

Tarefa 2: Inverso Multiplicativo

① Calcule o inverso multiplicativo de todos os números módulo 21

$$\gcd(1, 21) = 1$$

$$\gcd(2, 21)$$

$$21x + 2y = 1$$

$$21 = 2 \cdot 10 + 1$$

$$1 = 21 \cdot 1 - 2 \cdot 10$$

$$y = -10 \rightarrow y = 21 - 10 \rightarrow \boxed{y = 11}$$

$$\gcd(3, 21)$$

$$21x + 3y = 1$$

$$21 = 3 \cdot 7 + 0$$

↳ não tem inverso

$$\gcd(4, 21)$$

$$21x + 4y = 1$$

$$21 = 4 \cdot 5 + 1$$

$$1 = 21 \cdot 1 - 4 \cdot 5$$

$$y = -5 \rightarrow y = 21 - 5 \rightarrow \boxed{y = 16}$$

$$\gcd(5, 21)$$

$$21x + 5y = 1$$

$$21 = 5 \cdot 4 + 1$$

$$1 = 21 \cdot 1 - 5 \cdot 4$$

$$y = -4 \rightarrow 21 - 4 \rightarrow \boxed{y = 17}$$

$$\gcd(6, 21)$$

$$21x + 6y = 1 \text{ não}$$

$$21 = 6 \cdot 3 + 3$$

$$6 = 3 \cdot 2 + 0$$

↳ não tem inverso

$$\gcd(67, 21)$$

$$21x + 7y \equiv 1$$

$$21 \equiv 7 \cdot 3 + 0$$

↳ não tem inverso

$$\gcd(8, 21)$$

$$21x + 8y \equiv 1$$

$$21 \equiv 8 \cdot 2 + 5$$

$$8 \equiv 5 \cdot 1 + 3$$

$$5 \equiv 3 \cdot 1 + 2$$

$$3 \equiv 2 \cdot 1 + 1$$

$$1 \equiv 3 - 2 \cdot 1$$

$$2 \equiv 5 - 3 \cdot 1$$

$$3 \equiv 8 - 5 \cdot 1$$

$$5 \equiv 21 - 8 \cdot 2$$

$$1 \equiv 3 - 2 \cdot 1$$

$$1 \equiv 8 - 5 \cdot 1 - 5 + 3 \cdot 1$$

$$1 \equiv 8 - 21 + 8 \cdot 2 - 21 + 8 \cdot 2 + 8 - 5 \cdot 1$$

$$1 \equiv 8 - 21 + 8 \cdot 2 - 21 + 8 \cdot 2 + 8 - 21 + 8 \cdot 2$$

$$1 \equiv 8 \cdot 8 - 21 \cdot 3$$

↳ y ↳ x

$y = 8$

$$\gcd(9, 21)$$

$$21x + 9y \equiv 1$$

$$21 \equiv 9 \cdot 2 + 3$$

$$9 \equiv 3 \cdot 3 + 0$$

não tem inverso

$$\gcd(10, 21)$$

$$21x + 10y \equiv 1$$

$$21 \equiv 10 \cdot 2 + 1$$

$$1 \equiv 21 - 10 \cdot 2$$

↳ y

$$y = -2 \rightarrow y = 21 - 2 \rightarrow y = 19$$

$$\begin{aligned} \gcd(11, 21) \\ 21x + 11y &\equiv 1 \\ 21 &\equiv 11 \cdot 1 + 10 \\ 11 &\equiv 10 \cdot 1 + 1 \\ 1 &\equiv 11 - 10 \cdot 1 \\ 10 &\equiv 21 - 11 \cdot 1 \\ 1 &\equiv 11 - 21 + 11 \cdot 1 \\ 1 &\equiv 11 \cdot 2 - 21 \\ \hookrightarrow y &\quad \hookrightarrow x \\ y &= 2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \gcd(12, 21) \\ 21x + 12y &\equiv 1 \\ 21 &\equiv 12 \cdot 1 + 9 \\ 12 &\equiv 9 \cdot 1 + 3 \\ 9 &\equiv 3 \cdot 3 + 0 \\ \text{não tem inversa} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \gcd(13, 21) \\ 21x + 13y &\equiv 1 \\ 21 &\equiv 13 \cdot 1 + 8 \\ 13 &\equiv 8 \cdot 1 + 5 \\ 8 &\equiv 5 \cdot 1 + 3 \\ 5 &\equiv 3 \cdot 1 + 2 \\ 3 &\equiv 2 \cdot 1 + 1 \\ 1 &\equiv 3 - 2 \cdot 1 \\ 2 &\equiv 5 - 3 \cdot 1 \\ 3 &\equiv 8 - 5 \cdot 1 \\ 5 &\equiv 13 - 8 \cdot 1 \\ 8 &\equiv 21 - 13 \cdot 1 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 1 &\equiv 8 - 5 \cdot 1 - 5 + 3 \cdot 1 \\ 1 &\equiv 21 - 13 \cdot 1 + 13 + 8 \cdot 1 - 13 + 8 \cdot 1 + 8 - 5 \cdot 1 \\ 1 &\equiv 21 - 13 \cdot 3 + 8 \cdot 3 - 5 \cdot 1 \\ 1 &\equiv 21 - 13 \cdot 3 + (21 - 13 \cdot 1) \cdot 3 - 13 + 8 \cdot 1 \\ 1 &\equiv 21 - 13 \cdot 3 + 21 \cdot 3 - 13 \cdot 3 - 13 + 21 - 13 \cdot 1 \\ 1 &\equiv 21 \cdot 5 - 13 \cdot 8 \\ \hookrightarrow x &\quad \hookrightarrow y \\ y = -8 &\rightarrow y = 21 - 8 \rightarrow y = 13 \end{aligned}$$

