# "GUI is dead, long live laC"

IaC in the aspect of cloud automation using a standardized module library



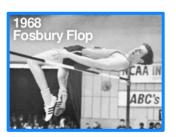
#### Olympic High Jump

Motto: "Faster, Higher & Stronger"



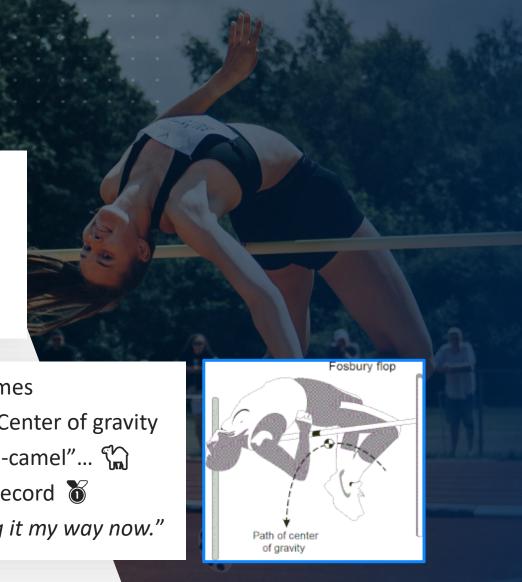
? Techniques

- Standing Jump
- Scissors
- Straddle
- Western Roll



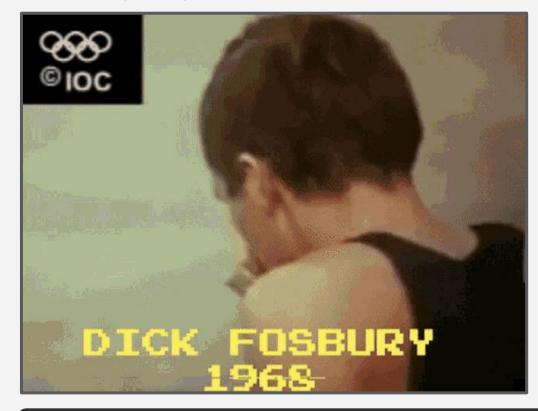
**Fosbury Flop** 

- > In 1968, Mexico City at the Olympic Games
- > High Jump + Engineering Know-How = Center of gravity
- > Newspapers wrote, ...like a "two-legged-camel"... 🕍
- Nesult: 2,24 m Gold Medal, Olympic Record 👸
- "I think quite a few kids will begin trying it my way now."



#### Revolutionary

"Fosbury Flop"



It is now the <u>only</u> way to do high jump! – <u>Revolutionary!</u>



### Technology Shift/Change

Why: "Infrastructure as Code" (IaC)









Ort routes from "./routes/routes/ DORT store from "./store/index DORT VUEXI18n from "VUEX-i18n" DORT ENLANGFILE from "./lang/en";

