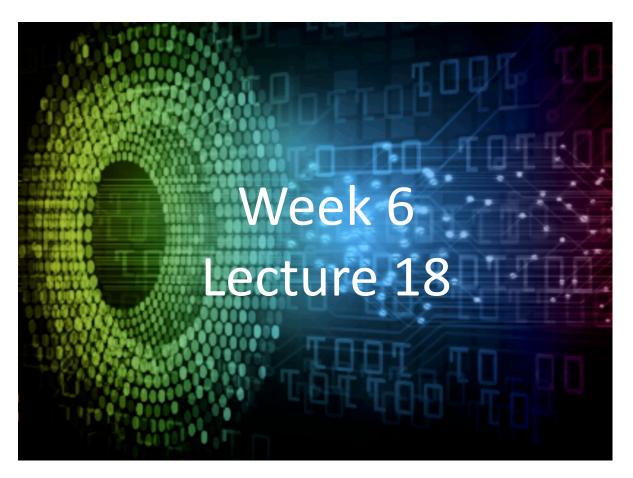
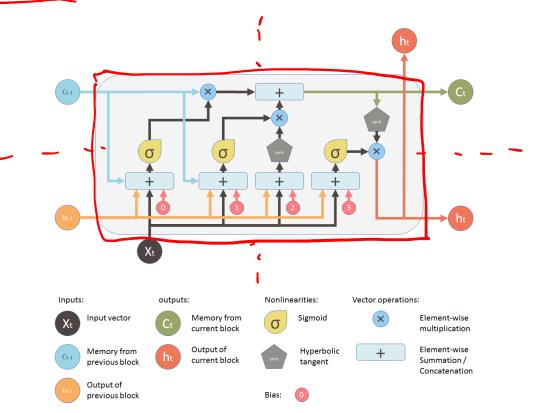
# Introduction to Deep Learning Applications and Theory



ECE 596 / AMATH 563

## Previous Lecture: Recurrent Neural Networks (RNNs)

- Diminishing/ Exploding Gradients
- Gated RNNs
  - GRU
  - LSTM



## This Lecture: Architectures of RNN Blocks

- Bi-Directional RNN
- Deep RNN
- Encoder / Decoder RNN
- Sequence to Sequence
- Attention

#### **LSTM**

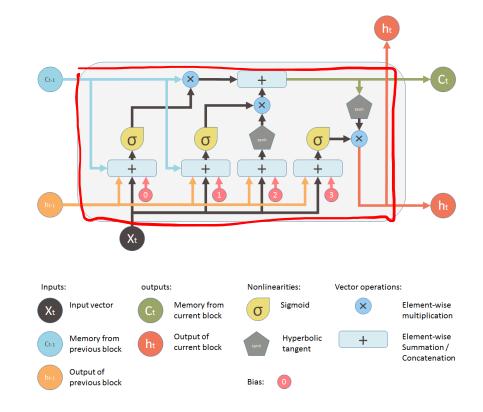
$$\tilde{c}^{} = tanh(\underline{Wc}[a^{}; x^{}] + b_c)$$

$$rac{1}{r} \Gamma_u = \sigma(Wu[a^{}; x^{}] + b_u)$$

$$rac{1}{2}$$
  $\Gamma_f = \sigma(Wf[a^{}; x^{}] + b_f)$ 

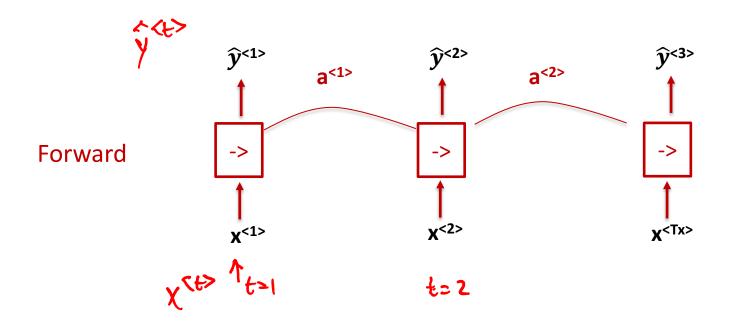
$$\rightarrow \Gamma_0 = \sigma(\text{Wo}[a^{< t-1>}; x^{< t>}] + b_0)$$

$$c^{} = \Gamma_u \tilde{c}^{} + \Gamma_f c^{}$$
$$a^{} = \Gamma_o \tanh c^{}$$



Hochreiter, S., & Schmidhuber, J. (1997). Long short-term memory. *Neural computation*, *9*(8), 1735-1780.

