

Introdução à Álgebra Linear

8,5
 muito bem

Lista 5

Turma 02 A

Grupo 22

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b) Escalar $n \times n$ $\left| \begin{array}{l} \begin{bmatrix} x & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & x & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & x \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} y & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & y & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & y \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} w & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & w & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & w \end{bmatrix} \in V, a, b \in \mathbb{R} \end{array} \right.$

$$\begin{bmatrix} x & 0 \\ 0 & y \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} y & 0 \\ 0 & y \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} x+y & 0+0 \\ 0+0 & x+y \end{bmatrix} \in V \quad \left\{ a \begin{bmatrix} x & 0 \\ 0 & x \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} a \cdot x & a \cdot 0 \\ a \cdot 0 & a \cdot x \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} a \cdot x & 0 \\ 0 & a \cdot x \end{bmatrix} \in V \right.$$

$$1) \left(\begin{bmatrix} x & 0 \\ 0 & x \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} y & 0 \\ 0 & y \end{bmatrix} \right) + \begin{bmatrix} w & 0 \\ 0 & w \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} x & 0 \\ 0 & x \end{bmatrix} + \left(\begin{bmatrix} y & 0 \\ 0 & y \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} w & 0 \\ 0 & w \end{bmatrix} \right) \checkmark$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} x+y & 0 \\ 0 & x+y \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} w & 0 \\ 0 & w \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} x & 0 \\ 0 & x \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} y+w & 0 \\ 0 & y+w \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} x+y+w & 0 \\ 0 & x+y+w \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} x+y+w & 0 \\ 0 & x+y+w \end{bmatrix}$$

$$2) \begin{bmatrix} x & 0 \\ 0 & y \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} y & 0 \\ 0 & y \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} y & 0 \\ 0 & y \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} x & 0 \\ 0 & x \end{bmatrix} \quad 3) \begin{bmatrix} x & 0 \\ 0 & x \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} x & 0 \\ 0 & x \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} x+x & 0+0 \\ 0+0 & x+x \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 2x & 0 \\ 0 & 2x \end{bmatrix} \checkmark$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} x+y & 0 \\ 0 & x+y \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} y+x & 0 \\ 0 & y+x \end{bmatrix} \quad 4) \begin{bmatrix} x & 0 \\ 0 & x \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} -x & 0 \\ 0 & -x \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} x-x & 0+0 \\ 0+0 & x-x \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} = \vec{0} \checkmark$$

$$5) (a \cdot b) \cdot \begin{bmatrix} x & 0 \\ 0 & x \end{bmatrix} = a \cdot (b \cdot \begin{bmatrix} x & 0 \\ 0 & x \end{bmatrix}) \quad 6) (a+b) \begin{bmatrix} x & 0 \\ 0 & x \end{bmatrix} = a \cdot \begin{bmatrix} x & 0 \\ 0 & x \end{bmatrix} + b \cdot \begin{bmatrix} x & 0 \\ 0 & x \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} ab \cdot x & ab \cdot 0 \\ ab \cdot 0 & ab \cdot x \end{bmatrix} = a \cdot \begin{bmatrix} b \cdot x & b \cdot 0 \\ b \cdot 0 & b \cdot x \end{bmatrix} \quad \begin{bmatrix} (a+b) \cdot x & (a+b) \cdot 0 \\ (a+b) \cdot 0 & (a+b) \cdot x \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} a \cdot x & a \cdot 0 \\ a \cdot 0 & a \cdot x \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} b \cdot x & b \cdot 0 \\ b \cdot 0 & b \cdot x \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} ab \cdot x & 0 \\ 0 & ab \cdot x \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} a \cdot b \cdot x & 0 \\ 0 & a \cdot b \cdot x \end{bmatrix} \checkmark \quad \begin{bmatrix} a+b \cdot x & 0 \\ 0 & a+b \cdot x \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} a \cdot x + b \cdot x & 0+0 \\ 0+0 & a \cdot x + b \cdot x \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} (a+b) \cdot x & 0 \\ 0 & (a+b) \cdot x \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} x \cdot (a+b) & 0 \\ 0 & x \cdot (a+b) \end{bmatrix}$$