**GUI Deployment** 



**Fosbury Flop** 

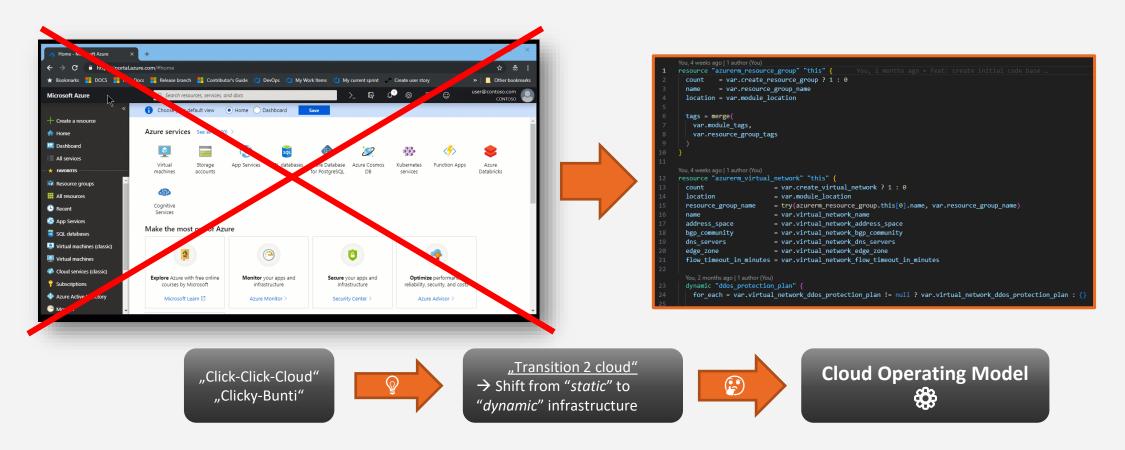


| Management | Man

**Cloud Automation** 

## Mindset of IaC?

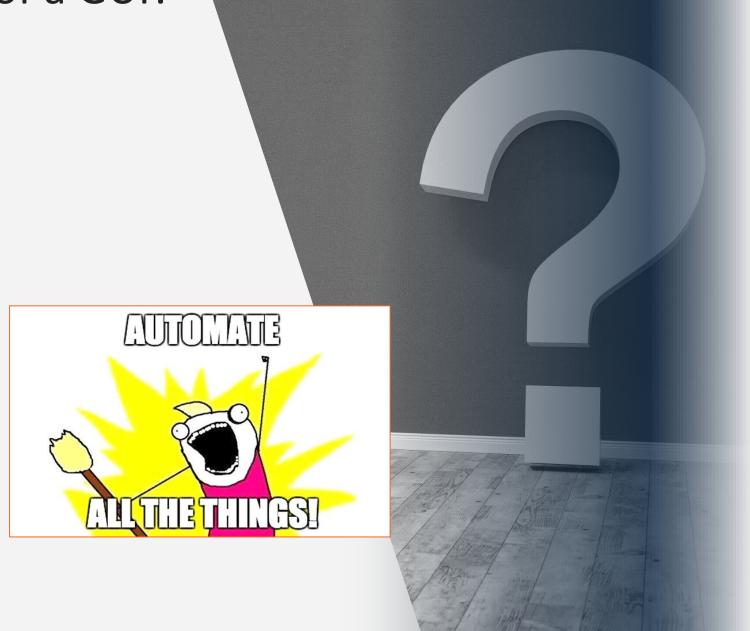
#### Mind change administration interface



Using <u>laC</u> deployment templates & modules in building out <u>your</u> individual Cloud Infrastructure!

### Why using IaC instead of a GUI?



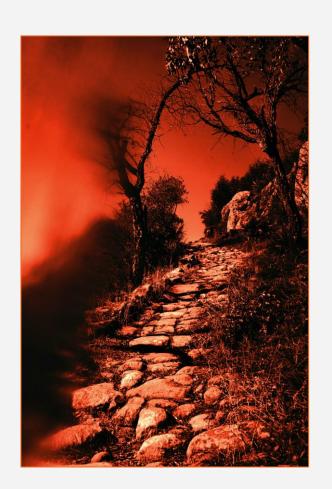


### Avoid: Road to "Modularization Hell" 论 😇 🕥





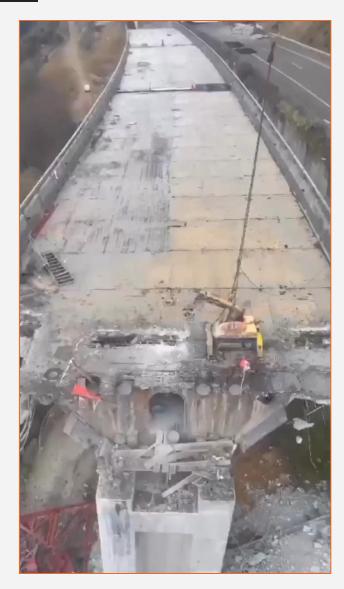








### Hell – How <u>bad</u> Cloud Automation (IaC) works?



## Focus on IaC

#### What is IaC?

Managing/Provisioning of infrastructures using code.

How resources, applications and environments are configured.

