Spring 2024: CS5720 Neural Networks & Deep Learning - ICP-7 Sai Deva Pranay Kumar Rao (700745063)

Image Classification with CNN

GitHub Link: https://github.com/raopranay1999/Neural-ICP7

Use Case Description:

LeNet5, AlexNet, Vgg16, Vgg19

- 1. Training the model
- 2. Evaluating the model

Programming elements:

- 1. About CNN
- 2. Hyperparameters of CNN
- 3. Image classification with CNN

In class programming:

- 1. Tune hyperparameter and make necessary addition to the baseline model to improve validation accuracy and reduce validation loss.
- 2. Provide logical description of which steps lead to improved response and what was its impact on architecture behavior.
- 3. Create at least two more visualizations using matplotlib (Other than provided in the source file)
- 4. Use dataset of your own choice and implement baseline models provided.
- 5. Apply modified architecture to your own selected dataset and train it.
- 6. Evaluate your model on testing set.
- 7. Save the improved model and use it for prediction on testing data
- 8. Provide plot of confusion matric
- 9. Provide Training and testing Loss and accuracy plots in one plot using subplot command and history object.
- 10. Provide at least two more visualizations reflecting your solution.
- 11. Provide logical description of which steps lead to improved response for new dataset when compared with baseline model and enhance architecture and what was its impact on architecture behavior.

kvn

Lenet

```
File Edit View Insert Runtime Tools Help All changes saved
      + Code + Text
                                                                                                                                                                                                               ••• T4 RAM V
 Ξ
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import tensorflow as tf
from tensorflow import keras
from tensorflow keras.optimizers import RMSprop, Adam
from sklearn.metrics import confusionMatrixDisplay
from sklearn.metrics import classification_report, confusion_matrix
import warnings
               import warnings
warnings.filterwarnings("ignore")

y
  [3] (x_train, y_train), (x_test, y_test) = keras.datasets.cifar10.load_data()

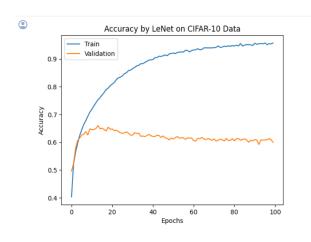
[4] classes = ["airplane", "automobile", "bird", "cat", "deer", "dog", "frog", "horse", "ship", "truck"]

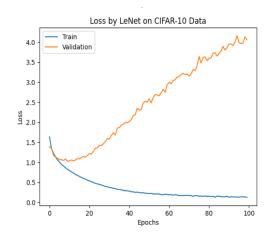
     5 [5] y_train = y_train.reshape(-1,)
     % [6] # Reshape converting 2D to 1D
y_test = y_test.reshape(-1,)
y_train = y_train.reshape(-1,)
 \equiv
         + Code + Text
 ∷
 Q / [7] # This code normalazation
                  x train = x train / 255.0
                  x_test = x_test / 255.0
 {x}
 ©⊋ √ [8] x_train.shape
                  (50000, 32, 32, 3)
 import tensorflow as tf
                  from tensorflow.keras import layers, models
                  lenet = models.Sequential([
                       layers.Conv2D(6, kernel_size=5, strides=1, activation='relu', input_shape=(32,32,3), padding='same'), #C1 layers.AveragePooling2D(pool_size=(2, 2)), #S1 layers.Conv2D(16, kernel_size=5, strides=1, activation='relu', padding='valid'), #C2 layers.AveragePooling2D(pool_size=(2, 2)), #S2
                        layers.Conv2D(120, kernel_size=5, strides=1, activation='relu', padding='valid'), #C3
                       layers.Flatten(), #Flatten
layers.Dense(84, activation='relu'), #F1
layers.Dense(10, activation='softmax') #Output layer
 <>
 [10] lenet.summary()
                 Model: "sequential"
 >_
    lenet.summary()

→ Model: "sequential"

                                                    Output Shape
               Layer (type)
                                                                                        Param #
               conv2d (Conv2D)
                                                     (None, 32, 32, 6)
               average_pooling2d (Average (None, 16, 16, 6)
Pooling2D)
               conv2d_1 (Conv2D)
                                                    (None, 12, 12, 16)
                                                                                        2416
                average_pooling2d_1 (Avera (None, 6, 6, 16)
               gePooling2D)
               conv2d_2 (Conv2D)
                                                    (None, 2, 2, 120)
                                                                                        48120
               flatten (Flatten)
                                                    (None, 480)
                                                                                        0
               dense (Dense)
                                                    (None, 84)
               dense_1 (Dense)
                                                    (None, 10)
                                                                                        850
              Total params: 92246 (360.34 KB)
Trainable params: 92246 (360.34 KB)
Non-trainable params: 0 (0.00 Byte)
```