$$\gcd(14, 21)$$

$$21x + 14y \equiv 1$$

$$21 \equiv 14 \cdot 1 + 7$$

$$14 \equiv 7 \cdot 2 + 0$$

não tem inverso

$$\gcd(15, 21)$$

$$21x + 15y \equiv 1$$

$$21 \equiv 15 \cdot 1 + 6$$

$$15 \equiv 6 \cdot 2 + 3$$

$$6 \equiv 3 \cdot 2 + 0$$

não tem inverso

$$\gcd(16, 21)$$

$$21x + 16y \equiv 1$$

$$21 \equiv 16 \cdot 1 + 5$$

$$16 \equiv 3 \cdot 5 + 1$$

$$1 \equiv 16 - 5 \cdot 3$$

$$5 \equiv 21 - 16 \cdot 1$$

$$1 \equiv 16 - 21 \cdot 3 + 16 \cdot 3$$

$$1 \equiv 16 \cdot 4 - 21$$

$$\begin{matrix} \text{by } & \text{by } \\ \boxed{y=4} & \text{by } \end{matrix}$$

$$\gcd(17, 21)$$

$$21x + 17y \equiv 1$$

$$21 \equiv 17 \cdot 1 + 4$$

$$17 \equiv 4 \cdot 4 + 1$$

$$1 \equiv 17 - 4 \cdot 4$$

$$4 \equiv 21 - 17 \cdot 1$$

$$1 \equiv 17 - 21 \cdot 4 + 17 \cdot 4$$

$$1 \equiv 17 \cdot 5 - 21 \cdot 4$$

$$\begin{matrix} \text{by } & \text{by } \\ \boxed{y=5} & \text{by } \end{matrix}$$

$$\gcd(18, 21)$$

$$21x + 18y \equiv 1$$

$$21 \equiv 18 \cdot 1 + 3$$

$$18 \equiv 3 \cdot 6 + 0$$

não tem inversa

$$\gcd(19, 21)$$

$$21x + 19y \equiv 1$$

$$21 \equiv 19 \cdot 1 + 2$$

$$19 \equiv 2 \cdot 9 + 1$$

$$1 \equiv 19 - 2 \cdot 9$$

$$2 \equiv 21 - 19 \cdot 1$$

$$1 \equiv 19 - (21 - 19 \cdot 1) \cdot 9$$

$$1 \equiv 19 - 21 \cdot 9 + 19 \cdot 9$$

$$1 \equiv 19 \cdot 10 - 21 \cdot 9$$

$$\begin{matrix} \hookrightarrow y & \hookrightarrow x \\ \boxed{y = 10} \end{matrix}$$

$$\gcd(20, 21)$$

$$21x + 20y \equiv 1$$

$$21 \equiv 20 \cdot 1 + 1$$

$$1 \equiv 21 - 20 \cdot 1$$

$$\begin{matrix} \hookrightarrow x & \hookrightarrow y \\ y = -1 \rightarrow y = 21 - 1 \\ \boxed{y = 20} \end{matrix}$$

② Calcule o inverso multiplicativo de 45 módulo 94

$$94x + 45y \equiv 1$$

$$94 \equiv 45 \cdot 2 + 4$$

$$45 \equiv 4 \cdot 11 + 1$$

$$1 \equiv 45 - 4 \cdot 11$$

$$4 \equiv 94 - 45 \cdot 2$$

$$1 \equiv 45 - (94 - 45 \cdot 2) \cdot 11$$

$$1 \equiv 45 - 94 \cdot 11 + 45 \cdot 22$$

$$1 \equiv 45 \cdot 23 - 94 \cdot 11$$

$$\begin{matrix} \text{by} & \text{by} \\ \text{L} & \text{L} \end{matrix}$$

$$\boxed{y = 23}$$