$$X = \left[ x_{i, x_{2}, \dots, x_{n}} \right] \quad x_{i} \in \mathbb{R}^{d}$$

$$\overline{x}_{i} = 1 \stackrel{\sim}{\leq} x_{i} \quad \left[ \begin{array}{c} \text{Mean Vector for } \\ x \end{array} \right]$$

$$\#(\alpha)$$
  $d_{M}(x_{i},\bar{x}) = (x_{i}-\bar{x})^{T}(x_{i}-\bar{x})$ 

distance b/w an in-sample point xi

$$\chi_{i}^{2} = \begin{bmatrix} a_{1} \\ a_{2} \\ a_{3} \\ \vdots \\ a_{d} \end{bmatrix} \qquad \chi_{i-1} \begin{bmatrix} a_{1} + a_{1} + a_{1} \\ a_{2} + a_{3} \\ \vdots \\ a_{d} + a_{d} + a_{d} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \bar{a}_{1} \\ \bar{a}_{2} \\ \vdots \\ \bar{a}_{d} \end{bmatrix}_{d \times 1}$$

$$5(i-x) = \begin{bmatrix} \alpha_1 - \overline{\alpha}_1 \\ \alpha_2 - \overline{\alpha}_2 \\ \vdots \\ \alpha_d - \overline{\alpha}_d \end{bmatrix} dx$$

$$(x_i-x_i)^T = (a_i-a_i, a_2-a_2, \dots, a_d-a_d)_{Xd}$$

$$(x_{i}-\overline{x})^{T}b(i-\overline{x}) = (a_{i}-\overline{a}_{i} a_{2}-\overline{a}_{3} \dots a_{k}-\overline{a}_{k}) \begin{bmatrix} a_{i}-\overline{a}_{i} \\ a_{2}-\overline{a}_{3} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= (a_{i}^{T}-\overline{a}_{i})(a_{1}^{T}-\overline{a}_{i}) \cdot (a_{2}^{T}-\overline{a}_{3})(a_{2}^{T}-\overline{a}_{3})$$

$$= (a_{i}^{T}-\overline{a}_{i})(a_{1}^{T}-\overline{a}_{i}) \cdot (a_{2}^{T}-\overline{a}_{3})(a_{2}^{T}-\overline{a}_{3})$$

$$= x_{i}^{T}x_{i} + \overline{x}\overline{x} - x_{i}^{T}\overline{x} - \overline{x}x_{i}$$

$$= x_{i}^{T}x_{i} + \overline{x}\overline{x} - 2x_{i}^{T}\overline{x}$$

$$= x_{i}^{T}x_{i} + \overline{x}\overline{x} - 2x_{i}^{T}\overline{x}$$

$$= x_{i}^{T}x_{i} + x_{i}^{T}x_{i} + x_{i}^{T}x_{i} \dots x_{i}^{T}x_{i}$$

$$= x_{i}^{T}x_{i} + x_{i}^{T}x_{i} - 2x_{i}^{T}\overline{x} \quad (x_{i}-\overline{x})$$

$$= x_{i}^{T}x_{i} + x_{i}^{T}x_{i} - 2x_{i}^{T}\overline{x} \quad (x_{i}-\overline{x})$$