Code describes the resources and the whole architecture landscapes.

**Declarative** syntax can be used to specify the resources and detailed settings.

Human readable code files (main.tf) describe how the infrastructure looks like.

Definition of variables and their values of the environment.

```
ule.virtual network.subnet ids["AzureBasti
    resolver module location
```

module\_location = var.bastion\_host\_module\_location



#### Advantages of using an IaC approach

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•	i (Casa)	$\sim$ 1 $^{\circ}$	псу	

- Creation of "repeating" infrastructures (standardization/template).

Speed

- **Faster** creation of resources and environments.

**Parallelization** 

- Several developers can work on the same infrastructure **simultaneously**.
- Documentation
- The code definition file is also the documentation of the environment.

Consistency

- The code reflects the **overall state** of the environment.

Tracking

- Use of source code management (version control).

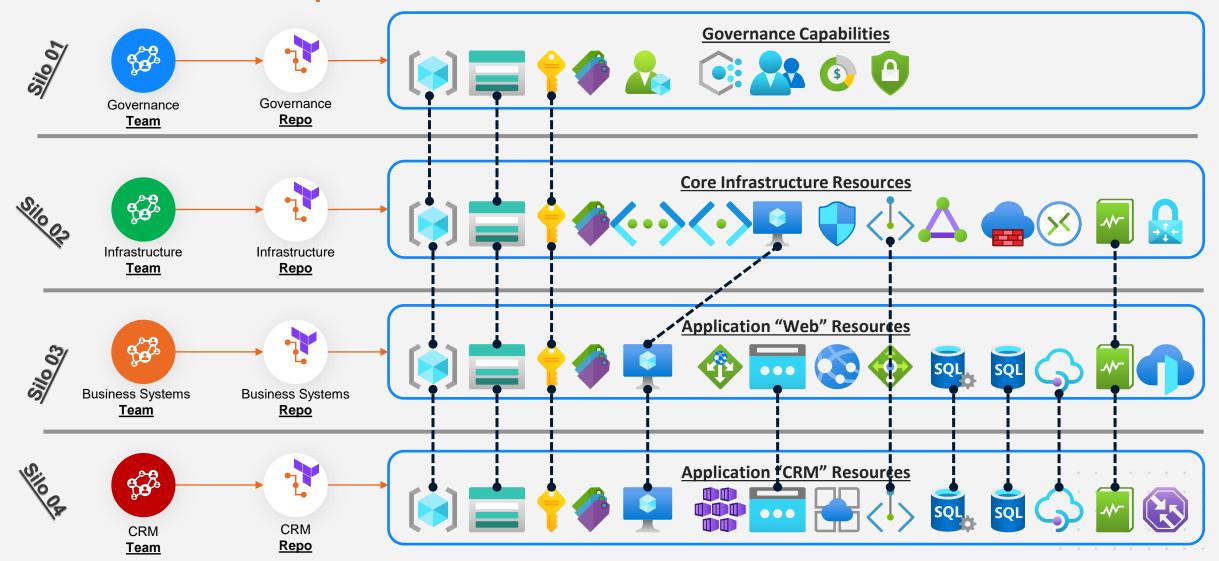
Order

- Order of resource creation is managed **automatically**. Automate changes.
- Error/state handling **No check** necessary if resources already exist ("Desired State").
- Quality

- Less **human error** by using the same code ("no-brainer").
- Reproducibility
- The **same code** always leads to the **same result**.
- Cost Reduction
- Remove manual tasks. People refocus their efforts on enterprise tasks

