

OLED-DISPLAY MODULE

COM-OLED2.42



1. GENERAL INFORMATION

Dear customer,

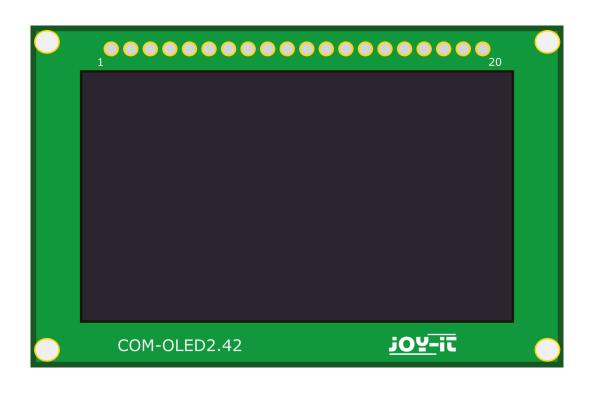
thank you very much for choosing our product.

In the following, we will introduce you to what to observe while starting up and using this product.

Should you encounter any unexpected problems during use, please do not hesitate to contact us.

Pin Designation	Pin number	I/O	Function
VSS	1	Р	Logic circuit ground
			This is a ground pin. It also serves as a reference for the logic pins. It must be connected to the external ground.
VDD	2	3,3 - 5V	Power supply for display module circuit
			This is a power supply pin.
V0	3	-	Voltage supply for OEL panel
			This is the most positive voltage supply pin of the chip.
			Please do not connect it.
A0	4	I	Data/Command Control
			This pin is a data/command control pin. When the pin is pulled high, the input at D7~D0 is treated as display data. When the pin is pulled low, the input at D7~D0 is transferred to the command register.
/WR	5	I	Read/Write Select or Write
			This pin is an MCU interface input. When connected to a 68XX series microprocessor, this pin is used as a read/write select (R/W) input. Pull this pin high for read mode and pull it low for write mode. When the 80XX interface mode is selected, this pin is the write input (WR). The data write operation is initiated when this pin is pulled "Low" and CS is pulled "Low".
/RD	6	ı	Read/Write Enable or Read
			This pin is an MCU interface input. When connected to a 68XX series microprocessor, this pin is used as an Enable(E) signal. The read/write operation is initiated when this pin is pulled high and CS is pulled low. When connected to an 80XX microprocessor, this pin receives the Read(RD) signal. The data read operation is initiated when this pin is pulled low and CS is pulled low.

Pin Designation	Pin number	I/O	Function								
DB0	7	I/O									
DB1	8	I/O	Host data input/output bus								
DB2	9	I/O	These pins are bidirectional 8-bit data buses								
DB3	10	I/O	that connect to the microprocessor data								
DB4	11	I/O	bus. When serial mode is selected, D1 is the								
DB5	12	I/O	SDIN serial data input and D0 is the SCLK								
DB6	13	I/O	serial clock input.								
DB7	14	I/O									
/CS	15	I	Chip-Select								
			This pin is the chip select input. The chip is only enabled for MCU communication wher CS# is pulled low.								
/RESET	16	I	Power Reset for Controller and Driver								
			This pin is a reset signal input. When the pin is low, the initialization of the chip is performed.								
NC (BS1)	17	H/L	Communication protocol selection								
NC (BS2)	18	H/L	These pins are inputs for selecting the MCU interface.								
			See the following table:								
			68XX- 80XX- I2C Serial parallel parallel								
			BS1 0 1 1 0								
			BS2 1 1 0 0								
NC	19	-	NC or connection to VSS.								
FG	20	0V	It must be connected to external ground.								



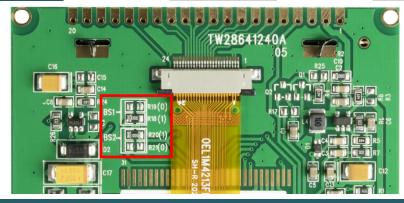
2. 1 SETUP OF THE DISPLAY INTERFACE

The display can be controlled in 4 different ways, via I2C, SPI, 8-bit parallel 6800 interface and 8-bit parallel 8080 interface.

