run counter to** US foreign policy interests 和xxx背道而驰. // **[ 给 sb死刑暂缓令/给 sb死缓: give/grant sb a reprieve; 给他一个喘息的机会: grant sb a temporary respite ]** // **[ renege on an agreement 违背协议/协定; renege on a pledge; renege on sb’s pledges 食言; 违背诺言, 背信弃义; renege on a promise 食言; 违背诺言; renege on a deal 违背协定; renege on a contract 违约]**
4. **VS. [ 给sb一个喘息的机会: grant sb a temporary respite /**ˈrespaɪt/ ; 美 /ˈrespɪt/**]**

**## [ perish the thought ] literal** 让你的想法死亡

**( *informal* ) used to say that you find a suggestion unacceptable or that you hope that sth will never happen** （用于拒绝一项建议或希望某事永不发生）没门儿，甭想了，下辈子吧

e.g. Me get married? **Perish the thought**! 我结婚？下辈子再说吧！

**## fire a salvo 〔火炮的〕齐射** 英  ['sælvəʊ] 美  ['sælvo]

1. [ +of ] when several guns are fired during a battle or as part of a ceremony 〔火炮的〕齐放齐射；〔礼炮的〕齐鸣.  e.g. They were to **fire a salvo of blanks,** after **the national anthem.** 国歌过后，他们将齐射一阵空包弹
2. [figurative meaning] A salvo of angry/**searing words** 辛辣苛刻的言辞is a lot of them spoken or written at about the same time. 猛烈抨击.
   * **[fire a salvo against sb/sth: 对… 猛烈抨击 ]**
   * **[被<讽刺的言语>所炮轰: be bombarded with sarcastic words]**
   * **[被<严厉苛刻的言语>所炮轰 be bombarded with searing words; 被<恶毒的言语>所炮轰 be bombarded with vicious/malicious words]e.g.** The US-China trade **truce/armistice/ceasefire** is over, and that's bad news for Huawei. US President Donald Trump's plan to **slap/impose new tariffs** on Chinese goods could threaten a promised **reprieve 〔令人不快之事的〕延缓/缓刑** for the Chinese tech company, which has become a flashpoint in the escalating trade war. Before Trump **fired his latest salvo agonist Huawei 〔火炮的〕齐射/**对**… 猛烈抨击 ,** there had been some expectation that he could **ease/relieve/mitigate** restrictions on the company, Huawei. But the decision to **reignite the trade war** with a 10% tariff on $300 billion worth of Chinese goods from September 1 . "This escalation increases the risk that Trump **reneges on his pledges */r*ɪˈ*ni*ːɡ*/*食言; 违背诺言**to save Huawei" . The United States says the company is a national security concern, and claims it engages in activities that **run counter to** US foreign policy interests 和xxx背道而驰. // **[ renege on an agreement 违背协议/协定; renege on a pledge; renege on sb’s pledges 食言; 违背诺言, 背信弃义; renege on a promise 食言; 违背诺言; renege on a deal 违背协定; renege on a contract 违约]. //**[ 给 **sb**死刑暂缓令/给 **sb**死缓: **give/grant sb a reprieve ]**
3. **[ an opening salvo; fire the opening salvo ]:** the first in a series of questions, statements etc that you use to try to win an argument 在争论中提出的〕第一个问题，头一炮.  e.g. Congressman Saunders **fired the opening salvo** during a heated debate on capital punishment. 在激烈讨论中**开了头一炮**。e.g. The newspaper article was the **opening salvo** in what proved to be a long battle. 报上那篇文章是一场长期论战的开篇**第一炮**
4. sudden laughter, ***applause***etc from many people at the same time 〔突然的〕一阵，一片〔笑声、掌声等〕

**## rollout of xxx product** 产品的推出**/**上架

**e.g.** Still, Huawei **touted its growth 吹捧吹嘘<它的增长>.**  Liang said its 5G business — in which the company is a global leader — is strong. Analysts, however, have said the US campaign against Huawei could slow its global **rollout** of 5G. //**rollout of xxx product** 产品的推出**/**上架

**## tout.**  /taʊt/ 美 v. n.

1. [ VN ] ~ sb/sth (as sth) to try to persuade people that sb/sth is important or valuable by praising them/it; If someone touts something, they try to sell it or convince people that it is good. 兜售; 标榜；吹捧；吹嘘.  **[sb be touted as: 被吹捧为]** **e.g.** Still, Huawei **touted its growth 吹捧吹嘘<它的增长>.**  Liang said its 5G business — in which the company is a global leader — is strong. Analysts, however, have said the US campaign against Huawei could slow its global **rollout of 5G. //rollout of xxx product 产品的推出/上架**e.g. ...slick television ads **touting the candidates.** …**吹嘘那些候选人**的华而不实的电视广告。 e.g. She's **being touted as** <the next leader of the party>. 她**被吹捧为**该党的下一任领导人。
2. (for sth) ( especially *BrE* ) to try to persuade people to buy your goods or services, especially by going to them and asking them directly 兜售；推销：  He's busy touting his client's latest book around London's literary agents. 他正忙于向伦敦各文学作品代理人兜售他的委托人的一部新书。
3. [ V , VN ] ( *BrE* ) ( *NAmE* also **scalp** ) to sell tickets for a popular event illegally, at a price that is higher than the official price, especially outside a theatre, stadium , etc.; If someone touts tickets, they sell them outside a sports stadium or theatre, usually for more than their original value. (在体育场或剧院外) 高价倒卖 (票); 尤指在剧院、体育场等外）倒卖高价票，卖黑市票; [**touting tickets**]

e.g. He was trying to pick up some cash **touting tickets.** 他那时在筹集现金倒卖票。

1. ( also ˈticket tout ) ( both *BrE* ) ( *NAmE* also **scalp·er** ) a person who buys tickets for concerts, sports events, etc. and then sells them to other people unofficially, usually at prices which are higher than the official ones**（音乐会、体育比赛等的）卖高价票的人，票贩子; 卖黄牛票的票贩子**e.g. Another **tout** said he'd charge $1,000 for a $125 ticket. 另一个票贩子说一张$125的票他要价$1000。

**## rekindle** */ri*ːˈ*k*ɪ*ndəl/ = resume and even reignite*

1. V-T If something rekindles an interest, feeling, or thought that you used to have, it makes you think about it or feel it again. 使恢复  Ben Brantley's article on Sir Ian McKellen rekindled many memories. 唤回许多记忆。
2. V-T If something **rekindles** an unpleasant situation, it makes the unpleasant situation happen again. 重新引发 = *reignite* 重新点燃 e.g. There are fears that the series could **rekindle/reignite a**nimosity between the two countries. 有人担心这一系列的事情可能会重新引发两国之间的敌意。 e.g. Huawei declined to comment on Friday. The company has acknowledged that the ban is hurting its business. Overseas smartphone sales **plunged/nosedived/plummeted by 40%** after the trade ban, founder Ren Zhengfei said in May. huawei has recovered some of the overseas sales it lost after the US ban went into effect. But if Trump doesn't relax restrictions on the Chinese firm, that could **rekindle consumers' concern**s over buying Huawei smartphones and create uncertainties for mobile operators that sell the devices.  **//**陷入深渊**/**危险处境**: plunge in to an abyss */ə*ˈ*b*ɪ*s/***

**## event =>** eventful /ɪˈventfl/ V.S. uneventful

**[ 有着许多重大变化的一年/多事之年/多事之秋: an eventful year ; 不平静的/多事的一天: an eventful day;** 刺激的旅行**: a eventful trip ]**

full of things that happen, especially exciting, important or dangerous things; ADJ If you describe an event or a period of time as eventful, you mean that a lot of interesting, exciting, or important things have happened during it. 充满大事的；多事故的；多变故的(一段日子)

e.g. This has been **an eventful year** for Tom, both professionally and personally. 对汤姆来说这一年都是**有着许多重大变化的一年/多事之年/多事之秋**

e.g. **She’s experienced *an eventful life*. 她一生历尽沧桑。**

**V.S. uneventful**

If you describe a period of time as **uneventful**, you mean that nothing interesting, exciting, or important happened during it. 平静无事的, 平淡无奇的；平凡的；缺乏刺激的. [ an uneventful life 平淡的一生; ]

e.g. Annie led **a quiet uneventful life.** 安妮过着 安静平淡的生活。

e.g. The journey was **uneventful**. 旅途平平淡淡

e.g. The return trip was **uneventful**, the car running perfectly. 返程平安无事，汽车运行得很好

