

Libadalang Tutorial - Ada Europe 2018

Pierre-Marie de Rodat Raphaël Amiard

Software Engineers at AdaCore

- A library that allows users to query/alter data about Ada sources
- Both low & high level APIS:
 - What is the type of this expression?
 - How many references to this variable?
 - Give me the source location of this token
 - Rename this entity
 - Etc.
- Multi-language: Easy binding generation to other languages/ecosystems
 - Today: Python, Ada, C
- Easy scripting: Be able to create a prototype quickly & interactively
- API is still evolving! Hopefully reaching stability in October 2018

What we will do

- How to use Libadalang in order to create Ada tooling
- Computation of metrics based on syntax and semantics
- Perform automatic refactorings
- Focused on the Ada API

Requirements

- GNAT Community 2018 (<https://www.adacore.com/download/>)
- Build Libadalang yourself, or get and install:
 - On Linux: URL
 - On Windows: URL

API Concepts

- `Libadalang.Analysis.Analysis_Context` type
- Holder for all computations in Libadalang
- Create and Destroy
- Owns analysis units

- `Libadalang.Analysis.Analysis_Unit` type
- Owns for tokens, parsing tree and semantic data for a source file
- `Get_From_File`, `Get_From_Buffer`, `Get_From_Provider`

- `Libadalang.Analysis.Ada_Node` type and derivations
- Nodes for the parsing tree, plus generic instantiation context
- Accessors common to all nodes: `Kind`, `Parent`, `Children`, `Sloc_Range`, `Text`, ...
- Special nodes:
 - lists contain variable number of nodes
 - token nodes have no child, only a label (e.g. identifiers, string literals)

- `Libadalang.Analysis.F_*` functions
- `F_ = field`: let one go down the syntax tree
- All take a node and return another (possibly null) node
- For instance: `F_Type_Expr` or `F_Has_Aliased` for object declarations (`Object_Decl` nodes)

- `Libadalang.Analysis.P_*` functions
- `P_ =` property: dynamic evaluation for name resolution, implemented on top of syntax fields
- For instance: `P_Referenced_Decl`, `P_Primitive_Subp_Of`, ...

- Once the analysis context is created, start a rewriting session
- Do modifications (create new nodes, replace, remove) on a “virtual” tree
- Original one is unmodified, so name resolution is still available
- Once done, apply the rewriting: modifies analysis units in place

- All in `Libadalang.Rewriting` package
- `Rewriting_Handle` for the rewriting session
- `Unit_Rewriting_Handle` and `Node_Rewriting_Handle` for the virtual tree
- `Handle/Unit/Node` functions to go back and forth between virtual and original trees

- `Root/Set_Root` to get/set analysis unit root node
- `Child/Set_Child` to get/set node children
- `Set_Text` to set text of token nodes
- `{Insert,Append,Remove}_Child` to rewrite lists
- `Clone/Create_*` to create new nodes
- `Create_From_Template` to create trees of new nodes from text

- Get back and forth between field name and child index
 - For instance: `F_Suffix` is the second field of the `Call_Expr` node
- All in `Libadalang.Introspection` package
- `Index (Call_Expr_F_Suffix)` returns 2

Project setup

```
with "libadalang";  
  
project Exercizes is  
  for Main use ("exercise01.adb");  
end Exercizes;
```

```
gprbuild -Pexercizes.gpr -XLIBRARY_TYPE=relocatable -XXMLADA_BUILD=relocatable -p
```