

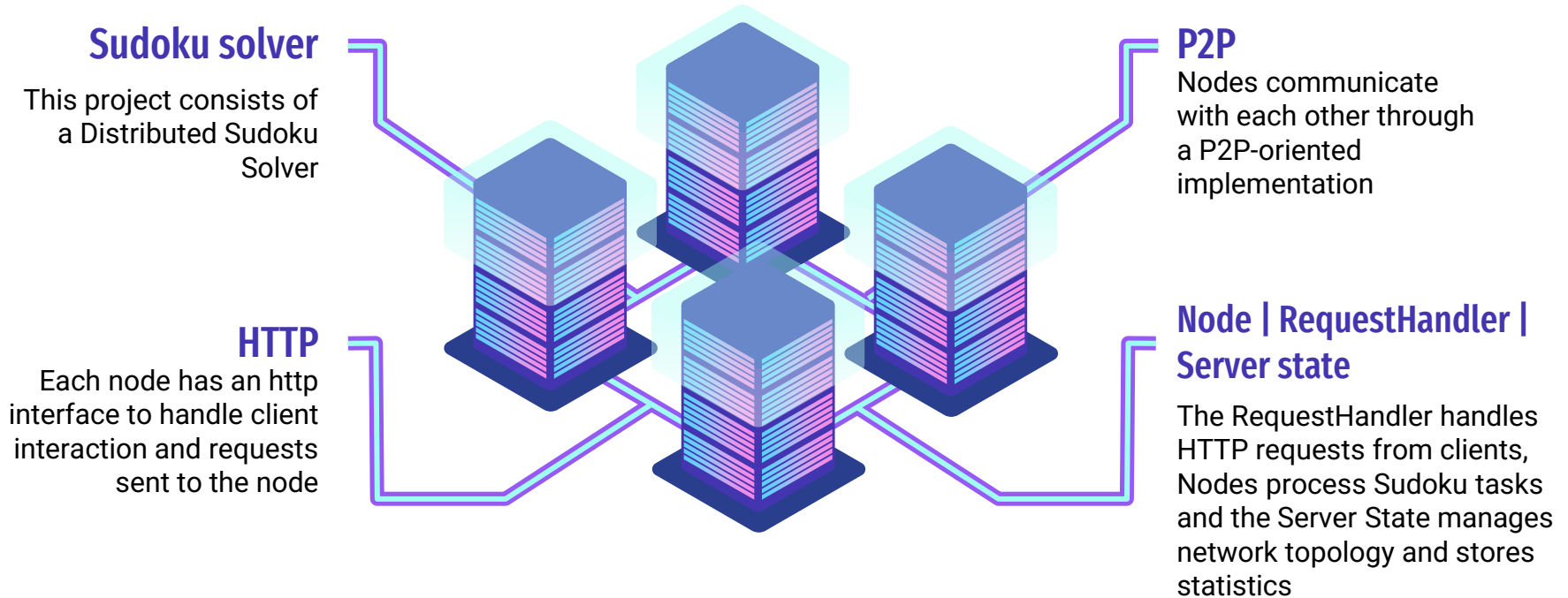
# Distributed Sudoku Solver

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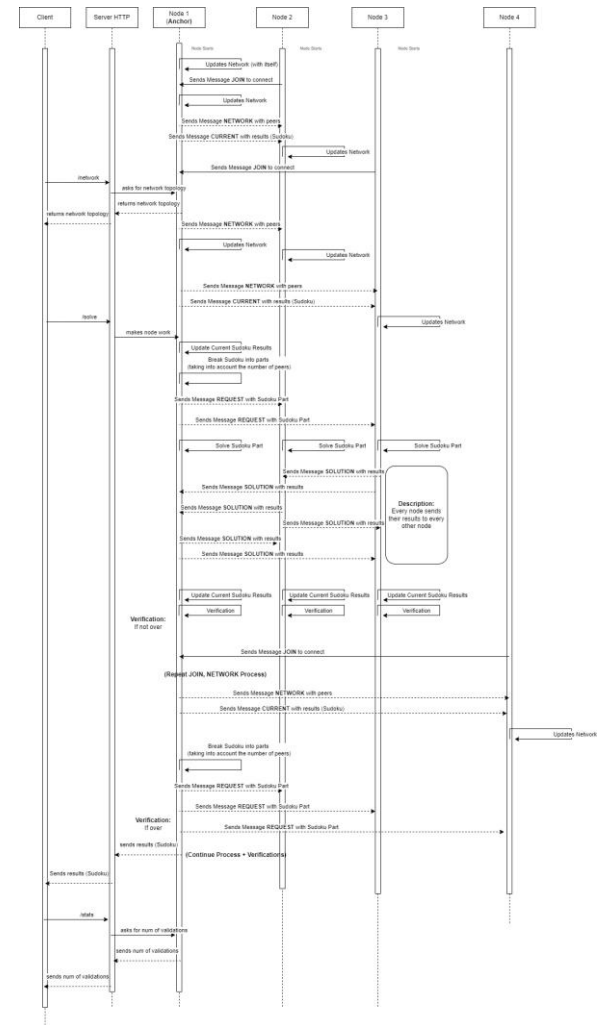
# Introduction and Architecture



