```
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression
from sklearn.metrics import mean_squared_error, r2_score
```

```
In [2]:
```

In [1]:

```
import numpy as np, pandas as pd, matplotlib.pyplot as plt, seaborn
from datetime import datetime, timedelta
from fredapi import Fred
import quandl
```

In [3]:

```
def get_info(names):
    data = []
    for i in range(len(names)):
        data.append(fred.get_series(names[i]).to_frame().rename(col
        data[i] = data[i].groupby(data[i].index.year).mean().dropna
    return data
```

In [4]:

```
# https://github.com/mortada/fredapi
fred = Fred(api_key="a02df0a22c57860f5f7cf25edc70ffb3")
quandl.ApiConfig.api_key = "QZLZXdHDDPZna9Yw48NP"
```

Midwest - Ohio

```
Define the variables to be used in analysis:

X attributes:

- *Monthly* Stocks
- S&P 500 (MULTPL/SP500_REAL_PRICE_MONTH)
- *Quarterly* GDP (GDP)
- *Annual* Unemployment Rate (LAUST390000000000003A)
- *Annual* House Ownership Ratio (OHHOWN)
- *Annual* Resident Population (OHPOP)
- *Annual* Median Income Rate (MEHOINUSOHA672N)
- *Annual* Home Vacancy Rate (OHHVAC)

y attributes:
- *Quarterly* Ohio State Housing Price Index (OHSTHPI)
```

Connect to APIs and create a dataframe with information on each dataset:

```
In [5]:
```

```
sp500 = quandl.get('MULTPL/SP500_REAL_PRICE_MONTH').rename(columns=
sp500 = sp500.groupby(sp500.index.year).mean().dropna()
names_oh = ['LAUST390000000000003A', "OHHOWN","OHPOP", "MEHOINUSOHA
oh_data_series = get_info(names_oh) + [sp500]
```

In [6]:

```
# quarterly housing price index
ohHPI = fred.get_series('OHSTHPI').to_frame()
ohHPI.index.name = "DATE"
ohHPI = ohHPI.rename(columns={0:"OHSTHPI"})
# convert to annual
ohHPI_annual = ohHPI.groupby(ohHPI.index.year).mean()
```

In [7]:

```
oh_annual = ohHPI_annual.copy()
for df in oh_data_series:
    oh_annual = oh_annual.merge(df, left_index=True, right_index=Tr
oh_annual.tail()
```

Out [7]:

| | OHSTHPI | LAUST390000000000003A | OHHOWN | OHPOP | MEHOINU |
|------|----------|-----------------------|--------|-----------|---------|
| 2014 | 241.2700 | 5.8 | 67.3 | 11602.973 | |
| 2015 | 250.8625 | 4.9 | 66.4 | 11617.850 | |
| 2016 | 261.2600 | 5.0 | 66.1 | 11635.003 | |
| 2017 | 274.8250 | 5.0 | 66.0 | 11664.129 | |
| 2018 | 291.9225 | 4.6 | 67.3 | 11689.442 | |

In []:

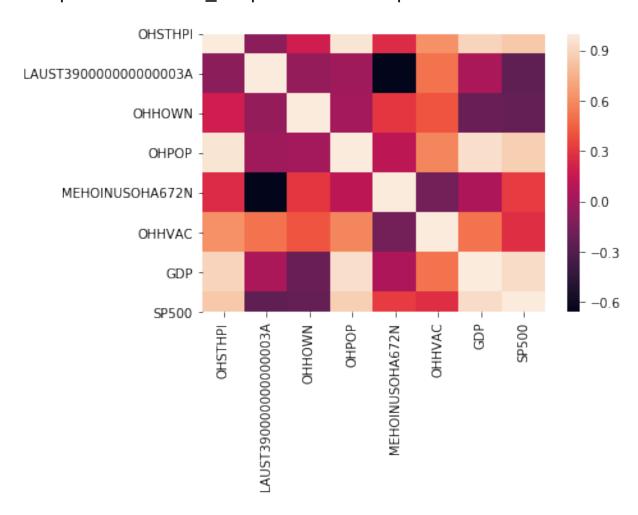
Analyze the correlation coefficient for each indicator we have spec

In [8]:

corr = oh_annual.corr().round(4)
sns.heatmap(data=corr)

Out[8]:

<matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x12b786978>



In [9]:

corr

Out [9]:

| | OHSTHPI | LAUST39000000000003A | OHHOWN | C |
|-----------------------|---------|----------------------|---------|---|
| OHSTHPI | 1.0000 | -0.0742 | 0.1842 | |
| LAUST390000000000003A | -0.0742 | 1.0000 | -0.0379 | - |
| OHHOWN | 0.1842 | -0.0379 | 1.0000 | |
| ОНРОР | 0.9685 | -0.0087 | 0.0100 | |
| MEHOINUSOHA672N | 0.2553 | -0.6591 | 0.3062 | |
| OHHVAC | 0.6238 | 0.5090 | 0.4048 | |
| GDP | 0.9003 | 0.0432 | -0.2085 | |
| SP500 | 0.8491 | -0.2486 | -0.2276 | |

Create a model using linear regression to express the Housing Price Index as dependent on the other datasets we have downloaded:

In [10]:

```
X = oh_annual.drop(columns=['OHSTHPI'], axis=1)
Y = oh_annual['OHSTHPI']
X_train, X_test, Y_train, Y_test = train_test_split(X, Y, test_size
lin_model = LinearRegression()
lin_model.fit(X_train, Y_train)
```

