N.C.I.T. Sample questions

Level: Bachelor semester: Fall Year: 2022

Programme: SE Full Marks: 100

Course: Engineering mathematics 1 Pass marks: 45

Course: Engineering mathematics 1 SET: A

SET: A Time : 3 hrs. Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

Attempt all questions.

1 (a) If
$$y = \log(x + \sqrt{a^2 + x^2})$$
, show that

$$(i).(x^2 + a^2)y_2 + xy_1 = 0, (ii).(x^2 + a^2)y_{n+2} + (2n+1)xy_{n+1} + n^2y_n = 0$$
[5]

(b) Evaluate
$$\lim_{x \to 0} \left(\frac{\tan x}{x} \right)^{\frac{1}{x^2}}$$
 [5]

(c) Find the expansion of $\log \sec x$ in Maclaurin's series . [5]

2 (a) Find assymptotes of the curve:
$$(x^2 - y^2)^2 - 2(x^2 + y^2) + x - 1 = 0$$
 [8]

OR

Find the radius of curvature of the curve $x^3 + y^3 = 3axy$ at (0, 0).

(b) Find reduction formula for : $\int \sin^n x dx$ and evaluate $\int \sin^7 x dx$ [7]

OR

Evaluate: $\int_{0}^{1} x^{6} (1-x^{2})^{\frac{1}{2}} dx$

3 (a) Integrate:
$$\int \frac{1}{3\sin x + 4\cos x} dx$$
 [5]

(b) Evaluate:
$$\int_{0}^{1} \frac{\log(1+x)}{1+x^2} dx$$
 [5]

(c) Find the area bounded by
$$y^2 + x = 0$$
 and $3y^2 + x = 2$ [5]

4 (a) Find the volume of solid generated by revolution of the region bounded be $y^2 = x$, y = 1, x = 4 about y=1 [7]

Find the area of the surface generated by revolving the curve $y = \sqrt{x}$, $4 \le x \le 9$ about x-axis.

(b) Find the dimension of rectangular box open at the top of maximum volume whose surface area is 432 square centimeter [8]

OR

Find the shrtest and longest distance from the point (1, 2, -1) to the sphere $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 24$

5 (a) Solve:
$$\frac{dy}{dx} + \frac{y}{x} \log y = \frac{y(\log y)^2}{x^2}$$
 [7]

(b) A tank initially contains 40 kg of salt dissolved in 200 liters of water. Suppose that the salt solution 2kg of salt per liter is allowed to enter the tank at a rate of 5 liter/min and the uniform solution is drained from the tank at the same rate. Find the amount of salt in the tank after 30 minutes. [8]

6 (a) Solve:
$$y'' - 2y' + y = 3e^x x^{\frac{3}{2}}$$
. [7]

(b) Solve:
$$y'' - 6y' + 13y = 4e^{3x}$$
; $y(0) = 2$, $y'(0) = 4$. [8]

- 7. Answer the following . (2×5)
- (a) Find nth order derivative of $y = \frac{1}{3x+2}$
- (b) Plot parametric curve $x = \cos 2t$, $y = \sin 2t$, $0 \le t \le 2\pi$

(c) If
$$\sin u = \frac{x^2 - y^2}{x^2 + y^2}$$
. Find value of $x \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + y \frac{\partial u}{\partial y}$

- (d). Verify Eulr's theorm for $f(x; y) = \sqrt{x^3 + y^3}$
- (e) Find arc length of parabola $y = x^2$, from x = -4 to x = 4.