

# The Gameplay Abilities Module



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# Gameplay Abilities

- A Common Plugin shared by Paragon and Fortnite
- Handle gameplay mechanics + their replication and prediction

Why?



- Allow engineers to handle the network prediction and replication in C++
- Allow designers to work in blueprint to tweak mechanics easily
- Generic enough to support anything the design team comes up with
- Optimised to reduce network load

# Gameplay Abilities



Resources available:

- Sample from Epic dev Dave Ratti
  - <https://github.com/daveratti/GameplayAbilitiesSample>
- Forum post and wiki article from Kaz
  - [https://wiki.unrealengine.com/GameplayAbilities\\_and\\_You](https://wiki.unrealengine.com/GameplayAbilities_and_You)
- #gameplay-abilities-plugin channel on Unreal Slackers discord community
- Code from this talk:
  - <https://github.com/michaelchapman/MCGameplayAbilities>
- Sabre Dart Studios training:
  - <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Ev2P6BTUxN0>

# Concepts

AbilitySystemComponent

AttributeSets

GameplayTags

GameplayEffects

GameplayCues

GameplayAbilities

GameplayTasks

GameplayEvents



# Gameplay Abilities : AbilitySystemComponent

Central point for coordinating everything

Attach to any actor implementing `IAbilitySystemInterface`

```
AbilitySystem = CreateDefaultSubobject<UAbilitySystemComponent>(TEXT("AbilitySystem"));
```

On pawns after possession: `AbilitySystem->InitAbilityActorInfo(this, this);`

Relatively lightweight, attach to anything that should receive effects or activate abilities



# Gameplay Abilities : AttributeSets

**Store replicated floats wrapped in a struct**

```
UPROPERTY(Category = "Attribute", EditAnywhere, ReplicatedUsing = OnRep_Health,  
BlueprintReadWrite) FGameplayAttributeData Health;
```

```
UFUNCTION() void OnRep_Health() { GAMEPLAYATTRIBUTE_REPNOTIFY(UBaseAttributeSet,  
Health); } static FGameplayAttribute AttributeHealth();
```

**Account for temporary changes without losing base**

```
AbilitySystem->GetNumericAttribute(UBaseAttributeSet::AttributeHealth());
```

```
AbilitySystem->GetNumericAttributeBase(UBaseAttributeSet::AttributeHealth());
```

# Gameplay Abilities : AttributeSets

## Attribute Change Events



```
void PreAttributeBaseChange(const FGameplayAttribute& Attribute, float& NewValue) const;
```

```
void PreAttributeChange(const FGameplayAttribute& Attribute, float& NewValue);
```

Used to clamp values Eg. health  $\leq$  max\_health

```
void PostGameplayEffectExecute(const struct FGameplayEffectModCallbackData &Data);
```

Used to trigger actions as a result of attribute changes, eg health  $< 0 \rightarrow$  do\_ragdoll

```
bool PreGameplayEffectExecute(struct FGameplayEffectModCallbackData &Data);
```

Used to modify or discard the values passed into an effect execution.

# Gameplay Abilities : GameplayTags

If attributes are the 'float' part of describing the game state, tags are the 'bool' part. Can be applied locally and have state managed manually:

```
AbilitySystem->AddMinimalReplicationGameplayTags (InitialTags);
```

More commonly applied via effects and replicated. Can be applied multiple times and stack.

Triggers events on both client and server

```
FOnGameplayEffectTagCountChanged& LitheCallback =  
AbilitySystem->RegisterGameplayTagEvent (FGameplayTag::RequestGameplayTag (UGlobalData::Lit  
heTag), EGameplayTagEventType::AnyCountChange);  
  
LitheCallback.AddUObject (this, &ABaseCharacter::SetLithe);
```



# Gameplay Abilities : GameplayEffects

Predictively applied when done via an ability

- Can modify attributes
- Can add/remove tags
- Can be instant, have set duration, or be infinite
- Can trigger a Cue
- Can have tags itself
- Can be blocked by tags on the source or target
- Can stack, and overflow the stack
- Can trigger other effects
- Can remove other effects
- Can trigger events
- Can have a context attached to it, including a FHitResult.