## How IaC? — Modularization

#### laC – Status quo Situation



#### What is a module?

Create lightweight abstractions

Don't describe **physical** objects

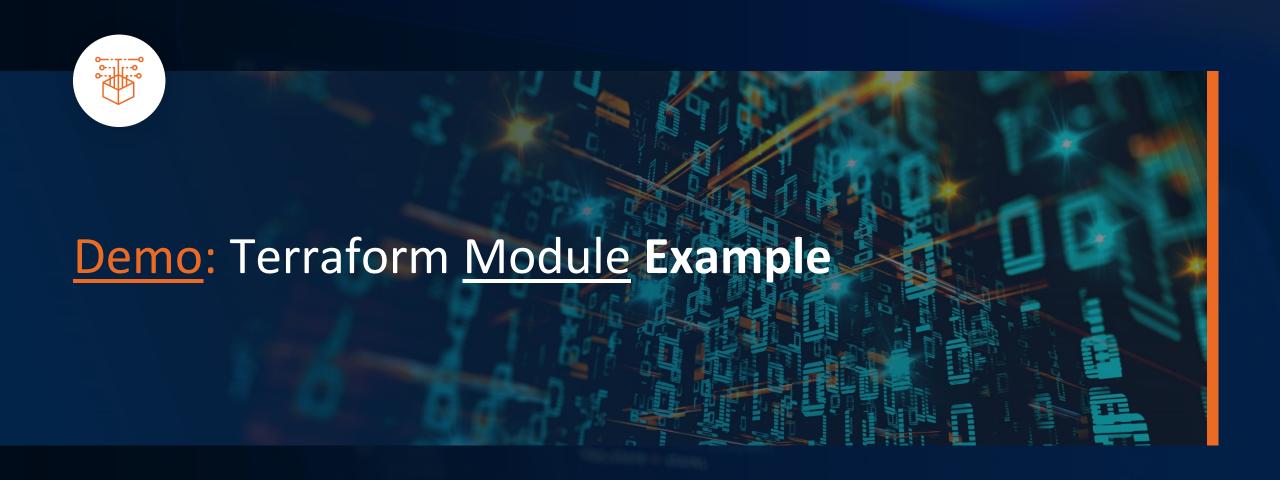
Describe infrastructure in terms of its architecture

Package and **reuse** resource configurations

Separated in code **repositories** 

**Independently** usable & testable

"A module is a container for multiple resources that are used together."

