Paper

Searching for MobileNetV3

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Abstract

We present the next generation of MobileNets based on a combination of complementary search techniques as well as a novel architecture design. MobileNetV3 is tuned to mobile phone CPUs through a combination of hardwareaware network architecture search (NAS) complemented by the NetAdant algorithm and then subsequently improved through novel architecture advances. This paper starts the exploration of how automated search algorithms and network design can work together to harness complementary approaches improving the overall state of the art. Through this process we create two new MobileNet models for release: MobileNetV3-Large and MobileNetV3-Small which are targeted for high and low resource use cases. These models are then adapted and applied to the tasks of object detection and semantic segmentation. For the task of semantic segmentation (or any dense pixel prediction), we propose a new efficient segmentation decoder Lite Reduced Atrous Snatial Pyramid Pooling (LR-ASPP). We achieve new state of the art results for mobile classification, detection and segmentation. MobileNetV3-Large is 3.2% more curate on ImageNet classification while reducing latency

1% compared to MobileNetV2. MobileNetV3-Small is

ore accurate compared to a MobileNetV2 model arable latency. MobileNetV3-Large detection

faster at roughly the same accuracy as Mo-

Figure 1. The trade-off between Pixel 1 latency and top-1 large National V3 large and V3 small use multipliers 0.75. In all 1.25 to show on the same device using Fixel 1. The trade-off between Pixel 1 latency and top-1 large National V3 small use untilipliers 0.75. I and 1.25 to show on the same device using Fixel [1] Mobile V4V3-Small and Large are

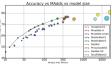


Figure 2. The trade-off between MAdds and top-1 accuracy. This allows to compare models that were targeted different hardware or

Grey Literature

Everything you need to know about MobileNetV3



When MobileNet V1 came in 2017, it essentially started a new section of deep

learning research in computer vision, i.e. coming up with models that can run in embedded systems. This lead to several important works including but not limited to ShuffleNet(VI and V2), MNasNet, CondenseNet, EffNet, among others. Somewhere in between came the second version of MobileNet as well last year. Now, this year's iteration gives us the third version of MobileNet called MobileNetV3. This story is a review of MobileNetV3 from Google that was presented at ICCV in Seoul, South Korea this year.

Contents:

- 1. Efficient Mobile Building Blocks
- 2. Neural Architecture Search for Block-Wise Search
- 3. NetAdapt for Layer wise search

Network Improvements - Layer removal and H-swish

U Structure

Model Card

This model is an implementation of MobileNet-v3-Small found here. This repository provious

to run Mobilehtei v3 Small on Qualcomm* devices. More details on model performance across various devices, can be found here.

Model Details

- Model Type: Image classification

- Model Stats:

- Model Checkpoint: Imagenet

- Imput resolution: 224:0224

- Number of parameters: 2.54M

- Model size: 9.72 MB

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- Model size: 9.72 MB

- Model Stats: 9.72 MB

- Peak
- Memonry Primary
- Mem

v3-Small.so

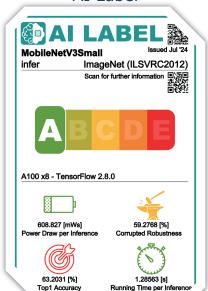
Installation

Galaxy S23

model can be installed as a Python package via pip.

11 gai-hub-mo

AI Label



Benchmark (PWC)



Platform (PWC)