**## slap/impose tariffs** on/against

**e.g.** The US-China trade **truce/armistice/ceasefire** is over, and that's bad news for Huawei. US President Donald Trump's plan to **slap/impose new tariffs** on Chinese goods could threaten a promised **reprieve 〔令人不快之事的〕延缓/缓刑** for the Chinese tech company, which has become a flashpoint in the escalating trade war. e.g. Before Trump **fired his latest salvo agonist Huawei 〔火炮的〕齐射/**对**… 猛烈抨击 ,** there had been some expectation that he could **ease/relieve/mitigate** restrictions on the company, Huawei. But the decision to **reignite the trade war** with a 10% tariff on $300 billion worth of Chinese goods from September 1 — effectively a tax on all goods from China that come into the United States — throws any **respite** into question. "This escalation increases the risk that Trump **reneges on his pledges */r*ɪˈ*ni*ːɡ*/*食言; 违背诺言**to save Huawei" . The United States says the company is a national security concern, and claims it engages in activities that **run counter to** US foreign policy interests 和xxx背道而驰. // **[ 给 sb死刑暂缓令/给 sb死缓: give/grant sb a reprieve; 给他一个喘息的机会: grant sb a temporary respite ]**  // **[ renege on an agreement 违背协议/协定; renege on a pledge; renege on sb’s pledges 食言; 违背诺言, 背信弃义; renege on a promise 食言; 违背诺言; renege on a deal 违背协定; renege on a contract 违约]**

**## hawk** */h*ɔː*k/*

1. N-COUNT A hawk is a large bird with a short, hooked beak, sharp claws, and very good eyesight. Hawks catch and eat small birds and animals. 鹰
2. N-COUNT **[figurative meaning]**  In politics, if you refer to someone as a hawk, you mean that they believe in using force and violence to achieve something, rather than using more peaceful or diplomatic methods. Compare . (主张使用武力或强硬手段的) 鹰派人物  例： Both **hawks** and doves have expanded their conditions for ending the war. 鹰派和鸽派都已详述了他们结束战争的条件。
3. N/V to clear the throat noisily; esp. to cough up ***phlegm***. 大声清嗓 咳出（痰）
4. **N/V to offer (goods) for sale, as in the street; to try to sell goods, usually by going from place to place and trying to persuade people to buy them〔到处〕叫卖，兜售 (沿街)兜售 ===> ??? tout** e.g. Unless China restarts agricultural purchases from U.S. soon, he will have little to show for a move that is deeply unpopular with China **hawks.**
5. PHRASE If you watch someone like a hawk, you observe them very carefully, usually to make sure that they do not make a mistake or do something you do not want them to do. 密切监视  e.g. If we hadn't watched him like a hawk, he would have escaped. 如果我们不是密切监视他，他早逃跑了
6. V.S. the car **honks** to support protesters

**## plunged/nosedived/plummeted**

**[陷入深渊/危险处境: plunge in to an abyss */ə*ˈ*b*ɪ*s/]***

e.g. Huawei declined to comment on Friday. The company has acknowledged that the ban is hurting its business. Overseas smartphone sales **plunged/nosedived/plummeted** 骤降 by 40% after the trade ban, founder Ren Zhengfei said in May. huawei has recovered some of the overseas sales it lost after the US ban went into effect. But if Trump doesn't relax restrictions on the Chinese firm, that could **rekindle consumers' concern**s over buying Huawei smartphones and create uncertainties for mobile operators that sell the devices. // if something **rekindles an unpleasant situation**, it makes the unpleasant situation happen again. 重新引发 = *reignite* 重新点燃. e.g. Earlier this week, Qualcomm and AMD said that sales **plummeted** last quarter, in part because they couldn't sell chips to Huawei.

e.g. [陷入深渊**/**危险处境**: plunge in to an abyss */ə*ˈ*b*ɪ*s/***]

**## rule == ruly** */*ˈ*ru*ː*l*ɪ*/*

* ruly = ADJ orderly; well-behaved; tidy 有序的; 整齐的
* **unruly** */*ʌ*n*ˈ*ru*ː*l*ɪ*/*

1. ADJ If you describe people, especially children, as unruly, you mean that they behave badly and are difficult to control (which is usually because they’re badly (尤指儿童)难管教的  **[ unruly children** 难管教的孩子**; unruly behaviour** 不守规矩的行为**]**
2. ADJ “**unruly hair**” is difficult to keep tidy. (头发)难梳理的 e.g. The man had remarkably black, **unruly hair**. 那个男子有一头不同寻常的乱蓬蓬的黑发

## **wield** /wiːld/

1. **[** 拥有并使用权力**/**影响**/**权威等**;** 操纵着权力**/**影响**/**权威**: wield power/influence/authority etc ]** to have a lot of power or influence, and to use it 拥有并使用权力/影响/权威等 e.g. The Church **wields immense power and right** in Ireland. 在爱尔兰，教会操纵着大权。 e.g. She **wields enormous power** within the party. 她操纵着党内大
2. [ 拿起武器或工具(去攻击别人）: **wield a weapon/tool ]** If you **wield a weapon, tool, or piece of equipment**, you carry and use it. 拿着 (武器、工具或设备). e.g. He **was viciously attacked** 凶残地袭击 by a man **wielding a knife**. 他遭到一名持刀男子的凶残地袭击 e.g. She had been **viciously** attacked with a hammer. 她曾被人用锤子凶残地袭击过。**[** 被凶残地袭击**: be attacked viciously ]**  e.g. Yuen Long has become an unlikely focal point of the city's pro-democracy movement after protesters **were viciously attacked** by a mob 凶残地袭击 who are **wielding daggers and even police batons** 拿起〔武器或工具〕. About a dozen men have been **arrested/apprehended** in connection with the attack, some of whom have links to organized crime groups, or **triads */*ˈ*tra*ɪ*æd/*** 三合会**(**黑社会). Protesters were reportedly **at the mercy of** the mob for almost an hour before police arrived and at least 45 people were injured, some seriously.  **//**任凭某人**/**某物的摆布〔而无力保护自己〕**;** 受某人的摆布支配**/**听命于某人 **at the mercy of sb.**

**##** A **thoroughfare**

is a main road in a city or town which usually has stores along it and a lot of traffic. 大道; 主要大街; 通衢

e.g. Earlier in the day, thousands had taken to the streets for a series of **wildcat protests.** Police had **barricaded major thoroughfare** around the China Liaison Office, which represents the mainland government, but it was at the main Hong Kong government offices that protests took a more violent turn.

**## entrenched** [ɪn'trentʃt] V.S. **be ingrained in xxx**

strongly established and not likely to change — often used to show disapproval 根深蒂固的〔常含贬义〕

**[entrenched attitudes/belief/opinion/prejudices/positions/interests etc]** e.g. Ageism **is entrenched in** our society. 对老年人的歧视在我们这个社会根深蒂固。 e.g. a *deeply entrenched* belief in male superiority 根深蒂固的大男子主义观念

**e.g.** "We're in a much more bitter era of **entrenched** competition between the US and China in particular, as well as China and other Western powers," he said.

**V.S. ## [ be ingrained in xxx ]**

e.g. More than 150 million students **are enrolled in** 报名**/**登记China's **compulsory education system** 义务教育体系, attending about 220,000 schools across the country. **Compulsory education**义务教育 covers the first nine years of school for Chinese students, up until high school. Experts said tests **are too deeply ingrained (deeply-rooted) in** 根深蒂固the Chinese education systems, specially the gaokao and the zhongkao -- the **entrance exams for university** and secondary school, respectively. … "Parents must avoid **blindly** engaging in invidious competition and limit **overburdening** their kids with too many **extracurricular activities** 课外活动," the government document said. .. The guidelines echo calls by Chinese President Xi over the past year to r**eshape the country's education system**, he emphasize to educate **a well-rounded** 全面的全人的"new generation of young people capable of **shouldering the mission of national rejuvenation  [rɪ,dʒʊvə'neʃən]** 肩负着(民族复兴复壮)的使命**.** Former student Dai said there was no space for **a well-rounded education/a holistic education** 全面的全人教育 in China's current education system. …Experts said that the reforms could take years -- even decades -- to realize. Education systems don't just **"turn on a dime** 在短时间内发生大变动," said Field.