The image shows the 'Gameplay Effects' configuration panel in Unreal Engine. It is divided into several sections, each with a collapse icon (a small triangle) on the left. The sections are: 'Gameplay Effect', 'Application', 'Overflow', 'Expiration', 'Display', 'Tags', 'Immunity', 'Stacking', and 'Granted Abilities'. Each section contains various settings and arrays. For example, 'Gameplay Effect' has 'Duration Policy' set to 'Instant', 'Modifiers' with 0 array elements, 'Executions' with 0 array elements, and 'Conditional Gameplay Effects' with 0 array elements. 'Application' has 'Chance to Apply to Target' set to 1.0, 'Application Requirement' with 0 array elements, and a 'None' button. 'Overflow' has 'Overflow Effects' with 0 array elements, 'Deny Overflow Application' with a checkbox, and 'Clear Stack on Overflow' with a checkbox. 'Expiration' has 'Premature Expiration Effect Classes' with 0 array elements and 'Routine Expiration Effect Classes' with 0 array elements. 'Display' has 'Require Modifier Success to Trigger Cue' checked, 'Suppress Stacking Cues' with a checkbox, 'Gameplay Cues' with 0 array elements, and 'UI Data' set to 'None'. 'Tags' has 'GameplayEffectAssetTag', 'GrantedTags', 'Ongoing Tag Requirements', 'Application Tag Requirements', and 'Remove Gameplay Effects with Tags'. 'Immunity' has 'GrantedApplicationImmunityTags' and 'Granted Application Immunity Query'. 'Stacking' has 'Stacking Type' set to 'None', 'Stack Limit Count' set to 0, 'Stack Duration Refresh Policy' set to 'Refresh on Successful Application', 'Stack Period Reset Policy' set to 'Reset on Successful Application', and 'Stack Expiration Policy' set to 'Clear Entire Stack'. 'Granted Abilities' has 'Granted Abilities' with 0 array elements.

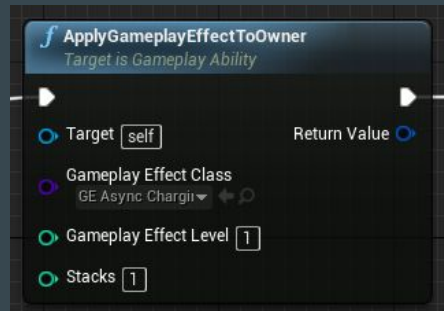
Section	Property	Value
Gameplay Effect	Duration Policy	Instant
	Modifiers	0 Array elements
	Executions	0 Array elements
	Conditional Gameplay Effects	0 Array elements
Application	Chance to Apply to Target	1.0
	Application Requirement	0 Array elements
	None	None
Overflow	Overflow Effects	0 Array elements
	Deny Overflow Application	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Clear Stack on Overflow	<input type="checkbox"/>
Expiration	Premature Expiration Effect Classes	0 Array elements
	Routine Expiration Effect Classes	0 Array elements
Display	Require Modifier Success to Trigger Cue	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
	Suppress Stacking Cues	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Gameplay Cues	0 Array elements
	UI Data	None
Tags	GameplayEffectAssetTag	
	GrantedTags	
	Ongoing Tag Requirements	
	Application Tag Requirements	
	Remove Gameplay Effects with Tags	
Immunity	GrantedApplicationImmunityTags	
	Granted Application Immunity Query	
Stacking	Stacking Type	None
	Stack Limit Count	0
	Stack Duration Refresh Policy	Refresh on Successful Application
	Stack Period Reset Policy	Reset on Successful Application
	Stack Expiration Policy	Clear Entire Stack
	Granted Abilities	0 Array elements

# Gameplay Abilities : GameplayEffects

Can be applied via an ability, or using the ASC of the target. The latter won't be predicted

- Create GameplayEffectSpec from class
- Add or Remove tags
- SetByCallerMagnitude
- Add Effect Context
- Apply Effect Spec to Self/Target