$$= x_{i}^{T}x_{i} + x_{i}^{T}x_{i} - 2x_{i}^{T}\overline{x} \quad (x_{i}-\overline{x})$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\overline{x} &= \left[ \underbrace{x_{1} + x_{2} + x_{3} + \dots + x_{n}}_{n} \right] \left( \underbrace{foom \ eq^{n}}_{1} \right) \\
0 \times \overline{t} \times_{i} &= K_{lin} \left( \underline{i}, \underline{i} \right) \\
2 \times \overline{t} \times_{i} &= \left[ \underbrace{x_{1} + x_{2} + \dots + x_{n}}_{n} \right] \left( \underbrace{x_{1} + x_{2} + \dots + x_{n}}_{n} \right) \\
&= \underbrace{\left[ \underbrace{x_{1} + x_{2} + \dots + x_{n}}_{n} \right] \left( \underbrace{x_{1} + x_{2} + \dots + x_{n}}_{n} \right)}_{n} \left( \underbrace{x_{1} + x_{2} + \dots + x_{n}}_{n} \right) \\
&= \underbrace{\left[ \underbrace{x_{1} + x_{2} + \dots + x_{n}}_{n} \right] \left( \underbrace{x_{1} + x_{2} + \dots + x_{n}}_{n} \right)}_{n} \left( \underbrace{x_{1} + x_{2} + \dots + x_{n}}_{n} \right) \\
&= \underbrace{\left[ \underbrace{x_{1} + x_{2} + \dots + x_{n}}_{n} \right] \left( \underbrace{x_{1} + x_{2} + \dots + x_{n}}_{n} \right)}_{n} \left( \underbrace{x_{1} + x_{2} + \dots + x_{n}}_{n} \right) \\
&= \underbrace{\left[ \underbrace{x_{1} + x_{2} + \dots + x_{n}}_{n} \right] \left( \underbrace{x_{1} + x_{2} + \dots + x_{n}}_{n} \right)}_{n} \left( \underbrace{x_{1} + x_{2} + \dots + x_{n}}_{n} \right) \\
&= \underbrace{\left[ \underbrace{x_{1} + x_{2} + \dots + x_{n}}_{n} \right] \left( \underbrace{x_{1} + x_{2} + \dots + x_{n}}_{n} \right)}_{n} \left( \underbrace{x_{1} + x_{2} + \dots + x_{n}}_{n} \right) \\
&= \underbrace{\left[ \underbrace{x_{1} + x_{2} + \dots + x_{n}}_{n} \right] \left( \underbrace{x_{1} + x_{2} + \dots + x_{n}}_{n} \right)}_{n} \left( \underbrace{x_{1} + x_{2} + \dots + x_{n}}_{n} \right) \\
&= \underbrace{\left[ \underbrace{x_{1} + x_{2} + \dots + x_{n}}_{n} \right] \left( \underbrace{x_{1} + x_{2} + \dots + x_{n}}_{n} \right)}_{n} \left( \underbrace{x_{1} + x_{2} + \dots + x_{n}}_{n} \right) \\
&= \underbrace{\left[ \underbrace{x_{1} + x_{2} + \dots + x_{n}}_{n} \right] \left( \underbrace{x_{1} + x_{2} + \dots + x_{n}}_{n} \right)}_{n} \left( \underbrace{x_{1} + x_{2} + \dots + x_{n}}_{n} \right) \\
&= \underbrace{\left[ \underbrace{x_{1} + x_{2} + \dots + x_{n}}_{n} \right]}_{n} \left( \underbrace{x_{1} + x_{2} + \dots + x_{n}}_{n} \right)}_{n} \left( \underbrace{x_{1} + x_{2} + \dots + x_{n}}_{n} \right) \\
&= \underbrace{\left[ \underbrace{x_{1} + x_{2} + \dots + x_{n}}_{n} \right]}_{n} \left( \underbrace{x_{1} + x_{2} + \dots + x_{n}}_{n} \right)}_{n} \left( \underbrace{x_{1} + x_{2} + \dots + x_{n}}_{n} \right) \\
&= \underbrace{\left[ \underbrace{x_{1} + x_{2} + \dots + x_{n}}_{n} \right]}_{n} \left( \underbrace{x_{1} + x_{2} + \dots + x_{n}}_{n} \right)}_{n} \left( \underbrace{x_{1} + x_{2} + \dots + x_{n}}_{n} \right) \\
&= \underbrace{\left[ \underbrace{x_{1} + x_{2} + \dots + x_{n}}_{n} \right]}_{n} \left( \underbrace{x_{1} + \dots + x_{n}}_{n} \right)}_{n} \left( \underbrace{x_{1} + \dots + x_{n}}_{n} \right) \\
&= \underbrace{\left[ \underbrace{x_{1} + x_{2} + \dots + x_{n}}_{n} \right]}_{n} \left( \underbrace{x_{1} + \dots + x_{n}}_{n} \right)}_{n} \left( \underbrace{x_{1} + \dots + x_{n}}_{n} \right) \\
&= \underbrace{\left[ \underbrace{x_{1} + \dots + x_{n}}_{n} \right]}_{n} \left( \underbrace{x_{1} + \dots + x_{n}}_{n} \right)}_{n} \left( \underbrace{x_{1} + \dots + x_{n}}_{n} \right) \\
&= \underbrace{\left[ \underbrace{x_{1} + \dots + x_{n}}_{n} \right$$

$$\frac{1}{n} \left[ \sum_{i=1}^{n} \sum_{j=1}^{n} \operatorname{Kein}(i,j) \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{n} \left[ \sum_{i=1}^{n} \sum_{j=1}^{n} \operatorname{Kein}(i,j) \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{n} \left[ \sum_{j=1}^{n} \sum_{i=1}^{n} \operatorname{Kein}(i,j) \right]$$

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$$= \frac{1}{n} \left[ \sum_{j=1}^{n} \operatorname{Kein}(i,j) \right]$$

Now the mean  $\bar{x}$  is changed to weighted mean  $\tilde{x}$ 

 $\frac{\sum_{i=1}^{N} \frac{w_{1} x_{1} + w_{2} x_{2} + \dots + w_{n}}{(w_{1} + w_{2} + \dots + w_{n})}$ 

$$= \frac{\chi_1}{\chi_1^* \cdot \chi_1} \frac{\chi_1^* \cdot \chi_2}{\chi_1^* \cdot \chi_1} \frac{\chi_1^* \cdot \chi_2}{\chi_1^* \cdot \chi_2} \frac{\chi_1^* \cdot \chi_2}{\chi_1^* \cdot \chi_1^* \cdot \chi_2} \frac{\chi_1^* \cdot \chi_2}{\chi_1^* \cdot \chi_1^* \cdot \chi_2} \frac{\chi_1^* \cdot \chi_1^* \cdot \chi_2}{\chi_1^* \cdot \chi_1^* \cdot \chi_1^* \cdot \chi_2} \frac{\chi_1^* \cdot \chi_1^* \cdot$$

$$d_{\varepsilon}^{2}(x_{i},\tilde{x}) = (x_{i}-\tilde{x})^{T}(x_{i}-\tilde{x})$$

$$= x_{i}^{2}x_{i} + \tilde{x}_{i}^{2}\tilde{x}_{i} - 2x_{i}^{T}\tilde{x}_{i}^{2}$$