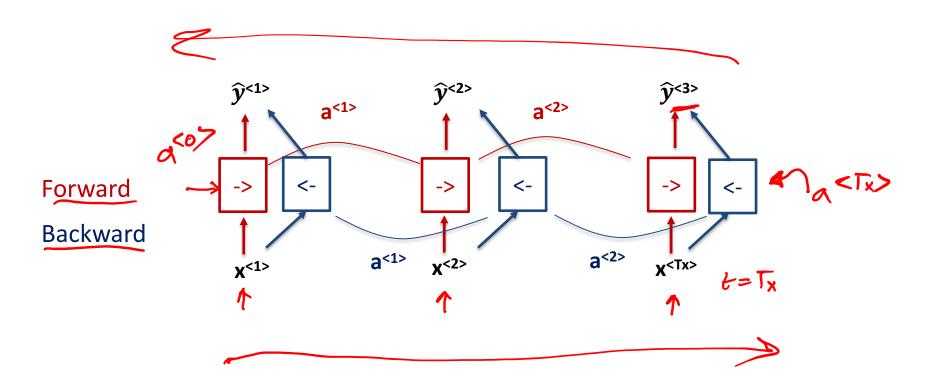
## **Bi-Directional RNN**



He said, Tesla is a unit of magnetic field strength

He said, Tesla is an electric automotive and sustainable energy company

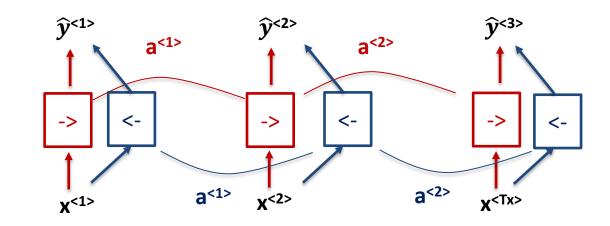
## **Bi-Directional RNN**



### **Bi-Directional RNN**

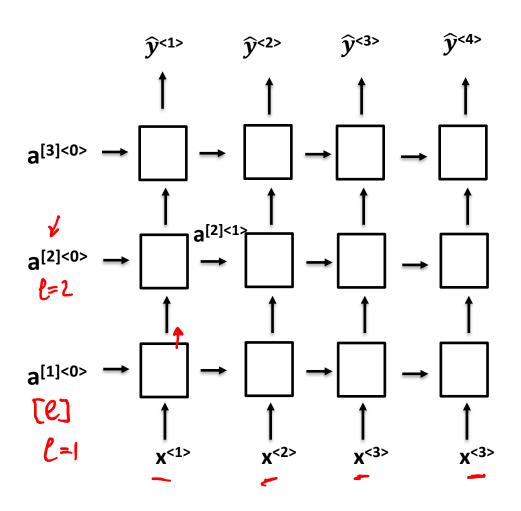
**Forward** 

**Backward** 

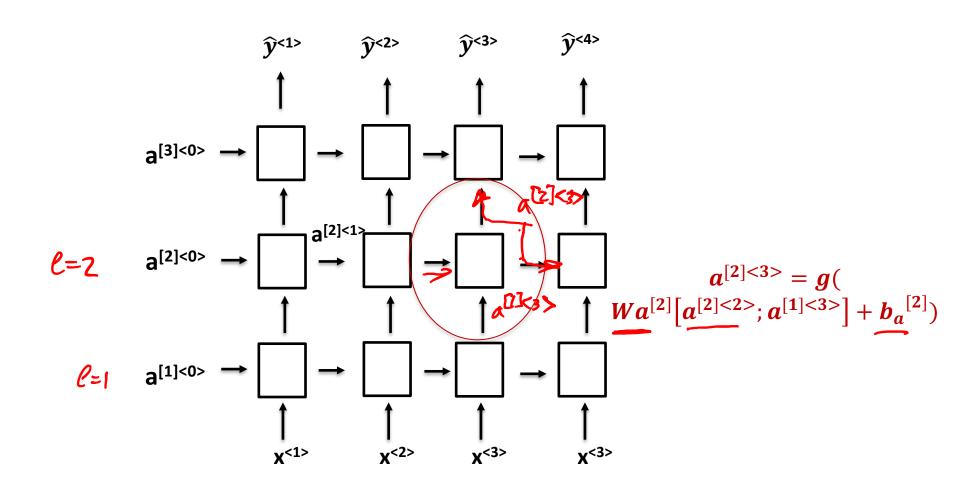


$$\widehat{y}^{< t>} = g(Wy [a^{F < t>}; a^{B < t>}] + by)$$

## Deep RNN



## Deep RNN



## Seq2Seq – Encoder Decoder

