



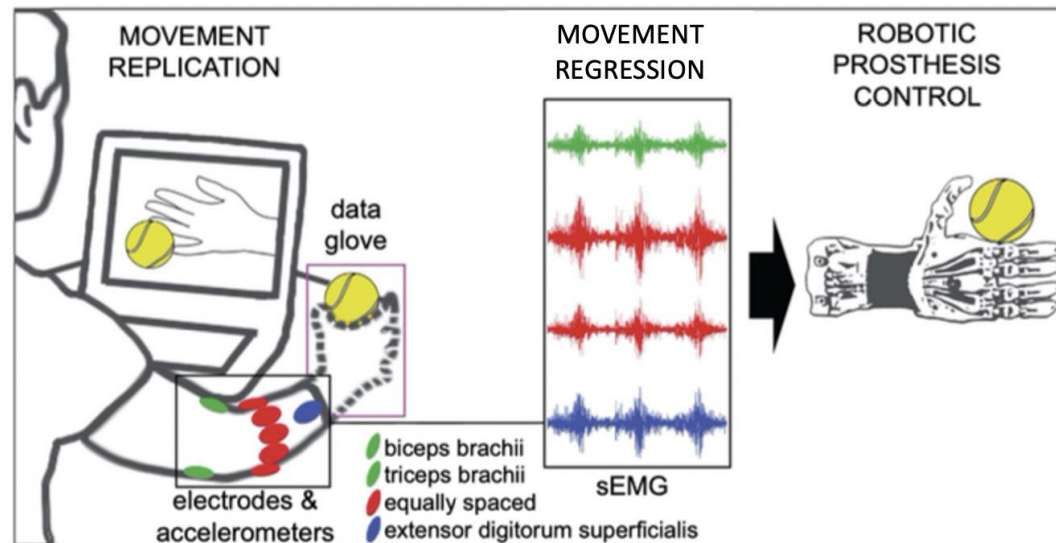
DEEP LEARNING FOR HAND PROTHESIS PILOTING

