0,1,1,2,3,5,8 Pibournal Numbers, Fo = 0 F, = 1 Fi = Fi-1 + Fi-2 fen 1 > 2. Recussive algeres them: for K-th term. int f (int k) y (n 4=1) } neturn K; neturn f(n-2) + f(n-1) Dyname fruerqueunulug: alquelthm:

int f[k+2]; // Same extra spece.

f[0] = 0;

f[1] = 1;

fou (int 1=0; 1 = n; i++) {

f[i] : f[i-1] + f[i-2]; // Next term

in sequence.

}

return f[k];

Dueno a subpueblem quaph