## UDP

## TCP

A decorative graphic consisting of a cluster of 3D cubes in various shades of purple and blue, arranged in a non-uniform, overlapping pattern. Two thin, parallel lines in the same color palette extend diagonally from the top left and bottom right corners of the cluster.



# Sudoku Distribution

## Sudoku parts splitting logic

The "to-be-solved" sudoku is split in 3x3 grids, spread between existing nodes

## Dynamic distribution

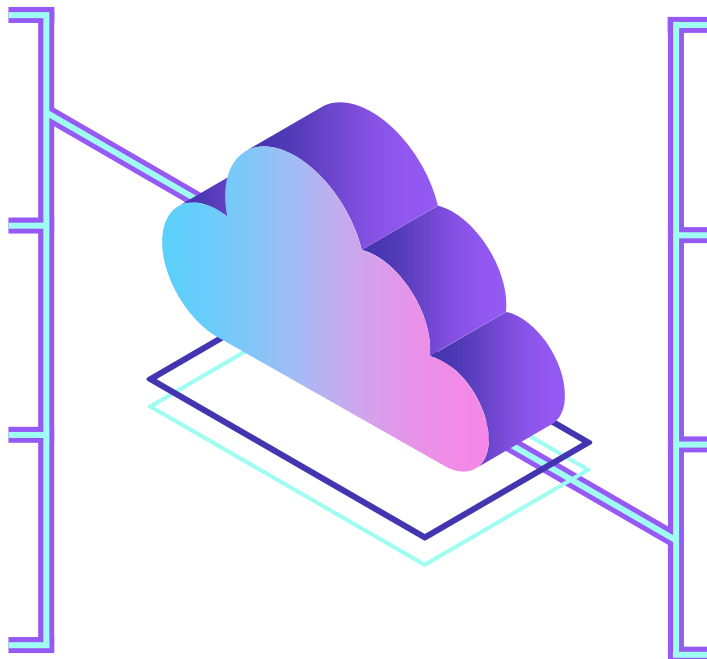
The workload distribution is done according to the number of existing nodes

## Part solve logic

Each node performs a local solve on the part(s) it was given, according to the sudoku grid rule

## Parallel solving

The solve logic mentioned above is done by all nodes concurrently



## Local grid check

After trying to populate the 3x3 grid, the node then checks if the outcome could be a solution

## Return part to anchor

After the part is solved, it is sent back to the anchor node

## Sudoku assembly

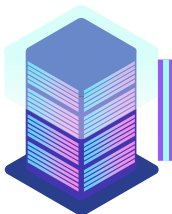
After receiving all parts, the anchor node assembles the sudoku with all parts in their correct position

## Sudoku final check

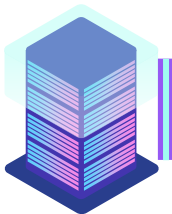
Finally, the anchor node's HTTP counterpart does a final check of the re-assembled sudoku and sends the result to the client

# Stats and Network

## Stats



Show total validations and solves



Each node keeps a record of its validations



Updated in real time

## Network

Information on all nodes' connections



All nodes are informed when a new node joins



New nodes on join learn about the network topology



# Executive Decisions



## Simple sudoku solver

Our solution is meant to solve simple sudokus, with few missing numbers, since the focus of this project was not solving complex puzzles



## Network logic

We prioritized working towards a correctly established network that handles the distribution of workload correctly and returns a solved sudoku