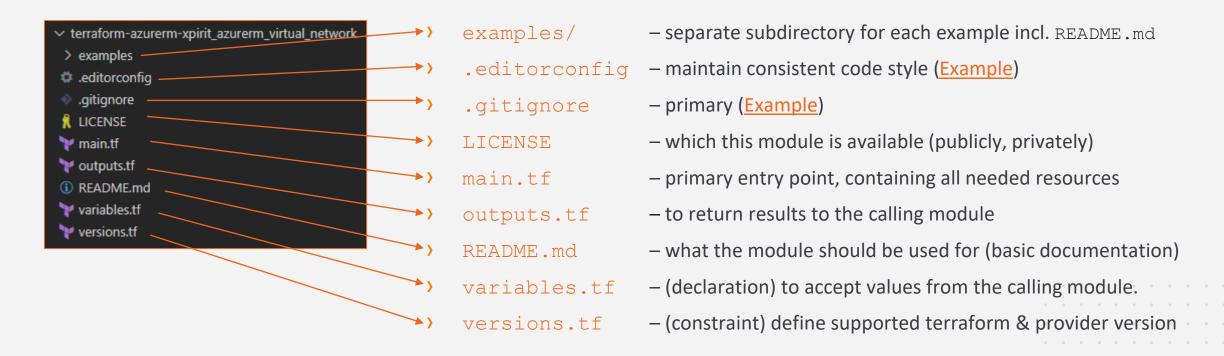


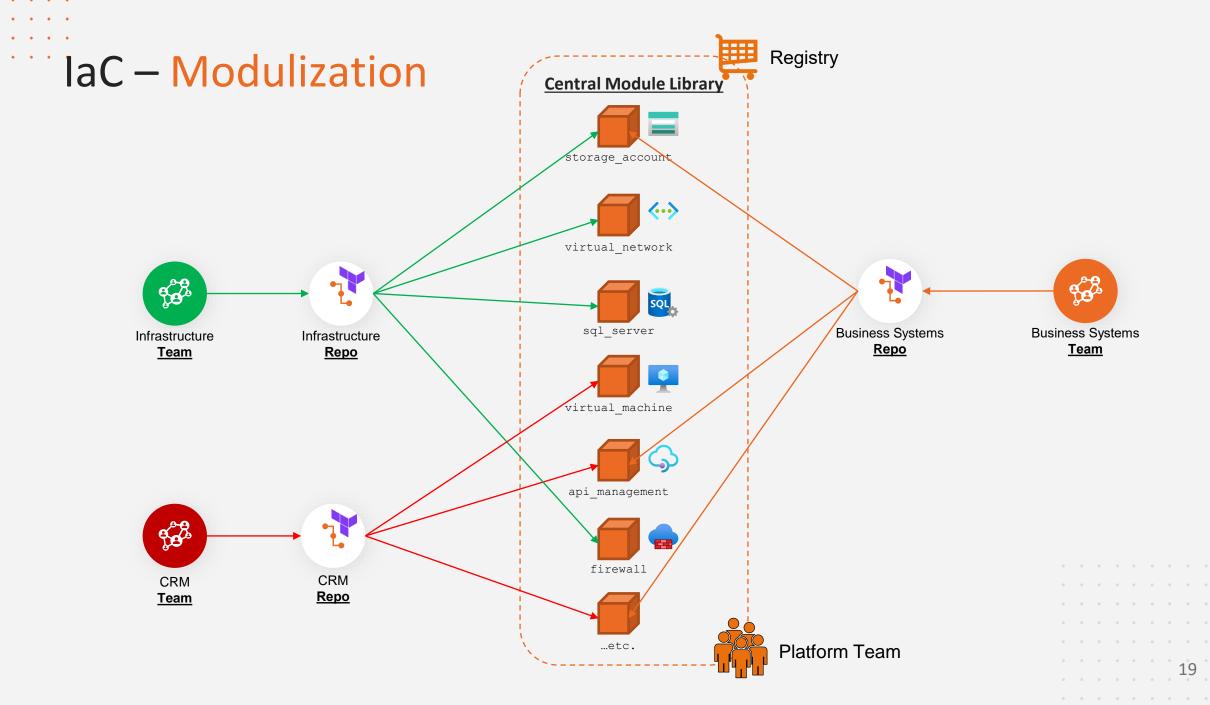
#### Standard (Terraform) Module Structure