$$8) 3 \cdot \begin{bmatrix} x & 0 \\ 0 & x \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 3 \cdot x & 3 \cdot 0 \\ 3 \cdot 0 & 3 \cdot x \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 3x & 0 \\ 0 & 3x \end{bmatrix} \checkmark$$

$$7) a \left(\begin{bmatrix} x & 0 \\ 0 & x \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} y & 0 \\ 0 & y \end{bmatrix} \right) = a \cdot \begin{bmatrix} x & 0 \\ 0 & x \end{bmatrix} + a \cdot \begin{bmatrix} y & 0 \\ 0 & y \end{bmatrix}$$

$$a \left(\begin{bmatrix} x+y & 0+0 \\ 0+0 & x+y \end{bmatrix} \right) = \begin{bmatrix} a \cdot x & a \cdot 0 \\ a \cdot 0 & a \cdot x \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} a \cdot y & a \cdot 0 \\ a \cdot 0 & a \cdot y \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} a \cdot (x+y) & a \cdot 0 \\ a \cdot 0 & a \cdot (x+y) \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} a \cdot x + a \cdot y & 0+0 \\ 0+0 & a \cdot x + a \cdot y \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} a \cdot x + a \cdot y & 0 \\ 0 & a \cdot x + a \cdot y \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} a \cdot x + a \cdot y & 0 \\ 0 & a \cdot x + a \cdot y \end{bmatrix} \checkmark$$

BASE = $\left\{ \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \right\}$

dimensão = 1



Sim

c) $\left\{ \begin{bmatrix} a & a+b \\ a & b \end{bmatrix} : a, b \in \mathbb{R} \right\}$ $\gamma \in \beta \in \mathbb{R}$ (constantes)

$$a=0 \wedge b=0 \rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \in V \quad \begin{matrix} \checkmark \\ \in \mathbb{R} \end{matrix} \quad \left[\begin{bmatrix} a & a+b \\ a & b \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} c & c+d \\ c & d \end{bmatrix} \right] \begin{matrix} \checkmark \\ \in \mathbb{R} \end{matrix} \quad \gamma \cdot \begin{bmatrix} a & a+b \\ a & b \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} a+c & a+b+c+d \\ a+c & b+d \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \gamma a & \gamma(a+b) \\ \gamma a & \gamma b \end{bmatrix} \begin{matrix} \checkmark \\ \in \mathbb{R} \end{matrix}$$

1) $\left(\begin{bmatrix} a & a+b \\ a & b \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} c & c+d \\ c & d \end{bmatrix} \right) + \begin{bmatrix} e & e+f \\ e & f \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} a & a+b \\ a & b \end{bmatrix} + \left(\begin{bmatrix} c & c+d \\ c & d \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} e & e+f \\ e & f \end{bmatrix} \right)$

$$\begin{bmatrix} a+c & a+b+c+d \\ a+c & b+d \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} e & e+f \\ e & f \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} a & a+b \\ a & b \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} c+e & c+d+e+f \\ c+e & d+f \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} a+c+e & a+b+c+d+e+f \\ a+c+e & b+d+f \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} a+c+e & a+b+c+d+e+f \\ a+c+e & b+d+f \end{bmatrix} \in \mathbb{R}$$

2) $\begin{bmatrix} a & a+b \\ a & b \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} c & c+d \\ c & d \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} c & c+d \\ c & d \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} a & a+b \\ a & b \end{bmatrix} \checkmark$

$$\begin{bmatrix} a+c & a+b+c+d \\ a+c & b+d \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} c+a & c+d+a+b \\ c+a & d+b \end{bmatrix} \in \mathbb{R}$$

3) $\begin{bmatrix} a & a+b \\ a & b \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} a+0 & a+b+0 \\ a+0 & b+0 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} a & a+b \\ a & b \end{bmatrix} \checkmark$

4) $\begin{bmatrix} a & a+b \\ a & b \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} -a & -(a+b) \\ -a & -b \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} a-a & a+b-(a+b) \\ a-a & b-b \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} = \vec{0}$