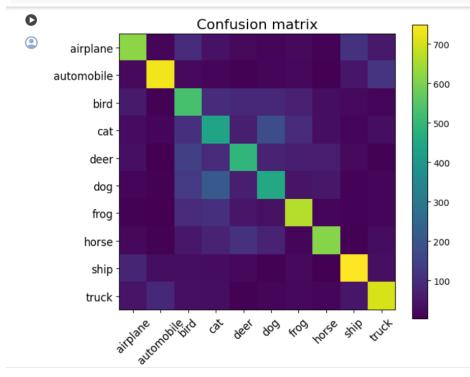
```
[11] lenet.compile(optimizer='adam', loss=keras.losses.sparse_categorical_crossentropy, metrics=['accuracy'])
                                                                                                                                      ↑ ↓ ⊕ 🗏 1
  hist = lenet.fit(x_train, y_train, epochs=100, validation_data=(x_test, y_test), verbose=1)
      Epoch 1/100
      1563/1563 [:
Epoch 2/100
                              ========] - 14s 6ms/step - loss: 1.6307 - accuracy: 0.4065 - val_loss: 1.4647 - val_accuracy: 0.4649
                                     -----] - 8s 5ms/step - loss: 1.3603 - accuracy: 0.5140 - val_loss: 1.2848 - val_accuracy: 0.5421
      1563/1563 [=
      Enoch 3/100
      1563/1563 [=
Epoch 4/100
                                            9s 6ms/step - loss: 1.2405 - accuracy: 0.5598 - val_loss: 1.2675 - val_accuracy: 0.5519
                                           - 9s 6ms/step - loss: 1.1542 - accuracy: 0.5924 - val loss: 1.1868 - val accuracy: 0.5858
      1563/1563 [=
      Epoch 5/100
                                               6ms/step - loss: 1.0837 - accuracy: 0.6156 - val_loss: 1.1538 - val_accuracy: 0.5881
      Epoch 6/100
                                            8s 5ms/step - loss: 1.0257 - accuracy: 0.6361 - val_loss: 1.1125 - val_accuracy: 0.6074
      1563/1563 [=
      Epoch 7/100
1563/1563 [=
Epoch 8/100
                                             9s 6ms/step - loss: 0.9690 - accuracy: 0.6582 - val_loss: 1.0944 - val_accuracy: 0.6150
                             1563/1563 [==
      Epoch 9/100
1563/1563 [=
                                             8s 5ms/step - loss: 0.8749 - accuracy: 0.6889 - val_loss: 1.0877 - val_accuracy: 0.6280
      Epoch 10/100
      1563/1563 [==
                                 Epoch 11/100
1563/1563 [===
                               Epoch 12/100
                               ========] - 8s 5ms/step - loss: 0.7582 - accuracy: 0.7331 - val loss: 1.1409 - val accuracy: 0.6155
       1563/1563 [===
       Epoch 13/100
 [ ] import numpy as np
 [ ] # fix random seed for reproducibility
      seed = 7
      np.random.seed(seed)
     # summarize history for accuracy
      plt.plot(hist.history['accuracy'])
      plt.plot(hist.history['val_accuracy'])
      plt.title("Accuracy by LeNet on CIFAR-10 Data")
      plt.ylabel('Accuracy')
      plt.xlabel('Epochs')
      plt.legend(['Train', 'Validation'], loc='upper left')
      # summarize history for loss
      plt.plot(hist.history['loss'])
      plt.plot(hist.history['val_loss'])
      plt.title('Loss by LeNet on CIFAR-10 Data')
      plt.ylabel('Loss')
      plt.xlabel('Epochs')
      plt.legend(['Train', 'Validation'])
      plt.show()
```





```
[ ] from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix
    from sklearn.metrics import ConfusionMatrixDisplay
    y_predictions= lenet.predict(x_test)
    y_predictions.reshape(-1,)
    y_predictions= np.argmax(y_predictions, axis=1)
    confusion_matrix(y_test, y_predictions)
    57, 6,531, 97, 86, 87, 71, 30, 21, 14],
            27, 12, 106, 439, 65, 179,
                                      92, 32, 17, 31],
           [ 33, 3, 143, 95, 493, 73, 66, 64, 22, 8],
           [ 13,
                8, 131, 211, 67, 453, 41, 50, 11, 15],
           [ 8, 3, 92, 106, 48, 36, 666, 17, 9, 15],
           19,
                6, 50, 73, 110, 78, 17, 613,
                                                6, 28],
          [ 80, 30, 30, 27, 19, 6, 21, 4, 748, 35], [ 43, 90, 34, 31, 7, 14, 18, 14, 47, 702]])
```

```
# confusion matrix and accuracy
from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix, accuracy_score
plt.figure(figsize=(7, 6))
plt.title('Confusion matrix', fontsize=16)
plt.imshow(confusion_matrix(y_test, y_predictions))
plt.xticks(np.arange(10), classes, rotation=45, fontsize=12)
plt.yticks(np.arange(10), classes, fontsize=12)
plt.colorbar()
plt.show()
```



```
[ ] print("Test accuracy:", accuracy_score(y_test, y_predictions))
        Test accuracy: 0.5995
O L = 8
       fig, axes = plt.subplots(L, W, figsize = (20,20))
axes = axes.ravel() #
      for i in np.arange(0, L " W):
    axes[i].imshow(x_test[i])
    axes[i].set_title("Predicted = {}\n Actual = {}".format(classes[y_predictions[i]], classes[y_test[i]]))
       plt.subplots_adjust(wspace=1)
         Predicted = dog
Actual = cat
                                          Predicted = ship
Actual = ship
                                                                        Predicted = airplane
Actual = ship
                                                                                                            Predicted = ship
Actual = airplane
                                                                                                                                             Predicted = dog
Actual = frog
                                                                                                                                                                              Predicted = frog
Actual = frog
                                                                                                                                                                                                            Predicted = frog
Actual = automobile
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               Predicted = frog
Actual = frog
                                                                                                                                            Predicted = dog
Actual = dog
          Predicted = cat
Actual = cat
                                          Predicted = truck
                                                                        Predicted = airplane
Actual = airplane
                                                                                                            Predicted = truck
Actual = truck
                                                                                                                                                                             Predicted = horse
Actual = horse
                                                                                                                                                                                                              Predicted = truck
Actual = truck
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             Predicted = airplane
Actual = ship
                                        Actual = automobile
            100
                                              Marine A
                                                                              N.
                                                                                                               Much
```