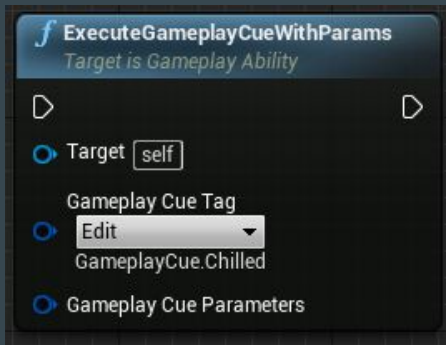
The blueprint nodes for use within abilities omit the middle 3 steps.



# Gameplay Abilities : GameplayCues

Cues encapsulate cosmetic effects

- Driven by a tag namespace 'GameplayCue'
- Can be triggered by GameplayEffects
- Can be executed by a predicting client in ability and replicated out
- Can be executed locally and not replicated

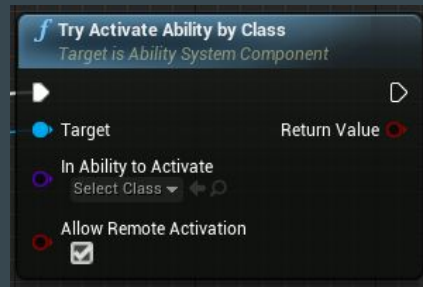


Cues hook into several events from the cue manager

- OnActive
  - Called when GameplayCue is activated.
- WhileActive
  - Called when GameplayCue is active, even if it wasn't actually just applied (Join in progress, etc)
- Executed
  - Called when a GameplayCue is executed: instant effects or periodic tick
- Removed
  - Called when GameplayCue is removed

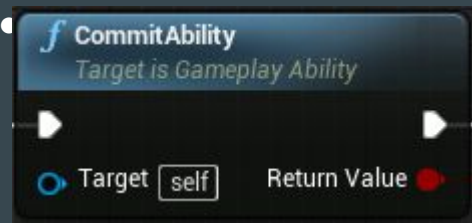
# Gameplay Abilities : GameplayAbilities

- Provide a (optionally) network-predicted way of interacting with all of these elements
- Lots of tag options:
  - Cancel other abilities
  - Block other abilities from activating
  - Require tags to activate
  - Block from activating
  - Apply to owner when activated
- Instancing:
  - Per Actor
  - Per Execution
  - Non Instanced
- Net Execution Policy
  - Local predicted
  - Local
  - Server Initiated
  - Server Only
- Cooldown effect class
- Cost Effect class