5) $(\alpha \cdot \beta) \cdot \begin{bmatrix} a & a+b \\ a & b \end{bmatrix} = \alpha \cdot \left(\beta \cdot \begin{bmatrix} a & a+b \\ a & b \end{bmatrix} \right)$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \alpha \cdot \beta a & \alpha \cdot \beta(a+b) \\ \alpha \cdot \beta a & \alpha \cdot \beta b \end{bmatrix} = \alpha \cdot \begin{bmatrix} \beta a & \beta(a+b) \\ \beta a & \beta b \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \alpha \cdot \beta a & \alpha \cdot \beta(a+b) \\ \alpha \cdot \beta a & \alpha \cdot \beta b \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \alpha \cdot \beta a & \alpha \cdot \beta(a+b) \\ \alpha \cdot \beta a & \alpha \cdot \beta b \end{bmatrix}$$

6) $(\alpha + \beta) \begin{bmatrix} a & a+b \\ a & b \end{bmatrix} = \alpha \begin{bmatrix} a & a+b \\ a & b \end{bmatrix} + \beta \begin{bmatrix} a & a+b \\ a & b \end{bmatrix} \checkmark$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \alpha a + \beta a & \alpha a + \alpha b + \beta a + \beta b \\ \alpha a + \beta a & \alpha a + \beta b \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \alpha a & \alpha(a+b) \\ \alpha a & \alpha b \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} \beta a & \beta(a+b) \\ \beta a & \beta b \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \alpha a + \beta a & \alpha a + \alpha b + \beta a + \beta b \\ \alpha a + \beta a & \alpha a + \beta b \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \alpha a + \beta a & \alpha(a+b) + \beta(a+b) \\ \alpha a + \beta a & \alpha a + \beta b \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \alpha a + \beta a & \alpha a + \alpha b + \beta a + \beta b \\ \alpha a + \beta a & \alpha a + \beta b \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \alpha a + \beta a & \alpha a + \alpha b + \beta a + \beta b \\ \alpha a + \beta a & \alpha a + \beta b \end{bmatrix}$$

7) $\alpha \left(\begin{bmatrix} a & a+b \\ a & b \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} c & c+d \\ c & d \end{bmatrix} \right) = \alpha \begin{bmatrix} a & a+b \\ a & b \end{bmatrix} + \alpha \begin{bmatrix} c & c+d \\ c & d \end{bmatrix}$

8) $\alpha \cdot \begin{bmatrix} a & a+b \\ a & b \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \alpha \cdot a & \alpha \cdot a + \alpha \cdot b \\ \alpha \cdot a & \alpha \cdot b \end{bmatrix}$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} \alpha a & \alpha a + \alpha b \\ \alpha a & \alpha b \end{bmatrix} \checkmark$$

$$\alpha \begin{bmatrix} a+c & a+b+c+d \\ a+c & a+b \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \alpha a & \alpha a + \alpha b \\ \alpha a & \alpha b \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} \alpha c & \alpha c + \alpha d \\ \alpha c & \alpha d \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \alpha a + \alpha c & \alpha a + \alpha b + \alpha c + \alpha d \\ \alpha a + \alpha c & \alpha a + \alpha b \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \alpha a + \alpha c & \alpha a + \alpha b + \alpha c + \alpha d \\ \alpha a + \alpha c & \alpha a + \alpha b \end{bmatrix}$$

SIM

Base

$$\begin{bmatrix} a & a+b & | & 0 \\ a & a & | & 0 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{R_1 \leftarrow R_1 - R_2} \begin{bmatrix} 0 & b & | & 0 \\ a & a & | & 0 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{R_2 \leftarrow \frac{1}{a} R_2} \begin{bmatrix} 0 & b & | & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & | & 0 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{R_1 \leftarrow \frac{1}{b} R_1} \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & | & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & | & 0 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{R_2 \leftarrow R_2 - R_1} \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & | & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & | & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$R_1 \leftarrow \frac{1}{b} R_1$$

