

# TESTE 1

Raquel Teresita Eucania Pereira da Costa  
202045268 - Cálculo 2 Turma C

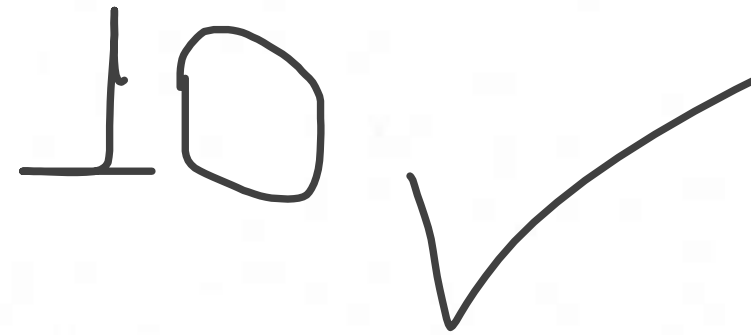
①

① a)

$$Rq'(t) + C \cdot q(t) = E$$

$$(\sin(t) + 2t + 1) \cdot q'(t) + (\cos(t) + 2) \cdot q(t) = 12$$

$$q'(t) + \frac{(\cos(t) + 2)}{\sin(t) + 2t + 1} \cdot q(t) = \frac{12}{\sin(t) + 2t + 1}$$



b)

$$P(t) = \int p(t) \cdot dt$$

$$P(t) = \int \frac{\cos(t) + 2}{\sin(t) + 2t + 1} dt \rightarrow \int \frac{1}{u} \cdot du \rightarrow \boxed{\ln(\sin(t) + 2t + 1) + A}$$

$$u = \sin(t) + 2t + 1$$

$$du = \cos(t) + 2$$

$$e^{P(t)} = e^{\ln(\sin(t) + 2t + 1)} = \boxed{\sin(t) + 2t + 1} \quad \left| \quad e^{-P(t)} = \boxed{\frac{1}{\sin(t) + 2t + 1}} \right.$$

c)

$$C(t) = \int g(t) \cdot e^{P(t)} \rightarrow \int \frac{12}{(\sin(t) + 2t + 1)} \cdot (\sin(t) + 2t + 1) \cdot dt \rightarrow \int 12 \cdot dt \rightarrow 12t + B$$

$$V(t) = C(t) \cdot e^{-P(t)} \rightarrow 12t + B \left( \frac{1}{\sin(t) + 2t + 1} \right) \rightarrow \boxed{\frac{12t}{\sin(t) + 2t + 1} + \frac{B}{\sin(t) + 2t + 1}}$$

d)

$$q(0) = q_0$$

$$\frac{12 \cdot 0}{\sin(0) + 2 \cdot 0 + 1} + \frac{B}{\sin(0) + 2 \cdot 0 + 1} = q_0 \rightarrow \boxed{B = q_0}$$

(1/t) 12 [C]

$$q(t) = \frac{12t}{\sin(t) + 2t + 1} + \frac{70}{\sin(t) + 2t + 1}$$

$$\lim_{t \rightarrow \infty} \frac{12t}{\sin(t) + 2t + 1} + \frac{70}{\sin(t) + 2t + 1} \cdot \frac{1}{t} = \frac{12}{2} = \boxed{6}$$