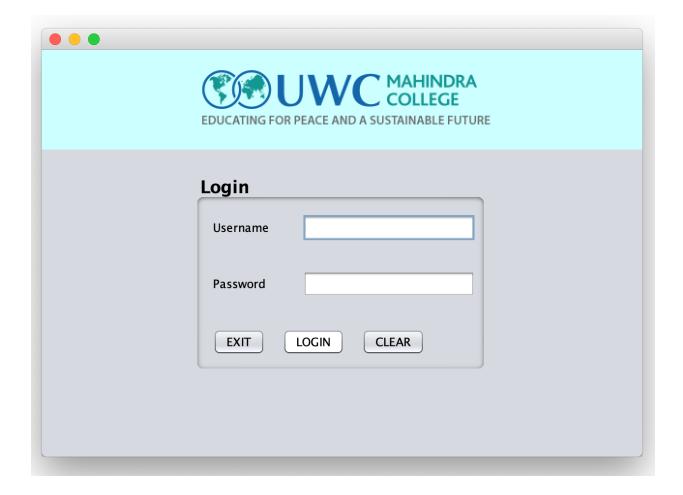
Criterion C

Techniques Used	Logical Reasoning
Use of a Relational Database Management System (RDBMS), in this case SQLite in order to handle data on the databases in the back-end.	Use of an RDBMS instead of text files was required because of the features of the RDBMS and the included security of the data in SQLite.
Use of Java Swing in Netbeans in order to make text fields to input data, password fields, buttons to execute functions, tables to show the records of the database and lastly pictures and panels.	This was done to make sure that it was easy for the user to carry out desired functions and to make it more user friendly.
Use of Object Oriented Programming with the use of constructors, objects and connection of different classes and extending classes.	OOP was used in order to avoid complication in making the code and OOP helped by making the code shorter than it would be without OOP.
Use of Encapsulation in terms of making classes private, public and also writing methods in order to call them back in another class	One way that encapsulation helped was when one variable was called multiple times in different classes but it did not create an interruption. Moreover, one method for connection of the project on Netbeans to SQLite has been called multiple times across all the classes.
Using various java libraries such as javax mail, itext and mysql connector.	To establish connection with SQLite database, to send emails using the SMTP server on gmail and lastly to generate pdf reports outside the program itself
Use of DB Browser for SQLite	DB Browser for SQLite was a separate application that had to be downloaded and used in order to manage the databases in SQLite. Setting parameters, datatypes and etc were done on DB Browser for SQLite.
Use of try-catch blocks	This was to make sure that parts of the program for example the check for login credentials could handle errors.

Techniques Used	Logical Reasoning
Use "finally" try-catch blocks in order to close queries which were establishing connections to the database	This try-catch block is used to stop the previous query from accessing the database in order for the next query to be able to access the database.

Login Screen



This method matches the input credentials in the connected database table which is called User Details. If the credentials input are correct then the user is shown a JOptionPane with a message saying, 'Welcome to Reprographics' to confirm that the user is logged in. If the credentials are not correct then the JOptionPane shows the message, 'Access Denied'.

Reprographics Main Menu



```
private void Printing_Photocopy_menuActionPerformed(java.awt.event.ActionEvent evt) {
Printing_and_Photocopy a =new Printing_and_Photocopy();
a.setVisible(true);
private void inventory_menuActionPerformed(java.awt.event.ActionEvent evt) {
Inventory a =new Inventory();
a.setVisible(true);
close();
private void issuing_history_menuActionPerformed(java.awt.event.ActionEvent evt) {
   Issuing_History a =new Issuing_History();
   a.setVisible(true);
private void User_detailsActionPerformed(java.awt.event.ActionEvent evt) {
UserDetails a =new UserDetails();
a.setVisible(true);
close();
private void cmd_exitActionPerformed(java.awt.event.ActionEvent evt) {
    System.exit(0);
    vate void cmd_logoutActionPerformed(java.awt.event.ActionEvent evt) {
Loginpage a =new Loginpage();
close();// TODO add your handling code here:
private void jButton1ActionPerformed(java.awt.event.ActionEvent evt) {
Courier a =new Courier();
a.setVisible(true);
close();// TODO add your handling code here:
```

The code above is for each of the buttons on the menu screen which leads to different screens. Each of this button has the links set with the respective screens. Other than the buttons used to access the screens, there is a button which exits the program and another button to log out which takes the user back to the login page.

Inventory



This is the code used for the Update button. After the user edits a record on the JTextfields next to the JTable, they should press this button in order to save the changes made to the record on the database on SQLite. This same code has been used on other classes such as in Printing and Photocopy, Issuing History, User Details and Courier except they are connected to seperate databases on SQLite.