ANTOINE BENADY – RAPHAËL REME



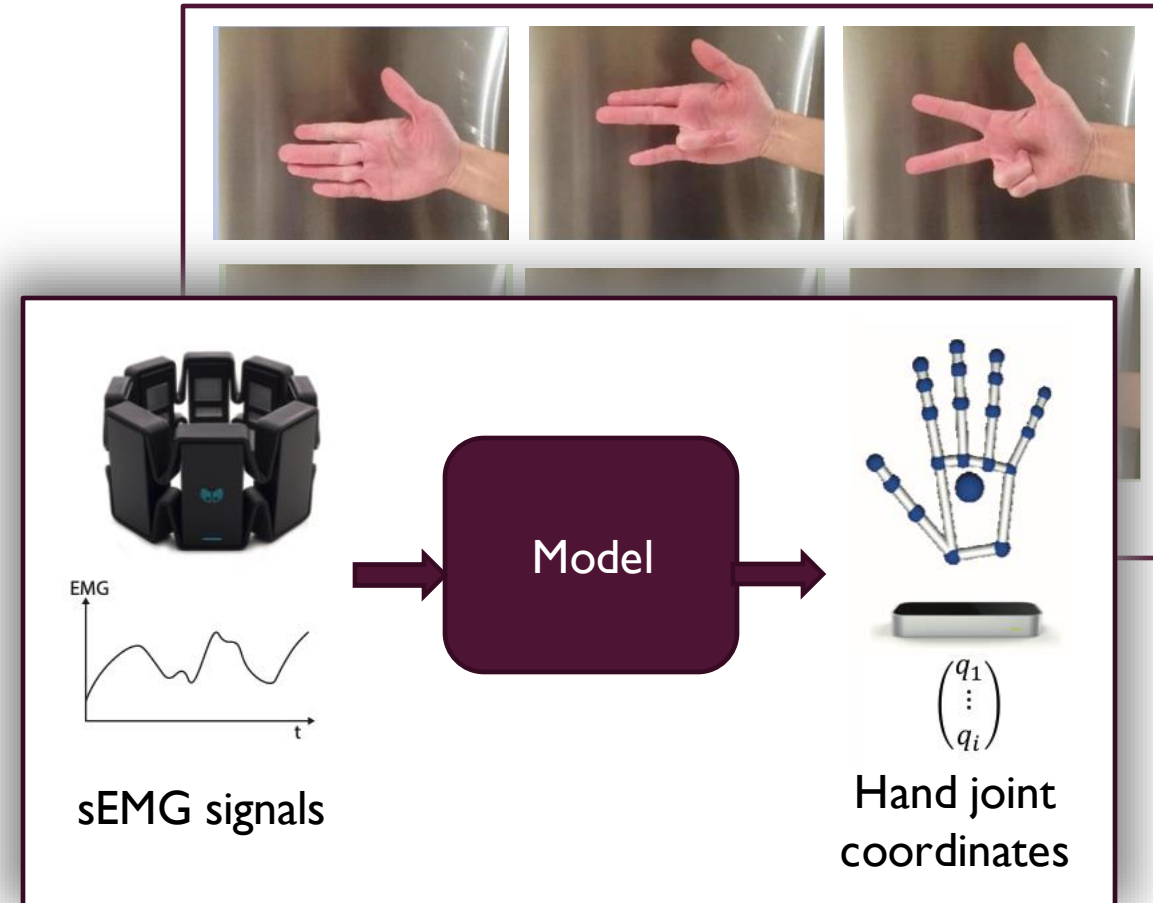
INTRODUCTION

- Active, handy and cheap hand prosthesis conception is still a challenge.
- The understanding of the user will is an active field of research
- Electromyographic sensors are considered as a promising way of capturing the intention of the users



RELATED WORK : CLASSIFICATION VS REGRESSION

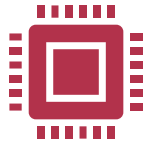
- First the problem was stated as a classification problem
 - Before deep learning : features extraction
 - The deep learning achieved similar results
- In 2018, research field started to state the question as a regression problem
 - Translating sEMG Signals to Continuous Hand Poses using Recurrent Neural Networks, Quivira et al. 2018
 - Regression of Hand Movements from sEMG Data with Recurrent Neural Networks, Koch et al. 2020