The display is delivered pre-configured for control via SPI. If you want to use one of the other control methods, you have to re-solder the resistors BS1 and BS2 on the back of the board.

In the table, you can see how the resistors must be set for the respective mode.

	6800-parallel	8080-parallel	I2C	SPI
BS1	0	1	1	0
BS2	1	1	0	0



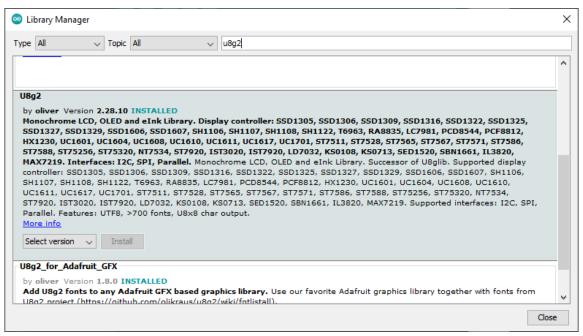
3. USE WITH AN ARDUINO

As the display works with a 3V logic level and most Arduinos with 5V, we use an Arduino Pro Mini 3.3V in this example.

If you want to use an Arduino with a 5V logic level, such as an Arduino Uno, you have to reduce all data lines leading from the Arduino to the display from 5V to 3.3V with a logic level converter.

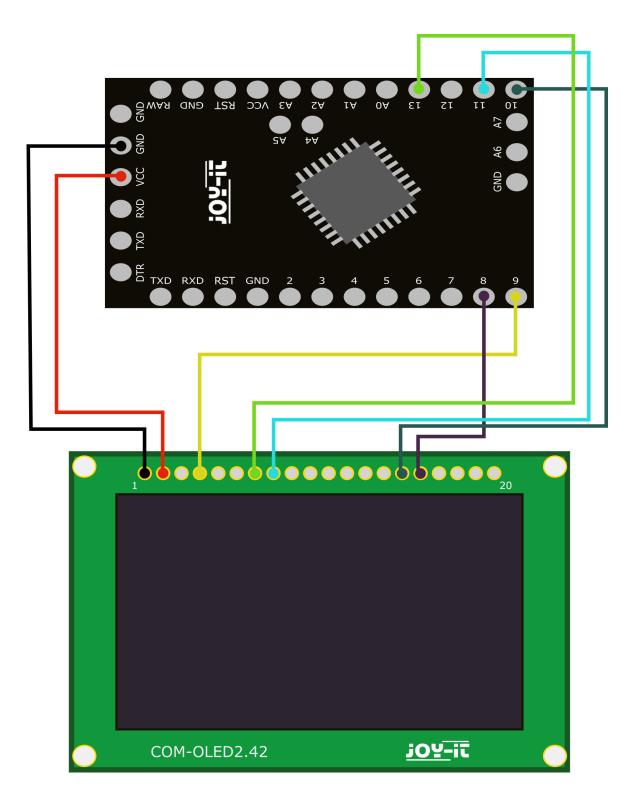
First you need to install the required library in your Arduino IDE.

To do this, go to **Tools -> Manage Libraries...** Search for **u8g2** and install the library **U8g2 by oliver**



SPI-Interface

Display Pin	1	2	4	7	8	15	16
Arduino Pro Mini Pin	GND	3,3V (VCC)	9	13	11	10	8



SPI-Interface

Now open the GraphicTest code sample of the library. To do this, click on:

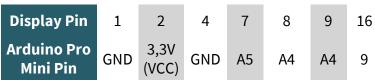
File -> Examples -> U8g2 -> u8x8-> GraphicTest