1. **file** & **directory** layout

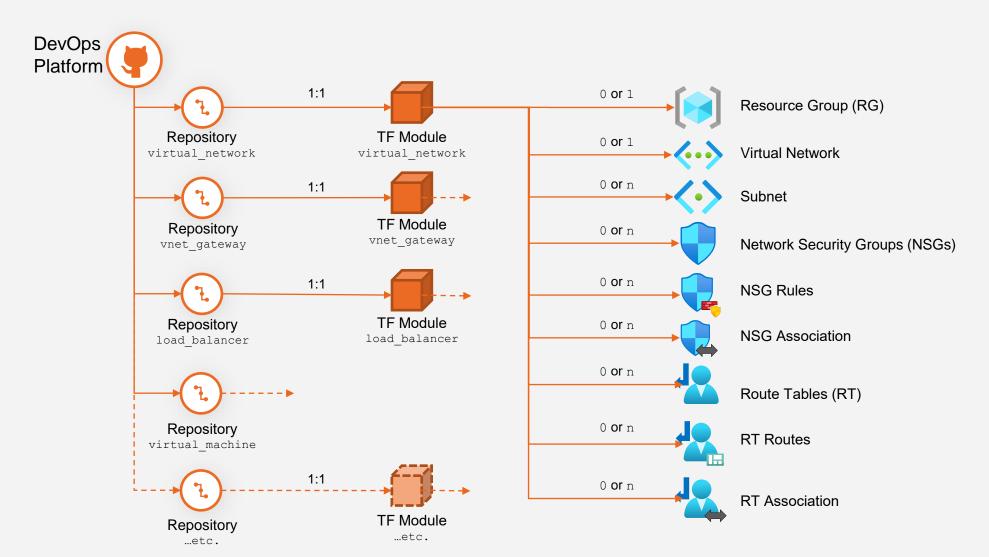
Distributed in separate repositories

Structure to generate documentation





#### Standard Module Architecture



#### Creating Good Modules

- 1. Do one thing and do it as simply as possible 1
- 2. Provide options, but not too many option  $\checkmark$
- 3. Add value, do more than wrap a resource +
- 4. Version appropriately vs
- 5. Make them easy to obtain **F**
- 6. Keep them updated
- 7. Start simple and evolve 🌲
- 8. Create great documentation
- 9. Evangelize and engage 📢
- 10. KISS & DRY  $\rightarrow$  But avoid "thin wrappers"  $\square$



Source: Sam Cogan (Video: Reuse, Don't Repeat) & Thomas Thornton (Link)

# How to <u>publish</u> Modules?

#### Use a Terraform Registry

TF Cloud helps teams to **provision** infrastructure.

Support for versioning and list of providers and modules.

Handles downloads and access with TF Cloud API tokens.

Consumers do <u>not</u> need **direct** access to the module's repository.

```
Public Registry

https://registry.terraform.io

Share Terraform providers
and Terraform modules
public.
```

```
Private Registry

https://app.terraform.io

Hosted on an organization's private registry and are only available to members
```

```
resource_group_name = var.bastion_host_resource_group_name
public ip name = var.bastion host public ip name
```

module\_location = var.bastion\_host\_module\_location



#### How to publish Modules?

Local file system

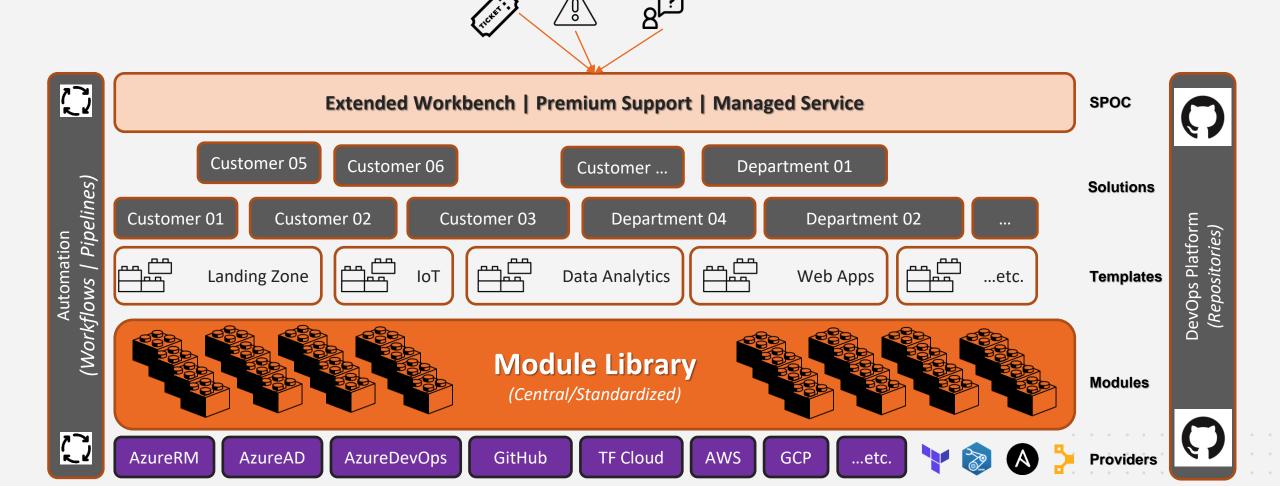
Directly from the repository

Private registry

> Public registry (→ TF Registry)