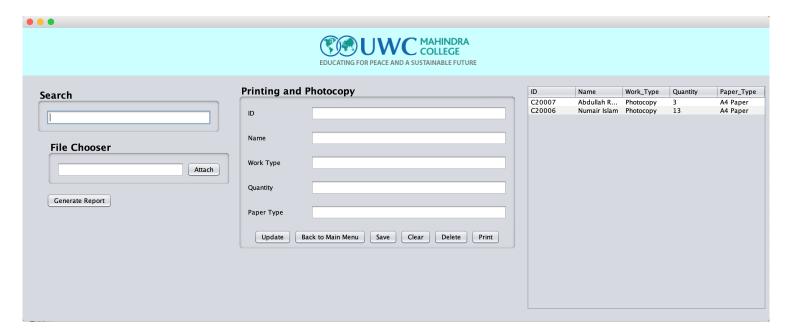
```
roid Table_inventoryMouseClicked(java.awt.event.MouseEvent evt) {
try{
int row =
                          ory.getSelectedRow();
String Table_click= (Tab
                                   ventory.getModel().getValueAt(row, 0).toString());
String sql ="select * from Inventory where ID_Number='"+Table_click+"'";
psi=conn.prepareStatement(sql);
  s=pst.executeQuery();
 f(rs.next()){
String add1=rs.getString("ID_Number");
txt product_id.setText(add1);
String add2=rs.getString("Item_Name");
txt_item_name.setText(add2);
String add3=rs.getString("Type
                 em.setText(add3);
String add4=rs.getString("Units_In_Inventory");
                    ntory.setText(add4);
catch(Exception e){
JOptionPane.showMessageDialog(null, e);
   finally{
       rs.close();
       pst.close();
     catch(Exception e){
```

This is the code for the records of the database to be displayed on the table to show on the JTextFields every time the user clicks a particular record.

```
.d backActionPerformed(java.awt.event.ActionEvent evt) {
Reprographicsdata a =new Reprographicsdata();
a.setVisible(true);
close();// TODO add your handling code here:
private void cmd_saveActionPerformed(java.awt.event.ActionEvent evt) {
    {
String sql= "Insert into Inventory (ID_Number,Item_Name,Type_of_Item,Units_In_Inventory) values (?,?,?,?)";
pst=conn.prepareStatement(sql);
pst.setString(1, txt_product_io.getText());
pst.setString(2, txt_item_name.getText());
pst.setString(3, txt_type_of_item.getText());
pst.setString(4, txt_units_in_inventory.getText());
        t.execute():
    JOptionPane.showMessageDialog(null, "Saved");
catch(Exception e){
    JOptionPane.showMessageDialog(null, e);
Update_table();
private void cmd_deleteActionPerformed(java.awt.event.ActionEvent evt) {
String sql= "delete from Inventory where ID_Number=?";
            onn.prepareStatement(sql);
        t.setString(1, txt_product_id.getText());
        .execute();
     JOptionPane.showMessageDialog(null, "Deleted");
catch(Exception e){
          JOptionPane.showMessageDialog(null, e);
Update_table();
```

The code above is for the user to save a new record input in the JTextFields and for the user to delete a whole record after selecting it on the JTable.