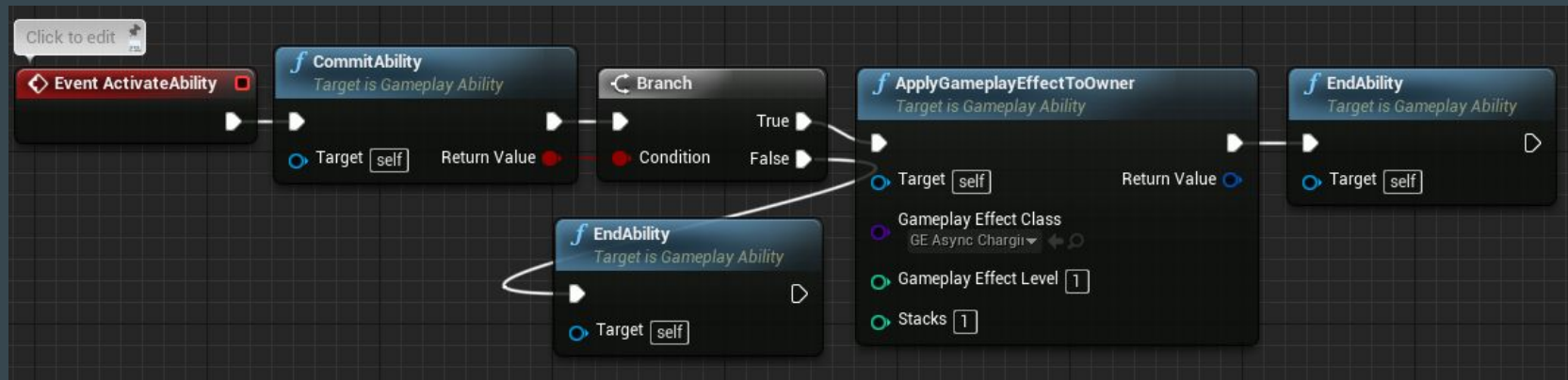


# Gameplay Abilities : GameplayAbilities

- Most player abilities will be local predicted. This will have the ability graph run on both the client and the server.
- Often there will be a WaitTargetData node at the beginning. This allows the player to visualise aiming.
- The cooldown and cost will be applied when 'CommitAbility' is used.
- All paths must lead to EndAbility, or the UGameplayAbility instance will not be cleaned up.