$$R_2 \leftarrow \frac{1}{a} R_2$$

$$\left\{ \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \right\}$$

dimensão = 2



d) $V = \{(a, a, \dots, a) \in \mathbb{R}^n : a \in \mathbb{R}\}$ $\alpha, \beta \in \mathbb{R} \text{ (constant)}$

$$a=0 \Rightarrow \vec{0} \quad \left| \begin{array}{l} (a, \dots, a) + (b, \dots, b) = (a+b, \dots, a+b) \\ \in \mathbb{R} \end{array} \right| \quad \alpha(a, \dots, a) = (\alpha a, \dots, \alpha a) \checkmark$$

$$\begin{aligned} ① \quad & ((a, \dots, a) + (b, \dots, b)) + (c, \dots, c) = (a, \dots, a) + ((b, \dots, b) + (c, \dots, c)) \\ & (a+b, \dots, a+b) + (c, \dots, c) = (a, \dots, a) + (b+c, \dots, b+c) \\ & (a+b+c, \dots, a+b+c) = (a+b+c, \dots, a+b+c) \checkmark \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} ② \quad & (a, \dots, a) + (b, \dots, b) = (b, \dots, b) + (a, \dots, a) \\ & (a+b, \dots, a+b) = (b+a, \dots, b+a) \checkmark \end{aligned}$$

$$③ \quad (0, \dots, 0) + (a, \dots, a) = (a+0, \dots, a+0) = (a, \dots, a) \checkmark$$

$$④ \quad (a, \dots, a) + (-a, \dots, -a) = (a-a, \dots, a-a) = (0, \dots, 0) = \vec{0} \checkmark$$

$$\begin{aligned} ⑤ \quad & (\alpha \cdot \beta) \cdot (a, \dots, a) = \alpha (\beta(a, \dots, a)) \\ & (\alpha \cdot \beta \cdot a, \dots, \alpha \cdot \beta \cdot a) = \alpha (\beta a, \dots, \beta a) \\ & (\alpha \cdot \beta \cdot a, \dots, \alpha \cdot \beta \cdot a) = (\alpha \cdot \beta a, \dots, \alpha \cdot \beta a) \checkmark \end{aligned}$$

$$⑧ \quad 1 \cdot (a, \dots, a) = (1 \cdot a, \dots, 1 \cdot a) = (a, \dots, a) \checkmark$$

$$\begin{aligned} ⑥ \quad & (\alpha + \beta) \cdot (a, \dots, a) = \alpha(a, \dots, a) + \beta(a, \dots, a) \\ & (\alpha a + \beta a, \dots, \alpha a + \beta a) = (\alpha a, \dots, \alpha a) + (\beta a, \dots, \beta a) \\ & (\alpha a + \beta a, \dots, \alpha a + \beta a) = (\alpha a + \beta a, \dots, \alpha a + \beta a) \checkmark \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} ⑦ \quad & \alpha((a, \dots, a) + (b, \dots, b)) = \alpha(a, \dots, a) + \alpha(b, \dots, b) \\ & \alpha(a+b, \dots, a+b) = (\alpha a, \dots, \alpha a) + (\alpha b, \dots, \alpha b) \\ & (\alpha a + \alpha b, \dots, \alpha a + \alpha b) = (\alpha a + \alpha b, \dots, \alpha a + \alpha b) \checkmark \end{aligned}$$

SIM

BASE

$$\begin{aligned} & (a, \dots, a) \\ & a(1, \dots, 1) \\ & \therefore \{1, 1, \dots, 1\} \end{aligned}$$

dimensão = 1

e) $\{(1, a, b) : a, b \in \mathbb{R}\}$

$$\checkmark \quad a=0, b=0 \Rightarrow (1, 0, 0) \notin \vec{0}$$

f) A reta $\{(x, x+3) : x \in \mathbb{R}\}$

$$x=0 \Rightarrow (0, 3) \notin \vec{0}$$

NÃO

NÃO

$$g) \{(a, 2a, 3a) : a \in \mathbb{R}\} \quad \left| \begin{array}{l} a=0 \Rightarrow (0, 0, 0) = \vec{0} \\ (a, 2a, 3a) + (b, 2b, 3b) = (a+b, 2a+2b, 3a+3b) \in \mathbb{R} \\ (\alpha a, 2\alpha a, 3\alpha a) = \alpha(a, 2a, 3a) \end{array} \right|$$