AlexNet

```
[ ] from tensorflow.keras.models import Sequential
       from tensorflow.keras.layers import Dense, Conv2D, Dropout, Flatten from tensorflow.keras.optimizers import SGD, Adam from tensorflow.keras.layers import Convolution2D as Conv2D from tensorflow.keras.layers import MaxPooling2D
#Define Alexnet Model
        AlexNet = Sequential()
        AlexNet.add(Conv2D(filters=16,kernel_size=(3,3),strides=(4,4),input_shape=(32,32,3), activation='relu'))
       \label{lem:add} $$AlexNet.add(MaxPooling2D(pool_size=(-2,2),strides=(2,2)))$$ AlexNet.add(Conv2D(60,(5,5),padding='same',activation='relu')) $$ AlexNet.add(MaxPooling2D(pool_size=(2,2),strides=(2,2))) $$
       AlexNet.add(Conv2D(60,(3,3),padding='same',activation='relu'))
AlexNet.add(Conv2D(20,(3,3),padding='same',activation='relu'))
AlexNet.add(Conv2D(20,(3,3),padding='same',activation='relu'))
        AlexNet.add(MaxPooling2D(pool_size=(2,2),strides=(2,2)))
        AlexNet.add(Flatten())
        AlexNet.add(Dense(200, activation='relu'))
        AlexNet.add(Dropout(0.1))
        AlexNet.add(Dense(200, activation='relu'))
        AlexNet.add(Dropout(0.1))
        AlexNet.add(Dense(10,activation='softmax'))
        AlexNet.compile(optimizer='SGD', loss=keras.losses.sparse categorical crossentropy, metrics=['accuracy'])
        AlexNet.summary()
```

