## Logical Aspects of Multi-Agent Systems Homework set F

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## 2.22

We have a new logic  $Epist_{(m)}$  for m agents. It comprises of the axiom and rules of  $S5_{(m)}$  for the knowledge operators  $K_i$ , the axiom and rules  $KD45_{(m)}$  for the belief operators  $B_i$  and a new mixed axiom  $K_i\varphi \to B_i\varphi$ . The Kripke models are furthermore defined as  $M = \langle S, \pi, R_1^K, ..., R_m^K, R_1^B, ..., R_k^B \rangle$ , with S being the set of states,  $\pi$  the valuation and K and B representing knowledge and belief respectively.

## b.

We have the following structure:  $\langle S, R_1^K, ..., R_m^K, R_1^B, ..., R_m^B \rangle$  for which for some  $i \leq m$  and some  $v, w \in S$  one has  $vR_i^B w$  and  $\neg vR_i^K w$ .

In order to find the valuation  $\pi'$  such that for  $M' = \langle S, \pi', R_1^K, ..., R_m^K, R_1^B, ..., R_k^B \rangle$  we have  $(M', v) \nvDash K_i p \to B_i p$ , we evaluate  $K_i p \to B_i p$  in M'.

Because  $vR_i^B w$  holds, then  $(M', v) \models R_i^B w$  is true. Assuming that  $(M', v) \models K_i p \to B_i p$  is true,  $(M', w) \models K_i p$  also implies that  $(M', w) \models B_i p$ .

However, we also know that  $\neg vR_i^K w$ , and this means that we in fact have  $(M', w) \nvDash K_i p$ . This means that  $K_i p \to B_i p$  is false in (M', v). In conclusion,  $(M', v) \nvDash K_i p \to B_i p$ .

## c.

For this exercise, I have chosen the following mixed theorem of  $Epist_{(m)}$ :  $(K_i\varphi \wedge K_i\psi) \to (B_i\varphi \wedge B_i\psi)$ .

- 1.  $K_i \varphi \wedge K_i \psi$
- 2.  $K_i \varphi$  (From: 1)
- 3.  $K_i \psi$  (From: 1)
- 4.  $K_i \varphi \to B_i \varphi$  (Mixed theory of  $Epist_{(m)}, K_i \varphi \to B_i \varphi$ )
- 5.  $K_i \psi \to B_i \psi$  (Mixed theory of  $Epist_{(m)}, K_i \varphi \to B_i \varphi$ )
- 6.  $B_i\varphi$  (From: 2, 4)

7.  $B_i \psi$  (From: 3, 5) 8.  $B_i \varphi \wedge B_i \psi$  (From: 6, 7) 9.  $(K_i \varphi \wedge K_i \psi) \rightarrow (B_i \varphi \wedge B_i \psi)$  (From: 1, 8)

We can therefore conclude that  $(K_i\varphi \wedge K_i\psi) \to (B_i\varphi \wedge B_i\psi)$  is a valid mixed theorem in  $Epist_{(m)}$ .