1)

$$\begin{aligned} & ((a, 2a, 3a) + (b, 2b, 3b)) + (c, 2c, 3c) = (a, 2a, 3a) + ((b, 2b, 3b) + (c, 2c, 3c)) \\ & (a+b, 2a+2b, 3a+3b) + (c, 2c, 3c) = (a, 2a, 3a) + (b+c, 2b+2c, 3b+3c) \\ & (a+b+c, 2a+2b+2c, 3a+3b+3c) = (a+b+c, 2a+2b+2c, 3a+3b+3c) \checkmark \end{aligned}$$

2)

$$\begin{aligned} & (a, 2a, 3a) + (b, 2b, 3b) = (b, 2b, 3b) + (a, 2a, 3a) \\ & (a+b, 2a+2b, 3a+3b) = (b+a, 2b+2a, 3b+3a) \\ & = (a+b, 2a+2b, 3a+3b) \checkmark \end{aligned}$$

4)

$$(a, 2a, 3a) + (-a, -2a, -3a) = (a-a, 2a-2a, 3a-3a) = (0, 0, 0) = \vec{0} \checkmark$$

5)

$$\begin{aligned} & (\alpha \cdot \beta)(a, 2a, 3a) = \alpha(\beta(a, 2a, 3a)) \\ & (\alpha \cdot \beta a, \alpha \cdot \beta 2a, \alpha \cdot \beta 3a) = \alpha(\beta a, \beta 2a, \beta 3a) \\ & = (\alpha \beta a, \alpha \beta 2a, \alpha \beta 3a) \checkmark \end{aligned}$$

6)

$$\begin{aligned} & (\alpha + \beta)(a, 2a, 3a) = \alpha(a, 2a, 3a) + \beta(a, 2a, 3a) \\ & (\alpha a + \beta a, \alpha 2a + \beta 2a, \alpha 3a + \beta 3a) = (\alpha a, \alpha 2a, \alpha 3a) + (\beta a, \beta 2a, \beta 3a) \\ & = (\alpha a + \beta a, \alpha 2a + \beta 2a, \alpha 3a + \beta 3a) \checkmark \end{aligned}$$

7)

$$\begin{aligned} & \alpha((a, 2a, 3a) + (b, 2b, 3b)) = \alpha(a, 2a, 3a) + \alpha(b, 2b, 3b) \\ & \alpha(a+b, 2a+2b, 3a+3b) = (\alpha a, \alpha 2a, \alpha 3a) + (\alpha b, \alpha 2b, \alpha 3b) \\ & (\alpha a + \alpha b, \alpha 2a + \alpha 2b, \alpha 3a + \alpha 3b) = (\alpha a + \alpha b, \alpha 2a + \alpha 2b, \alpha 3a + \alpha 3b) \checkmark \end{aligned}$$

8)

$$\begin{aligned} & 1 \cdot (a, 2a, 3a) = \\ & (1a, 1 \cdot 2a, 1 \cdot 3a) = \\ & (a, 2a, 3a) \checkmark \end{aligned}$$

SIM

Base

$$(a, 2a, 3a) \Rightarrow a(1, 2, 3) \therefore$$

$$\hookrightarrow \{(1, 2, 3)\} \text{ dimensão} = 1$$



QUESTÃO 9)

$$9 \rightarrow \vec{v}_1 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \quad \vec{v}_2 = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \quad \vec{v}_3 = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$v_4 = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$



$$i) a \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} + b \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} + c \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} + d \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} =$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \text{ então } \begin{bmatrix} a & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 & b \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ c & 0 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & d \end{bmatrix} =$$

$$\text{então } \begin{bmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \text{ então } \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\{v_1, v_2, v_3, v_4\} \text{ LI} \quad \begin{matrix} a=0 & b=0 \\ c=0 & d=0 \end{matrix}$$