 $= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \left\{ \sum_{i=1}^{N} \sum_{j=1}^{N} \left( w_i w_j \right) k_{lin} \left( i_j \hat{j} \right) \right\}$ 

 $3) 2 \times i \times = 2 \times i \left( \frac{\omega_1 \chi_1 + \omega_2 \chi_2 + \ldots + \omega_n \chi_1}{\omega_1 \chi_1 + \ldots + \omega_n} \right)$ 

$$= 2 \left[ \frac{\omega_1 \chi_i^T \chi_1 + \omega_2 \chi_i^T \chi_2 + \dots \omega_n \chi_i^T \chi_n}{\omega_1 + \omega_2 \chi_i^T \chi_j^T} \right]$$

$$= 2 \left[ \sum_{j=1}^{N} \omega_j \chi_i^T \chi_j^T \right]$$

$$+ 2 \left[ \sum_{i=1}^{N} \sum_{j=1}^{N} (\omega_i \omega_j) \chi_i^T \chi_j^T \right]$$

$$- 2 \left[ \sum_{j=1}^{N} \omega_j \chi_i^T \chi_j^T \right]$$

$$- 2 \left[ \sum_{j=1}^{N} \omega_j \chi_i^T \chi_j^T \right]$$

H(d) INPUT + X= [x,x2,...,xn] x; ERd  $(\phi = \kappa = \kappa = \frac{\phi(x_1)}{\phi(x_1)} = \frac{\phi(x_1)}{\phi$ → Pseudo K-mean algo. Spoot in M.:

provo in M.:

provo in Centroid; centroid j → avsign label based on minimum distance Take the mean of the dada points?

If mean cluster of seperat the

above logic N times To calculate the distance de we will use  $K_{\hat{x}_{i\eta}}$  as shown below:

Cose 
$$\Delta$$
 =  $(x_i,x_j) = (x_i-x_j)^T(x_i-x_j)$   

$$= x_i^Tx_i + x_j^Tx_j - 2x_i^Tx_j$$

$$= (x_i,i) + (x_i,i) - 2x_i + (x_i,i)$$

$$= (x_i,i) + (x_i,i) - 2x_i + (x_i,i)$$

Case 2 %

$$d_{E}^{2}(x_{i},\bar{x}) = (x_{i}-\bar{x})^{T}(x_{i}-\bar{x})$$

$$\bar{x} = \text{mean of each cluster}$$

$$= K \phi(i,i)$$

$$+ \frac{1}{N^{2}} \left[ \sum_{i=1}^{N} \sum_{j=1}^{N} K \phi(i,j) \right]$$

$$- \frac{2}{N} \left[ \sum_{j=1}^{N} K \phi(i,j) \right]$$

(2, i only for the dota pts.)
belonging to each cluster)

Care It Initialize the Centroids with random points from the given dota of then calculate the distance using egn given in "come 1"

Care 2 + ayen the 1st iteration we calculate the distance blue the distance blue the data point li & moon(E) of each cluster. To do this we use ext from "Case 2"

Assigning labels is storight forward: assign the Cluster label to the data point (I;) which has the lowest distance.

Repeat the above steps N times.

N2 no. of éterations

Fox more details bloase look]
at code in "mid-sem.1pynb" file

#(e)
$$d_{E}^{2}(y_{1}x) = ??$$

$$y^{2} \text{ out-sample point}$$

$$d_{E}^{2}(y_{1}x) = y.y + x \text{ is}$$

$$d_{E}^{2}(y_{1}x) = y.y$$

$$= \frac{2}{W} \left[ w_1 \cdot y_1 \cdot x_4 + w_2 \cdot y_1 \cdot x_2 + \dots w_n \cdot y_1 \cdot x_n \right]$$

$$= \frac{2}{W} \left[ w_1 \cdot y_1 \cdot x_4 + w_2 \cdot y_1 \cdot x_2 + \dots w_n \cdot y_1 \cdot x_n \right]$$

$$= \frac{2}{W} \left[ \sum_{i=1}^{N} w_i \cdot y_1 \cdot x_i \right]$$

$$= \frac{2}{W} \left[ \sum_{i=1}^{N} \sum_{j=1}^{N} (w_i \cdot w_j) \cdot k_{kin} \cdot (i,j) \right]$$

$$+ \frac{1}{W^2} \left[ \sum_{i=1}^{N} \sum_{j=1}^{N} (w_i \cdot w_j) \cdot k_{kin} \cdot (i,j) \right]$$

# everything would be same as in case of 1.(d). only thing that will be changed is the distance formula used # This time we will use the distance in de (y.ir)

\* Kennealized k-means