### The SDQ and KIDSCREEN

At the Rasch User Group 2015

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### Outline

- The issue
- The SDQ and KIDSCREEN instruments
- Origin of the data
- Reliabilities of scales
- Errors of measurement
- Dimensionality
- DIF
- Conclusions

### The Issue

- A major epidemiological nationwide study of well-being is planned
- "It is ten years since the last survey of children's and young people's mental health, and the lack of reliable and up to date information in this area means that those planning and running CAMHS services have been operating in a "fog".
- Two of the possible instruments are:
  - The SDQ
  - KIDSCREEN

### The SDQ

- SDQ Strengths and Difficulties Questionnaire
- "A brief behavioural screening questionnaire"
- Often used for mental health surveys
- For 3-16 year olds.
- "To meet the needs of researchers, clinicians and educationalists."
- Developed by Goodman: 1997
- More than 10,000 papers refer to it
- Versions for parents, teachers and students
- Available in 50 languages

#### **KIDSCREEN**

- "Children's and adolescents' subjective health and well-being"
- Self-report 8-18 and parental version
- Developed by a European team of 44 researchers
- Developed 2001-4
- Rasch employed in development
- 2,700 paper refer to it
- Available in 33 languages
- SDQ used during validation procedures

## Origin of the data

- ESRC funded clustered RCT
- Y7 students
- Aim to increase physical activity levels and thereby impact on feelings of well-being.
- Collected data pre and post
- 1183 students completed the SDQ & KIDSCREEN at baseline

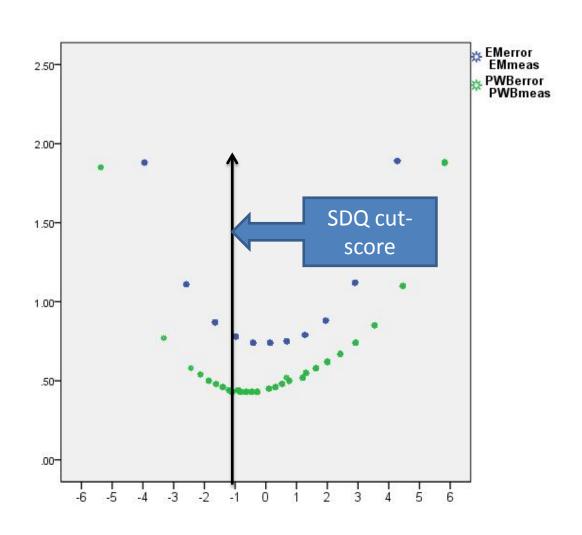
### Reliabilities of scales

Scale	Subscale	N of	Person
		Items	Reliability
SDQ 1st Admin	Prosocial	5	0.57
	Peer Problems	5	0.13
	Hyperactivity	5	0.25
	Emotional Problems	5	0.52
	Conduct Problems	5	0.43
KIDSCREEN 1st Admin	Physical Well Being	5	0.82
	Psychological Well Being	7	0.78
	Autonomy & Parents	7	0.76
	Peers & Social Support	4	0.79
	School Environment	4	0.80

## Perhaps

- The SDQ did not aim to form scales
- The SDQ concentrated on cut-scores
- Let's look at two similar scales
  - SDQ: Emotional Problems
  - KIDSCREEN: Psychological Well Being
- Used together in a Rasch model
- Fixed difficulties and then ran each separately