CONTENTS



Understanding
the database



Pre-
processing



Designing
architectures

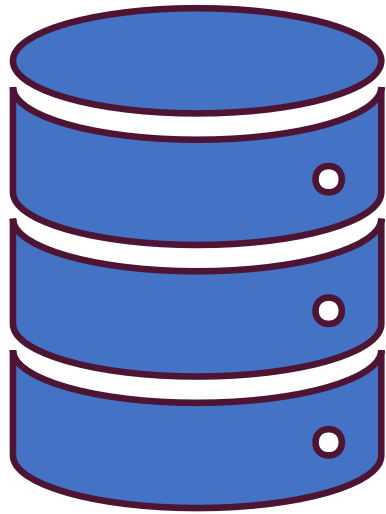


Training
process

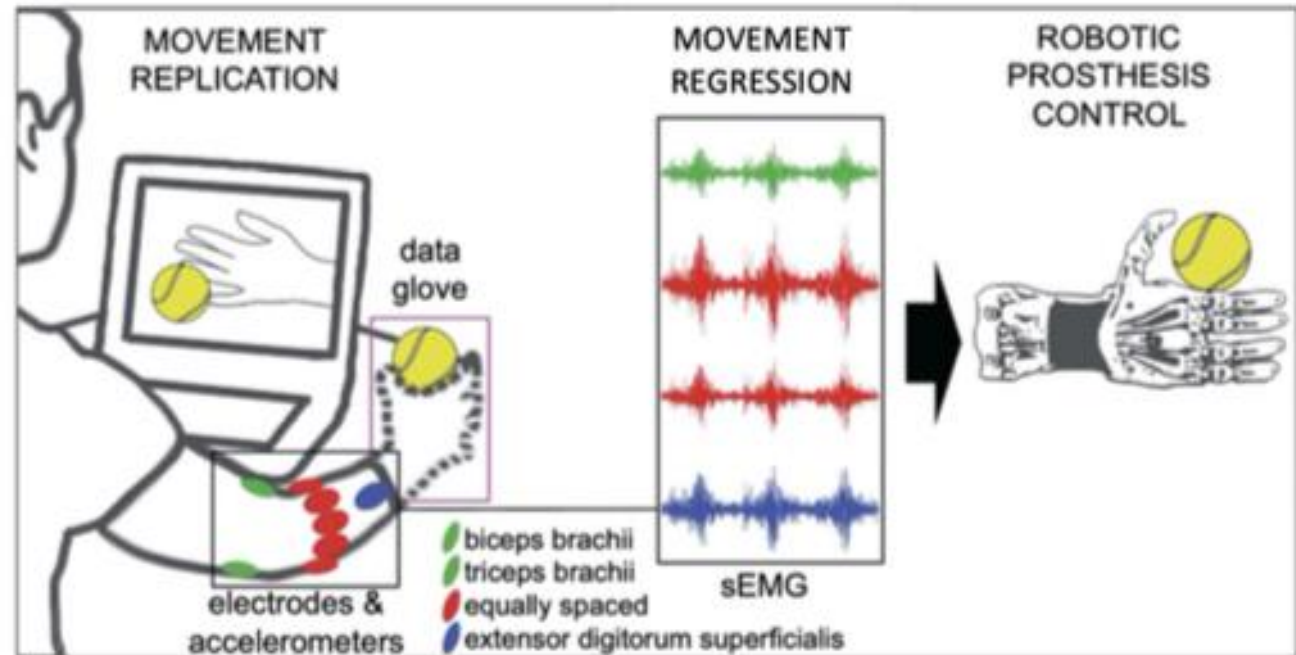


Evaluation &
results

THE DATABASE

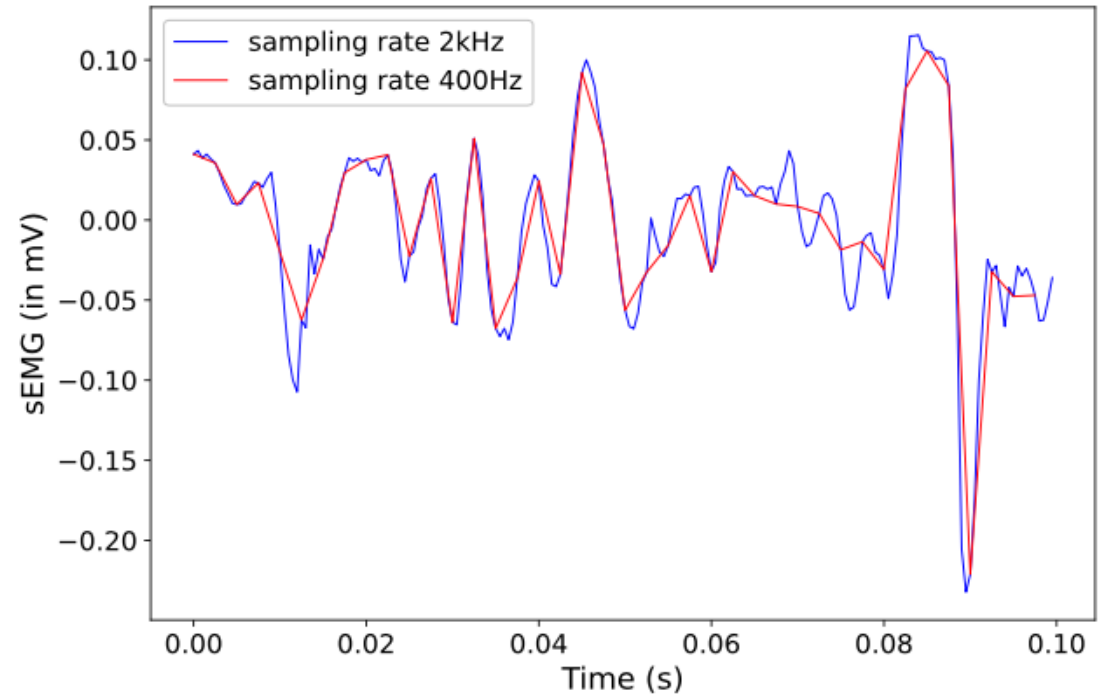


- Ninapro databases (in our case DBVII)
- 33 Gb of datas
- 20 subjects are asked to reproduce motion they see on a screen



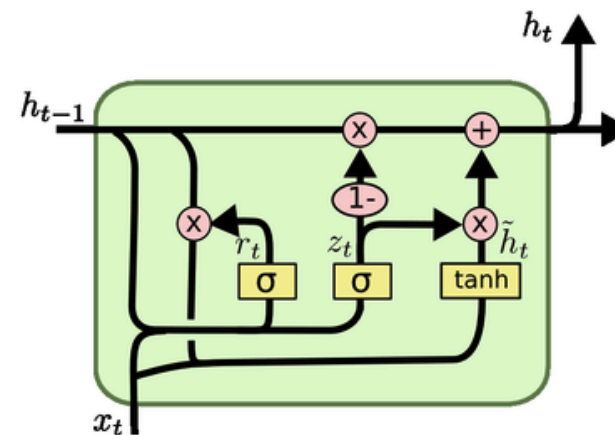
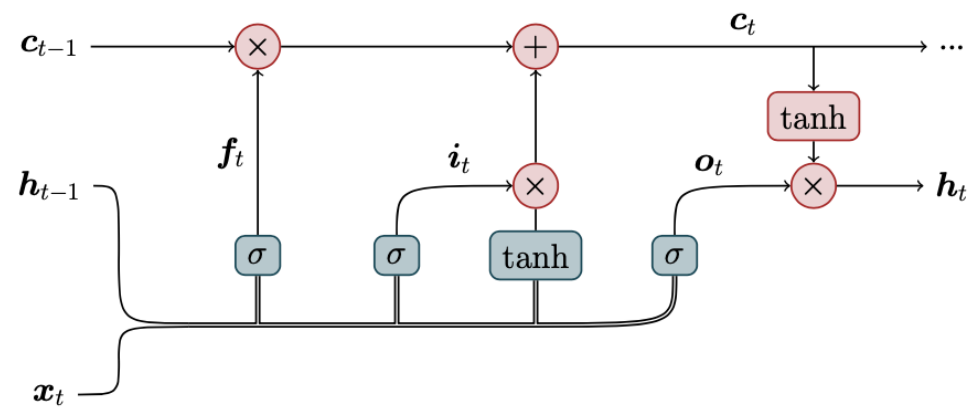
PRE-PROCESSING

- Sub-sampling : from 2kHz to 400Hz
- Splitting the database in training, test, and validation
- Standardization or normalization of the input data



ARCHITECTURES

- We used two types of architectures:
 - One based on LSTM cells
 - One based on GRU cells



TRAINING PROCESS

- Batch of constant length sequences
- Classical loss for regression: MSE
- We noticed some issues using this loss and designed our own loss to solve them.

EVALUATION & RESULTS

- Mean Absolute Error such as in the literature

$$MAE(Y, \hat{Y}) = \frac{1}{n} \sum |Y - \hat{Y}|$$

- We did a lot of experiments detailed in the report such as :
 - Comparaison of GRU vs LSTM
 - Influence of the normalization / standardization
 - Influence of the loss function
 - Focus the training on one subject
- We achieve similar performances as some articles in the literature but we are still far from the best one

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- Thank you for attention !