Model: "sequential 1"

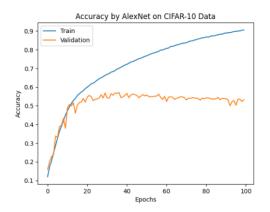
Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
conv2d_3 (Conv2D)		448
<pre>max_pooling2d (MaxPooling2 D)</pre>	(None, 4, 4, 16)	0
conv2d_4 (Conv2D)	(None, 4, 4, 60)	24060
<pre>max_pooling2d_1 (MaxPoolin g2D)</pre>	(None, 2, 2, 60)	0
conv2d_5 (Conv2D)	(None, 2, 2, 60)	32460
conv2d_6 (Conv2D)	(None, 2, 2, 30)	16230
conv2d_7 (Conv2D)	(None, 2, 2, 20)	5420
<pre>max_pooling2d_2 (MaxPoolin g2D)</pre>	(None, 1, 1, 20)	0
flatten_1 (Flatten)	(None, 20)	0
dense_2 (Dense)	(None, 200)	4200
dropout (Dropout)	(None, 200)	0
dense_3 (Dense)	(None, 200)	40200
dropout_1 (Dropout)	(None, 200)	0
dense_4 (Dense)	(None, 10)	2010

Trainable params: 125028 (488.39 KB)
Non-trainable params: 0 (0.00 Byte)

history1 = AlexNet.fit(x_train, y_train, epochs=100, validation_data=(x_test, y_test),verbose=1)

```
Epoch 72/100
(2)
    Epoch 73/100
Fpoch 74/100
    Epoch 75/100
1563/1563 [====
    Enoch 76/100
Fpoch 77/100
Epoch 78/100
1563/1563 [===:
    Epoch 79/100
Epoch 80/100
Epoch 81/100
1563/1563 [==
     =========] - 10s 6ms/step - loss: 0.3752 - accuracy: 0.8688 - val_loss: 2.1578 - val_accuracy: 0.5424
Epoch 82/100
Epoch 83/100
```

```
# summarize history for accuracy
plt.plot(history1.history['accuracy'])
plt.plot(history1.history['val_accuracy'])
plt.title("Accuracy by AlexNet on CIFAR-10 Data")
plt.ylabel('Accuracy')
plt.xlabel('Epochs')
plt.legend(['Train', 'Validation'], loc='upper left')
plt.show()
# summarize history for loss
plt.plot(history1.history['loss'])
plt.plot(history1.history['val_loss'])
plt.title('Loss by AlexNet on CIFAR-10 Data')
plt.ylabel('Loss')
plt.xlabel('Epochs')
plt.legend(['Train', 'Validation'])
plt.show()
```