**## reckon sth V.S. beckon**

**## reckon sth**  */*ˈ*r*ɛ*kən/*

1. 1. V-T If you reckon that something is true, you think that it is true. 想 Toni **reckoned** that it must be about three o'clock.
2. 2. V-T If **something is reckoned to be a particular figure,** it is calculated/estimated to be roughly that amount. 估价/估算  例：The market is reckoned to be worth $1.4 bn in the U.S. alone. 这个市场仅在美国的价值估计就有14亿美元。

**V.S.**

**## beckon** */*ˈ*b*ɛ*kən/* **bacon sb; beckon (to) sb to do sth**

1. 1. V-T/V-I If you beckon to someone, you signal to them to come to you. to make a signal to someone with your hand, to show that you want them to come towards you or to follow you 向…招手 , 〔招手〕示意，召唤. **[ beckon (to) sb to do sth].** e.g. I could see my husband beckoning to me. 我看到我丈夫在向我招手。 e.g. She **beckoned to the waitress to** bring more wine. 她示意服务员再拿些酒来 e.g. He beckoned to the waiter for the bill 他朝服务员招了招手。 e.g. I beckoned her to join us. 我招手叫她过来。e.g. **Singapore beckons:** "They wouldn't close their operation in Hong Kong entirely but would move substantial parts to Singapore and make it their regional headquarters," he said. "Large numbers of Hong Kong residents from the middle class ... backgrounds might start emigrating to English-speaking countries." Evidence of an exodus from the city would likely crash Hong Kong's property market, too
2. V-I If something beckons, it is so attractive to someone that they feel they must become involved in it; if something such as a place or opportunity beckons, it appears so attractive that you want to have it 〔地方或机会〕引诱，吸引(召唤), 引人入胜**/**令人向往 e.g. A career in the film industry beckoned.电影事业令人向往 e.g. All the attractions of the peninsula beckon. 那半岛上所有胜地都引人入胜**/**令人向往。
3. V-I If something **beckons for someone**, it is very likely to happen to them 向sb召唤 , 可能发生. [+ for ] e.g. Early retirement **beckoned for George**. 乔治可能会提早退休

**# Brexit, Boris Johnson** [**https://edition.cnn.com/2019/09/24/uk/government-loses-supreme-court-suspension-case-gbr-intl/index.html**](https://edition.cnn.com/2019/09/24/uk/government-loses-supreme-court-suspension-case-gbr-intl/index.html)

[**https://edition.cnn.com/uk/live-news/boris-johnson-supreme-court-ruling-dle-intl/index.html**](https://edition.cnn.com/uk/live-news/boris-johnson-supreme-court-ruling-dle-intl/index.html)

**## uphold sb’s decision/plan**

**e.g.** Judges unanimously upheld an [earlier decision by Scotland's highest civil court](https://www.cnn.com/2019/09/11/uk/scottish-court-uk-parliament-prorogation-intl/index.html), which ruled that Johnson had acted illegally to suppress parliamentary scrutiny of his Brexit strategy.

**##** stray /streɪ/ 美 v. adj. n.

1.[ usually + adv./prep. ] to move away, deviate from the place where you should be, without intending to 迷路；偏离；走失 He strayed into the path of an oncoming car. 他偏到了一辆迎面驶来的汽车的行车路线上。 美  Her eyes kept straying over to the clock on the wall. 她的目光不时瞟向墙上的钟。 美

1. [ usually + adv./prep. ] to begin to think about or discuss a different subject from the one you should be thinking about or discussing 偏离正题；走神；离题

* 例：  My mind kept straying back to our last talk together. 我老走神，一再回想起我们上次在一起交谈的情景。 美
* 例：  We seem to be straying from the main theme of the debate. 我们似乎是偏离了辩论的主题。 美

V.S. digress

If you **digress**, you move away from the subject you are talking or writing about and talk or write about something different for a while. 离题

I've **digressed** a little to explain the situation so far, so let me now recap.

我刚才稍微离题说明了迄今的情况，现在让我重述一下要点。

例：

She **digressed** from her prepared speech to pay tribute to the president.

她偏离了预先准备的讲稿，对总统表示了敬意

3.( of a person who is married or in a relationship 已婚者或有固定关系者 ) to have a sexual relationship with sb who is not your usual partner 有外遇；在别处拈花惹草. adj. [ only before noun ]

1. stray dogs 走失的狗

( of animals normally kept as pets 常指宠物 ) away from home and lost; having no home 走失的；无主的 an animal that has got lost or separated from its owner or that has no owner 走失的宠物（或家畜）；无主的宠物（或家畜）

 5. a person or thing that is not in the right place or is separated from others of the same kind 离群者；走散者；不在原位置的东西

## prorogation 英  [,prəʊrəʊ'ɡeɪʃən] 美  [,prɔro'ɡeʃən]**. n.** 休会；闭会**.** = adjourn adjournment prorogation rise 休会

## [kən'tenʃəs] contentious = SYN controversial

1. causing a lot of argument and disagreement between people 引起争论的；有争议的 SYN controversial **contentious issue/area/subject etc**  例： Animal welfare did not become **a contentious/controversial issue** until the late 1997 一个引起争论的话题。
2. **someone who is contentious** often argues with people **爱争论的人 [sb is contentious]**

## **belligerent** */b*ɪˈ*l*ɪ*d*ʒ*ərənt/*

ADJ A belligerent person is hostile and aggressive. 好斗的  ...the belligerent statements from both sides which have led to fears of war. …双方火药味十足的声明已造成了对战争爆发的担忧

## **refute** */r*ɪˈ*fju*ː*t/* CET6 TEM4

(refuting,refuted,refutes)

1. V-T If you refute an argument, accusation, or theory, you prove that it is wrong or untrue. 驳倒 to prove that sth is wrong 驳斥；批驳

* to refute an argument/a theory, etc. 驳斥一个论点、理论等

1. to say that sth is not true or fair SYN deny 反驳；否认; V-T If you refute an argument or accusation, you say that it is not true. 否认 She refutes any suggestion that she behaved unprofessionally. 谁要是表示她不在行，她都予以反驳。 It was the kind of rumour that it is impossible to refute. 这是那种不可能推翻的谣言。  Isabelle is quick to refute any suggestion of intellectual snobbery.  对于任何暗示她恃才傲物的话，伊莎贝尔都立即予以否认。

## overturn /ˌəʊvəˈtɜːn/ 美 /ˌoʊvərˈtɜːrn/ v.

1.

if sth overturns , or if sb overturns it, it turns upside down or on its side 倾倒；倾覆；翻掉

* [ V ]  例：  The car skidded and overturned. 汽车打滑翻倒了。 美
* [ VN ]  例：  He stood up quickly, overturning his chair. 他猛然站起来，弄翻了椅子。 美

2.

[ VN ] to officially decide that a legal decision etc. is not correct, and to make it no longer valid 推翻，撤销（判决等）

* 例：  to overturn a decision/conviction/verdict 撤销决定╱定罪╱裁决
* 例：  His sentence was overturned by the appeal court. 上诉法庭撤销了对他的判决

e.g. they overturned a ruling by the High Court in London, which found against the anti-Brexit campaigner Gina Miller\\

