

## תרגיל בית 2 בלמידת מכונה

1. Show that  $g'(z) = g(z)(1 - g(z))$

$$\begin{aligned} g'(z) &= \frac{\partial}{\partial z} \left( \frac{1}{1 + e^{-z}} \right) = - \frac{-e^{-z}}{(1 + e^{-z})^2} = \frac{1}{1 + e^{-z}} \frac{e^{-z}}{1 + e^{-z}} = g(z) \frac{e^{-z} + 1 - 1}{1 + e^{-z}} \\ &= g(z) \frac{(1 + e^{-z}) - 1}{1 + e^{-z}} = g(z)(1 - g(z)) \end{aligned}$$

2. Prove that  $\frac{\partial l(w)}{\partial w} = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{t=1}^N (y_t - g(wx_t)) \vec{x}_t$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\partial l(w)}{\partial w} &= \frac{\partial}{\partial w} \left( \frac{1}{N} \sum_{t=1}^N \log p(y_t | x_t) \right) = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{t=1}^N \frac{\partial}{\partial w} (\log p(y_t | x_t)) \\ &= \frac{1}{N} \sum_{t=1}^N \frac{\partial}{\partial w} \log (g(wx)^y (1 - g(wx))^{1-y}) \\ &= \frac{\frac{\partial}{\partial w} (g(wx)^y (1 - g(wx))^{1-y})}{g(wx)^y (1 - g(wx))^{1-y}} \\ &= \frac{\left( \frac{\partial}{\partial w} (g(wx)^y) (1 - g(wx))^{1-y} + g(wx)^y \frac{\partial}{\partial w} (1 - g(wx))^{1-y} \right)}{g(wx)^y (1 - g(wx))^{1-y}} \\ &= \frac{(yg(wx)^{y-1} g'(wx)) (1 - g(wx))^{1-y} + g(wx)^y (1 - y) (1 - g(wx))^{-y} g'(wx)}{g(wx)^y (1 - g(wx))^{1-y}} \\ &= (yg(wx)^{-1} g'(wx)) + (1 - y) (1 - g(wx))^{-1} g'(wx) \\ &= \left( yg(wx)^{-1} + (1 - y) (1 - g(wx))^{-1} \right) g'(wx) \\ &= \left( \frac{y}{g(wx)} + \frac{1 - y}{1 - g(wx)} \right) g'(wx) \\ &= \left( \frac{y}{g(wx)} + \frac{1 - y}{1 - g(wx)} \right) x (g(wx)(1 - g(wx))) \\ &= (y(1 - g(wx)) + (1 - y)g(wx)) x \\ &= (y - yg(wx) + g(wx) - yg(wx)) x \\ &= (y - 2yg(wx) + g(wx)) x \end{aligned}$$