32,

[14,

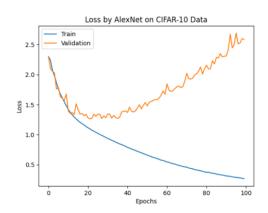
8, 93, 83, 519, 59,

[31, 14, 54, 65, 107, 82, 17, 582,

6, 64, 257, 75, 429, 40, 95,

7, 12, 78, 136, 146, 53, 515, 16, 11,

[147, 52, 26, 42, 30, 15, 13, 9, 617, 49], [65, 124, 24, 37, 9, 16, 12, 62, 37, 614]])



```
[ ] y_predictions1 = AlexNet.predict(x_test)
    y_predictions1.reshape(-1,)
    y predictions1= np.argmax(y predictions1, axis=1)
    confusion_matrix(y_test, y_predictions1)
    313/313 [========== ] - 1s 2ms/step
    array([[636, 32, 69, 48, 32, 13,
                                       9, 41, 66, 54],
            57, 585, 10, 28, 8, 11, 15,
                                           31,
                                                50, 205],
                4, 381, 106, 169,
                                  71,
                                       70, 66,
                                                21,
                                                     22],
            33, 16,
                    73, 449, 75, 202,
                                       70,
                                           53,
                                                10,
```

82, 105,

12,

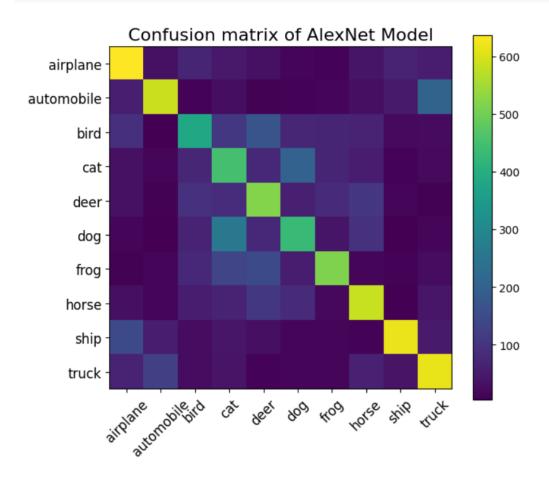
4,

16],

26],

6, 42],

```
# confusion matrix and accuracy
plt.figure(figsize=(7, 6))
plt.title('Confusion matrix of AlexNet Model', fontsize=16)
plt.imshow(confusion_matrix(y_test, y_predictions1))
plt.xticks(np.arange(10), classes, rotation=45, fontsize=12)
plt.yticks(np.arange(10), classes, fontsize=12)
plt.colorbar()
plt.show()
```



```
[ ] print("Test accuracy by AlexNet:", accuracy_score(y_test, y_predictions))
```

Test accuracy by AlexNet: 0.5995

```
L = 8
W = 8
fig, axes = plt.subplots(L, W, figsize = (20,20))
axes = axes.ravel() #

for i in np.arange(0, L * W):
    axes[i].imshow(x_test[i])
    axes[i].set_title("Predicted = {}\n Actual = {}".format(classes[y_predictions[i]], classes[y_test[i]]))
    axes[i].axis('off')

plt.subplots_adjust(wspace=1)
```

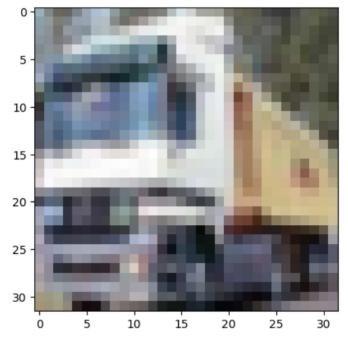


Vgg16



```
# check data
plt.imshow(x_train[1])
print(x_train[1].shape)
```

```
(32, 32, 3)
```



```
[] # build model(similar to V6G16, only change the input and output shape)
model = sequential()
model.add(Conv2D(64,(3,3),activation='relu',padding='same'))
model.add(Conv2D(64,(3,3),activation='relu',padding='same'))
model.add(MaxPooling2D(pool_size=(2,2),strides=(2,2))
model.add(Conv2D(128,(3,3),activation='relu',padding='same'))
model.add(Conv2D(128,(3,3),activation='relu',padding='same'))
model.add(Conv2D(256,(3,3),activation='relu',padding='same'))
model.add(Conv2D(256,(3,3),activation='relu',padding='same'))
model.add(Conv2D(556,(3,3),activation='relu',padding='same'))
model.add(Conv2D(556,(3,3),activation='relu',padding='same'))
model.add(Conv2D(512,(3,3),activation='relu',padding='same'))
model.add(Conv2D(512,(3,3),activa
```