(ii) []

$$ii) a \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} + b \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} + c \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} + d \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} x & y \\ z & w \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} a & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 & b \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ c & 0 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & d \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} x & y \\ z & w \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} x & y \\ z & w \end{bmatrix} \quad \{v_1, v_2, v_3, v_4\} \text{ gera } \mathbb{R}^4$$

$\{v_1, v_2, v_3, v_4\}$ são base para \mathbb{R}^4

QUESTÃO 11)

11-7

$$B = \{(1, 1, 1), (-1, 1, 0), (1, 0, -1)\}$$

$$x_A = (2, 0, 10) \text{ } x_B ?$$

$$x_B = m x_A \quad m = B^{-1} x_A$$

$$B = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \quad B^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} 1/3 & 1/3 & -7/3 \\ -1/3 & 2/3 & -5/3 \\ 1/3 & 1/3 & 2/3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\left[\begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & -1 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & -1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right] \sim \left[\begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & -1 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 1 & -1 \\ 1 & 0 & -1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right]$$

$\Delta_2 = \Delta_2 - \Delta_3$ $\Delta_1 = \Delta_1 + \Delta_2$

$$\left[\begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 0 & 2 & 1 & 1 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 1 & -1 \\ 1 & 0 & -1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right] \sim \left[\begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 0 & 2 & 1 & 1 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 1 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & -3 & 1 & 1 & -2 \end{array} \right]$$

$\Delta_3 = \Delta_3 - \Delta_1$ $\Delta_3 = \Delta_3 \cdot (-\frac{1}{3})$

$$\left[\begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 0 & 2 & 1 & 1 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 1 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1/3 & 1/3 & 2/3 \end{array} \right] \sim \left[\begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 0 & 2 & 1 & 1 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 2/3 & 2/3 & -5/3 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1/3 & 1/3 & 2/3 \end{array} \right]$$

$\Delta_2 = \Delta_2 - \Delta_3$ $\Delta_1 = \Delta_1 - 2 \cdot \Delta_3$

$$\left[\begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 0 & 0 & 1/3 & 1/3 & -7/3 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & -1/3 & 2/3 & -5/3 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1/3 & 1/3 & 2/3 \end{array} \right]$$

$$x_B = B^{-1} x_A$$

$$x_B = \begin{bmatrix} 1/3 & 1/3 & -7/3 \\ -1/3 & 2/3 & -5/3 \\ 1/3 & 1/3 & 2/3 \end{bmatrix} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$x_B = \begin{bmatrix} 1/3 \\ -1/3 \\ 1/3 \end{bmatrix}$$



QUESTÃO 15)

$$75- \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -5 \\ -4 & 2 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ -1 & 5 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & -4 \\ -5 & 7 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$X \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -5 \\ -4 & 2 \end{pmatrix} + Y \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ -1 & 5 \end{pmatrix} + Z \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -4 \\ -5 & 1 \end{pmatrix} = 0$$

$$\begin{cases} X + Y + Z = 0 \\ -5X + Y - 7Z = 0 \\ -4X - Y - 5Z = 0 \\ 2X + 5Y + Z = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$\downarrow$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ -5 & 1 & -7 & 0 \\ -4 & -1 & -5 & 0 \\ 2 & 5 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 6 & -2 & 0 \\ 0 & 3 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 3 & -1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 6 & -2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{matrix} Y = 2Z \\ X = -Y - Z = -2Z - Z = -3Z \end{matrix}$$

$$-3Z \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -5 \\ -4 & 2 \end{pmatrix} + 2Z \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ -1 & 5 \end{pmatrix} + Z \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -4 \\ -5 & 1 \end{pmatrix} = 0$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & -7 \\ -5 & 1 \end{pmatrix} = -3 \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -5 \\ -4 & 2 \end{pmatrix} + 2 \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ -1 & 5 \end{pmatrix}, \text{ se } Z \neq 0$$

$$\left\{ \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -5 \\ -4 & 2 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ -1 & 5 \end{pmatrix} \right\} = \text{base } W \quad \times$$

$$\dim W = 2$$

QUESTÃO 19)

$$19 - x(1, 1, 0) + y(0, -1, 1) + z(1, 1, 1) = 0$$

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} x + z = 0 \\ x - y + z = 0 \\ y + z = 0 \end{array} \right\} = \begin{array}{l} x = -z \\ y = 0 \\ z = 0 \end{array}$$



$$x = y = z = 0 = \text{LI}$$

$$\{V_1, V_2, V_3\} = 3, \text{ então } \{V_1, V_2, V_3\} = \mathbb{R}^3$$

QUESTÃO 32)