**###################. Other words:**

* **put it on the back burner** 先把它放一放, 延后一点
* **[ 发牢骚；肠胃绞痛 gripe about sh = complain xxx ]**
* **[ grope for sth esp in darkness]** If you **grope for sth** that you cannot see esp in darkness, you try to find it by moving your hands around in order to feel it. (在黑暗中)摸索而行
* **[ (**用虚势**)**吓坏**(**竞争对手**/**敌手**): PHRASAL VERB) psych out your opponent; psych out your rival ]**  If you psych out your opponent or rival in a contest, you try to make them feel less confident by behaving in a very confident or aggressive way. **(**用虚势**)**吓坏(竞争对手/敌手). e.g. Horton's2016 comments went viral in China, where many believed he had deliberately tried to **psych out Sun**. Horton's Instagram page **was bombarded with** derogatory messages
* 正经的**/**正经八百的**;** 认真的诚挚地**: do sth in earnest**
* 急剧失控: **spiral out of control**
* [**reel from sth bad/negative** 受**…**的不好影响 ] 受到<疲软经济>的不好影响: **reel from the sluggish economy**  **;** 受到<经济危机>的不好影响: **reel from the economic crisis**
* **attrition** */ə*ˈ*tr*ɪʃ*ən/*   **[ a war of attrition (against sb.)** 一场消耗战 **]**
* table => **tabular** */*ˈ*tæbj*ʊ*lə/.* 表格式的
* 杜绝/根除 **stamp sth out or stamp out sth** 连读 **= eradicate sth = root sth out**  (eradicate Ebola/disease/poverty)
* r**un counter to sth. 和xxx背道而驰**
* **['pʌŋ(k)tʃʊeɪt] punctuate, punctuation: If an activity or situation** is punctuated by **particular things, it is interrupted by them at intervals. （不时的）被xxx打断**
* **quash /kwɒʃ/ 美 /kwɑːʃ/ v. = SYN: overturn [quash the conviction of <a crime>: 撤销了<罪>的判决 ] ( law 律 ) to officially say that a decision made by a court is no longer valid or correct, to officially say that a legal judgment or decision is no longer acceptable or correct. 宣布〔法庭的裁决, 判决, 决定〕不再有效；废除撤销〔法庭的裁决, 判决决定〕 e.g. His conviction was later quashed by the Court of Appeal; he was acquitted of a crime. 后来，上诉法院撤销了对他的有罪判决 //acquit sb of a crime宣判…无罪/当庭释放**
* **取得/获得（权力）assume control/power; 承担（责任): assume responsibility etc; (对某个国家/城市)取得/获得主权: assume sovereignty (over a nation, city). 任/上任 xxx一职: assume the role of xxx**
* **发挥(权力/影响/权威)；拥有并使用/发挥(权力/影响/权威等): wield power/influence/authority etc**
* **a shelved plan: 搁置的计划 ; a shelved bill: 搁置的条款**
* **concessions**: 1) concession to s. 让步；妥协. **2) 复数 [ C ] the place where you sell it, sometimes an area which is part of a larger building or store (有时为大型建筑物或商场中的特许经营权的)销售场地，摊位. e.g. the burger concessions at the stadium 体育场内的汉堡包小吃摊.**
* **[ perish the thought ] literal** 让你的想法死亡**=>** （用于拒绝一项建议或希望某事永不发生）没门儿，甭想了**/**下辈子再说吧e.g. Me get married? **Perish the thought**! 我结婚？甭想了**/**下辈子再说吧！
* **[flʌŋk] flunk the history （考试、测验等）失败，不及格; 挂科**
* 蟑螂 **cockroach** */*ˈ*k*ɒ*k*ˌ*rə*ʊ*t*ʃ*/*  **[ a plague of cockroaches** */*ˈ*lə*ʊ*kəst/***]**
* 蝗虫 **locust** */*ˈ*lə*ʊ*kəst/* **[ a plague of locusts** */*ˈ*lə*ʊ*kəst/***]**
* 公司的市值**/**价值蒸发了几百亿**: wipe billions of bucks off “the value of companies”**
* 沉默的大多数**;** 不公开表达自己意见的大部分人〔指在政治上不积极的普通人**: the silent majority**
* If t**here is an exodus */*ˈɛ*ksədəs/* of people/animals from a place,** a lot of people leave that place at the same time. 大批（人员，动物 ）离开
* 使(机场, 城市交通) 陷入停顿状态 /瘫痪状态 **bring <city traffic/transportation system/the airport> to a standstill = paralyze xxx**
* [ 宝贵信息 **golden nuggets of information** ] Technology alchemists have been promising to turn base data into **golden nuggets of information** for the last 20 years. //A nugget is a small lump of something, especially gold. 小块东西(尤指**小金块**)
* [货币操纵国 **a currency manipulator**] The problem is china is **a currency manipulato**r that steals our jobs.
* **操纵货币: manipulate the currency**
* 被<讽刺的言语>所炮轰: be bombarded with **sarcastic** word; 被<严厉苛刻的言语>所炮轰 be bombarded with **searing words** // **searing words or attitudes** criticize someone or something very stronglu〔言语、态度〕严厉的，苛刻的
* \* 被<恶毒的言语>所炮轰 be bombarded with **vicious words** e.g. Horton's2016 comments went viral in China, where many believed he had deliberately tried to **psych out Sun**. Horton's Instagram page **was bombarded with** sarcastic messages and **vicious words** // **[ (**用虚势**)**吓坏**(**竞争对手**/**敌手**): psych out your opponent/rival ]**
* **[ paint sb. into a corner 让xxx陷入窘境/困境, 把xxx赶到一个毫无回旋余地的角落里] V.S. [ around the corner: e.g. Xmas is around the corner 即将来临 ]**
* **[**钻法律的空子**: exploit a loophole in a law; plug a loophole in a law** ]. e.g. Thousands have poured to the streets of Hong Kong Sunday to oppose a controversial extradition bill 有争议的引渡条款 that would enable China to **extradite /ˈɛkstrəˌdaɪt/ fugitives**逃犯from the city. Critics say the bill will leave anyone on Hong Kong soil **vulnerable** to being grabbed and controlled by the Chinese authorities for political reasons or **inadvertent /ˌɪnədˈvɜːtənt/** 不是故意的 business offenses and **undermine/destroy** the city's semi-autonomous legal system. The government says the controversial extradition bill 引渡条款 is designed to **plug loopholes in the current law** 给法律插一个漏洞**/**空子**,** by allowing Hong Kong to decide on a case-by-case basis whether or not to send **fugitives** 逃犯 to territories where it doesn't have formal extradition deals-- such as Taiwan, Macau and mainland China. The “riot police **防暴警察”** equipped with **riot gear** 防暴装备was also seen at the scene.“ The “riot police **防暴警察”** are stopping and searching every youngster near the Admiralty MTR station” … The protest was mostly peaceful during the day, but it turned out to be violent overnight, with “riot police **防暴警察”** trying to **disperse** 驱散 protesters with **batons /ˈbætən/**警棍**.** The “riot police **防暴警察”** said they used **tear gas and pepper spray** on the protesters before they escaped the area. Officers urged protesters to **disperse**驱散.
* **[ 在短时间内发生大变动: turn on a dime]**  e.g. "Under the current exam-oriented education system, Chinese students are overloaded with schoolwork, extra **tutoring classes** 补习课**,** and lack sufficient physical exercise, which has given rise to health problems such as **obesity** [ə(ʊ)'biːsɪtɪ] and **myopia /maɪˈəʊpiə/=short-sightness** ," the **state-run news** Xinhua said. The guidelines echo calls by Chinese President Xi Jinping over the past year to **reshape the country's education system**, he emphasize to educate **a well-rounded students** 全面发展的全人的 capable of **shouldering the mission of national rejuvenation**肩负着**(**民族复兴复壮**)**的使命" .. But while some experts felt that tests **were too deeply ingrained in 根深蒂固（deeply-rooted**) the Chinese education system,… Former student Dai said there was no space for **a more well-rounded education/a holistic education** 全面的全人教育 in China's current education system. …Experts said that the reforms could take years -- even decades -- to realize. Education systems don't just "**turn on a dime 在短时间内发生大变动**," said Field.
* 重新提供运营**(**服务**): be back in operation;** 重新提供服务: **be back in service**
* 偷偷秘密的**(**进行**)**；趁人不注意赶紧进行的**: in the surreptitious way /ˌsʌrəpˈtɪʃəs/** 美 **/ˌsɜːr‑/.** e.g. C4ADS found that North Korea imported at least $191 million worth of luxury goods from 2015 to 2017, sourced from "as many as 90 countries" in violation of 违规 United Nations sanctions. Definitive figures are difficult to determine because there isn't a shared definition of what constitutes a "luxury item" and due to the surreptitious/ˌsʌrəpˈtɪʃəs/ way 偷偷秘密的(进行)；趁人不注意赶紧进行的 North Korea imports such items.
* V.S. (人) 迷信的superstitious  [suːpə'stɪʃəs; sjuː-] People who are superstitious believe in things that are not real or possible, for example magic.
* **V.S. ## sneaking [ only before noun ] [** 暗暗倾心于某人 **/** 暗恋某人 **: have a sneaking affection for sb;** 暗暗的**/**私下怀疑**: have a sneaking suspicion about sth ]** e.g. She had always had a sneaking affection for him. 以前她一直暗暗倾心于/暗恋他。 e.g. I have a sneaking suspicion that she knows more than she's telling us. 我私下怀疑，她还知道一些情况，不想告诉我们
* 和某人之间的长期不和**/**夙怨**. feud with sb**
* **泳姿: a swimming stroke: 蝶泳: butterfly;** 仰泳 backstroke; 自由式游泳竞赛（泳式不限，参加者常选择爬泳); **混合泳 medley;**  **混合泳接力 medley relay race**
* **/maɪˈəʊpiə/ myopia = 1. short-sightness; 2.**目光短浅；缺乏远见  **V.S. opium */*ˈ*ə*ʊ*p*ɪ*əm/*  鸦片**
* 肩负着**(xxx)**的使命 **shoulder the mission of <xxx> [** 肩负着**(**民族复兴复壮**)**的使命: **shoulder the mission of national rejuvenation [rɪ,dʒʊvə'neʃən].**  **]**
* 双子星塔（**in Kuala Lumpur) [ Petronas Twin Towers /əʊ/]** 注意发音
* 政治僵局**: political gridlock= dilemma; (**政治**)动乱: political unrest/chaos/turmoil/ferment**
* **在xxx上蒙了一层阴影: cast shadow over sth**
* **thoroughly ['θʌrəli] V.S. thoroughfare. [ No thoroughfare** 此路不通 **]**
* **bills of lading** 提货单 **V.S.** 负担费用，付帐**: foot the bills**，**foot the hospital bills**
* **“引发了<做xxx事情>的热潮/风尚/风气: lead to a stampeded to do sth”.** A stampede is a situation in which a lot of people are tending to do or achieve the same thing at the same time 热潮；风尚；风气. e.g. Falling interest rates in houses have **led to a stampede to** buy property. 不断下降的利率引发了**(**一场购房**)**热**(**的热潮**)**
* **[ literally:** 与某人擦肩 **figurative meaning:** 与某人为伍，与某人是一个队列的； **rub shoulders with sb]**  e.g It's been **a three-horse race** 三足鼎立**(**争霸之势**)** this year to be named the world's most powerful passport holders. Singapore and Japan's passports have **topped the rankings** 排名第一**(**的位置). Then, South Korea is now **rubbing shoulders with** 与某人为伍，与某人是一个队列的Finland and Germany **in the second tier** 在第二梯队.
* 开始着手做〔尤指新的、困难的或令人激动的事〕. If you **embark on something new, difficult with formidable challenges, or exciting**, you start doing it. e.g. I’m **embarking on** a new career as a CloudOps engineer in IBM.
* 他由专职司机开车送去**<**参加所有的会议**>: He was chauffeured /ˈʃəʊfə(r)/ to <all his meetings>**
* **occupant /ˈɒkjʊpənt/** （房屋、建筑等的）使用者，居住者**; (**汽车）乘坐者，**(**房间**,** 床的 **)**占用者**/**所有者**. e.g. All outstanding bills will be paid by the previous occupants of this house** 一切未支付的账单将由 原住户/先前的住户 偿付。 **e.g. The furniture had been left by the previous occupants e.g. The car was badly damaged but the occupants were unhurt.** 汽车严重损坏，但车内人员安然无恙
* **5 days or so = give or take/ around 5 days/5 days more or less**
* **remediation** */r*ɪˌ*mi*ː*d*ɪˈ*e*ɪʃ*ən/. ==>* **注意读音** N the action of remedying something, esp the reversal or stopping of damage to the environment 补救; 特指对破坏环境的倒转或停止
* **plug loopholes in the current law** 给法律插一个漏洞**/**空子. Exploit/use **loopholes in the current law**
* **make a baton charge /bætən/** 用警棍驱退
* **['pærənɔɪd] become paranoid; get paranoid** 多疑的，疑神疑鬼的**,** 有被害妄想症的 **Noun: paranoia /ˌpærəˈnɔɪə/ e.g.** The lack of faith Hong Kongers have in mainland China's legal system exemplifies why people in this city **are not comfortable with** the proposed extradition law ( although it’s now-**shelved** 搁置的). This threat of being detained on **trumped-up charges** 捏造的指控in China has existed for years.
* **trumped-up charges** 捏造的指控
* **a forced confession** 被迫招供 e.g. Even if China does eventually reveal how Cheng supposedly violated the law or parade him on state media with **a forced confession** 被迫招供, the explanations of the mainland authorities will never be fully trusted by many in Hong Kong and around the world.
* **[ brute force/strength** 蛮力，蛮劲**,** 不动脑筋的**/**蛮劲**]**
* **abyss */ə*ˈ*b*ɪ*s/* : [** 如临深渊**/**已经濒临深渊**: on the edge of an abyss; on the brink of an abyss;** 陷入深渊**/**危险处境**: plunge in to an abyss */ə*ˈ*b*ɪ*s/*;** 鸿沟**/**天壤之别**/**天渊之别 **a gaping abyss ]**
* **dictator = autocrat** [ˈɔː**tək**ræt]
* **[ at your disposal** 听你差遣**,** 由你做主**;** 任你自由支配**; at one's disposal** 听某人差遣**;** 由某人做主**;** 由其支配 **]**
* 任凭某人**/**某物的摆布〔而无力保护自己**,** 而无力改变什么〕 **at the mercy of sb.** 任天气的摆布**: at the mercy of the weather;** 任天命的摆布**: at the mercy of the destiny**
* **huddle together** 抱团取暖**.** */*ˈ*h*ʌ*dəl/ v.s hurdle* 障碍；栏；跳 ==> **[ huddle together to discuss sth]** If people huddle in a group, they gather together to discuss something quietly or secretly. (悄悄地或秘密地) 凑在一起商讨 e/g. huddle together to discuss the salary raise
* 一个凶恶恶毒的人**: a vicious person. v.s. a malicious girl** 恶毒的女孩**;** 凶残的攻击**: a vicious attack ;** 被凶残地袭击**: be attacked viciously**
* **malice:** */*ˈ*mæl*ɪ*s/ malicious*
* 不能接受的；难以置信的；难以想象的. **[ It would be unthinkable for sb to do sth ] ==>Noun)** 意想不到的事情**/**无法接受的事物 **the unthinkable**
* 在要求匿名的条件下**: on the condition of anonymity ['ænə'nɪməti]**
* 因为害怕遭到报复**: for fear of retribution */*ˌ*r*ɛ*tr*ɪˈ*bju*ːʃ*ən/***
* （放在架子上的**)**搁置的**(**计划，条款 **): [ shelved plan:** 搁置的计划 **; shelved bill:** 搁置的条款**]**
* **woo sb:** 拉拢**sb,** 寻求**sb**的支持〔用于新闻报道〕 woo sb: to try to get the support of sb, to try to persuade someone to do something to endorse you/support you, such as buy something from you, vote for you, or work for you – used in news reports 拉拢sb, 寻求sb的支持用于新闻报道〕 **[** 拉拢**<**投票人**>,** 寻求**<**投票人**>**的支持**: woo those voters ;** 拉拢**<**投资人**>,** 寻求**<**投资人**>**的支持**: woo investors;** 拉拢**<**董事会**>: woo the members from the board of directors ]**