Out [10]:

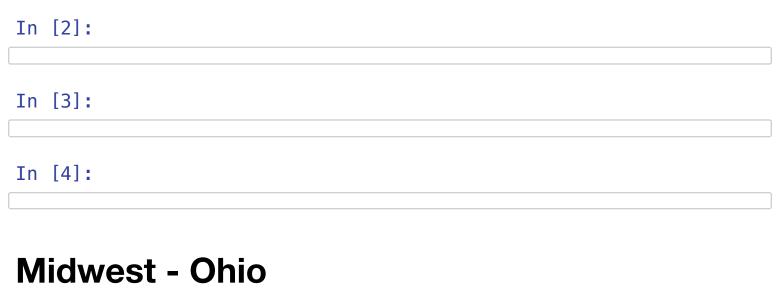
LinearRegression(copy_X=True, fit_intercept=True, n_jo
bs=None, normalize=False)

```
In [11]:
# model evaluation for training set
v train predict = lin model.predict(X train)
rmse = (np.sqrt(mean squared error(Y train, y train predict)))
r2 = r2 score(Y train, y train predict)
print("The model performance for training set")
print("----
print('Root Mean Squared Error is {}'.format(rmse))
print('R-Squared score is {}'.format(r2))
print("\n")
# model evaluation for testing set
y test predict = lin model.predict(X test)
rmse = (np.sgrt(mean squared error(Y test, y test predict)))
r2 = r2_score(Y_test, y_test_predict)
print("The model performance for testing set")
print("----
print('Root Mean Squared Error is {}'.format(rmse))
print('R-Squared score is {}'.format(r2))
```

Root Mean Squared Error is 5.797686770566625

The model performance for training set

```
In [1]:
```



Define the variables to be used in analysis:

X attributes:

- Monthly Stocks
 - S&P 500 (MULTPL/SP500_REAL_PRICE_MONTH)
- Quarterly GDP (GDP)
- Annual Unemployment Rate (LAUST390000000000003A)
- Annual House Ownership Ratio (OHHOWN)
- Annual Resident Population (OHPOP)
- Annual Median Income Rate (MEHOINUSOHA672N)
- Annual Home Vacancy Rate (OHHVAC)

y attributes:

Quarterly Ohio State Housing Price Index (OHSTHPI)

Connect to APIs and create a dataframe with information on each dataset:

```
In [5]:
In [6]:
```

In [7]:

Out[7]:

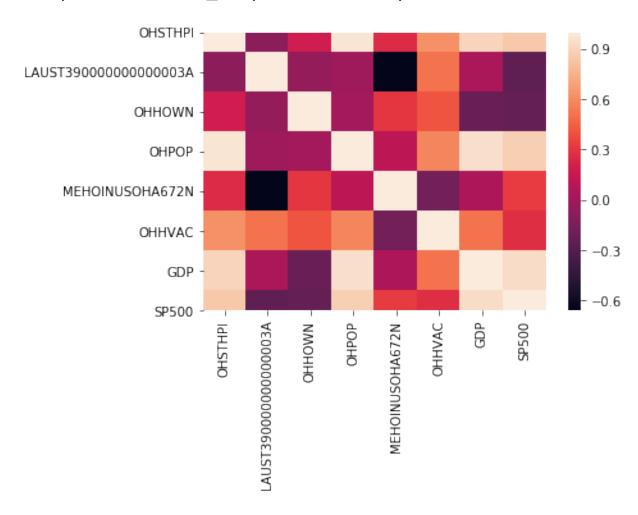
| _ | | OHSTHPI | LAUST39000000000003A | OHHOWN | ОНРОР | MEHOINU |
|---|------|----------|----------------------|--------|-----------|---------|
| _ | 2014 | 241.2700 | 5.8 | 67.3 | 11602.973 | _ |
| | 2015 | 250.8625 | 4.9 | 66.4 | 11617.850 | |
| | 2016 | 261.2600 | 5.0 | 66.1 | 11635.003 | |
| | 2017 | 274.8250 | 5.0 | 66.0 | 11664.129 | |
| | 2018 | 291.9225 | 4.6 | 67.3 | 11689.442 | |
| | | | | | | |

In []:

In [8]:

Out[8]:

<matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x12b786978>



In [9]:

Out [9]:

| | OHSTHPI | LAUST39000000000003A | OHHOWN | C |
|----------------------|---------|----------------------|---------|---|
| ОНЅТНРІ | 1.0000 | -0.0742 | 0.1842 | |
| LAUST39000000000003A | -0.0742 | 1.0000 | -0.0379 | - |
| OHHOWN | 0.1842 | -0.0379 | 1.0000 | |
| ОНРОР | 0.9685 | -0.0087 | 0.0100 | |
| MEHOINUSOHA672N | 0.2553 | -0.6591 | 0.3062 | |
| ОННУАС | 0.6238 | 0.5090 | 0.4048 | |
| GDP | 0.9003 | 0.0432 | -0.2085 | |
| SP500 | 0.8491 | -0.2486 | -0.2276 | |

Create a model using linear regression to express the Housing Price Index as dependent on the other datasets we have downloaded:

In [10]:

Out [10]:

LinearRegression(copy_X=True, fit_intercept=True, n_jo
bs=None, normalize=False)

In [11]:

The model performance for training set

Root Mean Squared Error is 5.797686770566625 R-Squared score is 0.9867195090934263

The model performance for testing set

Root Mean Squared Error is 5.249607745741014

R-Squared score is 0.9871061552359773