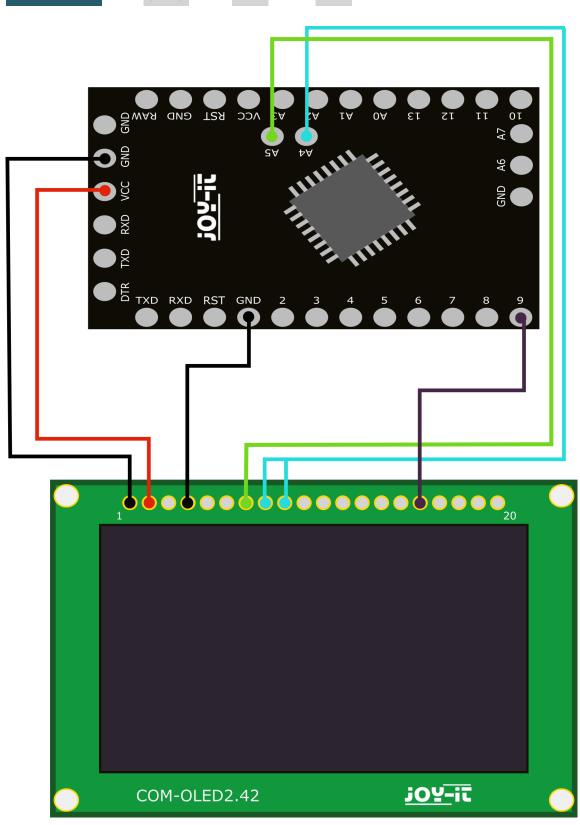
Now insert the following constructor for the display into the programme, as shown in the picture below:

U8X8 SSD1309 128X64 NONAME2 4W SW SPI u8x8(13, 11, 10, 9, 8);

```
GraphicsTest | Arduino 1.8.13
                                                                                                       ×
Datei Bearbeiten Sketch Werkzeuge Hilfe
 GraphicsTest§
      ADVISED OF THE POSSIBILITY OF SUCH DAMAGE.
 34
 35
 36 */
 37 #include <Arduino.h>
 38 #include <U8x8lib.h>
 39
 40 #ifdef U8X8_HAVE_HW_SPI
 41 #include <SPI.h>
 42 #endif
 43 #ifdef U8X8_HAVE_HW_I2C
 44 #include <Wire.h>
 45 #endif
 46 U8X8_SSD1309_128X64_NONAME2_4W_SW_SPI u8x8(13, 11, 10, 9, 8);
 48 // Please UNCOMMENT one of the contructor lines below
 49 // U8x8 Contructor List
 50 // The complete list is available here: https://github.com/olikraus/u8q2/wiki/u8x8setupcpp
 51 // Please update the pin numbers according to your setup. Use USX8 PIN NONE if the reset pin is not v
Hochladen abgeschlossen.
                                                                                       Arduino Pro or Pro Mini auf COM11
```

I2C-Interface





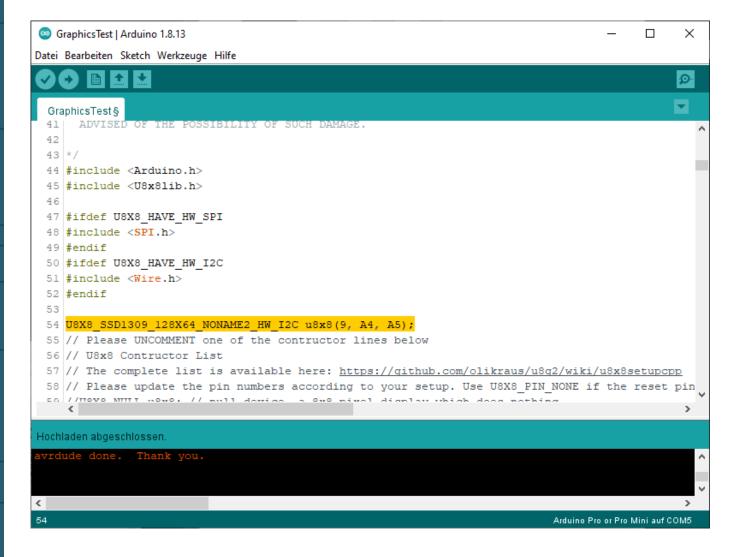
I2C-Interface

Now open the GraphicTest code sample of the library. To do this, click on:

File -> Examples -> U8g2 -> u8x8-> GraphicTest

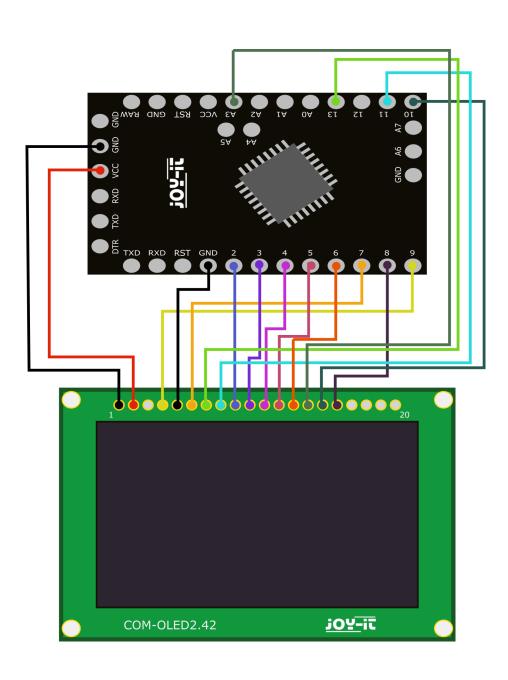
Now insert the following constructor for the display into the programme, as shown in the picture below:

U8X8_SSD1309_128X64_NONAME2_HW_I2C u8x8(9, A4, A5);



8 bit Parallel 6800-Interface

Display Pin	1	2	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
Arduino Pro Mini Pin	GND	3,3V (VCC)	9	GND	7	13	11	2	3	4	5	6	A3	10	8



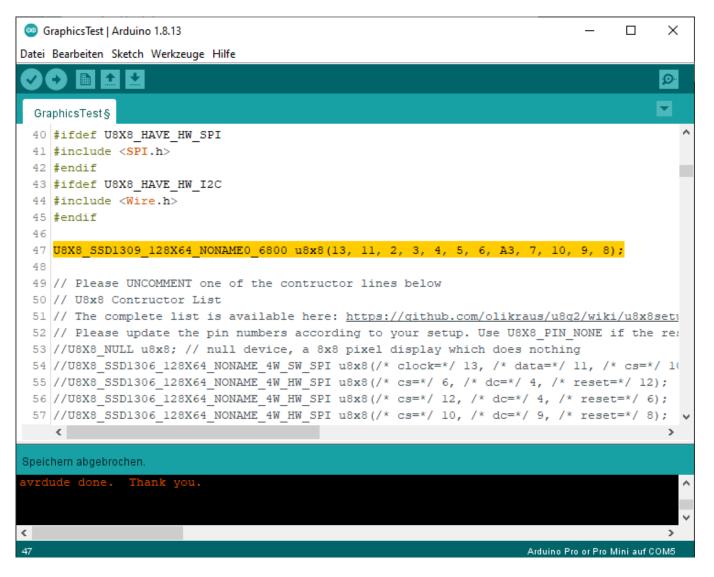
8 bit Parallel 6800-Interface

Now open the GraphicTest code sample of the library. To do this, click on:

File -> Examples -> U8g2 -> u8x8-> GraphicTest

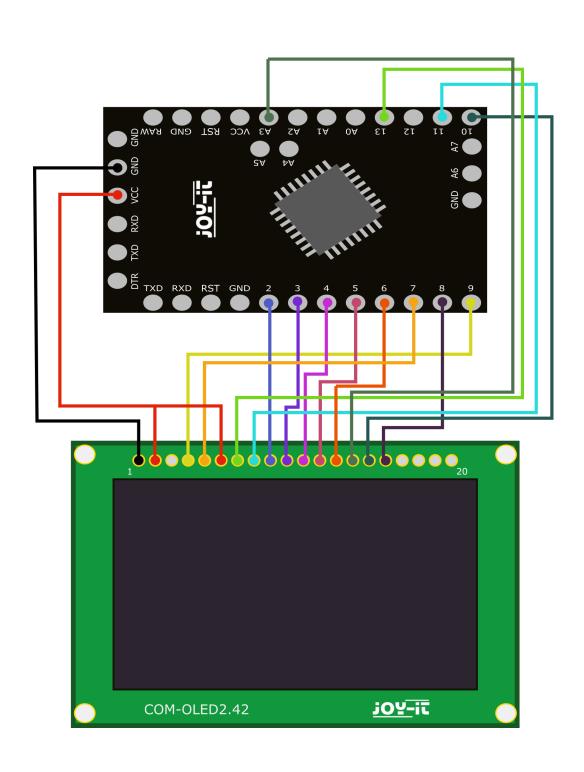
Now insert the following constructor for the display into the programme, as shown in the picture below:

U8X8_SSD1309_128X64_NONAME0_6800 u8x8(13, 11, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, A3, 7, 10, 9, 8);



8 bit Parallel 8080-Interface

Display Pin	1	2	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
Arduino Pro Mini Pin	GND	3,3V (VCC)	9	7	3,3V (VCC)	13	11	2	3	4	5	6	A3	10	8



8 bit Parallel 8080-Interface

Now open the GraphicTest code sample of the library. To do this, click on:

File -> Examples -> U8g2 -> u8x8-> GraphicTest

Now insert the following constructor for the display into the programme,

```
U8X8_SSD1309_128X64_NONAME0_8080 u8x8(13, 11, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, A3, 7, 10, 9, 8);
```

```
GraphicsTest | Arduino 1.8.13
                                                                                        ×
Datei Bearbeiten Sketch Werkzeuge Hilfe
 GraphicsTest§
 37 #include <Arduino.h>
 38 #include <U8x8lib.h>
 40 #ifdef U8X8 HAVE HW SPI
 41 #include <SPI.h>
 42 #endif
 43 #ifdef U8X8 HAVE HW I2C
 44 #include <Wire.h>
 45 #endif
 46
 47 U8X8_SSD1309_128X64_NONAME0_8080 u8x8(13, 11, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, A3, 7, 10, 9, 8);
 48
 50 // Please UNCOMMENT one of the contructor lines below
 51 // U8x8 Contructor List
 52 // The complete list is available here: https://github.com/olikraus/u8q2/wiki/u8x8setu
 53 // Please update the pin numbers according to your setup. Use U8X8 PIN NONE if the re:
 54 //U8X8 NULL u8x8; // null device, a 8x8 pixel display which does nothing
                                                       Arduino Pro or Pro Mini, ATmega328P (3.3V, 8 MHz) auf COM5
```

4. USE WITH THE RASPBERRY PI

To make using the display with the Raspberry Pi particularly easy, we use the luma.oled library.

You can install the dependencies required for installation with the following commands:

sudo apt-get update

sudo apt-get install git python3 python3-dev python3-pip python3-pip python3-pil libjpeg-dev zlib1g-dev libfreetype6-dev liblcms2-dev libopenjp2-7 libtiff5 build-essential libsdl-dev libportmidi-dev libsdl-ttf2.0-dev libsdl-mixer1.2-dev libsdl-image1.2-dev

First, we install the library and download the sample files, this is done with the following commands:

sudo -H pip3 install --upgrade luma.oled

sudo git clone https://github.com/rm-hull/luma.examples.git

Next, you must give the user (in this case "pi") permission to access the required hardware. If you are not using the user "pi", change the user at the end of the command accordingly.

sudo usermod -a -G spi,gpio,i2c pi

Then restart your Raspberry Pi with the following command:

sudo reboot

After the reboot, enter following command into the terminal:

sudo raspi-config

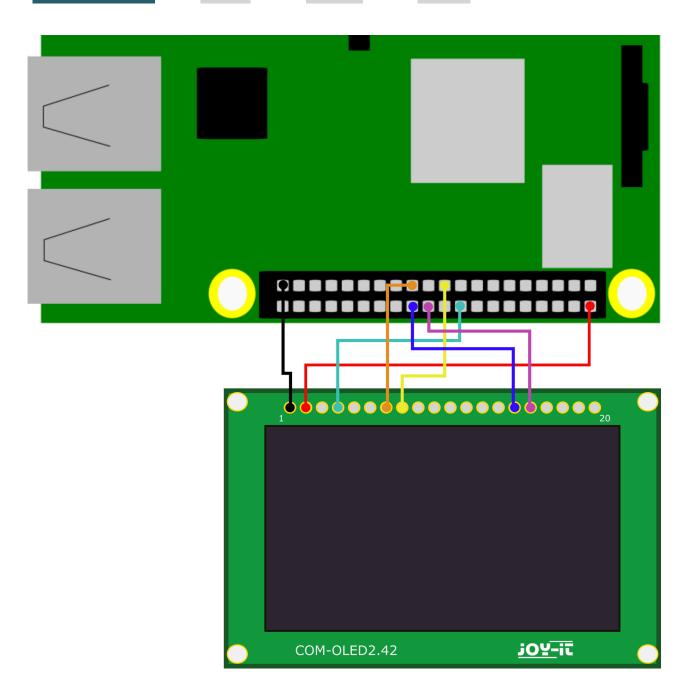
There you can now activate **SPI** and **I2C** under **3 Interface Options** so that you can use both interfaces.