**## a brute */bru*ː*t/*** 粗暴的人 **(**通常指男） **==> brutal**

1. N-COUNT If you call someone, usually a man, a brute, you mean that they are rough, violent, and insensitive. Custer was an idiot and a brute and he deserved his fate. 卡斯特是个愚蠢而粗暴的人，他应该有这样的下场。

Adj) involving physical strength only and not thought or intelligence 蛮干**,** 不动脑筋的**/**蛮劲**. [ brute force/strength** 蛮力，蛮劲**,** 不动脑筋的**/**蛮劲**]**

**e.g.**China's regime has been trying to **intimidate the protesters** with credible, **ominous threats** that they could use **brute force**蛮力蛮劲 to **quell/suppress** 平息 **the protests.** Still, pro-democracy marchers turned out in astonishing numbers for **the 11th week in a row.**连续第**11**周了

**e.g.**  Discussion can be more effective than the use of **brute force**. 讨论会比蛮干有用

**## murky, murkier, murkiest**

**1. ( of a liquid** 液体 **) not clear; dark or dirty with mud or another substance** 浑浊的；污浊的**. [** 浑浊的自来水 **murky tap water; murky river ]  e.g. She gazed into the murky depths of the water.** 她注视着那幽暗的水底。

**2. ( of air, light, etc.** 空气、光等 **) dark and unpleasant because of smoke, fog , etc.** 昏暗的；阴暗的；朦胧**. [ a murky night** 昏暗的夜 **]**

**3. ( disapproving , humorous ) ( of people's actions or character** 人的行为或性格 **) not clearly known and suspected of not being honest** 隐晦的；含糊的；暧昧可疑的**e.g. He had a somewhat murky past.** 他有一段不清白的过去。 **e.g. C4ADS found that North Korea imported at least $191 million worth of luxury goods from 2015 to 2017, sourced from "as many as 90 countries" in violation of United Nations sanctions that was imposed on DPRK. … “Our company strictly complies with EU and US embargoes/ ɪmˈbɑːrɡoʊ/**贸易禁运 **… Kuo said it took himself and the report's co-authors eight months of investigating how Kim was able allegedly**涉嫌的 **to obtain the Benzes. They scoured/combed through** 彻底的梳理**/**排查 **customs records** 海关记录**, shipping data, bills of lading ['leidiŋ]** 提货单 **to trace how the vehicles made their way from Rotterdam to Pyongyang. "We think we built a pretty compelling evidence** 强有力的可以说服人的证据**t o say that these Mercedes were likely bound for North Korea," he said. … Kuo and his co-authors concluded that the two Mercedes left Rotterdam for Dalian, then made their way on to Osaka, Japan, and Busan, South Korea. From South Korea, they were shipped out on a vessel called the DN5505, per the bill of lading. That's when the journey gets murky. …On November 2, the vessel submitted a bill of lading** 提货单**to South Korean customs authorities that showed the ship was transporting anthracite coal allegedly from Nakhodka. But in Nakhodka, "no record exists" of the DN5505's arrival, C4ADS said.**

