## **Assignments-04 Linear Regressions assignment manually.**

#### Task 01:

Your objective is to manually compute the slope (M) and y-intercept (C) using Ordinary Least Squares Linear Regression. Once determined, apply these values to predict the price when the vegetable weight is 6.

```
Mean of (x):

x^{-}=(2+4+5+3+6+5+7)/7

= 32 / 7

= 4.57

Mean of (y):

y^{-}=(35+60+20+50+50+55+60)/7

=330 / 7

=47.14
```

#### Calculate the slope (M):

```
(2-4.57)(35-47.14) = (-2.57)(-12.14) = 31.27

(4-4.57)(60-47.14) = (-0.57)(12.86) = -7.33

(5-4.57)(20-47.14) = (0.43)(-27.14) = -11.68

(3-4.57)(50-47.14) = (-1.57)(2.86) = 4.49

(6-4.57)(50-47.14) = (1.43)(2.86) = 4.09

(5-4.57)(55-47.14) = (0.43)(7.86) = 3.39

(7-4.57)(60-47.14) = (2.43)(12.86) = 31.27
```

Total =46.92

```
(2-4.57)^2 + (4-4.57)^2 + (5-4.57)^2 + (3-4.57)^2 + (6-4.57)^2 + (5-4.57)^2 + (7-4.57)^2
= (-2.57)^2 + (-0.57)^2 + (0.43)^2 + (-1.57)^2 + (1.43)^2 + (0.43)^2 + (2.43)^2
= 6.60 + 0.32 + 0.18 + 2.46 + 2.04 + 0.18 + 5.90
= 17.68
```

```
Now, calculate this slope is:
M =(46.92 / 17.68)
= 2.65
```

y-intercept (C):

$$C = y^{-} - M \cdot x^{-}$$
  
= 47.14 - 2.65 \* 4.57  
= 47.14-12.13  
= 35.01

Predict price for weight of 6:

y = Mx + c =2.65 \* 6 + 35.01 =15.90 + 35.01 =50.91

#### **Task 02:**

Compute the residuals for each data point.

1 নং টাস্ক হতে পারি M and c value.

The slope is M = 2.65 and the intercept is C = 35.01.

রিগ্রেশনের সমীকরণটা: এই সমীকরণ দিয়ে প্রাইসটা প্রেডিকশন করব Yi = 2.65 \* x + 35.01

Weight (xi)	Actual price (y)	Predicted price (yi)	Residual (y - yi)	
2	35	2.65 * 2+35.01=40.31	35-40.31 = -5.31	
4	60	45.61	60-45.61 = 14.39	
5	20	48.26	20-48.26 = -28.26	
3	50	42.96	50-42.96 = 7.04	
6	50	50.91	50-50.91 = -0.91	
5	55	48.26	55-48.26 = 6.74	
7	60	53.56	60-53.56 = 6.44	

### Task 03: Calculate both the Mean Squared Error (MSE) and Mean Absolute Error (MAE).

1. Mean Squared Error (MSE):

$$ext{MSE} = rac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n (Y_i - \hat{Y}_i)^2$$
 $ext{MSE} = ext{mean squared error}$ 
 $extit{n} = ext{n umber of data points}$ 
 $extit{Y}_i = ext{observed values}$ 
 $extit{\hat{Y}}_i = ext{predicted values}$ 

২ লং হতে পাই রেসিডু্য়ালগুলো,, Residuals = −5.31, 14.39, −28.26, 7.04, −0.91, 6.74, 6.44

Number of data point (n = 7)

 $(-5.31)^2 = 28.21$   $(14.39)^2 = 207.03$   $(-28.26)^2 = 798.70$   $(7.04)^2 = 49.56$   $(-0.91)^2 = 0.83$   $(6.74)^2 = 45.43$   $(6.44)^2 = 41.47$  $(7.04)^2 = 49.56$ 

2. Mean Absolute Error (MAE):

$$ext{MAE} = rac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n |y_i - \hat{y}_i|$$

#### Absolute values of residuals:

Sum of absolute residuals:

$$5.31 + 14.39 + 28.26 + 7.04 + 0.91 + 6.74 + 6.44 = 69.09$$

$$MAE = 69.09 / 7$$
  
= 9.83

# Final Task: Generate an Excel file for the given dataset. Utilize Python for all the calculations.

A1	∆1 ▼ : × ✓ f <sub>x</sub> Weight		ight		
4	А	В	С	D	Е
1	Weight	ctual Price	edicted Pri	Residual	
2	2	35	40.31	-5.31	
3	4	60	45.61	14.39	
4	5	20	48.26	-28.26	
5	3	50	42.96	7.04	
6	6	50	50.91	-0.91	
7	5	55	48.26	6.74	
8	7	60	53.56	6.44	
9					