SPI-Interface

Wiring

 Display Pin
 1
 2
 4
 7
 8
 15
 16

 Raspberry Pin
 GND
 5V
 Pin 18
 Pin 23
 Pin 19
 Pin 24
 Pin 22



After you have connected the display, you can execute a sample programme with the following two commands:

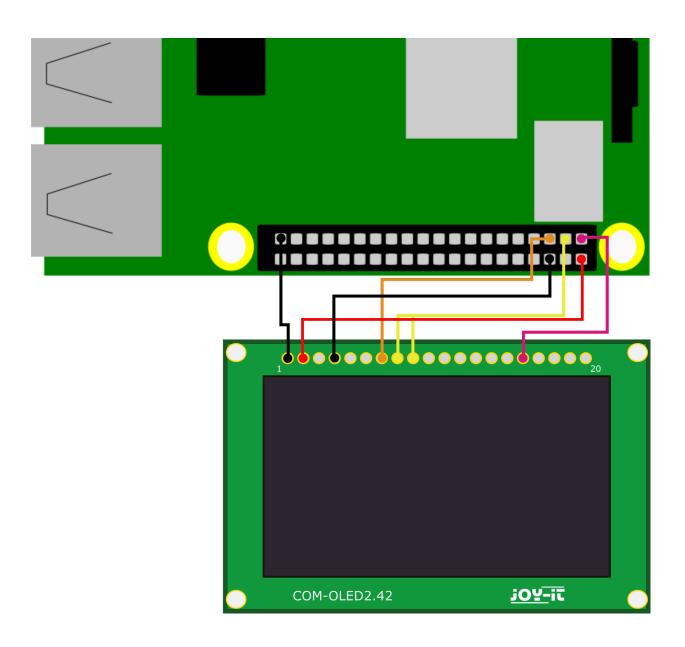
cd ~/luma.examples/examples/

sudo python3 demo.py -i spi

I2C-Interface

Wiring

Display Pin	1	2	4	7	8	9	16
Raspberry Pin	GND	5V	GND	Pin 5	Pin 3	Pin 3	3,3V



After you have connected the display, you can execute a sample programme with the following two commands:

cd ~/luma.examples/examples/

sudo python3 demo.py

5. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Our information and take-back obligations according to the Electrical and Electronic Equipment Act (ElektroG)

Symbol on electrical and electronic equipment:

This crossed-out dustbin means that electrical and electronic appliances do not belong in the household waste. You must return the old appliances to a collection point.

Before handing over waste batteries and accumulators that are not enclosed by waste equipment must be separated from it.

Return options:

As an end user, you can return your old device (which essentially fulfils the same function as the new device purchased from us) free of charge for disposal when you purchase a new device.

Small appliances with no external dimensions greater than 25 cm can be disposed of in normal household quantities independently of the purchase of a new appliance.

Possibility of return at our company location during opening hours: SIMAC Electronics GmbH, Pascalstr. 8, D-47506 Neukirchen-Vluyn, Germany

Possibility of return in your area:

We will send you a parcel stamp with which you can return the device to us free of charge. Please contact us by email at Service@joy-it.net or by telephone.

Information on packaging:

If you do not have suitable packaging material or do not wish to use your own, please contact us and we will send you suitable packaging.

6. SUPPORT

If there are still any issues pending or problems arising after your purchase, we will support you by e-mail, telephone and with our ticket support system.

Email: service@joy-it.net

Ticket system: http://support.joy-it.net

Telephone: +49 (0)2845 9360-50 (10-17 o'clock CET)

For further information please visit our website:

www.joy-it.net