**## a patron** /ˈpeɪtrən/ 美 verb) patronize noun) patronage

1. [a patron ] is a person who gives money and support to artists and writers （艺术家的）赞助人，资助者.  e.g. Frederick the Great was the patron of many artists. 腓特烈大帝是许多艺术家的赞助人。
2. [a patron ] is a famous person who supports an organization such as a charity and whose name is used in the advertisements, etc. for the organization 名义/名誉赞助人（支持慈善组织等的名人，名字常用于有关的广告宣传中）
3. ( *formal* ) a person who uses a particular shop/store, restaurant, etc. 老主顾；顾客；常客. Patrons are requested not to smoke. 请顾客不要吸烟。

**## patronage** /ˈpætrənɪdʒ/ /ˈpeɪt‑/ 美 n.

1. the support, especially financial, that is given to a person or an organization by a *patron* 资助；赞助 e.g. **Patronage of the arts** comes from businesses and private individuals. 对艺术的资助/赞助来自企业和个人。 e.g. **...government patronage of the arts** in Europe. …在欧洲政府对艺术的资助/赞助
2. the system by which an important person gives help or a job to sb in return for their support （掌权者给予提挈以换取支持的）互惠互利
3. ( especially *NAmE* ) the support that a person gives a shop/store, restaurant, etc. by spending money there 惠顾；光顾. **Thank you for your patronage /ˈpætrənɪdʒ/ /ˈpeɪt‑/. 感谢您的惠顾**

**## [ patronize sb ]** /ˈpætrənaɪz/ 美 /ˈpeɪt‑/ v.

1. ( *disapproving* ) **[patronize sb = treat somebody in a condescending manner]** to treat sb in a way that seems friendly, but which shows that you think that they are not very intelligent, experienced; treat someone **in a condescending  [,kɑndɪ'sɛndɪŋ] manner** 屈尊俯就地对待；摆出高人一等的派头. e.g. Some television programmes tend to patronize children. 有些电视节目往往以大人的观点对待儿童。 //If you say that someone is condescending, you are showing your disapproval 贬义 of the fact that they talk or behave in a way which shows that they think they **are superior to** other people; behaving as though you are more important and more intelligent than other people 表现出优越感的；居高临下的/显得高人一等的  **[对sb. 有着居高临下的/高人一等的态度: have a condescending */*ˌ*k*ɒ*nd*ɪˈ*s*ɛ*nd*ɪŋ*/* attitude towards somebody; treat somebody in a condescending manner]**
2. ( *formal* ) **[ /ˈpætrənaɪz/ patronize that restaurant; patronize that hotel; patronize that club ] t**o be a regular customer/patron /ˈpeɪtrən/ of a shop/store, restaurant, etc. 经常光顾(某个餐厅/酒店/俱乐部) e.g. The club is patronized by students and locals alike. 学生和当地居民都经常去那个俱乐部。 美
3. **[ patronize sb ]** to help a particular person, organization or activity by giving them money 赞助；资助. e.g. She patronizes many contemporary British artists. 她赞助许多英国当代艺术家。

**## condescending** */*ˌ*k*ɒ*nd*ɪˈ*s*ɛ*nd*ɪŋ*/*

* ADJ If you say that someone is condescending, you are showing your disapproval 贬义 of the fact that they talk or behave in a way which shows that they think they **are superior to** other people; behaving as though you are more important and more intelligent than other people 表现出优越感的；居高临下的/显得高人一等的  **[对sb. 有着居高临下的/高人一等的态度: have a condescending attitude towards somebody; treat somebody in a condescending manner]** e.g. He has **a condescending attitude** towards women. 他对女性总是居高临下 e.g. I’m **getting fed up with** your money and your whole **condescending attitude**. 我受够了你的钱和你整个高人一等的态度。

**V.S.**

* // *disapproving* ) **[patronize sb** /ˈpætrənaɪz/ **= treat somebody in a condescending manner]** to treat sb in a way that seems friendly, but which shows that you think that they are not very intelligent, experienced; treat someone **in a condescending  [,kɑndɪ'sɛndɪŋ] manner** 屈尊俯就地对待；摆出高人一等的派头. e.g. Some television programmes tend to patronize children. 有些电视节目往往以大人的观点对待儿童。

**## seizure of sth**/ˈsiːʒə(r)/ 美 n.

1. [ U C ] ~ (of sth) the use of legal authority to take sth from sb; an amount of sth that is taken in this way 起获；没收；充公；起获的赃物；没收的财产

* e.g. The court ordered the seizure of his assets. 法庭下令没收其财产。 美
* e.g. the largest ever seizure of cocaine at a British port 在英国口岸起获的一宗数量最大的可卡因

1. [ U ] ~ (of sth) the act of using force to take control of a country, town, etc; (军事上的)夺取；占领；控制

* e.g. the army's seizure of power 军队对政权的夺取
* e.g. the seizure of Burma by Japan in 1942 1942年日军对缅甸的占领
* e.g. While the flight suspensions are not directly related, they come as tensions have escalated in the Middle East over Iran's **seizure** of a British tanker, a week after Britain **seized** an Iranian tanker in Gibraltar.

1. when the police or government officers take away illegal goods such as drugs or guns 〔警方或政府官员对毒品、枪支等的〕查获，没收. N-COUNT When an organization such as the police or customs makes a seizure of illegal goods, they find them and take them away. 缴获; 没收. **[ drugs seizures 查获毒品]**  e.g. Police have made one of the biggest **seizures of heroin** there's ever been. 警方这次缴获的海洛因是迄今为止数目最大的几宗之一。
2. ( *old-fashioned* ) [ C ] a sudden attack of an illness, especially one that affects the brain （疾病，尤指脑病的）侵袭，发作. If someone has a seizure, they have a sudden violent attack of an illness, especially one that affects their heart or brain. (心脏病、脑部疾病等的) 突然发作 **[ a cardiac seizure 一次心脏病的发作; a stroke seizure: 一次中风的发作 ]**

## [synthetic products] = artificial

ADJ Synthetic products are made from chemicals or artificial substances than being produced naturally by plants or animals (人工）合成的, 人造的. [ synthetic chemicals (人工）合成的化学品; synthetic fibres/materials/fabrics (人工）合成的纤维/材料/织物; synthetic drugs/fabrics 合成药物╱织物合成的

## V-T If you **downplay a fact or feature,** you try to make **people think that it is less important or serious than it really is. 轻描淡写**

**e.g. Police sources yesterday** downplayed the significance of the security breach.

警方昨天的消息对这次安全缺口的重要性轻描淡写。

e.g. Both Beijing and Taipei tried to downplay the drills that was launched in **TaiWan Strait.** However, they come amid tension between the Beijing and Washington over a [$2.2 billion US arms sale](https://www.cnn.com/2019/07/08/politics/us-arms-sale-taiwan/index.html) to Taiwan, and also **coincide with** a trip by Taiwan President Tsai Ing-wen to the United States as she prepares to **shore up support** among the island's allies in the Caribbean. On Friday, China threatened to [**impose sanctions**](http://eng.chinamil.com.cn/view/2019-07/12/content_9556413.htm) **against** any US companies who sold weapons to Taiwan. Chinese Ambassador to the US Cui Tiankai made it clear on Friday on Twitter that any attempt~~s~~ by the US government to "split" Taiwan from China would **provoke** a swift response. "Those who **play with fire** will only get themselves burned. Period," [he tweeted.](https://twitter.com/AmbCuiTiankai/status/1149695176358715392)

**## [ransack a place; ransack sth ], ransack, ransacked, ransacked:** to make a place untidy, messy, **in an disarray**, causing damage, because you are looking for sth in a quick and careless way. (为找东西）把…翻腾得乱七八糟/翻箱倒柜的找东西, 洗劫 V.S. **[** 解雇 **sack sb. = fire sb. = dismiss sb = axe workforces]**  e.g. The house had been **ransacked by burglars.** 这房子遭到了盗贼的洗劫。

e.g. She **ransacked my apartment** for the bankbook. 她在我公寓里到处搜索寻找存折。  e.g. But he said **archaeologists** 古学家 were struggling to race against **looters**, who often **ransack ancient sites** before the experts can get to them. 古址往往会被盗墓者的洗劫。

## **penthouse /ˈpɛntˌhaʊs/ or “penthouse apartment”**

A penthouse or a penthouse apartment or suite is a luxurious apartment or set of rooms **at the top of a tall building. “**顶层”豪华公寓; “顶层”豪华套间  e.g. ..her **swanky**奢华的 penthouse in Manhattan. …她的曼哈顿 奢华的”顶层公寓。