Printing and Photocopy



The code above is the code to display the records of the database on the JTextfields right beside the JTable.

```
pid txt_searchKeyReleased(java.awt.event.KeyEvent evt) {
      String sql= "select * from Printing_and_Photocopy where Name=?";
pst=conn.prepareStatement(sql);
        st.setString(1,
                                   ch.getText());
          ost.executeQuery();
      if(rs.next()){
          String add1=rs.getString("ID");
                 .setText(add1);
          String add2=rs.getString("Name");
txt_name.setText(add2);
           String add3=rs.getString("Work_Type");
                        e.setText(add3);
          String add4=rs.getString("Quantity");
txt_quantity.setText(add4);
           String add5=rs.getString("Paper_Type");
                             per.setText(add5);
  catch(Exception e){
     JOptionPane.showMessageDialog(null, e);
 }finally{
    try{
            s.close();
           pst.close();
      catch(Exception e){
    String sql= "select * from Printing_and_Photocopy where ID=?";
           nn.prepareStatement(sql);
      st.setString(1,
                                 ch.getText());
      s=pst.executeQuery();
    if(rs.next()){
        String add1=rs.getString("ID");
               .setText(add1);
        String add2=rs.getString("Name");
txt_name.setText(add2);
        String add3=rs.getString("Work_Type");
                      pe.setText(add3);
        String add4=rs.getString("Quantity");
txt_quantity.setText(add4);
        String add5=rs.getString("Paper_Type");
                             er.setText(add5);
catch(Exception e){
   JOptionPane.showMessageDialog(null, e);
        pst.close();
    catch(Exception e){
```

```
String sql= "select * from Printing_and_Photocopy where Work_Type=?";
pst=conn.prepareStatement(sql);
pst.setString(1, txt_search.getText());
      if(rs.next()){
   String add1=rs.getString("ID");
   txt_id.setText(add1);
            String add2=rs.getString("Name");
                      me.setText(add2);
           String add3=rs.getString("Work_Type");
txt_work_type.setText(add3);
String add4=rs.getString("Quantity");
                           ty.setText(add4);
           String add5=rs.getString("Paper_Type");
txt_choice_of_paper.setText(add5);
catch(Exception e){
     JOptionPane.showMessageDialog(null, e);
}finally{
   try{
             s.close();
             pst.close();
      catch(Exception e){
     String sql= "select * from Printing_and_Photocopy where Paper_Type=?";
                 n.prepareStatement(sql);
                                      earch.getText());
        st.setString(1,
     ist.executeQuery();
if(rs.next()){
    String addl=rs.getString("ID");
    txt_id.setText(addl);
    String addl
           String add2=rs.getString("Name");
txt_name.setText(add2);
           String add3=rs.getString("Work_Type");
           txt_work_type.setText(add3);
String add4=rs.getString("Quantity");
           txt_quantity.setText(add4);
String add5=rs.getString("Paper_Type");
xt_choice_si
                 _choice_of_paper.setText(add5);
     }
catch(Exception e){
     JOptionPane.showMessageDialog(null, e);
             rs.close();
            pst.close();
      catch(Exception e){
```

The code above is for the search bar. Whenever any data from any of the columns of the records are typed into the search bar, the records matching with the information on the database appears on all of the JTextFields. This code has also been used in all the other classes in order to make search functional, but the different classes are connected to separate databases.

Issuing History

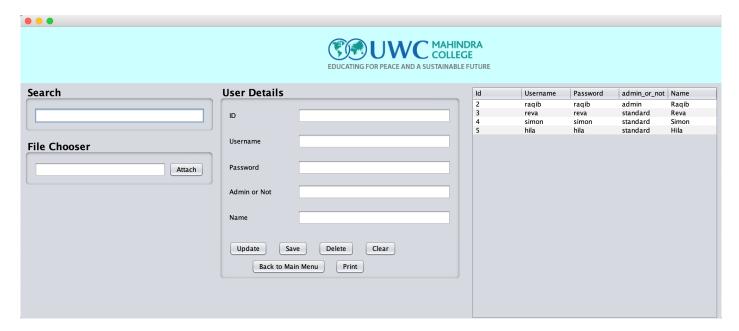


This is the screen for the Issuing History

```
private void cmd_updateActionPerformed(java.awt.event.ActionEvent evt) {
    try{
        String value1 = txt_id.getText();
        String value2 = txt_name.getText();
        String value3 = txt_issueditem.getText();
        String value4 = txt_quantityissued.getText();
        String value5 = txt_email.getText();
        String sql= "update Issuing History set ID='"+value1+"' ,Name='"+value2+"' ,Issued_Item='"+value3+"' ,Quantity_Issued='"+value4+"' ,Email='"+value5+"' wlipst=conn.prepareStatement(sql);
        pst_execute();
        JOptionPane.showMessageDialog(null, "Updated");
    }
    catch(Exception e){
        JOptionPane.showMessageDialog(null, e);
    }
    Update_table();
}
```

This is the code for the system to update the information on the database with the information input into the JTextFields by the user. This code has been reused in the different classes including Printing and Photocopy, User Details, Inventory and Courier.

User Details



This is the user interface for an authorized user to alter the details and credentials of other users.

```
private void cmd_printActionPerformed(java.awt.event.ActionEvent evt) {
    MessageFormat header= new MessageFormat("User Details Report");
    MessageFormat footer= new MessageFormat("Page{0, number, integer}");
    try{
        Table_UserDetails.print(JTable.PrintMode.NORMAL, header, footer);
    }
    catch(java.awt.print.PrinterException e) {
        System.err.format("Cannot print", e.getMessage());
    }
}
```

This is the code used to print a selected record on the database for example, if a user wants to print their credentials. The same code is used in the other classes in order to enable the user to print records.

Courier



This is the user interface for the Courier page which is used to record the data of the couriers coming in and then automatically send emails to the person's email.

This is the code used to send automated emails to the email address of the people who had couriers come into the Reprographics department.