# Bytes of Intelligence: Set - 06

#### Department of AI Engineering

#### **Semester Examination**

Course Title: Deep Learning Techniques in Python for Vision and Language

Course Code: DL-101

**Duration:** 3 Hours

Total Marks: 100

#### Instructions:

- Attempt all questions.
- · Read each question carefully before answering.
- All code should be properly commented and indented.
- Use appropriate data structures and algorithms where necessary.
- Marks are indicated next to each question.
- Assume any necessary imports (e.g., import numpy as np, import pandas as pd).
- Write your code in Python programming language.

### Instructions:

- Attempt all questions.
- Read each question carefully before answering.
- All code should be properly commented and indented.
- Use appropriate data structures and algorithms where necessary.
- Marks are indicated next to each question.
- Assume any necessary imports (e.g., import numpy as np, import pandas as pd).
- Write your code in Python programming language.

# Question 1: Python Fundamentals and Control Structures (15 Marks)

(a) Basic Data Types and Operations (5 Marks)

Write a Python program that:

- Prompts the user to input a string containing a mathematical expression (e.g., "3 + 4 \* 2").
- Evaluates the expression and prints the result.
- Handles any exceptions (e.g., SyntaxError, ZeroDivisionError) and prints an appropriate error message.

### **Example:**

```
Enter a mathematical expression: 3 + 4 * 2
Result: 11
```

### (b) Control Flow and Functions (10 Marks)

Define a function fibonacci\_sequence(n) that generates a list containing the Fibonacci sequence up to the n th term.

- The function should return the list of Fibonacci numbers.
- Include error handling to ensure that n is a positive integer.
- Demonstrate the function with n = 10.

## Question 2: Data Structures in Python (20 Marks)

### (a) List and Dictionary Manipulations (10 Marks)

Given the following list of dictionaries representing students and their test scores:

Perform the following tasks:

- Sort the list of students by their scores in ascending order. (5 Marks)
- Create a dictionary where each key is a student's name and the value is their score. (5 Marks)

### (b) Set Operations (10 Marks)

You have two sets representing programming languages known by two developers:

```
developer_1 = {"Python", "Java", "C++", "JavaScript"}
developer_2 = {"Ruby", "JavaScript", "Python", "Go"}
```

Perform the following tasks:

- Find the set of languages known by both developers. (3 Marks)
- Find the set of languages known by developer\_1 but not by developer\_2. (3 Marks)
- Create a set of all languages known by either developer. (4 Marks)

### **Question 3: NumPy Array Operations (15 Marks)**

- (a) Array Creation and Mathematical Operations (10 Marks)
  - Create a NumPy array A of shape (3, 3) with values from 1 to 9. (2 Marks)
  - Compute the inverse of matrix A . (4 Marks)
  - Verify that the dot product of A and its inverse yields the identity matrix. (4 Marks)

Note: Handle the case where the matrix might be singular.

### (b) Statistical Functions (5 Marks)

Given a NumPy array of exam scores:

```
scores = np.array([88, 75, 92, 85, 79, 95, 68, 74, 81, 90])
```

- Calculate the mean, median, and standard deviation of the scores. (3 Marks)
- Determine the percentage of students who scored above the mean. (2 Marks)

# Question 4: Data Analysis with Pandas (25 Marks)

```
You are provided with a CSV file transactions.csv containing the following columns: 'TransactionID', 'CustomerID', 'Product', 'Category', 'Quantity', 'UnitPrice', 'TransactionDate'.
```

### (a) Data Loading and Cleaning (10 Marks)

• Load the dataset into a Pandas DataFrame. (2 Marks)

- Convert 'TransactionDate' to datetime format and extract the month into a new column 'Month' . (3 Marks)
- Check for missing values and handle them appropriately. Explain your method. (5 Marks)

### (b) Data Aggregation and Grouping (10 Marks)

- Calculate the total revenue for each product ( Quantity \* UnitPrice ). (3 Marks)
- Identify the top 5 products by total revenue. (4 Marks)
- Group the data by 'Category' and calculate the total quantity sold for each category. (3 Marks)

### (c) Data Visualization (5 Marks)

- Using Matplotlib or Seaborn, create a bar chart showing the total revenue for the top 5 products identified in part (b).
- Include appropriate labels, title, and color customization.

### Question 5: Data Visualization with Matplotlib and Seaborn (15 Marks)

### (a) Time Series Visualization (7 Marks)

Using the transactions.csv DataFrame:

- Calculate the monthly total revenue.
- Plot a line chart showing the monthly total revenue over time.
- Customize the plot with labels for the x-axis (months), y-axis (total revenue), a title, and gridlines.

### (b) Advanced Visualization (8 Marks)

- Use Seaborn to create a box plot of the unit prices for each product category.
- Interpret any notable differences in unit price distributions across categories.

# Question 6: Hands-On Project (15 Marks)

You are given a dataset <code>employee\_attendance.csv</code> containing the following columns: <code>'EmployeeID'</code> , <code>'Date'</code> , <code>'Status'</code> (Present/Absent), <code>'Department'</code> .

#### Tasks:

• Load the dataset into a Pandas DataFrame and parse the 'Date' column as datetime. (3 Marks)

- Calculate the attendance percentage for each employee. (4 Marks)
- Identify the department with the highest average attendance. (4 Marks)
- Using Matplotlib, create a bar chart showing the top 5 employees with the highest attendance percentages. Include labels and title. (4 Marks)

### Question 7: Capstone Coding Challenge (Bonus Question - Optional) (10 Marks)

### **Data Processing and Sentiment Analysis**

Write a Python script that:

- Reads a text file 'reviews.txt' containing customer reviews, one review per line. (1 Mark)
- Cleans the text by removing punctuation, converting to lowercase, and tokenizing into words. (2 Marks)
- Counts the frequency of positive and negative words using the provided lists positive\_words and negative\_words . (3 Marks)

```
positive_words = ['good', 'great', 'excellent', 'amazing', 'fantastic', 'love']
negative_words = ['bad', 'poor', 'terrible', 'awful', 'hate', 'worst']
```

- Calculates the overall sentiment score (positive count minus negative count). (2 Marks)
- Plots a pie chart showing the proportion of positive and negative words in the reviews. (2 Marks)