## **barbaric** */b*ɑːˈ*bær*ɪ*k/*

ADJ f you describe someone's behaviour as barbaric, you strongly disapprove of it because you think that it is extremely cruel or **uncivilized**, and violent and not as expected from people who are educated and respect each other 野蛮的（不文明的 ); 没有文化的  **[ a barbaric act/custom/ritual 野蛮的行为╱习俗╱仪式** ]

e.g. The way these animals are killed is barbaric. 宰杀这些动物的手段很残忍

e.g. This barbaric treatment of animals has no place in any decent society. 对动物的这种虐待在任何文明的社会里都是无法容忍的。  **## barbarian /bɑrˋbɛrɪən / n.**

1. someone from a different tribe or land, who people believe to be wild and not ***civilized*** 野蛮人，未开化的人 e.g. The Roman Empire came under severe pressure from the barbarians across the Rhine. 罗马帝国受到了来自莱茵河对岸的蛮族的巨大压力。
2. someone who does not behave properly, and does not show proper respect for education, art etc (没有文化的)大老粗 ，无教养的人，粗野的人. **[ 没有文化的)大老粗 ，无教养的人: uncivilized barbarians]**  e.g.The youths were described as **uncivilized barbarian**s who savagely attacked innocent victims. 那些青年人凶残地袭击无辜的人，被描述为缺乏教养的野蛮人。
3. someone who behaves in a way that is cruel and ***uncivilized*** 残酷野蛮的人，残暴的人

## **[**涉嫌**(**指控**)<xxx crime>**罪**: on allegations of <a crime>]**

**[**涉嫌**(**指控**)”**儿童猥亵**”**罪**: on allegations of “child molestation;** 涉嫌**(**指控**)**的犯罪**: an alleged crime;** 嫌犯**: an alleged criminal;** 涉嫌的受害者 ***alleged victim*; alleged offence; alleged incident etc]**

e.g. Police in Shanghai have formally **arrested/apprehended** Chinese **real estate**房地产 **big fish** Wang Zhenhua **on allegations of** <***child molestation* *[,məule'stei*ʃ*ən]>*(**涉嫌”儿童猥亵”罪)**.** In a statement released Wednesday, police said they had taken statements from the victim, suspects and witnesses and concluded that Wang's behavior "constituted **alleged child molestation** 涉嫌”儿童猥亵”罪.” The police set up a special task force to investigate Wang and another suspect after **allegations** 涉嫌**(**指控**)** against them emerged earlier this month, according to Wednesday's statement. The arrest paves the way for them to be formally charged. His detention by police last week **wiped billions of dollars off the value 蒙受了xxx 的损失 / 公司的市值/价值蒸发了几百亿** of his real estate companies on the Shanghai and Hong Kong stock exchanges. Spokespeople for his companies have **fended off CNN’s questions** to comment beyond their official statements. “According to the notification from [Shanghai police], the arrest/apprehension of Mr Wang Zhenhua, the controlling shareholder of the company, was approved on July 10, 2019 for **an alleged crime**涉嫌**(**指控**)**的罪犯”. The company apologized for its founder's reported behavior and the "great suffering" he had caused the **alleged victim** 涉嫌的受害者and her family. The Xinmin Evening News — a local newspaper run by **state-owned** Shanghai United Media Group — previously reported that two girls were brought to Wang in a Shanghai hotel on June 29. The mother of one of the girls reported **the alleged incident** to the police, the newspaper reported. //**[** 避开（不想回答的问题**/**不想见的人）**fend off unwanted questions/ problems/ people ]**

## **ruthless** */*ˈ*ru*ː*θl*ɪ*s/, ruthlesy*

1. ADJ If you say that someone is ruthless, you mean that you **disapprove of them** 贬义词 because they are very harsh or cruel or **bloodless 冷血无情的**, and will do anything that is necessary to achieve what they want. 残酷的. e.g. The president was ruthless in dealing with any hint of internal political dissent. 这位总统对任何内部政治分歧的苗头都毫不留情。
2. ADV 残酷/毫不留情地 **ruthlessly = bloodlessly**  e.g. The party has **ruthlessly** (bloodlessly) crushed any sign of organized opposition protest or military coup. 该党**残酷/毫不留情地**将任何有组织反抗都消灭在了萌芽状态。
3. ADJ A ruthless action or activity is done forcefully and thoroughly, without much concern for its effects on other people. 坚决无情的/毫不留情的 e.g. Her lawyers have been ruthless in thrashing out a divorce settlement. 她的律师们在协商离婚协议上毫不留情。 e.g. Gloria showed signs of turning into the **ruthlessly** efficient woman her father wanted her to be. 格洛丽亚有迹象变成为她父亲所期望的那种坚决无情、办事利落的女人

**## juvenile** /ˈdʒuːvənaɪl/

1. Adj [ LAW] connected with young people who are not yet adults 少年的；未成年的. **[ 少年犯罪: juvenile crime; 少年罪犯: juvenile offenders; 童工的雇用 juvenile employment ]**
2. Noun). eg. The company apologized for its founder's reported behavior and the "great suffering" he had caused the **alleged victim 涉嫌的受害者**  and her family. the company said. "We, as well as the public, think **juveniles** are the future of society, and any behavior that harms them should be punished by the law."
3. ( *disapproving* ) silly and naive, and more typical of a child than an adult 幼稚的；不成熟的；孩子气的

[SYN](javascript:;) [childish](javascript:;) [ juvenile behaviour 幼稚的行为. ] **e.g. Don't be so juvenile/childish, OK? 别那么孩子气！**

e.g. Her husband is very juvenile when facing the family issue.

## fissure, crack, rift

* **fissure** */*ˈ*f*ɪ**ʃ***ə/*  N-COUNT A fissure is a deep crack in something, especially in rock or in the ground. (尤指岩石)裂缝 e.g. The 7.1 **magnitude** earthquake that shattered 粉碎；打碎 California on Friday also ripped open **a fissure/crack/rift**. Stores had broken bottles and exploded cans littering their floors and other items that had been hanging on walls had **toppled over**. As the sun rose the next day, it also became clear that the area's topography [tə'pɑgrəfi]地势had changed. Satellite images show **a crack/fissure (尤指岩石)裂缝** has formed in the area close to the **epicenter**.
* **rift** */r*ɪ*ft/*

1. N-COUNT A rift between people or countries is a serious quarrel, diverge, or disagreement that stops them from having a good relationship. 分歧/间隙不和 e.g. The interview reflected a growing rift between the president and Congress. 这次会见反映出总统与国会间日益加深的间隙/不和。 e.g. There’s increasing **rifts** between this couple.
2. N-COUNT **A rift** is a split that appears in something solid, especially in the ground. (尤指地面上的) 裂缝 = **fissure** */*ˈ*f*ɪ**ʃ***ə/ /*

## **topography** */tə*ˈ*p*ɒɡ*rəf*ɪ*/*

1. N-UNCOUNT Topography is the study and description of the physical features of an area, for example, its hills, valleys, or rivers, or the representation of these features on maps. 地形学
2. N-COUNT The topography of a particular area is its physical shape, including its hills, valleys, and rivers. 地形. e.g. The 7.1 **magnitude** earthquake that **shattered 粉碎；打碎** California on Friday also open **a fissure** */*ˈ*f*ɪ**ʃ***ə/* **/crack/rift**. Stores had broken bottles and exploded cans littering their floors and other items that had been hanging on walls had **toppled over**. As the sun rose the next day, it also became clear that the area's **topography [tə'pɑgrəfi] 地**势had changed. Satellite images show **a crack/fissure (尤指岩石)裂缝** has formed in the area close to the **epicenter**.

**## birthplace**

e.g. Accessible only by special permit, Sarov is the rough equivalent to Los Alamos, New Mexico, one of the **birthplaces** of US nuclear weapons design. Severodvinsk has a naval base and **shipyard** ['ʃɪpjɑrd]造船厂.

