

# Lab 4

## Task 1.

### Binary Search

```
import time

def binarySearch(arr, l, r, x):
    while l <= r:

        mid = l + (r - l) // 2;

        if arr[mid] == x:
            return mid

        # If x is greater, ignore left half
        elif arr[mid] < x:
            l = mid + 1

        # If x is smaller, ignore right half
        else:
            r = mid - 1

    # If we reach here, then the element
    # was not present
    return -1

start = time.time()
# Driver Code
arr = [i for i in range(100000)]
x = 9999

# Function call
result = binarySearch(arr, 0, len(arr) - 1, x)

if result != -1:
    print("Element is present at index % d" % result)
    print("time taken for ", input, ":", time.time() - start)
else:
    print("Element is not present in array")
```

### Linear Search

```
import time

def search(arr, n, x):
    for i in range(0, n):
        if (arr[i] == x):
            return 1
    return -1;

start = time.time()

arr = [ i for i in range(100000)]
x = 9999
```

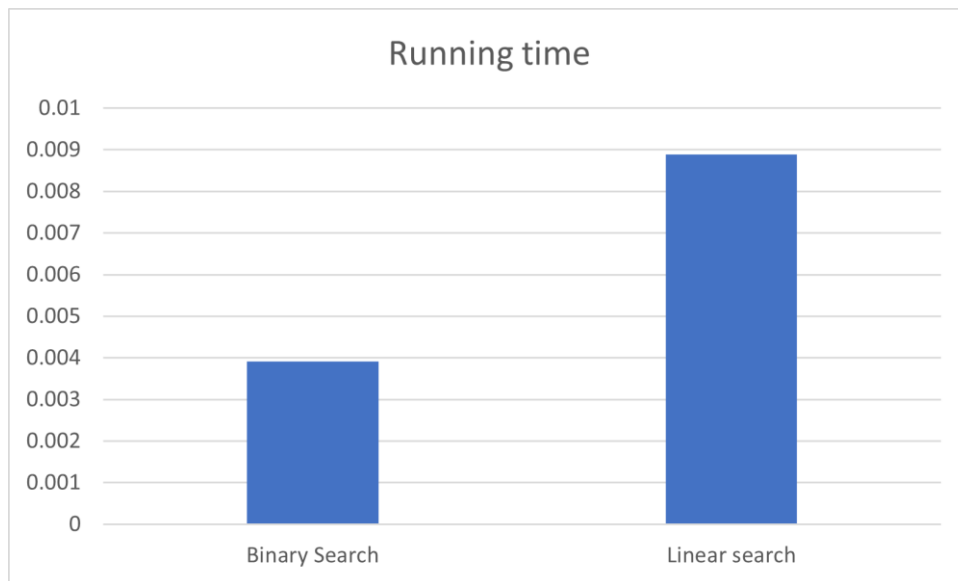
```

n = len(arr)

result = search(arr, n, x)
if result == -1:
    print("Element is no in the array")
else:
    print("Element is found at index", result)
    print("time taken for ", input, ":", time.time() - start)

```

Comparison between linear and binary search running time.



## Task 2.

Iterative binary search, without recursion.

```

import time

def binary_search(arr, x):
    l = 0
    r = len(arr) - 1
    mid = 0

    while l <= r:
        mid = (r + l) // 2

        # If x is greater, ignore left half
        if arr[mid] < x:
            l = mid + 1

        # If x is smaller, ignore right half
        elif arr[mid] > x:
            r = mid - 1

```

```

        # means x is present at mid
        else:
            return mid

    # If we reach here, then the element was not present
    return -1

start = time.time()

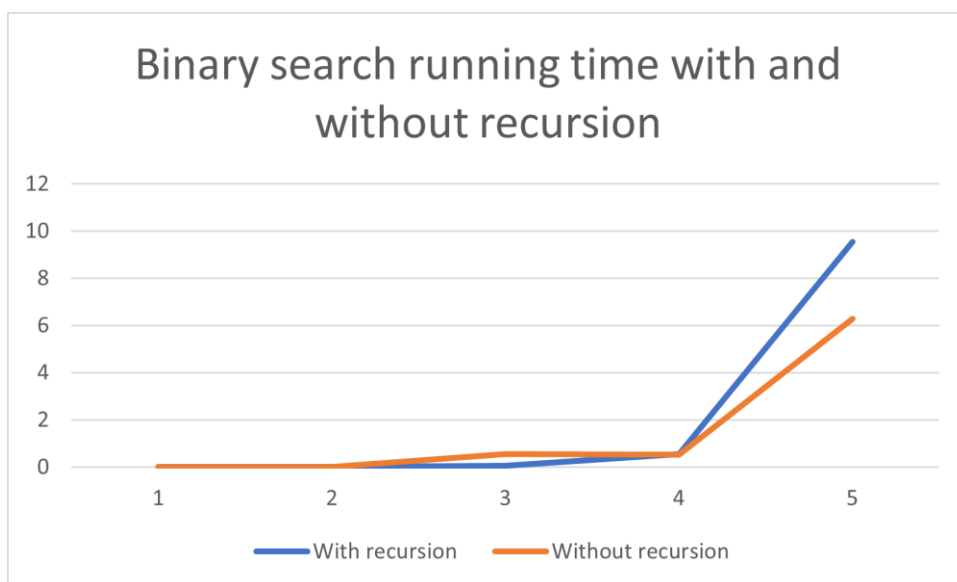
# Test array
arr = [i for i in range(100000)]
x = 9999

# Function call
result = binary_search(arr, x)

if result != -1:
    print("Element is present at index", str(result))
    print("time taken for ", input, ":", time.time() - start)
else:
    print("Element is not present in array")

```

Comparison between running time in binary search with and without recursion. As the numbers increased, running time was faster without using recursion.



Task 3.

Signing up in Hacker Rank.



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## Task 4.

Completing the first task in Hacker Rank.

### Congratulations

You solved this challenge. Would you like to challenge your friends? [f](#) [t](#) [in](#)

[Next Challenge](#)

✓ Test case 0

✓ Test case 1

Compiler Message

Success

Input (stdin) [Download](#)

```

1 2
2 3

```

Expected Output [Download](#)

```

1 5

```

## Task 5.

```

1  #!/bin/python3
2
3  import math
4  import os
5  import random
6  import re
7  import sys
8
9  n = int(input())
10 m = input().strip().split(' ')
11 res = m[::-1]
12 r=""
13
14 for i in range(n):
15     r = r + str(res[i]) + " "
16
17 print(r)
18

```