config optimizer,loss,metrics model.compile(optimizer=optimizer,loss='categorical_crossentropy',metrics=['accuracy'])

```
# check model
model.summary()
Layer (type)
                       Output Shape
                                            Param #
conv2d_8 (Conv2D)
                       (None, 32, 32, 64)
                                            1792
conv2d_9 (Conv2D)
                       (None, 32, 32, 64)
                                            36928
max_pooling2d_3 (MaxPoolin (None, 16, 16, 64)
                                            0
conv2d 10 (Conv2D)
                       (None, 16, 16, 128)
                                            73856
conv2d_11 (Conv2D)
                       (None, 16, 16, 128)
                                            147584
max_pooling2d_4 (MaxPoolin (None, 8, 8, 128)
conv2d_12 (Conv2D)
                       (None, 8, 8, 256)
                                            295168
conv2d 13 (Conv2D)
                       (None, 8, 8, 256)
                                            590080
conv2d_14 (Conv2D)
                       (None, 8, 8, 256)
max_pooling2d_5 (MaxPoolin (None, 4, 4, 256)
conv2d_15 (Conv2D)
                       (None, 4, 4, 512)
                                            1180160
conv2d 16 (Conv2D)
                       (None, 4, 4, 512)
                                            2359808
conv2d 17 (Conv2D)
                        (None, 4, 4, 512)
                                              2359808
max_pooling2d_6 (MaxPoolin (None, 2, 2, 512)
                                              0
g2D)
conv2d 18 (Conv2D)
                        (None, 2, 2, 512)
                                              2359808
conv2d 19 (Conv2D)
                        (None, 2, 2, 512)
                                              2359808
conv2d 20 (Conv2D)
                        (None, 2, 2, 512)
                                              2359808
max_pooling2d_7 (MaxPoolin (None, 1, 1, 512)
g2D)
flatten 2 (Flatten)
                        (None, 512)
                                              0
                        (None, 4096)
dense 5 (Dense)
                                              2101248
dense 6 (Dense)
                        (None, 4096)
                                              16781312
dense_7 (Dense)
                        (None, 10)
activation (Activation)
                        (None, 10)
Total params: 33638218 (128.32 MB)
Trainable params: 33638218 (128.32 MB)
Non-trainable params: 0 (0.00 Byte)
# train
model.fit(x=x_train,y=one_hot_y_train,batch_size=128,epochs=10)
Epoch 1/10
              Epoch 2/10
391/391 [==
                     ========] - 23s 59ms/step - loss: 2.3027 - accuracy: 0.0959
Epoch 3/10
391/391 [==
                                    - 23s 58ms/step - loss: 2.3027 - accuracy: 0.0961
Epoch 4/10
391/391 [==
                      =======] - 23s 59ms/step - loss: 2.3027 - accuracy: 0.0975
Fnoch 5/10
391/391 [==
                                 =] - 23s 59ms/step - loss: 2.3027 - accuracy: 0.0969
Epoch 6/10
391/391 [==
                                    - 23s 59ms/step - loss: 2.3027 - accuracy: 0.0957
Epoch 7/10
391/391 [==
                         Epoch 8/10
391/391 [==
                       Epoch 9/10
                  Epoch 10/10
391/391 [==
```