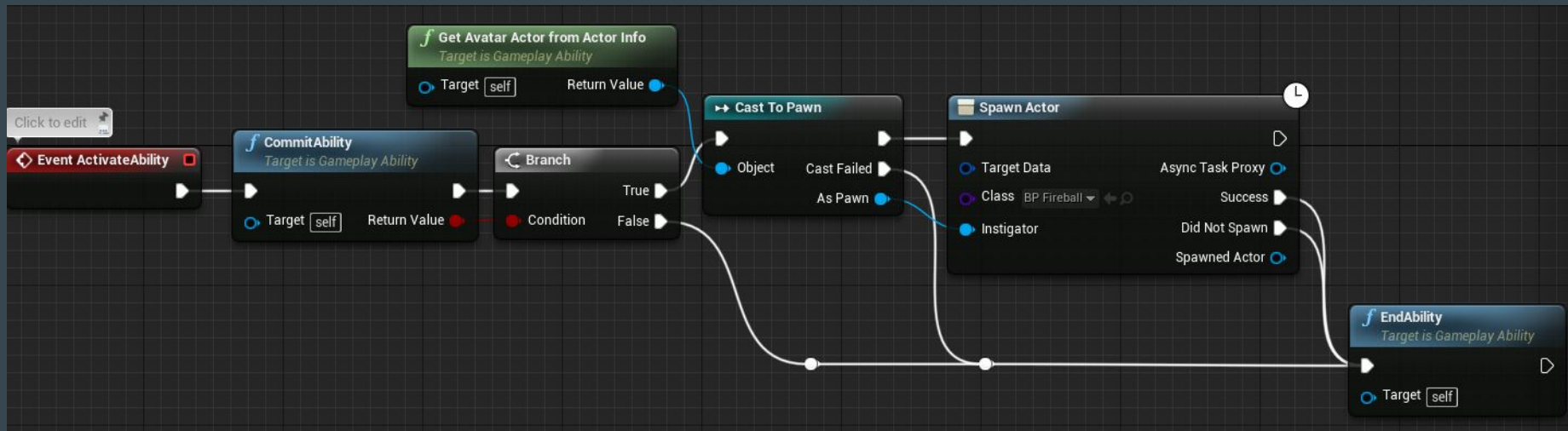


# Gameplay Abilities : GameplayAbilities



Simple ability that applies an effect to the caster

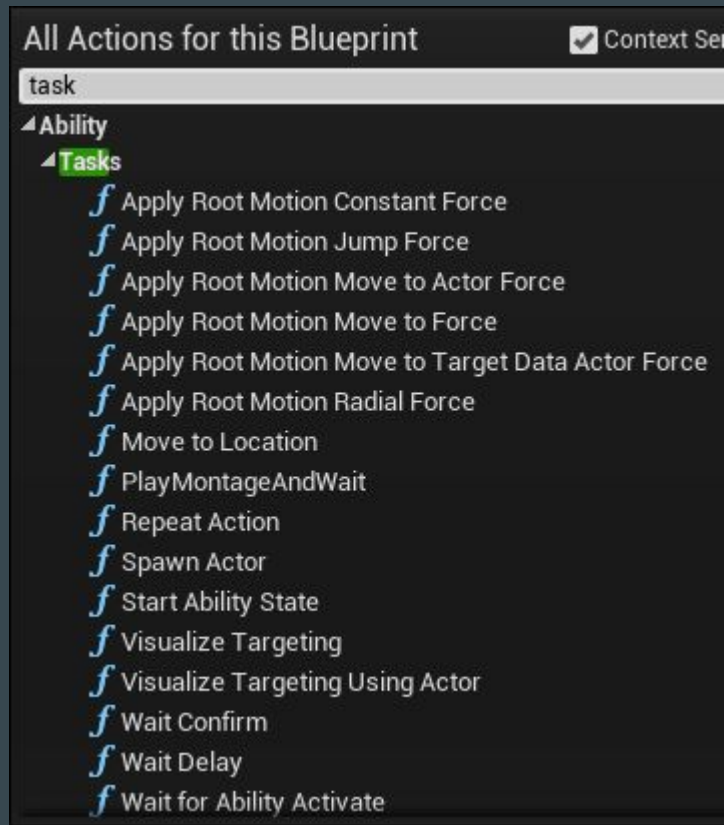
# Gameplay Abilities : GameplayAbilities



Simple ability that spawns a projectile.

# Gameplay Abilities : GameplayTasks

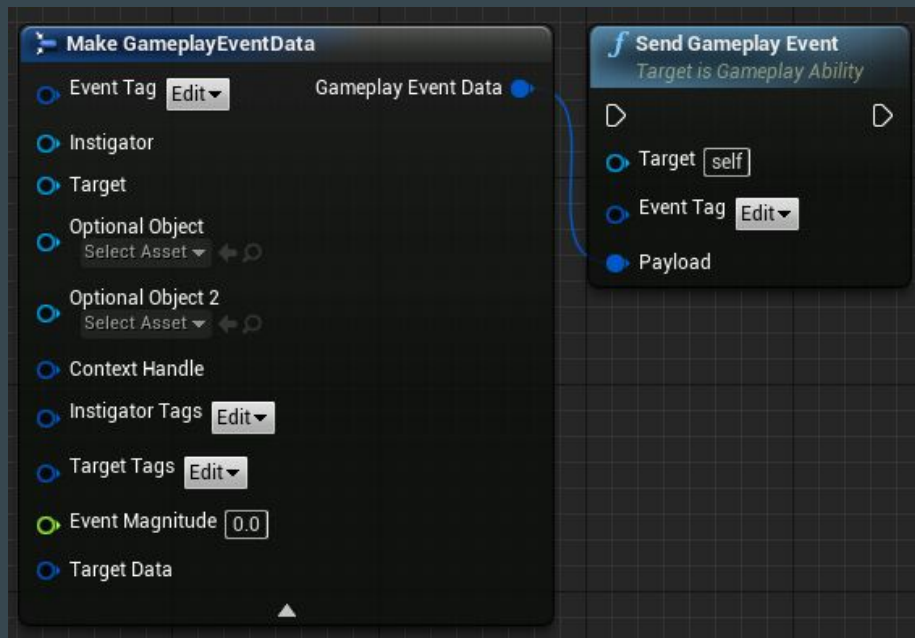
- Flexible task running framework, can be used separately from GameplayAbilities
- The GAS component inherits from the task management component
- bSimulatedTask
- bTickingTask
- AbilityTask adds some convenience pieces on top of GameplayTask
- Designer focused





# Gameplay Abilities : GameplayEvents

- Trigger things from other things.
- Associated with a tag and a UObject payload
- Trigger Abilities
- Wait for Event



# Acknowledgements

- Thanks to the many friendly folks on the discord channel:
  - @Kaz for taking the time to write everything up initially
  - @jackblue for helping me through the early stages
  - @Roy Awesome, @Dartnalla, @Boolean Fiasco and everyone else who has helped to build up the collective knowledge around this plugin.
  - Finally, best of luck to @Acren and his colleagues, who are working on Hyper-Jam down in Melbourne, which is built on the GAS.