### Errors of measurement



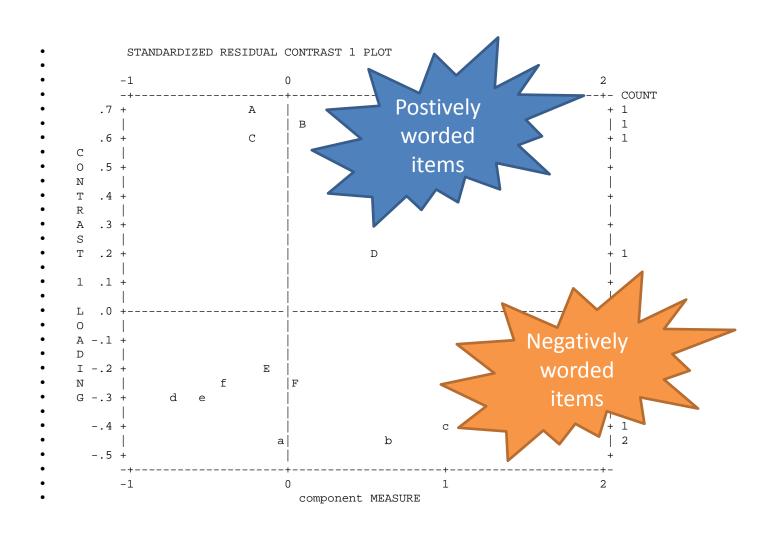
## Dimensionality

 The two SDQ (EP) and KIDSCREEN(PWB) were checked together for Dimensionality

```
Table of STANDARDIZED RESIDUAL variance (in Eigenvalue units)
                                             -- Empirical --
                                                               Modeled
Total raw variance in observations
                                                 21.2 100.0%
                                                                     100.0%
 Raw variance explained by measures
                                                 9.2 43.3%
                                                                      43.0%
   Raw variance explained by persons
                                                                      23.5%
                                                 5.0 23.7%
   Raw Variance explained by items
                                                 4.2 19.6%
                                                                     19.5%
 Raw unexplained variance (total)
                                                                      57.0%
                                                12.0 56.7% 100.0%
   Unexplned variance in 1st contrast =
                                                 2.3 10.7%
                                                            18.9%
   Unexplned variance in 2nd contrast =
                                                 1.6 7.5% 13.3%
   Unexplned variance in 3rd contrast =
                                                 1.2 5.6% 9.8%
   Unexplned variance in 4th contrast =
                                                 1.1
                                                       5.0%
                                                            8.8%
   Unexplned variance in 5th contrast =
                                                 1.0
                                                        4.8%
                                                              8.6%
```

- It seems that there is one dominant construct and then a 1<sup>st</sup> contrast
- What defines the first contrast?

### Dimensionality



## Marsh (1996)

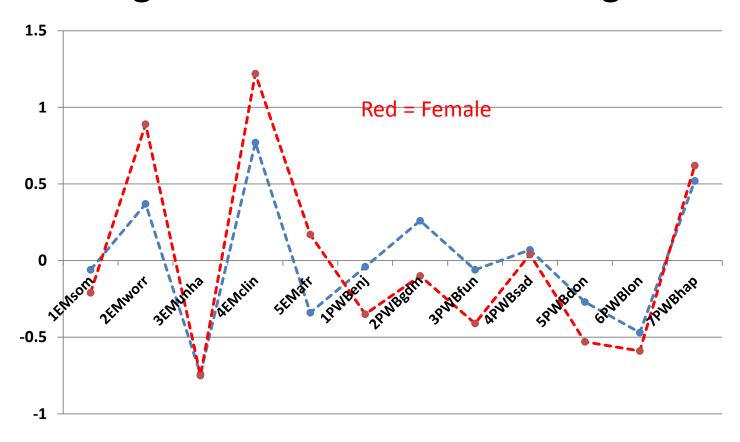
- Writes of the need to explore:
- "whether factors associated with positively and negatively worded items are substantively meaningful or artifactors".

## DIF

Scale	Subscale	Sex	KS2
			Eng
SDQ 1st Admin	Prosocial	✓	
	Peer Problems		
	Hyperactivity		
	Emotional Problems		
	Conduct Problems	✓	
KIDSCREEN  1st Admin	Physical Well Being		
	Psychological Well Being		
	Autonomy & Parents		
	Peers & Social Support		
	School Environment		

# DIF (Male/Female)

Looking at the same two scales together.



- If we use the "0.5 logits" rule (Draba, 1977) then the only two items that exhibit DIF are SDQ(EM) items.
- A group of girls, with the same underlying level of emotional symptoms as a group of boys, would tend to score higher on the SDQ EM scale, by dint of their gender.

### Conclusions

- Despite extensive evidence for the SDQ.
- We found problems with
  - Negatively worded items
  - Low person reliability
  - Evidence of DIF
- Use of the SDQ should be considered carefully in further large scale survey work.
- KIDSCREEN may be a better choice to measure wellbeing/emotional health



#### Weblinks

- http://www.parliament.uk/business/committees/committees-a-z/commons-select/health-committee/news/14-11-04-camhs-report-substantive/
- http://www.sdqinfo.org/
- http://www.kidscreen.org/english/questionnaires/kids creen-27-short-version/
- www.move-project.org
- http://onlinelibrary.wiley.com/doi/10.1111/j.1740-9713.2015.00802.x/epdf
- http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/20623175