<keras.src.callbacks.History at 0x7b47ad77feb0>

model.evaluate(x=x_test,y=one_hot_y_test,batch_size=512)

evaluate

print(model.metrics names)

```
# evaluate
print(model.metrics_names)
model.evaluate(x=x_test,y=one_hot_y_test,batch_size=512)
['loss', 'accuracy']
20/20 [=======
plt.imshow(x_test[1000])
result = model.predict(x_test[1000:1001]).tolist()
predict = 0
predict = 0
expect = y_test[1000][0]
for i,_ in enumerate(result[0]):
    if result[0][i] > result[0][predict]:
        predict = i
print("predict class:",predict)
print("expected class:",expect)
-----] - 1s 640ms/step
expected class: 5
     10 -
     15
     20
     25
     30
                        10
                                15
                                               25
```

Vgg19

```
[] import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
import tensorflow as tf

from tensorflow.keras.optimizers import RMSprop
from keras.preprocessing import image
from tensorflow.keras.preprocessing.image import ImageDataGenerator
from tensorflow.keras.preprocessing.image import ImageDataGenerator
from tensorflow.keras.preprocessing.image import Dense, Flatten, Conv2D, MaxPooling2D, Dropout, BatchNormalization
%matplotlib inline
```

Extract data and train and test dataset

model.save("keras-VGG16-cifar10.h5")

```
[ ] cifar100 = tf.keras.datasets.cifar100 (X_train,Y_train) , (X_test,Y_test) = cifar10.load_data()
```

```
[ ] classes = ['airplane', 'automobile', 'bird', 'cat', 'deer', 'dog', 'frog', 'horse', 'ship', 'truck']
let's look into the dataset images
 plt.figure(figsize = (16,16))
for i in range(100):
         plt.subplot(10,10,1+i)
plt.axis('off')
         plt.imshow(X_train[i], cmap = 'gray')
 (2)
Training, Testing and splitting data
[ ] from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
       x_train, x_val, y_train, y_val = train_test_split(X_train,Y_train,test_size=0.2)
[ ] from keras.utils import to_categorical
  y_train = to_categorical(y_train, num_classes = 10)
  y_val = to_categorical(y_val, num_classes = 10)
[ ] print(x_train.shape)
       print(y_train.shape)
        print(x_val.shape)
       print(y_val.shape)
print(X_test.shape)
print(Y_test.shape)
        (40000, 32, 32, 3)
       (40000, 32, 32, 3)
(40000, 10)
(10000, 32, 32, 3)
(10000, 10)
(10000, 32, 32, 3)
        (10000, 1)
 [ ] train_datagen = ImageDataGenerator(
            preprocessing_function = tf.keras.applications.vgg19.preprocess_input,
            rotation_range=10,
zoom_range = 0.1,
width_shift_range = 0.1,
height_shift_range = 0.1,
shear_range = 0.1,
horizontal_flip = True
       train_datagen.fit(x_train)
       \label{eq:val_datagen} $$ val_datagen = ImageDataGenerator(preprocessing_function = tf.keras.applications.vgg19.preprocess_input) \\ val_datagen.fit(x_val) $$
 [ ] from keras.callbacks import ReduceLROnPlateau learning_rate_reduction = ReduceLROnPlateau(monitor='val_accuracy',
                                                                   patience=3,
                                                                   verbose=1,
                                                                   factor=0.5,
                                                                   min_lr=0.00001)
```

```
vgg_model = tf.keras.applications.VGG19(
   include_top=False,
    weights="imagenet"
    input_shape=(32,32,3),
vgg_model.summary()
Model: "vgg19"
 Layer (type)
                          Output Shape
                                                  Param #
 input_3 (InputLayer)
                          [(None, 32, 32, 3)]
                                                  0
 block1_conv1 (Conv2D)
                          (None, 32, 32, 64)
                                                  1792
 block1_conv2 (Conv2D)
                          (None, 32, 32, 64)
                                                  36928
 block1_pool (MaxPooling2D) (None, 16, 16, 64)
                                                  0
 block2 conv1 (Conv2D)
                          (None, 16, 16, 128)
                                                  73856
 block2_conv2 (Conv2D)
                          (None, 16, 16, 128)
                                                  147584