## **archipelago**  [,ɑːkɪ'peləgəʊ] An archipelago is a group of islands, especially small islands. 群岛; 列岛

**## remind sb. of sth => be reminiscent of xxx** */*ˌ*r*ɛ*m*ɪˈ*n*ɪ*sənt/ ==>* **注意读音**

1. ADJ If you say that one thing **is reminiscent of** another, you mean that it reminds you of it. 令人想起的  We drank from wax-coated paper cups reminiscent of a visit to the dentist. 我们喝水用的蜡纸杯让我想起了那次去看牙医的事。

The way he laughed was strongly reminiscent of his father. 他笑的样子让人很容易想起他的父亲。

1. [ only before noun ] ( *formal* ) showing that you are thinking about the past, especially in a way that causes you pleasure 回忆过去的；怀旧的；缅怀往事的. **[ a reminiscent smile 追忆往事时露出的微笑 ]**

**V.S.**

**##** 怀旧的 **nostalgic** */n*ɒˈ*stæld*ʒɪ*k/* ==》 **nostalgia** */n*ɒˈ*stæld***ʒ*ə/*** *==>* **注意读音. /***d***ʒ*ə/***

1. ADJ Nostalgic things cause you to think affectionately about the past. 引起怀旧的 **[ nostalgic photos/music/food ]**
2. ADJ If you **feel nostalgic**, you think affectionately about experiences you had in the past. 怀旧的  e.g. Many people were **nostalgic */n*ɒˈ*stæld*ʒɪ*k/*** for the good old days. 很多人都怀念过去的好时光。
3. ADV 怀旧地 e.g. People look back **nostalgically** on the war period, simply because everyone pulled together. 人们怀旧地回忆战争时期

**4. nostalgia** */n*ɒˈ*stæld***ʒ*ə/*** *==>* **注意读音** N-UNCOUNT Nostalgia is an affectionate feeling you have for the past, especially for a particularly happy time. (尤指对幸福时光的) 怀旧 e.g. He might be influenced by nostalgia */n*ɒˈ*stæld***ʒ*ə/*** or the surroundings of his happy youth. 他也许被他对快乐青年时代的环境的怀念影响了

**## linger** */*ˈ*l*ɪŋ**ɡ*ə****/* *==>* **注意读音**

1. V-I When something such as an idea, a question, a feeling, or illness lingers */*ˈ*l*ɪŋ**ɡ*ə****/* , it continues to exist for a long time, often much longer than expected. (问题, 想法、感觉、疾病) 继续存留 ； （味, e.g. 香水味）**久久不散** e.g. **This headache question still lingers */*ˈ*l*ɪŋɡ*ə/* 问题继续/仍然存留**  e.g. The **scent** of her perfume **lingers on** in the room. 她的香水味在房间里**久久不散**。 e.g. He was ashamed. **That feeling lingered,** and he was never comfortable in church after that. 这种感觉持续着
2. V-I If you **linger somewhere/linger some place,** you stay there for a longer time than is necessary, for example, because you are enjoying yourself. 继续逗留 e.g. Customers are welcome to linger over coffee until around midnight. 顾客们可以慢慢品味咖啡到午夜。

**## loft => lofty**

1. lofty mountains, buildings etc are very high and impressive *literary*〔山、建筑物loft等〕巍峨的，高耸的 e.g. He stayed at the Four Seasons Hotel, from whose *lofty heights* he could see across New York. 他住在四季酒店，从酒店高处可以看到纽约的全景。
2. **[ lofty ideas, beliefs, attitudes; loft goal:** 伟大的目标**]** etc show high standards or high moral qualities – use this to **show approval**  〔思想、信仰、态度等〕高尚的，崇高的伟大的〔含褒义〕 e.g  **lofty ideals** of equality and social justice 平等和社会正义的**崇高理想** e.g. He had set himself **the lofty goal** of reaching the world’s top five. 他给自己定下了一个伟大的目标，要进入世界排名前五位。
3. lofty = arrogant, seeming to think you are better than other people – used to show disapproval 高傲的，傲慢的〔含贬义〕**[ a lofty manner: 傲慢的举止]**e.g. She has such **a lofty manner**. 她举止非常傲慢。

**##** 闹钟响了 **go off, went off; have gone off**

**A: “The alarm hasn’t gone off yet”**

**B: Yes, it did. It went off 30 mins ago. You just slept right through it.**

**A: “Oh, sorry, I must sleep right through it”**

**B: Rise and shine. Sleepyhead (**称呼没睡醒的人**）**懒鬼，瞌睡虫**.**

**## Why are you so dressed up?**

**Well, I’m going to my company New Year’s banquet** 宴会，盛宴**.**

**## verb) backfire on sb.**

**e.g.** We've all been tempted to bring a little bit of paradise home from our holidays. But the urge **has backfired on a French couple**, who are facing up to six years in prison for removing sand from a beach, where they had been on vacation.

## wary ['weəri] v.s. vary

wary = prudent; be wary of (doing) sth => someone who is wary is careful because they think something might be dangerous or harmful 小心翼翼的，警惕谨慎的 e.g. *Keep a wary eye on* the weather before you set sail. 出航前要密切注意天气。 e.g. I’m a bit wary of driving in this fog. 这样的雾天开车 要小心翼翼的/警惕/谨慎的 e.g. We must teach children to **be wary of** strangers. 我们一定要教育孩子警惕陌生人。

## **严重的袭击: aggravated assault; 严重的偷窃: aggravated theft**

* 轻度犯罪 **petty crime: e.g. 装作顾客在商店偷窃: shoplifting; 扒窃: pocket-picking; 抢钱包: purse-snatching**
* 重罪 **felony:** In countries where the legal system distinguishes between very serious crimes and less serious ones, a felony is a very serious crime such as armed robbery.

**## prolific** */p****rə***ˈ*l*ɪ*f*ɪ*k/;* **prolifically. [ a prolific author 多产的作家; a prolific singer; a prolific actor; 进球次数[得分]多的运动员 a prolific sports player; 进球次数[得分]多的射门手: a prolific goalscorer ]**

1. ( of an artist, a writer, etc. 艺术家、作家等 ) producing many works, etc. 多产的；创作丰富的; a prolific artist, writer etc produces many works of art, books etc **[ a prolific author 多产的作家; a prolific singer; a prolific actor ]**e.g. She is ***a prolific writer*** of novels and short stories. 她是位多产的长篇和短篇小说家 e.g. one of the most **prolific periods** in her career 她的创作生涯中成果最丰的时期之一 e.g. to write **prolifically**
2. **a prolific sports player** produces a lot of runs, ***goal****s* etc **进球次数[得分]多的〔运动员〕[a prolific goalscorer 进球次数[得分]多的〔运动员〕/杰出的射门手]**e.g. Messi, obviously, is one of most **prolific goalscorers** this decade 这十年来得分最多的射手
3. ( of plants, animals, etc. 植物、动物等 ) producing a lot of fruit, flowers, young, etc. 丰硕的；(植物、动物等)多产的；多育的. e.g. animals that breed **prolifically** 多产的动物V.S. \* fertile: 1. Land or soil that is fertile is able to support the growth of a large number of strong healthy plants. 肥沃的 ...fertile soil…肥沃的土壤. 2. A person or animal that is fertile is able to reproduce and have babies or young. (人/动物 )能生育的 e.g.The operation cannot be reversed to make her fertile again. 手术不可逆转，无法使她重获生育能力
4. able to produce enough food, etc. to keep **many animals and plants alive** 富饶的；富庶的；肥沃的 [prolific rivers 富饶的河川 ]
5. existing in large numbers 众多的；大批的: e.g. a pop star with a **prolific** following of teenage fans 拥有大批少男少女歌迷的流行歌星

**## torrential rains ; be displaced 使〔人群或兽群〕离开家园/背井离乡; makeshift shelter/clinic 权宜之计下的临时的避难所**

**e.g.** The storm made landfall/**torrential rains** just before 7 p.m. southwest of Tokyo, bringing hurricane-force winds and heavy rains/**torrential rains**  which led to widespread flooding and even landslide; More than 230,000 people were evacuated and **were displaced 使〔人群或兽群〕离开家园/背井离乡 in a “makeshift shelter 权宜之计下的临时的避难所”** ahead of the storm, with emergency orders issued 发布 for many cities around the greater Tokyo area. "Now not only police, fire department and coast guard, but also 27,000 staff of the self-defense force are on rescue, **scour/comb through** all areas to search for missing and supporting evacuation.”

## **subpoena** */s****əb***ˈ*pi*ː*nə/* 【**subpoenas a person**】

1. Noun) ( law 律 ) A subpoena is a legal document ordering someone that they must【**attend a court of law 出庭】** and give evidence and **testimony [法] 证词** as a witness. （传唤证人出庭作证的）传票 // 【**attend a court of law 出庭】**e.g. He has been served with a subpoena */səb*ˈ*pi*ː*nə/* to answer the charges in court. 他被送达了一张出庭应诉的传票
2. Verb) V-T If someone【**subpoenas a person**】, they give them a legal document telling them to【**attend a court of law 出庭】**and give evidence and **testimony [法] 证词** as a witness. (以传票的方式)传唤 (证人) 出庭作证; 要求 (证据) 到庭e.g. Select committees have the power to **subpoena witnesses**. 特别委员会有权 **(以传票的方式)传唤证人** e.g. The court **subpoenaed */səb*ˈ*pi*ː*nə/* her** to appear as a witness. 法庭 **(以传票的方式)**她出庭作证
3. Verb) If someone **subpoenas a piece of evidence,** the evidence must be produced in a court of law.