

# Applied Probability

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## 0 Miscellaneous

Some speech

Google lecture's name to find his homepage and example sheets or probably  
some notice of a change of room

## 1 Poisson process

Suppose we have a Geiger counter. We model the "click process" as a family  $\{N(t) : t \geq 0\}$ , where  $N(t)$  denotes the total number of ticks up to time  $t$ . Now note that  $N(t) \in \{0, 1, \dots\}$ ,  $N(s) \leq N(t)$  if  $s \leq t$ ,  $N$  increases by unit jumps, and  $N(0) = 0$ . We also assert that  $N$  is right-continuous, i.e.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow t^+} N(x) = N(t)$ .

**Definition.** (infinitesimal)

A *Poisson process* with intensity  $\lambda$  is a process  $N = (N(t) : t \geq 0)$  which takes values in  $S = \{0, 1, 2, \dots\}$ , s.t.:

(a)  $N(0) = 0$ ,  $N(s) \leq N(t)$  if  $s \leq t$ ;

(b)

$$\mathbb{P}(N(t+h) = n+m | N(t) = n) = \begin{cases} \lambda h + o(h) & m = 1 \\ o(h) & m > 1 \\ 1 - \lambda h & m = 0 \end{cases}$$