32) $\beta_1 = \{(1,0), (0,2)\}$, $\beta_2 = \{(-1,0), (1,1)\}$, $\beta_3 = \{(-1,-1), (0,-1)\}$

a) $[I]_{\beta_1}^{\beta_2} = ?$ seja $V_1 = (-1,0) = a_{11}(1,0) + a_{21}(0,2)$

$$\begin{aligned} -1 &= a_{11} & 0 &= 2a_{21} \\ a_{11} &= -1 & a_{21} &= 0 \end{aligned}$$

$V_2 = (1,1) = a_{12}(1,0) + a_{22}(0,2)$

$$\begin{aligned} 1 &= a_{12} & 1 &= 2a_{22} \\ a_{12} &= 1 & a_{22} &= 1/2 \end{aligned}$$

$\therefore [I]_{\beta_1}^{\beta_2} = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1/2 \end{bmatrix}$ ✓

b) $[I]_{\beta_2}^{\beta_3} = ?$

$Z_1 = (-1,-1) = a_{11}(-1,0) + a_{21}(1,1)$

$$\begin{aligned} (-1,-1) &= (-a_{11}, 0) + (a_{21}, a_{21}) \\ -1 &= -a_{11} + a_{21} & -1 &= a_{21} \\ a_{11} &= 0 & a_{21} &= -1 \end{aligned}$$

$Z_2 = (0,-1) = a_{12}(-1,0) + a_{22}(1,1)$

$$\begin{aligned} 0 &= -a_{12} + a_{22} & -1 &= a_{22} \\ a_{12} &= a_{22} & a_{22} &= -1 \\ a_{12} &= -1 \end{aligned}$$

$\therefore [I]_{\beta_2}^{\beta_3} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -1 \\ -1 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$ ✗

c) $[I]_{\beta_1}^{\beta_3} = ?$ $W_1 = (-1,-1) = a_{11}(1,0) + a_{21}(0,2)$

$$\begin{aligned} -1 &= a_{11} & -1 &= 2a_{21} \\ a_{11} &= -1 & a_{21} &= -1/2 \end{aligned}$$

$W_2 = (0,-1) = a_{12}(1,0) + a_{22}(0,2) \Rightarrow a_{12} = 0, a_{22} = -1/2$

$\therefore [I]_{\beta_1}^{\beta_3} = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 0 \\ -1/2 & -1/2 \end{bmatrix}$ ✓

$\therefore [I]_{\beta_1}^{\beta_3} = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 0 \\ -1/2 & -1/2 \end{bmatrix}$ ✓

d) $[I]_{\beta_1}^{\beta_2} \cdot [I]_{\beta_2}^{\beta_3} = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1/2 \end{bmatrix} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -1 \\ -1 & -1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -1 & -1 & -1 \\ 0 & -1/2 & 0 & -1/2 \end{bmatrix} \Rightarrow$

$\therefore [I]_{\beta_1}^{\beta_3} \cdot [I]_{\beta_2}^{\beta_3} = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & -2 \\ -1/2 & -1/2 \end{bmatrix}$ ✗

b) A 1ª linha de todas as matrizes é não nula ✓

QUESTÃO 33)

33) $\beta_1 = \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \right\}$
 $\beta = \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \right\}$ (3 Linhas)
 $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} = 1 \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} + 0 \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} + 0 \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$
 $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} = 1 \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} + 1 \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} + 0 \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$
 $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} = 1 \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} + 1 \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} + 1 \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$
 $\therefore [I]_{\beta_1}^{\beta} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ ✓
 $1 = a_{13} + a_{43}$