NYPD Shooting Incident Data Analysis

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Necessary packages for this analysis: tidyverse core packages.

Step 0: Import Library

```
##install.packages("tidyverse") to install
library(tidyverse)
```

Step 1: Read in Data

Begin by reading in data from csv file from the City of New York.

```
NYPD_data <- read_csv("https://data.cityofnewyork.us/api/views/833y-fsy8/rows.csv?accessType=DOWNLOAD")
```

Step 2: Clean and Transform Data

Select only columns relevant to our investigation of this data

```
NYPD_data <- NYPD_data %>% mutate(OCCUR_DATE= mdy(OCCUR_DATE)) %>% select(-c(JURISDICTION_CODE,INCIDENT
```

Rename Date and time

```
NYPD_data <- NYPD_data %>% rename(Date = OCCUR_DATE, Time = OCCUR_TIME)
```

Filter out NA and UNKNOWN variables

```
NYPD_data_tidy <- NYPD_data %>% drop_na()
# filter out Unknown vic age group variables
NYPD_data_tidy <- NYPD_data_tidy %>% filter(!grepl('UNKNOWN', VIC_AGE_GROUP))
NYPD_data_tidy <- NYPD_data_tidy %>% filter(!grepl('1022', VIC_AGE_GROUP))
```

Summary of our cleaned data

```
summary(NYPD_data_tidy)
```

```
##
         Date
                              Time
                                                 BORO
                                                                PERP AGE GROUP
           :2006-01-01
                         Length: 17911
                                            Length: 17911
                                                                 Length: 17911
##
    Min.
                          Class1:hms
    1st Qu.:2008-08-06
                                            Class : character
                                                                 Class : character
   Median :2011-11-17
                          Class2:difftime
                                            Mode :character
                                                                Mode :character
##
##
    Mean
           :2013-05-12
                         Mode :numeric
##
    3rd Qu.:2018-04-28
           :2022-12-31
##
   Max.
      PERP SEX
                                              VIC_SEX
##
                        VIC_AGE_GROUP
                                            Length: 17911
##
   Length: 17911
                        Length: 17911
##
   Class : character
                        Class : character
                                            Class : character
   Mode :character
                        Mode : character
                                           Mode :character
##
##
##
```

Step 3: Add Analysis and Visualization

Lets sort victim age groups in descending order by total number, to see which age group has the most instances.

```
NYPD_data_tidy %>% group_by(VIC_AGE_GROUP) %>% summarise(Total=n()) %>% arrange(desc(Total))
```

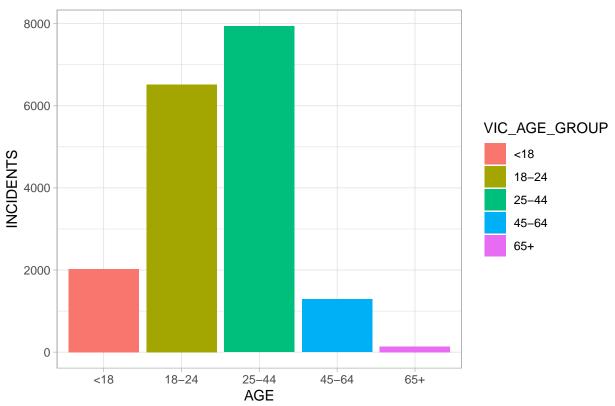
```
## # A tibble: 5 x 2
     VIC_AGE_GROUP Total
##
##
     <chr>
                    <int>
## 1 25-44
                     7939
## 2 18-24
                     6518
## 3 <18
                     2027
## 4 45-64
                     1290
## 5 65+
                      137
```

Create a bar chart to visualize instances per age group.

```
vic_age_data <- NYPD_data_tidy %>% group_by(VIC_AGE_GROUP) %>% summarize(incidents = n())

ggplot(vic_age_data, aes(x=VIC_AGE_GROUP, y=incidents, fill=VIC_AGE_GROUP)) +
    geom_bar(stat = "identity") +
    xlab("AGE") + ylab("INCIDENTS") +
    ggtitle("SHOOTING INCIDENTS BY AGE OF VICTIMS")+
    theme_light()
```

SHOOTING INCIDENTS BY AGE OF VICTIMS



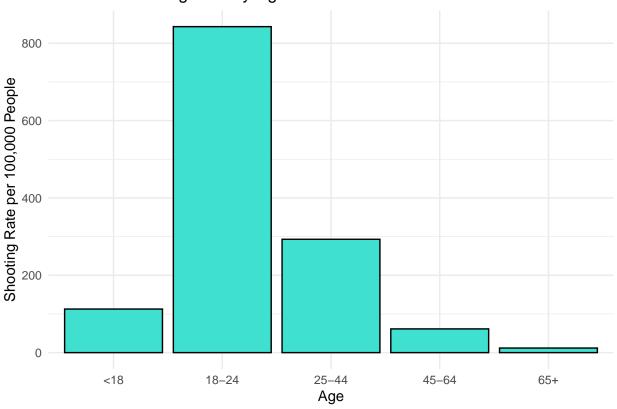
I want to see which age group has the highest chance of becoming a victim of a shooting. I begin by creating a population column for each age range.

```
NYPD_data_tidy <- NYPD_data_tidy %>%
mutate(Population = case_when(
    VIC_AGE_GROUP == "<18" ~ 1798842,
    VIC_AGE_GROUP == "18-24" ~ 773258,
    VIC_AGE_GROUP == "25-44" ~ 2708853,
    VIC_AGE_GROUP == "45-64" ~ 2101599,
    VIC_AGE_GROUP == "65+" ~ 1155075,
    TRUE ~ NA_real_
))</pre>
```

Next I calculate and plot the shooting incident rate per 100,000 people for each age group.

```
ylab("Shooting Rate per 100,000 People") +
theme_minimal()
```





Now I would like to see what time of day that shootings are most likely to occur.

```
NYPD_data_tidy$HOUR = hour(hms(as.character(NYPD_data_tidy$Time)))
occur_hour = NYPD_data_tidy %>% group_by(HOUR) %>% count()

ggplot(occur_hour, aes(x=HOUR, y=n)) +
    geom_line() +
    labs(title = "What time should people be most cautious of shootings in NYC",
        x = "Hour Occured",
        y= "Number of Incidents") +
    theme_minimal()
```