 block2_pool (MaxPooling2D) (None, 8, 8, 128)
                                                  0
 block3_conv1 (Conv2D)
                          (None, 8, 8, 256)
                                                  295168
 block3 conv2 (Conv2D)
                          (None, 8, 8, 256)
                                                  590080
model = tf.keras.Sequential()
model.add(vgg_model)
model.add(Flatten())
model.add(Dense(1024, activation = 'relu'))
model.add(Dense(1024, activation = 'relu'))
model.add(Dense(256, activation = 'relu'))
model.add(Dense(10, activation = 'softmax'))
model.summary()
Model: "sequential_3"
Layer (type)
                        Output Shape
                                               Param #
vgg19 (Functional)
                         (None, 1, 1, 512)
                                               20024384
flatten_3 (Flatten)
                         (None, 512)
                                               0
dense 8 (Dense)
                         (None, 1024)
                                               525312
dense_9 (Dense)
                         (None, 1024)
                                               1049600
dense_10 (Dense)
                         (None, 256)
                                               262400
dense_11 (Dense)
                        (None, 10)
                                               2570
Total params: 21864266 (83.41 MB)
Trainable params: 21864266 (83.41 MB)
Non-trainable params: 0 (0.00 Byte)
optimizer = tf.keras.optimizers.SGD(lr = 0.001, momentum = 0.9)
model.compile(optimizer= optimizer, loss='categorical_crossentropy',
          metrics=['accuracy'])
WARNING:absl: lr is deprecated in Keras optimizer, please use learning rate or use the legacy optimizer, e.g.,tf.keras.optimizers.legacy.SGD.
history = model.fit(
   train_datagen.flow(x_train, y_train, batch_size = 128),
   validation_data = val_datagen.flow(x_val,y_val, batch_size = 128),
   epochs = 25,
   verbose = 1,
   callbacks = [learning_rate_reduction]
Epoch 5/25
313/313 [==
              :==========] - 33s 105ms/step - loss: nan - accuracy: 0.0998 - val_loss: nan - val_accuracy: 0.1009 - lr: 0.0050
Epoch 6/25
313/313 [=
                           ======] - 31s 100ms/step - loss: nan - accuracy: 0.0998 - val_loss: nan - val_accuracy: 0.1009 - lr: 0.0050
Epoch 7/25
313/313 [===
```

```
acc = history.history['accuracy']
val_acc = history.history['val_accuracy']
plt.plot(acc,color = 'purple',label = 'Training Acuracy')
plt.plot(val acc,color = 'blue',label = 'Validation Accuracy')
plt.legend()
acc = history.history['loss']
val_acc = history.history['val_loss']
plt.figure()
plt.plot(acc,color = 'purple',label = 'Training Loss')
plt.plot(val_acc,color = 'blue',label = 'Validation Loss')
plt.legend()
 0.55
 0.50
)
0.40
 0.35
 0.25
```

Using the code above, the CIFAR-10 dataset—a well-known collection of photographs divided into 10 classes—is loaded. The data is used to construct testing and training sets. The input images are converted from integers to floats and normalized between 0 and 1. The output labels are encoded using a one-hot process.

Next, the dimensions of the input data are changed to match the expected input shape of the convolutional neural network (CNN).

The CNN model is then defined using the Keras Sequential API. It consists of many convolutional layers with ReLU activation, dropout layers to prevent overfitting, and dense layers with ReLU activation. Sort the pictures into the ten groups. Sort the pictures into the ten groups. Put the picture into each of the ten classes. The optimizer in the model is stochastic gradient descent (SGD), the loss function is categorical cross-entropy, and the performance measure for the training phase is accuracy. For each of the 25 epochs of model training, 32 batches are employed. model's accuracy is printed once it has been assessed on the test set.

Next, the model is used to forecast the images in the test set. The projected labels and the actual labels are compared to see if the model has predicted correctly. Finally, the accuracy and loss are demonstrated using the history object that the fit() method returned.