# Cloud Operating Model

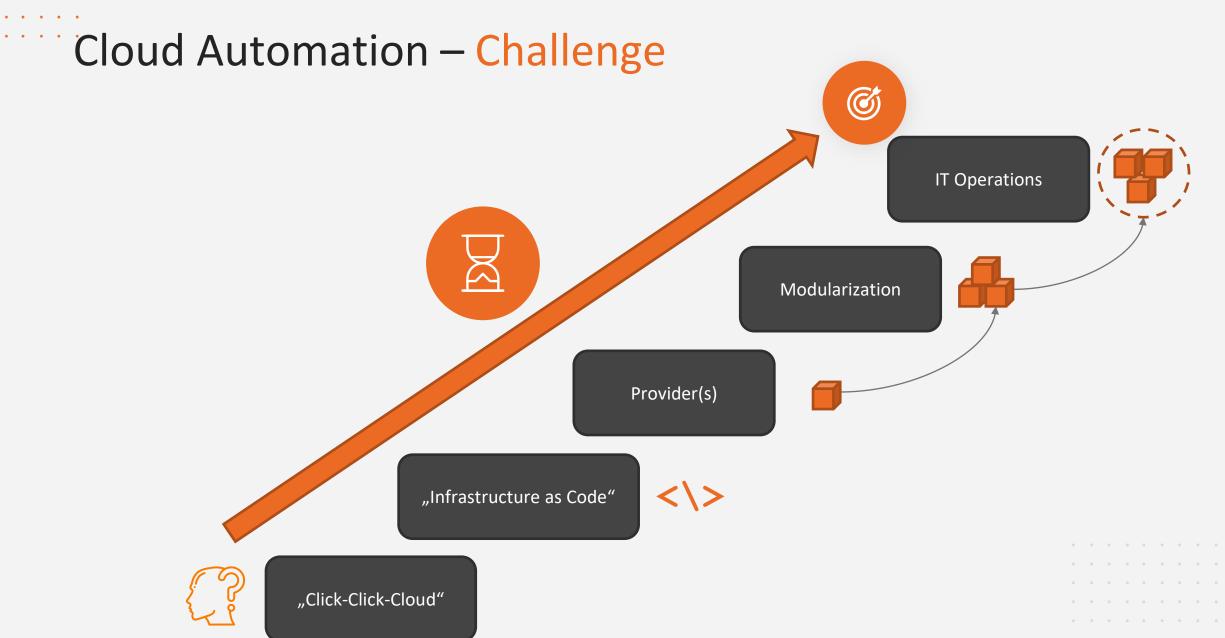
### laC - Organization (Modules & Templates)



#### Future Cloud Operationing Model

**Principal**: "You deploy it" – "You own it" "You build it" – "You run it" **Cloud Strategy** Biz-DevOps-Team Biz-DevOps-Team Biz-DevOps-Team Biz-DevOps-Team DHW, Web, IoT, AI, ... Governance Core Infrastructure (Resource Deploy) (Rules Deploy) (Application Deploy) (Application Deploy) Solution Team (Solution Code) **DevOps** (Automation) Governance **Product Team (Templates)** Platform Team (Modules) **Adoption** 

# Essentials (Summary)



#### Mind the Gap

"...In a cloud-first and increasingly automated world, infrastructure and operations (I&O) leaders must <u>rethink</u> how infrastructures are utilized and managed..."

"Strategic infrastructure **standardization**, modernization and **automation** efforts will be **critical** for successful digital transformation."

Source: Gartner (4 Predictions for I&O Leaders on the Path to Digital Infrastructure)



#### **Modularization Best-Practices**

- Establish <u>central</u> (standardized) module libraries (Registry)
- 2. Multi-Cloud Scenarios → Multi-Provider Modules
- 3. Be familiar provider docs, updates and changelogs
- 4. Keep pace with the provider **releases** ("Don't get left behind!")
- 5. Strive for feature completion & automation
- 6. Provide default values and descriptions for variables
- 7. Put code guidelines in place (naming consistency)
- 8. Use versions.tf in the module
- 9. Follow the "shit in shit out" principal (less validations)
- 10. Separate the state files into logical pieces  $\rightarrow$  6



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- 15 years in IT Consulting
- 6 years MS Development & Infrastructure
- Since 2018 Azure Governance & Infrastructure
- Application Modernization towards Azure
- Pushing IaC (Terraform) at customers

## Thank you (Q&A)



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